```
Al lab
15-10-24
Devanshi Slathia
1BM22CS083
Misplaced tiles
class Puzzle:
  def __init__(self, initial_state, goal_state):
     self.board = initial state
     self.goal = goal state
     self.n = len(initial state)
  # To find the index of '0' (blank tile)
  def find_blank(self, board):
     for i in range(self.n):
       for j in range(self.n):
          if board[i][j] == 0:
             return (i, j)
  # Heuristic function: h(n) - number of misplaced tiles
  def misplaced tiles(self, board):
     misplaced = 0
     for i in range(self.n):
       for j in range(self.n):
          if board[i][j] != 0 and board[i][j] != self.goal[i][j]:
             misplaced += 1
     return misplaced
  # Generate possible moves (neighbors) from the current state
  def get_neighbors(self, board):
     neighbors = []
     blank_pos = self.find_blank(board)
     x, y = blank_pos
     # Possible moves (up, down, left, right)
     moves = [(x-1, y), (x+1, y), (x, y-1), (x, y+1)]
     for move in moves:
        new_x, new_y = move
        if 0 \le \text{new } x \le \text{self.n} and 0 \le \text{new\_y} \le \text{self.n}:
          new_board = [row[:] for row in board] # Copy the board
          # Swap the blank with the adjacent tile
          new_board[x][y], new_board[new_x][new_y] = new_board[new_x][new_y],
new_board[x][y]
```

neighbors.append(new board)

return neighbors

```
# A* Search Algorithm
  def a star(self):
     start = self.board
     goal = self.goal
     open list = [(start, 0)] # List of tuples (board, g(n))
     closed list = set()
     iteration = 0
     while open list:
       # Sort open list by f(n) = g(n) + h(n)
       open_list.sort(key=lambda x: x[1] + self.misplaced_tiles(x[0])) # Sort by f(n)
       current_board, g = open_list.pop(0) # Get the board with the lowest f(n)
       iteration += 1
       print(f"\nIteration {iteration}:")
       self.print_board(current_board)
       print(f"g(n): {g}, h(n): {self.misplaced tiles(current board)}, f(n): {g +
self.misplaced_tiles(current_board)}")
       # If we reach the goal, return the solution
       if current_board == goal:
          print("\nGoal reached!")
          return g
       # Add the current state to the closed list
       closed_list.add(tuple(map(tuple, current_board)))
       # Get all possible moves (neighbors)
       for neighbor in self.get_neighbors(current_board):
          if tuple(map(tuple, neighbor)) in closed list:
             continue
          # g(n) is the depth (number of moves from the start)
          g new = g + 1
          # Add neighbor to the open list
          open_list.append((neighbor, g_new))
     return -1 # If no solution is found
  # Print the 3x3 board
  def print board(self, board):
     for row in board:
       print(" ".join(str(tile) if tile != 0 else "_" for tile in row))
```

```
# Helper function to take input from the user
def take_input():
  print("Enter the initial state (3x3 grid) row by row, use '0' for the blank tile:")
  initial_state = []
  for _ in range(3):
     row = list(map(int, input().split()))
     initial_state.append(row)
  print("Enter the goal state (3x3 grid) row by row, use '0' for the blank tile:")
  goal state = []
  for _ in range(3):
     row = list(map(int, input().split()))
     goal_state.append(row)
  return initial_state, goal_state
# Main
if __name__ == "__main__":
  initial_state, goal_state = take_input()
  puzzle = Puzzle(initial_state, goal_state)
  moves = puzzle.a_star()
  if moves != -1:
     print(f"\nNumber of moves to solve: {moves}")
  else:
     print("\nNo solution found.")
```

Output

```
Enter the initial state (3x3 grid) row by row, use '0' for the blank tile:
5 4 0
6 1 8
7 3 2
Enter the goal state (3x3 grid) row by row, use '0' for the blank tile:
3 4 5
6 7 8
Iteration 1:
5 4 _
6 1 8
7 3 2
g(n): 0, h(n): 12, f(n): 12
Iteration 2:
  5 4 8
  61_
  7 3 2
  g(n): 1, h(n): 13, f(n): 14
  Iteration 3:
  5 _ 4
  6 1 8
  7 3 2
  g(n): 1, h(n): 13, f(n): 14
  Iteration 4:
  5 4 8
  6 1 2
  g(n): 2, h(n): 12, f(n): 14
```

Iteration 5:

```
Iteration 2587:
   _ 4 2
   5 3 8
   671
   g(n): 16, h(n): 8, f(n): 24
   Iteration 2588:
   _ 1 2
   3 4 5
   6 7 8
   g(n): 24, h(n): 0, f(n): 24
   Goal reached!
   Number of moves to solve: 24
Manhattan Distance
class Puzzle:
  def __init__(self, initial_state, goal_state):
     self.board = initial state
     self.goal = goal_state
     self.n = len(initial_state)
  # To find the index of '0' (blank tile)
  def find blank(self, board):
     for i in range(self.n):
       for j in range(self.n):
          if board[i][j] == 0:
             return (i, j)
  # Heuristic function: h(n) - Manhattan distance
  def manhattan_distance(self, board):
     distance = 0
     for i in range(self.n):
       for j in range(self.n):
          if board[i][j] != 0: # Don't calculate for the blank tile (0)
             goal_x, goal_y = self.find_position(self.goal, board[i][j])
             distance += abs(i - goal_x) + abs(j - goal_y)
     return distance
  # Find the position of a tile in the goal state
  def find position(self, board, value):
     for i in range(self.n):
       for j in range(self.n):
```

```
if board[i][i] == value:
             return (i, j)
  # Generate possible moves (neighbors) from the current state
  def get neighbors(self, board):
     neighbors = []
     blank pos = self.find blank(board)
     x, y = blank pos
     # Possible moves (up, down, left, right)
     moves = [(x-1, y), (x+1, y), (x, y-1), (x, y+1)]
     for move in moves:
       new_x, new_y = move
       if 0 \le \text{new}_x \le \text{self.n} and 0 \le \text{new}_y \le \text{self.n}:
          new_board = [row[:] for row in board] # Copy the board
          # Swap the blank with the adjacent tile
          new_board[x][y], new_board[new_x][new_y] = new_board[new_x][new_y],
new_board[x][y]
          neighbors.append(new board)
     return neighbors
  # A* Search Algorithm
  def a_star(self):
     start = self.board
     goal = self.goal
     open_list = [(start, 0)] # List of tuples (board, g(n))
     closed list = set()
     iteration = 0
     while open list:
       # Sort open list by f(n) = g(n) + h(n)
       open list.sort(key=lambda x: x[1] + self.manhattan distance(x[0])) # Sort by f(n)
       current board, g = open list.pop(0) # Get the board with the lowest f(n)
       iteration += 1
       print(f"\nIteration {iteration}:")
       self.print board(current board)
       print(f"g(n): {g}, h(n): {self.manhattan_distance(current_board)}, f(n): {g +
self.manhattan distance(current board)}")
       # If we reach the goal, return the solution
       if current board == goal:
          print("\nGoal reached!")
          return g
```

```
# Add the current state to the closed list
       closed_list.add(tuple(map(tuple, current_board)))
       # Get all possible moves (neighbors)
       for neighbor in self.get neighbors(current board):
          if tuple(map(tuple, neighbor)) in closed list:
             continue
          # g(n) is the depth (number of moves from the start)
          g_new = g + 1
          # Add neighbor to the open list
          open list.append((neighbor, g new))
     return -1 # If no solution is found
  # Print the 3x3 board
  def print_board(self, board):
     for row in board:
       print(" ".join(str(tile) if tile != 0 else " " for tile in row))
# Helper function to take input from the user
def take input():
  print("Enter the initial state (3x3 grid) row by row, use '0' for the blank tile:")
  initial_state = []
  for in range(3):
     row = list(map(int, input().split()))
     initial state.append(row)
  print("Enter the goal state (3x3 grid) row by row, use '0' for the blank tile:")
  goal_state = []
  for _ in range(3):
     row = list(map(int, input().split()))
     goal state.append(row)
  return initial_state, goal_state
# Main
if __name__ == "__main__":
  initial state, goal state = take input()
  puzzle = Puzzle(initial_state, goal_state)
  moves = puzzle.a star()
  if moves != -1:
     print(f"\nNumber of moves to solve: {moves}")
```

```
else:
print("\nNo solution found")
```

## Output

```
Enter the initial state (3x3 grid) row by row, use '0' for the blank tile:
 5 4 0
 6 1 8
 7 3 2
Enter the goal state (3x3 grid) row by row, use '0' for the blank tile:
 3 4 5
 6 7 8
Iteration 1:
5 4 _
6 1 8
7 3 2
g(n): 0, h(n): 12, f(n): 12
      Iteration 2:
      5 4 8
      61_
      7 3 2
      g(n): 1, h(n): 13, f(n): 14
      Iteration 3:
      5 _ 4
      6 1 8
      7 3 2
      g(n): 1, h(n): 13, f(n): 14
      Iteration 4:
   5 4 8
   6 1 2
   73_
   g(n): 2, h(n): 12, f(n): 14
   Iteration 5:
   5 1 4
   6 _ 8
7 3 2
   g(n): 2, h(n): 12, f(n): 14
   Iteration 6:
   _ 5 4
   6 1 8
   7 3 2
   g(n): 2, h(n): 12, f(n): 14
```

```
6 3 8
g(n): 20, h(n): 4, f(n): 24

Iteration 2587:
_ 4 2
5 3 8
6 7 1
g(n): 16, h(n): 8, f(n): 24

Iteration 2588:
_ 1 2
3 4 5
6 7 8
g(n): 24, h(n): 0, f(n): 24

Goal reached!

Number of moves to solve: 24
```