

Practical No. 5

Aim:- To write a program to implement Blowfish Algorithm.

Theory:- Blowfish is an encryption technique designed by Bruce Schneier in 1993 as an alternative to DES Encryption Technique. It is significantly faster than DES and provide a good encryption rate with no effective cryptanalysis technique found to date. It is one of the first secure block cipher not subject to any patents and hence freely available for anyone to use. It is symmetric block algorithm.

Algorithm:- Steps for encryption

Step 1:- Generation of Subkeys

These 18 subkeys are stored in a P-array with each array element being a 32-bit entry. It is initialized with digits of π . The resultant P-array holds 18 subkeys that is used during the entire encryption process.

Step 2:- Initialize substitution boxes

4 substitution boxes are needed with each S-box having 256 entries where each entry is 32-bit. It is initialized with the digits of π after initializing the P-array.

Step 3:- Encryption

The encryption function consists of two parts \Rightarrow

- a) Rounds:- The encryption consists of 16 rounds with each round (R_i) taking inputs the plain text from previous round.
- b) Post processing:- The output after the 16 rounds is ~~post~~ processed.

Steps for Decryption \Rightarrow

Step 1:- Generation of Subkeys

These 18 subkeys are stored in a P-array with each array element being a 32 bit entry. It is initialized with digits of $\pi(?)$

Step 2:- 4 substitution boxes initialization.

4 boxes are needed with each S-box having 256 entries where each entry is 32-bit. It is initialized with the digits of $\pi(?)$ after initializing the P-array.

Step 3:- Decryption

It consists of two parts

- a. Rounds:- The decryption also consists of 16 rounds with each round (R_i) taking inputs the cipher text from previous round.
- b. Post-processing:- The output after the 16 round is processed.

Example.

- 1) Assume the message "Hiwold" consists of seven characters plus a space, for a total of eight bytes or 64-bits.
- 2) It divides the input into 32 bits. Key expansion produces a value termed P_1 , which is then XORed with the remaining 32 bits, "Hiw", to produce the desired result.
- 3) The 32 bits are then divided into 4 bytes each and delivered to four boxes after P_1 has gone via a transformational F-function.
- 4) The first two value from the first two S-boxes are combined and then the third value from the third S-box.
- 5) To create 32 bits as the output this result is added to the 4th S-box's output.
- 6) To create output F, the output of F in is XORed with the right 32 bits of the input message "old".
- 7) The left half is replaced by F_i and right half by P_1
- 8) For a total of 16 rounds, the identical procedure is performed for each new message of P-array.

Program:

```
import java.io.UnsupportedEncodingException;
import java.nio.charset.Charset;
import java.security.InvalidKeyException;
import java.security.NoSuchAlgorithmException;
import java.util.Base64;
import javax.crypto.BadPaddingException;
import javax.crypto.Cipher;
import javax.crypto.IllegalBlockSizeException;
import javax.crypto.NoSuchPaddingException;
import javax.crypto.spec.SecretKeySpec;

public class Blowfish {

    public String encrypt(String password, String key) throws
        NoSuchAlgorithmException, NoSuchPaddingException,
        InvalidKeyException, IllegalBlockSizeException,
        BadPaddingException, UnsupportedEncodingException {
        byte[] KeyData = key.getBytes();
        SecretKeySpec KS = new SecretKeySpec(KeyData, "Blowfish");
        Cipher cipher = Cipher.getInstance("Blowfish");
        cipher.init(Cipher.ENCRYPT_MODE, KS);
        String encryptedtext = Base64.getEncoder().
            encodeToString(cipher.doFinal(password.getBytes("UTF-8")));
        return encryptedtext;
    }

    public String decrypt(String encryptedtext, String key)
        throws NoSuchAlgorithmException, NoSuchPaddingException,
        InvalidKeyException, IllegalBlockSizeException,
        BadPaddingException {
        byte[] KeyData = key.getBytes();
        SecretKeySpec KS = new SecretKeySpec(KeyData, "Blowfish");
        byte[] encryptedtexttobytes = Base64.getDecoder().
            decode(encryptedtext);
        Cipher cipher = Cipher.getInstance("Blowfish");
        cipher.init(Cipher.DECRYPT_MODE, KS);
        byte[] decrypted = cipher.doFinal(encryptedtexttobytes);
        String decryptedString =
            new String(decrypted, Charset.forName("UTF-8"));
        return decryptedString;
    }

    public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {
        final String password = "Hello, World";
        final String key = "Blowfish";
        System.out.println("\n Blowfish Algorithm");
        System.out.println("\n Password: " + password);
        Blowfish obj = new Blowfish();
        String enc_output = obj.encrypt(password, key);
        System.out.println("\n Key: " + key);
        System.out.println("\n Encrypted text: " + enc_output);
        String dec_output = obj.decrypt(enc_output, key);
        System.out.println("\n Decrypted text: " + dec_output);
    }
}
```

Output:



The screenshot shows an IDE's Run console window. At the top, there's a tab labeled 'Run' and another tab labeled 'Blowfish' with a close button. Below the tabs is a toolbar with icons for running, debugging, and other actions. The main area of the console displays the following output:

```
C:\Users\Hp\.jdk\corretto-11.0.19\bin\java.exe  
  
Blowfish Algorithm  
  
Password: Hello, World  
  
Key: Blowfish  
  
Encrypted text: YjtMR4UGyI3Bkn0rMzJGMA==  
  
Decrypted text: Hello, World  
  
Process finished with exit code 0
```