



# Core Components Requirements

## Security

### Authentication

Purpose:

A mechanism for identifying a valid user of the system

Scope:

Any user attempting to use the system can attempt to authenticate

Requirements:

- The user must provide valid security credentials whenever attempting to authenticate with the system
- Valid security credentials consist of a valid username and valid time-based one-time password (OTP)
  - Valid usernames consists of:
    - i. Minimum of 8 characters
    - ii. a-z
    - iii. 0-9
    - iv. Allow the following special characters: . - @
  - OTP is defined in NIST SP 800-63b section 5.1.4.1
    - i. OTP is changed upon every successful use
    - ii. OTP expires every 2 minutes
    - iii. OTP must be at minimum 8 characters
    - iv. Valid characters will consist of the following:
      - a. a-z
      - b. A-Z
      - c. 0-9
- A maximum of 3 failed authentication attempts within 24 hours for the same account before account is disabled
  - 24 hour timer begins on the first failed authentication.
  - Successful authentication resets failed authentication attempts.
  - Account is locked until a valid account recovery mechanism is performed by the account owner or by the system admin. Upon successful account recovery, the failed authentication attempts resets.
  - For each failed attempt, the account undergoing authentication and the IP address that initiated the authentication request will be recorded.
- System failures from this feature must not result in the system going offline

Use Cases:

#### Use Cases:

- Pre-conditions
  - i. User must not already have an active authenticated session with the system on the current device, otherwise authentication is not possible.
  - ii. User must be on login view or attempting to access a protected resource as defined in Authorization
- Success Cases
  - i. System requires user to authenticate. User submits valid security credentials. The user is automatically navigated to the user's home view.
  - ii. If user is already authenticated, the user should not be able to reach login view.
- Failure Cases
  - i. User submits valid security credentials. Automatic navigation does not take place.
  - ii. User submits valid security credentials. The user is automatically navigated to a view other than the user's home view.
  - iii. User submits invalid username. A system message displays "Invalid username or password provided. Retry again or contact system administrator".
  - iv. User submits invalid OTP. A system message displays "Invalid username or password provided. Retry again or contact system administrator if issue persists".
  - v. User submits invalid security credentials. A system message displays "Invalid username or password provided. Retry again or contact system admin".
  - vi. User submits valid security credentials for a disabled account. A system message displays "Account disabled. Perform account recovery or contact system admin". The failure attempt is recorded accurately.
  - vii. User submits valid security credentials for a disabled account. A system message displays "Account disabled. Perform account recovery or contact system admin". The failure attempt is not recorded accurately. The system attempts to log that the failure attempt did not complete successfully.

#### **Authorization**

##### Purpose:

A mechanism for restricting access to protected resources (e.g. functionalities, data, and views) to only valid users

##### Scope:

Any user attempting to use the system

##### Requirements:

- By default, unauthenticated users will only be given access to resources or functionalities that does not require knowledge of user's identity (i.e., anonymous user)
- The operation and timestamp of each unauthorized access will be

- The operation and timestamp of each unauthorized access will be recorded by the system
- The system must prevent unauthorized users from viewing, modifying or deleting any protected data (scalar or aggregate data)
- The system must prevent unauthorized users from executing any protected functionality
- The system must prevent unauthorized users from viewing or interacting with any protected views
- Any user access modifications should be active upon the next successful authentication by user
- System failures from this feature must not result in the system going offline

#### Use Cases:

- Pre-conditions
  - i. User must be authenticated to enforce user-specific restrictions
  - ii. User account must be active
- Success Cases
  - i. User attempts to access a protected functionality within authorization scope. Access is granted to perform functionality.
  - ii. User attempts to access protected data within authorization scope. Access is granted to perform read operations.
  - iii. User attempts to modify protected data within authorization scope. Access is granted to perform write operations.
  - iv. User attempts to access protected views within authorization scope. Access is granted to the view. User is automatically navigated to view.
- Failure Cases
  - i. Unauthorized access is not recorded by system when authorization fails. A system log of failure is attempted.
  - ii. User attempts to access a protected functionality outside of authorization scope. Access is denied and a system message displays “Unauthorized access”.
  - iii. User attempts to access protected data outside of authorization scope. Access is denied and a system message displays “Unauthorized access to data”.
  - iv. User attempts to modify protected data outside of authorization scope. Access is denied and a system message displays “Unauthorized access to data”.
  - v. User attempts to access protected views outside of authorization scope. Access is denied and a system message displays “Unauthorized access to view”.
  - vi. User attempts to access protected views within authorization scope, but contains protected data that is not within read scope. Access is granted to the view. Upon completion of automatic navigation to view, a system message displays “Unauthorized access to data” with protected data not visible within the view.
  - vii. User attempts to access protected views within authorization scope, but contains protected data that is not within write scope.

scope, but contains protected data that is not within write scope. Access is granted to the view. Upon completion of automatic navigation to view, protected data is visible within the view. Attempts to modify the data will result in a system message that displays “Unauthorized access to data”

## **Logout**

Purpose:

A mechanism for ending an active authenticated session

Scope:

Any active authenticated user

Requirements:

- The current active session on the device will end within 5 seconds upon invocation
- The user will be navigated to the home view of the system upon successful completion
- System failures from this feature must not result in the system going offline

Use Cases:

- Pre-conditions
  - i. User must have an active authenticated session on the device, otherwise the user is unable to perform the operation
  - ii. User must be on view with Logout option
- Success Cases
  - i. User performs logout request. The active session ends. The user is automatically navigated to the default home view of the system with the default culture settings. A system message displays “Logout successfully” upon completion of automatic navigation to home view. The logout process completes within 5 seconds upon invocation.
  - ii. If the user is not authenticated, then the system should not allow log out.
- Failure Cases
  - i. User performs logout request. The active session has ended. The user is not automatically navigated to the default home view. A system message displays “Logout operation error” or no message is shown
  - ii. User performs logout request. The active session has ended. The user is automatically navigated to the default home view, but not set to the default culture settings. A system message displays “Logout operation error” or no message is shown
  - iii. The logout process takes longer than 5 seconds.

## **User Administration**

### **Account Creation (Registration)**

## Account Creation (Registration)

### Purpose:

A mechanism for creating new user accounts within the system

### Scope:

Any user attempting to use the system

### Requirements:

- System administrators cannot be created using Account Creation feature
- All user accounts must be stored in a persistent data store
- The user is assigned a system-wide unique username
- The user provides a valid email address that belongs to the user.
- The user provides a secret passphrase for requesting OTP
  - Secret passphrase must be a minimum of 8 characters
  - Valid characters will consist of the following:
    - i. blank space
    - ii. a-z
    - iii. A-Z
    - iv. 0-9
    - v. ., @!-
- System failures from this feature must not result in the system going offline

### Use Cases:

- Pre-conditions
  - i. User must not have an active authenticated session
  - ii. User must be on account creation view
- Success Cases
  - i. User registers with a valid email and valid passphrase. The system is able to assign a system-wide unique username. A system message displays “Account created successfully” within 5 seconds of invoking registration process. The system provides the username to the user.
- Failure Cases
  - ii. User registers with an invalid email. A system message displays “Invalid email provided. Retry again or contact system administrator” or no system message. Account is not created.
  - iii. User registers with an invalid passphrase. A system message displays “Invalid passphrase provided. Retry again or contact system administrator” or no system message, Account is not created.
  - iv. User registers with a valid email and valid passphrase. The system was unable to assign a system-wide username. A system message displays “Unable to assign username. Retry again or contact system administrator”. Account is not created.
  - v. User registers with a valid email and valid passphrase. The system was able to assign a system-wide username. Entire process took longer than 5 seconds. A system log entry is recorded. Account is created.

## Account Recovery

### Purpose:

A mechanism for regaining access to an active or disabled account

### Scope:

Any registered user

### Requirements:

- The user must provide assigned username and valid OTP to submit account recovery request
- An authorized system admin will be able to view the latest account recovery requests for all non-admin users.
- Upon successful account recovery by authorized system admin, the user will be able to authenticate into the system.
- System failures from this feature must not result in the system going offline

### Use Cases:

- Pre-conditions
  - i. User must not have an active authenticated session on the device, otherwise the user is unable to perform the operation
  - ii. User must be on account recovery view
- Success
  - i. User provides assigned username and valid OTP. Request is made available to authorized system admin users within 5 seconds. A system message displays "Account recovery request sent" within 5 seconds of invocation of request.
  - ii. An authorized system admin completes account recovery for user. A system message displays "Account recovery completed successfully for user" within 5 seconds of invocation. Affected user regains access to the system within 5 seconds of invocation.
- Failure Cases
  - i. User provides invalid username. A system message displays "Invalid username or OTP provided. Retry again or contact system administrator"
  - ii. User provides valid username, but invalid OTP. A system message displays "Invalid username or OTP provided. Retry again or contact system administrator"
  - iii. User provides valid username and valid OTP. Request is not available to authorized system admin users.
  - iv. User provides valid username and valid OTP. Request is available to authorized system admin users. System message does not display within 5 seconds on invocation.
  - v. An authorized system admin completes account recovery for user. System message does not display within 5 seconds on invocation.
  - vi. An authorized system admin completes account recovery for user. System message does not display within 5 seconds on

- seen system message does display within 5 seconds on invocation. Affected user does not regain access.
- vii. An authorized system admin completes account recovery for user. System message does display within 5 seconds on invocation. Affected user does not regain access within 5 seconds.

## **Account Deletion**

Purpose:

A mechanism for deleting a user account

Scope:

Any registered user of the system

Requirements:

- Only a system administrator account can delete another system administrator account
- All personal identifiable information (PII) along with the user account data is permanently deleted from the system
- Account deletion is irreversible
- System failures from this feature must not result in the system going offline

Use Cases:

- Pre-conditions
  - i. User must have an active authenticated session
  - ii. User must be on account deletion view
  - iii. User has permission to delete account
- Success Cases
  - i. User choses to delete account and confirms action. All PII data and user account data is permanently deleted from the system. A system message displays “Account deletion successful”. Upon acknowledgment of system message, the user is automatically navigated to the home view with default language and culture settings.
- Failure Cases
  - ii. User choses to delete account and confirms action, but system does not delete both PII data or user account data.
  - iii. Data is not permanently deleted from the system.
  - iv. A system message is not shown or the wrong message is shown after all PII data and user account data is permanently deleted from the system
  - v. The user is unable to acknowledge the system message “Account deletion successful” after the successful data deletion.
  - vi. The user user is not automatically redirected to the default home view of the system.
  - vii. The user is automatically redirected to the default home view, but the default language and culture setting is not shown.

## **User Management**

Purpose:

A mechanism for administration of any user account

Scope:

Any system administrator user

Requirements:

- All operations are applied to a persistent data store
- Only system administrator have access to the User Management view
- The system administrator will have access to view and modify all accounts and their associated user profile data within the system
- Single Operations will consist of the following:
  - Create Account
  - Update Account
  - Delete Account
  - Disable Account
  - Enable Account
  - Operation should be completed within 5 seconds upon invocation
- Bulk Operations will need to adhere to additional constraints:
  - Multiple operations (e.g. all the same or mixed) within the same request
  - Maximum of 10K operations per request
  - Requests can be made through an uploaded file extract
  - File extract cannot be greater than 2GB in size
  - Operation should be completed within 60 seconds
- All single and bulk operations must be able to affect any user account/profile attribute within the system
- Only a system administrator account can create other system administrator accounts
- The system must have at least one system administrator account with total system access at all times
- System failures from this feature must not result in the system going offline

Use Cases:

- Pre-conditions
  - i. User must have an active authenticated session
  - ii. User must be on user management view
  - iii. User must be a system administrator
- Success
  - i. User is able to perform any single UM operation within 5 seconds upon invocation. A system message displays “UM operation was successful”
  - ii. User is able to perform less than 10K UM operations in bulk within 60 seconds. A system message displays “Bulk UM operation was successful”
  - iii. User is able to perform 10K UM operations in bulk within 60 seconds. A system message displays “Bulk UM operation was successful”



- Failure Cases
  - i. Single UM operation takes longer than 5 seconds
  - ii. Bulk UM operations takes longer than 60 seconds
  - iii. Single UM operation completes within 5 seconds, but no system message is shown or inaccurate system message is shown
  - iv. Bulk UM operations completes within 60 seconds, but no system message is shown or inaccurate system message is shown
  - v. Single UM operation completes within 5 seconds, with system message “UM operation was successful” shown, but latest data is not written to data store
  - vi. Bulk UM operations completes within 60 seconds, with system message “Bulk UM operation was successful” shown, but latest data is not written to data store
  - vii. 10K Bulk UM operations completes takes longer than 60 seconds
  - viii. 10K Bulk UM operations completes within 60s seconds, but no system message is shown or inaccurate system message is shown
  - ix. 10K Bulk UM operations completes within 60 seconds, with system message “Bulk UM operation was successful” shown, but latest data is not written to data store

## System Observability

### Usage Analysis Dashboard

#### Purpose:

A visualization mechanism for gaining insight on user behavior within system

#### Scope:

Any system administrator account of the system

#### Requirements:

- All data must be fetched from a persistent data store
- Key Performance Indicators (KPIs)
  - The number of logins per day within the span of 3 months (trend chart)
  - The number of registrations per day within the span of 3 month (trend chart)
  - Two application specific feature metric
- All KPI data must be automatically refreshed in intervals of 60 seconds
- The view must load within 15 seconds upon completion of navigation.
- System failures from this feature must not result in the system going offline

#### Use Cases:

- Pre-conditions
  - i. Persistent data store must be active
  - ii. Persistent data store must accessible by the system
  - iii. User must have an active authenticated session on the device

- iii. User must have an active authenticated session on the device
  - iv. User must be on Usage Analysis Dashboard view
  - v. User must be a system administrator
- o Success Cases
  - i. User is able to navigate to the view. The view loads within 15 seconds. All KPIs automatically refreshes data within 60 seconds.
- o Failure Cases
  - ii. User is unable to navigate to the page, but is a system administrator
  - iii. User is able to navigate to the page, but view does not load within 15 seconds upon navigation completion.
  - iv. User is able to navigate to the page, view loads within 15 seconds, but no KPI data is refreshed.
  - v. User is able to navigate to the page, view loads within 15 seconds, but not all KPI data is refreshed.
  - vi. User is able to navigate to the page, view loads within 15 seconds, but all KPI refresh takes longer than 60 seconds.

## **Logging**

### **Purpose:**

An internal mechanism for tracking all events of the system for auditing

### **Scope:**

All system-initiated and user-initiated events within the system

### **Requirements:**

- o All log entries must be immutable
- o All log entries must be saved to a persistent data store
- o All log entries must contain a UTC timestamp, log level, user performing operation, a category and a description/message
- o Valid Log Levels
  - i. Info - for tracking flow of system
  - ii. Debug - for tracking key information crucial to maintainers of the system
  - iii. Warning - for tracking events that may lead to system failures
  - iv. Error - for tracking system errors
- o Valid Categories
  - i. View
  - ii. Business
  - iii. Server
  - iv. Data
  - v. Data Store
- o The logging process must not block any user from performing any interaction with the system
- o The logging process must complete within 5 seconds upon invocation
- o System failures from this feature must not result in the system going offline

### **Use Cases:**

- o Pre-conditions
  - i. Persistent data store must be active

- ii. Persistent data store must be active
  - ii. Persistent data store must be accessible by the system
  - iii. Persistent data store must have storage capacity for log entry
- o Success Cases
  - i. The system logs system success events
  - ii. The system logs system failure events
  - iii. The system logs user success events
  - iv. The system logs user failure events
- o Failure Cases
  - i. The logging process took longer than 5 seconds to complete upon invocation
  - ii. The logging process blocks a user from interacting with the system
  - iii. The logging process completes within 5 seconds, but did not save to a persistent data store
  - iv. The logging process completes within 5 seconds, but did not accurately save the event to the persistent data store (i.e. timestamp, log level, category, message, etc.)
  - v. Previously saved log entries are modifiable

## Archiving

### Purpose:

An internal mechanism for offloading log entries to preserve system resources

### Scope:

All log entries within the system

### Requirements:

- o Archival process must execute every 00:00:00AM (local time) on 1st of the month
- o Archival process must only offload log entries that are older than 30 days
- o Archival process must consolidate and compress entries being archived
- o Archival process must offload entries to another location
- o Archival process must remove offloaded entries from the system after successful archival
- o Archival process must complete within 60 seconds upon invocation
- o System failures from this feature must not result in the system going offline

### Use Cases:

- o Pre-conditions
  - i. Persistent data store must be active
  - ii. Persistent data store must be accessible by the system
  - iii. Archival destination location must have storage capacity
- o Success
  - i. Archival process executes at 00:00:00AM (local time) on the 1st of the month. All log entries older than 30 days are consolidated, compressed and relocated to another location. All archived logs are removed from the system. The entire archival process

completes within 60 seconds upon invocation.

- Failure Cases

- ii. Archival process did not start at 00:00:00AM
- iii. Archival process started at 00:00:00AM, but not local time
- iv. Archival process started at 00:00:00AM (local time), but not on the 1st of the month
- v. Archival process started at 00:00:00AM (local time) on the 1st of the month, but did not archive any log entries even though there are logs older than 30 days
- vi. Archival process started at 00:00:00AM (local time) on the 1st of the month, but did not archive all log entries older than 30 days
- vii. Archival process started at 00:00:00AM (local time) on the 1st of the month. All log entries older than 30 days are not consolidated.
- viii. Archival process started at 00:00:00AM (local time) on the 1st of the month. All log entries older than 30 days are consolidated, but are not compressed.
- ix. Archival process started at 00:00:00AM (local time) on the 1st of the month. All log entries older than 30 days are consolidated and compressed, but is not relocated to another location
- x. Archival process started at 00:00:00AM (local time) on the 1st of the month. All log entries older than 30 days are consolidated, compressed and is relocated to another location, but archived logs are not removed from the system.
- xi. Archival process took longer than 60 seconds to complete upon invocation.

## Project Criteria Requirements

### Universal Requirements

#### User Privacy

Purpose:

A mechanism to inform and protect user data from being used without consent

## **Consent**

### **Scope:**

All user related data within the system

### **Requirements:**

- EULA per GDPR or California Consumer Privacy Act (CCPA) / California Privacy Rights Act (CPRA)
- Opt-out of user data collection and selling of user data
- Explanation of use of data
- Deletion of user data / user account

## **Error Handling**

### **Purpose:**

A mechanism to prevent system failures from making the system go offline to any user

### **Scope:**

Entire system

### **Requirements:**

- Allowed System Failures:
  - i. Web Server loses internet access
  - ii. Cloud/Host Provider outage
- System failures from this feature must not result in the system going offline

## **UI / UX**

### **Purpose:**

To provide an intuitive interface for users to interact with the system

### **Scope:**

All features that requires user interaction within the system

### **Requirements:**

- All text must be in the selected language and culture setting
- All formats align with the selected unit of measurement
- All views must not require assistance from another human understand how to interact with the view
- All system messages to the user must be displayed in the default culture settings for non-Authenticated users and the selected culture settings for Authenticated users
- All system messages must appear within 5 seconds of the resolution of an operation
- System failures from this feature must not result in the system going offline

## **Documentation**

### **Purpose:**

To provide artifacts that describe the system in detail

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Scope:

All features within the system

Requirements:

- Low-level design documents for all features
- Decision Analysis Recommendation (DAR) Report for all additional technologies