Getting Started with R & Hadoop From Local VM to the Cloud

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http://bit.ly/tdwibos



Part 3: Taking it to the Cloud (easily, with Apache Whirr and Amazon EC2)

Code & more on github:

http://bit.ly/tdwibos

(https://github.com/jeffreybreen/tutorial-201209-TDWI-big-data)

Overview

- Download and install Apache whirr to our local Cloudera VM
- Use whirr to launch a Hadoop cluster on Amazon EC2
- Tell our local Hadoop tools to use the cluster instead of the local installation
- Run some tests
- How to use Hadoop's "distcp" to load data into HDFS from Amazon's S3 storage service
- Extra credit: save money with Amazon's spot instances

Heavy lifting by jclouds and Whirr

jclouds - http://www.jclouds.org/

"jclouds is an open source library that helps you get started in the cloud and reuse your java and clojure development skills. Our api allows you freedom to use portable abstractions or cloud-specific features. We test support of 30 cloud providers and cloud software stacks, including Amazon, GoGrid, Ninefold, vCloud, OpenStack, and Azure."

Apache Whirr - http://whirr.apache.org/

"Apache Whirr is a set of libraries for running cloud services.

Whirr provides:

- A cloud-neutral way to run services. You don't have to worry about the idiosyncrasies of each provider.
- A common service API. The details of provisioning are particular to the service.
- Smart defaults for services. You can get a properly configured system running quickly, while still being able to override settings as needed.

You can also use Whirr as a command line tool for deploying clusters."





Just what we want!

Whirr makes it look easy

All you need is a simple config file

```
whirr.cluster-name=hadoop-ec2
whirr.instance-templates=1 hadoop-namenode+hadoop-jobtracker,15 hadoop-datanode+hadoop-tasktracker
whirr.provider=aws-ec2
whirr.identity=${env:AWS_ACCESS_KEY_ID}
whirr.credential=${env:AWS_SECRET_ACCESS_KEY}
whirr.hardware-id=m1.large
whirr.location-id=us-east-1
whirr.image-id=us-east-1/ami-49e32320
whirr.java.install-function=install_oab_java
whirr.hadoop.install-function=install_cdh_hadoop
whirr.hadoop.configure-function=configure_cdh_hadoop
```

And one line to launch your cluster

\$./whirr launch-cluster --config hadoop-ec2.properties

```
Bootstrapping cluster

Configuring template

Configuring template

Starting 3 node(s) with roles [hadoop-datanode, hadoop-tasktracker]

Starting 1 node(s) with roles [hadoop-namenode, hadoop-jobtracker]
```

One line?!? That's too easy! What didn't you show us?

- Download and install Whirr (≥ 0.7.1!)
- Specify your AWS security credentials
- Create a key pair to access the nodes
- Once running, install R and add-on packages onto each node
- Configure VM to use cluster's Hadoop instance & run a proxy
- Copy data onto the cluster & run a test
- So... let's walk through those steps next...

Download & Install Whirr (≥ 0.7.1)

Find an Apache mirror

http://www.apache.org/dyn/closer.cgi/whirr/

From your VM's shell, download it with wget

```
$ wget http://apache.mirrors.pair.com/whirr/whirr-0.8.0/whirr-0.8.0.tar.gz
```

Installing is as simple as expanding the tarball

```
$ tar zxf whirr-0.8.0.tar.gz
```

Modify your path so this new version runs

```
$ export PATH="~/whirr-0.8.0/bin:$PATH"

$ whirr version

Apache Whirr 0.8.0

jclouds 1.5.0-beta.10
```

Amazon Login Info

- From AWS Management Console, look up your Access Keys
 - "Access Key ID" → whirr.identity
 - "Secret Access Key" → whirr.credential
- You could enter into Whirr's config file, but please don't
 - instead, just pick up environment variables in config file:

```
whirr.identity=${env:AWS_ACCESS_KEY_ID}
whirr.credential=${env:AWS_SECRET_ACCESS_KEY}
```

- and set them for your session session
- \$ export AWS_ACCESS_KEY_ID="your access key id here"
- \$ export AWS_SECRET_ACCESS_KEY="your secret access key here"
- While we're at it, create a key pair

```
$ ssh-keygen -t rsa -P ""
```



Jeffrey Breen ▲ Help ▼



Configuration file highlights

Specify how many nodes of each type

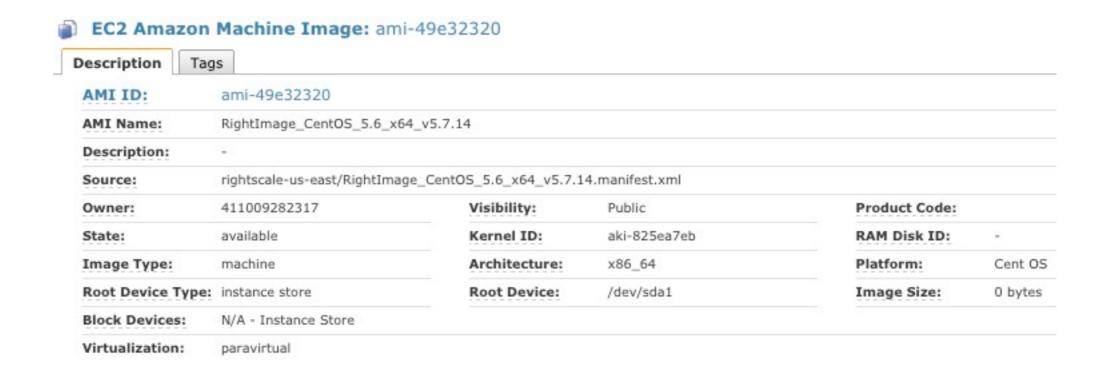
whirr.instance-templates=1 hadoop-namenode+hadoop-jobtracker,10 hadoop-datanode+hadoop-tasktracker

Select instance size & type (ml.large, cl.xlarge, m2.large, etc., as described at http://aws.amazon.com/ec2/instance-types/)

whirr.hardware-id=m1.large

Use a RightScale-published CentOS image (with transitory "instance" storage)

whirr.image-id=us-east-1/ami-49e32320

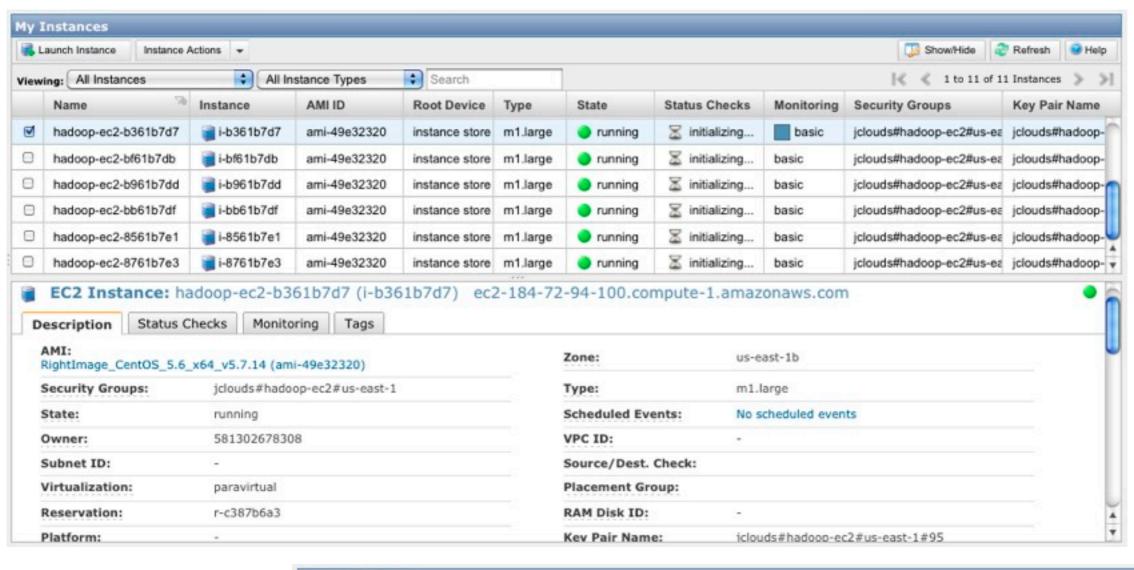


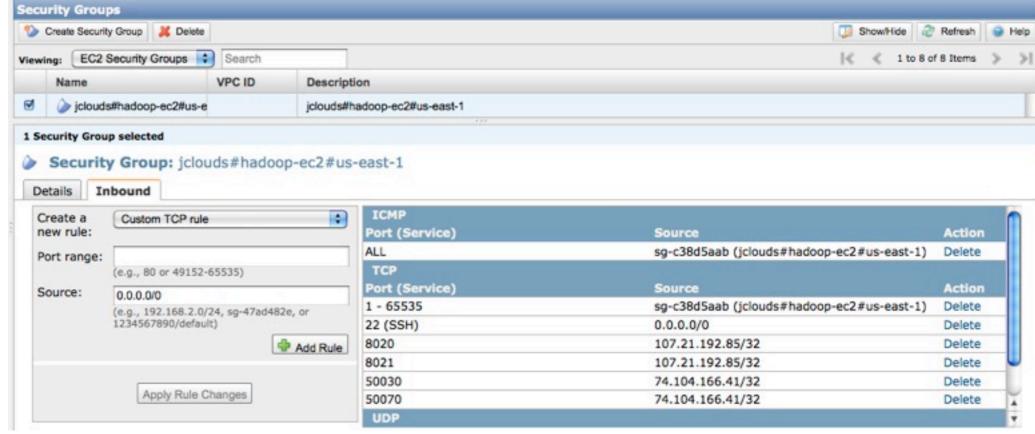
Launch the Cluster

Yes, just one line... but then pages of output

\$ whirr launch-cluster --config hadoop-ec2.properties

```
Bootstrapping cluster
Configuring template
Configuring template
Starting 1 node(s) with roles [hadoop-namenode, hadoop-jobtracker]
Starting 10 node(s) with roles [hadoop-datanode, hadoop-tasktracker]
Running configure phase script on: us-east-1/i-e301ab87
configure phase script run completed on: us-east-1/i-e301ab87
[...]
You can log into instances using the following ssh commands:
'ssh -i /home/cloudera/.ssh/id rsa -o "UserKnownHostsFile /dev/null" -o StrictHostKeyChecking=no <u>cloudera@107.22.25.82</u>'
'ssh -i /home/cloudera/.ssh/id rsa -o "UserKnownHostsFile /dev/null" -o StrictHostKeyChecking=no <u>cloudera@204.236.222.162</u>'
'ssh -i /home/cloudera/.ssh/id rsa -o "UserKnownHostsFile /dev/null" -o StrictHostKeyChecking=no <u>cloudera@23.20.97.157</u>'
'ssh -i /home/cloudera/.ssh/id rsa -o "UserKnownHostsFile /dev/null" -o StrictHostKeyChecking=no cloudera@75.101.192.112'
'ssh -i /home/cloudera/.ssh/id_rsa -o "UserKnownHostsFile /dev/null" -o StrictHostKeyChecking=no cloudera@50.16.43.91'
'ssh -i /home/cloudera/.ssh/id rsa -o "UserKnownHostsFile /dev/null" -o StrictHostKeyChecking=no <u>cloudera@107.22.84.246</u>'
'ssh -i /home/cloudera/.ssh/id rsa -o "UserKnownHostsFile /dev/null" -o StrictHostKeyChecking=no <u>cloudera@23.20.134.238</u>'
'ssh -i /home/cloudera/.ssh/id rsa -o "UserKnownHostsFile /dev/null" -o StrictHostKeyChecking=no <u>cloudera@107.22.61.144</u>'
'ssh -i /home/cloudera/.ssh/id rsa -o "UserKnownHostsFile /dev/null" -o StrictHostKeyChecking=no <u>cloudera@23.20.6.74</u>'
'ssh -i /home/cloudera/.ssh/id rsa -o "UserKnownHostsFile /dev/null" -o StrictHostKeyChecking=no <u>cloudera@174.129.137.89</u>'
'ssh -i /home/cloudera/.ssh/id rsa -o "UserKnownHostsFile /dev/null" -o StrictHostKeyChecking=no <u>cloudera@107.21.77.224</u>'
```





Install R and Packages

- install-r+packages.sh contains code to download and install R, plyr, rmr and their prerequisites
- whirr will run scripts on each node for us

```
$ whirr run-script --script install-r+packages.sh --config hadoop-ec2.properties
```

• And then you get to see **pages** and **pages** of output for **each** and **every** node!

Hopefully it ends with something positive like

```
* DONE (rmr)
Making packages.html ... done
```

install-r+packages.sh

```
sudo yum -y --enablerepo=epel install R R-devel
sudo R --no-save << EOF
install.packages(c('RJSONIO', 'itertools', 'digest', 'plyr'), repos="http://
cran.revolutionanalytics.com", INSTALL opts=c('--byte-compile') )
EOF
# install latest version of the rmr package from RHadoop's github repository:
branch=master
wget --no-check-certificate https://github.com/RevolutionAnalytics/RHadoop/tarball/$branch -O - | tar zx
mv RevolutionAnalytics-RHadoop* RHadoop
sudo R CMD INSTALL --byte-compile RHadoop/rmr/pkg/
sudo su << EOF1
cat >> /etc/profile <<EOF</pre>
export HADOOP HOME=/usr/lib/hadoop
EOF
EOF1
```

Switch from local to cluster Hadoop

 CDH uses linux's alternatives facility to specify the location of the current configuration files

```
$ sudo /usr/sbin/alternatives --display hadoop-0.20-conf hadoop-0.20-conf - status is manual.

link currently points to /etc/hadoop-0.20/conf.pseudo
/etc/hadoop-0.20/conf.empty - priority 10
/etc/hadoop-0.20/conf.pseudo - priority 30
Current `best' version is /etc/hadoop-0.20/conf.pseudo.
```

• Whirr generates the config file we need to create a "conf.ec2" alternative

```
$ sudo mkdir /etc/hadoop-0.20/conf.ec2
$ sudo cp -r /etc/hadoop-0.20/conf.empty /etc/hadoop-0.20/conf.ec2
$ sudo rm -f /etc/hadoop-0.20/conf.ec2/*-site.xml
$ sudo cp ~/.whirr/hadoop-ec2/hadoop-site.xml /etc/hadoop-0.20/conf.ec2/
$ sudo /usr/sbin/alternatives --install /etc/hadoop-0.20/conf hadoop-0.20-conf /etc/hadoop-0.20/conf.ec2 30
$ sudo /usr/sbin/alternatives --set hadoop-0.20-conf /etc/hadoop-0.20/conf.ec2
$ sudo /usr/sbin/alternatives --display hadoop-0.20-conf
hadoop-0.20-conf - status is manual.
link currently points to /etc/hadoop-0.20/conf.ec2
/etc/hadoop-0.20/conf.empty - priority 10
/etc/hadoop-0.20/conf.pseudo - priority 30
/etc/hadoop-0.20/conf.ec2 - priority 30
Current `best' version is /etc/hadoop-0.20/conf.pseudo.
```

Fire up a proxy connection

Whirr generates a proxy to connect your VM to the cluster

```
$ ~/.whirr/hadoop-ec2/hadoop-proxy.sh
Running proxy to Hadoop cluster at ec2-107-21-77-224.compute-1.amazonaws.com.
Use Ctrl-c to quit.
Warning: Permanently added 'ec2-107-21-77-224.compute-1.amazonaws.com,
107.21.77.224' (RSA) to the list of known hosts.
```

 Any hadoop commands executed on your VM should go to the cluster instead

```
$ hadoop dfsadmin -report
```

```
Configured Capacity: 4427851038720 (4.03 TB)

Present Capacity: 4144534683648 (3.77 TB)

DFS Remaining: 4139510718464 (3.76 TB)

DFS Used: 5023965184 (4.68 GB)

DFS Used%: 0.12%

Under replicated blocks: 0

Blocks with corrupt replicas: 0

Missing blocks: 0

[...]
```

Definitely not in Kansas anymore

Test Hadoop with a small job

Download my fork of Jonathan Seidman's sample R code from github

```
$ mkdir hadoop-r
    $ cd hadoop-r
    $ git init
    $ git pull git://github.com/jeffreybreen/hadoop-R.git
Grab first 1,000 lines from ASA's 2004 airline data
    $ curl http://stat-computing.org/dataexpo/2009/2004.csv.bz2 | bzcat \
       | \text{head} -1000 > 2004-1000.csv}
Make some directories in HDFS and load the data file
    $ hadoop fs -mkdir /user/cloudera
    $ hadoop fs -mkdir asa-airline
    $ hadoop fs -mkdir asa-airline/data
    $ hadoop fs -mkdir asa-airline/out
    $ hadoop fs -put 2004-1000.csv asa-airline/data/
Run Jonathan's sample streaming job
    $ cd airline/src/deptdelay by month/R/streaming
    $ hadoop jar /usr/lib/hadoop/contrib/streaming/hadoop-streaming-*.jar \
      -input asa-airline/data -output asa-airline/out/dept-delay-month \
      -mapper map.R -reducer reduce.R -file map.R -file reduce.R
    [...]
    $ hadoop fs -cat asa-airline/out/dept-delay-month/part-00000
    2004
               1
                        973
                                            11.55293
                                   UΑ
```

distcp: using Hadoop to load its own data

\$ hadoop distcp -D fs.s3n.awsAccessKeyId=\$AWS_ACCESS_KEY_ID \
-D fs.s3n.awsSecretAccessKey=\$AWS_SECRET_ACCESS_KEY \
s3n://asa-airline/data asa-airline

12/03/08 21:42:21 INFO tools.DistCp: srcPaths=[s3n://asa-airline/data]
12/03/08 21:42:21 INFO tools.DistCp: destPath=asa-airline
12/03/08 21:42:27 INFO tools.DistCp: sourcePathsCount=23
12/03/08 21:42:27 INFO tools.DistCp: filesToCopyCount=22
12/03/08 21:42:27 INFO tools.DistCp: bytesToCopyCount=1.5g

```
12/03/08 21:42:31 INFO mapred.JobClient: Running job: job 201203082122 0002
12/03/08 21:42:32 INFO mapred.JobClient:
                                         map 0% reduce 0%
12/03/08 21:42:41 INFO mapred.JobClient:
                                          map 14% reduce 0%
12/03/08 21:42:45 INFO mapred.JobClient:
                                          map 46% reduce 0%
12/03/08 21:42:46 INFO mapred. JobClient:
                                          map 61% reduce 0%
12/03/08 21:42:47 INFO mapred.JobClient:
                                          map 63% reduce 0%
                                          map 70% reduce 0%
12/03/08 21:42:48 INFO mapred.JobClient:
                                          map 72% reduce 0%
12/03/08 21:42:50 INFO mapred.JobClient:
12/03/08 21:42:51 INFO mapred.JobClient:
                                          map 80% reduce 0%
12/03/08 21:42:53 INFO mapred.JobClient:
                                          map 83% reduce 0%
12/03/08 21:42:54 INFO mapred.JobClient:
                                          map 89% reduce 0%
12/03/08 21:42:56 INFO mapred.JobClient:
                                          map 92% reduce 0%
12/03/08 21:42:58 INFO mapred.JobClient:
                                          map 99% reduce 0%
12/03/08 21:43:04 INFO mapred. JobClient:
                                          map 100% reduce 0%
12/03/08 21:43:05 INFO mapred.JobClient:
                                         Job complete: job 201203082122 0002
[...]
```

Are you sure you want to shut down?

- Unlike Amazon's preferred EBS-backed instances, these nodes use "instance" storage, so when the nodes are gone, so are their data. Be sure to copy your results out of the cluster's HDFS before your throw the switch
- You could use hadoop fs -get to copy to your local file system

```
$ hadoop fs -get asa-airline/out/dept-delay-month .
$ ls -lh dept-delay-month
total 1.0K
drwxr-xr-x 1 1120 games 102 Mar 8 23:06 _logs
-rw-r--r- 1 1120 games 33 Mar 8 23:06 part-00000
-rw-r--r- 1 1120 games 0 Mar 8 23:06 _SUCCESS
$ cat dept-delay-month/part-00000
2004 1 973 UA 11.55293
```

 Or you could have your programming language of choice save the results locally for you

```
save( dept.delay.month.df, file='out/dept.delay.month.RData' )
```

Say goodnight, Gracie

control-c to close the proxy connection

```
$ ~/.whirr/hadoop-ec2/hadoop-proxy.sh

Running proxy to Hadoop cluster at ec2-107-21-77-224.compute-1.amazonaws.com. Use Ctrl-c to quit.

Warning: Permanently added 'ec2-107-21-77-224.compute-1.amazonaws.com,107.21.77.224' (RSA) to the list of known hosts.

^C

Killed by signal 2.
```

Shut down the cluster

```
$ whirr destroy-cluster --config hadoop-ec2.properties
```

Starting to run scripts on cluster for phase destroyinstances: us-east-1/i-c901abad, us-east-1/i-ad01abc9, us-east-1/i-f901ab9d, us-east-1/i-e301ab87, us-east-1/i-d901abbd, us-east-1/i-c301aba7, us-east-1/i-dd01abb9, us-east-1/i-d101abb5, us-east-1/i-f101ab95, us-east-1/i-d501abb1

```
Running destroy phase script on: us-east-1/i-c901abad [...]
```

Finished running destroy phase scripts on all cluster instances
Destroying hadoop-ec2 cluster
Cluster hadoop-ec2 destroyed

Switch back to your local Hadoop

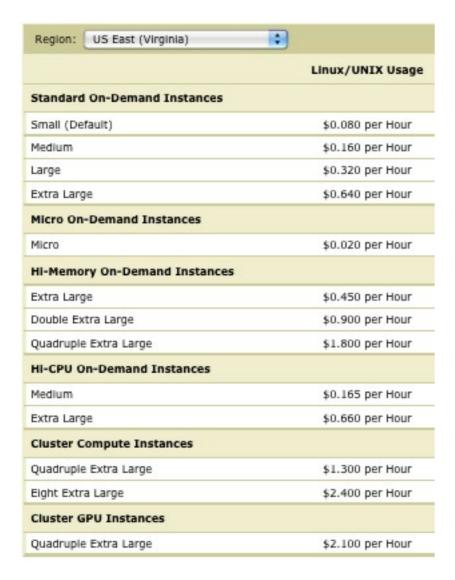
```
$ sudo /usr/sbin/alternatives --set hadoop-0.20-conf /etc/hadoop-0.20/conf.pseudo
```

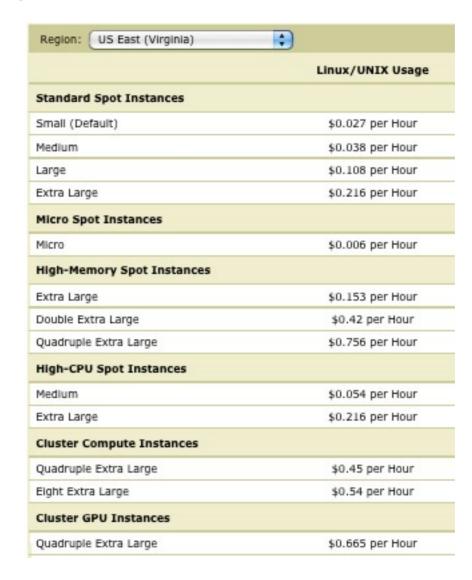
Extra Credit: Use Spot Instances

Through the "whirr.aws-ec2-spot-price" parameter, Whirr even lets you bid for excess capacity

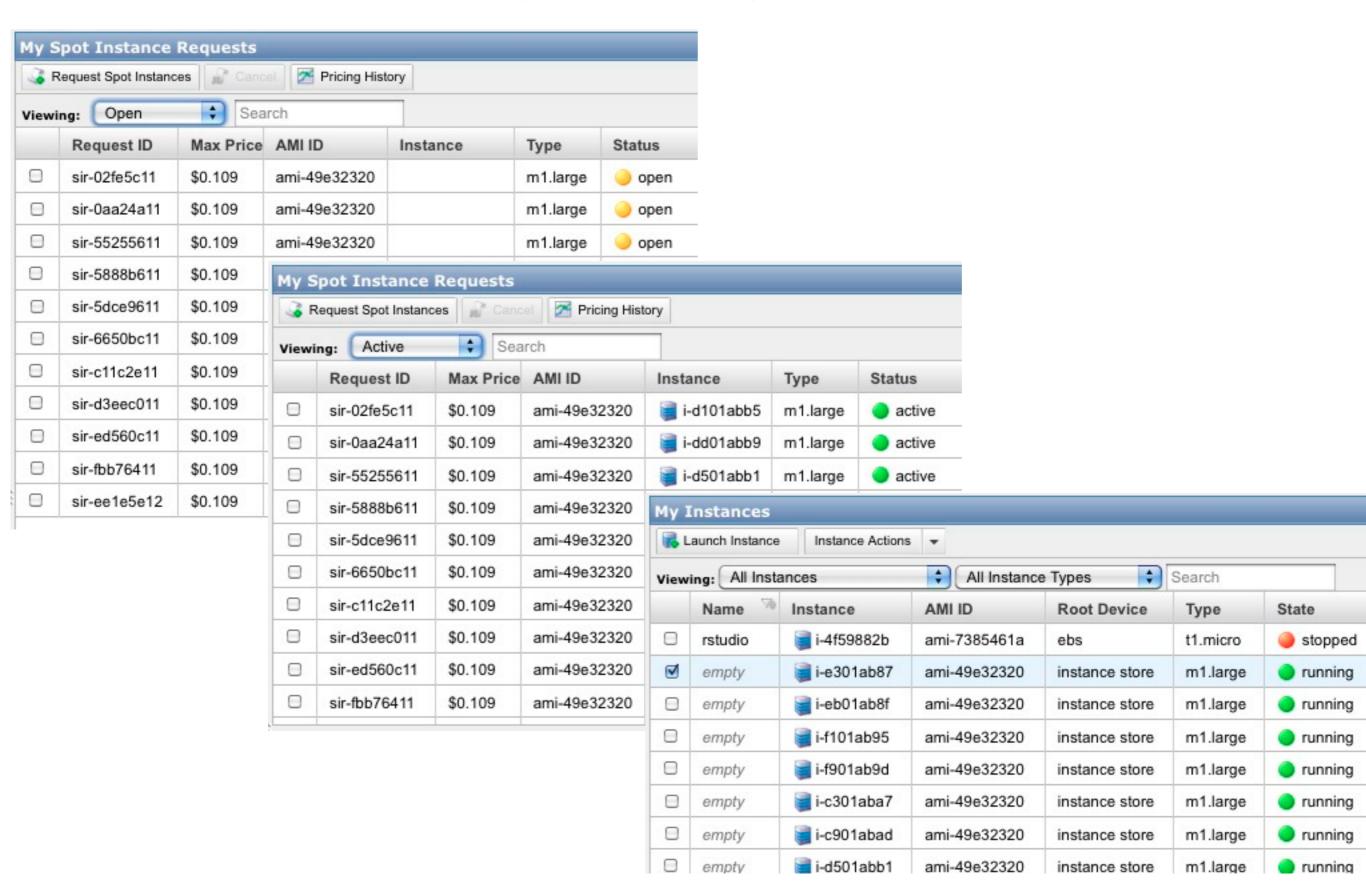
http://aws.amazon.com/ec2/spot-instances/

http://aws.amazon.com/pricing/ec2/





Whirr bids, waits, and launches



Hey, big spender

10+1 m1.large nodes for 3 hours = \$3.56

Timestamp	Туре	Operation	Instance ID	Spot Request ID	Max Price	Market Price	Charge
13:28 GMT	SpotUsage:m1.large	RunInstances:S0007	i-55bd0b31	sir-78552a11	0.109	0.108	0.108
13:28 GMT	SpotUsage:m1.large	RunInstances:S0007	i-49bd0b2d	sir-7f8ea011	0.109	0.108	0.108
13:29 GMT	SpotUsage:m1.large	RunInstances:S0007	i-31bd0b55	sir-cf2f9c11	0.109	0.108	0.108
13:29 GMT	SpotUsage:m1.large	RunInstances:S0007	i-47bd0b23	sir-75795e11	0.109	0.108	0.108
13:29 GMT	SpotUsage:m1.large	RunInstances:S0007	i-43bd0b27	sir-f2a61611	0.109	0.108	0.108
13:29 GMT	SpotUsage:m1.large	RunInstances:S0007	i-27bd0b43	sir-4e3a4411	0.109	0.108	0.108
13:29 GMT	SpotUsage:m1.large	RunInstances:S0007	i-41bd0b25	sir-dd1aa612	0.109	0.108	0.108
13:29 GMT	SpotUsage:m1.large	RunInstances:S0007	i-51bd0b35	sir-b20e8c11	0.109	0.108	0.108
13:29 GMT	SpotUsage:m1.large	RunInstances:S0007	i-23bd0b47	sir-17865a11	0.109	0.108	0.108
13:29 GMT	SpotUsage:m1.large	RunInstances:S0007	i-25bd0b41	sir-d6c96c11	0.109	0.108	0.108
13:29 GMT	SpotUsage:m1.large	RunInstances:S0007	i-3fbd0b5b	sir-63b76011	0.109	0.108	0.108
14:28 GMT	SpotUsage:m1.large	RunInstances:S0007	i-55bd0b31	sir-78552a11	0.109	0.108	0.108
14:28 GMT	SpotUsage:m1.large	RunInstances:S0007	i-49bd0b2d	sir-7f8ea011	0.109	0.108	0.108
14:29 GMT	SpotUsage:m1.large	RunInstances:S0007	i-31bd0b55	sir-cf2f9c11	0.109	0.108	0.108
14:29 GMT	SpotUsage:m1.large	RunInstances:S0007	i-47bd0b23	sir-75795e11	0.109	0.108	0.108
14:29 GMT	SpotUsage:m1.large	RunInstances:S0007	i-43bd0b27	sir-f2a61611	0.109	0.108	0.108
14:29 GMT	SpotUsage:m1.large	RunInstances:S0007	i-27bd0b43	sir-4e3a4411	0.109	0.108	0.108
14:29 GMT	SpotUsage:m1.large	RunInstances:S0007	i-41bd0b25	sir-dd1aa612	0.109	0.108	0.108
14:29 GMT	SpotUsage:m1.large	RunInstances:S0007	i-51bd0b35	sir-b20e8c11	0.109	0.108	0.108
14:29 GMT	SpotUsage:m1.large	RunInstances:S0007	i-23bd0b47	sir-17865a11	0.109	0.108	0.108
14:29 GMT	SpotUsage:m1.large	RunInstances:S0007	i-25bd0b41	sir-d6c96c11	0.109	0.108	0.108
14:29 GMT	SpotUsage:m1.large	RunInstances:S0007	i-3fbd0b5b	sir-63b76011	0.109	0.108	0.108
15:28 GMT	SpotUsage:m1.large	RunInstances:S0007	i-55bd0b31	sir-78552a11	0.109	0.108	0.108
15:28 GMT	SpotUsage:m1.large	RunInstances:S0007	i-49bd0b2d	sir-7f8ea011	0.109	0.108	0.108
15:29 GMT	SpotUsage:m1.large	RunInstances:S0007	i-31bd0b55	sir-cf2f9c11	0.109	0.108	0.108
15:29 GMT	SpotUsage:m1.large	RunInstances:S0007	i-47bd0b23	sir-75795e11	0.109	0.108	0.108
15:29 GMT	SpotUsage:m1.large	RunInstances:S0007	i-43bd0b27	sir-f2a61611	0.109	0.108	0.108
15:29 GMT		RunInstances:S0007	i-27bd0b43	sir-4e3a4411	0.109	0.108	0.108
15:29 GMT	SpotUsage:m1.large		i-41bd0b25	sir-dd1aa612	0.109	0.108	0.108
15:29 GMT	SpotUsage:m1.large		i-51bd0b35	sir-b20e8c11	0.109	0.108	0.108
15:29 GMT	SpotUsage:m1.large	RunInstances:S0007	i-23bd0b47	sir-17865a11	0.109	0.108	0.108
15:29 GMT	SpotUsage:m1.large	RunInstances:S0007	i-25bd0b41	sir-d6c96c11	0.109	0.108	0.108
15:29 GMT	SpotUsage:m1.large	RunInstances:S0007	i-3fbd0b5b	sir-63b76011	0.109	0.108	0.108
							\$3.56

Obligatory iPhone p0rn

