## Assessment on SQL

Schema and data for Employee table:

```
CREATE TABLE Employee (
  EmployeeID INT,
  Name VARCHAR(50),
  Department VARCHAR(50),
  Salary INT,
  JoiningDate DATE
);
INSERT INTO Employee (EmployeeID, Name, Department, Salary, JoiningDate) VALUES
(1, 'Alice', 'Sales', 70000, '2021-03-15'),
(2, 'Bob', 'Sales', 68000, '2022-04-20'),
(3, 'Charlie', 'Marketing', 72000, '2020-07-30'),
(4, 'David', 'Marketing', 75000, '2021-11-25'),
(5, 'Eve', 'Sales', 69000, '2020-02-10'),
(6, 'Frank', 'HR', 66000, '2019-05-15'),
(7, 'Grace', 'HR', 64000, '2021-06-10'),
(8, 'Hannah', 'Finance', 73000, '2022-08-19'),
(9, 'lan', 'Finance', 71000, '2020-03-05'),
(10, 'Jack', 'Sales', 78000, '2023-01-10'),
(11, 'Kara', 'Marketing', 80000, '2022-05-05'),1
(12, 'Liam', 'Finance', 72000, '2021-01-30');
```

Question 1: Find the total number of employees and the average salary for each department.

```
SELECT
Department,
COUNT(*) AS TotalEmployees,
```

AVG(Salary) AS AverageSalary FROM Employee GROUP BY Department;

	<sup>B</sup> <sub>C</sub> Department	1 <sup>2</sup> <sub>3</sub> TotalEmployees	1.2 Average
1	Sales	4	
2	HR	2	
3	Finance	3	
4	Marketing	_ 3	75666.6

Question 2: List each employee's name, department, salary, and their rank based on salary within their department.

## **SELECT**

Name,

Department,

Salary,

RANK() OVER (PARTITION BY Department ORDER BY SalarDESC) AS RankInDepartment FROM

Employee;

```
Hannah|Finance|73000|1
Liam|Finance|72000|2
Ian|Finance|71000|3
Frank|HR|66000|1
Grace|HR|64000|2
Kara|Marketing|80000|1
David|Marketing|75000|2
Charlie|Marketing|72000|3
Jack|Sales|78000|1
Alice|Sales|70000|2
Eve|Sales|69000|3
Bob|Sales|68000|4
```

Question 3: For each department, find the employee with the highest salary

```
SELECT
  Department,
  Name,
  Salary
FROM
  Employee
WHERE
  (Department, Salary) IN (
    SELECT
      Department,
      MAX(Salary)
    FROM
      Employee
    GROUP BY
      Department
  );
```

HR|Frank|66000 Finance|Hannah|73000 Sales|Jack|78000 Marketing|Kara|80000

Question 4: Calculate the cumulative salary for each employee within their department, ordered by their salary in descending order.

```
SELECT
Department,
Name,
Salary,
SUM(Salary) OVER (PARTITION BY Department ORDER BY Salary DESC) AS
CumulativeSalary
FROM
Employee;
```

```
Finance|Hannah|73000|73000
Finance|Liam|72000|145000
Finance|Ian|71000|216000
HR|Frank|66000|66000
HR|Grace|64000|130000
Marketing|Kara|80000|80000
Marketing|David|75000|155000
Marketing|Charlie|72000|227000
Sales|Jack|78000|78000
Sales|Alice|70000|148000
Sales|Eve|69000|217000
Sales|Bob|68000|285000

[Execution complete with exit code 0]
```

Question 5: Find the average salary for each department and list the employees who earn above their department's average salary.

```
WITH DepartmentAverage AS (
SELECT
Department,
AVG(Salary) AS AvgSalary
FROM
Employee
GROUP BY
Department
)
SELECT
e.Name,
e.Department,
e.Salary,
d.AvgSalary
FROM
```

```
Employee e
JOIN
DepartmentAverage d
ON
e.Department = d.Department
WHERE
e.Salary > d.AvgSalary;
```

```
Frank|HR|66000|65000.0
Hannah|Finance|73000|72000.0
Jack|Sales|78000|71250.0
Kara|Marketing|80000|75666.666666667
```

Question 6: For each department, determine the difference between each employee's salary and the highest salary in that department.

```
WITH MaxSalary AS (
  SELECT
    Department,
    MAX(Salary) AS MaxSalary
  FROM
    Employee
  GROUP BY
    Department
SELECT
  e.Name,
  e.Department,
  e.Salary,
  (m.MaxSalary - e.Salary) AS SalaryDifference
FROM
  Employee e
JOIN
  MaxSalary m
  e.Department = m.Department;
```

```
Alice|Sales|70000|8000
Bob|Sales|68000|10000
Charlie|Marketing|72000|8000
David|Marketing|75000|5000
Eve|Sales|69000|9000
Frank|HR|66000|0
Grace|HR|64000|2000
Hannah|Finance|73000|0
Ian|Finance|71000|2000
Jack|Sales|78000|0
Kara|Marketing|80000|0
Liam|Finance|72000|1000
```

```
Question 8: Find the top two highest-paid employees from each department.
SELECT
  Name,
  Department,
  Salary
FROM (
  SELECT
    Name.
    Department,
    Salary,
    RANK() OVER (PARTITION BY Department ORDER BY Salary DESC) AS
RankInDepartment
  FROM
    Employee
) AS Ranked
WHERE
  RankInDepartment <= 2;
```

Hannah|Finance|73000 Liam|Finance|72000 Frank|HR|66000 Grace|HR|64000 Kara|Marketing|80000 David|Marketing|75000 Jack|Sales|78000 Alice|Sales|70000

[Execution complete with exit code 0]

**Question 9:** Calculate the running average salary for each department, ordered by salary in descending order.

## **SELECT**

Department,

Name,

Salary,

AVG(Salary) OVER (PARTITION BY Department ORDER BY Salary DESC ROWS BETWEEN UNBOUNDED PRECEDING AND CURRENT ROW) AS RunningAvgSalary FROM

Employee;

Sir Q7 and Q10 I didn't finding the answers.