

DHARMSINH DESAI UNIVERSITY, NADIAD FACULTY OF TECHNOLOGY

B.TECH. SEMESTER III [IT] SUBJECT: (IT-303) OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING

Examination: Third Sessional Seat No.

: Thursday Date : 09/10/2014 Day

Time : 09:30 to 10:45 Max. Marks : 36

INSTRUCTIONS:

- Figures to the right indicate maximum marks for that question.
- The symbols used carry their usual meanings.
- Assume suitable data, if required & mention them clearly.
- Draw neat sketches wherever necessary.

Q.1 Answer the following:

[12]

- (A) State True or False with justification:
- [4] 1) Virtual function becomes virtual in derived class.
 - 2) Private function of derived class can be called through a pointer of base class.
 - 3) Pointers of derived class are type compatible with pointers of base class.
- 4) The user must always define the operation of the copy constructor.
- **(B)** Find out the error if any, correct it and show the output:

[8]

- 1) #include<iostream.h> 2) #include<iostream.h> class base class test { public: virtual void fun(int x=0) { int data; { cout<<"base::x="<<x; }}; public: test() {data=0;} class derived: public base int getdata() { return data; }}; { public: virtual void fun(int x=10) void main() { cout<<"der::x="<<x; } }; { test t; void main(){ derived d1; int *ptr=(int *)&t; *ptr=10; base *ptr=&d1; ptr->fun(); } cout<<t.getdata(); }</pre>
- 3) #include<iostream.h>

class shape

{ public: virtual void print() { cout <<"shape"; } }; class box: public shape

{ public: virtual void print(int i) { cout<<"box"; } };

void main() { shape *s=new box; s->print(); }

4) #include<iostream.h>

class alpha { int data;

public: alpha() {data=10;} }; class beta

{ public: void func(alpha a) { cout<<a.data; } };

void main() { alpha a1; beta b1; b1.func(a1); }

Q.2 Answer the following:

[12] [2]

[4]

- (A) Explain virtual base class with example.
- (B) What does the "this" pointer point to? Describe any two situations where the use of "this" pointer becomes necessary.
- **(C)** Create a linked list with all operations mentioned below:

[6]

- 1) Insertion as a head node(first node)
- 2) Insertion in between two nodes
- 3) Display all the nodes

OR

(C) Create a linked list with all operations mentioned below:

[6]

- 1) Insertion as a last node
- 2) Deletion of a node 3) Display all the nodes

[12]

- Q.3 Answer the following: (A) What are file pointers? Describe get pointers and put pointers.
- [2]

[4]

[6]

- (B) Create a class called "person". From this class derive two classes "Student" and "Employee". Write a main() function to display the details of all students and employees by using pointer to "Person". Display() is exist in all these three classes.
- (C) Create a class called "Employee". This class should have overloaded stream operator functions to save or retrieve objects of the Employee class from a file. Write a program to manipulate objects of Employee class with a file.

OR

Q.3 Answer the following:

[12]

(A) What is redirection? Describe cerr and clog objects.

[2] [4]

(B) Overload Assignment operator function and copy-constructor for assignment and initialization of "Person" objects. Write a main() function to copy all the details of one person to another.

n **[6]**

(C) Write an interactive program to maintain an Employee database. It has to maintain information such as employee_id, name, qualification, designation, salary, etc. The user must be able to access all details about a person by entering employee name. It has to support an option for creating and updating a database.
