Diferansiyel Denklemler

$$2y'' - 5y = e^x \cos x$$

$$2r^2 - 5 = 0$$

$$r_{1,2} = \pm \sqrt{\frac{5}{2}}$$

$$y_h = c_1 e^{\sqrt{\frac{5}{2}}} + c_2 e^{-\sqrt{\frac{5}{2}}}$$

$$\alpha \pm i\beta$$

$$e^{\alpha x} \sin \beta x$$
, $e^{\alpha x} \cos \beta x$ | $\alpha \pm i\beta$ | $e^{\alpha x} (A \cos \beta x + B \sin \beta x)$

$$y_{\ddot{0}} = e^x A \cos x + e^x B \sin x$$

$$y'_{\ddot{0}} = -e^x A sinx + e^x A cosx + e^x B cosx + e^x B sinx$$

$$y''_{\ddot{0}} = -e^x A sin x - e^x A cos x + e^x A cos x - e^x A sin x$$

 $+ e^x B cos x - e^x B sin x + e^x B sin x + e^x B cos x$

$$= 2e^x B \cos x - 2e^x A \sin x$$

yerine koyarsak

$$4e^xB\cos x - 4e^xA\sin x - 5e^xB\sin x - 5e^xA\cos x = e^x\cos x$$

$$\underbrace{(4B-5A)}_{1}e^{x}\cos x + \underbrace{(-4A-5B)}_{0}e^{x}\sin x = e^{x}\cos x$$

$$4B = -5A \Rightarrow B = -\frac{5}{4}A$$
$$4B - 5A = 1$$

B nin yerine A eşitini yazarsak

$$-5A - 5A = 1$$

$$A = -\frac{1}{10}$$

$$B = -\frac{5}{40}$$

$$y_g = y_h + y_{\ddot{0}}$$

$$y_g = y_h + y_{\ddot{0}}$$

$$y_g = y_h = c_1 e^{\sqrt{\frac{5}{2}}} + c_2 e^{-\sqrt{\frac{5}{2}}} + e^x \left(-\frac{1}{10}\cos x - \frac{5}{40}\sin x\right)$$