

Python Math



Python has a set of built-in math functions, including an extensive math module, that allows you to perform mathematical tasks on numbers.

Built-in Math Functions

The min() and max() functions can be used to find the lowest or highest value in an iterable:

```
Example

x = min(5, 10, 25)
y = max(5, 10, 25)

print(x)
print(y)

Try it Yourself »
```

The abs() function returns the absolute (positive) value of the specified number:

```
Example

x = abs(-7.25)
print(x)

Try it Yourself »
```

The pow(x, y) function returns the value of x to the power of y (x^y) .

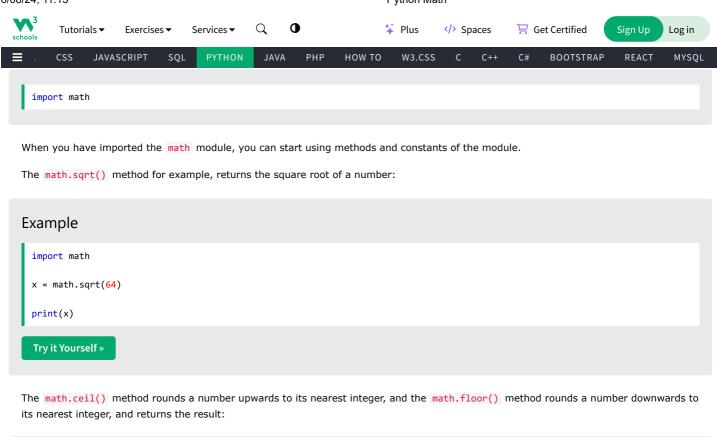
```
Example

Return the value of 4 to the power of 3 (same as 4 * 4 * 4):

x = pow(4, 3)
print(x)

Try it Yourself »
```

The Math Module



Example

```
import math
x = math.ceil(1.4)
y = math.floor(1.4)

print(x) # returns 2
print(y) # returns 1
Try it Yourself >>
```

The math.pi constant, returns the value of PI (3.14...):

Example

```
import math
x = math.pi
print(x)
Try it Yourself »
```

Exercise? Consider the following code: print(max(5, 10, 25)) What will be the printed result? • 5

