SQL ASSIGNMENT-3

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1) Creating table customers

```
mysql> create table Customers(
    -> ID int primary key,
    -> Name varchar(40),
   -> Age int,
   -> Address varchar(40),
    -> Salary int);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.05 sec)
mysql> desc customers
                        | Null | Key | Default | Extra
 Field
          Type
                          NO
                                 PRI
                                       NULL
            int
 Name
            varchar(40)
                          YES
                                       NULL
 Age
            int
                          YES
                                       NULL
 Address
                          YES
            varchar(40)
                                       NULL
                          YES
 Salary
          int
                                       NULL
 rows in set (0.03 sec)
```

2) Creating table orders

```
mysql> create table Orders(
    -> O_id int PRIMARY KEY NOT NULL,
    -> 0 date date,
    -> Customer_id int,
-> Ammount int ); ´
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.10 sec)
mysql> desc Orders;
  Field
               | Type | Null | Key | Default
                                                Extra
                 int
  0_{id}
                         NO
                                       NULL
  0_date
                         YES
                 date
                                       NULL
  Customer_id
                 int
                         YES
                                       NULL
                         YES
  Ammount
                 int
                                       NULL
  rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

3) Inserting 5 entries with same customer lds

```
mysql> Insert into Customers (ID, Name, Age, Address, Salary) values
    -> (1, "Devayush", 24, "Bhopal", 20000),
-> (2, "Amit", 20, "Indore", 20000),
-> (3, "Ram", 23, "Pune", 24000),
-> (4, "Roan", 23, "Pune", 30000),
-> (5, "Sham", 20, "Mumbai", 30000);
Query OK, 5 rows affected (0.01 sec)
Records: 5 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
mysql> select* from customers;
  ID | Name | Age | Address | Salary |
    1 | Devayush | 24 | Bhopal | 2 | Amit | 20 | Indore |
                                              20000
   2 Amit
                                              20000
                       23 | Pune
23 | Pune
    3 Ram
                                              24000
                                              30000
    4 Roan
    5 | Sham | 20 | Mumbai | 30000
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Adding more rows

```
mysql> insert into Orders(O_ID, o_date,Customer_id,ammount) values
    -> (1001, "2022-02-12",1,98000),

-> (1002, "2022-05-15",2,8000),

-> (1003, "2021-06-10",3,9000),

-> (1004, "2022-08-19",4,50000),
     -> (1005, "2022-02-27",5,134402);
Query OK, 5 rows affected (0.01 sec)
Records: 5 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
mysql> select * from Orders;
  0_id | 0_date
                         | Customer_id | Ammount
  1001 | 2022-02-12 |
                                       1 |
                                               98000
                                       2
  1002
           2022-05-15
                                                8000
  1003
                                       3
                                                9000
          2021-06-10
  1004
         2022-08-19
                                       4
                                               50000
                                       5 I
  1005 | 2022-02-27 |
                                              134402
  rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Adding more rows

4) Inner join customer with order table

```
ysql> Select customers.ID, customers.name, orders.ammount, orders.O_date from customers
  -> INNER JOIN orders ON customers.id = orders.Customer_id;
ID | name
              ammount 0_date
                 98000 | 2022-02-12
     Devayush |
                   8000
                          2022-05-15
     Amit
     Ram
                   9000
                          2021-06-10
                  50000 | 2022-08-19
     Roan
     Sham
                134402 | 2022-02-27
rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

5)Left outer join

```
mysql> Select customers.ID, customers.name, orders.ammount, orders.O_date from customers
   -> LEFT JOIN orders ON customers.id = orders.Customer_id;
 ID |
     name
               ammount 0_date
      Devayush |
                 98000
                          2022-02-12
  1
                          2022-05-15
                   8000
      Ram
                   9000
                          2021-06-10
                  50000
                          2022-08-19
  4
      Roan
                134402 | 2022-02-27
      Sham
 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

6) Right outer join

```
nysql> Select customers.ID, customers.name, orders.ammount, orders.O_date from customers
   -> RIGHT JOIN orders ON customers.id = orders.Customer_id;
 ID
               ammount 0 date
                  98000 |
                           2022-02-12
       Devayush
                  8000
       Amit
    2
                           2022-05-15
                    9000
                           2021-06-10
       Ram
       Roan
                    50000
                            2022-08-19
    5 | Sham
                   134402 | 2022-02-27
 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

7) Full outer join using union all set operation

```
mysql> Select customers.ID, customers.name, orders.ammount, orders.O_date from customers
   -> LEFT JOIN orders ON customers.id = orders.Customer id
   -> UNION
   -> Select customers.ID, customers.name, orders.ammount, orders.0_date from customers
   -> RIGHT JOIN orders ON customers.id = orders.Customer id;
             ammount 0_date
      name
       Devayush |
                  98000 | 2022-02-12
       Amit |
                   8000 | 2022-05-15
    2
                   9000 2021-06-10
        Ram
       Roan
                   50000 | 2022-08-19
      | Sham | 134402 | 2022-02-27
 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

8)
SELF join and display pair of customers belongs to same address:

```
mysql> select * from customers a, customers b
    -> WHERE a.address = b.address AND a.id <> b.id;
                  | Address | Salary | ID | Name | Age
                                                        | Address | Salary
 ID | Name | Age
      Roan
               23 | Pune
                               30000
                                        3 |
                                                     23
                                                         Pune
                                                                     24000
                                            Ram
  3 | Ram |
               23 | Pune
                               24000
                                       4 Roan
                                                     23
                                                         Pune
                                                                     30000
 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

9) cross/cartesian join

```
mysql> select ID, Name, ammount, O_date from customers, orders;
                ammount O_date
 ID | Name
   5
                    98000
                            2022-02-12
       Sham
      Roan
                    98000
                            2022-02-12
   3
                    98000
                            2022-02-12
       Ram
   2
      Amit
                    98000
                            2022-02-12
   1
      Devayush
                    98000
                            2022-02-12
   5
      Sham
                     8000
                            2022-05-15
                            2022-05-15
   4
       Roan
                     8000
   3
                            2022-05-15
      Ram
                     8000
   2
      Amit
                     8000
                            2022-05-15
   1
      Devayush
                     8000
                            2022-05-15
   5
       Sham
                     9000
                            2021-06-10
   4
      Roan
                     9000
                            2021-06-10
   3
      Ram
                     9000
                            2021-06-10
   2
       Amit
                     9000
                            2021-06-10
   1
      Devayush
                     9000
                            2021-06-10
   5
      Sham
                    50000
                            2022-08-19
                    50000
   4
      Roan
                            2022-08-19
   3
                            2022-08-19
       Ram
                    50000
   2
      Amit
                            2022-08-19
                    50000
   1
      Devayush
                    50000 | 2022-08-19
   5
      Sham
                   134402
                            2022-02-27
   4
       Roan
                   134402
                            2022-02-27
   3
                   134402
                            2022-02-27
       Ram
   2
       Amit
                   134402
                            2022-02-27
                   134402
                            2022-02-27
      Devayush
```

10) Select customers having salary more than 20000

```
mysql> select * from customers WHERE salary > 20000;
      Name | Age
                   | Address | Salary
      Ram
                23 l
                     Pune
                                24000
                23
  4
      Roan
                     Pune
                                30000
      Sham
                20
                     Mumbai
                                30000
 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

11) creating a back-up table "cust_bkp" of the table customers by using insert statement

```
mysql> INSERT INTO cyst_bkp
   -> select * from customers;
Query OK, 5 rows affected (0.01 sec)
Records: 5 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
mysql> select * from cyst_bkp;
                 age | Address | salary |
      Name
    1 | Devayush | 24 | Bhopal
2 | Amit | 20 | Indore
                                     20000
                                     20000
                   23
    3 Ram
                          Pune
                                     24000
    4 Roan
                    23
                          Pune
                                     30000
    5 | Sham
                 | 20 | Mumbai
                                  30000
 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

12) Updating the salary by 10% of all the customers (in customers table) having age greater than or equal to 24 by using subquery with update clause (by using table cust_bkp

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM customers;
 ID | Name | Age | Address | Salary |
    | Devayush | 24 | Bhopal | 20000
     Amit
                20 | Indore
                              20000
  2
               23 | Pune
23 | Pune
                              24000
     Ram
                              30000
  4
      Roan
  5 Sham
             | 20 | Mumbai | 30000
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> UPDATE cyst_bkp
   -> SET Salary = salary + (salary * 10/100) WHERE age >= 24;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0
mysql> Select * from cyst_bkp where age >= 24;
 -----
 ID | Name | age | Address | salary |
    1 | Devayush | 24 | Bhopal | 22000
 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

13) Deleting all the customers having age greater than by using delete clause

```
mysql> DELETE from customers WHERE age >= 26;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
```