Bayesian Network

Overview:

Our Bayesian Network file contains a function 'read_and_solve_query' which when called reads query file and byesian network file and prints the result of each query.

Observation:

Below is the table which depicts the convergence of the probability given by rejection sampling as we increase the number of samples.

Network used: b3.txt

Query used for observation: q 6 8 11 e 1 2 12

The actual answer by variable elimination is: 0.5

Number Of samples	Probability For Rejection Sampling (100 runs)				
	Min	Max	Avg		
100	0.36363636	0.64285714	0.5051695		
1000	0.4563008	0.5425641	0.4975073		
10000	0.4900777	0.5112497	0.4999183		
50000	0.4944050	0.504836	0.5002092		
100000	0.4967640	0.503696	0.500244		

Conclusion:

From the above observation table, we can conclude that as the number of sample increases, the accuracy of probability given by rejection sampling increases. Also, the difference between max and min probability given by rejection sampling decreases.

Answers:

b1.txt q1.txt

Queries	VE	RS(no. of samples = 10000)	
q 4 5 e ~1 2 3	0.25	0.2515465574033904	
q 4 e ~2 3	0.5	0.49471915506481035	
q 4 e 1	0.5	0.5003302311618133	
q 5 e 1	0.5	0.4984733281446447	
q 1 2 3 4 5 e	0.03125	0.03222	
q ~1 ~2 ~4 ~5 e	0.0625	0.06254	

b2.txt q2.txt

Queries	VE	RS(no. of samples = 10000)	
q 4 5 e ~1 2 3	0.16	0.1648616125150421	
q 4 e ~2 3	0.2	0.20906994619523445	
q 4 e 1	0.319999999999999	0.31552277744330726	
q 5 e 1	0.63999999999999	0.6342285204637796	
q 1 2 3 4 5 e	0.005120000000000002	0.00531	
q ~1 ~2 ~4 ~5 e	0.017280000000000004	0.01722	

B3.txt q3.txt

Queries	VE	RS(no. of samples = 10000)	
q 4 5 e ~1 2 3	0	0	
q 7 e ~2 3 5	0.3	0.29898074745186864	
q 4 e 1	0.500025	0.4995664105938645	
q 5 e 1	0.9	0.8991685794440194	
q 1 2 3 4 5 e	0.44055900000000003	0.43468	
q ~1 ~2 ~4 ~5 e	0.0005	0.00044	
q 2 4 7 8 9 10 11 13 e 1 3 5 6 12	0	0.0	
q 10 e 1 2 ~5 6	1.0	1.0	

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