

```
#importing libraries
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd

Data = {'Name': ['Alice', 'Bob', 'John', 'Lisa'],
        'Age': [21, 20, 22, 23],
        'City': ['San francisco', 'New year', 'Los angeles', 'Chicago']}

df = pd.DataFrame(Data)
print(df)
```

	Name	Age	City
0	Alice	21	San francisco
1	Bob	20	New year
2	John	22	Los angeles
3	Lisa	23	Chicago

```
# Handling Missing Values
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
Data = {'Name': ['Alice', 'Bob', 'John', None],
        'Age': [21, None, 22, 23],
        'City': ['San francisco', 'New year', 'Los angeles', 'Chicago']}
```

```
df = pd.DataFrame(Data)
print(df)
```

```
#Checking for missing value
print("Missing Values:\n", df.isnull())
```

```
#Dropping rows with missing values
df_cleaned = df.dropna()
```

```
#filling missing values with specified values
mean_values = df['Age'].mean()
df_filled = df.fillna(value={'Name': 'unknown',
                             'Age': df['Age'].mean()})
```

```
print("\nDataframe after dropping missing values\n", df_cleaned)
print("\nDataframe after filling missing values\n", df_filled)
```

```
#encoding Categorical Data
label_encoder = LabelEncoder()
df['Encoded_city'] =
label_encoder.fit_transform(df['City'].astype(str))
print("\n After Encoding City")
print(df)
```

	Name	Age	City
0	Alice	21.0	San francisco
1	Bob	NaN	New year
2	John	22.0	Los angeles

```
3    None    23.0          Chicago
```

Missing Values:

	Name	Age	City
0	False	False	False
1	False	True	False
2	False	False	False
3	True	False	False

Dataframe after dropping missing values

	Name	Age	City
0	Alice	21.0	San francisco
2	John	22.0	Los angeles

Dataframe after filling missing values

	Name	Age	City
0	Alice	21.0	San francisco
1	Bob	22.0	New year
2	John	22.0	Los angeles
3	unknown	23.0	Chicago

After Encoding City

	Name	Age	City	Encoded_city
0	Alice	21.0	San francisco	3
1	Bob	NaN	New year	2
2	John	22.0	Los angeles	1
3	None	23.0	Chicago	0

```
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder

# Encoding Categorical Data
categories = ['red', 'blue', 'green', 'yellow', 'white']

label_encoder = LabelEncoder()
numeric_labels = label_encoder.fit_transform(categories)

print(categories)
print(numeric_labels)

# Creating DataFrame
data = {'Name': ['Alice', 'Bob', 'John', None],
        'Age': [21, None, 22, 23],
        'City': ['San Francisco', 'New York', 'Los Angeles',
                  'Chicago']}
df = pd.DataFrame(data)

# Encoding 'City' column
label_encoder = LabelEncoder()
df['City_Encoded'] = label_encoder.fit_transform(df['City'])
```

```
X = df[['Age', 'City_Encoded']]
y = df['Name']

# Splitting the data into training and test sets
x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y,
test_size=0.2, random_state=42)
```

```
print("Encoded DataFrame:")
print(df)
print("\nX_train:")
print(x_train)
print("\nX_test:")
print(x_test)
```

```
['red', 'blue', 'green', 'yellow', 'white']
[2 0 1 4 3]
```

Encoded DataFrame:

	Name	Age	City	City_Encoded
0	Alice	21.0	San Francisco	3
1	Bob	NaN	New York	2
2	John	22.0	Los Angeles	1
3	None	23.0	Chicago	0

X\_train:

	Age	City_Encoded
3	23.0	0
0	21.0	3
2	22.0	1

X\_test:

	Age	City_Encoded
1	NaN	2

```
# Independent variables (features)
```

```
X = df[['Name', 'Age', 'City']]
```

```
# Dependent variable (target)
```

```
y = df['City_Encoded']
```

```
print("Independent Variables (Features):\n", X)
```

```
print("Dependent Variable (Target):\n", y)
```

Independent Variables (Features):

	Name	Age	City
0	Alice	21.0	San Francisco
1	Bob	NaN	New York
2	John	22.0	Los Angeles
3	None	23.0	Chicago

Dependent Variable (Target):

0	3
1	2

```
2    1
3    0
Name: City_Encoded, dtype: int64
```