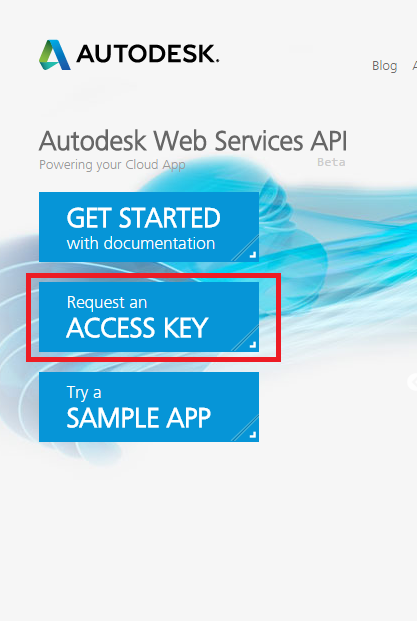
# Getting started with Autodesk View and Data API

**Pre-requisites**

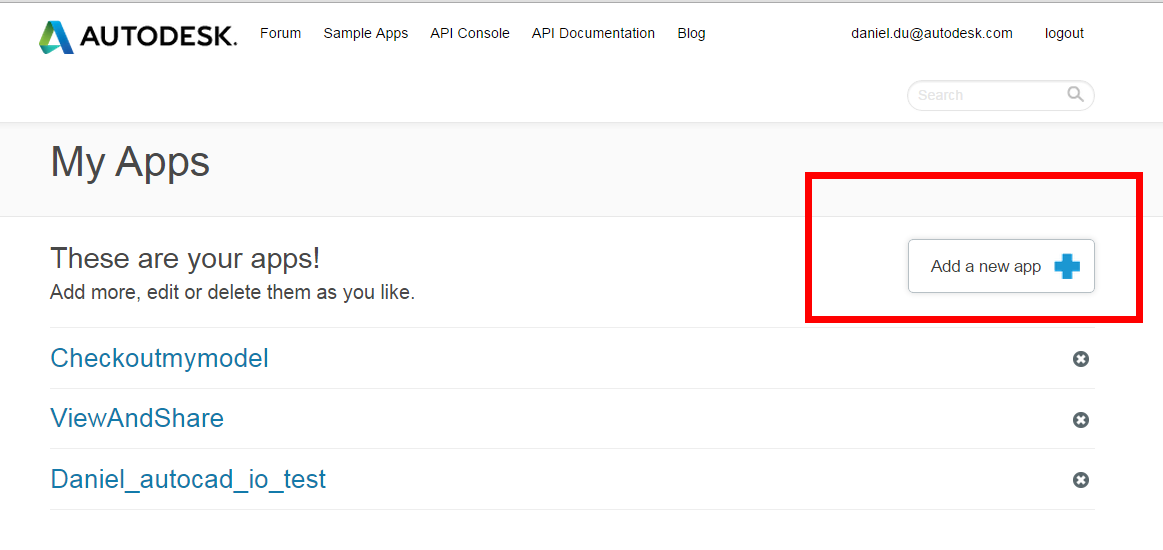
Install Visual Studio 2012 or Visual Studio 2013

**Get Keys**

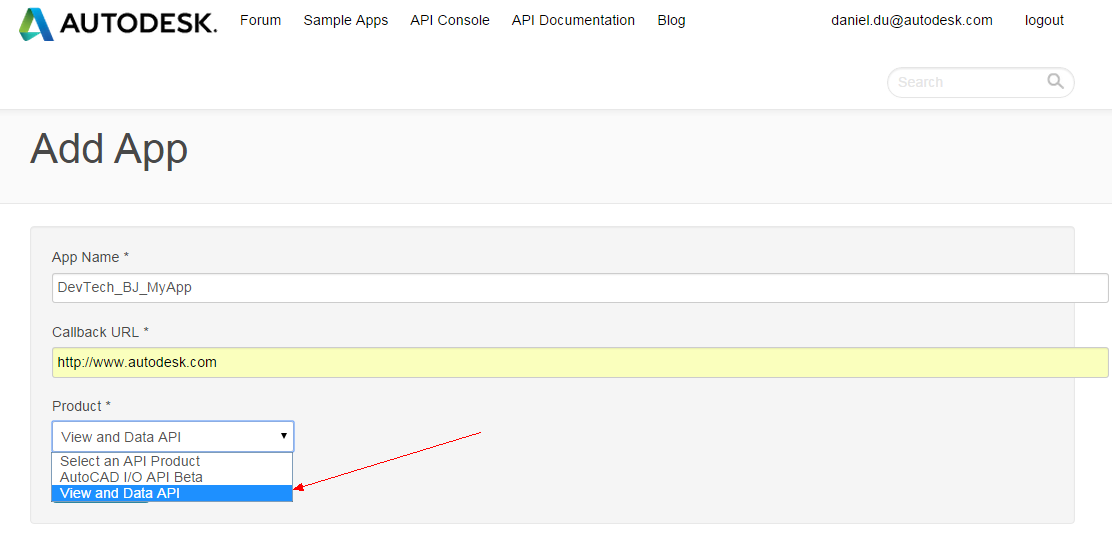
1. Log in <http://developer.autodesk.com> with your Autodesk ID. If you do not have an Autodesk ID, apply one in a minute.
2. Click [Access Key]



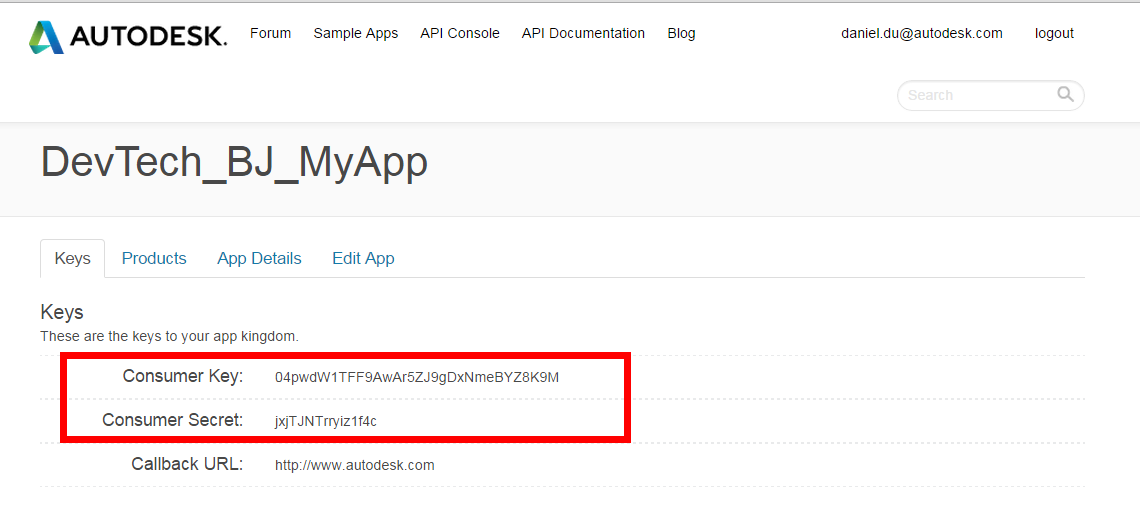
1. Register and Create an application



1. When creating an app, select product as “View and Data API”.
2. Fill in any URL for callback URL. It does not affect the registration currently.



1. You will get the keys similar as below:



**Prepare models with utility**

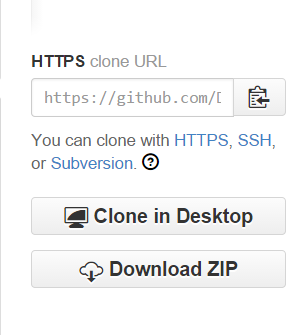
To prepare viewable models, you need to upload and register your model with View and Data API, please refer to the [code samples](http://developer-autodesk.github.io/) on github.com for the workflow. For simplicity of this exercise, you can use utility to do this.

1. Download utility tool from

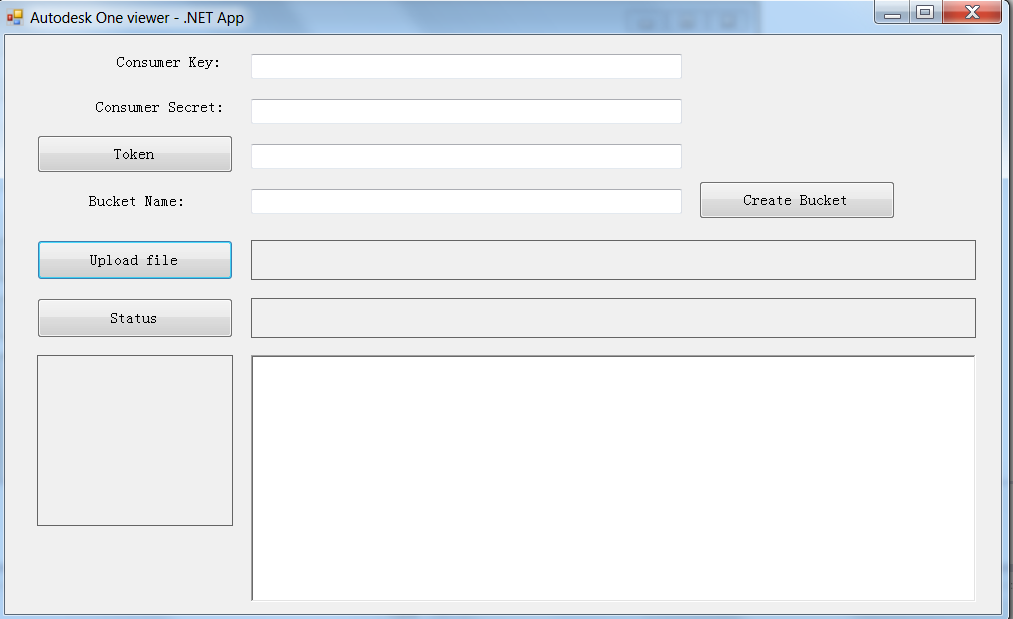
<https://github.com/Developer-Autodesk/workflow-dotnet-winform-view.and.data.api/>

[Clone in Desktop]: if you have Github client on your computer

[Download Zip]: if you do not have Github client. This allows you to download the project zip directly.



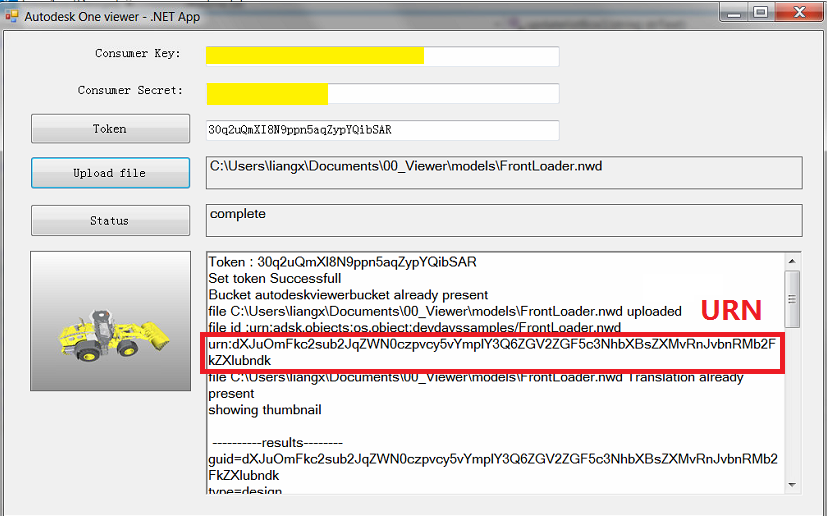
1. Build and run it



* 1. Input your own consumer key/secret key in the corresponding textboxes of the dialog
  2. Click [Token] to get access token
  3. Input a name for your bucket, click [Create Bucket]. The bucket key (i.e. bucket name) must match “^[-\_.a-z0-9]{3,128}$”. That is bucket must be between 3 to 128 characters long and contain only lower-case letters, numbers and the symbols . \_ –. And bucket keys must be unique within the data center or region in which they were created. Best practice is to incorporate your company name/domain name or the client Id into the bucket name. If you prefer to use the client Id(should convert to lower-case first) as part of bucket name, please note that it is the consumer key, not the secret key. Please also pay attention to the length of the whole bucket name, which should be less than 128.
  4. Click [Upload File] to select a local file
  5. The log will appear in the status window. It will contain the URN of the uploaded file

**Note： the URN should start with “urn:”**

* 1. Click [Status] if you want to check the translating status.
  2. If everything works well, the thumbnail will appear.



# Practice labs

This repository includes two projects, "FirstViewerWebApp - lab" is the uncompleted version, and you can do the exercise to complete following task yourself by following the steps below. If you have problems when doing this, please refer to the completed project in “FirstViewerWebApp” folder.

# TASK 1 – complete the basic web application with viewer

1. Open the web application **FirstViewerWebApp.sln** in "FirstViewerWebApp - exercise" folder
2. Go to **default.aspx**, examine the page layout
   1. Add style sheet of “view and data web service” in <head> </head> tag:

  <link type="text/css" rel="stylesheet" href="https://viewing.api.autodesk.com/viewingservice/v1/viewers/style.css" />

* 1. Add JavaScript library, just before </body> :

<!--JS library of viewer-->  
    <script type="text/javascript" src="https://developer.api.autodesk.com/viewingservice/v1/viewers/viewer3D.min.js"></script>

1. Go to **/Scripts/Viewer.js,** add following JavaScript in the function **Initialize**：

var urn = $('#urn').val();  
       //default model urn, you need to change is to your own  
       if (urn =='') {  
           urn = 'urn:dXJuOmFkc2sub2JqZWN0czpvcy5vYmplY3Q6ZGFuaWVsX3RyYW5zbGF0ZV9idWNrZXQzL0RyaWxsLmR3Zng=';  
       }  
       if (urn.substr(0,4) !=='urn:') {  
           urn = 'urn:' + urn;  
       }  
   
       var options = {  
           'document': urn,  
           'getAccessToken': getToken, //a function callback which returns access token  
           'refreshToken': getToken, //a function callback which returns access token  
       };  
   
       var viewerElement = document.getElementById('viewer');  
   
       //Create the viewer object, with some extensions in array  
       //If you do not load any extensions, the second parameter can be   
       //an empty object {}  
   
       viewer = new Autodesk.Viewing.Private.GuiViewer3D(viewerElement, {  
           extensions: ['BasicExtension']  
       });  
         
   
       //initializer the viewer   
   
       Autodesk.Viewing.Initializer(options, function () {  
   
           viewer.start();  
   
           //load the model document into the viewer  
   
           loadDocument(viewer, options.document);  
       });

1. Complete the necessary JavaScript functions

    function loadDocument(viewer, documentId) {  
        // Find the first 3d geometry and load that.  
        Autodesk.Viewing.Document.load(documentId, function (doc) {// onLoadCallback  
            var geometryItems = [];  
            geometryItems = Autodesk.Viewing.Document.getSubItemsWithProperties(  
                doc.getRootItem(), {  
                'type': 'geometry',  
                'role': '3d'}, true);  
   
            if (geometryItems.length > 0) {  
                viewer.load(doc.getViewablePath(geometryItems[0]));  
            }  
        }, function (errorMsg) {// onErrorCallback  
            alert("Load Error: " + errorMsg);  
        });  
    }  
   
    // This method returns a valid access token   
    function getToken() {  
        // This method should fetch a token from a service you create to provide authentication.  
        // See the ADN Samples for examples of how to create such a service.  For example, see  
        // https://github.com/Developer-Autodesk/workflow-aspnet-webform-view.and.data.api/blob/master/ViewAndShare/ViewAndShare/GetAccessToken.ashx.cs  
        // This method might look something like:  
        var xmlHttp = null;  
        xmlHttp = new XMLHttpRequest();  
        xmlHttp.open("GET", "GetAccessToken.aspx", false);  
        xmlHttp.send(null);  
        var res = xmlHttp.responseText;  
        var newToken = JSON.parse(res);  
   
        if (newToken.error) {  
            console.log(newToken.error);  
            return '';  
   
        }  
        else {  
            return newToken.access\_token;  
        }  
   
    }

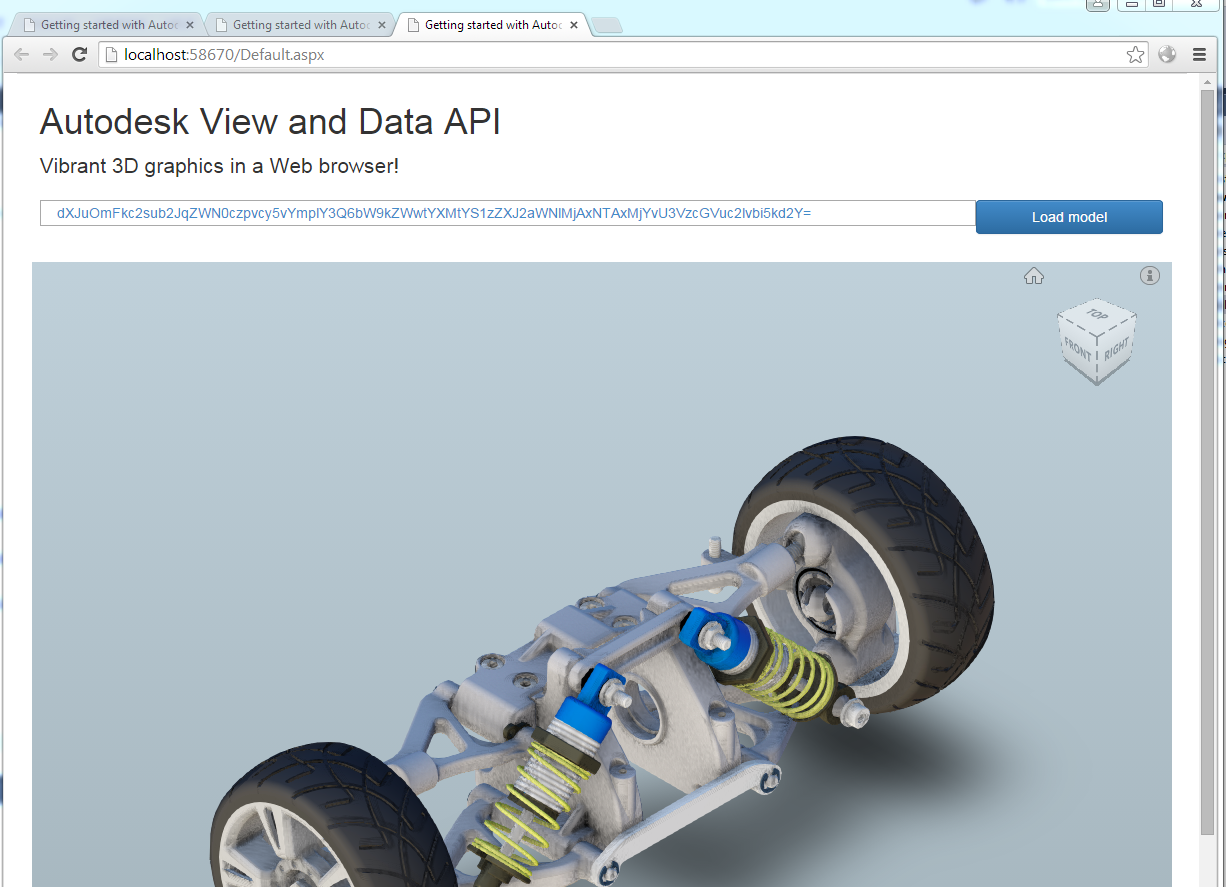
4. Go to **Credentials.cs** , replace with your consumer key and secret:

//replace your consumer key  
        public static string CONSUMMER\_KEY = "your-consumer-key";  
        public static string SECRET\_KEY = "your-secret-key";

5. Launch the web project; fill in your URN (you get it in step- [prepare viewable model]) and click “load model” button to load the viewer

6. Debug and fix any issue.

7. If everything works well, you should see the model is loaded in the viewer.



**TASK 2 – Create a simple extension, display the properties in Chrome console when element is selected**

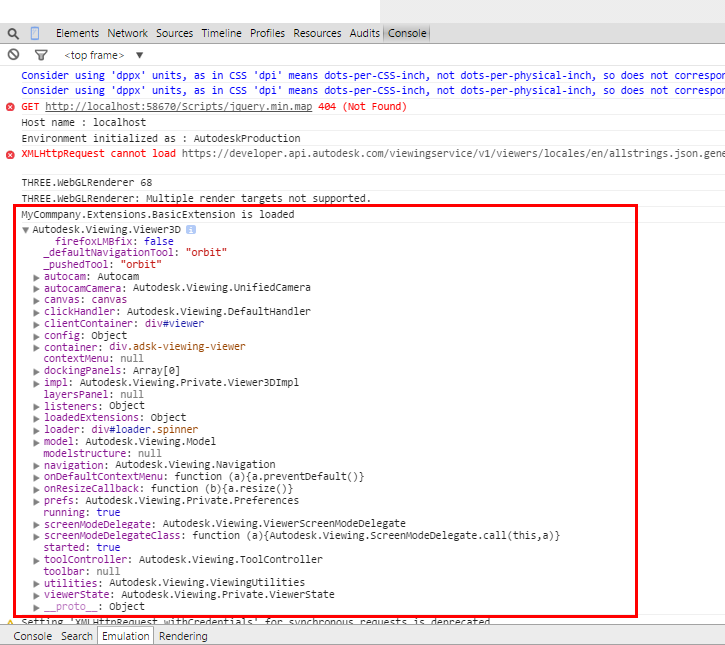
Target: Create a viewer extension to output the properties of selected element on viewer

1. Go to **BasicExtension.js** and complete the handler of selection changed event.

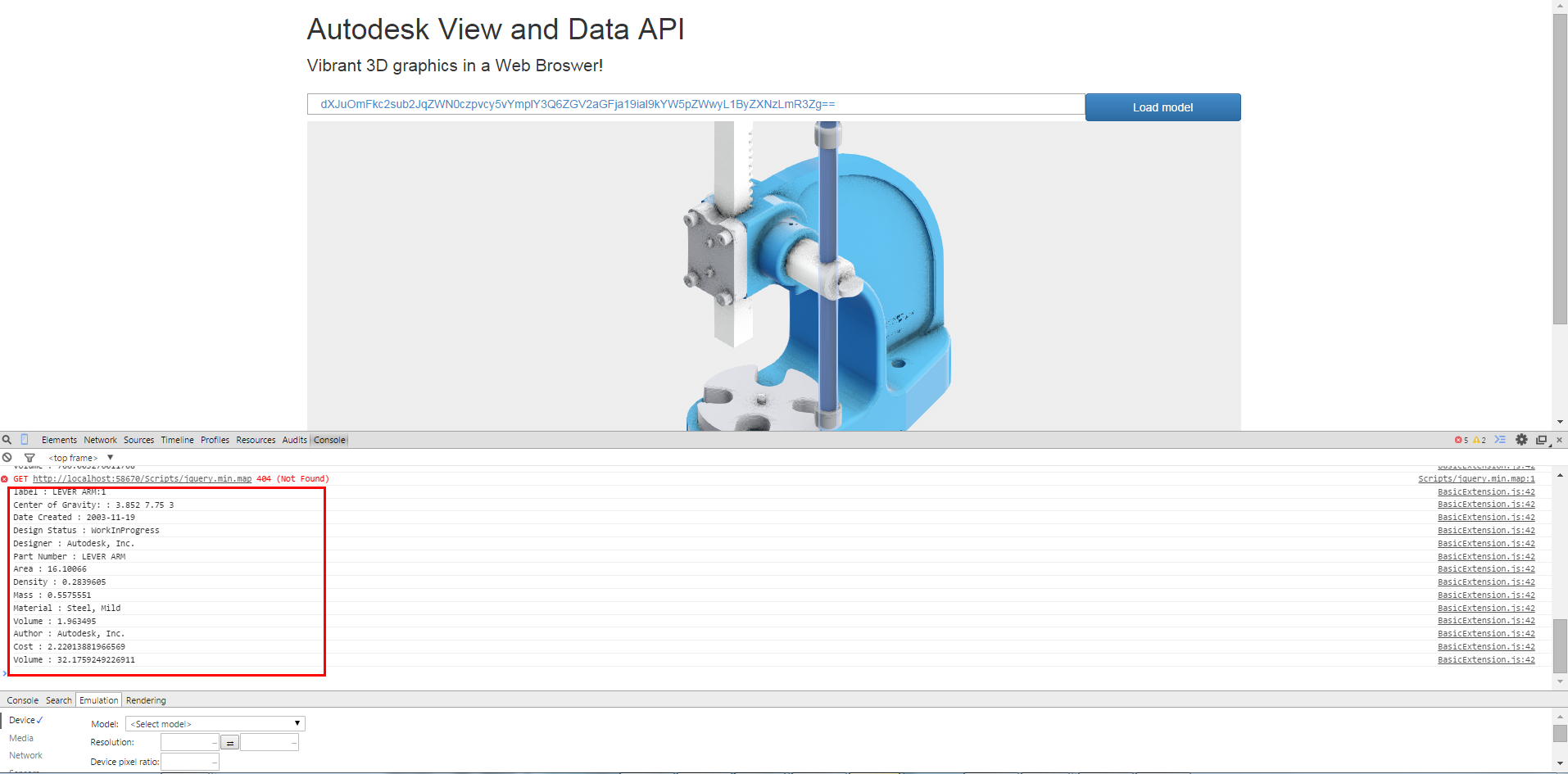
var dbIdArray = event.dbIdArray;  
   
for (var i = 0; i < dbIdArray.length; i++) {  
   
    var dbId = dbIdArray[i];  
   
    oViewer.getProperties(dbId, function (result) {  
        if (result.properties) {  
   
            for (var i = 0; i < result.properties.length; i++) {  
   
                var prop = result.properties[i];  
   
                //output the property name and value to console of browser  
   
                console.log(prop.displayName + ' : ' + prop.displayValue);  
   
            }  
        }  
    });  
}

1. Debug and fix any issue. Launch the application in Chrome, go to console of Developer tools in Chrome, you should see the message is logged:

“MyCommpany.Extensions.BasicExtension is loaded”



Select one element on model, and check the output in console, the property name and value should display.



**Help Documents:**

<http://developer-dev.api.autodesk.com/documentation/v1/index.html>

More samples:

<https://developer-autodesk.github.io/>