Lab 03 – SQL – Single Table Queries

Objectives

The purpose of this lab is to start learning SQL by writing basic DML statements involving a single table. You will learn to create basic CRUD statements (queries as well as insert, update and delete). Submission:

Your submission will be a single Word file with the solutions provided. (with a .docx file extension)

Setup

Create a new worksheet in SQL developer and add an appropriate comment header that includes your name, student id, the date and the purpose of the file (i.e. DBS211 – Lab 03). After every command and result in each question paste them in your Word file

Immediately under the comment header, enter the following line and then execute it:

```
SET AUTOCOMMIT ON;
```

You will need to execute this statement each time you login to the server until the completion of this lab.

Save the script as: DBS211_L03_LastName_FirstName.sql

Style Guide

Your SQL should be written using the standard coding style:

- all keywords are to be upper case,
- all user-defined names are to be lower case, (example: table and field names)
- there should be a carriage return before each major part of the SQL statements (i.e. before SELECT, FROM, WHERE and ORDER BY)

Using comments to number the question answers, write the SQL code to complete the following tasks.

Tasks:

 Display the first 10 rows of data for the RETAILPAYMENTS table. (query and results in Word file).

SELECT * FROM RETAILPAYMENTS

ORDER BY CUSTOMERNUMBER

FETCH FIRST 10 ROWS ONLY OR

SELECT * FROM RETAILPAYMENTS

WHERE rownum>=1 and rownum<=10

ORDER BY CUSTOMERNUMBER Or

SELECT * FROM RETAILPAYMENTS

WHERE rownum between 1 and 10

ORDER BY CUSTOMERNUMBER

		PAYMENTDATE	
1	103AAA123	20-APR-21	647.18
2	103OM314933	18-DEC-04	1676.14
3	103JM555205	05-JUN-03	14571.44
4	103Н0336336	19-OCT-04	6066.78
5	112BBAA123	20-APR-22	5647.18
6	112B0864823	17-DEC-04	14191.12
7	112 HQ55022	06-JUN-03	32641.98
8	112 ND748579	20-AUG-04	33347.88
9	114 GG31455	20-MAY-03	45864.03
10	114MA765515	15-DEC-04	82261.22

2. Display the full name of RETAILEMPLOYEE (in 2 ways) and their email using the RETAILEMPLOYEEs table whose office code is 6.

SELECT CONCAT(FIRSTNAME,CONCAT(' ',LASTNAME)) AS FULLNAME,EMAIL

FROM RETAILEMPLOYEES

WHERE OFFICECODE=6

SELECT FIRSTNAME||''||LASTNAME AS FULLNAME,EMAIL FROM RETAILEMPLOYEES

WHERE OFFICECODE=6

- 1			
		∯ EMAIL	
	¹ William Patterson	wpatterson@classicmodelcars.com	
		afixter@classicmodelcars.com	
		pmarsh@classicmodelcars.com	
	⁴Tom King	tking@classicmodelcars.com	

3. Display RETAILCUSTOMER number, RETAILCUSTOMER name, contact first name and contact last name, and phone for all RETAILCUSTOMERs in Paris. (hint: be wary of case sensitivity)

 ${\tt SELECT\ customerNumber,\ customerName,contactFirstName,contactLastName,phone} \\ {\tt FROM\ RETAILCUSTOMERS}$

where LOWER(city) LIKE 'paris'--3 rows selected

- 0	CUSTOMERNUMBER (CUSTOMERNAME			♦ CONTACTLASTNAME ♦ PHONE	
1	172 La Corne 'abondance,	Co.	Marie	Bertrand (1)	42.34.2555
2	250 Lyon Souveniers		Daniel	Da Silva +33	1 46 62 7555
3	406Auto Canal+ Petit		Dominique	Perrier (1)	47.55.6555

- 4. Repeat the previous Query with a couple small changes:
 - a. The contact's first and last name should be in a single column in the format "lastname, firstname".
 - b. Show customers who are in Canada

```
SELECT customerNumber, customerName,contactlastname || ', ' || contactfirstname as "lastname,firstname ",phone
```

FROM retailcustomers

where UPPER(country) = 'CANADA'

--3 rows selected

0	CUSTOMERNUMBER (CUSTOMERNAME		♦ PHONE
1	202 Canadian Gift Exchange Network	Tamuri, Yoshi	(604) 555-3392
2	233Québec Home Shopping Network	Fresnière, Jean	(514) 555-8054
3	260 Royal Canadian Collectables, Ltd	Lincoln, Elizabeth	(604) 555-4555

5. Display RETAILCUSTOMER number for RETAILCUSTOMERs who have payments. Do not included any repeated values. (hints: how do you know a RETAILCUSTOMER has made a payment? You will need to access only one table for this query)

SELECT DISTINCT customerNumber

FROM retailpayments

WHERE amount IS NOT NULL

98 r	ows selected OUSTOMERNUMBER
4	119
5	121
6	124
7	128
8	129
9	131
10	141
11	144
12	145
13	146
14	148
15	151
16	157
17	161
18	166
19	167
20	171
21	172
22	173
23	175
24	177

6. List RETAILCUSTOMER numbers, check number, and amount for RETAILCUSTOMERs whose payment amount is not in the range of \$30,000 to \$65,000. Sort the output by top payments amount first.

```
SELECT customerNumber, checkNumber, amount
FROM retailpayments
WHERE amount<=30000 or amount>=65000
ORDER BY amount desc

Or
SELECT customerNumber, checkNumber, amount
FROM retailpayments
WHERE amount NOT BETWEEN 30000 AND 65000
ORDER BY amount DESC;
--144 rows selected
```

1	141 JE105477	120166.58
2	141 ID10962	116208.4
3	124KI131716	111654.4
4	148 KM172879	105743
5	124AE215433	101244.59
6	321 DJ15149	85559.12
7	124BG255406	85410.87
8	167 GN228846	85024.46
9	124ET64396	83598.04
10	114MA765515	82261.22
11	239NO865547	80375.24
12	323AL493079	75020.13
13	141 IN446258	65071.26
14	487AH612904	29997.09
15	2760J819725	29848.52
16	334 HH517378	29716.86
17	324 FP443161	29429.14
18	260NH776924	29284.42
19	233BOFA23232	29070.38
20	175 CTTT3434344	28500.78

7. Display the order information for all RETAILORDERS that are cancelled.

SELECT * FROM retailorders WHERE lower(status)='cancelled'

--6 rows selected

-	ORDERNUMBER	♦ ORDERDATE		♦ SHIPPEDDATE		♦ COMMENTS
1	10167	23-OCT-03	30-OCT-03	(null)	Cancelled	Customer called to cancel. The
2	10179	11-NOV-03	17-NOV-03			Customer cancelled due to urger
3	10248	07-MAY-04	14-MAY-04	(null)	Cancelled	Order was mistakenly placed. The
4	10253	01-JUN-04	09-JUN-04	02-JUN-04	Cancelled	Customer disputed the order and
5	10260	16-JUN-04	22-JUN-04	(null)	Cancelled	Customer heard complaints from
6	10262	24-JUN-04	01-JUL-04	(null)	Cancelled	This customer found a better of

- 8. The company needs to know the percentage markup for each RETAILPRODUCT sold. Produce a query that outputs the ProductCode, ProductName, BuyPrice, MSRP in addition to
- a. The difference between MSRP and BuyPrice (i.e. MSRP-BuyPrice) called markup
- b. The percentage markup (100 * calculated by difference / BuyPrice) called *percmarkup* rounded to 1 decimal place.

```
SELECT ProductCode, ProductName, buyPrice, MSRP, MSRP-buyPrice AS markup FROM RETAILPRODUCTS
--111 rows with markup SELECT ProductCode, ProductName, buyPrice, MSRP, MSRP-buyPrice AS markup, ROUND((100 *(MSRP-buyPrice),1) AS percmarkup FROM RETAILPRODUCTS
```

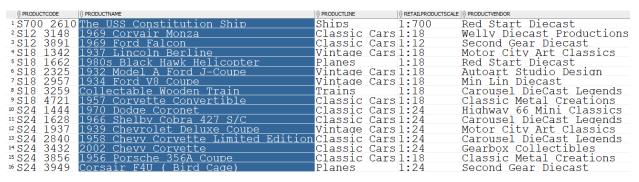
--111 rows with percmarkup ROUNDED TO 1 DECIMAL

♦ PRODUCTCODE	∯ PRODUCTNAME	BUYPRICE	∯ MSRP	MARKUP	PERCMARKUP
¹ S24 3969	1936 Mercedes Benz 500k Roadster	21.75	41.03	19.28	88.6
² S24 4048	1992 Porsche Cavenne Turbo Silver	69.78	118.28	48.5	69.5
³ S24 4258	1936 Chrysler Airflow	57.46	97.39	39.93	69.5
4 S24 4278	1900s Vintage Tri-Plane	36.23	72.45	36.22	100
5 S24 4620	1961 Chevrolet Impala	32.33	80.84	48.51	
6 S32 1268	1980's GM Manhattan Express	53.93	96.31	42.38	78.6
⁷ S32 1374	1997 BMW F650 ST	66.92	99.89	32.97	49.3
8 S32 2206	1982 Ducati 996 R	24.14	40.23	16.09	66.7
9 S32 2509	1954 Grevhound Scenicruiser	25.98	54.11	28.13	108.3
	1950's Chicago Surface Lines Streetcar	26.72	62.14	35.42	132.6
11 S32 3522	1996 Peterbilt 379 Stake Bed with Outrigger	33.61	64.64	31.03	92.3
12 S32 4289	1928 Ford Phaeton Deluxe	33.02	68.79	35.77	108.3
13 S32 4485	1974 Ducati 350 Mk3 Desmo	56.13	102.05	45.92	81.8
¹⁴ S50 1341	1930 Buick Marquette Phaeton	27.06	43.64	16.58	61.3
15 S50 1392	Diamond T620 Semi-Skirted Tanker	68.29	115.75	47.46	
16 CEA 1E1/	1060 City of Datmoit Chroatean	27 /0	EO EO	21 00	E ()

9. Display the information of all RETAILPRODUCTs with string 'co' in their product name. (c and o can be lower or upper case).

SELECT *
FROM RETAILPRODUCTS
where upper(productName) like '%CO%'

--16 rows affected



10. Display all RETAILCUSTOMERs whose contact first name starts with letter s (both lowercase and uppercase) and includes letter e (both lowercase and uppercase).

FROM RETAILCUSTOMERS
where UPPER(contactFirstName) like 'S%E%'

--6 rows selected Steve, Sue, Sven , Sean, Steve, Sue

	CUSTOMES CONTROL CONTROL	INUMBER CUSTOMERNAME	CONTACTLASTNAME	⊕ CONTACTFIRSTNAME					STATE	POSTALCODE	⊕ COUNTR
1		319Mini Classics	Frick			3758 North Pendale	Street (null)	White Plains	NY	24067	USA
2		450 The Sharp Gifts Warehouse				3086 Ingle Ln.		San Jose		94217	
3		459Warburg Exchange	Ottlieb			Walserweg 21	(null)	Aachen	(null)	52066	Germ
4		471 Australian Collectables, Ltd				7 Allen Street		Glen Waverly	Victoria	3150	Aust
5		475West Coast Collectables Co.	Thompson	Steve	3105553722	3675 Furth Circle	(null)	Burbank	CA	94019	USA
6		487 Signal Collectibles Ltd.	Tavlor	Sue	4155554312	2793 Furth Circle	(null)	Brisbane	CA	94217	USA

- 11. Create a statement that will insert yourself as an RETAILEMPLOYEE of the company.
 - a. Use a unique employee number of your choice
 - b. Use your school email address
 - c. Your job title will be "Cashier"
 - d. Office code will be 4
 - e. You will report to employee 1088

INSERT INTO

12. Create a query that displays your, and only your, RETAILEMPLOYEE data

```
SELECT *
FROM RETAILEMPLOYEES
WHERE employeeNumber=55555
__-new info selected

$ EMPLOYEENUMBER $ LASTNAME $ FIRSTNAME $ EXTENSION $ EMAIL

1 55555GNA rr 152 r@senecacollege.ca 4 1088 cashier
```

13. Create a statement to update your job title to "Head Cashier"

```
UPDATE RETAILEMPLOYEES SET jobTitle='Head Cashier'
WHERE employeeNumber=55555

SELECT *
FROM RETAILEMPLOYEES WHERE employeeNumber=55555

DEMPLOYEENLUMBER & LASTNAME & EXTENSION & EMAIL & OFFICECODE & REPORTSTO & JOBITILE
1 55555 GNA rr 152 r@senecacollege.ca 4 1088 Head Cashier
```

14. Create a statement to insert another fictional RETAILEMPLOYEE into the database. This RETAILEMPLOYEE will be a "Cashier" and will report to you. Make up fake data for the other fields.

```
INSERT INTO
RETAILEMPLOYEES
(employeeNumber,lastName,firstName,extension,email,officeCode,reportsTo,job
Title)
values(65555,'GNAN','rRr',152,'r@senecacollege.ca',4,55555,'cashier')

SELECT *
FROM RETAILEMPLOYEES
WHERE employeeNumber=65555

DEMPLOYEENUMBER & LASTNAME & FIRSTNAME & EXTENSION & EMAIL

1 65555 GNAN rRr 152 r@senecacollege.ca 4 55555 cashier
```

15. Create a statement to Delete yourself from the database. Did it work? If not, why?

```
DELETE
FROM RETAILEMPLOYEES
WHERE employeeNumber=55555

--REPORTSTO FOREIGN KEY CONFLICT
FROM RETAILEMPLOYEES
WHERE employeeNumber=55555
Error report -
ORA-02292: integrity constraint (RGNANAOLIVU.EMP_RTEMP_FK) violated - child record found
```

16. Create a statement to delete the fake employee from the database and then rerun the statement to delete yourself. Did it work?

```
DELETE
FROM RETAILEMPLOYEES
WHERE employeeNumber=65555

--1 ROW DELETED

DELETE
FROM RETAILEMPLOYEES WHERE employeeNumber=55555
--NOW it deleted my record because FOREIGN KEY RECORD IS DELETED
```

17. Create a **single** statement that will insert both yourself and the fake employee at the same time. This time the fake employee will report to 1088 as well.

```
INSERT ALL
INTO RETAILEMPLOYEES
(employeeNumber,lastName,firstName,extension,email,officeCode,reportsTo,job
Title)
values(55555,'GNA','rr',152,'r@senecacollege.ca',4,1088,'cashier')
INTO RETAILEMPLOYEES
(employeeNumber,lastName,firstName,extension,email,officeCode,reportsTo,job
Title)
values(65555,'GNAN','rRr',152,'r@senecacollege.ca',4,1088,'cashier')
SELECT * FROM DUAL;
--2 ROWS INSERTED
```

18. Create a **single** statement to delete both yourself and the fake employee.

```
DELETE
FROM RETAILEMPLOYEES
WHERE employeeNumber=55555 OR employeeNumber=65555
--2 ROWS DELETED
```

19.Create a new order in RETAILORDER table with required date Sep 22nd,2021 and order date as Sep 17th,2021. Make up the reset of the fields and then display the only the new order that you have created just now.

Commit complete.

	♦ ORDERNUMBER ♦ ORDERDATE		♦ SHIPPEDDATE		COMMENTS COMMENTS
1	1042230-MAY-05	11-JUN-05	(null)	In Process	(null)
2	1042330-MAY-05	05-JUN-05	(null)	In Process	(null)
3	1042431-MAY-05	08-JUN-05	(null)	In Process	(null)
4	1042531-MAY-05	07-JUN-05	(null)	In Process	(null)
5	655555 17-SEP-21	21-SEP-21	20-SEP-21	Shipped	order create
6	1010006-JAN-03	13-JAN-03	10-JAN-03	Shipped	(null)

20.Insert a new product into product table with product name as "2020 Bugatti Veyron" and productcode as "S111_111" and make up the rest of the fields.

INSERT INTO

RETAILPRODUCTS (productCode, productName, productLine, productScale, productVendor, productDescription, quantityInStock, buyPrice, MSRP)

31 S72 3212	Pont	Yacht	Ships	1:72	T.
32 S111 111	2020	Bugatti Vevron	Classic Cars	1:10	S
33 S10 1678	1969	Harlev Davids	Motorcycles	1:10	N