

```
#importing libraries
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd

Data = {'Name':['Alice', 'Bob', 'John','Lisa'],
        'Age':[21,20,22,23],
        'City':['San francisco','New year','Los angeles','Chicago']}

df = pd.DataFrame(Data)
print(df)
```

	Name	Age	City
0	Alice	21	San francisco
1	Bob	20	New year
2	John	22	Los angeles
3	Lisa	23	Chicago

```
# Handling Missing Values
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
Data = {'Name':['Alice', 'Bob', 'John',None],
        'Age':[21,None,22,23],
        'City':['San francisco','New year','Los angeles','Chicago']}
```

```
df = pd.DataFrame(Data)
print(df)
```

```
#Checking for missing value
print("Missing Values:\n",df.isnull())
```

```
#Dropping rows with missing values
df_cleaned = df.dropna()
```

```
#filling missing values with specified values
mean_values = df['Age'].mean()
df_filled = df.fillna(value={'Name':'unknown',
                             'Age': df['Age'].mean()})
```

```
print("\nDataframe after dropping missing values\n",df_cleaned)
print("\nDataframe after filling missing values\n",df_filled)
```

```
#encoding Categorical Data
label_encoder = LabelEncoder()
df['Encoded_city'] =
label_encoder.fit_transform(df['City'].astype(str))
print("\n After Encoding City")
print(df)
```

	Name	Age	City
0	Alice	21.0	San francisco
1	Bob	NaN	New year
2	John	22.0	Los angeles

```
3    None    23.0          Chicago
```

Missing Values:

	Name	Age	City
0	False	False	False
1	False	True	False
2	False	False	False
3	True	False	False

Dataframe after dropping missing values

	Name	Age	City
0	Alice	21.0	San francisco
2	John	22.0	Los angeles

Dataframe after filling missing values

	Name	Age	City
0	Alice	21.0	San francisco
1	Bob	22.0	New year
2	John	22.0	Los angeles
3	unknown	23.0	Chicago

After Encoding City

	Name	Age	City	Encoded_city
0	Alice	21.0	San francisco	3
1	Bob	NaN	New year	2
2	John	22.0	Los angeles	1
3	None	23.0	Chicago	0

```
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder

# Encoding Categorical Data
categories = ['red', 'blue', 'green', 'yellow', 'white']

label_encoder = LabelEncoder()
numeric_labels = label_encoder.fit_transform(categories)

print(categories)
print(numeric_labels)

# Creating DataFrame
data = {'Name': ['Alice', 'Bob', 'John', None],
        'Age': [21, None, 22, 23],
        'City': ['San Francisco', 'New York', 'Los Angeles',
                  'Chicago']}
df = pd.DataFrame(data)

# Encoding 'City' column
label_encoder = LabelEncoder()
df['City_Encoded'] = label_encoder.fit_transform(df['City'])
```

```
X = df[['Age', 'City_Encoded']]
y = df['Name']

# Splitting the data into training and test sets
x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y,
test_size=0.2, random_state=42)
```

```
print("Encoded DataFrame:")
print(df)
print("\nX_train:")
print(x_train)
print("\nX_test:")
print(x_test)
```

```
['red', 'blue', 'green', 'yellow', 'white']
[2 0 1 4 3]
```

Encoded DataFrame:

	Name	Age	City	City_Encoded
0	Alice	21.0	San Francisco	3
1	Bob	NaN	New York	2
2	John	22.0	Los Angeles	1
3	None	23.0	Chicago	0

X_train:

	Age	City_Encoded
3	23.0	0
0	21.0	3
2	22.0	1

X_test:

	Age	City_Encoded
1	NaN	2

```
# Independent variables (features)
```

```
X = df[['Name', 'Age', 'City']]
```

```
# Dependent variable (target)
```

```
y = df['City_Encoded']
```

```
print("Independent Variables (Features):\n", X)
```

```
print("Dependent Variable (Target):\n", y)
```

Independent Variables (Features):

	Name	Age	City
0	Alice	21.0	San Francisco
1	Bob	NaN	New York
2	John	22.0	Los Angeles
3	None	23.0	Chicago

Dependent Variable (Target):

0	3
1	2

```

2      1
3      0
Name: City_Encoded, dtype: int32

from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
import pandas as pd

Data = {'Name': ['Alice', 'Bob', 'John', None],
        'Age': [21, None, 22, 23],
        'City': ['San francisco', 'New year', 'Los angeles', 'Chicago']}

df = pd.DataFrame(Data)
# Instantiate the StandardScaler
scaler = StandardScaler()

# Fit and transform the 'Age' column
X = df[['Name', 'Age', 'City']]
X['Age'] = scaler.fit_transform(X[['Age']].fillna(X[['Age']].mean()))

print("Scaled Independent Variables (Features):\n", X)

```

Scaled Independent Variables (Features):

	Name	Age	City
0	Alice	-1.414214	San francisco
1	Bob	0.000000	New year
2	John	0.000000	Los angeles
3	None	1.414214	Chicago

```

import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression

```

```

df = pd.read_csv('House_data.csv')
print(df)

```

	sqft_living	date	price	bedrooms	bathrooms
0	1340	2014-05-02 00:00:00	3.130000e+05	3.0	1.50
1	3650	2014-05-02 00:00:00	2.384000e+06	5.0	2.50
2	1930	2014-05-02 00:00:00	3.420000e+05	3.0	2.00
3	2000	2014-05-02 00:00:00	4.200000e+05	3.0	2.25
4	1940	2014-05-02 00:00:00	5.500000e+05	4.0	2.50
...
4595		2014-07-09 00:00:00	3.081667e+05	3.0	1.75

1510						
4596	2014-07-09	00:00:00	5.343333e+05	3.0	2.50	
1460						
4597	2014-07-09	00:00:00	4.169042e+05	3.0	2.50	
3010						
4598	2014-07-10	00:00:00	2.034000e+05	4.0	2.00	
2090						
4599	2014-07-10	00:00:00	2.206000e+05	3.0	2.50	
1490						

	sqft_lot	floors	waterfront	view	condition	sqft_above \
0	7912	1.5	0	0	3	1340
1	9050	2.0	0	4	5	3370
2	11947	1.0	0	0	4	1930
3	8030	1.0	0	0	4	1000
4	10500	1.0	0	0	4	1140
...
4595	6360	1.0	0	0	4	1510
4596	7573	2.0	0	0	3	1460
4597	7014	2.0	0	0	3	3010
4598	6630	1.0	0	0	3	1070
4599	8102	2.0	0	0	4	1490

	sqft_basement	yr_built	yr_renovated	street
\				
0	0	1955	2005	18810 Densmore Ave N
1	280	1921	0	709 W Blaine St
2	0	1966	0	26206-26214 143rd Ave SE
3	1000	1963	0	857 170th Pl NE
4	800	1976	1992	9105 170th Ave NE
...
4595	0	1954	1979	501 N 143rd St
4596	0	1983	2009	14855 SE 10th Pl
4597	0	2009	0	759 Ilwaco Pl NE
4598	1020	1974	0	5148 S Creston St
4599	0	1990	0	18717 SE 258th St

	city	state	zip	country
0	Shoreline	WA	98133	USA
1	Seattle	WA	98119	USA

```

2      Kent WA 98042 USA
3      Bellevue WA 98008 USA
4      Redmond WA 98052 USA
...
4595    Seattle WA 98133 USA
4596    Bellevue WA 98007 USA
4597      Renton WA 98059 USA
4598    Seattle WA 98178 USA
4599  Covington WA 98042 USA

```

```
[4600 rows x 18 columns]
```

```
print(df.describe())
```

```

      price      bedrooms      bathrooms      sqft_living
sqft_lot \
count  4.600000e+03  4600.000000  4600.000000  4600.000000
4.600000e+03
mean    5.519630e+05    3.400870    2.160815    2139.346957
1.485252e+04
std     5.638347e+05    0.908848    0.783781    963.206916
3.588444e+04
min     0.000000e+00    0.000000    0.000000    370.000000
6.380000e+02
25%     3.228750e+05    3.000000    1.750000    1460.000000
5.000750e+03
50%     4.609435e+05    3.000000    2.250000    1980.000000
7.683000e+03
75%     6.549625e+05    4.000000    2.500000    2620.000000
1.100125e+04
max     2.659000e+07    9.000000    8.000000  13540.000000
1.074218e+06

```

```

      floors      waterfront      view      condition      sqft_above
\
count  4600.000000  4600.000000  4600.000000  4600.000000  4600.000000
mean     1.512065    0.007174    0.240652    3.451739  1827.265435
std     0.538288    0.084404    0.778405    0.677230   862.168977
min     1.000000    0.000000    0.000000    1.000000   370.000000
25%     1.000000    0.000000    0.000000    3.000000  1190.000000
50%     1.500000    0.000000    0.000000    3.000000  1590.000000
75%     2.000000    0.000000    0.000000    4.000000  2300.000000
max     3.500000    1.000000    4.000000    5.000000  9410.000000

```

\	price	bedrooms	bathrooms	sqft_living	sqft_lot	floors
0	3.130000e+05	3.0	1.50	1340	7912	1.5
1	2.384000e+06	5.0	2.50	3650	9050	2.0
2	3.420000e+05	3.0	2.00	1930	11947	1.0
3	4.200000e+05	3.0	2.25	2000	8030	1.0
4	5.500000e+05	4.0	2.50	1940	10500	1.0
...

4595	3.081667e+05	3.0	1.75	1510	6360	1.0
4596	5.343333e+05	3.0	2.50	1460	7573	2.0
4597	4.169042e+05	3.0	2.50	3010	7014	2.0
4598	2.034000e+05	4.0	2.00	2090	6630	1.0
4599	2.206000e+05	3.0	2.50	1490	8102	2.0

	waterfront	view	condition	sqft_above	sqft_basement	yr_built
\						
0	0	0	3	1340	0	1955
1	0	4	5	3370	280	1921
2	0	0	4	1930	0	1966
3	0	0	4	1000	1000	1963
4	0	0	4	1140	800	1976
...
4595	0	0	4	1510	0	1954
4596	0	0	3	1460	0	1983
4597	0	0	3	3010	0	2009
4598	0	0	3	1070	1020	1974
4599	0	0	4	1490	0	1990

	yr_renovated
0	2005
1	0
2	0
3	0
4	1992
...	...
4595	1979
4596	2009
4597	0
4598	0
4599	0

[4600 rows x 13 columns]


```

X =
new_df[['bedrooms', 'bathrooms', 'sqft_living', 'sqft_lot', 'floors', 'waterfront', 'view', 'condition']]
y = new_df['price']

X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)
model = LinearRegression()
model.fit(X_train, y_train)

LinearRegression()

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

y_pred = model.predict(X_test)

plt.scatter(y_test, y_pred)
plt.xlabel("Actual Prices")
plt.ylabel("Predicted Prices")
plt.title("Actual Prices vs. Predicted Prices")
plt.show()

```

