Estimating a Mobile App for Maha-kumbh

A team is assigned the task of developing a mobile app for the **Maha-Kumbh** event, with features such as:

- a. Event schedules
- b. Live updates and notifications
- c. Crowd management insights
- d. Emergency alerts
- e. Location-based services

The team consists of 10 members, including developers, designers, testers, and a Scrum Master. The deadline is 3 months.

Conducting Planning Poker:

USER STORY 1: "As a visitor, I want to view the event schedule and receive notifications for upcoming events so that I don't miss important ceremonies."

Planning Poker Estimates:

- Developer 1: 5
- Developer 2: 3
- Tester: 5
- Designer: 3
- Scrum Master: 3

Discussion:

- Developer 1 believes integrating a real-time notification system may be tricky.
- The designer argues that most of the work is UI-based and should be simple.
- The Scrum Master suggests reusing an existing notification framework to reduce effort.
- Consensus: 3 story points. The team agrees on assigning 3 story points to this user story.

USER STORY 2: "As a visitor, I should be able to view real-time crowd density updates at different ghats to plan my visit accordingly."

Planning Poker Estimates:

- Developer 1: 8
- Developer 2: 5
- Designer: 8

• Tester: 5

• Scrum Master: 3

• Other team members: Mixed values between 3 and 8

Discussion:

- Developer 1 argues that integrating live crowd data from sensors and APIs will take time.
- Tester believes it's complex because of potential data inconsistencies.
- Scrum Master suggests breaking it into smaller parts: API integration, UI, and testing separately.
- Consensus: 8 story points. The complexity of handling real-time data and API limitations make this a larger effort.

USER STORY 3: "As a visitor, I want to see a map of the Kumbh Mela grounds with key locations like restrooms, medical tents, and water stations so that I can find essential services easily."

Planning Poker Estimates:

• Developer 1: 5

• Developer 2: 3

• Tester: 5

Designer: 3

• Scrum Master: 5

Discussion:

- Developer 1 suggests using Google Maps API for a faster implementation.
- Tester mentions that offline support might add extra effort.
- Designer points out that icons and user-friendly UI will be critical.
- Consensus: 5 story points. Using Google Maps API simplifies implementation but still requires effort for customization.

USER STORY 4: "As an event organizer, I want to send emergency alerts to all users in case of a stampede or weather issue so that they can take necessary precautions."

Planning Poker Estimates:

• Developer 1: 8

Developer 2: 5

• Tester: 8

• Designer: 5

• Scrum Master: 5

Discussion:

- Developers highlight that implementing push notifications + SMS alerts needs backend work.
- Tester points out challenges in ensuring timely delivery of alerts under heavy load.
- The Scrum Master suggests using cloud-based messaging services
- Consensus: 8 story points. Critical feature requiring robust backend and real-time performance tuning.

Q2. PR Rejection Rate

Repository - https://github.com/scikit-learn/scikit-learn

get data using api calls

\$prData = Invoke-RestMethod -Uri https://api.github.com/repos/scikit-learn/scikit-learn/scikit-learn/pulls?state=all

#Count of rejected pull requests

\$rejectedPRs = (\$prData | Where-Object { \$_.state -eq "closed" -and -not \$_.merged_at }).Count

Output: 0

#total pull requests

\$totalPRs = \$prData.Count

Output: 30

#rejection rate = rejectedPRs / totalPRs

\$rejectionRate = [math]::Round((\$rejectedPRs / \$totalPRs) * 100, 2)

Output: 0

PRR = 0