$Sparks_Foundation_Task1_ScoresHours_Devanshi_Varshney$

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```
library(dplyr)
library(ggplot2)
df<-read.csv("C:/Users/devan/Downloads/student_scores.csv")</pre>
head(df)
##
     Hours Scores
       2.5
## 2
       5.1
                47
## 3
                27
       3.2
## 4
       8.5
                75
## 5
       3.5
                30
                20
## 6
       1.5
```

Analysing the dataset

the range of the columns, mean, median, missing values will give an insight of the dataset I will work upon.

```
#insight
summary(df)
```

```
##
       Hours
                       Scores
##
  Min.
         :1.100
                   Min. :17.00
  1st Qu.:2.700
                   1st Qu.:30.00
## Median :4.800
                   Median :47.00
                          :51.48
## Mean
          :5.012
                   Mean
   3rd Qu.:7.400
                   3rd Qu.:75.00
   Max.
          :9.200
                          :95.00
                   Max.
```

```
#structure
str(df)
```

```
## 'data.frame': 25 obs. of 2 variables:
## $ Hours : num 2.5 5.1 3.2 8.5 3.5 1.5 9.2 5.5 8.3 2.7 ...
## $ Scores: int 21 47 27 75 30 20 88 60 81 25 ...
```

```
#check for missing values
colSums(is.na(df))

## Hours Scores
## 0 0
```

Creating a linear regression model

the model will show the relation between the marks scored by a student and the number of hours of study he/she had put in daily.

```
model<-lm(Scores~Hours, data=df)
model

##

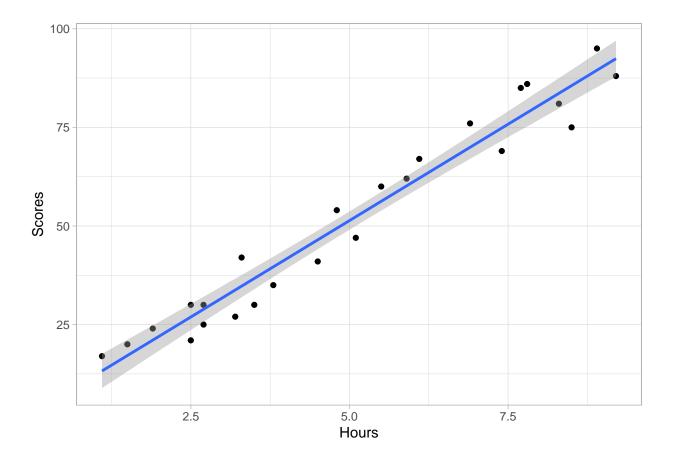
## Call:
## lm(formula = Scores ~ Hours, data = df)
##

## Coefficients:
## (Intercept) Hours
## 2.484 9.776</pre>
```

Visualizing the Line od Regression

to see how our data is distributed around the regression line.

```
ggplot(df, aes(Hours, Scores))+geom_point()+stat_smooth(method = lm)+theme_light()
## 'geom_smooth()' using formula 'y ~ x'
```



Answer of the question in the task

we will use the above created model to form the linear equation by using the intercept and slope of the model. Then replace hours with 9.25 as per the question to get the answer.

summary(model)

```
##
## lm(formula = Scores ~ Hours, data = df)
##
## Residuals:
       Min
                1Q
                    Median
                                3Q
                                       Max
## -10.578 -5.340
                     1.839
                             4.593
                                     7.265
##
  Coefficients:
##
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                 2.4837
                            2.5317
                                     0.981
                                              0.337
                 9.7758
                            0.4529
                                   21.583
                                             <2e-16 ***
## Hours
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
## Residual standard error: 5.603 on 23 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.9529, Adjusted R-squared: 0.9509
## F-statistic: 465.8 on 1 and 23 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

```
hrs<-9.25
scr<-2.484+(9.776*hrs)
scr
```

[1] 92.912

Result: If a student studies for 9.776 hours, he will score approximately 92.912 ~93 marks