DHARMSINH DESAI UNIVERSITY, NADIAD **FACULTY OF TECHNOLOGY**

B.TECH. SEMESTER VI [INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY]

SUBJECT: (IT 608) LANGUAGE TRANSLATOR

: Third Sessional **Examination** Seat No.

: 31/03/2018 Day Date : Saturday

Time : 12:00 to 1:15 Max. Marks : 36

INSTRUCTIONS:

- Figures to the right indicate maximum marks for that question. 1.
- 2. The symbols used carry their usual meanings.
- Assume suitable data, if required & mention them clearly.
- Draw neat sketches wherever necessary.
- Here | is rule separator and ^ stands for NULL.

Do as directed. 0.1

- (a) If you were to design a compiler, would you provide optimization phase? Why? [2] (only key points require)
- (b) Generate intermediate code for given source code. [2] x = a[i][j] + b[2];
- (c) Represent three address code using Quadruples and triples for given on [4] expression.
- a = a + a * (b c);(d) Define copy & restore and call by name using one unique example output. (No [4] marks for theory explanation)
- Attempt the following questions. Q.2

[12] (a) Consider following program written in "lexical scoped non-nested procedural [6]

language" int f(int n){

static int r = 0; if $(n \le 0)$ return 1; if(n>3) { r = n; return f(n-2)+2; } return f(n-1)+r; }

What is value of f(5)? Explain your answer showing the snapshots of memory layout at run-time using Activation tree & Records.

(b) Compare three different storage allocation with proper example in term of pros [6] & cons and language support.

OR

- (b) Give syntax directed definition to produce three address code for assignments. [6] S->id:=E E-> E1 +E2 E-> E1* E2 E->-E1 E->(E1) E->id
- **Q.3** (a) Give assembly code generated by a simple code generator for following [6] statement x = (a+b) - ((c+d)-e). Assume the target machine has 2 registers. Also list

the issues in the design of code generator

```
(b) Generate intermediate code representation for following program fragment.
                                                                                               [6]
            #include <stdio.h>
            int gcd(int a, int b) {
                 if (a == 0 || b == 0)
                    return 0;
                 if (a == b)
             return a;
                 if (a > b)
                 return gcd(a-b, b);
              return gcd(a, b-a); }
            int main() {
              int a = 98, b = 56;
              printf("GCD of %d and %d is %d ", a, b, gcd(a, b));
              return 0;. }
                                               OR
                                                                                                [6]
Q.3
      (a) Explain Given code optimization technique with proper example
            1. Common Sub Expression Elimination
            2. Loop Fusion
            3. Strength Reduction
      (b) Translate the arithmetic expression (a + b * c) + d + (a + b * c) - d + e into:
                                                                                               [6]
            1. syntax tree
            2. DAG (Directed Acyclic Graph) representation
            3. Compare DAG and syntax tree.
```