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OOCCL Lab Assignment 3A

Problem Statement:

Define a class complex consisting following:

Data members:

a) real

b) Imaginary part

Member Functions

a) One default constructor

b) function setcomplex() to set the value of real and Imaginary part.

c) function printcomplex() to display and

Four overloaded operator member functions:

1) Operator + to add two complex numbers

2) operator * to multiply two complex numbers

3) Operator - to subtract two complex numbers using

friend functions

4) Operator / to divide two complex numbers using

friend functions

Objectives:

1. To learn to create a class in C++

2. To learn constructor, function and operator overloading

in C++

3. To learn Friend function in C++

FAQ's.

1) What is inline function?

→ An inline function is a function that is declared in-line at the point of its call rather than being like a regular function. i.e. when compiler encounters an inline function call, it replaces the function with the entire body of the function.

2) Which operator links class to a member?

→ The scope resolution operator (`::`) links class member function in C++. It is used to define member function outside the class definition to access static members, namespace members etc. It can also be used to access overloaded operators that have been defined as member functions.

Ex] `void myclass :: myfunction () {`

In the example "`::`" links 'myclass' to 'myfunction'.

3) What is default access specifier in C++?

→ In C++, the default access specifier for a 'private'. This means all data members and data functions of the class are private access within the class only.

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OOCJ Lab Assignment

Problem Statement: Write interfaces Motorbike consists of the attributes `ance()`. Cycle interface. These interfaces are calculate total distance.

Objective:

- 1) To study abstract class
- 2) To study interfaces

Theory:

1. Java Abstraction:
A process of hiding only functionality. Shows only essential internal details.
Ex: sending SMS the message. You the message details. It focuses on what it does it.

There are 2 ways

- 1) Abstract class

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OOCCJ LAB ASSIGNMENT 3A

CODE:-

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class complex
{
    float real;
    float image;
public:
    complex ()
    {
        real = 0;
        image = 0;
    }

    complex (float x, float y)
    {
        real = x;
        image = y;
    }

    friend complex operator+ (complex & c1, complex & c2);
    friend complex operator- (complex & c1, complex & c2);
    friend complex operator / (complex com)
    {
        complex t;
        t.real = (real) / (com.real);
        t.image = (image) / (com.image);
        return t;
    }

    friend complex operator * (complex com)
    {
        complex t;
        t.real = (real) * (com.real);
        t.image = (image) + (com.image);
        return t;
    }

    void display (void);
```

```
};
```

```
complex  
operator + (complex & ca, complex & cb)  
{  
    complex t;  
    t.real = ca.real + cb.real;  
    t.image = ca.image + cb.image;  
    return t;  
}
```

```
complex  
operator - (complex & ca, complex & cb)  
{  
    complex t;  
    t.real = ca.real - cb.real;  
    t.image = ca.image - cb.image;  
    return t;  
}
```

```
void  
complex::display (void)  
{  
    cout << real << "+ j" << image << "\n";  
}
```

```
int  
main ()  
{  
    cout << "PC 23 Devanshu Surana" << endl;  
    complex ca1, ca2, ca3;  
    ca1 = complex (2.7, 4.2);  
    ca2 = complex (4.7, 1.5);  
    ca3 = ca1 + ca2;  
    ca1.display ();  
    ca2.display ();  
    ca3.display ();  
    cout << "For Subtraction" << endl;  
    complex cs1, cs2, cs3;  
    cs1 = complex (2.7, 4.2);  
    cs2 = complex (4.7, 1.5);  
    cs3 = cs1 - cs2;  
    cs1.display ();  
  
    cs2.display ();  
    cs3.display ();  
    cout << "For division" << endl;
```

```

complex cd1, cd2, cd3;
cd1 = complex (2.7, 4.2);
cd2 = complex (4.7, 1.5);
cd3 = cd1 / cd2;
cd1.display ();
cd2.display ();
cd3.display ();
cout << "For MUltiplication" << endl;
complex cm1, cm2, cm3;
cm1 = complex (2.7, 4.2);
cm2 = complex (4.7, 1.5);
cm3 = cm1 * cm2;
cm1.display ();
cm2.display ();
cm3.display ();
return 0;
}

```

OUTPUT:-

```

PC 23 Devanshu Surana
2.7+ j4.2
4.7+ j1.5
7.4+ j5.7
For Subtraction
2.7+ j4.2
4.7+ j1.5
-2+ j2.7
For division
2.7+ j4.2
4.7+ j1.5
0.574468+ j2.8
For MUltiplication
2.7+ j4.2
4.7+ j1.5
12.69+ j5.7

```

3.1:-

CODE:-

```

#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class rectangle
{
    int length;
    int breadth;
public:

```

```

    rectangle ()
    {
        length = 0;
        breadth = 0;
    }
rectangle (int l, int b)
{
    length = l;
    breadth = b;
}
rectangle operator + (rectangle rec)
{
    rectangle r;
    r.length = length + rec.length;
    r.breadth = breadth + rec.breadth;
    return r;
}
void display (void);
};

void
rectangle::display (void)
{
    cout << "\nLength: " << length;
    cout << "\nBreadth: " << breadth;
}

int
main ()
{

    cout << "!!!Checking if this codeworks" << endl;
    rectangle r1, r2, r3;
    r1 = rectangle (2, 5);
    r2 = rectangle (3, 4);
    r3 = r1 + (r2);
    r1.display ();
    r2.display ();
    r3.display ();
    return 0;
}

```

OUTPUT:-

```
!!!Checking if this codeworks
Length: 2
Breadth: 5
Length: 3
Breadth: 4
Length: 5
Breadth: 9

...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

3.2:-

CODE:-

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class complex{
    float real;
    float image;
public:
    complex(){}
    complex(float x,float y){
        real=x;
        image=y;
    }
    friend complex operator+(complex& c1,complex& c2);
    void display(void);
};
complex operator +(complex& ca,complex& cb){
    complex t;
    t.real=ca.real+cb.real;
    t.image=ca.image+cb.image;
    return t;
}

void complex::display(void){
    cout<<real<<" + j"<<image<<"\n";
}

int main() {
    cout << "PC 23 Devanshu Surana" << endl;
    complex c1,c2,c3;
    c1=complex(2.5,3.6);
    c2=complex(5.2,1.2);
    c3= c1+c2;
    c1.display();
}
```

```

        c2.display();
        c3.display();
        return 0;
}

```

OUTPUT:-

```

PC 23 Devanshu Surana
2.5+ j3.6
5.2+ j1.2
7.7+ j4.8

```

3.3:-

CODE:-

```

#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

class beta;
class alpha{
    int data;
public:
    alpha(){
        data = 3;
    }
    friend int frifunc(alpha,beta);
};

class beta{
    int data;
public:
    beta(){
        data = 7;
    }
    friend int frifunc(alpha,beta);
};

int frifunc(alpha a,beta b){
    return (a.data + b.data);
}

```



```
int main() {  
    cout << "PC 23 Devanshu Surana" << endl;  
    alpha aa;  
    beta bb;  
    cout<<frifunc(aa,bb)<<endl;  
    return 0;  
}
```

OUTPUT:-

```
PC 23 Devanshu Surana  
10
```