

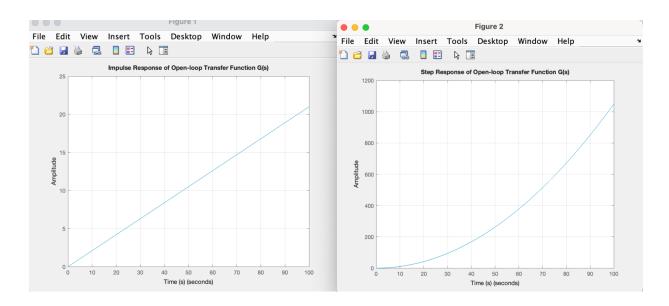
# System and Control Project

### Made By:

Abdelrahman Walid Ahmed 58–2089 (T–04) Mostafa Ahmed Rashwan 58–16272 (T–03) Omar Khaled Mahfouz 58–6794 (T–04) Yehia Mohamed Nader 58–18085 (T–04)

> Supervised By: Dr. Dina Reda Abdelhay Dr. Samar Mohamed Shukry

### Task 4:



### 1- Impulse Response:

The impulse response shows a linear growth in amplitude over time. This indicates that the system continuously responds to an impulse input with a steady increase. The behavior is characteristic of a system with at least one integrator (a pole at s=0).

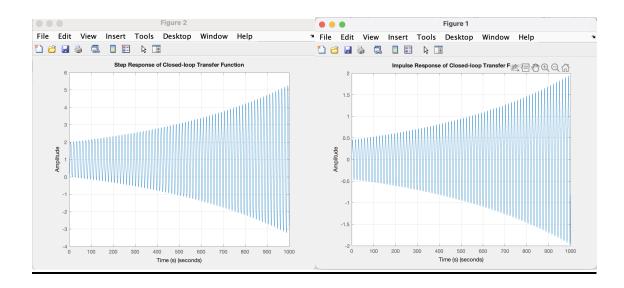
#### 2- Step Response:

The step response exhibits quadratic growth in amplitude over time. This suggests the presence of two integrators (two poles at s=0), resulting in an increasingly unbounded response. Such a trend is typical of systems with multiple integrators in the open-loop configuration.

### 3- Expected Response:

Both graphs' responses are expected due to the presence of two integrators (s = 0) at the origin. The unbounded nature of both impulse and step responses is due to the unstable of system as it is an open loop system.

### **Task 7:**



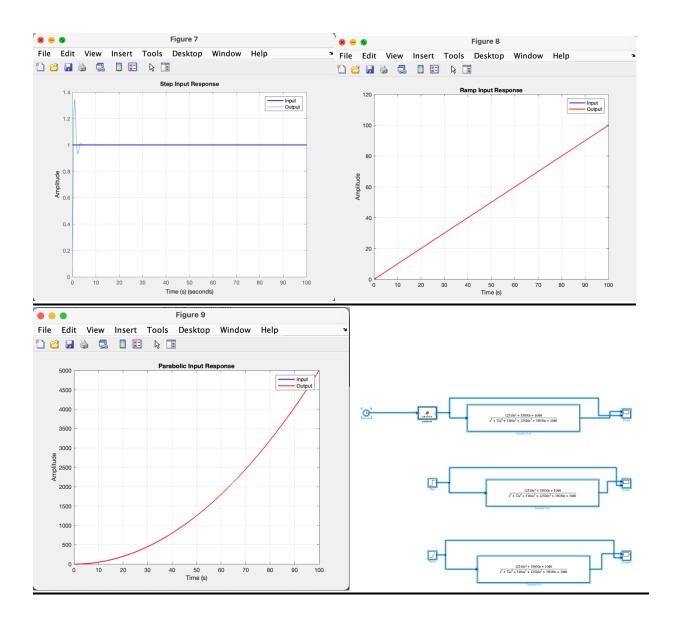
#### 1- Impulse Response:

The amplitude grows linearly with increasing oscillations over time. This suggests that the system remains unstable. In step 3 impulse input had a steady increase. Step 6 didn't have a better response since it had increasing oscillations over time (the feedback did not get better).

#### 2-Step response:

The amplitude grows linearly with increasing oscillations over time. This suggests that the system remains unstable. It is unstable since the step response doesn't settle at infinite steady state value at a certain time. step response exhibits quadratic growth in amplitude, and in step 6 step response had increasing oscillations over time (the feedback did not get better).

### Task 11:



Using  $K_d$  of 11.49 and  $K_p$  of 31.83 the graphs show a peak time of 1.34 seconds and maximum overshoot of 34.4%. System is stable with a high peak time and overshoot. The system reaches stability at time 2.61 seconds. Steady state error for both ramp and step responses equal zero (ess=0), however for parabolic response steady state error equals 0.1496 (ess=0.1496).

### Task 12:

### 1-Matlab:

Rise time: 0.466 seconds Peak time: 0.94 seconds

Maximum overshoot: 34.3% (0.343)

Settling Time: 2.61 seconds

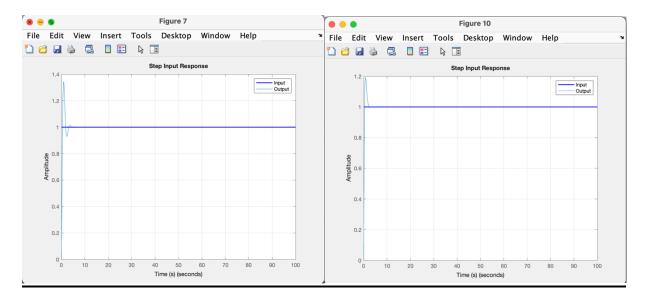
### 2-Simulink:

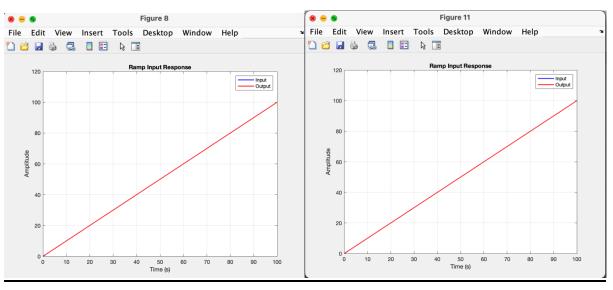
Rise time: 450.036 milliseconds

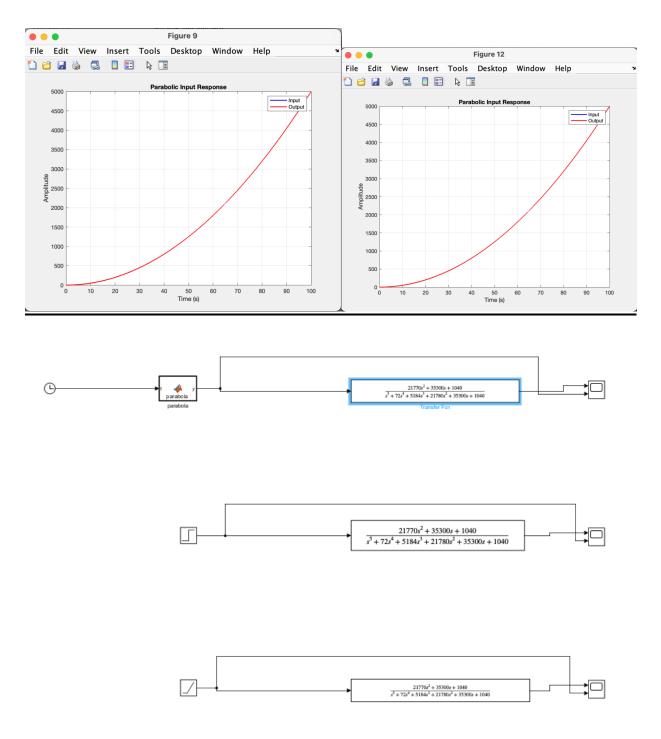
Peak time: 1.932 seconds

Maximum overshoot: 34.459% (0.34359)

# Task 14:







(The graphs on the left are the graphs before tuning and the graphs on the right are the graphs after tuning)

As shown in the graphs, in the Step response, before tuning the graph shows a peak time of 1.34 seconds and an overshoot of 34.4%, which exceed the acceptable peak time and overshoot. After

tuning we changed the  $k_d$  from 11.49 to 20 while keeping the value of  $k_p$  the same at 31.83 which has led to decrease in the peak time 1.34 seconds to 1.19 seconds, decreasing overshoot from 34.4% to 19%, and reducing the settling time (5%) from 2.61 seconds to 1.63 seconds. The ramp and the parabolic graphs are similar with little difference in amplitude to time values before and after tuning.

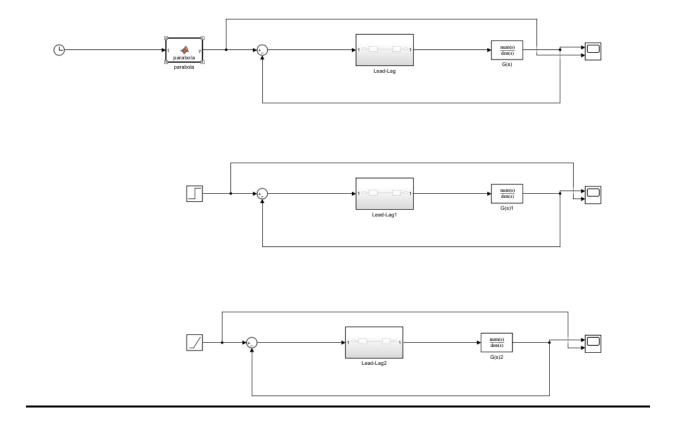
# Task 19:

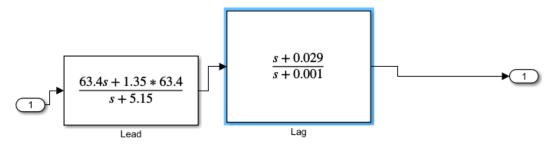
### 1-Matlab:

Rise time: 0.591 seconds Peak time: 1.11 seconds

Maximum overshoot: 49% (0.49)

Settling Time: 2.95 seconds





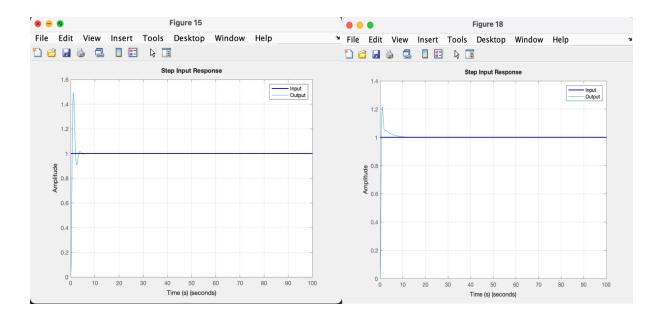
### 2-Simulink:

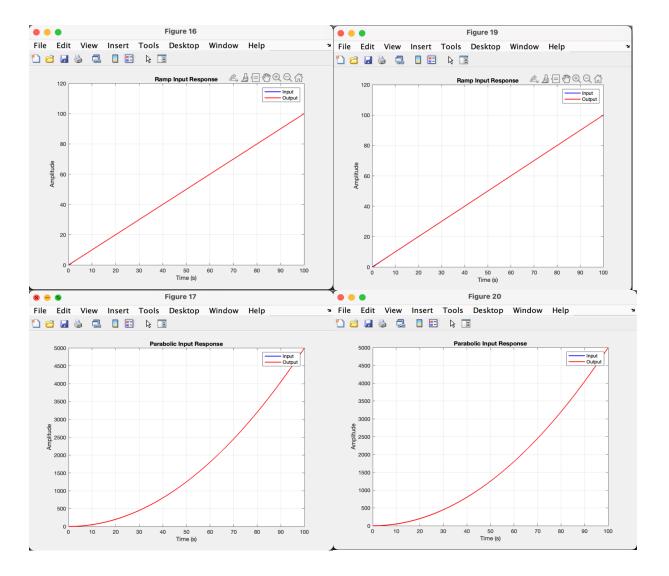
Rise time: 543.208 milliseconds

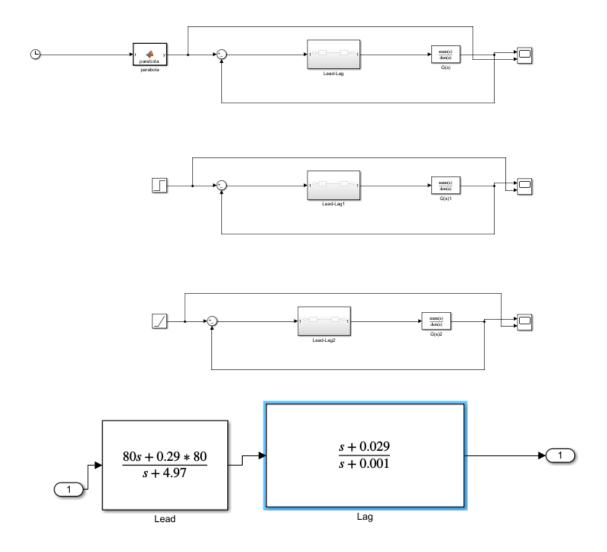
Peak time: 2.113 seconds

Maximum overshoot: 48.507% (0.48507)

# Task 21:







(The graphs on the left are the graphs before tuning and the graphs on the right are the graphs after tuning)

As shown in the graphs above, the parabolic and ramp response are similar before and after tuning with very slight difference. For step response before tuning we see a peak time of 1.49 seconds, maximum overshoot of 49%, and settling time (5%) 2.95 before tuning the transfer function of lead was  $(K_c *s + K_c *1.35)/(s+5.15)$  and value of  $K_c = 63.4$ , and the transfer function of lag was (s+0.029)/(s+0.001), however after tuning we set  $K_c$  to 80 and for

the lead we changed the nominator to ( $K_c$  \*s + Kc\*0.29) and denominator of (s+4.97), and kept the transfer function of the lag the same (s+0.029)/(s+0.001), after tuning we receive a peak time of 1.22 seconds, maximum overshoot of 21.7%, and settling time (5%) of 1.86 seconds.