

**Happy
GST Day
2024**

GST MANUAL

Updated as on 01 July 2024

Complimentary E-Book

**CGST Act & Rules
IGST Act & Rules
Cess Act & Rules**

Comprising:

*Section wise Tracker of
Rules, Notifications, Orders,
Circulars and Instructions*

**Adv. (CA) Rakesh Garg
Sandeep Garg, CMA, FCA**



Edition: 01 July 2024

**COMPLIMENTARY
For personal use**

By:

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About the Authors



Adv. (CA) Rakesh Garg, a graduate of Shri Ram College of Commerce, Delhi and member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, has been in profession for almost 40 years and has specialization in Sales Tax, VAT, Service Tax, and GST.

He has authored a number of books during the last more than 20 years. His first book "Law of Sales Tax on Works Contract in Delhi" was released in 1999. Amongst others, his well-recognized books are: -

- Delhi VAT Ready Reckoner
- Concepts of Central Sales Tax
- Goods under Sales Tax Laws
- Service Tax Ready Reckoner
- Migration to GST – Enrolment, Transition and Safeguards
- GST Refund – A Practical Guide
- Handbook of GST in India
- GST - Law, Practice and Procedure (In Two Volumes)
- GST Notices, Scrutiny, Assessment and Adjudication
- Guide to GST on Services

These books have not only been referred extensively by the business community and professionals but also appreciated by the Government Taxation Departments.

For several years, he has been an advisor and convener of Indirect Tax Study Circle of N.I.R.C. of the I.C.A.I., who has also conferred upon him the Award for Exemplary Services for authoring books and contributing as faculty in seminars.

He has presented papers on Sales Tax/VAT and Service Tax in countless meetings with Professionals, Corporates, CII and other Trade Associations; and contributed as faculty in training programs organized by the Revenue Departments for its officers.



Sandeep Garg, CMA, FCA, a graduate from Shri Ram College of Commerce, Delhi and a fellow member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, has been practicing as CA for more than 30 years.

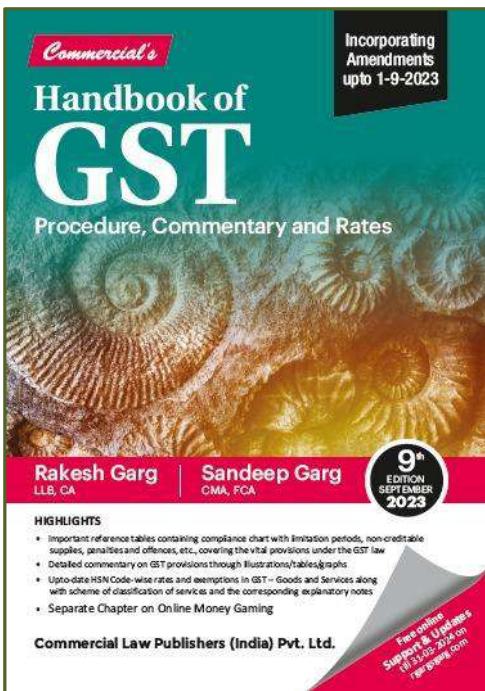
He has co-authored a number of books in past more than 20 years. Amongst others, his well-recognized books are: -

- Delhi Sales Tax Ready Reckoner
- Hand Book for NGOs and NPOs
- Migration to GST – Enrolment, Transition and Safeguards
- GST Refund – A Practical Guide
- Handbook of GST in India
- GST - Law, Practice and Procedure (In Two Volumes)
- GST Notices, Scrutiny, Assessment and Adjudication
- Guide to GST on Services

He has vast experience in the field of indirect taxation, GST process review and implementation. The NIRC of the I.C.A.I. conferred upon him the Award for Exemplary Services for authoring books in the year 2000.

He has also presented papers and contributed as faculty in training programs at various forums.





Published: 01-09-2023

Format: Paperback

Edition: 9th

Extent: 1648

ISBN: 978-93-5603-613-0

Dimensions: 171 x 240 mm

MRP: Rs. 2,995/-

ABOUT THE BOOK

This book comprehensively discusses the various provisions and procedures prescribed under the GST Laws. The book has been written in a manner which would help taxpayers and professionals to get a better understanding of compliances under the GST. It is a very useful handbook for professionals, corporates and regulators, as all the provisions have been explained in a lucid manner. The book has been divided into three parts.

Part A – Important Reference Tables

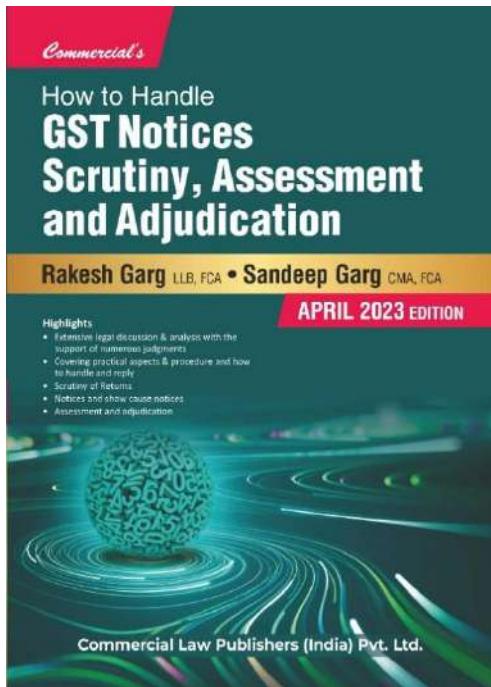
Separate Chapter on “Online Money Gaming”

Part B – Commentary

Detailed analysis of provisions of GST through illustrations, tables and graphs

Part C – GST Rates

Upto-date HSN Code-wise rates and exemptions in GST



Published: 04-04-2023

Format: Paperback

Edition: First

Extent: 416

ISBN: 978-93-5603-404-4

Dimensions: 244 x 176 mm

MRP: Rs. 995/-

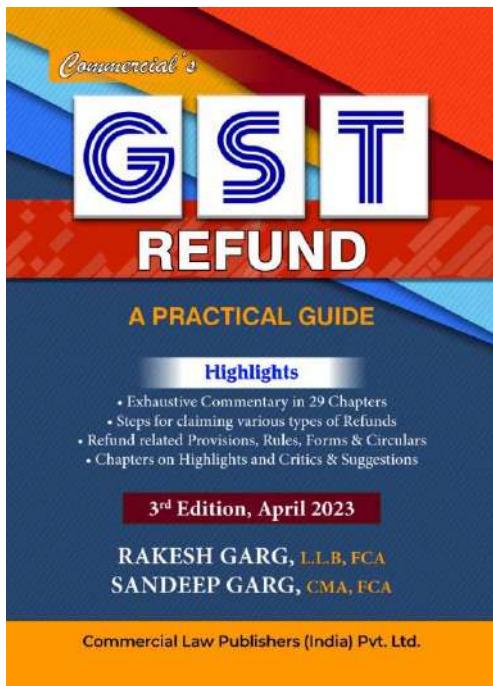
ABOUT THE BOOK

Part A – Preamble and Major Litigations – 2 Chapters: (1) Concepts and Framework of GST (2) Major litigation areas in the GST

Part B – Scrutiny and Assessment – 7 Chapters: (1) Scheme of Assessment (2) Provisional Assessment (3) Scrutiny of Returns (4) Non-filer of Returns (5) Assessment of Unregistered Persons (6) Summary Assessment (7) Assessment related Provisions & Forms

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Part D – Summons and other notices – 2 Chapters: (1) Summons under the GST (2) Other Notices under the GST



Published: 03-04-2023

Format: Paperback

Edition: Third

Extent: 740

ISBN: 978-93-5603-423-5

Dimensions: 244 x 176 mm

MRP: Rs. 1495/-

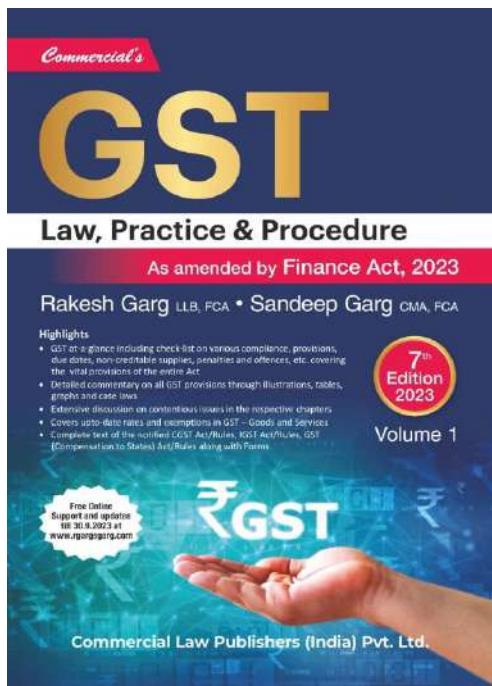
ABOUT THE BOOK

Part A – Guide - 30 Chapters :

(1) Terminology; (2) Refund – Grounds & Mechanism; (3) Refund – Time Limit; (4) Export of goods with payment of GST; (5) Export of services with payment of GST; (6) Export of goods and services against Bond/LUT; (7) Goods sent out of India without supply; (8) Supplies to SEZ-with payment of tax; (9) Supplies to SEZ against LUT; (10) Deemed Export; (11) Inverted Duty; (12) Compensation Cess; (13) Consequence of Order or Judgment; (14) Change of place of supply; (15) Electronic cash ledger; (16) Canteen Store Department; (17) U.N., Embassies and other specified Organisations; (18) Duty Free Shops; (19) Seva Bhoj Yojna; (20) Excess payment of tax; (21) Unregistered Recipients; (21A) Any other ground; (22) Application and Acknowledgement; (23) Withdrawal of Refund Application; (24) Grant of Provisional Refund; (25) Withhold the Refund; (26) Processing & Disposal of Refund; (27) Debit & Re-credit in Electronic Ledgers; (28) Interest on Delayed Refund; (29) Erroneous Refund and Recovery

Part B – Provisions - 4 Chapters : GST Refund related Sections, Rules, Forms and important Circulars and Instructions

Part C – Critics/ Suggestions - 2 Chapters : (1) Refunds related Highlights; (2) GST Refund – Critics & Suggestions



Published: 01-04-2023

Format: Paperback

Edition: Seventh

Extent: 3500 (In Two Volumes)

ISBN: 978-93-5603-405-1

Dimensions: 244 x 176 mm

MRP: Rs. 6595/-

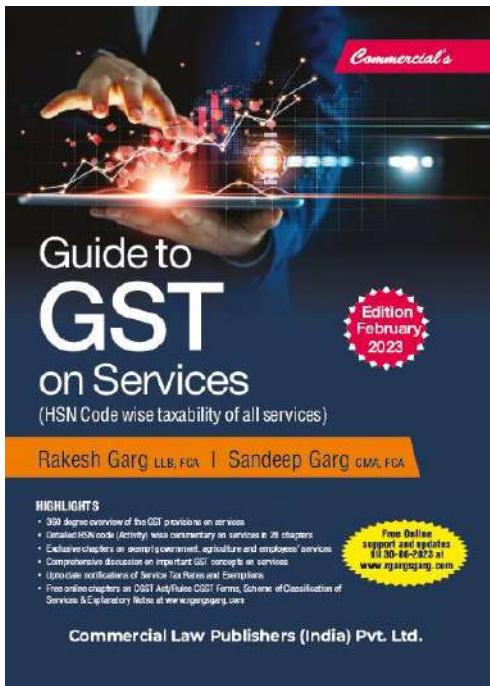
ABOUT THE BOOK

Part A (Vol.1) – GST - At a Glance – Gives a glimpse of Amendments, Notifications, Orders, Circulars, State/Port codes since 1 July 2017, the vital concepts of GST, including check-lists on various compliance provisions, due dates, non-creditable supplies, penalties and offences, etc. covering almost entire Act.

Part B (Vol.1) – GST - Commentary – Comprises of critical analysis of various provisions of GST through illustrations, tables, graphs and case laws.

Part C (Vol.2) – Legislation – Collates the enacted GST Acts, Rules and Forms.

Part D (Vol.2) – Rates – Comprises of up to date list of GST rates on goods and services



Published: 06-02-2023

Format: Paperback

Edition: Fourth

Extent: 1960

ISBN: -

Dimensions: 244 x 172 mm

MRP: Rs. 3195/-

ABOUT THE BOOK

Part A – Concepts of GST (Services) – Chapters A-1 to A-17 cover general provisions relating to services, such as, meaning & scope of supply, time, value & place of supply, levy & reverse charge, input tax, composition, export & refund, etc.

Part B – HSN Code wise Guide on Services – Chapters B-1 to B-28 comprises of critical analysis of HSN Code wise services through illustrations and tables.

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CGST Act, 2017

Updated as on 01 July 2024

***Incorporating
Section wise
Tracker of rules,
notifications, orders
and circulars***

**Adv. (CA) Rakesh Garg
Sandeep Garg, CMA, FCA**

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Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 as on 01 July 2024

MINISTRY OF LAW AND JUSTICE

(Legislative Department)

New Delhi, the 12th April, 2017/Chaitra 22, 1939 (Saka)

The following Act of Parliament received the assent of the President on the 12th April, 2017,
and is hereby published for general information:—

THE CENTRAL GOODS AND SERVICES TAX ACT, 2017 NO. 12 OF 2017

[12th April, 2017]

An Act to make a provision for levy and collection of tax on intra-State supply of goods or services or both by the Central Government and for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto.

BE it enacted by Parliament in the Sixty-eighth Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

CHAPTER I PRELIMINARY

1. Short title, extent and commencement.

- (1) This Act may be called the Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017.
- (2) It extends to the whole of India ¹[***].
- (3) It shall come into force on such date as the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint:

Provided that different dates may be appointed for different provisions of this Act and any reference in any such provision to the commencement of this Act shall be construed as a reference to the coming into force of that provision.

¹ *Omtd.* the words “except the State of Jammu and Kashmir” w.e.f. 08.07.2017 by CGST (Extension to Jammu and Kashmir) Act, 2017, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 24.08.2017.

A. Section 1 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	01/2017 – CT, dt. 19.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 10, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 139, 146 and 164 of the CGST Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 22.06.2017</i>
2.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sections 6 to 9, 11 to 21, 31 to 41, 42 except the proviso to sec 42(9), 43 except the proviso to sec 43(9), 44 to 50, 53 to 138, 140 to 145, 147 to 163, 165 to 174 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
3.	33/2017 – CT, dt. 15.09.2017	<i>Notifies sec 51 of the CGST Act, 2017 for TDS</i>
4.	50/2018 – CT, dt. 13.09.2018	<i>Brings sec 51 of the CGST Act (provisions related to TDS) into force w.e.f. 01.10.2018</i>
5.	51/2018 – CT, dt. 13.09.2018	<i>Brings sec 52 of the CGST Act (provisions related to TCS) into force w.e.f. 01.10.2018</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
NIL		
F. Instructions		
NIL		

2. Definitions.

In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires,—

- (1) “actionable claim” shall have the same meaning as assigned to it in section 3 of the Transfer of Property Act, 1882 (4 of 1882);
- (2) “address of delivery” means the address of the recipient of goods or services or both indicated on the tax invoice issued by a registered person for delivery of such goods or services or both;
- (3) “address on record” means the address of the recipient as available in the records of the supplier;

- (4) “adjudicating authority” means any authority, appointed or authorised to pass any order or decision under this Act, but does not include the ¹[Central Board of Indirect Taxes and Customs], the Revisional Authority, the Authority for Advance Ruling, the Appellate Authority for Advance Ruling, ^{1²}³[the Appellate Authority, the Appellate Tribunal and the Authority referred to in sub-section (2) of section 171];
- (5) “agent” means a person, including a factor, broker, commission agent, *arhatia, del credere* agent, an auctioneer or any other mercantile agent, by whatever name called, who carries on the business of supply or receipt of goods or services or both on behalf of another;
- (6) “aggregate turnover” means the aggregate value of all taxable supplies (excluding the value of inward supplies on which tax is payable by a person on reverse charge basis), exempt supplies, exports of goods or services or both and inter-State supplies of persons having the same Permanent Account Number, to be computed on all India basis but excludes central tax, State tax, Union territory tax, integrated tax and cess;
- (7) “agriculturist” means an individual or a Hindu Undivided Family who undertakes cultivation of land—
 - (a) by own labour, or
 - (b) by the labour of family, or
 - (c) by servants on wages payable in cash or kind or by hired labour under personal supervision or the personal supervision of any member of the family;
- (8) “Appellate Authority” means an authority appointed or authorised to hear appeals as referred to in section 107;
- (9) “Appellate Tribunal” means the Goods and Services Tax Appellate Tribunal constituted under section 109;
- (10) “appointed day” means the date on which the provisions of this Act shall come into force;
- (11) “assessment” means determination of tax liability under this Act and includes self-assessment, re-assessment, provisional assessment, summary assessment and best judgment assessment;
- (12) “associated enterprises” shall have the same meaning as assigned to it in section 92A of the Income-tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961);

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019) by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice notification dt. 29.08.2018, for the words “Central Board of Excise and Customs”.

² Ins. by the Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (s.92) dt. 01.08.2019. However, effective date has not been yet notified. After notification, it will read as, “*the National Appellate Authority for Advance Ruling*.”

³ Subs. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019) by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice notification dt. 29.08.2018, for the words “the Appellate Authority and the Appellate Tribunal”.

- (13) “audit” means the examination of records, returns and other documents maintained or furnished by the registered person under this Act or the rules made thereunder or under any other law for the time being in force to verify the correctness of turnover declared, taxes paid, refund claimed and input tax credit availed, and to assess his compliance with the provisions of this Act or the rules made thereunder;
- (14) “authorised bank” shall mean a bank or a branch of a bank authorised by the Government to collect the tax or any other amount payable under this Act;
- (15) “authorised representative” means the representative as referred to in section 116;
- (16) “Board” means the ¹[Central Board of Indirect Taxes and Customs] constituted under the Central Boards of Revenue Act, 1963 (54 of 1963);
- (17) “business” includes—
 - (a) any trade, commerce, manufacture, profession, vocation, adventure, wager or any other similar activity, whether or not it is for a pecuniary benefit;
 - (b) any activity or transaction in connection with or incidental or ancillary to sub-clause (a);
 - (c) any activity or transaction in the nature of sub-clause (a), whether or not there is volume, frequency, continuity or regularity of such transaction;
 - (d) supply or acquisition of goods including capital goods and services in connection with commencement or closure of business;
 - (e) provision by a club, association, society, or any such body (for a subscription or any other consideration) of the facilities or benefits to its members;
 - (f) admission, for a consideration, of persons to any premises;
 - (g) services supplied by a person as the holder of an office which has been accepted by him in the course or furtherance of his trade, profession or vocation;
 - ²[(h) activities of a race club including by way of totalisator or a license to book maker or activities of a licensed book maker in such club; and]
 - (i) any activity or transaction undertaken by the Central Government, a State Government or any local authority in which they are engaged as public authorities;

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019) by the Finance Act, 2018 vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018, for the words “Central Board of Excise and Customs”.

² Subs. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019) by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018. Formerly, clause (h) read as:

“(h) services provided by a race club by way of totalisator or a licence to book maker in such club; and”

¹[(18) ***]

- (19) “capital goods” means goods, the value of which is capitalised in the books of account of the person claiming the input tax credit and which are used or intended to be used in the course or furtherance of business;
- (20) “casual taxable person” means a person who occasionally undertakes transactions involving supply of goods or services or both in the course or furtherance of business, whether as principal, agent or in any other capacity, in a State or a Union territory where he has no fixed place of business;
- (21) “central tax” means the central goods and services tax levied under section 9;
- (22) “cess” shall have the same meaning as assigned to it in the Goods and Services Tax (Compensation to States) Act;
- (23) “chartered accountant” means a chartered accountant as defined in clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 2 of the Chartered Accountants Act, 1949 (38 of 1949);
- (24) “Commissioner” means the Commissioner of central tax and includes the Principal Commissioner of central tax appointed under section 3 and the Commissioner of integrated tax appointed under the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act;
- (25) “Commissioner in the Board” means the Commissioner referred to in section 168;
- (26) “common portal” means the common goods and services tax electronic portal referred to in section 146;
- (27) “common working days” in respect of a State or Union territory shall mean such days in succession which are not declared as gazetted holidays by the Central Government or the concerned State or Union territory Government;
- (28) “company secretary” means a company secretary as defined in clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 2 of the Company Secretaries Act, 1980; (56 of 1980)
- (29) “competent authority” means such authority as may be notified by the Government;

¹ *Omtl.* w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019) clause 18 of section 2 by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018. Formerly, section 2(18) read as:

““business vertical” means a distinguishable component of an enterprise that is engaged in the supply of individual goods or services or a group of related goods or services which is subject to risks and returns that are different from those of the other business verticals.”

*Explanation.—*For the purposes of this clause, factors that should be considered in determining whether goods or services are related include—

- (a) the nature of the goods or services;
- (b) the nature of the production processes;
- (c) the type or class of customers for the goods or services;
- (d) the methods used to distribute the goods or supply of services; and
- (e) the nature of regulatory environment (wherever applicable), including banking, insurance, or public utilities;”

- (30) “composite supply” means a supply made by a taxable person to a recipient consisting of two or more taxable supplies of goods or services or both, or any combination thereof, which are naturally bundled and supplied in conjunction with each other in the ordinary course of business, one of which is a principal supply;

Illustration.—Where goods are packed and transported with insurance, the supply of goods, packing materials, transport and insurance is a composite supply and supply of goods is a principal supply;

- (31) “consideration” in relation to the supply of goods or services or both includes—

- (a) any payment made or to be made, whether in money or otherwise, in respect of, in response to, or for the inducement of, the supply of goods or services or both, whether by the recipient or by any other person but shall not include any subsidy given by the Central Government or a State Government;
- (b) the monetary value of any act or forbearance, in respect of, in response to, or for the inducement of, the supply of goods or services or both, whether by the recipient or by any other person but shall not include any subsidy given by the Central Government or a State Government:

Provided that a deposit given in respect of the supply of goods or services or both shall not be considered as payment made for such supply unless the supplier applies such deposit as consideration for the said supply;

- (32) “continuous supply of goods” means a supply of goods which is provided, or agreed to be provided, continuously or on recurrent basis, under a contract, whether or not by means of a wire, cable, pipeline or other conduit, and for which the supplier invoices the recipient on a regular or periodic basis and includes supply of such goods as the Government may, subject to such conditions, as it may, by notification, specify;
- (33) “continuous supply of services” means a supply of services which is provided, or agreed to be provided, continuously or on recurrent basis, under a contract, for a period exceeding three months with periodic payment obligations and includes supply of such services as the Government may, subject to such conditions, as it may, by notification, specify;
- (34) “conveyance” includes a vessel, an aircraft and a vehicle;
- (35) “cost accountant” means a cost accountant as defined in ¹[clause (b)] of sub-section (1) of section 2 of the Cost and Works Accountants Act, 1959 (23 of 1959);
- (36) “Council” means the Goods and Services Tax Council established under article 279A of the Constitution;
- (37) “credit note” means a document issued by a registered person under sub-section (1) of section 34;

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019) by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018, for the words, brackets and letter “clause (c)”.

- (38) “debit note” means a document issued by a registered person under sub-section (3) of section 34;
- (39) “deemed exports” means such supplies of goods as may be notified under section 147;
- (40) “designated authority” means such authority as may be notified by the Board;
- (41) “document” includes written or printed record of any sort and electronic record as defined in clause (t) of section 2 of the Information Technology Act, 2000 (21 of 2000);
- (42) “drawback” in relation to any goods manufactured in India and exported, means the rebate of duty, tax or cess chargeable on any imported inputs or on any domestic inputs or input services used in the manufacture of such goods;
- (43) “electronic cash ledger” means the electronic cash ledger referred to in sub- section (1) of section 49;
- (44) “electronic commerce” means the supply of goods or services or both, including digital products over digital or electronic network;
- (45) “electronic commerce operator” means any person who owns, operates or manages digital or electronic facility or platform for electronic commerce;
- (46) “electronic credit ledger” means the electronic credit ledger referred to in sub- section (2) of section 49;
- (47) “exempt supply” means supply of any goods or services or both which attracts *nil* rate of tax or which may be wholly exempt from tax under section 11, or under section 6 of the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, and includes non-taxable supply;
- (48) “existing law” means any law, notification, order, rule or regulation relating to levy and collection of duty or tax on goods or services or both passed or made before the commencement of this Act by Parliament or any Authority or person having the power to make such law, notification, order, rule or regulation;
- (49) “family” means,—
 - (i) the spouse and children of the person, and
 - (ii) the parents, grand-parents, brothers and sisters of the person if they are wholly or mainly dependent on the said person;
- (50) “fixed establishment” means a place (other than the registered place of business) which is characterised by a sufficient degree of permanence and suitable structure in terms of human and technical resources to supply services, or to receive and use services for its own needs;
- (51) “Fund” means the Consumer Welfare Fund established under section 57;
- (52) “goods” means every kind of movable property other than money and securities but includes actionable claim, growing crops, grass and things attached to or forming part of the land which are agreed to be severed before supply or under a contract of supply;
- (53) “Government” means the Central Government;

- (54) “Goods and Services Tax (Compensation to States) Act” means the Goods and Services Tax (Compensation to States) Act, 2017;
- (55) “goods and services tax practitioner” means any person who has been approved under section 48 to act as such practitioner;
- (56) “India” means the territory of India as referred to in article 1 of the Constitution, its territorial waters, seabed and sub-soil underlying such waters, continental shelf, exclusive economic zone or any other maritime zone as referred to in the Territorial Waters, Continental Shelf, Exclusive Economic Zone and other Maritime Zones Act, 1976, (80 of 1976) and the air space above its territory and territorial waters;
- (57) “Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act” means the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017;
- (58) “integrated tax” means the integrated goods and services tax levied under the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act;
- (59) “input” means any goods other than capital goods used or intended to be used by a supplier in the course or furtherance of business;
- (60) “input service” means any service used or intended to be used by a supplier in the course or furtherance of business;
- ¹[(61) *“Input Service Distributor” means an office of the supplier of goods or services or both which receives tax invoices issued under section 31 towards the receipt of input services and issues a prescribed document for the purposes of distributing the credit of central tax, State tax, integrated tax or Union territory tax paid on the said services to a supplier of taxable goods or services or both having the same Permanent Account Number as that of the said office;]*
- (62) “input tax” in relation to a registered person, means the central tax, State tax, integrated tax or Union territory tax charged on any supply of goods or services or both made to him and includes—
 - (a) the integrated goods and services tax charged on import of goods;
 - (b) the tax payable under the provisions of sub-sections (3) and (4) of section 9;
 - (c) the tax payable under the provisions of sub-sections (3) and (4) of section 5 of the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act;
 - (d) the tax payable under the provisions of sub-sections (3) and (4) of section 9 of the respective State Goods and Services Tax Act; or
 - (e) the tax payable under the provisions of sub-sections (3) and (4) of section 7 of the Union Territory Goods and Services Tax Act,

but does not include the tax paid under the composition levy;

¹ Subs. clause (61) of Sec. 2 by the Finance Act, 2024 (No. 8 of 2024) (s. 11) enacted on 15.02.2024. However, effective date has not been yet notified. After notification, it will read as,

“(61) “Input Service Distributor” means an office of the supplier of goods or services or both which receives tax invoices towards the receipt of input services, including invoices in respect of services liable to tax under sub-section (3) or sub-section (4) of section 9, for or on behalf of distinct persons referred to in section 25, and liable to distribute the input tax credit in respect of such invoices in the manner provided in section 20;”

- (63) “input tax credit” means the credit of input tax;
- (64) “intra-State supply of goods” shall have the same meaning as assigned to it in section 8 of the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act;
- (65) “intra-State supply of services” shall have the same meaning as assigned to it in section 8 of the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act;
- (66) “invoice” or “tax invoice” means the tax invoice referred to in section 31;
- (67) “inward supply” in relation to a person, shall mean receipt of goods or services or both whether by purchase, acquisition or any other means with or without consideration;
- (68) “job work” means any treatment or process undertaken by a person on goods belonging to another registered person and the expression “job worker” shall be construed accordingly;
- (69) “local authority” means—
 - (a) a “Panchayat” as defined in clause (d) of article 243 of the Constitution;
 - (b) a “Municipality” as defined in clause (e) of article 243P of the Constitution;
 - (c) a Municipal Committee, a Zilla Parishad, a District Board, and any other authority legally entitled to, or entrusted by the Central Government or any State Government with the control or management of a municipal or local fund;
 - (d) a Cantonment Board as defined in section 3 of the Cantonments Act, 2006; (41 of 2006)
 - (e) a Regional Council or a District Council constituted under the Sixth Schedule to the Constitution;
 - (f) a Development Board constituted under article 371¹[and article 371J] of the Constitution; or
 - (g) a Regional Council constituted under article 371A of the Constitution;
- (70) “location of the recipient of services” means,—
 - (a) where a supply is received at a place of business for which the registration has been obtained, the location of such place of business;
 - (b) where a supply is received at a place other than the place of business for which registration has been obtained (a fixed establishment elsewhere), the location of such fixed establishment;
 - (c) where a supply is received at more than one establishment, whether the place of business or fixed establishment, the location of the establishment most directly concerned with the receipt of the supply; and
 - (d) in absence of such places, the location of the usual place of residence of the recipient;

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019) by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018.

- (71) “location of the supplier of services” means,—
- (a) where a supply is made from a place of business for which the registration has been obtained, the location of such place of business;
 - (b) where a supply is made from a place other than the place of business for which registration has been obtained (a fixed establishment elsewhere), the location of such fixed establishment;
 - (c) where a supply is made from more than one establishment, whether the place of business or fixed establishment, the location of the establishment most directly concerned with the provisions of the supply; and
 - (d) in absence of such places, the location of the usual place of residence of the supplier;
- (72) “manufacture” means processing of raw material or inputs in any manner that results in emergence of a new product having a distinct name, character and use and the term “manufacturer” shall be construed accordingly;
- (73) “market value” shall mean the full amount which a recipient of a supply is required to pay in order to obtain the goods or services or both of like kind and quality at or about the same time and at the same commercial level where the recipient and the supplier are not related;
- (74) “mixed supply” means two or more individual supplies of goods or services, or any combination thereof, made in conjunction with each other by a taxable person for a single price where such supply does not constitute a composite supply.
- Illustration.—A supply of a package consisting of canned foods, sweets, chocolates, cakes, dry fruits, aerated drinks and fruit juices when supplied for a single price is a mixed supply. Each of these items can be supplied separately and is not dependent on any other. It shall not be a mixed supply if these items are supplied separately;*
- (75) “money” means the Indian legal tender or any foreign currency, cheque, promissory note, bill of exchange, letter of credit, draft, pay order, traveller cheque, money order, postal or electronic remittance or any other instrument recognised by the Reserve Bank of India when used as a consideration to settle an obligation or exchange with Indian legal tender of another denomination but shall not include any currency that is held for its numismatic value;
- (76) “motor vehicle” shall have the same meaning as assigned to it in clause (28) of section 2 of the Motor Vehicles Act, 1988; (59 of 1988)
- (77) “non-resident taxable person” means any person who occasionally undertakes transactions involving supply of goods or services or both, whether as principal or agent or in any other capacity, but who has no fixed place of business or residence in India;
- (78) “non-taxable supply” means a supply of goods or services or both which is not leviable to tax under this Act or under the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act;
- (79) “non-taxable territory” means the territory which is outside the taxable territory;

- (80) “notification” means a notification published in the Official Gazette and the expressions “notify” and “notified” shall be construed accordingly;
- ¹[(80A) “online gaming” means offering of a game on the internet or an electronic network and includes online money gaming;
- (80B) “online money gaming” means online gaming in which players pay or deposit money or money’s worth, including virtual digital assets, in the expectation of winning money or money’s worth, including virtual digital assets, in any event including game, scheme, competition or any other activity or process, whether or not its outcome or performance is based on skill, chance or both and whether the same is permissible or otherwise under any other law for the time being in force;]
- (81) “other territory” includes territories other than those comprising in a State and those referred to in sub-clauses (a) to (e) of clause (114);
- (82) “output tax” in relation to a taxable person, means the tax chargeable under this Act on taxable supply of goods or services or both made by him or by his agent but excludes tax payable by him on reverse charge basis;
- (83) “outward supply” in relation to a taxable person, means supply of goods or services or both, whether by sale, transfer, barter, exchange, licence, rental, lease or disposal or any other mode, made or agreed to be made by such person in the course or furtherance of business;
- (84) “person” includes—
- (a) an individual;
 - (b) a Hindu Undivided Family;
 - (c) a company;
 - (d) a firm;
 - (e) a Limited Liability Partnership;
 - (f) an association of persons or a body of individuals, whether incorporated or not, in India or outside India;
 - (g) any corporation established by or under any Central Act, State Act or Provincial Act or a Government company as defined in clause (45) of section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013; (18 of 2013)
 - (h) any body corporate incorporated by or under the laws of a country outside India;
 - (i) a co-operative society registered under any law relating to co-operative societies;
 - (j) a local authority;
 - (k) Central Government or a State Government;
 - (l) society as defined under the Societies Registration Act, 1860; (21 of 1860)

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 01.10.2023 (vide Notification No. 48/2023-CT, dt. 29.09.2023) by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2023 (30 of 2023), vide Ministry of Law and Justice notification dt. 18.08.2023.

- (m) trust; and
 - (n) every artificial juridical person, not falling within any of the above;
- (85) “place of business” includes—
- (a) a place from where the business is ordinarily carried on, and includes a warehouse, a godown or any other place where a taxable person stores his goods, supplies or receives goods or services or both; or
 - (b) a place where a taxable person maintains his books of account; or
 - (c) a place where a taxable person is engaged in business through an agent, by whatever name called;
- (86) “place of supply” means the place of supply as referred to in Chapter V of the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act;
- (87) “prescribed” means prescribed by rules made under this Act on the recommendations of the Council;
- (88) “principal” means a person on whose behalf an agent carries on the business of supply or receipt of goods or services or both;
- (89) “principal place of business” means the place of business specified as the principal place of business in the certificate of registration;
- (90) “principal supply” means the supply of goods or services which constitutes the predominant element of a composite supply and to which any other supply forming part of that composite supply is ancillary;
- (91) “proper officer” in relation to any function to be performed under this Act, means the Commissioner or the officer of the central tax who is assigned that function by the Commissioner in the Board;
- (92) “quarter” shall mean a period comprising three consecutive calendar months, ending on the last day of March, June, September and December of a calendar year;
- (93) “recipient” of supply of goods or services or both, means—
- (a) where a consideration is payable for the supply of goods or services or both, the person who is liable to pay that consideration;
 - (b) where no consideration is payable for the supply of goods, the person to whom the goods are delivered or made available, or to whom possession or use of the goods is given or made available; and
 - (c) where no consideration is payable for the supply of a service, the person to whom the service is rendered,

and any reference to a person to whom a supply is made shall be construed as a reference to the recipient of the supply and shall include an agent acting as such on behalf of the recipient in relation to the goods or services or both supplied;

- (94) “registered person” means a person who is registered under section 25 but does not include a person having a Unique Identity Number;
- (95) “regulations” means the regulations made by the Board under this Act on the recommendations of the Council;
- (96) “removal” in relation to goods, means—
- (a) despatch of the goods for delivery by the supplier thereof or by any other person acting on behalf of such supplier; or
 - (b) collection of the goods by the recipient thereof or by any other person acting on behalf of such recipient;
- (97) “return” means any return prescribed or otherwise required to be furnished by or under this Act or the rules made thereunder;
- (98) “reverse charge” means the liability to pay tax by the recipient of supply of goods or services or both instead of the supplier of such goods or services or both under sub-section (3) or sub-section (4) of section 9, or under sub-section (3) or sub- section (4) of section 5 of the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act;
- (99) “Revisional Authority” means an authority appointed or authorised for revision of decision or orders as referred to in section 108;
- (100) “Schedule” means a Schedule appended to this Act;
- (101) “securities” shall have the same meaning as assigned to it in clause (h) of section 2 of the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956; (42 of 1956)
- (102) “services” means anything other than goods, money and securities but includes activities relating to the use of money or its conversion by cash or by any other mode, from one form, currency or denomination, to another form, currency or denomination for which a separate consideration is charged;
- ¹[*Explanation.—For the removal of doubts, it is hereby clarified that the expression “services” includes facilitating or arranging transactions in securities.]*
- ²[(102A) “specified actionable claim” means the actionable claim involved in or by way of—
- (i) betting;
 - (ii) casinos;
 - (iii) gambling;
 - (iv) horse racing;
 - (v) lottery; or
 - (vi) online money gaming;]

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019) by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018.

² Ins. w.e.f. 01.10.2023 (vide Notification No. 48/2023-CT, dt. 29.09.2023) by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2023 (30 of 2023), vide Ministry of Law and Justice notification dt. 18.08.2023.

- (103) “State” includes a Union territory with Legislature;
- (104) “State tax” means the tax levied under any State Goods and Services Tax Act;
- (105) “supplier” in relation to any goods or services or both, shall mean the person supplying the said goods or services or both and shall include an agent acting as such on behalf of such supplier in relation to the goods or services or both supplied;
- ¹[Provided that a person who organises or arranges, directly or indirectly, supply of specified actionable claims, including a person who owns, operates or manages digital or electronic platform for such supply, shall be deemed to be a supplier of such actionable claims, whether such actionable claims are supplied by him or through him and whether consideration in money or money’s worth, including virtual digital assets, for supply of such actionable claims is paid or conveyed to him or through him or placed at his disposal in any manner, and all the provisions of this Act shall apply to such supplier of specified actionable claims, as if he is the supplier liable to pay the tax in relation to the supply of such actionable claims;]
- (106) “tax period” means the period for which the return is required to be furnished;
- (107) “taxable person” means a person who is registered or liable to be registered under section 22 or section 24;
- (108) “taxable supply” means a supply of goods or services or both which is leviable to tax under this Act;
- (109) “taxable territory” means the territory to which the provisions of this Act apply;
- (110) “telecommunication service” means service of any description (including electronic mail, voice mail, data services, audio text services, video text services, radio paging and cellular mobile telephone services) which is made available to users by means of any transmission or reception of signs, signals, writing, images and sounds or intelligence of any nature, by wire, radio, visual or other electromagnetic means;
- (111) “the State Goods and Services Tax Act” means the respective State Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017;
- (112) “turnover in State” or “turnover in Union territory” means the aggregate value of all taxable supplies (excluding the value of inward supplies on which tax is payable by a person on reverse charge basis) and exempt supplies made within a State or Union territory by a taxable person, exports of goods or services or both and inter-State supplies of goods or services or both made from the State or Union territory by the said taxable person but excludes central tax, State tax, Union territory tax, integrated tax and cess;

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 01.10.2023 (vide Notification No. 48/2023-CT, dt. 29.09.2023) by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2023 (30 of 2023), vide Ministry of Law and Justice notification dt. 18.08.2023.

(113) “usual place of residence” means—

- (a) in case of an individual, the place where he ordinarily resides;
- (b) in other cases, the place where the person is incorporated or otherwise legally constituted;

(114) “Union territory” means the territory of—

- (a) the Andaman and Nicobar Islands;
- (b) Lakshadweep;
- ¹[(c) Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu;
- (d) Ladakh;]
- (e) Chandigarh; and
- (f) other territory.

*Explanation.—*For the purposes of this Act, each of the territories specified in sub-clauses (a) to (f) shall be considered to be a separate Union territory;

(115) “Union territory tax” means the Union territory goods and services tax levied under the Union Territory Goods and Services Tax Act;

(116) “Union Territory Goods and Services Tax Act” means the Union Territory Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017;

(117) “valid return” means a return furnished under sub-section (1) of section 39 on which self-assessed tax has been paid in full;

²[(117A) “virtual digital asset” shall have the same meaning as assigned to it in clause (47A) of section 2 of the Income-tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961.);]

(118) “voucher” means an instrument where there is an obligation to accept it as consideration or part consideration for a supply of goods or services or both and where the goods or services or both to be supplied or the identities of their potential suppliers are either indicated on the instrument itself or in related documentation, including the terms and conditions of use of such instrument;

(119) “works contract” means a contract for building, construction, fabrication, completion, erection, installation, fitting out, improvement, modification, repair, maintenance, renovation, alteration or commissioning of any immovable property wherein transfer of property in goods (whether as goods or in some other form) is involved in the execution of such contract;

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 30.06.2020 by the Finance Act, 2020 (12 of 2020) (s.118) dt. 27.03.2020, read with Notification No. 49/2020-CT, dt. 24.06.2020. Formerly, it read as:

“(c) Dadra and Nagar Haveli;
(d) Daman and Diu;”

² Ins. w.e.f. 01.10.2023 (vide Notification No. 48/2023-CT, dt. 29.09.2023) by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2023 (30 of 2023), vide Ministry of Law and Justice notification dt. 18.08.2023.

- (120) words and expressions used and not defined in this Act but defined in the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, the Union Territory Goods and Services Tax Act and the Goods and Services Tax (Compensation to States) Act shall have the same meaning as assigned to them in those Acts;
- (121) any reference in this Act to a law which is not in force in the State of Jammu and Kashmir, shall, in relation to that State be construed as a reference to the corresponding law, if any, in force in that State.

A. Section 2 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	<i>01/2017 – CT, dt. 19.06.2017</i>	<i>Brings into force sec 2 of the CGST Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 22.06.2017</i>
2.	<i>Finance Act, 2018 (Act no. 13 of 2018), dt. 28.03.2018</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 2(16) w.e.f. 01.04.2018</i>
3.	<i>CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018 (31 of 2018), dt. 29.08.2018 read with N. No. 02/2019 – CT, dt. 29.01.2019</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 2(4), 2(17), 2(18), 2(35), 2(69) & 2(102), w.e.f. 01.02.2019</i>
4.	<i>Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (23 of 2019), dt. 01.08.2019</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 2(4) w.e.f. date to be notified</i>
5.	<i>62/2019 – CT, dt. 26.11.2019</i>	<i>Notified the transition plan with respect to J&K reorganization w.e.f. 31.10.2019 [u/s 2(106)]</i>
6.	<i>03/2020 – CT, dt. 01.01.2020</i>	<i>Amends the N. No. 62/2019-CT dt. 26.11.2019 to amend the transition plan for the UTs of J&K and Ladakh</i>
7.	<i>10/2020 – CT, dt. 21.03.2020</i>	<i>Provides special procedure for taxpayers in Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu consequent to merger of the two UTs</i>
8.	<i>Finance Act, 2020 (Act No. 12 of 2020), dt. 27.03.2020 read with N. No. 49/2020 – CT, dt. 24.06.2020</i>	<i>Amendment in clause (c) & (d) to sec 2(114) w.e.f. 30.06.2020</i>
9.	<i>45/2020 – CT, dt. 09.06.2020</i>	<i>Extends the date for transition under GST on account of merger of erstwhile Union Territories of Daman and Diu & Dadar and Nagar Haveli.</i>

10.	<i>CGST (Amendment) Act, 2023 (30 of 2023), dt. 18.08.2023 read with N. No. 48/2023 – CT, dt. 29.09.2023</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 2(80A), 2(80B), 2(102A), Proviso to 2(105) and 2(117A) w.e.f. 01.10.2023</i>
11.	<i>Finance Act, 2024 (No. 8 of 2024), dt. 15.02.2024</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 2(61) w.e.f. date to be notified</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
S.No.	<i>Circular/Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	<i>01/2017 – GST, dt. 26.06.2017</i>	<i>Proper officer for provisions relating to Registration and Composition levy under the CGST Act, or the rules made thereunder – Sec. 2(91)</i>
2.	<i>03/2017 – GST, dt. 05.07.2017</i>	<i>Proper officer relating to provisions other than Registration and Composition under the CGST Act – Sec. 2(91)</i>
3.	<i>09/2017 – GST, dt. 18.10.2017</i>	<i>Authorized officer for enrolment of GST Practitioner – Sec. 2(91)</i>
4.	<i>11/2017 – GST, dt. 20.10.2017</i>	<i>Clarification on taxability of printing contracts – Sec. 2(90)</i>
5.	<i>126/2019 – GST, dt. 22.11.2019</i>	<i>Clarification on scope of the notification entry at item (id), related to job work, under heading 9988 of N. No. 11/2017-CT (R) dt. 28.06.2017 – Sec. 2(68)</i>
F. Instructions		
NIL		

CHAPTER II

ADMINISTRATION

3. Officers under this Act.

The Government shall, by notification, appoint the following classes of officers for the purposes of this Act, namely:—

- (a) Principal Chief Commissioners of Central Tax or Principal Directors General of Central Tax,
- (b) Chief Commissioners of Central Tax or Directors General of Central Tax,
- (c) Principal Commissioners of Central Tax or Principal Additional Directors General of Central Tax,
- (d) Commissioners of Central Tax or Additional Directors General of Central Tax,
- (e) Additional Commissioners of Central Tax or Additional Directors of Central Tax,
- (f) Joint Commissioners of Central Tax or Joint Directors of Central Tax,
- (g) Deputy Commissioners of Central Tax or Deputy Directors of Central Tax,
- (h) Assistant Commissioners of Central Tax or Assistant Directors of Central Tax, and
- (i) any other class of officers as it may deem fit:

Provided that the officers appointed under the Central Excise Act, 1944 (1 of 1944) shall be deemed to be the officers appointed under the provisions of this Act.

A. Section 3 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	<i>01/2017 – CT, dt. 19.06.2017</i>	<i>Brings into force sec 3 of the CGST Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 22.06.2017</i>
2.	<i>02/2017 – CT, dt. 19.06.2017; Corrigendum dt. 29.07.2019</i>	<i>Notifying jurisdiction of Central Tax Officers</i>
3.	<i>14/2017 – CT, dt. 01.07.2017</i>	<i>Assigning jurisdiction and power to officers of various directorates</i>
4.	<i>04/2019 – CT, dt. 29.01.2019</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 2/2017 – CT, dt. 19.06.2017 so as to define jurisdiction of Joint Commissioner (Appeals) [Read with sec 5 of the CGST Act and 3 of the IGST Act]</i>
5.	<i>51/2019 – CT, dt. 31.10.2019</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 2/2017 – CT in order to notify jurisdiction of Jammu Commissionerate over UT of J&K and UT of Ladakh</i>

6.	<i>02/2021 – CT, dt. 12.01.2021</i>	<i>Notifies amendment to jurisdiction of Central Tax officers</i>
7.	<i>02/2022 – CT, dt. 11.03.2022</i>	<i>Appointments of Common Adjudicating authority for adjudicating the show cause notices issued by DGGI under GST</i>
8.	<i>39/2023 – CT, dt. 17.08.2023</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 02/2017-CT, dated 19.06.2017</i>
9.	<i>40/2023 – CT, dt. 17.08.2023</i>	<i>Appoints common adjudicating authority in respect of show cause notice issued in favour of M/s United Spirits Ltd.</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
NIL		
F. Instructions		
NIL		

4. Appointment of officers.

- (1) The Board may, in addition to the officers as may be notified by the Government under section 3, appoint such persons as it may think fit to be the officers under this Act.
- (2) Without prejudice to the provisions of sub-section (1), the Board may, by order, authorise any officer referred to in clauses (a) to (h) of section 3 to appoint officers of central tax below the rank of Assistant Commissioner of central tax for the administration of this Act.

A. Section 4 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
I.	<i>01/2017 – CT, dt. 19.06.2017</i>	<i>Brings into force sec 4 of the CGST Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 22.06.2017</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		

<i>E. Circulars</i>		
S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	01/2017 – GST, dt. 26.06.2017	<i>Proper officer for provisions relating to Registration and Composition levy under the CGST Act, or the rules made thereunder</i>
2.	03/2017 – GST, dt. 05.07.2017	<i>Proper officer relating to provisions other than Registration and Composition under the CGST Act</i>
<i>F. Instructions</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		

5. Powers of officers.

- (1) Subject to such conditions and limitations as the Board may impose, an officer of central tax may exercise the powers and discharge the duties conferred or imposed on him under this Act.
- (2) An officer of central tax may exercise the powers and discharge the duties conferred or imposed under this Act on any other officer of central tax who is subordinate to him.
- (3) The Commissioner may, subject to such conditions and limitations as may be specified in this behalf by him, delegate his powers to any other officer who is subordinate to him.
- (4) Notwithstanding anything contained in this section, an Appellate Authority shall not exercise the powers and discharge the duties conferred or imposed on any other officer of central tax.

<i>A. Section 5 - Relevant Rules & Forms</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		
<i>B. Section related Notifications</i>		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	01/2017 – CT, dt. 19.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 5 of the CGST Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 22.06.2017</i>
2.	02/2017 – CT, dt. 19.06.2017	<i>Notifying jurisdiction of Central Tax Officers</i>
3.	14/2017 – CT, dt. 01.07.2017; <i>Corrigendum</i> dt. 29.07.2019	<i>Assigning jurisdiction and power to officers of various directorates</i>
4.	79/2018 – CT, dt. 31.12.2018	<i>Amends N. No. 2/2017 – CT, dt. 19.06.2017 [Read with sec 5(1) of the CGST Act]</i>

S.

Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 as on 01 July 2024

5.	04/2019 – CT, dt. 29.01.2019	<i>Amends N. No. 2/2017 – CT, dt. 19.06.2017 so as to define jurisdiction of Joint Commissioner (Appeals) [Read with sec 5 of the CGST Act and 3 of the IGST Act]</i>
6.	51/2019 – CT, dt. 31.10.2019	<i>Amends N. No. 2/2017 – CT in order to notify jurisdiction of Jammu Commissionerate over UT of J&K and UT of Ladakh</i>
7.	02/2021 – CT, dt. 12.01.2021	<i>Notifies amendment to jurisdiction of Central Tax officers</i>
8.	35/2023 – CT, dt. 31.07.2023	<i>Appoints common adjudicating authority in respect of show cause notices in favour of against M/s BSH Household Appliances Manufacturing Pvt Ltd.</i>
9.	39/2023 – CT, dt. 17.08.2023	<i>Amends N. No. 02/2017-CT, dated 19.06.2017</i>
10.	46/2023 – CT, dt. 18.09.2023	<i>Appoints common adjudicating authority in respect of show cause notice issued in favour of M/s Inkuat Infrasol Pvt. Ltd.</i>
11.	05/2024 – CT, dt. 30.01.2024	<i>Amends in N. No. 02/2017-CT, dated 19.06.2017 [Change in Pin Code]</i>
12.	10/2024 – CT, dt. 29.05.2024	<i>Amends the N. No. 02/2017-CT, dated 19.06.2017 with effect from 05.08.2023</i>
13.	11/2024 – CT, dt. 30.05.2024	<i>Amends N. No. 02/2017-CT, dated 19.06.2017 to assign district of Kotputli-Behrur to CGST Alwar Commissionerate</i>

C. Rule related Notifications

NIL

D. Orders

S.No.	ROD/Order/Date	Contents
1.	O-2/2019 – GST, dt. 12.03.2019	<i>Appointment of common authority for the purpose of exercise of powers under sections 73, 74, 75 and 76 of the CGST Act</i>

E. Circulars

S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – GST, dt. 18.10.2017	<i>Authorized officer for enrolment of GST Practitioner</i>
2.	31/2018 – GST, dt. 09.02.2018	<i>Proper officer under sections 73 and 74 of the CGST Act, 2017 and under the IGST Act, 2017</i>

F. Instructions

NIL

6. Authorisation of officers of State tax or Union territory tax as proper officer in certain circumstances.

- (1) Without prejudice to the provisions of this Act, the officers appointed under the State Goods and Services Tax Act or the Union Territory Goods and Services Tax Act are authorised to be the proper officers for the purposes of this Act, subject to such conditions as the Government shall, on the recommendations of the Council, by notification, specify.
- (2) Subject to the conditions specified in the notification issued under sub-section (1),—
 - (a) where any proper officer issues an order under this Act, he shall also issue an order under the State Goods and Services Tax Act or the Union Territory Goods and Services Tax Act, as authorised by the State Goods and Services Tax Act or the Union Territory Goods and Services Tax Act, as the case may be, under intimation to the jurisdictional officer of State tax or Union territory tax;
 - (b) where a proper officer under the State Goods and Services Tax Act or the Union Territory Goods and Services Tax Act has initiated any proceedings on a subject matter, no proceedings shall be initiated by the proper officer under this Act on the same subject matter.
- (3) Any proceedings for rectification, appeal and revision, wherever applicable, of any order passed by an officer appointed under this Act shall not lie before an officer appointed under the State Goods and Services Tax Act or the Union Territory Goods and Services Tax Act.

A. Section 6 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>NIL</i>		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 6 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	39/2017 – CT, dt. 13.10.2017	<i>Cross-empowers State Tax officers for processing and grant of refund [Read with sec 6 of the CGST Act]</i>
3.	10/2018 – CT, dt. 23.01.2018	<i>Amending N. No. 39/2017 – CT, dt. 13.10.2017 for cross-empowerment of State tax officers for processing and grant of refund [Read with sec 6(1) of the CGST Act and 3 of the IGST Act]</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
<i>NIL</i>		
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		
E. Circulars		
<i>NIL</i>		
F. Instructions		
<i>NIL</i>		

CHAPTER III

LEVY AND COLLECTION OF TAX

7. Scope of supply.

- (1) For the purposes of this Act, the expression “supply” includes—
- (a) all forms of supply of goods or services or both such as sale, transfer, barter, exchange, licence, rental, lease or disposal made or agreed to be made for a consideration by a person in the course or furtherance of business;
 - ¹[(aa) the activities or transactions, by a person, other than an individual, to its members or constituents or vice-versa, for cash, deferred payment or other valuable consideration.
- Explanation.*—For the purposes of this clause, it is hereby clarified that, notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force or any judgment, decree or order of any Court, tribunal or authority, the person and its members or constituents shall be deemed to be two separate persons and the supply of activities or transactions inter se shall be deemed to take place from one such person to another;]
- (b) import of services for a consideration whether or not in the course or furtherance of business ²[and];
 - (c) the activities specified in Schedule I, made or agreed to be made without a consideration; ³[***]
⁴[***]

⁵[(1A) where certain activities or transactions constitute a supply in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (1), they shall be treated either as supply of goods or supply of services as referred to in Schedule II.]

- (2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1),—
- (a) activities or transactions specified in Schedule III; or
 - (b) such activities or transactions undertaken by the Central Government, a State Government or any local authority in which they are engaged as public authorities, as may be notified by the Government on the recommendations of the Council,

shall be treated neither as a supply of goods nor a supply of services.

¹ *Ins. w.e.f. 01.07.2017, retrospectively, by the Finance Act, 2021 (No. 13 of 2021) (s.108) dated 28.03.2021, read with Notification No. 39/2021-CT, dated 21.12.2021.*

² *Ins. w.e.f. 01.07.2017, retrospectively, by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018, read with Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019.*

³ *Omtd. the word “and” w.e.f. 01.07.2017, retrospectively, by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018, read with Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019.*

⁴ *Omtd. clause (d) w.e.f. 01.07.2017, retrospectively, by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018, read with Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019. Formerly it read as: “the activities to be treated as supply of goods or supply of services as referred to in Schedule II.”*

⁵ *Ins. w.e.f. 01.07.2017, retrospectively, by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018, read with Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019.*

- (3) Subject to the provisions of ¹[sub-sections (1), (1A) and (2)], the Government may, on the recommendations of the Council, specify, by notification, the transactions that are to be treated as—
- a supply of goods and not as a supply of services; or
 - a supply of services and not as a supply of goods.

A. Section 7 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 7 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	14/2017 – CT (R), dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Supplies which shall be treated neither as a supply of goods nor a supply of service under the CGST Act</i>
3.	16/2018 – CT (R), dt. 26.07.2018	<i>Amends N. No. 14/2017-CT (R) to notify that services by way of any activity in relation to a function entrusted to a municipality under Article 243W shall be treated neither as a supply of good nor a service</i>
4.	CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018 (31 of 2018), dt. 29.08.18 read with N. No. 02/2019 – CT, dt. 29.01.2019	<i>Amendment in sec 7 w.e.f. 01.02.2019</i>
5.	25/2019 – CT (R), dt. 30.09.2019	<i>Notifies the grant of alcoholic liquor licence as neither a supply of goods nor a supply of service as per sec 7(2) of CGST Act, 2017</i>
6.	Finance Act, 2021 (Act No. 13 of 2021), dt. 28.03.2021 read with N. No. 39/2021 – CT, dt. 21.12.2021	<i>Inserts clause (aa) to sec 7(1) of the CGST Act retrospectively, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.07.2017, retrospectively, by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018, read with Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019, for the words “sub-sections (1) and (2)”.

<i>E. Circulars</i>		
S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	11/2017 – GST, dt. 20.10.2017	<i>Clarification on taxability of printing contracts</i>
2.	16/2017 – GST, dt. 15.11.2017	<i>Clarifications regarding applicability of GST and availability of ITC in respect of certain services</i>
3.	21/2017 – GST, dt. 22.11.2017	<i>Inter-state movement of rigs, tools and spares, and all goods on wheels [like cranes]</i>
4.	32/2018 – GST, dt. 12.02.2018	<i>Clarifications regarding GST in respect of certain services as decided in 25th GST Council meeting</i>
5.	34/2018 – GST, dt. 01.03.2018	<i>Clarification regarding GST in respect of certain services</i>
6.	35/2018 – GST, dt. 05.03.2018	<i>Clarification regarding taxable services provided by the member of the Joint Venture(JV) to the JV and vice versa and inter se between the members of the JV</i>
7.	44/2018 – GST, dt. 02.05.2018	<i>Issue related to taxability of 'tenancy rights' under GST</i>
8.	46/2018 – GST, dt. 06.06.2018	<i>Applicable GST rate on Priority Sector Lending Certificates (PSLCs), Renewable Energy Certificates (RECs) and other similar scrips</i>
9.	57/2018 – GST, dt. 04.09.2018	<i>Scope of Principal-agent relationship in the context of Schedule I of the CGST Act</i>
10.	62/2018 – GST, dt. 12.09.2018	<i>Levy of GST on Priority Sector Lending Certificate</i>
11.	73/2018 – GST, dt. 05.11.2018	<i>Scope of principal and agent relationship under Schedule I of CGST Act, 2017 in the context of del-crede agent</i>
12.	76/2018 – GST, dt. 31.12.2018	<i>Clarification on certain issues (sale by government departments to unregistered person</i>
13.	92/2019 – GST, dt. 07.03.2019	<i>Clarifying various doubts related to treatment of sales promotion scheme under GST</i>
14.	100/2019 – GST, dt. 30.04.2019	<i>GST Applicability on Seed Certification Tags</i>
15.	102/2019 – GST, dt. 28.06.2019	<i>Clarification regarding applicability of GST on additional/penal interest</i>
16.	108/2019 – GST, dt. 18.07.2019	<i>Clarifies issues regarding procedure to be followed in respect of goods sent/taken out of India for exhibition or on consignment basis for export promotion</i>
17.	115/2019 – GST, dt. 11.10.2019	<i>Clarification on issue of GST on Airport levies</i>

18.	171/03/2022-GST, dt. 06.07.2022	<i>Clarification on various issues relating to applicability of demand and penalty provisions under the CGST Act, 2017 in respect of transactions involving fake invoices</i>
19.	186/18/2022-GST, dt. 27.12.2022	<i>Clarification on various issue pertaining to GST</i>
20.	195/07/2023-GST, dt. 17.07.2023	<i>Clarification on availability of ITC in respect of warranty replacement of parts and repair services during warranty period</i>
21.	196/08/2023-GST, dt. 17.07.2023	<i>Clarification on taxability of share capital held in subsidiary company by the parent company</i>
22.	199/11/2023-GST, dt. 17.07.2023	<i>Clarification regarding taxability of services provided by an office of an organisation in one State to the office of that organisation in another State, both being distinct persons</i>
23.	213/07/2024-GST, dt. 26.06.2024	<i>Seeking clarity on taxability of re-imbursement of securities/shares as SOP/ESPP/RSU provided by a company to its employees</i>
24.	215/09/2024-GST, dt. 26.06.2024	<i>Clarification on taxability of wreck and salvage values in motor insurance claims</i>
25.	216/10/2024-GST, dt. 26.06.2024	<i>Clarification in respect of GST liability and input tax credit (ITC) availability in cases involving Warranty/ Extended Warranty, in furtherance to Circular No. 195/07/2023-GST dated 17.07.2023</i>
26.	218/12/2024-GST, dt. 26.06.2024	<i>Clarification regarding taxability of the transaction of providing loan by an overseas affiliate to its Indian affiliate or by a person to a related person</i>
F. Instructions		
1.	05/2023-GST, dt. 13.12.2023	<i>Judgment of the Honourable Supreme Court in the case of Northern Operating Systems Private Limited (NOS)</i>

8. Tax liability on composite and mixed supplies.

The tax liability on a composite or a mixed supply shall be determined in the following manner, namely:—

- (a) a composite supply comprising two or more supplies, one of which is a principal supply, shall be treated as a supply of such principal supply; and
- (b) a mixed supply comprising two or more supplies shall be treated as a supply of that particular supply which attracts the highest rate of tax.

A. Section 8 - Relevant Rules & Forms
NIL

<i>B. Section related Notifications</i>		
S.No.	Notification/<i>Date</i>	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 8 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
<i>C. Rule related Notifications</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		
<i>D. Orders</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		
<i>E. Circulars</i>		
S.No.	Circular/<i>Date</i>	Contents
1.	11/2017 – GST, dt. 20.10.2017	<i>Clarification on taxability of printing contracts</i>
<i>F. Instructions</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		

9. Levy and collection.

- (1) Subject to the provisions of sub-section (2), there shall be levied a tax called the central goods and services tax on all intra-State supplies of goods or services or both, except on the supply of alcoholic liquor for human consumption, on the value determined under section 15 and at such rates, not exceeding twenty per cent., as may be notified by the Government on the recommendations of the Council and collected in such manner as may be prescribed and shall be paid by the taxable person.
- (2) The central tax on the supply of petroleum crude, high speed diesel, motor spirit (commonly known as petrol), natural gas and aviation turbine fuel shall be levied with effect from such date as may be notified by the Government on the recommendations of the Council.
- (3) The Government may, on the recommendations of the Council, by notification, specify categories of supply of goods or services or both, the tax on which shall be paid on reverse charge basis by the recipient of such goods or services or both and all the provisions of this Act shall apply to such recipient as if he is the person liable for paying the tax in relation to the supply of such goods or services or both.

- ¹[(4) The Government may, on the recommendations of the Council, by notification, specify a class of registered persons who shall, in respect of supply of specified categories of goods or services or both received from an unregistered supplier, pay the tax on reverse charge basis as the recipient of such supply of goods or services or both, and all the provisions of this Act shall apply to such recipient as if he is the person liable for paying the tax in relation to such supply of goods or services or both.]
- (5) The Government may, on the recommendations of the Council, by notification, specify categories of services the tax on intra-State supplies of which shall be paid by the electronic commerce operator if such services are supplied through it, and all the provisions of this Act shall apply to such electronic commerce operator as if he is the supplier liable for paying the tax in relation to the supply of such services:

Provided that where an electronic commerce operator does not have a physical presence in the taxable territory, any person representing such electronic commerce operator for any purpose in the taxable territory shall be liable to pay tax:

Provided further that where an electronic commerce operator does not have a physical presence in the taxable territory and also he does not have a representative in the said territory, such electronic commerce operator shall appoint a person in the taxable territory for the purpose of paying tax and such person shall be liable to pay tax.

A. Section 9 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	<i>09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Brings into force sec 9 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	<i>01/2017 – CT (R), dt. 28.06.2017, and subsequent amendments thereto</i>	<i>Rates of tax on supply of goods under CGST Act</i>
3.	<i>04/2017 – CT (R), dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Reverse charge on certain specified supplies of goods under sec 9(3)</i>
4.	<i>08/2017 – CT (R), dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Exempting supplies, upto INR 5,000/- per day, received by a registered supplier from an unregistered supplier from reverse charge payment under sec 9(4)</i>

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019) sub-section (4) by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018. Formerly, it read as:

“(4) The central tax in respect of the supply of taxable goods or services or both by a supplier, who is not registered, to a registered person shall be paid by such person on reverse charge basis as the recipient and all the provisions of this Act shall apply to such recipient as if he is the person liable for paying the tax in relation to the supply of such goods or services or both.”.

5.	<i>09/2017 – CT (R), dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Exempting supplies received under sec 9(4) by a TDS deductor from an unregistered supplier, under sec 11(1), subject to the condition that TDS deductor is not otherwise liable for registration</i>
6.	<i>10/2017 – CT (R), dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Exempting supplies of second hand goods received under sec 9(4) by a second hand dealer paying tax under margin scheme from an unregistered supplier, under sec 11(1)</i>
7.	<i>11/2017 – CT (R), dt. 28.06.2017, and subsequent amendments thereto</i>	<i>Rates of tax on supply of services under CGST Act and Annexure containing Scheme of Classification of Services</i>
8.	<i>12/2017 – CT (R), dt. 28.06.2017, and subsequent amendments thereto</i>	<i>Exemptions on supply of services under CGST Act</i>
9.	<i>13/2017 – CT (R), dt. 28.06.2017, Corrigendum 25.09.2017</i>	<i>Categories of services on which tax will be payable under reverse charge mechanism under CGST Act</i>
10.	<i>17/2017 – CT (R), dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Categories of services the tax on intra-State supplies of which shall be paid by the electronic commerce operator under sec 9(5)</i>
11.	<i>22/2017 – CT (R), dt. 22.08.2017</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 13/2017-CT (R) to amend RCM provisions for GTA and to insert explanation for LLP</i>
12.	<i>23/2017 – CT (R), dt. 22.08.2017</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 17/2017-CT (R) to make ECO responsible under sec 9(5) for payment of GST on services provided by way of house-keeping such as plumbing, carpentering etc.</i>
13.	<i>33/2017 – CT (R), dt. 13.10.2017</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 13/2017-CT (R), RCM under sec 9(3), regarding services provided by Overseeing Committee members to RBI</i>
14.	<i>36/2017 – CT (R), dt. 13.10.2017</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 4/2017-CT (R), RCM under sec 9(3) on supply of goods</i>
15.	<i>37/2017 – CT (R), dt. 13.10.2017</i>	<i>Prescribes CGST rate on supply or leasing of motor vehicles, purchased or leased before 1 July 2017 – Applicable up to 1 July 2020</i>
16.	<i>38/2017 – CT (R), dt. 13.10.2017</i>	<i>Exempts payment of tax under sec 9(4) of the CGST Act on all supplies received from unregistered suppliers till 31.03.2018</i>
17.	<i>39/2017 – CT (R), dt. 18.10.2017</i>	<i>Prescribes CGST rate of 2.5% on Food preparations put up in unit containers and intended for free distribution to economically weaker sections of the society under a programme duly approved by the Central Government or any State Government</i>
18.	<i>43/2017 – CT (R), dt. 14.11.2017</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 4/2017-CT (R), dt. 28.06.2017 -Reverse charge on raw cotton</i>
19.	<i>08/2018 – CT (R), dt. 25.01.2018</i>	<i>Concessional rate of CGST on Old and used Vehicles</i>

20.	<i>10/2018 – CT (R), dt. 23.03.2018</i>	<i>Exempts payment of tax under section 9(4) of the CGST Act till 30.06.2018</i>
21.	<i>11/2018 – CT (R), dt. 28.05.2018</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 04/2017-CT (R), dt. 28.06.2017 so as to notify levy of Priority Sector Lending Certificate (PSLC) under Reverse Charge Mechanism (RCM)</i>
22.	<i>12/2018 – CT (R), dt. 29.06.2018</i>	<i>Exempts payment of tax under section 9(4) of the CGST Act, 2017 till 30.09.2018</i>
23.	<i>15/2018 – CT (R), dt. 26.07.2018</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 13/2017-CT (R) so as to specify services supplied by individual Direct Selling Agents (DSAs) to banks/non-banking financial company (NBFCs) to be taxed under Reverse Charge Mechanism (RCM)</i>
24.	<i>22/2018 – CT (R), dt. 06.08.2018</i>	<i>Exempts payment of tax under section 9(4) of the CGST Act, 2017 till 30.09.2019</i>
25.	<i>29/2018 – CT (R), dt. 31.12.2018</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 13/2017-CT (R) so as to specify services to be taxed under Reverse Charge Mechanism as recommended by GST Council in its 31st meeting held on 22.12.2018</i>
26.	<i>01/2019 – CT (R), dt. 29.01.2019</i>	<i>Rescinding N. No. 8/2017-CT (R), dt. 28.06.2017 in view of bringing into effect the amendments (regarding RCM on supplies by unregistered persons) in the GST Acts</i>
27.	<i>02/2019 – CT (R), dt. 07.03.2019</i>	<i>To give composition scheme for supplier of services and mixed supplies with a tax rate of 6% having annual turnover in preceding year upto Rs 50 lakhs</i>
28.	<i>05/2019 – CT (R), dt. 29.03.2019</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 13/2017-CT (R), dt. 28.06.2017 so as to specify services to be taxed under RCM, as recommended by GST Council for real estate sector</i>
29.	<i>07/2019 – CT (R), dt. 29.03.2019</i>	<i>Notifies certain services to be taxed under RCM under sec 9(4) of CGST Act as recommended by GST Council for real estate sector</i>
30.	<i>22/2019 – CT (R), dt. 30.09.2019</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 13/2017-CT (R) so as to notify services under RCM as recommended by GST Council in its 37th meeting held on 20.09.2019</i>
31.	<i>23/2019 – CT (R), dt. 30.09.2019</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 4/2018-CT (R), dt. 25.01.2018, by adding an explanation on the applicability of provisions related to supply of development rights</i>
32.	<i>24/2019 – CT (R), dt. 30.09.2019</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 7/2019-CT (R), dt. 29.03.2019 by amending the entry related to cement</i>
33.	<i>29/2019 – CT (R), dt. 31.12.2019</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 13/2017-CT (R) so as to notify certain services under RCM as recommended by GST Council in its 38th meeting held on 18.12.2019</i>

34.	<i>CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018 (31 of 2018), dt. 29.08.2018 read with N. No. 02/2019 – CT, dt. 29.01.2019</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 9(4) w.e.f. 01.02.2019</i>
35.	<i>Finance Act, 2020 (Act No. 12 of 2020) (s.132), dt. 27.03.2020</i>	<i>Specifying GST Rates from 01.04.2017 to the specified periods in respect of Fishmeal (HSN 2301), pulley, wheels & other parts (HSN 8483) and used as parts of agricultural machinery (HSN 8432, 8433 and 8436) by amending N. No. 1/2017-CT (R) dt. 28.06.2017; and refund in respect of these goods for such period</i>
36.	<i>01/2021 – CT (R), dt. 02.06.2021</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 1/2017-CT (R) to prescribe change in CGST rate of goods</i>
37.	<i>02/2021 – CT (R), dt. 02.06.2021</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 11/2017-CT (R) so as to notify CGST rates of various services as recommended by GST Council in its 43rd meeting held on 28.05.2021</i>
38.	<i>04/2021 – CT (R), dt. 14.06.2021</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 11/2017-CT (R) so as to notify GST rates of various services as recommended by GST Council in its 44th meeting held on 12.06.2021</i>
39.	<i>06/2021 – CT (R), dt. 30.09.2021</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 11/2017-CT (R) so as to notify CGST rates of various services as recommended by GST Council in its 45th meeting held on 17.09.2021</i>
40.	<i>08/2021 – CT (R), dt. 30.09.2021</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 1/2017-CT (R)</i>
41.	<i>10/2021 – CT (R), dt. 30.09.2021</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 4/2017-CT (R)</i>
42.	<i>11/2021 – CT (R), dt. 30.09.2021</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 39/2017-CT (R)</i>
43.	<i>13/2021 – CT (R), dt. 27.10.2021</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 1/2017-CT (R) dated 28.06.2017</i>
44.	<i>14/2021 – CT (R), dt. 18.11.2021</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 01/2021-CT (R) dated 28.06.2017</i>
45.	<i>15/2021 – CT (R), dt. 18.11.2021</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 11/2021- CT(R) dated 28.06.2017</i>
46.	<i>17/2021 – CT (R), dt. 18.11.2021</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 17/2017-CT(R) dated 28.06.2017</i>
47.	<i>18/2021 – CT (R), dt. 28.12.2021</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 1/2017-CT(R) dated 28.06.2017</i>
48.	<i>21/2021 – CT (R), dt. 31.12.2021</i>	<i>Supersedes notification 14/2021-CT(R) dated 18.11.2021 and amend N. No. 1/2017-CT(R) dated 28.06.2017</i>

49.	22/2021 – CT(R), dt. 31.12.2021	<i>Supersedes notification 15/2021-CT(R) dated 18.11.2021 and amend N. No. 11/2017-CT(R) dated 28.06.2017</i>
50.	01/2022 – CT(R), dt. 31.03.2022	<i>Amends N. No. 1/2017-CT(R) dated 28.06.2017</i>
51.	02/2022 – CT(R), dt. 31.03.2022	<i>Provides for a concessional rate on intra state supply of bricks conditional to not availing the ITC , as recommended by 45 GSTC</i>
52.	03/2022 – CT(R), dt. 13.07.2022	<i>Amends N. No. 11/2017-CT(R) dated 28.06.2017</i>
53.	05/2022 – CT(R), dt. 13.07.2022	<i>Amends N. No. 13/2017-CT(R) dated 28.06.2017</i>
54.	06/2022 – CT(R), dt. 13.07.2022	<i>Amends N. No. 1/2017-CT(R)</i>
55.	10/2022 – CT(R), dt. 13.07.2022	<i>Amends N. No. 2/2022-CT(R)</i>
56.	12/2022 – CT(R), dt. 30.12.2022	<i>Amends N. No. 1/2017-CT(R)</i>
57.	14/2022 – CT(R), dt. 30.12.2022	<i>Amends N. No. 4/2017-CT(R)</i>
58.	02/2023 – CT(R), dt. 28.02.2023	<i>Amends N. No. 13/2017-CT(R) so as to notify change in GST with regards to services as recommended by GST Council in its 49th meeting held on 18.02.2023</i>
59.	03/2023 – CT(R), dt. 28.02.2023	<i>Amends N. No. 1/2017-CT(R), dated 28.06.2017</i>
60.	05/2023 – CT(R), dt. 09.05.2023	<i>Amends N. No. 11/2017-CT(R) dated 28.06.2017 so as to extend last date for exercise of option by GTA to pay GST under forward charge</i>
61.	06/2023 – CT(R), dt. 26.07.2023	<i>Amends N. No. 11/2017-CT(R) so as to notify change in GST with regards to services as recommended by GST Council in its 50th meeting held on 11.07.2023</i>
62.	08/2023 – CT(R), dt. 26.07.2023	<i>Amends N. No. 13/2017-CT(R) so as to notify change in GST with regards to services as recommended by GST Council in its 50th meeting held on 11.07.2023</i>
63.	09/2023 – CT(R), dt. 26.07.2023	<i>Amends N. No. 01/2017-CT(R) to implement the decisions of 50th GST Council</i>
64.	11/2023 – CT(R), dt. 29.09.2023	<i>Amends N. No. 01/2017-CT(R), dated 28.06.2017</i>
65.	12/2023 – CT(R), dt. 19.10.2023	<i>Amends N. No. 11/2017- CT(R), dated 28.06.2017</i>

66.	<i>14/2023 – CT(R), dt. 19.10.2023</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 13/2017- CT(R), dated 28.06.2017</i>
67.	<i>16/2023 – CT(R), dt. 19.10.2023</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 17/2017- CT(R), dated 28.06.2017</i>
68.	<i>17/2023 – CT(R), dt. 19.10.2023</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 01/2017- CT(R), dated 28.06.2017</i>
69.	<i>19/2023 – CT(R), dt. 19.10.2023</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 04/2017- CT(R), dated 28.06.2017</i>
70.	<i>01/2024 – CT(R), dt. 03.01.2024</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 01/2017- CT(R), dated 28.06.2017</i>

C. Rule related Notifications*NIL***D. Orders**

S.No.	<i>ROD/Order/Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	<i>O-2/2018 – GST, dt. 31.03.2018</i>	<i>Incidence of GST on providing catering services in train</i>

E. Circulars

S.No.	<i>Circular/Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	<i>06/2017 – GST, dt. 27.08.2017</i>	<i>Clarification on classification and GST rate on lottery</i>
2.	<i>12/2017 – GST, dt. 26.10.2017</i>	<i>Clarifies the applicability of GST on the superior kerosene oil [SKO] retained for the manufacture of Linear Alkyl Benzene [LAB]</i>
3.	<i>13/2017 – GST, dt. 27.10.2017</i>	<i>Clarification of classification of cut pieces of fabric under GST</i>
4.	<i>16/2017 – GST, dt. 15.11.2017</i>	<i>Clarifications regarding applicability of GST and availability of ITC in respect of certain services</i>
5.	<i>19/2017 – GST, dt. 20.11.2017</i>	<i>Clarification on taxability of custom milling of paddy.</i>
6.	<i>21/2017 – GST, dt. 22.11.2017</i>	<i>Inter-state movement of rigs, tools and spares, and all goods on wheels [like cranes]</i>
7.	<i>22/2017 – GST, dt. 22.11.2017</i>	<i>Clarification on issues regarding treatment of supply by an artist in various States and supply of goods by artists from galleries</i>
8.	<i>27/2018 – GST, dt. 04.01.2018</i>	<i>Clarifications regarding levy of GST on accommodation services, betting and gambling in casinos, horse racing, admission to cinema, home stays, printing, legal services etc.</i>

9.	28/2018 – GST, dt. 08.01.2018	<i>Clarifications regarding GST on college hostel mess fees</i>
10.	28/2018 – GST, <i>Corrigendum</i> , dt. 08.01.2018	<i>Corrigendum to Circular No. 28.02.2018-GST, dt. 08.01.2018</i>
11.	29/2018 – GST, dt. 25.01.2018	<i>Applicability of GST on Polybutylene feedstock and Liquefied Petroleum Gas retained for the manufacture of Poly ISO Butylene and Propylene or Di-butyl para Cresol</i>
12.	30/2018 – GST, dt. 25.01.2018	<i>Clarification regarding supplies made to the Indian Railways classifiable under any chapter, other than Chapter 86</i>
13.	32/2018 – GST, dt. 12.02.2018	<i>Clarifications regarding GST in respect of certain services as decided in 25th GST Council meeting</i>
14.	34/2018 – GST, dt. 01.03.2018	<i>Clarification regarding GST in respect of certain services</i>
15.	F.No. 354/03/2018- TRU, dt. 31.03.2018	<i>Incidence of GST on providing catering services in train</i>
16.	44/2018 – GST, dt. 02.05.2018	<i>Issue related to taxability of 'tenancy rights' under GST</i>
17.	46/2018 – GST, dt. 06.06.2018	<i>Applicable GST rate on Priority Sector Lending Certificates (PSLCs), Renewable Energy Certificates (RECs) and other similar scrips</i>
18.	47/2018 – GST, dt. 08.06.2018	<i>Clarifications of certain issues under GST</i>
19.	50/2018 – GST, dt. 31.07.2018	<i>Withdrawal of Circular No. 28.02.2018-GST, dt. 08.01.2018 as amended vide Corrigendum dt. 18.01.2018 and Order No 02/2018-CT, dt. 31.03.2018</i>
20.	51/2018 – GST, dt. 31.07.2018	<i>Applicability of GST on ambulance services provided to Government by private service providers under the National Health Mission (NHM)</i>
21.	52/2018 – GST, dt. 09.08.2018	<i>Circular No. 52/26/2018-GST, dt. 09.08.2018 in regard of clarification regarding applicability of GST rates on various goods and services</i>
22.	53/2018 – GST, dt. 09.08.2018	<i>Circular No. 53/27/2018-GST, dt. 09.08.2018 in regard of clarification regarding applicability of GST on petroleum gases retained for the manufacture of petrochemical and chemical products</i>
23.	54/2018 – GST, dt. 09.08.2018	<i>Circular No. 54/28/2018-GST, dt. 09.08.2018 in regard of classification of fertilizers supplied for use in the manufacture of other fertilizers at 5 % GST rate</i>
24.	55/2018 – GST, dt. 10.08.2018	<i>Taxability of services provided by Industrial Training Institutes (ITI)</i>

25.	<i>62/2018 – GST, dt. 12.09.2018</i>	<i>Levy of GST on Priority Sector Lending Certificate</i>
26.	<i>66/2018 – GST, dt. 26.09.2018</i>	<i>GST on Residential programmes or camps meant for advancement of religion, spirituality or yoga by religious and charitable trusts</i>
27.	<i>76/2018 – GST, dt. 31.12.2018</i>	<i>Clarification on certain issues (sale by government departments to unregistered person)</i>
28.	<i>80/2018 – GST, dt. 31.12.2018</i>	<i>Clarification regarding GST rates & classification (goods)</i>
29.	<i>81/2018 – GST, dt. 31.12.2018</i>	<i>Clarification regarding GST rate for Sprinkler and Drip irrigation System including laterals</i>
30.	<i>82/2019 – GST, dt. 01.01.2019</i>	<i>Applicability of GST on various programmes conducted by the Indian Institutes of Managements (IMs)</i>
31.	<i>83/2019 – GST, dt. 01.01.2019</i>	<i>Applicability of GST on Asian Development Bank (ADB) and International Finance Corporation (IFC)</i>
32.	<i>84/2019 – GST, dt. 01.01.2019</i>	<i>Clarification on issue of classification of service of printing of pictures covered under 998386</i>
33.	<i>85/2019 – GST, dt. 01.01.2019</i>	<i>Clarification on GST rate applicable on supply of food and beverage services by educational institution</i>
34.	<i>86/2019 – GST, dt. 01.01.2019</i>	<i>GST on Services of Business Facilitator (BF) or a Business Correspondent (BC) to Banking Company</i>
35.	<i>93/2019 – GST, dt. 08.03.2019</i>	<i>Clarification regarding nature of supply of Priority Sector Lending Certificates (PSLC)</i>
36.	<i>100/2019 – GST, dt. 30.04.2019</i>	<i>GST Applicability on Seed Certification Tags</i>
37.	<i>101/2019 – GST, dt. 30.04.2019</i>	<i>GST exemption on the upfront amount payable in installments for long term lease of plots, under N. No. 12/2017, CT(R), S.No. 41, dt. 28.06.2017</i>
38.	<i>109/2019 – GST, dt. 22.07.2019</i>	<i>Clarification on issues related to GST on monthly subscription/contribution charged by a Residential Welfare Association from its members</i>
39.	<i>113/2019 – GST, dt. 11.10.2019</i>	<i>Clarification regarding GST rates & classification of various goods and services</i>
40.	<i>114/2019 – GST, dt. 11.10.2019</i>	<i>Clarification on the scope of support services to exploration, mining or drilling of petroleum crude or natural gas or both</i>
41.	<i>119/2019 – GST, dt. 11.10.2019</i>	<i>Clarification regarding taxability of lending of securities under Securities Lending Scheme, 1997</i>

42.	<i>121/2019 – GST, dt. 11.10.2019</i>	<i>Clarification related to supply of grant of alcoholic liquor license</i>
43.	<i>130/2019 – GST, dt. 31.12.2019</i>	<i>RCM on renting of motor vehicles</i>
44.	<i>140/2020 – GST, dt. 10.06.2020</i>	<i>Clarification in respect of levy of GST on Director's Remuneration.</i>
45.	<i>149/05/2021-GST, dt. 17.06.2021</i>	<i>Clarification regarding applicability of GST on supply of food in Anganwadis and Schools</i>
46.	<i>150/06/2021-GST, dt. 17.06.2021</i>	<i>Clarification regarding applicability of GST on the activity of construction of road where considerations are received in deferred payment (annuity)</i>
47.	<i>151/07/2021-GST, dt. 17.06.2021</i>	<i>Clarification regarding GST on supply of various services by Central and State Board (such as National Board of Examination)</i>
48.	<i>152/08/2021-GST, dt. 17.06.2021</i>	<i>Clarification regarding rate of tax applicable on construction services provided to a Government Entity, in relation to construction, such as, of a Ropeway on turnkey basis</i>
49.	<i>153/09/2021-GST, dt. 17.06.2021</i>	<i>GST on milling of wheat into flour or paddy into rice for distribution by State Governments under PDS</i>
50.	<i>154/10/2021-GST, dt. 17.06.2021</i>	<i>GST on services supplied by State Govt. to their undertakings or PSUs by way of guaranteeing loans taken by them</i>
51.	<i>155/11/2021-GST, dt. 17.06.2021</i>	<i>Clarification regarding GST rate on laterals/parts of Sprinklers or Drip Irrigation System</i>
52.	<i>163/19/2021-GST, dt. 06.10.2021</i>	<i>Clarification regarding GST rates & classification (goods) based on the recommendations of the GST Council in its 45th meeting held on 17th September, 2021 at Lucknow</i>
53.	<i>164/2020/2021-GST, dt. 06.10.2021</i>	<i>Clarifications regarding applicable GST rates & exemptions on certain services</i>
54.	<i>167/23/2021-GST, dt. 17.12.2021</i>	<i>GST on service supplied by restaurants through e-commerce operators</i>
55.	<i>177/09/2022-GST, dt. 03.08.2022</i>	<i>Clarifications regarding applicable GST rates & exemptions on certain services</i>
56.	<i>178/10/2022-GST, dt. 03.08.2022</i>	<i>GST applicability on liquidated damages, compensation and penalty arising out of breach of contract or other provisions of law</i>
57.	<i>179/11/2022-GST, dt. 03.08.2022</i>	<i>Clarification regarding GST rates & classification (goods) based on the recommendations of the GST Council in its 47th meeting held on 28th – 29th June, 2022 at Chandigarh</i>
58.	<i>191/03/2023-GST, dt. 27.03.2023</i>	<i>Clarification regarding GST rate and classification of 'Rab' based on the recommendation</i>
59.	<i>200/12/2023-GST, dt. 01.08.2023</i>	<i>Clarification regarding GST rates and classification of certain goods based on the recommendations of the GST Council in its 50th meeting held on 11th July, 2023</i>

60.	201/13/2023-GST, dt. 01.08.2023	<i>Clarifications regarding applicability of GST on certain services</i>
61.	205/17/2023-GST, dt. 27.10.2023	<i>Clarification regarding GST rate on imitation zari thread or yarn based on the recommendation of the GST Council in its 52nd meeting held on 7th October, 2023</i>
62.	206/18/2023-GST, dt. 27.10.2023	<i>Clarifications regarding applicability of GST on certain services</i>
F. Instructions		
S.No.	Instructions /Date	Contents
1.	3/2/2020-GST, dt. 24.06.2020	<i>Payment of GST by real estate promoter/ developer supplying construction of residential apartment etc. on the shortfall value of inward supplies from registered supplier at the end of the financial year</i>

10. Composition levy.

- (1) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Act but subject to the provisions of sub-sections (3) and (4) of section 9, a registered person, whose aggregate turnover in the preceding financial year did not exceed fifty lakh rupees, may opt to pay, ¹[in lieu of the tax payable by him under sub-section (1) of section 9, an amount of tax calculated at such rate] as may be prescribed, but not exceeding,—
- (a) one per cent. of the turnover in State or turnover in Union territory in case of a manufacturer,
 - (b) two and a half per cent. of the turnover in State or turnover in Union territory in case of persons engaged in making supplies referred to in clause (b) of paragraph 6 of Schedule II, and
 - (c) half per cent. of the turnover in State or turnover in Union territory in case of other suppliers,

subject to such conditions and restrictions as may be prescribed:

Provided that the Government may, by notification, increase the said limit of fifty lakh rupees to such higher amount, not exceeding ²[one crore and fifty lakh rupees] as may be recommended by the Council.

³[Provided further that a person who opts to pay tax under clause (a) or clause (b) or clause (c) may supply services (other than those referred to in clause (b) of paragraph 6 of Schedule II), of value not exceeding ten per cent. of turnover in a State or Union territory in the preceding financial year or five lakh rupees, whichever is higher.]

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019) by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018, for the words “in lieu of the tax payable by him, an amount calculated at such rate”.

² Subs. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019) by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018, for the words “one crore rupees”.

³ Ins. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019) by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018.

¹[*Explanation.*— For the purposes of second proviso, the value of exempt supply of services provided by way of extending deposits, loans or advances in so far as the consideration is represented by way of interest or discount shall not be taken into account for determining the value of turnover in a State or Union territory.]

- (2) The registered person shall be eligible to opt under sub-section (1), if:—
- 2[(a) save as provided in sub-section (1), he is not engaged in the supply of services];
 - (b) he is not engaged in making any supply of goods ³[or services] which are not leviable to tax under this Act;
 - (c) he is not engaged in making any inter-State outward supplies of goods ⁴[or services];
 - (d) he is not engaged in making any supply of ⁵[***] ⁶[services] through an electronic commerce operator who is required to collect tax at source under section 52; ⁷[***]
 - (e) he is not a manufacturer of such goods as may be notified by the Government on the recommendations of the ⁸[Council; and]
 - 9[(f) he is neither a casual taxable person nor a non-resident taxable person:]

Provided that where more than one registered persons are having the same Permanent Account Number (issued under the Income-tax Act, 1961), (43 of 1961) the registered person shall not be eligible to opt for the scheme under sub-section (1) unless all such registered persons opt to pay tax under that sub-section.

¹ *Ins.* w.e.f. 01.01.2020 (vide Notification No. 01/2020-CT, dt. 01.01.2020) by the Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (s.93) dt. 01.08.2019.

² *Subs.* w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019) clause (a) by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018. Formerly, it read as:

“(a) he is not engaged in the supply of services other than supplies referred to in clause (b) of paragraph 6 of Schedule II”.

³ *Ins.* w.e.f. 01.01.2021 (vide Notification No. 92/2020-CT, dt. 22.12.2020) by the Finance Act, 2020 (12 of 2020) (s.119) dt. 27.03.2020.

⁴ *Ins.* w.e.f. 01.01.2021 (vide Notification No. 92/2020-CT, dt. 22.12.2020) by the Finance Act, 2020 (12 of 2020) (s.119) dt. 27.03.2020.

⁵ *Omt.* the words “goods or” w.e.f. 01.10.2023 (vide Notification No. 28/2023-CT, dt. 31.07.2023) the Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023) (s.137) enacted on 31.03.2023. Earlier *ins.* for the word “or” w.e.f. 01.01.2021 (vide Notification No. 92/2020-CT, dt. 22.12.2020) by the Finance Act, 2020 (12 of 2020) (s.119) dt. 27.03.2020.

⁶ *Ins.* w.e.f. 01.01.2021 (vide Notification No. 92/2020-CT, dt. 22.12.2020) by the Finance Act, 2020 (12 of 2020) (s.119) dt. 27.03.2020.

⁷ *Omt.* the word “and” w.e.f. 01.01.2020 (vide Notification No. 01/2020-CT, dt. 01.01.2020) by the Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (s.93) dt. 01.08.2019.

⁸ *Subs.* w.e.f. 01.01.2020 (vide Notification No. 01/2020-CT, dt. 01.01.2020) by the Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (s.93) dt. 01.08.2019, for the word “Council.”.

⁹ *Ins.* w.e.f. 01.01.2020 (vide Notification No. 01/2020-CT, dt. 01.01.2020) by the Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (s.93) dt. 01.08.2019.

¹[(2A) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Act, but subject to the provisions of sub-sections (3) and (4) of section 9, a registered person, not eligible to opt to pay tax under sub-section (1) and sub-section (2), whose aggregate turnover in the preceding financial year did not exceed fifty lakh rupees, may opt to pay, in lieu of the tax payable by him under sub-section (1) of section 9, an amount of tax calculated at such rate as may be prescribed, but not exceeding three per cent. of the turnover in State or turnover in Union territory, if he is not—

- (a) engaged in making any supply of goods or services which are not leviable to tax under this Act;
- (b) engaged in making any inter-State outward supplies of goods or services;
- (c) engaged in making any supply of ²[***] services through an electronic commerce operator who is required to collect tax at source under section 52;
- (d) a manufacturer of such goods or supplier of such services as may be notified by the Government on the recommendations of the Council; and
- (e) a casual taxable person or a non-resident taxable person:

Provided that where more than one registered person are having the same Permanent Account Number issued under the Income-tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961), the registered person shall not be eligible to opt for the scheme under this sub-section unless all such registered persons opt to pay tax under this sub-section.]

- (3) The option availed of by a registered person under sub-section (1) ³[or sub-section (2A), as the case may be,] shall lapse with effect from the day on which his aggregate turnover during a financial year exceeds the limit specified under sub-section (1) ⁴[or sub-section (2A), as the case may be,].
- (4) A taxable person to whom the provisions of sub-section (1) ⁵[or, as the case may be, sub-section (2A)] apply shall not collect any tax from the recipient on supplies made by him nor shall he be entitled to any credit of input tax.
- (5) If the proper officer has reasons to believe that a taxable person has paid tax under sub-section (1) ⁶[or sub-section (2A), as the case may be,] despite not being eligible, such person shall, in addition to any tax that may be payable by him under any other provisions of this Act, be liable to a penalty and the provisions of section 73 or section 74 shall, *mutatis mutandis*, apply for determination of tax and penalty.

¹ *Ins. w.e.f. 01.01.2020* (vide Notification No. 01/2020-CT, dt. 01.01.2020) by the Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (s.93) dt. 01.08.2019.

² *Omtd.* the words “goods or” w.e.f. 01.10.2023 (vide Notification No. 28/2023-CT, dt. 31.07.2023) by the Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023) (s.137) enacted on 31.03.2023.

³ *Ins. w.e.f. 01.01.2020* (vide Notification No. 01/2020-CT, dt. 01.01.2020) by the Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (s.93) dt. 01.08.2019.

⁴ *Ins. w.e.f. 01.01.2020* (vide Notification No. 01/2020-CT, dt. 01.01.2020) by the Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (s.93) dt. 01.08.2019.

⁵ *Ins. w.e.f. 01.01.2020* (vide Notification No. 01/2020-CT, dt. 01.01.2020) by the Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (s.93) dt. 01.08.2019.

⁶ *Ins. w.e.f. 01.01.2020* (vide Notification No. 01/2020-CT, dt. 01.01.2020) by the Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (s.93) dt. 01.08.2019.

¹[Explanation 1.— For the purposes of computing aggregate turnover of a person for determining his eligibility to pay tax under this section, the expression “aggregate turnover” shall include the value of supplies made by such person from the 1st day of April of a financial year upto the date when he becomes liable for registration under this Act, but shall not include the value of exempt supply of services provided by way of extending deposits, loans or advances in so far as the consideration is represented by way of interest or discount.

Explanation 2.— For the purposes of determining the tax payable by a person under this section, the expression “turnover in State or turnover in Union territory” shall not include the value of following supplies, namely:—

- (i) supplies from the first day of April of a financial year upto the date when such person becomes liable for registration under this Act; and
- (ii) exempt supply of services provided by way of extending deposits, loans or advances in so far as the consideration is represented by way of interest or discount.]

A. Section 10 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>Rule 3</i>	<i>Intimation for composition levy</i>	<i>Forms GST CMP-01, CMP-02, CMP-03, REG-01, ITC-03, TRAN-1</i>
<i>Rule 4</i>	<i>Effective date for composition levy</i>	<i>Nil</i>
<i>Rule 5</i>	<i>Conditions and restrictions for composition levy</i>	<i>Nil</i>
<i>Rule 6</i>	<i>Validity of composition levy</i>	<i>Forms GST CMP-04, CMP-05, CMP-06, CMP-07, ITC-01</i>
<i>Rule 7</i>	<i>Rate of tax of the composition levy</i>	<i>Nil</i>
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	01/2017 – CT, dt. 19.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 10 of the CGST Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 22.06.2017</i>
2.	08/2017 – CT, dt. 27.06.2017	<i>Notifies the turnover limit and rates for Composition Levy for CGST</i>
3.	46/2017 – CT, dt. 13.10.2017	<i>Amends N. No. 08/2017 – CT – Increase the turnover limit for Composition Levy for CGST</i>
4.	01/2018 – CT, dt. 01.01.2018	<i>Amends N. No. 8/2017 – CT so as to prescribe effective rate of tax under composition scheme for manufacturers and other suppliers</i>
5.	<i>CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018 (31 of 2018), dt. 29.08.2018 read with N. No. 02/2019 – CT, dt. 29.01.2019</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 10(1) and sec 10(2) w.e.f. 01.02.2019</i>

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 01.01.2020 (vide Notification No. 01/2020-CT, dt. 01.01.2020) by the Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (s.93) dt. 01.08.2019.

6.	05/2019 – CT, dt. 29.01.2019	<i>Amends N. No. 08/2017 – CT, dt. 27.06.2017 so as to align the rates for Composition Scheme read with Rule 7 of the CGST Rules, 2017 w.e.f. 01.02.2019</i>
7.	14/2019 – CT, dt. 07.03.2019	<i>Supersedes N. No. 08/2017 – CT, dt. 27.06.2017 in order to extend the limit of threshold of aggregate turnover for availing Composition Scheme u/s 10 of the CGST Act, 2017 to Rs. 1.5 crores read with Rule 7 of the CGST Rules, 2017; w.e.f. 01.04.2019</i>
8.	43/2019 – CT, dt. 30.09.2019	<i>Amends N. No 14/2019 – CT, dt. 07.03.2019 so as to exclude manufacturers of aerated waters from the purview of composition scheme.</i>
9.	<i>Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (23 of 2019), dt. 01.08.2019 read with N. No. 01/2020 – CT, dt. 01.01.2020</i>	<i>Various amendments in sec 10, w.e.f. 01.01.2020</i>
10.	<i>Finance Act, 2020 (Act No. 12 of 2020), dt. 27.03.2020 read with N. No. 92/2020 – CT, dt. 22.12.2020</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 10(2) w.e.f. 01.01.2021</i>
11.	04/2022 – CT, dt. 31.03.2022	<i>Amends N. No. 14/2019-CT to implement special composition scheme for Brick Kilns, as recommended by 45 GST Council Meeting</i>
12.	16/2022 – CT, dt. 13.07.2022	<i>Amends N. No. 14/2019-CT to implement special composition scheme for Brick Kilns</i>
13.	<i>Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023), dt. 31.03.2023 read with N. No. 28/2023 – CT, dt. 31.07.2023</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 10(2) & (2A) w.e.f. 01.10.2023 [Sec 137 of the Finance Act, 2023]</i>

C. Rule related Notifications

1.	03/2017 – CT, dt. 19.06.2017	<i>CGST Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rules 3 to 7</i>
2.	07/2017 – CT, dt. 27.06.2017	<i>CGST (Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending N. No. 3/2017 dt. 19.06.2017</i>
3.	08/2017 – CT, dt. 27.06.2017	<i>Notifies the turnover limit and rates for Composition Levy for CGST</i>
4.	22/2017 – CT, dt. 17.08.2017	<i>CGST (Fifth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 3</i>
5.	34/2017 – CT, dt. 15.09.2017	<i>CGST (Seventh Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 3</i>
6.	45/2017 – CT, dt. 13.10.2017	<i>CGST (Ninth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 3 and Form GST CMP-02</i>
7.	03/2018 – CT, dt. 23.01.2018	<i>CGST (First Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rules 3 and 7</i>

8.	03/2019 – CT, dt. 29.01.2019	<i>CGST (First Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Rule 7 and Chapter II heading, Form GST REG-01</i>
9.	05/2019 – CT, dt. 29.01.2019	<i>Amends N. No. 08/2017 – CT, dt. 27.06.2017 so as to align the rates for Composition Scheme with CGST Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 7</i>
10.	14/2019 – CT, dt. 07.03.2019	<i>Supersedes N. No. 08/2017 – CT, dt. 27.06.2017 in order to extend the limit of threshold of aggregate turnover for availing Composition Scheme u/s 10 of the CGST Act, 2017 to Rs. 1.5 crores; Read with Rule 7; w.e.f. 01.04.2019</i>
11.	20/2019 – CT, dt. 07.03.2019	<i>CGST (Third Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Form GST REG-01</i>
12.	02/2020 – CT, dt. 01.01.2020	<i>CGST (Amendment) Rules, 2020 – Amending Form GST REG-01</i>
13.	30/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020	<i>Amends CGST Rules (Fourth Amendment) in order to allow opting Composition Scheme for FY 2020-21 till 30.06.2020 and to allow cumulative application of condition in rule 36(4)</i>
14.	50/2020 – CT, dt. 24.06.2020	<i>CGST (Seventh Amendment) Rules, 2020 – Amending Rule 7</i>

D. Orders

S.No.	ROD/Order/Date	Contents
1.	<i>O-1/2017 – GST, dt. 21.07.2017</i>	<i>Extension of date for filing option for composition scheme</i>
2.	<i>O-4/2017 – GST, dt. 29.09.2017</i>	<i>Extension of time limit for intimation of details in Form GST CMP-03</i>
3.	<i>ROD-1/2017 – GST, dt. 13.10.2017</i>	<i>To remove difficulties in implementing provisions of composition scheme</i>
4.	<i>O-5/2017 – GST, dt. 28.10.2017</i>	<i>Extension of time limit for intimation of details of stock in Form GST CMP-03</i>
5.	<i>O-11/2017 – GST, dt. 21.12.2017</i>	<i>Extension of time limit of details of stock held on the date preceding the date from which the option for composition levy is exercised in Form GST CMP-03</i>
6.	<i>ROD-1/2019 – GST, dt. 01.02.2019</i>	<i>Supersedes Removal of Difficulties Order No. 1/2017 - Central Tax dated 13.10.2017 in view of the amendment to sec 10 of the CGST Act (regarding allowing registered persons opting for Composition Scheme to supply services up to a limit) coming into force w.e.f. 01.02.2019</i>
7.	<i>ROD-3/2019 – GST, dt. 08.03.2019</i>	<i>To remove difficulty in implementation of N. No. 2/2019-CT(R)-Composition scheme for service providers</i>

<i>E. Circulars</i>		
S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	01/2017 – GST, dt. 26.06.2017	<i>Proper officer for provisions relating to Registration and Composition levy under the Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 or the rules made thereunder</i>
2.	77/2018 – GST, dt. 31.12.2018	<i>Denial of composition option by tax authorities and effective date thereof</i>
3.	97/2019 – GST, dt. 05.04.2019	<i>Clarifying issues regarding exercise of option to pay tax under N. No. 2/2019-CT(R), dt. 07.03.2019</i>
4.	136/2020 – GST, dt. 03.04.2020	<i>Clarification in respect of various measures announced by the Government for providing relief to the taxpayers in view of spread of Novel Corona Virus (COVID-19)</i>
5.	200/12/2023-GST, dt. 01.08.2023	<i>Clarification regarding GST rates and classification of certain goods based on the recommendations of the GST Council in its 50th meeting held on 11th July, 2023</i>
6.	201/13/2023-GST, dt. 01.08.2023	<i>Clarifications regarding applicability of GST on certain services</i>
<i>F. Instructions</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		

11. Power to grant exemption from tax

- (1) Where the Government is satisfied that it is necessary in the public interest so to do, it may, on the recommendations of the Council, by notification, exempt generally, either absolutely or subject to such conditions as may be specified therein, goods or services or both of any specified description from the whole or any part of the tax leviable thereon with effect from such date as may be specified in such notification.
- (2) Where the Government is satisfied that it is necessary in the public interest so to do, it may, on the recommendations of the Council, by special order in each case, under circumstances of an exceptional nature to be stated in such order, exempt from payment of tax any goods or services or both on which tax is leviable.
- (3) The Government may, if it considers necessary or expedient so to do for the purpose of clarifying the scope or applicability of any notification issued under sub-section (1) or order issued under sub-section (2), insert an explanation in such notification or order, as the case may be, by notification at any time within one year of issue of the notification under sub-section (1) or order under sub-section (2), and every such explanation shall have effect as if it had always been the part of the first such notification or order, as the case may be.

*Explanation.—*For the purposes of this section, where an exemption in respect of any goods or services or both from the whole or part of the tax leviable thereon has been granted absolutely, the registered person supplying such goods or services or both shall not collect the tax, in excess of the effective rate, on such supply of goods or services or both.

A. Section 11 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 11 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	02/2017 – CT (R), dt. 28.06.2017, and subsequent amendments thereto	<i>Exemptions on supply of goods under CGST Act</i>
3.	03/2017 – CT (R), dt. 28.06.2017	<i>2.5% concessional CGST rate for supplies to Exploration and Production notified under sec 11(1)</i>
4.	07/2017 – CT (R), dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Exemption from CGST to supplies by CSD to Unit Run Canteens and supplies by CSD/Unit Run Canteens to authorised customers notified under sec 11(1) and sec 55</i>
5.	26/2017 – CT (R), dt. 21.09.2017	<i>Exempts intra state supply of heavy water and nuclear fuels from Department of Atomic Energy to NPCIL under the CGST Act</i>
6.	40/2017 – CT (R), dt. 23.10.2017	<i>Prescribes CGST rate of 0.05% on intra-State supply of taxable goods by a registered supplier to a registered recipient for export, subject to conditions</i>
7.	45/2017 – CT (R), dt. 14.11.2017	<i>Provides concessional GST rate of 2.5% on scientific and technical equipments supplied to public funded research institutions</i>
8.	05/2018 – CT (R), dt. 25.01.2018	<i>Exempts Central Government's share of Profit Petroleum from Central tax</i>
9.	09/2018 – CT (R), dt. 25.01.2018	<i>Amends N. No. 45/2017-CT (R) dt. 14.11.2017</i>
10.	21/2018 – CT (R), dt. 26.07.2018	<i>Prescribe concessional CGST rate on specified handicraft items, to give effect to the recommendations of the GST Council in 28th meeting held on 21.07.2018</i>
11.	26/2018 – CT (R), dt. 31.12.2018	<i>Exempts central tax on supply of gold by nominated agencies to registered persons</i>
12.	F. No. 354/432/2018- TRU (pt) - dt. 31.01.2019 – CT(R)	<i>Corrigendum – N. No. 26/2018-CT (R), dt. 31.12.2018</i>
13.	02/2019 – CT (R), dt. 07.03.2019	<i>To give composition scheme for supplier of services and mixed supplies with a tax rate of 6% having annual turnover in preceding year upto Rs 50 lakhs</i>

14.	<i>Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (23 of 2019) (s.113) dt. 01.08.2019</i>	<i>Exemption to “Uranium Ore Concentrate” (HSN Chapter 26) by inserting entry no. 103 in N. No. 2/2017-CT (R) dt. 28.06.2017 w.e.f. 01.07.2017, retrospectively</i>
15.	<i>16/2019 – CT (R), dt. 30.09.2019</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 3/2017-CT (R), dt. 28.06.2017 so as to extend concessional CGST rates to petroleum operations or coal bed methane operations undertaken under specified projects under HELP/OALP, and other changes</i>
16.	<i>17/2019 – CT (R), dt. 30.09.2019</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 26/2018-CT (R), dt. 31.12.2018, so as to exempt CGST on supplies of silver and platinum by nominated agencies to registered persons</i>
17.	<i>19/2019 – CT (R), dt. 30.09.2019</i>	<i>Exempts supply of goods for specified projects under FAO</i>
18.	<i>04/2020 – CT (R), dt. 30.09.2020</i>	<i>Extension of CGST exemption on services by way of transportation of goods by air or by sea from customs station of clearance in India to a place outside India, by one year i.e. upto 30.09.2021</i>
19.	<i>05/2020 – CT (R), dt. 16.10.2020</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 12/2017-CT (R) so as to exempt satellite launch services provided by ISRO, Antrix Co. Ltd and NSIL as recommended by GST Council in its 42nd meeting held on 05.10.2020</i>
20.	<i>02/2021 – CT (R), dt. 02.06.2021</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 11/2017-CT (R) so as to notify CGST rates of various services as recommended by GST Council in its 43rd meeting held on 28.05.2021</i>
21.	<i>04/2021 – CT (R), dt. 14.06.2021</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 11/2017-CT (R) so as to notify GST rates of various services as recommended by GST Council in its 44th meeting held on 12.06.2021</i>
22.	<i>05/2021 – CT (R), dt. 14.06.2021</i>	<i>Provides the concessional rate of CGST on Covid-19 relief supplies, up to and inclusive of 30th September 2021</i>
23.	<i>Corrigendum, dt. 15.06.2021</i>	<i>Corrigendum - N. No. 05/2021-CT (R) dt. 14.06.2021</i>
24.	<i>07/2021 – CT (R), dt. 30.09.2021</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 12/2017-CT (R) so as to implement recommendations made by GST Council in its 45th meeting held on 17.09.2021</i>
25.	<i>09/2021 – CT (R), dt. 30.09.2021</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 2/2017-CT (R)</i>
26.	<i>12/2021 – CT (R), dt. 30.09.2021</i>	<i>Exempts CGST on specified medicines used in COVID-19, up to 31st December, 2021</i>
27.	<i>16/2021 – CT (R), dt. 18.11.2021</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 12/2017-CT (R) dated 28.06.2017</i>
28.	<i>19/2021 – CT (R), dt. 28.12.2021</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 2/2017-CT(R) dated 28.06.2017</i>
29.	<i>20/2021 – CT (R), dt. 28.12.2021</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 21/2018-CT(R) dated 26.07.2018</i>

30.	04/2022 – CT(R), dt. 13.07.2022	<i>Amends N. No. 12/2017-CT(R) dated 28.06.2017</i>
31.	07/2022 – CT(R), dt. 13.07.2022	<i>Amends N. No. 2/2017-CT(R)</i>
32.	08/2022 – CT(R), dt. 13.07.2022	<i>Amends N. No. 3/2017-CT(R)</i>
33.	11/2022 – CT(R), dt. 13.07.2022	<i>Rescinds N. No. 45/2017-CT(R)</i>
34.	13/2022 – CT(R), dt. 30.12.2022	<i>Amends N. No. 2/2017-CT(R)</i>
35.	15/2022 – CT(R), dt. 30.12.2022	<i>Amends N. No. 12/2017-CT(R)</i>
36.	01/2023 – CT(R), dt. 28.02.2023	<i>Amends N. No. 12/2017-CT(R) so as to notify change in GST with regards to services as recommended by GST Council in its 49th meeting held on 18.02.2023</i>
37.	04/2023 – CT(R), dt. 28.02.2023	<i>Amends N. No. 2/2017-CT(R), dated 28.06.2017</i>
38.	07/2023 – CT(R), dt. 26.07.2023	<i>Amends N. No. 12/2017-CT(R) so as to notify change in GST with regards to services as recommended by GST Council in its 50th meeting held on 11.07.2023</i>
39.	10/2023 – CT(R), dt. 26.07.2023	<i>Amends N. No. 26/2018-CT(R) to implement the decisions of 50th GST Council</i>
40.	13/2023 – CT(R), dt. 19.10.2023	<i>Amends N. No. 12/2017-CT(R), dated 28.06.2017</i>
41.	18/2023 – CT(R), dt. 19.10.2023	<i>Amends N. No. 02/2017-CT(R), dated 28.06.2017</i>

C. Rule related Notifications**NIL****D. Orders****NIL****E. Circulars**

S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	16/2017 – GST, dt. 15.11.2017	<i>Clarifications regarding applicability of GST and availability of ITC in respect of certain services</i>
2.	19/2017 – GST, dt. 20.11.2017	<i>Clarification on taxability of custom milling of paddy</i>

3.	<i>20/2017 – GST, dt. 22.11.2017</i>	<i>Classification and GST rate on “Terracotta Idols”</i>
4.	<i>27/2018 – GST, dt. 04.01.2018</i>	<i>Clarifications regarding levy of GST on accommodation services, betting and gambling in casinos, horse racing, admission to cinema, home stays, printing, legal services etc.</i>
5.	<i>32/2018 – GST, dt. 12.02.2018</i>	<i>Clarifications regarding GST in respect of certain services as decided in 25th GST Council meeting</i>
6.	<i>34/2018 – GST, dt. 01.03.2018</i>	<i>Clarification regarding GST in respect of certain services</i>
7.	<i>51/2018 – GST, dt. 31.07.2018</i>	<i>Applicability of GST on ambulance services provided to Govt by private service providers under the National Health Mission (NHM)</i>
8.	<i>52/2018 – GST, dt. 09.08.2018</i>	<i>Circular No. 52/26/2018-GST, dt. 09.08.2018 in regard of clarification regarding applicability of GST rates on various goods and services</i>
9.	<i>54/2018 – GST, dt. 09.08.2018</i>	<i>Circular No. 54/28/2018-GST, dt. 09.08.2018 in regard of classification of fertilizers supplied for use in the manufacture of other fertilizers at 5 % GST rate</i>
10.	<i>55/2018 – GST, dt. 10.08.2018</i>	<i>Taxability of services provided by Industrial Training Institutes (ITI)</i>
11.	<i>66/2018 – GST, dt. 26.09.2018</i>	<i>GST on Residential programmes or camps meant for advancement of religion, spirituality or yoga by religious and charitable trusts</i>
12.	<i>73/2018 – GST, dt. 05.11.2018</i>	<i>Scope of principal and agent relationship under Schedule I of CGST Act, 2017 in the context of del-credre agent</i>
13.	<i>80/2018 – GST, dt. 31.12.2018</i>	<i>Clarification regarding GST rates & classification (goods)</i>
14.	<i>82/2019 – GST, dt. 01.01.2019</i>	<i>Applicability of GST on various programmes conducted by the Indian Institutes of Managements (IIMs)</i>
15.	<i>83/2019 – GST, dt. 01.01.2019</i>	<i>Applicability of GST on Asian Development Bank (ADB) and International Finance Corporation (IFC)</i>
16.	<i>85/2019 – GST, dt. 01.01.2019</i>	<i>Clarification on GST rate applicable on supply of food and beverage services by educational institution</i>
17.	<i>86/2019 – GST, dt. 01.01.2019</i>	<i>GST on Services of Business Facilitator (BF) or a Business Correspondent (BC) to Banking Company</i>
18.	<i>100/2019 – GST, dt. 30.04.2019</i>	<i>GST Applicability on Seed Certification Tags</i>
19.	<i>101/2019 – GST, dt. 30.04.2019</i>	<i>GST exemption on the upfront amount payable in installments for long term lease of plots, under N. No. 12/2017, CT(R), S.No. 41, dt. 28.06.2017</i>

20.	<i>102/2019 – GST, dt. 28.06.2019</i>	<i>Clarification regarding applicability of GST on additional/penal interest</i>
21.	<i>109/2019 – GST, dt. 22.07.2019</i>	<i>Clarification on issues related to GST on monthly subscription/contribution charged by a Residential Welfare Association from its members</i>
22.	<i>113/2019 – GST, dt. 11.10.2019</i>	<i>Clarification regarding GST rates & classification of various goods and services</i>
23.	<i>116/2019 – GST, dt. 11.10.2019</i>	<i>Levy of GST on the service of display of name or placing of name plates of the donor in the premises of charitable organisations receiving donation or gifts by individual donors</i>
24.	<i>117/2019 – GST, dt. 11.10.2019</i>	<i>Clarification on applicability of GST exemption to the DG Shipping approved maritime courses conducted by Maritime Training Institutes of India</i>
25.	<i>120/2019 – GST, dt. 11.10.2019</i>	<i>Clarification on the effective date of explanation inserted in N. No. 11/2017-CT(R), dt. 28.06.2017, Sr. No. 3(vi)</i>
26.	<i>121/2019 – GST, dt. 11.10.2019</i>	<i>Clarification related to supply of grant of alcoholic liquor license</i>
27.	<i>126/2019 – GST, dt. 22.11.2019</i>	<i>Clarification on scope of the notification entry at item (id), related to job work, under heading 9988 of N.No. 11/2017-CT(R), dt. 28.06.2017</i>
28.	<i>138/2020 – GST, dt. 06.05.2020</i>	<i>Clarifies in respect of supply of goods made by registered supplier to a registered recipient (merchant exporter) at 0.1%</i>
29.	<i>149/05/2021-GST, dt. 17.06.2021</i>	<i>Clarification regarding applicability of GST on supply of food in Anganwadis and Schools</i>
30.	<i>150/06/2021-GST, dt. 17.06.2021</i>	<i>Clarification regarding applicability of GST on the activity of construction of road where considerations are received in deferred payment (annuity)</i>
31.	<i>151/07/2021-GST, dt. 17.06.2021</i>	<i>Clarification regarding GST on supply of various services by Central and State Board (such as National Board of Examination)</i>
32.	<i>152/08/2021-GST, dt. 17.06.2021</i>	<i>Clarification regarding rate of tax applicable on construction services provided to a Government Entity, in relation to construction, such as, of a Ropeway on turnkey basis</i>
33.	<i>153/09/2021-GST, dt. 17.06.2021</i>	<i>GST on milling of wheat into flour or paddy into rice for distribution by State Governments under PDS</i>
34.	<i>154/10/2021-GST, dt. 17.06.2021</i>	<i>GST on services supplied by State Govt. to their undertakings or PSUs by way of guaranteeing loans taken by them</i>
35.	<i>155/11/2021-GST, dt. 17.06.2021</i>	<i>Clarification regarding GST rate on laterals/parts of Sprinklers or Drip Irrigation System</i>

36.	<i>163/19/2021-GST, dt. 06.10.2021</i>	<i>Clarification regarding GST rates & classification (goods) based on the recommendations of the GST Council in its 45th meeting held on 17th September, 2021 at Lucknow</i>
37.	<i>164/2020/2021-GST, dt. 06.10.2021</i>	<i>Clarifications regarding applicable GST rates & exemptions on certain services</i>
38.	<i>177/09/2022-GST, dt. 03.08.2022</i>	<i>Clarifications regarding applicable GST rates & exemptions on certain services</i>
39.	<i>178/10/2022-GST, dt. 03.08.2022</i>	<i>GST applicability on liquidated damages, compensation and penalty arising out of breach of contract or other provisions of law</i>
40.	<i>179/11/2022-GST, dt. 03.08.2022</i>	<i>Clarification regarding GST rates & classification (goods) based on the recommendations of the GST Council in its 47th meeting held on 28th – 29th June, 2022 at Chandigarh</i>
F. Instructions		
<i>NIL</i>		

CHAPTER IV

TIME AND VALUE OF SUPPLY

12. Time of supply of goods.

- (1) The liability to pay tax on goods shall arise at the time of supply, as determined in accordance with the provisions of this section.
- (2) The time of supply of goods shall be the earlier of the following dates, namely:—
 - (a) the date of issue of invoice by the supplier or the last date on which he is required, under ^{1[***]} section 31, to issue the invoice with respect to the supply; or
 - (b) the date on which the supplier receives the payment with respect to the supply:

Provided that where the supplier of taxable goods receives an amount up to one thousand rupees in excess of the amount indicated in the tax invoice, the time of supply to the extent of such excess amount shall, at the option of the said supplier, be the date of issue of invoice in respect of such excess amount.

Explanation 1.—For the purposes of clauses (a) and (b), “supply” shall be deemed to have been made to the extent it is covered by the invoice or, as the case may be, the payment.

Explanation 2.—For the purposes of clause (b), “the date on which the supplier receives the payment” shall be the date on which the payment is entered in his books of account or the date on which the payment is credited to his bank account, whichever is earlier.

- (3) In case of supplies in respect of which tax is paid or liable to be paid on reverse charge basis, the time of supply shall be the earliest of the following dates, namely:—
 - (a) the date of the receipt of goods; or
 - (b) the date of payment as entered in the books of account of the recipient or the date on which the payment is debited in his bank account, whichever is earlier; or
 - (c) the date immediately following thirty days from the date of issue of invoice or any other document, by whatever name called, in lieu thereof by the supplier:

Provided that where it is not possible to determine the time of supply under clause (a) or clause (b) or clause (c), the time of supply shall be the date of entry in the books of account of the recipient of supply.

- (4) In case of supply of vouchers by a supplier, the time of supply shall be—
 - (a) the date of issue of voucher, if the supply is identifiable at that point; or
 - (b) the date of redemption of voucher, in all other cases.

¹ *Omtl.* the words “sub-section (1) of” w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019) by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018.

- (5) Where it is not possible to determine the time of supply under the provisions of sub-section (2) or sub-section (3) or sub-section (4), the time of supply shall—
- in a case where a periodical return has to be filed, be the date on which such return is to be filed; or
 - in any other case, be the date on which the tax is paid.
- (6) The time of supply to the extent it relates to an addition in the value of supply by way of interest, late fee or penalty for delayed payment of any consideration shall be the date on which the supplier receives such addition in value.

A. Section 12 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 12 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	40/2017 – CT, dt. 13.10.2017	<i>Payment of tax at the time of issuance of invoice only (and not at the time of receipt of advance) by registered persons having aggregate turnover less than Rs 1.5 crores (other than composition taxpayers); sec 12, 14 and 148</i>
3.	66/2017 – CT, dt. 15.11.2017	<i>Exempts all taxpayers from payment of tax on advances received in case of supply of goods; sec 12, 14 and 148</i>
4.	<i>CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018 (31 of 2018), dt. 29.08.2018 read with N. No. 02/2019 – CT, dt. 29.01.2019</i>	<i>Amendment in clause (1) to sec 12(2) w.e.f. 01.02.2019</i>
5.	50/2023 – CT, dt. 29.09.2023	<i>Amends N. No. 66/2017-CT, dt. 15.11.2017 to exclude specified actionable claims</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
NIL		
F. Instructions		
NIL		

13. Time of supply of services.

- (1) The liability to pay tax on services shall arise at the time of supply, as determined in accordance with the provisions of this section.
- (2) The time of supply of services shall be the earliest of the following dates, namely:—
 - (a) the date of issue of invoice by the supplier, if the invoice is issued within the period prescribed under ¹[***] section 31 or the date of receipt of payment, whichever is earlier; or
 - (b) the date of provision of service, if the invoice is not issued within the period prescribed under ²[***] section 31 or the date of receipt of payment, whichever is earlier; or
 - (c) the date on which the recipient shows the receipt of services in his books of account, in a case where the provisions of clause (a) or clause (b) do not apply:

Provided that where the supplier of taxable service receives an amount up to one thousand rupees in excess of the amount indicated in the tax invoice, the time of supply to the extent of such excess amount shall, at the option of the said supplier, be the date of issue of invoice relating to such excess amount.

*Explanation.—*For the purposes of clauses (a) and (b)—

- (i) the supply shall be deemed to have been made to the extent it is covered by the invoice or, as the case may be, the payment;
 - (ii) “the date of receipt of payment” shall be the date on which the payment is entered in the books of account of the supplier or the date on which the payment is credited to his bank account, whichever is earlier.
- (3) In case of supplies in respect of which tax is paid or liable to be paid on reverse charge basis, the time of supply shall be the earlier of the following dates, namely:—
 - (a) the date of payment as entered in the books of account of the recipient or the date on which the payment is debited in his bank account, whichever is earlier; or
 - (b) the date immediately following sixty days from the date of issue of invoice or any other document, by whatever name called, in lieu thereof by the supplier:

Provided that where it is not possible to determine the time of supply under clause (a) or clause (b), the time of supply shall be the date of entry in the books of account of the recipient of supply:

Provided further that in case of supply by associated enterprises, where the supplier of service is located outside India, the time of supply shall be the date of entry in the books of account of the recipient of supply or the date of payment, whichever is earlier.

¹ *Omtd.* the words “sub-section (2) of” w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019) by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018.

² *Omtd.* the words “sub-section (2) of” w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019) by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018.

- (4) In case of supply of vouchers by a supplier, the time of supply shall be—
 (a) the date of issue of voucher, if the supply is identifiable at that point; or
 (b) the date of redemption of voucher, in all other cases.
- (5) Where it is not possible to determine the time of supply under the provisions of sub-section (2) or sub-section (3) or sub-section (4), the time of supply shall—
 (a) in a case where a periodical return has to be filed, be the date on which such return is to be filed; or
 (b) in any other case, be the date on which the tax is paid.
- (6) The time of supply to the extent it relates to an addition in the value of supply by way of interest, late fee or penalty for delayed payment of any consideration shall be the date on which the supplier receives such addition in value.

A. Section 13 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>NIL</i>		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 13 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	<i>CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018 (31 of 2018), dt. 29.08.2018 read with N. No. 02/2019 – CT, dt. 29.01.2019</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 13(2) w.e.f. 01.02.2019</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
<i>NIL</i>		
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		
E. Circulars		
S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	221/15/2024-GST, dt. 26.06.2024	<i>Time of supply on Annuity Payments under HAM Projects</i>
2.	222/16/2024-GST, dt. 26.06.2024	<i>Time of supply in respect of supply of allotment of Spectrum to Telecom companies in cases where an option is given to the Telecom Companies for payment of licence fee and Spectrum usage charges in instalments in addition to an option of upfront payment</i>
F. Instructions		
<i>NIL</i>		

14. Change in rate of tax in respect of supply of goods or services.

Notwithstanding anything contained in section 12 or section 13, the time of supply, where there is a change in the rate of tax in respect of goods or services or both, shall be determined in the following manner, namely:—

- (a) in case the goods or services or both have been supplied before the change in rate of tax,—
 - (i) where the invoice for the same has been issued and the payment is also received after the change in rate of tax, the time of supply shall be the date of receipt of payment or the date of issue of invoice, whichever is earlier; or
 - (ii) where the invoice has been issued prior to the change in rate of tax but payment is received after the change in rate of tax, the time of supply shall be the date of issue of invoice; or
 - (iii) where the payment has been received before the change in rate of tax, but the invoice for the same is issued after the change in rate of tax, the time of supply shall be the date of receipt of payment;
- (b) in case the goods or services or both have been supplied after the change in rate of tax,—
 - (i) where the payment is received after the change in rate of tax but the invoice has been issued prior to the change in rate of tax, the time of supply shall be the date of receipt of payment; or
 - (ii) where the invoice has been issued and payment is received before the change in rate of tax, the time of supply shall be the date of receipt of payment or date of issue of invoice, whichever is earlier; or
 - (iii) where the invoice has been issued after the change in rate of tax but the payment is received before the change in rate of tax, the time of supply shall be the date of issue of invoice:

Provided that the date of receipt of payment shall be the date of credit in the bank account if such credit in the bank account is after four working days from the date of change in the rate of tax.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this section, “the date of receipt of payment” shall be the date on which the payment is entered in the books of account of the supplier or the date on which the payment is credited to his bank account, whichever is earlier.

A. Section 14 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 14 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017

2.	<i>40/2017 – CT, dt. 13.10.2017</i>	<i>Payment of tax at the time of issuance of invoice only (and not at the time of receipt of advance) by registered persons having aggregate turnover less than Rs 1.5 crores (other than composition taxpayers); sec 12, 14 and 148</i>
3.	<i>66/2017 – CT, dt. 15.11.2017</i>	<i>Exempts all taxpayers from payment of tax on advances received in case of supply of goods; sec 12, 14 and 148</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
NIL		
F. Instructions		
NIL		

15. Value of taxable supply.

- (1) The value of a supply of goods or services or both shall be the transaction value, which is the price actually paid or payable for the said supply of goods or services or both where the supplier and the recipient of the supply are not related and the price is the sole consideration for the supply.
- (2) The value of supply shall include—
 - (a) any taxes, duties, cesses, fees and charges levied under any law for the time being in force other than this Act, the State Goods and Services Tax Act, the Union Territory Goods and Services Tax Act and the Goods and Services Tax (Compensation to States) Act, if charged separately by the supplier;
 - (b) any amount that the supplier is liable to pay in relation to such supply but which has been incurred by the recipient of the supply and not included in the price actually paid or payable for the goods or services or both;
 - (c) incidental expenses, including commission and packing, charged by the supplier to the recipient of a supply and any amount charged for anything done by the supplier in respect of the supply of goods or services or both at the time of, or before delivery of goods or supply of services;
 - (d) interest or late fee or penalty for delayed payment of any consideration for any supply; and
 - (e) subsidies directly linked to the price excluding subsidies provided by the Central Government and State Governments.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this sub-section, the amount of subsidy shall be included in the value of supply of the supplier who receives the subsidy.

- (3) The value of the supply shall not include any discount which is given—
 - (a) before or at the time of the supply if such discount has been duly recorded in the invoice issued in respect of such supply; and
 - (b) after the supply has been effected, if—
 - (i) such discount is established in terms of an agreement entered into at or before the time of such supply and specifically linked to relevant invoices; and
 - (ii) input tax credit as is attributable to the discount on the basis of document issued by the supplier has been reversed by the recipient of the supply.
- (4) Where the value of the supply of goods or services or both cannot be determined under sub-section (1), the same shall be determined in such manner as may be prescribed.
- (5) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1) or sub-section (4), the value of such supplies as may be notified by the Government on the recommendations of the Council shall be determined in such manner as may be prescribed.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this Act,—

- (a) persons shall be deemed to be “related persons” if—
 - (i) such persons are officers or directors of one another’s businesses;
 - (ii) such persons are legally recognised partners in business;
 - (iii) such persons are employer and employee;
 - (iv) any person directly or indirectly owns, controls or holds twenty-five per cent. or more of the outstanding voting stock or shares of both of them;
 - (v) one of them directly or indirectly controls the other;
 - (vi) both of them are directly or indirectly controlled by a third person;
 - (vii) together they directly or indirectly control a third person; or
 - (viii) they are members of the same family;
- (b) the term “person” also includes legal persons;
- (c) persons who are associated in the business of one another in that one is the sole agent or sole distributor or sole concessionaire, howsoever described, of the other, shall be deemed to be related.

A. Section 15 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
Rule 27	<i>Value of supply of goods or services where the consideration is not wholly in money</i>	<i>Nil</i>
Rule 28	<i>Value of supply of goods or services or both between distinct or related persons, other than through an agent</i>	<i>Nil</i>
Rule 29	<i>Value of supply of goods made or received through an agent</i>	<i>Nil</i>

<i>Rule 30</i>	<i>Value of supply of goods or services or both based on cost</i>	<i>Nil</i>
<i>Rule 31</i>	<i>Residual method for determination of value of supply of goods or services or both</i>	<i>Nil</i>
<i>Rule 31A</i>	<i>Value of supply in case of lottery, betting, gambling and horse racing</i>	<i>Nil</i>
<i>Rule 32</i>	<i>Determination of value in respect of certain supplies</i>	<i>Nil</i>
<i>Rule 32A</i>	<i>Value of supply in cases where Kerala Flood Cess is applicable</i>	<i>Nil</i>
<i>Rule 33</i>	<i>Value of supply of services in case of pure agent</i>	<i>Nil</i>
<i>Rule 34</i>	<i>Rate of exchange of currency, other than Indian rupees, for determination of value</i>	<i>Nil</i>
<i>Rule 35</i>	<i>Value of supply inclusive of integrated tax, central tax, State tax, Union territory tax</i>	<i>Nil</i>

B. Section related Notifications

S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 15 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017
2.	02/2021 – CT (R), dt. 02.06.2021	Amends N. No. 11/2017-CT (R) so as to notify CGST rates of various services as recommended by GST Council in its 43rd meeting held on 28.05.2021
3.	04/2021 – CT (R), dt. 14.06.2021	Amends N. No. 11/2017-CT (R) so as to notify GST rates of various services as recommended by GST Council in its 44th meeting held on 12.06.2021
4.	21/2021 – CT (R), dt. 31.12.2021	Supersedes notification 14/2021-CT(R) dated 18.11.2021 and amend N. No. 1/2017- CT(R) dated 28.06.2017
5.	22/2021 – CT (R), dt. 31.12.2021	Supersedes notification 15/2021-CT(R) dated 18.11.2021 and amend N. No. 11/2017-CT(R) dated 28.06.2017
6.	49/2023 – CT, dt. 29.09.2023	Notifies supply of online money gaming, supply of online gaming other than online money gaming and supply of actionable claims in casinos under section 15(5) of CGST Act

C. Rule related Notifications

1.	10/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rules 27 to 31, 32 and 33 to 35
2.	17/2017 – CT, dt. 27.07.2017	CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 34
3.	03/2018 – CT, dt. 23.01.2018	CGST (Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Inserting Rule 31A
4.	31/2019 – CT, dt. 28.06.2019	CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Inserting Rule 32A
5.	08/2020 – CT, dt. 02.03.2020	CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2020 – Amending Rule 31A

6.	<i>51/2023 – CT, dt. 29.09.2023 in supersession of N. No. 45/2023-CT, dt. 06.09.2023</i>	<i>CGST (Third Amendment) Rules, 2023 – Inserting Rules 31B & 31C w.e.f. 01.10.2023</i>
7.	<i>52/2023 – CT, dt. 26.10.2023</i>	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2023 – Amending Rule 28 w.e.f. 26.10.2023</i>
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	<i>47/2018 – GST, dt. 08.06.2018</i>	<i>Clarifications of certain issues under GST</i>
2.	<i>73/2018 – GST, dt. 05.11.2018</i>	<i>Scope of principal and agent relationship under Schedule I of CGST Act, 2017 in the context of del-crede agent</i>
3.	<i>76/2018 – GST, dt. 31.12.2018</i>	<i>valuation methodology in case of TCS under Income Tax Act and definition of owner of goods) related to GST</i>
4.	<i>86/2019 – GST, dt. 01.01.2019</i>	<i>GST on Services of Business Facilitator (BF) or a Business Correspondent (BC) to Banking Company</i>
5.	<i>88/2019 – GST, dt. 01.02.2019</i>	<i>Makes amendments in the earlier issued circulars in wake of amendments in the CGST Act (which shall come into force w.e.f. 01.02.2019)</i>
6.	<i>92/2019 – GST, dt. 07.03.2019</i>	<i>Clarifying various doubts related to treatment of sales promotion scheme under GST</i>
7.	<i>102/2019 – GST, Dt. 28.06.2019</i>	<i>Clarification regarding applicability of GST on additional/penal interest</i>
8.	<i>105/2019 – GST, dt. 28.06.2019</i>	<i>Clarification on various doubts related to treatment of secondary or post-sales discounts under GST</i>
9.	<i>112/2019 – GST, dt. 03.10.2019</i>	<i>Withdraws Circular No. 105/24/2019-GST, dt. 28.06.2019 related to post sale discount</i>
10.	<i>115/2019 – GST, dt. 11.10.2019</i>	<i>Clarification on issue of GST on Airport levies</i>
11.	<i>186/18/2022-GST, dt. 27.12.2022</i>	<i>Clarification on various issue pertaining to GST</i>
12.	<i>204/16/2023-GST, dt. 27.10.2023</i>	<i>Clarification on issues pertaining to taxability of personal guarantee and corporate guarantee in GST</i>
13.	<i>210/04/2024-GST, dt. 26.06.2024</i>	<i>Clarification on valuation of supply of import of services by a related person where recipient is eligible to full input tax credit</i>

14.	212/06/2024-GST, dt. 26.06.2024	<i>Clarification on mechanism for providing evidence of compliance of conditions of Section 15(3)(b)(ii) of the CGST Act, 2017 by the suppliers</i>
15.	214/08/2024-GST, dt. 26.06.2024	<i>Clarification on the requirement of reversal of input tax credit in respect of the portion of the premium for life insurance policies which is not included in taxable value</i>
F. Instructions		
NIL		

CHAPTER V

INPUT TAX CREDIT

16. Eligibility and conditions for taking input tax credit

- (1) Every registered person shall, subject to such conditions and restrictions as may be prescribed and in the manner specified in section 49, be entitled to take credit of input tax charged on any supply of goods or services or both to him which are used or intended to be used in the course or furtherance of his business and the said amount shall be credited to the electronic credit ledger of such person.
- (2) Notwithstanding anything contained in this section, no registered person shall be entitled to the credit of any input tax in respect of any supply of goods or services or both to him unless,—
 - (a) he is in possession of a tax invoice or debit note issued by a supplier registered under this Act, or such other tax paying documents as may be prescribed;
 - ¹[(aa) the details of the invoice or debit note referred to in clause (a) has been furnished by the supplier in the statement of outward supplies and such details have been communicated to the recipient of such invoice or debit note in the manner specified under section 37;]
 - (b) he has received the goods or services or both.

²[*Explanation*—For the purposes of this clause, it shall be deemed that the registered person has received the goods or, as the case may be, services—

 - (i) where the goods are delivered by the supplier to a recipient or any other person on the direction of such registered person, whether acting as an agent or otherwise, before or during movement of goods, either by way of transfer of documents of title to goods or otherwise;
 - (ii) where the services are provided by the supplier to any person on the direction of and on account of such registered person.]

³[(ba) the details of input tax credit in respect of the said supply communicated to such registered person under section 38 has not been restricted;]

¹ *Ins. w.e.f. 01.01.2022 by the Finance Act, 2021 (No. 13 of 2021) (s.109) dated 28.03.2021, read with Notification No. 39/2021-CT, dated 21.12.2021.*

² *Subs. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019) Explanation to sec 16(2)(b) by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018. Formerly, it read as:*

“Explanation.—For the purposes of this clause, it shall be deemed that the registered person has received the goods where the goods are delivered by the supplier to a recipient or any other person on the direction of such registered person, whether acting as an agent or otherwise, before or during movement of goods, either by way of transfer of documents of title to goods or otherwise;”.

³ *Ins. w.e.f. 01.10.2022 (vide Notification No. 18/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022) by the Finance Act, 2022 (No. 6 of 2022) (s.100) dt. 30.03.2022.*

- (c) subject to the provisions of section 41 ^{1[***]}, the tax charged in respect of such supply has been actually paid to the Government, either in cash or through utilisation of input tax credit admissible in respect of the said supply; and
- (d) he has furnished the return under section 39:

Provided that where the goods against an invoice are received in lots or instalments, the registered person shall be entitled to take credit upon receipt of the last lot or instalment:

Provided further that where a recipient fails to pay to the supplier of goods or services or both, other than the supplies on which tax is payable on reverse charge basis, the amount towards the value of supply along with tax payable thereon within a period of one hundred and eighty days from the date of issue of invoice by the supplier, an amount equal to the input tax credit availed by the recipient shall be ^{2[paid by him along with interest payable under section 50]}, in such manner as may be prescribed:

Provided also that the recipient shall be entitled to avail of the credit of input tax on payment made by him ^{3[to the supplier]} of the amount towards the value of supply of goods or services or both along with tax payable thereon.

- (3) Where the registered person has claimed depreciation on the tax component of the cost of capital goods and plant and machinery under the provisions of the Income-tax Act, 1961, (43 of 1961) the input tax credit on the said tax component shall not be allowed.
- (4) A registered person shall not be entitled to take input tax credit in respect of any invoice or debit note for supply of goods or services or both after the ⁴ following the end of financial year to which such invoice or ^{5[***]} debit note pertains or furnishing of the relevant annual return, whichever is earlier.

⁶[Provided that the registered person shall be entitled to take input tax credit after the due date of furnishing of the return under section 39 for the month of September, 2018 till the due date of furnishing of the return under the said section for the month of March, 2019 in respect of any invoice or invoice relating to such debit note for supply of goods or services or both made during the financial year 2017-18, the details of which have been uploaded by the supplier under sub-section (1) of section 37 till the due date for furnishing the details under sub-section (1) of said section for the month of March, 2019.]

¹ *Omtd.* the words, figures and letter “or section 43A” w.e.f. 01.10.2022 (vide Notification No. 18/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022) by the Finance Act, 2022 (No. 6 of 2022) (s.100) dt. 30.03.2022. Earlier words “section 41” was *subs.* with “section 41 or section 43A” by the CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018 vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018.

² *Subs.* w.e.f. 01.10.2023 (vide Notification No. 28/2023-CT, dt. 31.07.2023) by the Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023) (s.138) enacted on 31.03.2023, for the words “added to his output tax liability, along with interest thereon”.

³ *Ins.* w.e.f. 01.10.2023 (vide Notification No. 28/2023-CT, dt. 31.07.2023) by the Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023) (s.138) enacted on 31.03.2023.

⁴ *Subs.* w.e.f. 01.10.2022 (vide Notification No. 18/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022) by the Finance Act, 2022 (No. 6 of 2022) (s.100) dt. 30.03.2022, for the words and figures “due date of furnishing of the return under section 39 for the month of September”.

⁵ *Omtd.* the words “invoice relating to such” w.e.f. 01.01.2021 (vide Notification No. 92/2020-CT, dt. 22.12.2020) by the Finance Act, 2020 (12 of 2020) (s.120) dt. 27.03.2020.

⁶ *Ins.* vide CGST (Second Removal of Difficulties) Order No. 02/2018-CT, S.O. 6428(E) dt. 31.12.2018.

A. Section 16 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
Rule 36	<i>Documentary requirements and conditions for claiming input tax credit</i>	GSTR-3B
Rule 37	<i>Reversal of input tax credit in the case of non-payment of consideration</i>	GSTR-3B
Rule 37A	<i>Reversal of input tax credit in the case of non-payment of tax by the supplier and re-availment thereof</i>	GSTR-1, GSTR-3B
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 16 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018 (31 of 2018) dt. 29.08.2018 read with N. No. 02/2019 – CT, dt. 29.01.2019	<i>Amendment in explanation to sec 16(2)(b) w.e.f. 01.02.2019</i>
3.	11/2020 – CT, dt. 21.03.2020	<i>Provides special procedure for corporate debtors undergoing the corporate insolvency resolution process under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016</i>
4.	Finance Act, 2020 (Act No. 12 of 2020), dt. 27.03.2020 read with N. No. 92/2020 – CT, dt. 22.12.2020	<i>Amendment in sec 16(4) w.e.f. 01.01.2021</i>
5.	39/2020 – CT, dt. 05.05.2020	<i>Makes amendments in N. No. 11/2020 – CT, dt. 21.03.2020 regarding special procedure for corporate debtors undergoing the corporate insolvency resolution process under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016</i>
6.	Finance Act, 2021 (Act No. 13 of 2021), dt. 28.03.2021 read with N. No. 39/2021 – CT, dt. 21.12.2021	<i>Inserts clause (aa) to sec 16(2) of the CGST Act – w.e.f. 01.01.2022</i>
7.	14/2021 – CT, dt. 01.05.2021	<i>Extends specified compliances falling between 15.04.2021 to 30.05.2021 till 31.05.2021 in exercise of powers under section 168A of CGST Act</i>
8.	24/2021 – CT, dt. 01.06.2021	<i>Amends N. No. 14/2021 – CT in order to extend due date of compliances which fall during the period from “15.04.2021 to 29.06.2021” till 30.06.2021</i>
9.	02/2021 – CT (R), dt. 02.06.2021	<i>Amends N. No. 11/2017-CT (R) so as to notify CGST rates of various services as recommended by GST Council in its 43rd meeting held on 28.05.2021</i>
10.	04/2021 – CT (R), dt. 14.06.2021	<i>Amends N. No. 11/2017-CT (R) so as to notify GST rates of various services as recommended by GST Council in its 44th meeting held on 12.06.2021</i>

11.	<i>Finance Act, 2022 (No. 6 of 2022), dt. 30.03.2022 read with N. No. 18/2022 – CT, dt. 28.09.2022</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 16 w.e.f. 01.10.2022 [Sec 100 of the Finance Act, 2022]</i>
12.	<i>Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023), dt. 31.03.2023 read with N. No.28/2023 – CT, dt. 31.07.2023</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 16(2) w.e.f. 01.10.2023 [Sec 138 of the Finance Act, 2023]</i>

C. Rule related Notifications

1.	<i>10/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rules 36 and 37</i>
2.	<i>26/2018 – CT, dt. 13.06.2018</i>	<i>CGST (Fifth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rule 37</i>
3.	<i>39/2018 – CT, dt. 04.09.2018</i>	<i>CGST (Eighth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rule 36</i>
4.	<i>49/2019 – CT, dt. 09.10.2019</i>	<i>CGST (Sixth Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Rule 36</i>
5.	<i>75/2019 – CT, dt. 26.12.2019</i>	<i>CGST (Ninth Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Rule 36</i>
6.	<i>30/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020</i>	<i>Amends CGST Rules (Fourth Amendment) in order to allow opting Composition Scheme for FY 2020-21 till 30.06.2020 and to allow cumulative application of condition in rule 36(4)</i>
7.	<i>35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020</i>	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 29.06.2020” till 30.06.2020</i>
8.	<i>55/2020 – CT, dt. 27.06.2020</i>	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 30.08.2020” till 31.08.2020 (Subs. N. No. 35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020)</i>
9.	<i>94/2020 – CT, dt. 22.12.2020</i>	<i>CGST (Fourteenth Amendment) Rules, 2020 – Amending Rule 36 w.e.f. 01.01.2021</i>
10.	<i>13/2021 – CT, dt. 01.05.2021</i>	<i>CGST (Third Amendment) Rules, 2021 – Amending Rule 36 w.e.f. 01.05.2021</i>
11.	<i>27/2021 – CT, dt. 01.06.2021</i>	<i>CGST (Fifth Amendment) Rules, 2021 – Amending Rules 36 w.e.f. 01.06.2021</i>
12.	<i>40/2021 – CT, dt. 29.12.2021</i>	<i>CGST (Tenth Amendment) Rules, 2021 – Amending Rule 36 w.e.f. 01.01.2022</i>
13.	<i>19/2022 – CT, dt. 28.09.2022</i>	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2022 – Amending Rules 36 and 37 w.e.f. 01.10.2022</i>
14.	<i>26/2022 – CT, dt. 26.12.2022</i>	<i>CGST (Fifth Amendment) Rules, 2022 – Amending Rule 37 w.e.f. 01.10.2022, retrospectively – Inserting Rule 37A w.e.f. 26.12.2022</i>

D. Orders

S.No.	ROD/Order/Date	Contents
1.	<i>ROD-2/2018 – GST, dt. 31.12.2018</i>	<i>Extends the due date for availing ITC on the invoices or debit notes relating to such invoices issued during the FY 2017-18</i>

E. Circulars		
S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	24/2017 – GST, dt. 21.12.2017	<i>Manual filing and processing of refund claims on account of inverted duty structure, deemed exports and excess balance in electronic cash ledger</i>
2.	72/2018 – GST, dt. 26.10.2018	<i>Circular to clarify the procedure in respect of return of time expired drugs or medicines</i>
3.	105/2019 – GST, dt. 28.06.2019	<i>Clarification on various doubts related to treatment of secondary or post-sales discounts under GST</i>
4.	112/2019 – GST, dt. 03.10.2019	<i>Withdraws Circular No. 105/24/2019-GST dt. 28.06.2019 related to post sale discount</i>
5.	134/2020 – GST, dt. 23.03.2020	<i>Clarifies issues in respect of issues under GST law for companies under Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016</i>
6.	136/2020 – GST, dt. 03.04.2020	<i>Clarification in respect of various measures announced by the Government for providing relief to the taxpayers in view of spread of Novel Corona Virus (COVID-19)</i>
7.	142/2020 – GST, dt. 09.10.2020	<i>Clarification of issues relating to application of sub-rule (4) of rule 36 of the CGST Rules, 2017, cumulatively for the months of February, 2020 to August, 2020</i>
8.	160/16/2021 – GST, dt. 20.09.2021	<i>Clarification in respect of certain GST related issues</i>
9.	171/03/2022-GST, dt. 06.07.2022	<i>Clarification on various issues relating to applicability of demand and penalty provisions under the CGST Act, 2017 in respect of transactions involving fake invoices</i>
10.	183/15/2022-GST, dt. 27.12.2022	<i>Clarification to deal with difference in Input Tax Credit (ITC) availed in FORM GSTR-3B as compared to that detailed in FORM GSTR-2A for FY 2017-18 and 2018-19</i>
11.	184/16/2022-GST, dt. 27.12.2022	<i>Clarification on the entitlement of input tax credit where the place of supply is determined in terms of the proviso to subsection (8) of section 12 of the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017</i>
12.	193/05/2023-GST, dt. 17.07.2023	<i>Clarification to deal with difference in Input Tax Credit (ITC) availed in Form GSTR-3B as compared to that detailed in Form GSTR-2A for the period 01.04.2019 to 31.12.2021</i>
13.	195/07/2023-GST, dt. 17.07.2023	<i>Clarification on availability of ITC in respect of warranty replacement of parts and repair services during warranty period</i>
14.	211/05/2024-GST, dt. 26.06.2024	<i>Clarification on time limit under Section 16(4) of CGST Act, 2017 in respect of RCM supplies received from unregistered persons</i>
F. Instructions		
NIL		

17. Apportionment of credit and blocked credits.

- (1) Where the goods or services or both are used by the registered person partly for the purpose of any business and partly for other purposes, the amount of credit shall be restricted to so much of the input tax as is attributable to the purposes of his business.
- (2) Where the goods or services or both are used by the registered person partly for effecting taxable supplies including zero-rated supplies under this Act or under the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act and partly for effecting exempt supplies under the said Acts, the amount of credit shall be restricted to so much of the input tax as is attributable to the said taxable supplies including zero-rated supplies.
- (3) The value of exempt supply under sub-section (2) shall be such as may be prescribed, and shall include supplies on which the recipient is liable to pay tax on reverse charge basis, transactions in securities, sale of land and, subject to clause (b) of paragraph 5 of Schedule II, sale of building.

¹[Explanation.—For the purposes of this sub-section, the expression “value of exempt supply” shall not include the value of activities or transactions specified in Schedule III,
²{except,—

- (i) the value of activities or transactions specified in paragraph 5 of the said Schedule; and
- (ii) the value of such activities or transactions as may be prescribed in respect of clause (a) of paragraph 8 of the said Schedule.].]

- (4) A banking company or a financial institution including a non-banking financial company, engaged in supplying services by way of accepting deposits, extending loans or advances shall have the option to either comply with the provisions of sub-section (2), or avail of, every month, an amount equal to fifty per cent. of the eligible input tax credit on inputs, capital goods and input services in that month and the rest shall lapse:

Provided that the option once exercised shall not be withdrawn during the remaining part of the financial year:

Provided further that the restriction of fifty per cent. shall not apply to the tax paid on supplies made by one registered person to another registered person having the same Permanent Account Number.

- (5) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1) of section 16 and sub-section (1) of section 18, input tax credit shall not be available in respect of the following, namely:—

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019) by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018.

² Subs. w.e.f. 01.10.2023 (vide Notification No. 28/2023-CT, dt. 31.07.2023) by the Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023) (s.139) enacted on 31.03.2023, for the words “except those specified in paragraph 5 of the said Schedule”.

- ¹[(a) motor vehicles for transportation of persons having approved seating capacity of not more than thirteen persons (including the driver), except when they are used for making the following taxable supplies, namely:—
- (A) further supply of such motor vehicles; or
 - (B) transportation of passengers; or
 - (C) imparting training on driving such motor vehicles;
- (aa) vessels and aircraft except when they are used—
- (i) for making the following taxable supplies, namely:—
 - (A) further supply of such vessels or aircraft; or
 - (B) transportation of passengers; or
 - (C) imparting training on navigating such vessels; or
 - (D) imparting training on flying such aircraft; - (ii) for transportation of goods;
- (ab) services of general insurance, servicing, repair and maintenance in so far as they relate to motor vehicles, vessels or aircraft referred to in clause (a) or clause (aa): Provided that the input tax credit in respect of such services shall be available—
- (i) where the motor vehicles, vessels or aircraft referred to in clause (a) or clause (aa) are used for the purposes specified therein;
 - (ii) where received by a taxable person engaged—
 - (I) in the manufacture of such motor vehicles, vessels or aircraft; or

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019) clauses (a) and (b) of sub-section (5) by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018. Formerly, it read as:

- “(a) motor vehicles and other conveyances except when they are used—
- (i) for making the following taxable supplies, namely:—
 - (A) further supply of such vehicles or conveyances ; or
 - (B) transportation of passengers; or
 - (C) imparting training on driving, flying, navigating such vehicles or conveyances; - (ii) for transportation of goods;
- (b) the following supply of goods or services or both—
- (i) food and beverages, outdoor catering, beauty treatment, health services, cosmetic and plastic surgery except where an inward supply of goods or services or both of a particular category is used by a registered person for making an outward taxable supply of the same category of goods or services or both or as an element of a taxable composite or mixed supply;
 - (ii) membership of a club, health and fitness centre;
 - (iii) rent-a-cab, life insurance and health insurance except where—
 - (A) the Government notifies the services which are obligatory for an employer to provide to its employees under any law for the time being in force; or
 - (B) such inward supply of goods or services or both of a particular category is used by a registered person for making an outward taxable supply of the same category of goods or services or both or as part of a taxable composite or mixed supply; and - (iv) travel benefits extended to employees on vacation such as leave or home travel concession;”.

- (II) in the supply of general insurance services in respect of such motor vehicles, vessels or aircraft insured by him;
 - (b) the following supply of goods or services or both—
 - (i) food and beverages, outdoor catering, beauty treatment, health services, cosmetic and plastic surgery, leasing, renting or hiring of motor vehicles, vessels or aircraft referred to in clause (a) or clause (aa) except when used for the purposes specified therein, life insurance and health insurance:
Provided that the input tax credit in respect of such goods or services or both shall be available where an inward supply of such goods or services or both is used by a registered person for making an outward taxable supply of the same category of goods or services or both or as an element of a taxable composite or mixed supply;
 - (ii) membership of a club, health and fitness centre; and
 - (iii) travel benefits extended to employees on vacation such as leave or home travel concession:
Provided that the input tax credit in respect of such goods or services or both shall be available, where it is obligatory for an employer to provide the same to its employees under any law for the time being in force.]
 - (c) works contract services when supplied for construction of an immovable property (other than plant and machinery) except where it is an input service for further supply of works contract service;
 - (d) goods or services or both received by a taxable person for construction of an immovable property (other than plant or machinery) on his own account including when such goods or services or both are used in the course or furtherance of business.
- Explanation.*—For the purposes of clauses (c) and (d), the expression “construction” includes re-construction, renovation, additions or alterations or repairs, to the extent of capitalisation, to the said immovable property;
- (e) goods or services or both on which tax has been paid under section 10;
 - (f) goods or services or both received by a non-resident taxable person except on goods imported by him;
 - ¹[(fa) goods or services or both received by a taxable person, which are used or intended to be used for activities relating to his obligations under corporate social responsibility referred to in section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013;]
 - (g) goods or services or both used for personal consumption;
 - (h) goods lost, stolen, destroyed, written off or disposed of by way of gift or free samples; and
 - (i) any tax paid in accordance with the provisions of sections 74, 129 and 130.

¹ Ins. clause (fa) w.e.f. 01.10.2023 (vide Notification No. 28/2023-CT, dt. 31.07.2023) by the Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023) (s.139) enacted on 31.03.2023.

- (6) The Government may prescribe the manner in which the credit referred to in sub-sections (1) and (2) may be attributed.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this Chapter and Chapter VI, the expression “plant and machinery” means apparatus, equipment, and machinery fixed to earth by foundation or structural support that are used for making outward supply of goods or services or both and includes such foundation and structural supports but excludes—

- (i) land, building or any other civil structures;
- (ii) telecommunication towers; and
- (iii) pipelines laid outside the factory premises.

A. Section 17 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>Rule 38</i>	<i>Claim of credit by a banking company or a financial institution</i>	<i>GSTR-3B</i>
<i>Rule 42</i>	<i>Manner of determination of input tax credit in respect of inputs or input services and reversal thereof</i>	<i>GSTR-3B</i>
<i>Rule 43</i>	<i>Manner of determination of input tax credit in respect of capital goods and reversal thereof in certain cases</i>	<i>GSTR-3B</i>
B. Section related Notifications		
<i>S.No.</i>	<i>Notification/Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	<i>09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Brings into force sec 17 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	<i>CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018 (31 of 2018), dt. 29.08.2018 read with N. No. 02/2019 – CT, dt. 29.01.2019</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 17(3) and 17(5) w.e.f. 01.02.2019</i>
3.	<i>Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023), dt. 31.03.2023 read with N. No.28/2023 – CT, dt. 31.07.2023</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 17(3) & (5) w.e.f. 01.10.2023 [Sec 139 of the Finance Act, 2023]</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	<i>10/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rules 38, 42 and 43</i>
2.	<i>55/2017 – CT, dt. 15.11.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Twelfth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 43</i>
3.	<i>03/2018 – CT, dt. 23.01.2018</i>	<i>CGST (First Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rule 43</i>
4.	<i>03/2019 – CT, dt. 29.01.2019</i>	<i>CGST (First Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Rules 42 and 43</i>
5.	<i>16/2019 – CT, dt. 29.03.2019</i>	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Rules 42 and 43</i>
6.	<i>16/2020 – CT, dt. 23.03.2020</i>	<i>CGST (Third Amendment) Rules, 2020 – Amending Rule 43</i>
7.	<i>14/2022 – CT, dt. 05.07.2022</i>	<i>CGST (First Amendment) Rules, 2022 – Amending Rule 43 w.e.f. 05.07.2022</i>

8.	19/2022 – CT, dt. 28.09.2022	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2022 – Amending Rules 38, 42 and 43 w.e.f. 01.10.2022</i>
9.	38/2023 – CT, dt. 04.08.2023	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2023 – Amending Rule 43 w.e.f. 01.10.2023</i>

D. Orders

S.No.	ROD/Order/Date	Contents
1.	ROD-4/2019 – GST, dt. 29.03.2019	<i>To remove difficulty in case of supply of services covered by clause (b) of paragraph 5 of Schedule II of the CGST Act - ITC to real estate sector</i>

E. Circulars

S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	33/2018 – GST, dt. 23.02.2018	<i>Directions under sec 168 of the CGST Act regarding non-transition of CENVAT credit under sec 140 of CGST Act or non-utilization thereof in certain cases</i>
2.	48/2018 – GST, dt. 14.06.2018	<i>Circulars clarifying miscellaneous issues related to SEZ and refund of unutilized ITC for job workers</i>
3.	72/2018 – GST, dt. 26.10.2018	<i>Circular to clarify the procedure in respect of return of time expired drugs or medicines</i>
4.	92/2019 – GST, dt. 07.03.2019	<i>Clarifying various doubts related to treatment of sales promotion scheme under GST</i>
5.	172/04/2022-GST, dt. 06.07.2022	<i>Clarification on various issue pertaining to GST</i>
6.	214/08/2024-GST, dt. 26.06.2024	<i>Clarification on the requirement of reversal of input tax credit in respect of the portion of the premium for life insurance policies which is not included in taxable value</i>
7.	216/10/2024-GST, dt. 26.06.2024	<i>Clarification in respect of GST liability and input tax credit (ITC) availability in cases involving Warranty/ Extended Warranty, in furtherance to Circular No. 195/07/2023-GST dated 17.07.2023</i>
8.	217/11/2024-GST, dt. 26.06.2024	<i>Entitlement of ITC by the insurance companies on the expenses incurred for repair of motor vehicles in case of reimbursement mode of insurance claim settlement</i>
9.	219/13/2024-GST, dt. 26.06.2024	<i>Clarification on availability of input tax credit on ducts and manholes used in network of optical fiber cables (OFCs) in terms of section 17(5) of the CGST Act, 2017</i>
F. Instructions		
NIL		

18. Availability of credit in special circumstances.

- (1) Subject to such conditions and restrictions as may be prescribed—
- (a) a person who has applied for registration under this Act within thirty days from the date on which he becomes liable to registration and has been granted such registration shall be entitled to take credit of input tax in respect of inputs held in stock and inputs contained in semi-finished or finished goods held in stock on the day immediately preceding the date from which he becomes liable to pay tax under the provisions of this Act;
 - (b) a person who takes registration under sub-section (3) of section 25 shall be entitled to take credit of input tax in respect of inputs held in stock and inputs contained in semi-finished or finished goods held in stock on the day immediately preceding the date of grant of registration;
 - (c) where any registered person ceases to pay tax under section 10, he shall be entitled to take credit of input tax in respect of inputs held in stock, inputs contained in semi-finished or finished goods held in stock and on capital goods on the day immediately preceding the date from which he becomes liable to pay tax under section 9:
Provided that the credit on capital goods shall be reduced by such percentage points as may be prescribed;
 - (d) where an exempt supply of goods or services or both by a registered person becomes a taxable supply, such person shall be entitled to take credit of input tax in respect of inputs held in stock and inputs contained in semi-finished or finished goods held in stock relatable to such exempt supply and on capital goods exclusively used for such exempt supply on the day immediately preceding the date from which such supply becomes taxable:
Provided that the credit on capital goods shall be reduced by such percentage points as may be prescribed.
- (2) A registered person shall not be entitled to take input tax credit under sub-section (1) in respect of any supply of goods or services or both to him after the expiry of one year from the date of issue of tax invoice relating to such supply.
- (3) Where there is a change in the constitution of a registered person on account of sale, merger, demerger, amalgamation, lease or transfer of the business with the specific provisions for transfer of liabilities, the said registered person shall be allowed to transfer the input tax credit which remains unutilised in his electronic credit ledger to such sold, merged, demerged, amalgamated, leased or transferred business in such manner as may be prescribed.
- (4) Where any registered person who has availed of input tax credit opts to pay tax under section 10 or, where the goods or services or both supplied by him become wholly exempt, he shall pay an amount, by way of debit in the electronic credit ledger or electronic cash ledger, equivalent to the credit of input tax in respect of inputs held in stock and inputs contained in semi-finished or finished goods held in stock and on

capital goods, reduced by such percentage points as may be prescribed, on the day immediately preceding the date of exercising of such option or, as the case may be, the date of such exemption:

Provided that after payment of such amount, the balance of input tax credit, if any, lying in his electronic credit ledger shall lapse.

- (5) The amount of credit under sub-section (1) and the amount payable under sub-section (4) shall be calculated in such manner as may be prescribed.
- (6) In case of supply of capital goods or plant and machinery, on which input tax credit has been taken, the registered person shall pay an amount equal to the input tax credit taken on the said capital goods or plant and machinery reduced by such percentage points as may be prescribed or the tax on the transaction value of such capital goods or plant and machinery determined under section 15, whichever is higher:

Provided that where refractory bricks, moulds and dies, jigs and fixtures are supplied as scrap, the taxable person may pay tax on the transaction value of such goods determined under section 15.

A. Section 18 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
Rule 40	<i>Manner of claiming credit in special circumstances</i>	Forms GST ITC-01, GSTR-1, GSTR-4
Rule 41	<i>Transfer of credit on sale, merger, amalgamation, lease or transfer of a business</i>	Form GST ITC-02
Rule 41A	<i>Transfer of credit on obtaining separate registration for multiple places of business within a State or Union territory</i>	Form GST ITC-02A
Rule 44	<i>Manner of reversal of credit under special circumstances</i>	Forms GST ITC-03, GSTR-1, GSTR-10
Rule 44A	<i>Manner of reversal of credit of Additional duty of Customs in respect of Gold dore bar</i>	Nil

B. Section related Notifications

S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 18 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	14/2021 – CT, dt. 01.05.2021	<i>Extends specified compliances falling between 15.04.2021 to 30.05.2021 till 31.05.2021 in exercise of powers under section 168A of CGST Act</i>
3.	24/2021 – CT, dt. 01.06.2021	<i>Amends N. No. 14/2021 – CT in order to extend due date of compliances which fall during the period from “15.04.2021 to 29.06.2021” till 30.06.2021</i>

C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	10/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rules 40, 41 and 44</i>
2.	15/2017 – CT, dt. 01.07.2017	<i>CGST (Third Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 44</i>
3.	17/2017 – CT, dt. 27.07.2017	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 44</i>
4.	22/2017 – CT, dt. 17.08.2017	<i>CGST (Fifth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rules 40 and inserting Rule 44A</i>
5.	44/2017 – CT, dt. 13.10.2017	<i>Extends the time limit for filing of Form GST ITC-01 for the months July to Sept. 2017 - To 31.10.2017</i>
6.	52/2017 – CT, dt. 28.10.2017	<i>Extends the time limit for filing of Form GST ITC-01 for the months July to Sept. 2017 - To 30.11.2017</i>
7.	67/2017 – CT, dt. 21.12.2017	<i>Extends the time limit for filing of Form GST ITC-01 for the months July to Nov. 2017 - To 31.01.2018</i>
8.	21/2018 – CT, dt. 18.04.2018	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Form GST ITC-03</i>
9.	42/2018 – CT, dt. 04.09.2018	<i>Extends the time limit for making the declaration in Form GST ITC-01 for specified classes of taxpayers</i>
10.	03/2019 – CT, dt. 29.01.2019	<i>CGST (First Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Inserting Rule 41A and Forms GST ITC-02A, GSTR-4</i>
11.	16/2019 – CT, dt. 29.03.2019	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Rule 41</i>
12.	31/2019 – CT, dt. 28.06.2019	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Form GSTR-4</i>
13.	35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 29.06.2020” till 30.06.2020</i>
14.	55/2020 – CT, dt. 27.06.2020	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 30.08.2020” till 31.08.2020 (Subs. N. No. 35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020)</i>
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		
E. Circulars		
S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	96/2019 – GST, dt. 28.03.2019	<i>Clarification regarding transfer of input tax credit in case of death of sole proprietor</i>

2.	133/2020 – GST, dt. 23.03.2020	<i>Clarifies issues in respect of apportionment of input tax credit (ITC) in cases of business reorganization under section 18(3) of CGST Act read with rule 41(1) of CGST Rules</i>
F. Instructions		
NIL		

19. Taking input tax credit in respect of inputs and capital goods sent for job work.

- (1) The principal shall, subject to such conditions and restrictions as may be prescribed, be allowed input tax credit on inputs sent to a job worker for job work.
- (2) Notwithstanding anything contained in clause (b) of sub-section (2) of section 16, the principal shall be entitled to take credit of input tax on inputs even if the inputs are directly sent to a job worker for job work without being first brought to his place of business.
- (3) Where the inputs sent for job work are not received back by the principal after completion of job work or otherwise or are not supplied from the place of business of the job worker in accordance with clause (a) or clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 143 within one year of being sent out, it shall be deemed that such inputs had been supplied by the principal to the job worker on the day when the said inputs were sent out:

Provided that where the inputs are sent directly to a job worker, the period of one year shall be counted from the date of receipt of inputs by the job worker.

- (4) The principal shall, subject to such conditions and restrictions as may be prescribed, be allowed input tax credit on capital goods sent to a job worker for job work.
- (5) Notwithstanding anything contained in clause (b) of sub-section (2) of section 16, the principal shall be entitled to take credit of input tax on capital goods even if the capital goods are directly sent to a job worker for job work without being first brought to his place of business.
- (6) Where the capital goods sent for job work are not received back by the principal within a period of three years of being sent out, it shall be deemed that such capital goods had been supplied by the principal to the job worker on the day when the said capital goods were sent out:

Provided that where the capital goods are sent directly to a job worker, the period of three years shall be counted from the date of receipt of capital goods by the job worker.

- (7) Nothing contained in sub-section (3) or sub-section (6) shall apply to moulds and dies, jigs and fixtures, or tools sent out to a job worker for job work.

*Explanation.—*For the purpose of this section, “principal” means the person referred to in section 143.

A. Section 19 - Relevant Rules & Forms			
Rule 45	<i>Conditions and restrictions in respect of inputs and capital goods sent to the job worker</i>		<i>Forms GST ITC-04, GSTR-1</i>
B. Section related Notifications			
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents	
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 19 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>	
2.	14/2021 – CT, dt. 01.05.2021	<i>Extends specified compliances falling between 15.04.2021 to 30.05.2021 till 31.05.2021 in exercise of powers under section 168A of CGST Act</i>	
3.	24/2021 – CT, dt. 01.06.2021	<i>Amends N. No. 14/2021 – CT in order to extend due date of compliances which fall during the period from “15.04.2021 to 29.06.2021” till 30.06.2021</i>	
C. Rule related Notifications			
1.	10/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rule 45</i>	
2.	51/2017 – CT, dt. 28.10.2017	<i>CGST (Eleventh Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 45</i>	
3.	53/2017 – CT, dt. 28.10.2017	<i>Extends the due date for submission of details in Form GST-ITC-04 for the qtr July to Sept. 2017 - To 30.11.2017</i>	
4.	63/2017 – CT, dt. 15.11.2017	<i>Extends the due date for submission of details in Form GST-ITC-04 for the qtr July to Sept. 2017 - To 31.12.2017</i>	
5.	14/2018 – CT, dt. 23.03.2018	<i>CGST (Third Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rule 45</i>	
6.	39/2018 – CT, dt. 04.09.2018	<i>CGST (Eighth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Form GST ITC-04</i>	
7.	40/2018 – CT, dt. 04.09.2018	<i>Extends the time limit for making the declaration in Form GST ITC-04 for the periods July 2017 to June 2018 - To 30.09.2018</i>	
8.	59/2018 – CT, dt. 26.10.2018	<i>Extends the time limit for furnishing the declaration in Form GST ITC-04 for the periods July 2017 to Sept. 2018 - To 31.12.2018</i>	
9.	74/2018 – CT, dt. 31.12.2018	<i>CGST (Fourteenth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rule 45</i>	
10.	78/2018 – CT, dt. 31.12.2018	<i>Extends the time limit for furnishing the declaration in Form GST ITC-04 for the periods July 2017 to Dec. 2018 - To 31.03.2019</i>	
11.	15/2019 – CT, dt. 28.03.2019	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing of Form GST ITC-04 for the period from July 2017 to March 2019 till 30.06.2019</i>	
12.	32/2019 – CT, dt. 28.06.2019	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing the declaration Form GST ITC-04 during the period from July 2017 to June 2019 till 31.08.2019</i>	

13.	38/2019 – CT, dt. 31.08.2019	<i>Waives filing of Form ITC-04 for F.Y. 2017-18 & 2018-19</i>
14.	35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 29.06.2020” till 30.06.2020</i>
15.	55/2020 – CT, dt. 27.06.2020	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 30.08.2020” till 31.08.2020 (Subs. N. No. 35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020)</i>
16.	87/2020 – CT, dt. 10.11.2020	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing of Form ITC-04 for the period July-September 2020 till 30.11.2020</i>
17.	35/2021 – CT, dt. 24.09.2021	<i>CGST (Eighth Amendment) Rules, 2021 – Amending Rule 45(3) w.e.f. 01.10.2021</i>
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		
E. Circulars		
1.	138/2020 – GST, dt. 06.05.2020	<i>Clarifies that due date of furnishing of Form GST ITC-04 for the quarter ending March, 2020 stands extended up to 30.06.2020</i>
F. Instructions		
<i>NIL</i>		

¹[20. Manner of distribution of credit by Input Service Distributor.

- (1) *The Input Service Distributor shall distribute the credit of central tax as central tax or integrated tax and integrated tax as integrated tax or central tax, by way of issue of a document containing the amount of input tax credit being distributed in such manner as may be prescribed.*
- (2) *The Input Service Distributor may distribute the credit subject to the following conditions, namely:—*

^¹ Subs. by the Finance Act, 2024 (No. 8 of 2024) (s. 12) enacted on 15.02.2024. However, effective date has not been yet notified. After notification, it will read as,

“20. Manner of distribution of credit by Input Service Distributor.

- (1) Any office of the supplier of goods or services or both which receives tax invoices towards the receipt of input services, including invoices in respect of services liable to tax under sub-section (3) or sub-section (4) of section 9, for or on behalf of distinct persons referred to in section 25, shall be required to be registered as Input Service Distributor under clause (viii) of section 24 and shall distribute the input tax credit in respect of such invoices.
- (2) The Input Service Distributor shall distribute the credit of central tax or integrated tax charged on invoices received by him, including the credit of central or integrated tax in respect of services subject to levy of tax under sub-section (3) or sub-section (4) of section 9 paid by a distinct person registered in the same State as the said Input Service Distributor, in such manner, within such time and subject to such restrictions and conditions as may be prescribed.
- (3) The credit of central tax shall be distributed as central tax or integrated tax and integrated tax as integrated tax or central tax, by way of issue of a document containing the amount of input tax credit, in such manner as may be prescribed.”

- (a) the credit can be distributed to the recipients of credit against a document containing such details as may be prescribed;
- (b) the amount of the credit distributed shall not exceed the amount of credit available for distribution;
- (c) the credit of tax paid on input services attributable to a recipient of credit shall be distributed only to that recipient;
- (d) the credit of tax paid on input services attributable to more than one recipient of credit shall be distributed amongst such recipients to whom the input service is attributable and such distribution shall be pro rata on the basis of the turnover in a State or turnover in a Union territory of such recipient, during the relevant period, to the aggregate of the turnover of all such recipients to whom such input service is attributable and which are operational in the current year, during the said relevant period;
- (e) the credit of tax paid on input services attributable to all recipients of credit shall be distributed amongst such recipients and such distribution shall be pro rata on the basis of the turnover in a State or turnover in a Union territory of such recipient, during the relevant period, to the aggregate of the turnover of all recipients and which are operational in the current year, during the said relevant period.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this section,—

- (a) the “relevant period” shall be—
 - (i) if the recipients of credit have turnover in their States or Union territories in the financial year preceding the year during which credit is to be distributed, the said financial year; or
 - (ii) if some or all recipients of the credit do not have any turnover in their States or Union territories in the financial year preceding the year during which the credit is to be distributed, the last quarter for which details of such turnover of all the recipients are available, previous to the month during which credit is to be distributed;
- (b) the expression “recipient of credit” means the supplier of goods or services or both having the same Permanent Account Number as that of the Input Service Distributor;
- (c) the term “turnover”, in relation to any registered person engaged in the supply of taxable goods as well as goods not taxable under this Act, means the value of turnover, reduced by the amount of any duty or tax levied ¹[under entries 84 and 92A] of List I of the Seventh Schedule to the Constitution and entries 51 and 54 of List II of the said Schedule.]

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019) by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018, for the words “under entry 84”.

A. Section 20 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>Rule 39</i>	<i>Procedure for distribution of input tax credit by Input Service Distributor</i>	<i>Form GSTR-6</i>
<i>Rule 54(1)</i>	<i>Tax invoice in special cases</i>	<i>Nil</i>
B. Section related Notifications		
<i>S.No.</i>	<i>Notification/Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	<i>09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Brings into force sec 20 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	<i>CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018 (31 of 2018), dt. 29.08.2018 read with N. No. 02/2019 – CT, dt. 29.01.2019</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 20(c) w.e.f. 01.02.2019</i>
3.	<i>14/2021 – CT, dt. 01.05.2021</i>	<i>Extends specified compliances falling between 15.04.2021 to 30.05.2021 till 31.05.2021 in exercise of powers under section 168A of CGST Act</i>
4.	<i>24/2021 – CT, dt. 01.06.2021</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 14/2021 – CT in order to extend due date of compliances which fall during the period from “15.04.2021 to 29.06.2021” till 30.06.2021</i>
5.	<i>Finance Act, 2024 (No. 8 of 2024), dt. 15.02.2024</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 20 w.e.f. date to be notified</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	<i>10/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rules 39 and 54</i>
2.	<i>03/2018 – CT, dt. 23.01.2018</i>	<i>CGST (Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rule 54</i>
3.	<i>74/2018 – CT, dt. 31.12.2018</i>	<i>CGST (Fourteenth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rule 54</i>
4.	<i>35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020</i>	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 29.06.2020” till 30.06.2020</i>
5.	<i>55/2020 – CT, dt. 27.06.2020</i>	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 30.08.2020” till 31.08.2020 (Subs. N. No. 35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020)</i>
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		

E. Circulars		
S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	71/2018 – GST, dt. 26.10.2018	<i>Clarification on issues pertaining to registration as a casual taxable person & recovery of excess Input Tax Credit distributed by an Input Service distributor</i>
F. Instructions		
<i>NIL</i>		

21. Manner of recovery of credit distributed in excess.

Where the Input Service Distributor distributes the credit in contravention of the provisions contained in section 20 resulting in excess distribution of credit to one or more recipients of credit, the excess credit so distributed shall be recovered from such recipients along with interest, and the provisions of section 73 or section 74, as the case may be, shall, mutatis mutandis, apply for determination of amount to be recovered.

A. Section 21 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>NIL</i>		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 21 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
<i>NIL</i>		
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		
E. Circulars		
S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	71/2018 – GST, dt. 26.10.2018	<i>Clarification on issues pertaining to registration as a casual taxable person & recovery of excess Input Tax Credit distributed by an Input Service distributor</i>
F. Instructions		
<i>NIL</i>		

CHAPTER VI

REGISTRATION

22. Persons liable for registration.

- (1) Every supplier shall be liable to be registered under this Act in the State or Union territory, other than special category States, from where he makes a taxable supply of goods or services or both, if his aggregate turnover in a financial year exceeds twenty lakh rupees:

Provided that where such person makes taxable supplies of goods or services or both from any of the special category States, he shall be liable to be registered if his aggregate turnover in a financial year exceeds ten lakh rupees.

¹[Provided further that the Government may, at the request of a special category State and on the recommendations of the Council, enhance the aggregate turnover referred to in the first proviso from ten lakh rupees to such amount, not exceeding twenty lakh rupees and subject to such conditions and limitations, as may be so notified.]

²[Provided also that the Government may, at the request of a State and on the recommendations of the Council, enhance the aggregate turnover from twenty lakh rupees to such amount not exceeding forty lakh rupees in case of supplier who is engaged exclusively in the supply of goods, subject to such conditions and limitations, as may be notified.]

*Explanation.—*For the purposes of this sub-section, a person shall be considered to be engaged exclusively in the supply of goods even if he is engaged in exempt supply of services provided by way of extending deposits, loans or advances in so far as the consideration is represented by way of interest or discount.]

- (2) Every person who, on the day immediately preceding the appointed day, is registered or holds a licence under an existing law, shall be liable to be registered under this Act with effect from the appointed day.
- (3) Where a business carried on by a taxable person registered under this Act is transferred, whether on account of succession or otherwise, to another person as a going concern, the transferee or the successor, as the case may be, shall be liable to be registered with effect from the date of such transfer or succession.
- (4) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-sections (1) and (3), in a case of transfer pursuant to sanction of a scheme or an arrangement for amalgamation or, as the case may be, demerger of two or more companies pursuant to an order of a High Court, Tribunal or otherwise, the transferee shall be liable to be registered, with effect from the date on which the Registrar of Companies issues a certificate of incorporation giving effect to such order of the High Court or Tribunal.

¹ *Ins. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019) by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018.*

² *Ins. w.e.f. 01.01.2020 (vide Notification No. 01/2020-CT, dt. 01.01.2020) by the Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (s.94) dt. 01.08.2019.*

Explanation.—For the purposes of this section,—

- (i) the expression “aggregate turnover” shall include all supplies made by the taxable person, whether on his own account or made on behalf of all his principals;
- (ii) the supply of goods, after completion of job work, by a registered job worker shall be treated as the supply of goods by the principal referred to in section 143, and the value of such goods shall not be included in the aggregate turnover of the registered job worker;
- (iii) the expression “special category States” shall mean the States as specified in sub-clause (g) of clause (4) of article 279A of the Constitution ¹[except the State of Jammu and Kashmir] ²[and States of Arunachal Pradesh, Assam, Himachal Pradesh, Meghalaya, Sikkim and Uttarakhand.]

A. Section 22 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
Rule 24	<i>Migration of persons registered under the existing law</i>	Forms GST REG-06, REG-20, REG-25, REG-26, REG-27, REG-28, REG-29
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	<i>01/2017 – CT, dt. 19.06.2017</i>	<i>Brings into force sec 22 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 22.06.2017</i>
2.	<i>CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018 (31 of 2018), dt. 29.08.2018 read with N. No. 02/2019 – CT, dt. 29.01.2019</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 22(1) and 22(iii) w.e.f. 01.02.2019</i>
3.	<i>Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (23 of 2019), dt. 01.08.2019 read with N. No. 01/2020 – CT, dt. 01.01.2020</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 22(1) w.e.f. 01.01.2020</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	<i>03/2017 – CT, dt. 19.06.2017</i>	<i>CGST Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rule 24</i>
2.	<i>07/2017 – CT, dt. 27.06.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 24</i>

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 08.07.2017, retrospectively, by the CGST (Extension to Jammu and Kashmir) Act, 2017, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 24.08.2017.

² Ins. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019) by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018.

3.	<i>17/2017 – CT, dt. 27.06.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 24</i>
4.	<i>36/2017 – CT, dt. 29.09.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Eighth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 24</i>
5.	<i>51/2017 – CT, dt. 28.10.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Eleventh Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 24</i>
6.	<i>03/2018 – CT, dt. 23.01.2018</i>	<i>CGST (Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rule 24</i>
7.	<i>03/2019 – CT, dt. 29.01.2019</i>	<i>CGST (First Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Form GST REG-20</i>
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		
E. Circulars		
S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	<i>57/2018 – GST, dt. 04.09.2018</i>	<i>Scope of Principal-agent relationship in the context of Schedule I of the CGST Act</i>
2.	<i>88/2019 – GST, dt. 01.02.2019</i>	<i>Makes amendments in the earlier issued circulars in wake of amendments in the CGST Act (which shall come into force w.e.f. 01.02.2019)</i>
3.	<i>96/2019 – GST, dt. 28.03.2019</i>	<i>Clarification regarding transfer of input tax credit in case of death of sole proprietor</i>
F. Instructions		
<i>NIL</i>		

23. Persons not liable for registration.

- (1) The following persons shall not be liable to registration, namely:—
- (a) any person engaged exclusively in the business of supplying goods or services or both that are not liable to tax or wholly exempt from tax under this Act or under the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act;
 - (b) an agriculturist, to the extent of supply of produce out of cultivation of land.
- ¹[(2) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in sub-section (1) of section 22 or section 24, the Government may, on the recommendations of the Council, by notification, subject to such conditions and restrictions as may be specified therein, specify the category of persons who may be exempted from obtaining registration under this Act.]

¹ Subs. (vide Notification No. 28/2023-CT, dt. 31.07.2023 w.e.f. 01.10.2023) w.e.f. 01.07.2017, retrospectively, by the Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023) (s.140) enacted on 31.03.2023. Formerly, it read as:

“(2) The Government may, on the recommendations of the Council, by notification, specify the category of persons who may be exempted from obtaining registration under this Act.”

A. Section 23 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	01/2017 – CT, dt. 19.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 23 of the CGST Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 22.06.2017</i>
2.	05/2017 – CT, dt. 19.06.2017	<i>Exempts persons from registration under sec 23, who are only engaged in making taxable supplies, total tax on which is liable to be paid on reverse charge basis</i>
3.	32/2017 – CT, dt. 15.09.2017	<i>Grants exemption to a casual taxable person, making taxable supplies of handicraft goods, from the requirement to obtain registration under sec 23</i>
4.	38/2017 – CT, dt. 13.10.2017	<i>Amends N. No. 32/2017 – CT, dt. 15.09.2017 so as to add certain items to the list of “handicrafts goods”</i>
5.	65/2017 – CT, dt. 15.11.2017	<i>Exempts suppliers of services through an e-commerce platform from obtaining compulsory registration</i>
6.	56/2018 – CT, dt. 23.10.2018	<i>Supersede N. No. 32/2017 – CT, dt. 15.09.2017 - exemption to a casual taxable person, making taxable supplies of handicraft goods</i>
7.	6/2019 – CT, dt. 29.01.2019	<i>Amends N. No. 65/2017 – CT, dt. 15.11.2017 in view of bringing into effect the amendments (to align Special Category States with the explanation in section 22 of CGST Act, 2017) in the GST Acts; w.e.f. 01.02.2019</i>
8.	10/2019 – CT, dt. 07.03.2019	<i>Gives exemption from registration for any person engaged in exclusive supply of goods and whose aggregate turnover in the financial year does not exceed Rs 40 lakhs; w.e.f. 01.04.2019</i>
9.	03/2022 – CT, dt. 31.03.2022	<i>Amends N. No. 10/2019-Central Tax to implement special composition scheme for Brick Kilns, as recommended by 45 GST Council Meeting</i>
10.	15/2022 – CT, dt. 13.07.2022	<i>Amends N. No. 10/2019-CT to implement special composition scheme for Brick Kilns</i>
11.	<i>Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023), dt. 31.03.2023 read with N. No.28/2023 – CT, dt. 31.07.2023</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 23(2) w.e.f. 01.07.2017, retrospectively [Sec 140 of the Finance Act, 2023]</i>
12.	34/2023 – CT, dt. 31.07.2023	<i>Waives the requirement of mandatory registration under section 24(ix) of CGST Act for person supplying goods through ECOs, subject to certain conditions</i>

C. Rule related Notifications		
<i>NIL</i>		
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		
E. Circulars		
S.No.	<i>Circular/Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	57/2018 – GST, dt. 04.09.2018	<i>Scope of Principal-agent relationship in the context of Schedule I of the CGST Act</i>
2.	73/2018 – GST, dt. 05.11.2018	<i>Scope of principal and agent relationship under Schedule I of CGST Act, 2017 in the context of del-crede agent</i>
F. Instructions		
<i>NIL</i>		

24. Compulsory registration in certain cases.

Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1) of section 22, the following categories of persons shall be required to be registered under this Act,—

- (i) persons making any inter-State taxable supply;
- (ii) casual taxable persons making taxable supply;
- (iii) persons who are required to pay tax under reverse charge;
- (iv) person who are required to pay tax under sub-section (5) of section 9;
- (v) non-resident taxable persons making taxable supply;
- (vi) persons who are required to deduct tax under section 51, whether or not separately registered under this Act;
- (vii) persons who make taxable supply of goods or services or both on behalf of other taxable persons whether as an agent or otherwise;
- (viii) Input Service Distributor, whether or not separately registered under this Act;
- (ix) persons who supply goods or services or both, other than supplies specified under sub-section (5) of section 9, through such electronic commerce operator who is required to collect tax at source under section 52;
- (x) every electronic commerce operator ¹[who is required to collect tax at source under section 52];

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019) by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018.

- (xi) every person supplying online information and database access or retrieval services from a place outside India to a person in India, other than a registered person; ¹[***]
- ²[(xii) every person supplying online money gaming from a place outside India to a person in India; and]
- (xiii) such other person or class of persons as may be notified by the Government on the recommendations of the Council.

A. Section 24 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	01/2017 – CT, dt. 19.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 24 of the CGST Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 22.06.2017</i>
2.	<i>CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018 (31 of 2018), dt. 29.08.2018 read with N. No. 02/2019 – CT, dt. 29.01.2019</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 24(x) w.e.f. 01.02.2019</i>
3.	62/2019 – CT, dt. 26.11.2019	<i>Notified the transition plan with respect to J&K reorganization w.e.f. 31.10.2019</i>
4.	03/2020 – CT, dt. 01.01.2020	<i>Amends the N. No. 62/2019-CT dt. 26.11.2019 to amend the transition plan for the UTs of J&K and Ladakh</i>
5.	<i>CGST (Amendment) Act, 2023 (30 of 2023), dt. 18.08.2023 read with N. No. 48/2023 – CT, dt. 29.09.2023</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 24(x) and 24(xi) w.e.f. 01.10.2023</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		

¹ *Omtd. the word “and” w.e.f. 01.10.2023 (vide Notification No. 48/2023-CT, dt. 29.09.2023) by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2023 (30 of 2023), vide Ministry of Law and Justice notification dt. 18.08.2023.*

² *Ins. w.e.f. 01.10.2023 (vide Notification No. 48/2023-CT, dt. 29.09.2023) by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2023 (30 of 2023), vide Ministry of Law and Justice notification dt. 18.08.2023.*

<i>E. Circulars</i>		
S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	57/2018 – GST, dt. 04.09.2018	<i>Scope of Principal-agent relationship in the context of Schedule I of the CGST Act</i>
2.	73/2018 – GST, dt. 05.11.2018	<i>Scope of principal and agent relationship under Schedule I of CGST Act, 2017 in the context of del-credere agent</i>
3.	88/2019 – GST, dt. 01.02.2019	<i>Makes amendments in the earlier issued circulars in wake of amendments in the CGST Act (which shall come into force w.e.f. 01.02.2019)</i>
<i>F. Instructions</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		

25. Procedure for registration.

- (1) Every person who is liable to be registered under section 22 or section 24 shall apply for registration in every such State or Union territory in which he is so liable within thirty days from the date on which he becomes liable to registration, in such manner and subject to such conditions as may be prescribed:

Provided that a casual taxable person or a non-resident taxable person shall apply for registration at least five days prior to the commencement of business.

¹[Provided further that a person having a unit, as defined in the Special Economic Zones Act, 2005, in a Special Economic Zone or being a Special Economic Zone developer shall have to apply for a separate registration, as distinct from his place of business located outside the Special Economic Zone in the same State or Union territory.]

*Explanation.—*Every person who makes a supply from the territorial waters of India shall obtain registration in the coastal State or Union territory where the nearest point of the appropriate baseline is located.

- (2) A person seeking registration under this Act shall be granted a single registration in a State or Union territory:

²[Provided that a person having multiple places of business in a State or Union territory may be granted a separate registration for each such place of business, subject to such conditions as may be prescribed.]

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019) by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018.

² Subs. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019) by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018. Formerly, it read as:

“Provided that a person having multiple business verticals in a State or Union territory may be granted a separate registration for each business vertical, subject to such conditions as may be prescribed.”.

- (3) A person, though not liable to be registered under section 22 or section 24 may get himself registered voluntarily, and all provisions of this Act, as are applicable to a registered person, shall apply to such person.
- (4) A person who has obtained or is required to obtain more than one registration, whether in one State or Union territory or more than one State or Union territory shall, in respect of each such registration, be treated as distinct persons for the purposes of this Act.
- (5) Where a person who has obtained or is required to obtain registration in a State or Union territory in respect of an establishment, has an establishment in another State or Union territory, then such establishments shall be treated as establishments of distinct persons for the purposes of this Act.
- (6) Every person shall have a Permanent Account Number issued under the Income-tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961) in order to be eligible for grant of registration:

Provided that a person required to deduct tax under section 51 may have, in lieu of a Permanent Account Number, a Tax Deduction and Collection Account Number issued under the said Act in order to be eligible for grant of registration.

- ¹[(6A) Every registered person shall undergo authentication, or furnish proof of possession of Aadhaar number, in such form and manner and within such time as may be prescribed:
Provided that if an Aadhaar number is not assigned to the registered person, such person shall be offered alternate and viable means of identification in such manner as Government may, on the recommendations of the Council, prescribe:
Provided further that in case of failure to undergo authentication or furnish proof of possession of Aadhaar number or furnish alternate and viable means of identification, registration allotted to such person shall be deemed to be invalid and the other provisions of this Act shall apply as if such person does not have a registration.
- (6B) On and from the date of notification, every individual shall, in order to be eligible for grant of registration, undergo authentication, or furnish proof of possession of Aadhaar number, in such manner as the Government may, on the recommendations of the Council, specify in the said notification:
Provided that if an Aadhaar number is not assigned to an individual, such individual shall be offered alternate and viable means of identification in such manner as the Government may, on the recommendations of the Council, specify in the said notification.
- (6C) On and from the date of notification, every person, other than an individual, shall, in order to be eligible for grant of registration, undergo authentication, or furnish proof of possession of Aadhaar number of the Karta, Managing Director, whole time Director, such number of partners, Members of Managing Committee of Association, Board of Trustees, authorised representative, authorised signatory and such other class of persons,

¹ *Ins. sub-sec (6A) to (6D) w.e.f. 01.01.2020 (vide Notification No. 01/2020-CT, dt. 01.01.2020) by the Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (s.95) dt. 01.08.2019.*

in such manner, as the Government may, on the recommendation of the Council, specify in the said notification:

Provided that where such person or class of persons have not been assigned the Aadhaar Number, such person or class of persons shall be offered alternate and viable means of identification in such manner as the Government may, on the recommendations of the Council, specify in the said notification.

- (6D) The provisions of sub-section (6A) or sub-section (6B) or sub-section (6C) shall not apply to such person or class of persons or any State or Union territory or part thereof, as the Government may, on the recommendations of the Council, specify by notification.

*Explanation.—*For the purposes of this section, the expression “Aadhaar number” shall have the same meaning as assigned to it in clause (a) of section 2 of the Aadhaar (Targeted Delivery of Financial and Other Subsidies, Benefits and Services) Act, 2016.].

- (7) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (6), a non-resident taxable person may be granted registration under sub-section (1) on the basis of such other documents as may be prescribed.
- (8) Where a person who is liable to be registered under this Act fails to obtain registration, the proper officer may, without prejudice to any action which may be taken under this Act or under any other law for the time being in force, proceed to register such person in such manner as may be prescribed.
- (9) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1),—
- (a) any specialised agency of the United Nations Organisation or any Multilateral Financial Institution and Organisation notified under the United Nations (Privileges and Immunities) Act, 1947, (46 of 1947) Consulate or Embassy of foreign countries; and
- (b) any other person or class of persons, as may be notified by the Commissioner, shall be granted a Unique Identity Number in such manner and for such purposes, including refund of taxes on the notified supplies of goods or services or both received by them, as may be prescribed.
- (10) The registration or the Unique Identity Number shall be granted or rejected after due verification in such manner and within such period as may be prescribed.
- (11) A certificate of registration shall be issued in such form and with effect from such date as may be prescribed.
- (12) A registration or a Unique Identity Number shall be deemed to have been granted after the expiry of the period prescribed under sub-section (10), if no deficiency has been communicated to the applicant within that period.

A. Section 25 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
Rule 8	<i>Application for Registration</i>	<i>Forms GST REG-01, REG-02</i>
Rule 9	<i>Verification of Application and Approval</i>	<i>Forms GST REG-01, REG-03, REG-04, REG-05</i>
Rule 10	<i>Issue of Registration Certificate</i>	<i>Form GST REG-06</i>
Rule 10A	<i>Furnishing of Bank Account Details</i>	<i>Nil</i>
Rule 10B	<i>Aadhaar authentication for registered person</i>	<i>Forms GST REG-21, RFD-01</i>
Rule 11	<i>Separate registration for multiple places of business within a State or a Union territory</i>	<i>Form GST REG-01</i>
Rule 12	<i>Grant of registration to persons required to deduct tax at source or to collect tax at source</i>	<i>Forms GST REG-06, REG-07, REG-08</i>
Rule 13	<i>Grant of Registration to Non-Resident Taxable Person</i>	<i>Form GST REG-09</i>
Rule 14	<i>Grant of registration to a person supplying online information and database access or retrieval services from a place outside India to a non-taxable online recipient</i>	<i>Forms GST REG-06, REG-10</i>
Rule 15	<i>Extension in period of operation by casual taxable person and non-resident taxable person</i>	<i>Form GST REG-11</i>
Rule 16	<i>Suo moto registration</i>	<i>Form GST REG-12</i>
Rule 17	<i>Assignment of Unique Identity Number to Certain Special Entities</i>	<i>Forms GST REG-06, REG-13</i>
Rule 18	<i>Display of registration certificate and Goods and Services Tax Identification Number on the name board</i>	<i>Nil</i>
Rule 24	<i>Migration of persons registered under the existing law</i>	<i>Forms GST REG-06, REG-20, REG-25, REG-26, REG-27, REG-28, REG-29</i>
Rule 25	<i>Physical Verification of Business premises in certain cases</i>	<i>Form GST REG-30</i>
Rule 26	<i>Methods of Authentication</i>	<i>Nil</i>
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	01/2017 – CT, dt. 19.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 25 of the CGST Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 22.06.2017</i>
2.	<i>CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018 (31 of 2018), dt. 29.08.2018 read with N. No. 02/2019 – CT, dt. 29.01.2019</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 25(1) and 25(2) w.e.f. 01.02.2019</i>

3.	<i>Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (23 of 2019), dt. 01.08.2019 read with N. No. 01/2020 – CT, dt. 01.01.2020</i>	<i>Inserting sub-sec (6A) to (6D) of sec 25 w.e.f. 01.01.2020</i>
4.	<i>10/2020 – CT, dt. 21.03.2020</i>	<i>Provides special procedure for taxpayers in Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu consequent to merger of the two UTs</i>
5.	<i>11/2020 – CT, dt. 21.03.2020</i>	<i>Provides special procedure for corporate debtors undergoing the corporate insolvency resolution process under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016</i>
6.	<i>17/2020 – CT, dt. 23.03.2020</i>	<i>Specifies the class of persons who shall be exempted from aadhar authentication</i>
7.	<i>18/2020 – CT, dt. 23.03.2020</i>	<i>Notifies the date from which an individual shall undergo authentication, of Aadhaar number in order to be eligible for registration</i>
8.	<i>19/2020 – CT, dt. 23.03.2020</i>	<i>Specifies class of persons, other than individuals who shall undergo authentication, of Aadhaar number in order to be eligible for registration</i>
9.	<i>39/2020 – CT, dt. 05.05.2020</i>	<i>Makes amendments in N. No. 11/2020 – CT, dt. 21.03.2020 regarding special procedure for corporate debtors undergoing the corporate insolvency resolution process under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016</i>
10.	<i>45/2020 – CT, dt. 09.06.2020</i>	<i>Extends the date for transition under GST on account of merger of erstwhile Union Territories of Daman and Diu & Dadar and Nagar Haveli.</i>
11.	<i>03/2021 – CT, dt. 23.02.2021</i>	<i>Notifies persons to whom provisions of sub-section (6B) or sub-section (6C) of section 25 of CGST Act will not apply</i>
12.	<i>36/2021 – CT, dt. 24.09.2021</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 03/2021 dated 23.02.2021</i>

C. Rule related Notifications

1.	<i>03/2017 – CT, dt. 19.06.2017</i>	<i>CGST Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rules 8 to 10, 11 to 18, 24 to 26</i>
2.	<i>06/2017 – CT, dt. 19.06.2017</i>	<i>Modes of verification under CGST Rules, under rule 26(1)</i>
3.	<i>07/2017 – CT, dt. 27.06.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rules 10, 13, 24 and 26</i>
4.	<i>11/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Amends N. No 6/2017 – CT, dt. 19.06.2017 - Modes of verification under CGST Rules, under rule 26(1)</i>
5.	<i>17/2017 – CT, dt. 27.07.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 24</i>

6.	22/2017 – CT, dt. 17.08.2017	<i>CGST (Fifth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 17, Forms GST REG-01, REG-13</i>
7.	36/2017 – CT, dt. 29.09.2017	<i>CGST (Eighth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 24</i>
8.	51/2017 – CT, dt. 28.10.2017	<i>CGST (Eleventh Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 24</i>
9.	75/2017 – CT, dt. 29.12.2017	<i>CGST (Fourteenth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 17</i>
10.	03/2018 – CT, dt. 23.01.2018	<i>CGST (Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rule 24</i>
11.	31/2018 – CT, dt. 06.08.2018	<i>Lays down the special procedure for completing migration of taxpayers who received provisional IDs but could not complete the migration process - Persons who did not file the complete Form GST REG-26 of the CGST Rules, 2017 but received only a Provisional Identification Number (PID) till the 31.12.2017</i>
12.	67/2018 – CT, dt. 31.12.2018	<i>Extends the time period specified in N. No. 31/2018 – CT dated 06.08.2018 for availing the special procedure for completing migration of taxpayers who received provisional IDs but could not complete the migration process</i>
13.	74/2018 – CT, dt. 31.12.2018	<i>CGST (Fourteenth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rule 12</i>
14.	03/2019 – CT, dt. 29.01.2019	<i>CGST (First Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Rules 8, 11 and Forms REG-01, REG-20</i>
15.	20/2019 – CT, dt. 07.03.2019	<i>CGST (Third Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Form GST REG-01</i>
16.	31/2019 – CT, dt. 28.06.2019	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Inserting Rule 10A and amending Forms GST REG-01, GST REG-07, GST REG-12</i>
17.	33/2019 – CT, dt. 18.07.2019	<i>CGST (Fifth Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Rule 12</i>
18.	02/2020 – CT, dt. 01.01.2020	<i>CGST (Amendment) Rules, 2020 – Amending Form GST REG-01</i>
19.	16/2020 – CT, dt. 23.03.2020	<i>CGST (Third Amendment) Rules, 2020 – Amending Rules 8, 9 and 25</i>
20.	38/2020 – CT, dt. 05.05.2020	<i>CGST (Fifth Amendment) Rules, 2020 – Amending Rule 26</i>
21.	62/2020 – CT, dt. 20.08.2020	<i>CGST (Tenth Amendment) Rules, 2020 – Amending Rules 8, 9 and 25</i>
22.	94/2020 – CT, dt. 22.12.2020 and Corrigendum, dt. 28.12.2020	<i>CGST (Fourteenth Amendment) Rules, 2020 – Amending Rule 8(4A) w.e.f. to be notified – Rule 9 w.e.f. 22.12.2020</i>

23.	32/2021 – CT, dt. 29.08.2021	<i>CGST (Seventh Amendment) Rules, 2021 – Amending Rule 26</i>
24.	35/2021 – CT, dt. 24.09.2021 read with 38/2021 – CT, dt. 21.12.2021	<i>CGST (Eighth Amendment) Rules, 2021 – Amending Rule 10A w.e.f. to be notified – Inserting Rule 10B w.e.f. 01.01.2022</i>
25.	26/2022 – CT, dt. 26.12.2022	<i>CGST (Fifth Amendment) Rules, 2022 – Amending Rules 8, 9, 12 and Form GST REG-01 w.e.f. 26.12.2022</i>
26.	27/2022 – CT, dt. 26.12.2022	<i>Notification under sub-rule (4B) of rule 8 of CGST Rules, 2017</i>
27.	04/2023 – CT, dt. 31.03.2023	<i>CGST (Amendment, 2023) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 8 w.e.f. 26.12.2022</i>
28.	05/2023 – CT, dt. 31.03.2023	<i>Amends N. No. 27/2022-CT, dt. 26.12.2022 [under sub-rule (4B) of rule 8]</i>
29.	31/2023 – CT, dt. 31.07.2023	<i>Amends N. No. 27/2022-CT, dt. 26.12.2022</i>
30.	38/2023 – CT, dt. 04.08.2023	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2023 – Amending Rules 9, 10A and 25 w.e.f. 04.08.2023</i>
31.	51/2023 – CT, dt. 29.09.2023	<i>CGST (Third Amendment) Rules, 2023 – Amending Rules 8, 14 and Form GST REG-10 w.e.f. 01.10.2023</i>
32.	52/2023 – CT, dt. 26.10.2023	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2023 – Amending Forms GST REG-01 and GST REG-08 w.e.f. 26.10.2023</i>
33.	54/2023 – CT, dt. 17.11.2023	<i>Amends N. No. 27/2022 dt. 26.12.2022 to notify biometric-based Aadhaar authentication for GST registration in the State of Andhra Pradesh</i>

D. Orders

S.No.	ROD/Order/Date	Contents
1.	O-6/2017 – GST, dt. 28.10.2017	<i>Extension of time limit for submitting application in Form GST REG-26</i>

E. Circulars

S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	21/2017 – GST, dt. 22.11.2017	<i>Inter-state movement of rigs, tools and spares, and all goods on wheels [like cranes]</i>
2.	36/2018 – GST, dt. 13.03.2018	<i>Processing of refund application for UIN entities</i>
3.	95/2019 – GST, dt. 28.03.2019	<i>Clarifies verification for grant of new registration</i>
4.	97/2019 – GST, dt. 05.04.2019	<i>Clarifying issues regarding exercise of option to pay tax under N. No. 2/2019-CT(R), dt. 07.03.2019</i>
5.	134/2020 – GST, dt. 23.03.2020	<i>Clarifies issues in respect of issues under GST law for companies under Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016</i>

6.	138/2020 – GST, dt. 06.05.2020	<i>Clarifies issues in respect of issues under GST law for companies under Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016</i>
7.	156/12/2021-GST, dt. 21.06.2021	<i>Clarification in respect of applicability of Dynamic Quick Response (QR) Code on B2C invoices and compliance of N. No. 14/2020-CT dated 21st March, 2020</i>
8.	165/21/2021-GST, dt. 17.11.2021	<i>Clarification in respect of applicability of Dynamic Quick Response (QR) Code on B2C invoices and compliance of N. No. 14/2020-CT dated 21st March, 2020</i>
F. Instructions		
S.No.	Instructions /Date	Contents
1.	01/2023-GST, dt. 04.05.2023	<i>Guidelines for Special All-India Drive against fake registrations</i>
2.	03/2023-GST, dt. 14.06.2023	<i>Guidelines for processing of applications for registration.</i>

26. Deemed registration.

- (1) The grant of registration or the Unique Identity Number under the State Goods and Services Tax Act or the Union Territory Goods and Services Tax Act shall be deemed to be a grant of registration or the Unique Identity Number under this Act subject to the condition that the application for registration or the Unique Identity Number has not been rejected under this Act within the time specified in sub-section (10) of section 25.
- (2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (10) of section 25, any rejection of application for registration or the Unique Identity Number under the State Goods and Services Tax Act or the Union Territory Goods and Services Tax Act shall be deemed to be a rejection of application for registration under this Act.

A. Section 26 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
Rule 17	Assignment of Unique Identity Number to Certain Special Entities	Forms GST REG-06, REG-13
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	01/2017 – CT, dt. 19.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 26 of the CGST Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 22.06.2017</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	03/2017 – CT, dt. 19.06.2017	<i>CGST Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rule 17</i>
2.	22/2017 – CT, dt. 17.08.2017	<i>CGST (Fifth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 17(2)</i>

3.	75/2017 – CT, dt. 29.12.2017	<i>CGST (Fourteenth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 17</i>
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
NIL		
F. Instructions		
NIL		

27. Special provisions relating to casual taxable person and non-resident taxable person.

(1) The certificate of registration issued to a casual taxable person or a non-resident taxable person shall be valid for the period specified in the application for registration or ninety days from the effective date of registration, whichever is earlier and such person shall make taxable supplies only after the issuance of the certificate of registration:

Provided that the proper officer may, on sufficient cause being shown by the said taxable person, extend the said period of ninety days by a further period not exceeding ninety days.

(2) A casual taxable person or a non-resident taxable person shall, at the time of submission of application for registration under sub-section (1) of section 25, make an advance deposit of tax in an amount equivalent to the estimated tax liability of such person for the period for which the registration is sought:

Provided that where any extension of time is sought under sub-section (1), such taxable person shall deposit an additional amount of tax equivalent to the estimated tax liability of such person for the period for which the extension is sought.

(3) The amount deposited under sub-section (2) shall be credited to the electronic cash ledger of such person and shall be utilised in the manner provided under section 49.

A. Section 27 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
Rule 8	<i>Application for registration</i>	<i>Forms GST REG-01, REG-02</i>
Rule 13	<i>Grant of registration to non-resident taxable person</i>	<i>Form GST REG-09</i>
Rule 14	<i>Grant of registration to a person supplying online information and database access or retrieval services from a place outside India to a non-taxable online recipient</i>	<i>Forms GST REG-06, REG-10</i>
Rule 15	<i>Extension in period of operation by casual taxable person and non-resident taxable person</i>	<i>Form GST REG-11</i>

B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	01/2017 – CT, dt. 19.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 27 of the CGST Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 22.06.2017</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	03/2017 – CT, dt. 19.06.2017	<i>CGST Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rules 8, 13 to 15</i>
2.	07/2017 – CT, dt. 27.06.2017	<i>CGST (Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 13</i>
3.	03/2019 – CT, dt. 29.01.2019	<i>CGST (First Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Rule 8 and Form REG-01</i>
4.	20/2019 – CT, dt. 07.03.2019	<i>CGST (Third Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Form GST REG-01</i>
5.	02/2020 – CT, dt. 01.01.2020	<i>CGST (Amendment) Rules, 2020 – Amending Form GST REG-01</i>
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	01/2017 – GST, dt. 26.06.2017	<i>Proper officer for provisions relating to Registration and Composition levy under the Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 or the rules made thereunder</i>
2.	71/2018 – GST, dt. 26.10.2018	<i>Clarification on issues pertaining to registration as a casual taxable person & recovery of excess Input Tax Credit distributed by an Input Service distributor</i>
F. Instructions		
NIL		

28. Amendment of registration.

- (1) Every registered person and a person to whom a Unique Identity Number has been assigned shall inform the proper officer of any changes in the information furnished at the time of registration or subsequent thereto, in such form and manner and within such period as may be prescribed.
- (2) The proper officer may, on the basis of information furnished under sub-section (1) or as ascertained by him, approve or reject amendments in the registration particulars in such manner and within such period as may be prescribed:

Provided that approval of the proper officer shall not be required in respect of amendment of such particulars as may be prescribed:

Provided further that the proper officer shall not reject the application for amendment in the registration particulars without giving the person an opportunity of being heard.

S.

Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 as on 01 July 2024

- (3) Any rejection or approval of amendments under the State Goods and Services Tax Act or the Union Territory Goods and Services Tax Act, as the case may be, shall be deemed to be a rejection or approval under this Act.

A. Section 28 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>Rule 19</i>	<i>Amendment of registration</i>	<i>Forms GST REG-14, REG-15</i>
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	<i>01/2017 – CT, dt. 19.06.2017</i>	<i>Brings into force sec 28 of the CGST Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 22.06.2017</i>
2.	<i>14/2021 – CT, dt. 01.05.2021</i>	<i>Extends specified compliances falling between 15.04.2021 to 30.05.2021 till 31.05.2021 in exercise of powers under section 168A of CGST Act</i>
3.	<i>24/2021 – CT, dt. 01.06.2021</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 14/2021 – CT in order to extend due date of compliances which fall during the period from “15.04.2021 to 29.06.2021” till 30.06.2021</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	<i>03/2017 – CT, dt. 19.06.2017</i>	<i>CGST Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rule 19</i>
2.	<i>07/2017 – CT, dt. 27.06.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 19</i>
3.	<i>75/2017 – CT, dt. 29.12.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Fourteenth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 19</i>
4.	<i>35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020</i>	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 29.06.2020” till 30.06.2020</i>
5.	<i>55/2020 – CT, dt. 27.06.2020</i>	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 30.08.2020” till 31.08.2020 (Subs. N. No. 35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020)</i>
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		
E. Circulars		
S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	<i>87/2019 – GST, dt. 02.01.2019</i>	<i>CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018 - Clarification regarding sec 140(1) of the CGST Act</i>
2.	<i>138/2020 – GST, dt. 06.05.2020</i>	<i>Clarifies issues in respect of issues under GST law for companies under Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016</i>
F. Instructions		
<i>NIL</i>		

29. Cancellation ¹[or suspension] of registration.

- (1) The proper officer may, either on his own motion or on an application filed by the registered person or by his legal heirs, in case of death of such person, cancel the registration, in such manner and within such period as may be prescribed, having regard to the circumstances where,—
 - (a) the business has been discontinued, transferred fully for any reason including death of the proprietor, amalgamated with other legal entity, demerged or otherwise disposed of; or
 - (b) there is any change in the constitution of the business; or
 - ²[(c) the taxable person is no longer liable to be registered under section 22 or section 24 or intends to optout of the registration voluntarily made under sub-section (3) of section 25:]

³[Provided that during pendency of the proceedings relating to cancellation of registration filed by the registered person, the registration may be suspended for such period and in such manner as may be prescribed.]

- (2) The proper officer may cancel the registration of a person from such date, including any retrospective date, as he may deem fit, where,—
 - (a) a registered person has contravened such provisions of the Act or the rules made thereunder as may be prescribed; or
 - (b) a person paying tax under section 10 has not furnished ⁴[the return for a financial year beyond three months from the due date of furnishing the said return]; or
 - (c) any registered person, other than a person specified in clause (b), has not furnished returns for ⁵[such continuous tax period as may be prescribed]; or
 - (d) any person who has taken voluntary registration under sub-section (3) of section 25 has not commenced business within six months from the date of registration; or
 - (e) registration has been obtained by means of fraud, wilful misstatement or suppression of facts:

¹ *Ins. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019) by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018.*

² *Subs. w.e.f. 01.01.2021 (vide Notification No. 92/2020-CT dated 22.12.2020) by the Finance Act, 2020 (12 of 2020) (s.121) dt. 27.03.2020. Formerly, it read as:*

“(c) the taxable person, other than the person registered under sub-section (3) of section 25, is no longer liable to be registered under section 22 or section 24.”

³ *Ins. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide N.No.2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019) by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018.*

⁴ *Subs. w.e.f. 01.10.2022 (vide Notification No. 18/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022) by the Finance Act, 2022 (No. 6 of 2022) (s.101) dt. 30.03.2022, for the words “returns for three consecutive tax periods”.*

⁵ *Subs. w.e.f. 01.10.2022 (vide Notification No. 18/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022) by the Finance Act, 2022 (No. 6 of 2022) (s.101) dt. 30.03.2022, for the words “a continuous period of six months”.*

Provided that the proper officer shall not cancel the registration without giving the person an opportunity of being heard.

¹[Provided further that during pendency of the proceedings relating to cancellation of registration, the proper officer may suspend the registration for such period and in such manner as may be prescribed.]

- (3) The cancellation of registration under this section shall not affect the liability of the person to pay tax and other dues under this Act or to discharge any obligation under this Act or the rules made thereunder for any period prior to the date of cancellation whether or not such tax and other dues are determined before or after the date of cancellation.
- (4) The cancellation of registration under the State Goods and Services Tax Act or the Union Territory Goods and Services Tax Act, as the case may be, shall be deemed to be a cancellation of registration under this Act.
- (5) Every registered person whose registration is cancelled shall pay an amount, by way of debit in the electronic credit ledger or electronic cash ledger, equivalent to the credit of input tax in respect of inputs held in stock and inputs contained in semi-finished or finished goods held in stock or capital goods or plant and machinery on the day immediately preceding the date of such cancellation or the output tax payable on such goods, whichever is higher, calculated in such manner as may be prescribed:
Provided that in case of capital goods or plant and machinery, the taxable person shall pay an amount equal to the input tax credit taken on the said capital goods or plant and machinery, reduced by such percentage points as may be prescribed or the tax on the transaction value of such capital goods or plant and machinery under section 15, whichever is higher.
- (6) The amount payable under sub-section (5) shall be calculated in such manner as may be prescribed.

A. Section 29 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
Rule 20	<i>Application for cancellation of registration</i>	<i>Form GST REG-16</i>
Rule 21	<i>Registration to be cancelled in certain cases</i>	<i>Nil</i>
Rule 21A	<i>Suspension of registration</i>	<i>GST REG-31</i>
Rule 22	<i>Cancellation of registration</i>	<i>Forms GST REG-17, REG-18, REG-19, REG-20</i>
Rule 24	<i>Migration of persons registered under the existing law</i>	<i>Forms GST REG-6, REG-20, REG-25 to REG-29</i>
Rule 44	<i>Manner of reversal of credit under special circumstances</i>	<i>Forms GST ITC-03, GSTR-1, GSTR-10</i>

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019) by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018.

B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	01/2017 – CT, dt. 19.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 29 of the CGST Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 22.06.2017</i>
2.	<i>CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018 (31 of 2018), dt. 29.08.2018 read with N. No. 02/2019 – CT, dt. 29.01.2019</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 29(1) and 29(2) w.e.f. 01.02.2019</i>
3.	<i>Finance Act, 2020 (Act No. 12 of 2020), dt. 27.03.2020 read with N. No. 92/2020 – CT, dt. 22.12.2020</i>	<i>Amendment in clause (c) to sec 29(1) w.e.f. 01.01.2021</i>
4.	14/2021 – CT, dt. 01.05.2021	<i>Extends specified compliances falling between 15.04.2021 to 30.05.2021 till 31.05.2021 in exercise of powers under section 168A of CGST Act</i>
5.	24/2021 – CT, dt. 01.06.2021	<i>Amends N. No. 14/2021 – CT in order to extend due date of compliances which fall during the period from “15.04.2021 to 29.06.2021” till 30.06.2021</i>
6.	<i>Finance Act, 2022 (No. 6 of 2022), dt. 30.03.2022 read with N. No. 18/2022 – CT, dt. 28.09.2022</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 29 w.e.f. 01.10.2022 [Sec 101 of the Finance Act, 2022]</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	03/2017 – CT, dt. 19.06.2017	<i>CGST Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rules 19 to 21 and 24</i>
2.	07/2017 – CT, dt. 27.06.2017	<i>CGST (Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rules 19, 21 and 22</i>
3.	15/2017 – CT, dt. 01.07.2017	<i>CGST (Third Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 44</i>
4.	17/2017 – CT, dt. 27.07.2017	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 44</i>
5.	75/2017 – CT, dt. 29.12.2017	<i>CGST (Fourteenth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 19</i>
6.	03/2018 – CT, dt. 23.01.2018	<i>CGST (Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rule 20</i>
7.	39/2018 – CT, dt. 04.09.2018	<i>CGST (Eighth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rule 22 and Form GST REG-20</i>
8.	60/2018 – CT, dt. 30.10.2018	<i>CGST (Thirteenth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Form GST REG-16</i>
9.	3/2019 – CT, dt. 29.01.2019	<i>CGST (First Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Inserting Rule 21A and amending Form GST REG-17, REG-20</i>
10.	31/2019 – CT, dt. 28.06.2019	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Rule 21</i>

11.	49/2019 – CT, dt. 09.10.2019	<i>CGST (Sixth Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Rule 21A</i>
12.	35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 29.06.2020” till 30.06.2020</i>
13.	55/2020 – CT, dt. 27.06.2020	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 30.08.2020” till 31.08.2020 (Subs. N. No. 35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020)</i>
14.	94/2020 – CT, dt. 22.12.2020 and Corrigendum, dt. 28.12.2020	<i>CGST (Fourteenth Amendment) Rules, 2020 – Amending Rules 21, 21A, 22 and inserting Form GST REG-31 w.e.f. 22.12.2020</i>
15.	14/2022 – CT, dt. 05.07.2022	<i>CGST (First Amendment) Rules, 2022 – Amending Rule 21A w.e.f. 05.07.2022</i>
16.	19/2022 – CT, dt. 28.09.2022	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2022 – Amending Rule 21 w.e.f. 01.10.2022</i>
17.	26/2022 – CT, dt. 26.12.2022	<i>CGST (Fifth Amendment) Rules, 2022 – Amending Forms GST REG-17 and REG-19 w.e.f. 26.12.2022</i>
18.	38/2023 – CT, dt. 04.08.2023	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2023 – Amending Rule 21A w.e.f. 04.08.2023</i>

D. Orders

S.No.	ROD/Order/Date	Contents
1.	<i>ROD-5/2019 – GST, dt. 23.04.2019</i>	<i>Extends the time limit for filing an application for revocation of cancellation of registration for specified taxpayers till 22.07.2019</i>

E. Circulars

S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	<i>69/2018 – GST, dt. 26.10.2018</i>	<i>Circular on Standard Operating Procedure for Processing of Applications for Cancellation of Registration submitted in Form GST REG-16</i>
2.	<i>88/2019 – GST, dt. 01.02.2019</i>	<i>Makes amendments in the earlier issued circulars in wake of amendments in the CGST Act (which shall come into force w.e.f. 01.02.2019)</i>
3.	<i>95/2019 – GST, dt. 28.03.2019</i>	<i>Clarifies verification for grant of new registration</i>
4.	<i>96/2019 – GST, dt. 28.03.2019</i>	<i>Clarification regarding transfer of input tax credit in case of death of sole proprietor</i>
5.	<i>99/2019 – GST, dt. 23.04.2019</i>	<i>Clarification regarding the extension in time under sec 30(1) of the Act to provide a one time opportunity to apply for revocation of cancellation of registration on or before 22.07.2019 for the specified class of persons for whom cancellation order has been passed up to 31.03.2019</i>

6.	129/2019 – GST, dt. 24.12.2019	<i>Standard Operating Procedure to be followed in case of non-filers of returns</i>
7.	134/2020 – GST, dt. 23.03.2020	<i>Clarifies issues in respect of issues under GST law for companies under Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016</i>
8.	145/2021 – GST, dt. 11.02.2021	<i>Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) for implementation of the provision of suspension of registrations under sub-rule (2A) of rule 21A of CGST Rules, 2017</i>

F. Instructions

S.No.	Instructions /Date	Contents
1.	03/2019-20 (GST-Investigation), dt. 22.11.2019	<i>Monitoring of Companies under the process of strike off u/s 248 of Companies Act, 2013</i>
2.	01/2023-GST, dt. 04.05.2023	<i>Guidelines for Special All-India Drive against fake registrations</i>

30. Revocation of cancellation of registration.

- (1) Subject to such conditions as may be prescribed, any registered person, whose registration is cancelled by the proper officer on his own motion, may apply to such officer for revocation of cancellation of the registration in ¹[such manner, within such time and subject to such conditions and restrictions, as may be prescribed].
- ²[***]
- (2) The proper officer may, in such manner and within such period as may be prescribed, by order, either revoke cancellation of the registration or reject the application:
- Provided that the application for revocation of cancellation of registration shall not be rejected unless the applicant has been given an opportunity of being heard.

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.10.2023 (vide Notification No. 28/2023-CT, dt. 31.07.2023) by the Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023) (s.141) enacted on 31.03.2023, for the words “the prescribed manner within thirty days from the date of service of the cancellation order”.

² Omtl. proviso w.e.f. 01.10.2023 (vide Notification No. 28/2023-CT, dt. 31.07.2023) by the Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023) (s.141) enacted on 31.03.2023. Formerly, it read as:

“Provided that such period may, on sufficient cause being shown, and for reasons to be recorded in writing, be extended,—

(a) by the Additional Commissioner or the Joint Commissioner, as the case may be, for a period not exceeding thirty days;

(b) by the Commissioner, for a further period not exceeding thirty days, beyond the period specified in clause (a).” Earlier subs. w.e.f. 01.01.2021 (vide Notification No. 92/2020-CT, dt. 22.12.2020) by the Finance Act, 2020 (12 of 2020) (s.122) dt. 27.03.2020. Formerly, it read as:

“Provided that the registered person who was served notice under sub-section (2) of section 29 in the manner as provided in clause (c) or clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 169 and who could not reply to the said notice, thereby resulting in cancellation of his registration certificate and is hence unable to file application for revocation of cancellation of registration under sub-section (1) of section 30 of the Act, against such order passed up to 31.03.2019, shall be allowed to file application for revocation of cancellation of the registration not later than 22.07.2019.” Proviso was earlier ins. vide CGST (Fifth Removal of Difficulties) Order No. 5/2019-GST dt. 23.04.2019.

- (3) The revocation of cancellation of registration under the State Goods and Services Tax Act or the Union Territory Goods and Services Tax Act, as the case may be, shall be deemed to be a revocation of cancellation of registration under this Act.

A. Section 30 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	<i>01/2017 – CT, dt. 19.06.2017</i>	<i>Brings into force sec 30 of the CGST Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 22.06.2017</i>
2.	<i>Finance Act, 2020 (Act No. 12 of 2020), dt. 27.03.2020 read with N. No. 92/2020 – CT, dt. 22.12.2020</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 30(1) w.e.f. 01.01.2021</i>
3.	<i>14/2021 – CT, dt. 01.05.2021</i>	<i>Extends specified compliances falling between 15.04.2021 to 30.05.2021 till 31.05.2021 in exercise of powers under section 168A of CGST Act</i>
4.	<i>24/2021 – CT, dt. 01.06.2021</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 14/2021 – CT in order to extend due date of compliances which fall during the period from “15.04.2021 to 29.06.2021” till 30.06.2021</i>
5.	<i>03/2023 – CT, dt. 31.03.2023</i>	<i>Extension of time limit for application for revocation of cancellation of registration</i>
6.	<i>23/2023 – CT, dt. 17.07.2023</i>	<i>Extends time limit for application for revocation of cancellation of registration</i>
7.	<i>Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023), dt. 31.03.2023 read with N. No. 28/2023 – CT, dt. 31.07.2023</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 30(1) w.e.f. 01.10.2023 [Sec 141 of the Finance Act, 2023]</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	<i>03/2017 – CT, dt. 19.06.2017</i>	<i>CGST Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rule 23</i>
2.	<i>20/2019 – CT, dt. 23.04.2019</i>	<i>CGST (Third Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Rule 23</i>
3.	<i>35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020</i>	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 29.06.2020” till 30.06.2020</i>

4.	55/2020 – CT, dt. 27.06.2020	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 30.08.2020” till 31.08.2020 (Subs. N. No. 35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020)</i>
5.	15/2021 – CT, dt. 18.05.2021	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2021 – Amending Rule 23 and Form GST REG-21 w.e.f. 18.05.2021</i>
6.	34/2021 – CT, dt. 29.08.2021	<i>Extends timelines for filing of application for revocation of cancellation of registration to 30.09.2021, where due date for filing such application falls between 01.03.2020 to 31.08.2021, in cases where registration has been canceled under clause (b) or clause (c) of section 29(2) of the CGST Act.</i>
7.	35/2021 – CT, dt. 24.09.2021 read with 38/2021 – CT, dt. 21.12.2021	<i>CGST (Eighth Amendment) Rules, 2021 – Amending Rule 23 w.e.f. 01.01.2022</i>
8.	38/2023 – CT, dt. 04.08.2023	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2023 – Amending Rule 23 w.e.f. 01.10.2023</i>

D. Orders

S.No.	ROD/Order/Date	Contents
1.	ROD-5/2019 – GST, dt. 23.04.2019	<i>Extends the time limit for filing an application for revocation of cancellation of registration for specified taxpayers till 22.07.2019</i>
2.	ROD-01/2020 – CT, dt. 25.06.2020	<i>Extends the time limit for filing an application for revocation of cancellation of registration for specified taxpayers</i>

E. Circulars

S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	01/2017 – GST, dt. 26.06.2017	<i>Proper officer for provisions relating to Registration and Composition levy under the Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 or the rules made thereunder</i>
2.	95/2019 – GST, dt. 28.03.2019	<i>Clarifies verification for grant of new registration</i>
3.	99/2019 – GST, dt. 23.04.2019	<i>Clarification regarding the extension in time under sec 30(1) of the Act to provide a one time opportunity to apply for revocation of cancellation of registration on or before 22.07.2019 for the specified class of persons for whom cancellation order has been passed up to 31.03.2019</i>
4.	148/2021 – GST, dt. 18.05.2021	<i>Prescribes Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) for implementation of the provision of extension of time limit to apply for revocation of cancellation of registration under section 30 of the CGST Act, 2017 and rule 23 of the CGST Rules,2017</i>

5.	158/14/2021 – GST, dt. 06.09.2021	<i>Clarification regarding extension of time limit to apply for revocation of cancellation of registration in view of N. No. 34/2021-CT dated 29th August, 2021</i>
<i>F. Instructions</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		

CHAPTER VII

TAX INVOICE, CREDIT AND DEBIT NOTES

31. Tax invoice.

- (1) A registered person supplying taxable goods shall, before or at the time of,—
 - (a) removal of goods for supply to the recipient, where the supply involves movement of goods; or
 - (b) delivery of goods or making available thereof to the recipient, in any other case, issue a tax invoice showing the description, quantity and value of goods, the tax charged thereon and such other particulars as may be prescribed:

Provided that the Government may, on the recommendations of the Council, by notification, specify the categories of goods or supplies in respect of which a tax invoice shall be issued, within such time and in such manner as may be prescribed.
- (2) A registered person supplying taxable services shall, before or after the provision of service but within a prescribed period, issue a tax invoice, showing the description, value, tax charged thereon and such other particulars as may be prescribed:

¹[Provided that the Government may, on the recommendations of the Council, by notification,—

 - (a) specify the categories of services or supplies in respect of which a tax invoice shall be issued, within such time and in such manner as may be prescribed;
 - (b) subject to the condition mentioned therein, specify the categories of services in respect of which—
 - (i) any other document issued in relation to the supply shall be deemed to be a tax invoice; or
 - (ii) tax invoice may not be issued.]
- (3) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-sections (1) and (2)—
 - (a) a registered person may, within one month from the date of issuance of certificate of registration and in such manner as may be prescribed, issue a revised invoice against the invoice already issued during the period beginning with the effective date of registration till the date of issuance of certificate of registration to him;
 - (b) a registered person may not issue a tax invoice if the value of the goods or services or both supplied is less than two hundred rupees subject to such conditions and in such manner as may be prescribed;

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.01.2021 (vide Notification No. 92/2020-CT, dt. 22.12.2020) by the Finance Act, 2020 (12 of 2020) (s.123) dt. 27.03.2020. Formerly, it read as:

“Provided that the Government may, on the recommendations of the Council, by notification and subject to such conditions as may be mentioned therein, specify the categories of services in respect of which—

(a) any other document issued in relation to the supply shall be deemed to be a tax invoice; or
 (b) tax invoice may not be issued.”.

- ¹(c) a registered person supplying exempted goods or services or both or paying tax under the provisions of section 10 shall issue, instead of a tax invoice, a bill of supply containing such particulars and in such manner as may be prescribed: Provided that the registered person may not issue a bill of supply if the value of the goods or services or both supplied is less than two hundred rupees subject to such conditions and in such manner as may be prescribed;
- (d) a registered person shall, on receipt of advance payment with respect to any supply of goods or services or both, issue a receipt voucher or any other document, containing such particulars as may be prescribed, evidencing receipt of such payment;
- (e) where, on receipt of advance payment with respect to any supply of goods or services or both the registered person issues a receipt voucher, but subsequently no supply is made and no tax invoice is issued in pursuance thereof, the said registered person may issue to the person who had made the payment, a refund voucher against such payment;
- (f) a registered person who is liable to pay tax under sub-section (3) or sub-section (4) of section 9 shall issue an invoice in respect of goods or services or both received by him from the supplier who is not registered on the date of receipt of goods or services or both;
- (g) a registered person who is liable to pay tax under sub-section (3) or sub-section (4) of section 9 shall issue a payment voucher at the time of making payment to the supplier.
- (4) In case of continuous supply of goods, where successive statements of accounts or successive payments are involved, the invoice shall be issued before or at the time each such statement is issued or, as the case may be, each such payment is received.
- (5) Subject to the provisions of clause (d) of sub-section (3), in case of continuous supply of services,-
- (a) where the due date of payment is ascertainable from the contract, the invoice shall be issued on or before the due date of payment;
 - (b) where the due date of payment is not ascertainable from the contract, the invoice shall be issued before or at the time when the supplier of service receives the payment;
 - (c) where the payment is linked to the completion of an event, the invoice shall be issued on or before the date of completion of that event.
- (6) In a case where the supply of services ceases under a contract before the completion of the supply, the invoice shall be issued at the time when the supply ceases and such invoice shall be issued to the extent of the supply made before such cessation.

¹ The CGST (Third Removal of Difficulties) Order, 2019 dt. 08.03.2019 has clarified that provisions of clause (c) of sub-section (3) of section 31 of the Act shall apply to a person paying tax under Notification No. 2/2019-CT(R) dt. 07.03.2019 published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, vide number G.S.R. No.189 (E), dt. 07.03.2019.

- (7) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1), where the goods being sent or taken on approval for sale or return are removed before the supply takes place, the invoice shall be issued before or at the time of supply or six months from the date of removal, whichever is earlier.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this section, the expression “tax invoice” shall include any revised invoice issued by the supplier in respect of a supply made earlier.

A. Section 31 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>Rule 46</i>	<i>Tax invoice</i>	<i>Nil</i>
<i>Rule 46A</i>	<i>Invoice-cum-bill of supply</i>	<i>Nil</i>
<i>Rule 47</i>	<i>Time limit for issuing tax invoice</i>	<i>Nil</i>
<i>Rule 48</i>	<i>Manner of issuing invoice</i>	<i>GST INV-01</i>
<i>Rule 49</i>	<i>Bill of supply</i>	<i>Nil</i>
<i>Rule 50</i>	<i>Receipt voucher</i>	<i>Nil</i>
<i>Rule 51</i>	<i>Refund voucher</i>	<i>Nil</i>
<i>Rule 52</i>	<i>Payment voucher</i>	<i>Nil</i>
<i>Rule 53</i>	<i>Revised tax invoice and credit or debit notes</i>	<i>Nil</i>
<i>Rule 54</i>	<i>Tax invoice in special cases</i>	<i>Nil</i>
<i>Rule 55</i>	<i>Transportation of goods without issue of invoice</i>	<i>Nil</i>
<i>Rule 55A</i>	<i>Tax Invoice or bill of supply to accompany transport of goods</i>	<i>Nil</i>
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 31 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017
2.	Finance Act, 2020 (Act No. 12 of 2020), dt. 27.03.2020 read with N. No. 92/2020 – CT, dt. 22.12.2020	Amendment in sec 31(2) w.e.f. 01.01.2021
3.	66/2020 – CT, dt. 21.09.2020	Gives one time extension for the time limit provided under Section 31(7) of the CGST Act 2017 till 31.10.2020
4.	23/2021 – CT, dt. 01.06.2021	Amends N. No. 13/2020 – CT to exclude government departments and local authorities from the requirement of issuance of e-invoice
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	10/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rules 46, 47 to 55

2.	<i>12/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Notifies the number of HSN digits required on tax invoice</i>
3.	<i>17/2017 – CT, dt. 27.07.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 46</i>
4.	<i>45/2017 – CT, dt. 13.10.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Ninth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rule 46A and amending Rule 54</i>
5.	<i>55/2017 – CT, dt. 15.11.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Twelfth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 54</i>
6.	<i>03/2018 – CT, dt. 23.01.2018</i>	<i>CGST (Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rule 54 and Inserting Rule 55A</i>
7.	<i>39/2018 – CT, dt. 04.09.2018</i>	<i>CGST (Eighth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rule 55</i>
8.	<i>74/2018 – CT, dt. 31.12.2018</i>	<i>CGST (Fourteenth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rules 46, 49 and 54</i>
9.	<i>03/2019 – CT, dt. 29.01.2019</i>	<i>CGST (First Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Rule 53</i>
10.	<i>31/2019 – CT, dt. 28.06.2019 read with 71/2019 – CT, dt. 13.12.2019</i>	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Rules 46 (w.e.f. 01.04.2020) and 49</i>
11.	<i>33/2019 – CT, dt. 18.07.2019</i>	<i>CGST (Fifth Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Rules 46 and 54</i>
12.	<i>68/2019 – CT, dt. 13.12.2019</i>	<i>CGST (Eighth Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Rule 48</i>
13.	<i>69/2019 – CT, dt. 13.12.2019</i>	<i>Notifies the common portal for the purpose of e-invoice – Rule 146 read with rule 48</i>
14.	<i>70/2019 – CT, dt. 13.12.2019</i>	<i>Notifies the class of registered person required to issue e-invoice – Amending Rule 48</i>
15.	<i>72/2019 – CT, dt. 13.12.2019</i>	<i>Notifies the class of registered person required to issue invoice having QR Code</i>
16.	<i>13/2020 – CT, dt. 21.03.2020</i>	<i>Exempts certain class of registered persons from issuing e-invoices and the date for implementation of e-invoicing extended to 01.10.2020</i>
17.	<i>14/2020 – CT, dt. 21.03.2020</i>	<i>Exempts certain class of registered persons capturing dynamic QR code and the date for implementation of QR Code to be extended to 01.10.2020</i>
18.	<i>60/2020 – CT, dt. 30.07.2020</i>	<i>CGST (Ninth Amendment) Rules, 2020 – Amending Form GST INV-01</i>

19.	61/2020 – CT, dt. 30.07.2020	<i>Amends N. No. 13/2020-CT in order to amend the class of registered persons for the purpose of e-invoice</i>
20.	70/2020 – CT, dt. 30.09.2020	<i>Amends N. No. 13/2020-CT, dt. 21.03.2020</i>
21.	71/2020 – CT, dt. 30.09.2020	<i>Amends notification 14/2020-CT to extend the date of implementation of the Dynamic QR Code for B2C invoices till 01.12.2020</i>
22.	72/2020 – CT, dt. 30.09.2020 and Corrigendum, dt. 01.10.2020	<i>CGST (Eleventh Amendment) Rules, 2020 – Amending Rules 46 and 48</i>
23.	73/2020 – CT, dt. 01.10.2020	<i>Notifies a special procedure for taxpayers for issuance of e-Invoices in the period 01.10.2020 - 31.10.2020</i>
24.	78/2020 – CT, dt. 15.10.2020	<i>Notifies the number of HSN digits required on tax invoice</i>
25.	79/2020 – CT, dt. 15.10.2020	<i>CGST (Twelfth Amendment) Rules, 2020 – Amending Rule 46</i>
26.	88/2020 – CT, dt. 10.11.2020	<i>Implements e-invoicing for the taxpayers having aggregate turnover exceeding Rs. 100 Cr from 01.01.2021</i>
27.	90/2020 – CT, dt. 01.12.2020	<i>Makes amendment to N. No. 12/2017-CT dt. 28.06.2017</i>
28.	05/2021 – CT, dt. 08.03.2021	<i>Implements e-invoicing for the taxpayers having aggregate turnover exceeding Rs. 50 Cr from 01st April 2021</i>
29.	01/2022 – CT, dt. 24.02.2022	<i>Implements e-invoicing for the taxpayers having aggregate turnover exceeding Rs. 20 Cr from 01st April 2022</i>
30.	14/2022 – CT, dt. 05.07.2022	<i>CGST (First Amendment) Rules, 2022 – Amending Rule 46 w.e.f. 05.07.2022</i>
31.	17/2022 – CT, dt. 01.08.2022	<i>Implements e-invoicing for the taxpayers having aggregate turnover exceeding Rs. 10 Cr from 1st October, 2022</i>
32.	26/2022 – CT, dt. 26.12.2022	<i>CGST (Fifth Amendment) Rules, 2022 – Amending Rules 46 and 46A w.e.f. 26.12.2022</i>
33.	10/2023 – CT, dt. 10.05.2023	<i>Implements e-invoicing for the taxpayers having aggregate turnover exceeding Rs. 5 Cr from 01st August 2023</i>
34.	38/2023 – CT, dt. 04.08.2023	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2023 – Amending Rule 46 w.e.f. 04.08.2023</i>
35.	51/2023 – CT, dt. 29.09.2023	<i>CGST (Third Amendment) Rules, 2023 – Amending Rule 46 w.e.f. 01.10.2023</i>

D. Orders		
S.No.	ROD/Order/Date	Contents
1.	ROD-3/2019 – GST, dt. 08.03.2019	<i>To remove difficulty in implementation of N. No. 2/2019-CT(R)-Composition scheme for service providers</i>
E. Circulars		
S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	10/2017 – GST, dt. 18.10.2017	<i>Clarification on movement of goods on approval basis</i>
2.	22/2017 – GST, dt. 22.11.2017	<i>Clarification on issues regarding treatment of supply by an artist in various States and supply of goods by artists from galleries</i>
3.	38/2018 – GST, dt. 26.03.2018	<i>Clarifications on issues related to job work</i>
4.	43/2018 – GST, dt. 13.04.2018	<i>Clarifying the issues arising in refund to UIN agencies</i>
5.	63/2018 – GST, dt. 14.09.2018	<i>Waiver from recording UIN in the invoices</i>
6.	72/2018 – GST, dt. 26.10.2018	<i>Circular to clarify the procedure in respect of return of time expired drugs or medicines</i>
7.	108/2019 – GST, dt. 18.07.2019	<i>Clarifies issues regarding procedure to be followed in respect of goods sent/taken out of India for exhibition or on consignment basis for export promotion</i>
8.	137/2020 – GST, dt. 13.04.2020	<i>Circular clarifying issues in respect of challenges faced by registered persons in implementation of provisions of GST issued</i>
9.	144/2020 – GST, dt. 15.12.2020	<i>Waiver from recording of UIN on the invoices for the months of April 2020 to March 2021</i>
10.	146/2021-GST, dt. 23.02.2021	<i>Clarification in respect of applicability of Dynamic Quick Response (QR) Code on B2C invoices and compliance of N. No. 14/2020-CT dated 21 March, 2020</i>
11.	156/12/2021-GST, dt. 21.06.2021	<i>Clarification in respect of applicability of Dynamic Quick Response (QR) Code on B2C invoices and compliance of N. No. 14/2020-CT dated 21st March, 2020</i>
12.	165/21/2021-GST, dt. 17.11.2021	<i>Clarification in respect of applicability of Dynamic Quick Response (QR) Code on B2C invoices and compliance of N. No. 14/2020-CT dated 21st March, 2020</i>
13.	186/18/2022-GST, dt. 27.12.2022	<i>Clarification on various issue pertaining to GST</i>
14.	198/10/2023-GST, dt. 17.07.2023	<i>Clarification on issue pertaining to e-invoice</i>

<i>F. Instructions</i>
<i>NIL</i>

¹[**31A. Facility of digital payment to recipient.**

The Government may, on the recommendations of the Council, prescribe a class of registered persons who shall provide prescribed modes of electronic payment to the recipient of supply of goods or services or both made by him and give option to such recipient to make payment accordingly, in such manner and subject to such conditions and restrictions, as may be prescribed.]

<i>A. Section 31A - Relevant Rules & Forms</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		
<i>B. Section related Notifications</i>		
S.No.	<i>Notification/Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	<i>Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (23 of 2019), dt. 01.08.2019 read with N. No. 01/2020 – CT, dt. 01.01.2020</i>	<i>Inserting sec 31A w.e.f. 01.01.2020</i>
<i>C. Rule related Notifications</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		
<i>D. Orders</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		
<i>E. Circulars</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		
<i>F. Instructions</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		

32. Prohibition of unauthorised collection of tax.

- (1) A person who is not a registered person shall not collect in respect of any supply of goods or services or both any amount by way of tax under this Act.
- (2) No registered person shall collect tax except in accordance with the provisions of this Act or the rules made thereunder.

<i>A. Section 32 - Relevant Rules & Forms</i>
<i>NIL</i>

¹ *Ins. Sec 31A w.e.f. 01.01.2020 (vide Notification No. 01/2020-CT, dt. 01.01.2020) by the Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (s.96) dt. 01.08.2019.*

<i>B. Section related Notifications</i>		
S.No.	Notification/<i>Date</i>	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 32 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
<i>C. Rule related Notifications</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		
<i>D. Orders</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		
<i>E. Circulars</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		
<i>F. Instructions</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		

33. Amount of tax to be indicated in tax invoice and other documents.

Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act or any other law for the time being in force, where any supply is made for a consideration, every person who is liable to pay tax for such supply shall prominently indicate in all documents relating to assessment, tax invoice and other like documents, the amount of tax which shall form part of the price at which such supply is made.

<i>A. Section 33 - Relevant Rules & Forms</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		
<i>B. Section related Notifications</i>		
S.No.	Notification/<i>Date</i>	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 33 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
<i>C. Rule related Notifications</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		
<i>D. Orders</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		
<i>E. Circulars</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		
<i>F. Instructions</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		

34. Credit and debit notes.

- (1) ¹[Where one or more tax invoices have] been issued for supply of any goods or services or both and the taxable value or tax charged in that tax invoice is found to exceed the taxable value or tax payable in respect of such supply, or where the goods supplied are returned by the recipient, or where goods or services or both supplied are found to be deficient, the registered person, who has supplied such goods or services or both, may issue to the recipient ²[one or more credit notes for supplies made in a financial year] containing such particulars as may be prescribed.
- (2) Any registered person who issues a credit note in relation to a supply of goods or services or both shall declare the details of such credit note in the return for the month during which such credit note has been issued but not later than ³[the thirtieth day of November] following the end of the financial year in which such supply was made, or the date of furnishing of the relevant annual return, whichever is earlier, and the tax liability shall be adjusted in such manner as may be prescribed:
- Provided that no reduction in output tax liability of the supplier shall be permitted, if the incidence of tax and interest on such supply has been passed on to any other person.
- (3) ⁴[Where one or more tax invoices have] been issued for supply of any goods or services or both and the taxable value or tax charged in that tax invoice is found to be less than the taxable value or tax payable in respect of such supply, the registered person, who has supplied such goods or services or both, shall issue to the recipient ⁵[one or more debit notes for supplies made in a financial year] containing such particulars as may be prescribed.
- (4) Any registered person who issues a debit note in relation to a supply of goods or services or both shall declare the details of such debit note in the return for the month during which such debit note has been issued and the tax liability shall be adjusted in such manner as may be prescribed.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this Act, the expression “debit note” shall include a supplementary invoice.

A. Section 34 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
Rule 53	<i>Revised tax invoice and credit or debit notes</i>	<i>Nil</i>
Rule 54	<i>Tax invoice in special cases</i>	<i>Nil</i>

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019) by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018, for the words “Where a tax invoice has”.

² Subs. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019) by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018, for the words “a credit note”.

³ Subs. w.e.f. 01.10.2022 (vide Notification No. 18/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022) by the Finance Act, 2022 (No. 6 of 2022) (s.102) dt. 30.03.2022, for the word “September”.

⁴ Subs. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019) by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018, for the words “Where a tax invoice has”.

⁵ Subs. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019) by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018, for the words “a debit note”.

B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 34 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	<i>CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018 (31 of 2018), dt. 29.08.2018 read with N. No. 02/2019 – CT, dt. 29.01.2019</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 34(1) and 34(3) w.e.f. 01.02.2019</i>
3.	<i>Finance Act, 2022 (No. 6 of 2022), dt. 30.03.2022 read with N. No. 18/2022 – CT, dt. 28.09.2022</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 34 w.e.f. 01.10.2022 [Sec 102 of the Finance Act, 2022]</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	10/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rules 53 and 54</i>
2.	45/2017 – CT, dt. 13.10.2017	<i>CGST (Ninth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 54</i>
3.	55/2017 – CT, dt. 15.11.2017	<i>CGST (Twelfth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 54</i>
4.	03/2018 – CT, dt. 23.01.2018	<i>CGST (First Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rule 54</i>
5.	74/2018 – CT, dt. 31.12.2018	<i>CGST (Fourteenth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rule 54</i>
6.	03/2019 – CT, dt. 29.01.2019	<i>CGST (First Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Rule 53</i>
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		
E. Circulars		
S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	72/2018 – GST, dt. 26.10.2018	<i>Circular to clarify the procedure in respect of return of time expired drugs or medicines</i>
2.	76/2018 – GST, dt. 31.12.2018	<i>Rate of tax in case of debit notes/credit notes issued under sec 142(2) of the CGST Act</i>
3.	92/2019 – GST, dt. 07.03.2019	<i>Clarifying various doubts related to treatment of sales promotion scheme under GST</i>
4.	137/2020 – GST, dt. 13.04.2020	<i>Circular clarifying issues in respect of challenges faced by registered persons in implementation of provisions of GST issued</i>
F. Instructions		
<i>NIL</i>		

CHAPTER VIII

ACCOUNTS AND RECORDS

35. Accounts and other records.

- (1) Every registered person shall keep and maintain, at his principal place of business, as mentioned in the certificate of registration, a true and correct account of—
- (a) production or manufacture of goods;
 - (b) inward and outward supply of goods or services or both;
 - (c) stock of goods;
 - (d) input tax credit availed;
 - (e) output tax payable and paid; and
 - (f) such other particulars as may be prescribed:

Provided that where more than one place of business is specified in the certificate of registration, the accounts relating to each place of business shall be kept at such places of business:

Provided further that the registered person may keep and maintain such accounts and other particulars in electronic form in such manner as may be prescribed.

- (2) Every owner or operator of warehouse or godown or any other place used for storage of goods and every transporter, irrespective of whether he is a registered person or not, shall maintain records of the consigner, consignee and other relevant details of the goods in such manner as may be prescribed.
- (3) The Commissioner may notify a class of taxable persons to maintain additional accounts or documents for such purpose as may be specified therein.
- (4) Where the Commissioner considers that any class of taxable person is not in a position to keep and maintain accounts in accordance with the provisions of this section, he may, for reasons to be recorded in writing, permit such class of taxable persons to maintain accounts in such manner as may be prescribed.

¹[(5) ***]

¹ *Omtd. w.e.f. 01.08.2021 by the Finance Act, 2021 (No. 13 of 2021) (s.110) dated 28.03.2021, read with Notification No. 29/2021-CT, dated 30.07.2021. Formerly, it read as:*

“(5) Every registered person whose turnover during a financial year exceeds the prescribed limit shall get his accounts audited by a chartered accountant or a cost accountant and shall submit a copy of the audited annual accounts, the reconciliation statement under sub-section (2) of section 44 and such other documents in such form and manner as may be prescribed.

*¹[Provided that nothing contained in this sub-section shall apply to any department of the Central Government or a State Government or a local authority, whose books of account are subject to audit by the Comptroller and Auditor-General of India or an auditor appointed for auditing the accounts of local authorities under any law for the time being in force.]”.

*¹ *Ins. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019) by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018.*

- (6) Subject to the provisions of clause (h) of sub-section (5) of section 17, where the registered person fails to account for the goods or services or both in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (1), the proper officer shall determine the amount of tax payable on the goods or services or both that are not accounted for, as if such goods or services or both had been supplied by such person and the provisions of section 73 or section 74, as the case may be, shall, *mutatis mutandis*, apply for determination of such tax.

A. Section 35 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 35 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017
2.	CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018 (31 of 2018), dt. 29.08.2018 read with N. No. 02/2019 – CT, dt. 29.01.2019	Amendment in sec 35(5) w.e.f. 01.02.2019
3.	Finance Act, 2021 (Act No. 13 of 2021), dt. 28.03.2021 read with N. No. 29/2021 – CT, dt. 30.07.2021	Omits sub-sec (5) of sec 35 of the CGST Act – w.e.f. 01.08.2021
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	10/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rules 56 to 58
2.	28/2018 – CT, dt. 19.06.2018	CGST (Sixth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rule 58 and inserting Form GST ENR-02
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	03/2017 – GST, dt. 05.07.2017	Proper officer relating to provisions other than Registration and Composition under CGST Act, 2017
2.	23/2017 – GST, dt. 21.12.2017	Issues in respect of maintenance of books of accounts relating to additional place of business by a principal or an auctioneer for the purpose of auction of tea, coffee, rubber etc.

3.	<i>47/2018 – GST, dt. 08.06.2018</i>	<i>Clarifications of certain issues under GST</i>
4.	<i>61/2018 – GST, dt. 04.09.2018</i>	<i>E-way bill in case of storing of goods in godown of transporter</i>
F. Instructions		
<i>NIL</i>		

36. Period of retention of accounts.

Every registered person required to keep and maintain books of account or other records in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 35 shall retain them until the expiry of seventy-two months from the due date of furnishing of annual return for the year pertaining to such accounts and records:

Provided that a registered person, who is a party to an appeal or revision or any other proceedings before any Appellate Authority or Revisional Authority or Appellate Tribunal or court, whether filed by him or by the Commissioner, or is under investigation for an offence under Chapter XIX, shall retain the books of account and other records pertaining to the subject matter of such appeal or revision or proceedings or investigation for a period of one year after final disposal of such appeal or revision or proceedings or investigation, or for the period specified above, whichever is later.

A. Section 36 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>NIL</i>		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	<i>09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Brings into force sec 36 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
<i>NIL</i>		
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		
E. Circulars		
<i>NIL</i>		
F. Instructions		
<i>NIL</i>		

CHAPTER IX

RETURNS

37. Furnishing details of outward supplies.

(1) Every registered person, other than an Input Service Distributor, a non-resident taxable person and a person paying tax under the provisions of section 10 or section 51 or section 52, shall furnish, electronically, ¹[subject to such conditions and restrictions and] in such form and manner as may be prescribed, the details of outward supplies of goods or services or both effected during a tax period on or before the tenth day of the month succeeding the said tax period and such details ²[shall, subject to such conditions and restrictions, within such time and in such manner as may be prescribed, be communicated to the recipient of the said supplies]:

³[***]

⁴[Provided that] the Commissioner may, for reasons to be recorded in writing, by notification, extend the time limit for furnishing such details for such class of taxable persons as may be specified therein:

⁵[Provided further that] any extension of time limit notified by the Commissioner of State tax or Commissioner of Union territory tax shall be deemed to be notified by the Commissioner.

⁶[(2) ***]

(3) Any registered person, who has furnished the details under sub-section (1) for any tax period ⁷[***], shall, upon discovery of any error or omission therein, rectify such error or omission in such manner as may be prescribed, and shall pay the tax and interest, if

¹ *Ins. w.e.f. 01.10.2022 (vide Notification No. 18/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022) by the Finance Act, 2022 (No. 6 of 2022) (s.103) dt. 30.03.2022.*

² *Subs. w.e.f. 01.10.2022 (vide Notification No. 18/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022) by the Finance Act, 2022 (No. 6 of 2022) (s.103) dt. 30.03.2022, for the words “shall be communicated to the recipient of the said supplies within such time and in such manner as may be prescribed”.*

³ *Omtd. w.e.f. 01.10.2022 (vide Notification No. 18/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022) by the Finance Act, 2022 (No. 6 of 2022) (s.103) dt. 30.03.2022. Formerly, it read as: “Provided that the registered person shall not be allowed to furnish the details of outward supplies during the period from the eleventh day to the fifteenth day of the month succeeding the tax period:”.*

⁴ *Subs. w.e.f. 01.10.2022 (vide Notification No. 18/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022) by the Finance Act, 2022 (No. 6 of 2022) (s.103) dt. 30.03.2022, for the words “Provided further that”.*

⁵ *Subs. w.e.f. 01.10.2022 (vide Notification No. 18/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022) by the Finance Act, 2022 (No. 6 of 2022) (s.103) dt. 30.03.2022, for the words “Provided also that”.*

⁶ *Omtd. w.e.f. 01.10.2022 (vide Notification No. 18/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022) by the Finance Act, 2022 (No. 6 of 2022) (s.103) dt. 30.03.2022. Formerly, it read as:*

“(2) Every registered person who has been communicated the details under sub-section (3) of section 38 or the details pertaining to inward supplies of Input Service Distributor under sub-section (4) of section 38, shall either accept or reject the details so communicated, on or before the seventeenth day, but not before the fifteenth day, of the month succeeding the tax period and the details furnished by him under sub-section (1) shall stand amended accordingly.”.

⁷ *Omtd. the words and figures “and which have remained unmatched under section 42 or section 43” w.e.f. 01.10.2022 (vide Notification No. 18/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022) by the Finance Act, 2022 (No. 6 of 2022) (s.103) dt. 30.03.2022.*

any, in case there is a short payment of tax on account of such error or omission, in the return to be furnished for such tax period:

Provided that no rectification of error or omission in respect of the details furnished under sub-section (1) shall be allowed after ¹[the thirtieth day of November] following the end of the financial year to which such details pertain, or furnishing of the relevant annual return, whichever is earlier.

²[Provided further that the rectification of error or omission in respect of the details furnished under sub-section (1) shall be allowed after furnishing of the return under section 39 for the month of September, 2018 till the due date for furnishing the details under sub-section (1) for the month of March, 2019 or for the quarter January, 2019 to March, 2019.]

- ³[(4) A registered person shall not be allowed to furnish the details of outward supplies under sub-section (1) for a tax period, if the details of outward supplies for any of the previous tax periods has not been furnished by him:

Provided that the Government may, on the recommendations of the Council, by notification, subject to such conditions and restrictions as may be specified therein, allow a registered person or a class of registered persons to furnish the details of outward supplies under sub-section (1), even if he has not furnished the details of outward supplies for one or more previous tax periods.]

- ⁴[(5) A registered person shall not be allowed to furnish the details of outward supplies under sub-section (1) for a tax period after the expiry of a period of three years from the due date of furnishing the said details:

Provided that the Government may, on the recommendations of the Council, by notification, subject to such conditions and restrictions as may be specified therein, allow a registered person or a class of registered persons to furnish the details of outward supplies for a tax period under sub-section (1), even after the expiry of the said period of three years from the due date of furnishing the said details.]

Explanation.—For the purposes of this Chapter, the expression “details of outward supplies” shall include details of invoices, debit notes, credit notes and revised invoices issued in relation to outward supplies made during any tax period.

A. Section 37 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>Rule 26</i>	<i>Method of authentication</i>	<i>Nil</i>

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.10.2022 (vide Notification No. 18/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022) by the Finance Act, 2022 (No. 6 of 2022) (s.103) dt. 30.03.2022, for the words “furnishing of the return under section 39 for the month of September”.

² Ins. vide CGST (Second Removal of Difficulties) Order, 2018, S.O. 6428(E) dt. 31.12.2018.

³ Ins. w.e.f. 01.10.2022 (vide Notification No. 18/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022) by the Finance Act, 2022 (No. 6 of 2022) (s.103) dt. 30.03.2022.

⁴ Ins. sub-section (5) w.e.f. 01.10.2023 (vide Notification No. 28/2023-CT, dt. 31.07.2023) by the Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023) (s.142) enacted on 31.03.2023.

<i>Rule 59</i>	<i>Form and manner of furnishing details of outward supplies</i>	<i>Forms GSTR-1, GSTR-2A, GSTR-4, GSTR-4A, GSTR-6, GSTR-6A</i>
<i>Rule 67A</i>	<i>Manner of furnishing of return or details of outward supplies by short messaging service facility</i>	<i>Form GSTR-3B</i>
<i>Rule 88C</i>	<i>Manner of dealing with difference in liability reported in statement of outward supplies and that reported in return</i>	<i>Forms GSTR-1, GSTR-3B, DRC-01B, DRC-03</i>

B. Section related Notifications

<i>S.No.</i>	<i>Notification/Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	<i>09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Brings into force sec 37 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	<i>62/2019 – CT, dt. 26.11.2019</i>	<i>Notified the transition plan with respect to J&K reorganization w.e.f. 31.10.2019</i>
3.	<i>03/2020 – CT, dt. 01.01.2020</i>	<i>Amends the N. No. 62/2019-CT dt. 26.11.2019 to amend the transition plan for the UTs of J&K and Ladakh</i>
4.	<i>Finance Act, 2022 (No. 6 of 2022), dt. 30.03.2022 read with N. No. 18/2022 – CT, dt. 28.09.2022</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 37 w.e.f. 01.10.2022 [Sec 103 of the Finance Act, 2022]</i>
5.	<i>Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023), dt. 31.03.2023 read with N. No. 28/2023 – CT, dt. 31.07.2023</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 37(5) w.e.f. 01.10.2023 [Sec 142 of the Finance Act, 2023]</i>

C. Rule related Notifications

1.	<i>10/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rule 59</i>
2.	<i>18/2017 – CT, dt. 08.08.2017</i>	<i>Extends time period for filing of details of outward supplies in Form GSTR-1 for months of July and August 2017</i>
3.	<i>29/2017 – CT, dt. 05.09.2017</i>	<i>Extends due dates for furnishing details>Returns for the months of July, 2017 and August, 2017</i>
4.	<i>30/2017 – CT, dt. 11.09.2017</i>	<i>Extends the time limit for filing of Forms GSTR-1, GSTR-2 and GSTR-3 for the specified periods</i>
5.	<i>45/2017 – CT, dt. 13.10.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Ninth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Form GSTR-1</i>
6.	<i>57/2017 – CT, dt. 15.11.2017</i>	<i>Prescribes quarterly furnishing of Form GSTR-1 for those taxpayers with aggregate turnover of upto Rs.1.5 crore for the specified periods</i>

7.	58/2017 – CT, dt. 15.11.2017	<i>Extends the due dates for the furnishing of Form GSTR-1 for those taxpayers with aggregate turnover of more than Rs.1.5 crores for the specified periods</i>
8.	70/2017 – CT, dt. 21.12.2017	<i>CGST (Thirteenth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Forms GSTR-1, GSTR-1A</i>
9.	71/2017 – CT, dt. 29.12.2017	<i>Extends the due dates for quarterly furnishing of Form GSTR-1 for taxpayers with aggregate turnover of upto INR 1.5 crore for the periods from July, 2017 to March, 2018</i>
10.	72/2017 – CT, dt. 29.12.2017	<i>Extends the due dates for monthly furnishing of Form GSTR-1 for taxpayers with aggregate turnover of more than INR 1.5 crores for the periods from July, 2017 to March, 2018</i>
11.	17/2018 – CT, dt. 28.03.2018	<i>Prescribes the due date for quarterly furnishing of Form GSTR-1 for those taxpayers with aggregate turnover of upto INR 1.5 crore for the quarter June, 2018</i>
12.	18/2018 – CT, dt. 28.03.2018	<i>Prescribes the due dates for furnishing of Form GSTR-1 for those taxpayers with aggregate turnover of more than INR 1.5 crores for the months from April to June, 2018</i>
13.	32/2018 – CT, dt. 10.08.2018	<i>Prescribes the due dates for furnishing of Form GSTR-1 for those taxpayers with aggregate turnover of more than Rs. 1.5 crores for the months from July, 2018 to March, 2019</i>
14.	33/2018 – CT, dt. 10.08.2018	<i>Prescribes the due dates for quarterly furnishing of Form GSTR-1 for those taxpayers with aggregate turnover of upto Rs.1.5 crores for the period from July, 2018 to March, 2019</i>
15.	37/2018 – CT, dt. 24.08.2018	<i>Prescribes the due dates for furnishing of Form GSTR-1 for those taxpayers with aggregate turnover of more than Rs. 1.5 crores for the months of July, 2018 and August, 2018</i>
16.	38/2018 – CT, dt. 24.08.2018	<i>Prescribes the due dates for quarterly furnishing of Form GSTR-1 for those taxpayers with aggregate turnover of upto Rs.1.5 crores for the quarter July, 2018 to September, 2018</i>
17.	43/2018 – CT, dt. 10.09.2018	<i>Extends the due date for filing of Form GSTR - 1 for taxpayers having aggregate turnover up to Rs 1.5 crores for the specified periods</i>
18.	44/2018 – CT, dt. 10.09.2018	<i>Extends the due date for filing of Form GSTR - 1 for taxpayers having aggregate turnover above Rs 1.5 crores for the specified periods</i>
19.	63/2018 – CT, dt. 29.11.2018	<i>Extends the due date for filing of Form GSTR - 1 for taxpayers having aggregate turnover above Rs 1.5 crores for taxpayers in Srikakulam district in Andhra Pradesh and 11 districts of Tamil Nadu for the specified periods</i>
20.	64/2018 – CT, dt. 29.11.2018	<i>Extends the due date for filing of Form GSTR - 1 for taxpayers having aggregate turnover up to Rs 1.5 crores for the quarter from July, 2018 to September, 2018 for taxpayers in Srikakulam district of Andhra Pradesh for the specified periods</i>

21.	71/2018 – CT, dt. 31.12.2018	<i>Extends the time limit for furnishing the details of outward supplies in Form GSTR-1 for the newly migrated taxpayers for the specified periods</i>
22.	72/2018 – CT, dt. 31.12.2018	<i>Extends the time limit for furnishing the details of outward supplies in Form GSTR-1 for the newly migrated taxpayers for the specified periods</i>
23.	03/2019 – CT, dt. 29.01.2019	<i>CGST (First Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Form GSTR-4</i>
24.	11/2019 – CT, dt. 07.03.2019	<i>Prescribes the due dates for furnishing of Form GSTR-1 for those taxpayers with aggregate turnover upto Rs. 1.5 crores for the months of April, May and June, 2019</i>
25.	12/2019 – CT, dt. 07.03.2019	<i>Prescribes the due dates for furnishing of Form GSTR-1 for those taxpayers with aggregate turnover of more than Rs. 1.5 crores for the months of April, May and June, 2019.</i>
26.	17/2019 – CT, dt. 10.04.2019	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing Form GSTR-1 for taxpayers having aggregate turnover more than Rs. 1.5 crores for the month of March, 2019 from 11.04.2019 to 13.04.2019</i>
27.	23/2019 – CT, dt. 11.05.2019	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing Form GSTR-1 for taxpayers having aggregate turnover more than Rs. 1.5 crores for the month of April, 2019 for registered persons in specified districts of Odisha till 10.06.2019</i>
28.	27/2019 – CT, dt. 28.06.2019	<i>Prescribes the due date for furnishing Form GSTR-1 for registered persons having aggregate turnover of up to 1.5 crore rupees for the months from July, 2019 to September, 2019</i>
29.	28/2019 – CT, dt. 28.06.2019	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing Form GSTR-1 for registered persons having aggregate turnover of more than 1.5 crore rupees for the months from July, 2019 to September, 2019</i>
30.	31/2019 – CT, dt. 28.06.2019	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Form GSTR-4</i>
31.	45/2019 – CT, dt. 09.10.2019	<i>Prescribes the due date for furnishing Form GSTR-1 for registered persons having aggregate turnover of up to 1.5 crore rupees for the quarters from October, 2019 to March, 2020</i>
32.	46/2019 – CT, dt. 09.10.2019	<i>Prescribes the due date for furnishing of return in Form GSTR-1 for registered persons having aggregate turnover more than 1.5 crore rupees for the months of October, 2019 to March, 2020</i>
33.	48/2019 – CT, dt. 09.10.2019	<i>Amends N. No. 41/2019 – CT, dt. 31.08.2019 – Forms GSTR-1, GSTR-3B, GSTR-7</i>
34.	52/2019 – CT, dt. 14.11.2019	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing Form GSTR-1 for registered persons in Jammu and Kashmir having aggregate turnover of up to 1.5 crore rupees for the quarter July, 2019 to September, 2019</i>
35.	53/2019 – CT, dt. 14.11.2019	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing of return in Form GSTR-1 for registered persons in Jammu and Kashmir having aggregate turnover more than 1.5 crore rupees for the months of July, 2019 to September, 2019</i>

36.	57/2019 – CT, dt. 26.11.2019	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing of return in Form GSTR-1 for registered persons in Jammu and Kashmir having aggregate turnover more than 1.5 crore rupees for the months of July, 2019 to September, 2019</i>
37.	58/2019 – CT, dt. 26.11.2019	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing of return in Form GSTR-1 for registered persons in Jammu and Kashmir having aggregate turnover more than 1.5 crore rupees for the month of October, 2019</i>
38.	63/2019 – CT, dt. 12.12.2019	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing of return in Form GSTR-1 for registered persons in Jammu and Kashmir having aggregate turnover more than 1.5 crore rupees for the months of July, 2019 to September, 2019</i>
39.	64/2019 – CT, dt. 12.12.2019	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing of return in Form GSTR-1 for registered persons in Jammu and Kashmir having aggregate turnover more than 1.5 crore rupees for the month of October, 2019</i>
40.	76/2019 – CT, dt. 26.12.2019	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing of return in Form GSTR-1 for registered persons in Assam, Manipur or Tripura having aggregate turnover more than 1.5 crore rupees for the month of November, 2019</i>
41.	04/2020 – CT, dt. 10.01.2020	<i>Extends the one-time amnesty scheme to file all Form GSTR-1 from July 2017 to November, 2019 till 17th January, 2020</i>
42.	21/2020 – CT, dt. 23.03.2020	<i>Extends due date for furnishing Form GSTR-1 for registered persons whose principal place of business is in the erstwhile State of Jammu and Kashmir or the Union territory of Jammu and Kashmir or the Union territory of Ladakh for the quarter October-December, 2019 till 24th March, 2020</i>
43.	22/2020 – CT, dt. 23.03.2020	<i>Extends due date for furnishing Form GSTR-1 for registered persons whose principal place of business is in the erstwhile State of Jammu and Kashmir, and having aggregate turnover of more than 1.5 crore rupees in the preceding financial year or current financial year, for the month of October, 2019 and November, 2019 to February till 24th March, 2020</i>
44.	23/2020 – CT, dt. 23.03.2020	<i>Extends due date for furnishing Form GSTR-1 for registered persons whose principal place of business is in the erstwhile State of Jammu and Kashmir, by such class of registered persons having aggregate turnover of more than 1.5 crore rupees in the preceding financial year or current financial year, for each of the months from July, 2019 to September, 2019 till 24th March, 2020</i>
45.	24/2020 – CT, dt. 23.03.2020	<i>Extends due date for furnishing Form GSTR-1 for registered persons whose principal place of business is in the erstwhile State of Jammu and Kashmir, for the quarter July-Sept., 2019 till 24th March, 2020</i>
46.	27/2020 – CT, dt. 23.03.2020	<i>Prescribes the due date for furnishing Form GSTR-1 for the quarters April, 2020 to June, 2020 and July, 2020 to September, 2020 for registered persons having aggregate turnover of up to 1.5 crore rupees in the preceding financial year or the current financial year</i>

47.	28/2020 – CT, dt. 23.03.2020	<i>Prescribes the due date for furnishing Form GSTR-1 by such class of registered persons having aggregate turnover of more than 1.5 crore rupees in the preceding financial year or the current financial year, for each of the months from April, 2020 to September, 2020</i>
48.	58/2020 – CT, dt. 01.07.2020	<i>CGST (Eighth Amendment) Rules, 2020 – Substituting Rule 67A w.e.f. 01.07.2020 – Furnishing of Form GSTR-1 by SMS in case of Nil Return</i>
49.	74/2020 – CT, dt. 15.10.2020	<i>Prescribes the due date for furnishing Form GSTR-1 for the quarters October, 2020 to December, 2020 and January, 2021 to March, 2021 for registered persons having aggregate turnover of up to 1.5 crore rupees in the preceding financial year or the current financial year</i>
50.	75/2020 – CT, dt. 15.10.2020	<i>Prescribes the due date for furnishing Form GSTR-1 by such class of registered persons having aggregate turnover of more than 1.5 crore rupees in the preceding financial year or the current financial year, for each of the months from October, 2020 to March, 2021</i>
51.	79/2020 – CT, dt. 15.10.2020	<i>CGST (Twelfth Amendment) Rules, 2020 – Amending Forms GSTR-1, GSTR-2A</i>
52.	82/2020 – CT, dt. 10.11.2020	<i>CGST (Thirteenth Amendment) Rules, 2020 – Amending Rules 59 and Forms GSTR-1</i>
53.	83/2020 – CT, dt. 10.11.2020	<i>Extends the due date for Form GSTR-1 with effect from 01.01.2021</i>
54.	94/2020 – CT, dt. 22.12.2020	<i>CGST (Fourteenth Amendment) Rules, 2020 – Inserting Rule 59(5) [Rectified vide N. No. 01/2021 – CT, dt. 01.01.2021]</i>
55.	01/2021 – CT, dt. 01.01.2021	<i>CGST (Amendment) Rules, 2021 – Inserting Rule 59(6) with effect from 01.01.2021</i>
56.	12/2021 – CT, dt. 01.05.2021	<i>Extends the due date of furnishing Form GSTR-1 for April, 2021</i>
57.	13/2021 – CT, dt. 01.05.2021	<i>CGST (Third Amendment) Rules, 2021 – Amending Rule 59 w.e.f. 01.05.2021</i>
58.	17/2021 – CT, dt. 01.06.2021	<i>Extends the due date for Form GSTR-1 for May, 2021 by 15 days</i>
59.	27/2021 – CT, dt. 01.06.2021	<i>CGST (Fifth Amendment) Rules, 2021 – Amending Rules 59 w.e.f. 01.06.2021</i>
60.	32/2021 – CT, dt. 29.08.2021	<i>CGST (Seventh Amendment) Rules, 2021 – Amending Rule 26</i>
61.	35/2021 – CT, dt. 24.09.2021	<i>CGST (Eighth Amendment) Rules, 2021 – Amending Rule 59(6) w.e.f. 01.01.2022</i>
62.	19/2022 – CT, dt. 28.09.2022	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2022 – Omitted Form GSTR-1A w.e.f. 01.10.2022</i>

63.	25/2022 – CT, dt. 13.12.2022	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing Form GSTR-1 for November, 2022 for registered persons whose principal place of business is in certain districts of Tamil Nadu</i>
64.	26/2022 – CT, dt. 26.12.2022	<i>CGST (Fifth Amendment) Rules, 2022 – Amending Rule 59 and Form GSTR-1 w.e.f. 26.12.2022 – Inserting Rule 88C w.e.f. 26.12.2022</i>
65.	11/2023 – CT, dt. 24.05.2023	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing Form GSTR-1 for April, 2023 for registered persons whose principal place of business is in the State of Manipur</i>
66.	14/2023 – CT, dt. 19.06.2023	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing Form GSTR-1 for April and May, 2023 for registered persons whose principal place of business is in the State of Manipur</i>
67.	18/2023 – CT, dt. 17.07.2023	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing Form GSTR-1 for April, May and June, 2023 for registered persons whose principal place of business is in the State of Manipur</i>
68.	38/2023 – CT, dt. 04.08.2023	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2023 – Amending Rule 59 w.e.f. 04.08.2023</i>
69.	41/2023 – CT, dt. 25.08.2023	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing Form GSTR-1 for April, May, June and July, 2023 for registered persons whose principal place of business is in the State of Manipur</i>
70.	09/2024 – CT, dt. 12.04.2024	<i>Extends the due date for filing of Form GSTR-1, for the month of March 2024</i>

D. Orders

NIL

E. Circulars

S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	07/2017 – GST, dt. 01.09.2017	<i>System based reconciliation of information furnished in Form GSTR-1 and Form GSTR-2 with Form GSTR-3B</i>
2.	15/2017 – GST, dt. 06.11.2017	<i>Due date for generation of Form GSTR-2A and Form GSTR-1A in accordance with the extension of due date for filing Form GSTR-1 and Form GSTR-2 respectively</i>
3.	26/2017 – GST, dt. 29.12.2017	<i>Filing of returns under GST</i>
4.	89/2019 – GST, dt. 18.02.2019	<i>Clarification regarding situations of mentioning details of inter-State supplies made to unregistered persons in Table 3.2 of Form GSTR-3B and Table 7B of Form GSTR-1</i>
5.	91/2019 – GST, dt. 18.02.2019	<i>Clarification regarding tax payment made for supply of warehoused goods while being deposited in a customs bonded warehouse for the period July, 2017 to March, 2018</i>

6.	134/2020 – GST, dt. 23.03.2020	<i>Clarifies issues in respect of issues under GST law for companies under Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016</i>
7.	136/2020 – GST, dt. 03.04.2020	<i>Clarification in respect of various measures announced by the Government for providing relief to the taxpayers in view of spread of Novel Corona Virus (COVID-19)</i>
8.	170/02/2022-GST, dt. 06.07.2022	<i>Mandatory furnishing of correct and proper information of inter-State supplies and amount of ineligible/blocked Input Tax Credit and reversal thereof in return in Form GSTR-3B and statement in Form GSTR-1</i>
F. Instructions		
NIL		

[38. Communication of details of inward supplies and input tax credit.

- (1) The details of outward supplies furnished by the registered persons under sub-section (1) of section 37 and of such other supplies as may be prescribed, and an auto-generated

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.10.2022 (vide Notification No. 18/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022) by the Finance Act, 2022 (No. 6 of 2022) (s.104) dt. 30.03.2022. Formerly, it read as:

“38. Furnishing details of inward supplies.

- (1) Every registered person, other than an Input Service Distributor or a non-resident taxable person or a person paying tax under the provisions of section 10 or section 51 or section 52, shall verify, validate, modify or delete, if required, the details relating to outward supplies and credit or debit notes communicated under sub-section (1) of section 37 to prepare the details of his inward supplies and credit or debit notes and may include therein, the details of inward supplies and credit or debit notes received by him in respect of such supplies that have not been declared by the supplier under sub-section (1) of section 37.
- (2) Every registered person, other than an Input Service Distributor or a non-resident taxable person or a person paying tax under the provisions of section 10 or section 51 or section 52, shall furnish, electronically, the details of inward supplies of taxable goods or services or both, including inward supplies of goods or services or both on which the tax is payable on reverse charge basis under this Act and inward supplies of goods or services or both taxable under the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act or on which integrated goods and services tax is payable under section 3 of the Customs Tariff Act, 1975, (51 of 1975) and credit or debit notes received in respect of such supplies during a tax period after the tenth day but on or before the fifteenth day of the month succeeding the tax period in such form and manner as may be prescribed: Provided that the Commissioner may, for reasons to be recorded in writing, by notification, extend the time limit for furnishing such details for such class of taxable persons as may be specified therein: Provided further that any extension of time limit notified by the Commissioner of State tax or Commissioner of Union territory tax shall be deemed to be notified by the Commissioner.
- (3) The details of supplies modified, deleted or included by the recipient and furnished under sub-section (2) shall be communicated to the supplier concerned in such manner and within such time as may be prescribed.
- (4) The details of supplies modified, deleted or included by the recipient in the return furnished under sub-section (2) or sub-section (4) of section 39 shall be communicated to the supplier concerned in such manner and within such time as may be prescribed.
- (5) Any registered person, who has furnished the details under sub-section (2) for any tax period and which have remained unmatched under section 42 or section 43, shall, upon discovery of any error or omission therein, rectify such error or omission in the tax period during which such error or omission is noticed in such manner as may be prescribed, and shall pay the tax and interest, if any, in case there is a short payment of tax on account of such error or omission, in the return to be furnished for such tax period: Provided that no rectification of error or omission in respect of the details furnished under sub-section (2) shall be allowed after furnishing of the return under section 39 for the month of September following the end of the financial year to which such details pertain, or furnishing of the relevant annual return, whichever is earlier.”.

statement containing the details of input tax credit shall be made available electronically to the recipients of such supplies in such form and manner, within such time, and subject to such conditions and restrictions as may be prescribed.

- (2) The auto-generated statement under sub-section (1) shall consist of—
 - (a) details of inward supplies in respect of which credit of input tax may be available to the recipient; and
 - (b) details of supplies in respect of which such credit cannot be availed, whether wholly or partly, by the recipient, on account of the details of the said supplies being furnished under sub-section (1) of section 37,—
 - (i) by any registered person within such period of taking registration as may be prescribed; or
 - (ii) by any registered person, who has defaulted in payment of tax and where such default has continued for such period as may be prescribed; or
 - (iii) by any registered person, the output tax payable by whom in accordance with the statement of outward supplies furnished by him under the said sub-section during such period, as may be prescribed, exceeds the output tax paid by him during the said period by such limit as may be prescribed; or
 - (iv) by any registered person who, during such period as may be prescribed, has availed credit of input tax of an amount that exceeds the credit that can be availed by him in accordance with clause (a), by such limit as may be prescribed; or
 - (v) by any registered person, who has defaulted in discharging his tax liability in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (12) of section 49 subject to such conditions and restrictions as may be prescribed; or
 - (vi) by such other class of persons as may be prescribed.]

A. Section 38 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
Rule 60	<i>Form and manner of ascertaining details of inward supplies</i>	<i>Forms GSTR-2A, GSTR-2B, GSTR-5, GSTR-6, GSTR-7, GSTR-8</i>
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	<i>09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Brings into force sec 38 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	<i>Finance Act, 2022 (No. 6 of 2022), dt. 30.03.2022 read with N. No. 18/2022 – CT, dt. 28.09.2022</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 38 w.e.f. 01.10.2022 [Sec 104 of the Finance Act, 2022]</i>

<i>C. Rule related Notifications</i>		
1.	<i>10/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rule 60</i>
2.	<i>19/2017 – CT, dt. 08.08.2017</i>	<i>Extends time period for filing of details of inward supplies in Form GSTR-2 for months of July and August 2017</i>
3.	<i>29/2017 – CT, dt. 05.09.2017</i>	<i>Extends due dates for furnishing details/RetURNS for the months of July, 2017 and August, 2017</i>
4.	<i>30/2017 – CT, dt. 11.09.2017</i>	<i>Extends the time limit for filing of Forms GSTR-2</i>
5.	<i>54/2017 – CT, dt. 30.10.2017</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 30/2017 – CT, dt. 11.09.2017 so as to extend due date for filing Form GSTR-2 for the month of July, 2017</i>
6.	<i>57/2017 – CT, dt. 15.11.2017</i>	<i>Extends the time limit for filing of Form GSTR-2</i>
7.	<i>58/2017 – CT, dt. 15.11.2017</i>	<i>Extends the time limit for filing of Form GSTR-2</i>
8.	<i>71/2017 – CT, dt. 29.12.2017</i>	<i>Extends the time limit for filing of Form GSTR-2</i>
9.	<i>72/2017 – CT, dt. 29.12.2017</i>	<i>Extends the time limit for filing of Form GSTR-2</i>
10.	<i>17/2018 – CT, dt. 28.03.2018</i>	<i>Extends the time limit for filing of Form GSTR-2</i>
11.	<i>18/2018 – CT, dt. 28.03.2018</i>	<i>Extends the time limit for filing of Form GSTR-2</i>
12.	<i>32/2018 – CT, dt. 10.08.2018</i>	<i>Extends the time limit for filing of Form GSTR-2</i>
13.	<i>33/2018 – CT, dt. 10.08.2018</i>	<i>Extends the time limit for filing of Form GSTR-2</i>
14.	<i>43/2018 – CT, dt. 10.09.2018</i>	<i>Extends the time limit for filing of Form GSTR-2</i>
15.	<i>44/2018 – CT, dt. 10.09.2018</i>	<i>Extends the time limit for filing of Form GSTR-2</i>
16.	<i>11/2019 – CT, dt. 07.03.2019</i>	<i>Extends the time limit for filing of Form GSTR-2</i>
17.	<i>12/2019 – CT, dt. 07.03.2019</i>	<i>Extends the time limit for filing of Form GSTR-2</i>
18.	<i>27/2019 – CT, dt. 28.06.2019</i>	<i>Extends the time limit for filing of Form GSTR-2</i>

19.	28/2019 – CT, dt. 28.06.2019	<i>Extends the time limit for filing of Form GSTR-2</i>
20.	45/2019 – CT, dt. 09.10.2019	<i>Extends the time limit for filing of Form GSTR-2</i>
21.	46/2019 – CT, dt. 09.10.2019	<i>Extends the time limit for filing of Form GSTR-2</i>
22.	27/2020 – CT, dt. 23.03.2020	<i>Extends the time limit for filing of Form GSTR-2</i>
23.	28/2020 – CT, dt. 23.03.2020	<i>Extends the time limit for filing of Form GSTR-2</i>
24.	74/2020 – CT, dt. 15.10.2020	<i>Prescribes the due date for furnishing Form GSTR-I for the quarters October, 2020 to December, 2020 and January, 2021 to March, 2021 for registered persons having aggregate turnover of up to 1.5 crore rupees in the preceding financial year or the current financial year</i>
25.	75/2020 – CT, dt. 15.10.2020	<i>Prescribes the due date for furnishing Form GSTR-I by such class of registered persons having aggregate turnover of more than 1.5 crore rupees in the preceding financial year or the current financial year, for each of the months from October, 2020 to March, 2021</i>
26.	79/2020 – CT, dt. 15.10.2020	<i>CGST (Twelfth Amendment) Rules, 2020 – Amending Form GSTR-2A</i>
27.	82/2020 – CT, dt. 10.11.2020 read with Corrigendum, dt. 13.11.2020	<i>CGST (Thirteenth Amendment) Rules, 2020 – Amending Rule 60 and inserting Form GSTR-2B</i>
28.	19/2022 – CT, dt. 28.09.2022	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2022 – Amending Rule 60 w.e.f. 01.10.2022 – Omitted Form GSTR-2 w.e.f. 01.10.2022</i>

D. Orders

NIL

E. Circulars

S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	07/2017 – GST, dt. 01.09.2017	<i>System based reconciliation of information furnished in Form GSTR-1 and Form GSTR-2 with Form GSTR-3B</i>
2.	15/2017 – GST, dt. 06.11.2017	<i>Due date for generation of Form GSTR-2A and Form GSTR-1A in accordance with the extension of due date for filing Form GSTR-1 and Form GSTR-2 respectively</i>

F. Instructions

NIL

39. Furnishing of returns.

- ¹[(1) Every registered person, other than an Input Service Distributor or a non-resident taxable person or a person paying tax under the provisions of section 10 or section 51 or section 52 shall, for every calendar month or part thereof, furnish, a return, electronically, of inward and outward supplies of goods or services or both, input tax credit availed, tax payable, tax paid and such other particulars, in such form and manner, and within such time, as may be prescribed:

Provided that the Government may, on the recommendations of the Council, notify certain class of registered persons who shall furnish a return for every quarter or part thereof, subject to such conditions and restrictions as may be specified therein.

- (2) A registered person paying tax under the provisions of section 10, shall, for each financial year or part thereof, furnish a return, electronically, of turnover in the State or Union territory, inward supplies of goods or services or both, tax payable, tax paid and such other particulars in such form and manner, and within such time, as may be prescribed.]
- (3) Every registered person required to deduct tax at source under the provisions of section 51 shall furnish, in such form and manner as may be prescribed, a return, electronically, for the month in which such deductions have been made within ten days after the end of such month.
- (4) Every taxable person registered as an Input Service Distributor shall, for every calendar month or part thereof, furnish, in such form and manner as may be prescribed, a return, electronically, within thirteen days after the end of such month.

¹ Sub. w.e.f. 10.11.2020 (vide Notification No. 81/2020-CT, dt. 10.11.2020) by the Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (s.97) dt. 01.08.2019. Formerly, it read as:

- (1) Every registered person, other than an Input Service Distributor or a non-resident taxable person or a person paying tax under the provisions of section 10 or section 51 or section 52 shall, for every calendar month or part thereof, furnish, in such form and manner as may be prescribed, a return, electronically, of inward and outward supplies of goods or services or both, input tax credit availed, tax payable, tax paid and such other particulars as may be prescribed, on or before the twentieth day of the month succeeding such calendar month or part thereof.”
- (2) A registered person paying tax under the provisions of section 10 shall, for each quarter or part thereof, furnish, in such form and manner as may be prescribed, a return, electronically, of turnover in the State or Union territory, inward supplies of goods or services or both, tax payable and tax paid within eighteen days after the end of such quarter.

Earlier amendments were carried in sub-section (1) vide the Finance Act, 2018 (s.17) dt. 29.08.2018. However, effective date has not yet notified. These amendments are now otiose since amendments have been carried vide the Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 in this sub-section (1). For the sake of information, these amendments are as under:

- “(i) for the words “in such form and manner as may be prescribed”, the words “in such form, manner and within such time as may be prescribed” shall be substituted;*
- (ii) the words “on or before the twentieth day of the month succeeding such calendar month or part thereof” shall be omitted;*
- (iii) the following proviso shall be inserted, namely:—*

Provided that the Government may, on the recommendations of the Council, notify certain classes of registered persons who shall furnish return for every quarter or part thereof, subject to such conditions and safeguards as may be specified therein.”.

(5) Every registered non-resident taxable person shall, for every calendar month or part thereof, furnish, in such form and manner as may be prescribed, a return, electronically, within ¹[thirteen] days after the end of a calendar month or within seven days after the last day of the period of registration specified under sub-section (1) of section 27, whichever is earlier.

(6) The Commissioner may, for reasons to be recorded in writing, by notification, extend the time limit for furnishing the returns under this section for such class of registered persons as may be specified therein:

Provided that any extension of time limit notified by the Commissioner of State tax or Union territory tax shall be deemed to be notified by the Commissioner.

²[(7) Every registered person who is required to furnish a return under sub-section (1), other than the person referred to in the proviso thereto, or sub-section (3) or sub-section (5), shall pay to the Government the tax due as per such return not later than the last date on which he is required to furnish such return:

³[Provided that every registered person furnishing return under the proviso to sub-section (1) shall pay to the Government, in such form and manner, and within such time, as may be prescribed,—

(a) an amount equal to the tax due taking into account inward and outward supplies of goods or services or both, input tax credit availed, tax payable and such other particulars during a month; or

(b) in lieu of the amount referred to in clause (a), an amount determined in such manner and subject to such conditions and restrictions as may be prescribed.]

Provided further that every registered person furnishing return under sub-section (2) shall pay to the Government the tax due taking into account turnover in the State or Union territory, inward supplies of goods or services or both, tax payable, and such other particulars during a quarter, in such form and manner, and within such time, as may be prescribed.]

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.10.2022 (vide Notification No. 18/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022) by the Finance Act, 2022 (No. 6 of 2022) (s.105) dt. 30.03.2022, for the word “twenty”.

² Sub. w.e.f. 10.11.2020 (vide Notification No. 81/2020-CT, dt. 10.11.2020) by the Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (s.97) dt. 01.08.2019. Formerly, it read as:

“(7) Every registered person, who is required to furnish a return under sub-section (1) or sub-section (2) or sub-section (3) or sub-section (5), shall pay to the Government the tax due as per such return not later than the last date on which he is required to furnish such return.”

Earlier proviso to sub-section (7) was inserted vide the Finance Act, 2018 (s.17) dt. 29.08.2018. However, effective date has not yet notified. These amendments are now otiose since amendments have been carried vide the Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 in this sub-section. For the sake of information, the said proviso read as:

“Provided that the Government may, on the recommendations of the Council, notify certain classes of registered persons who shall pay to the Government the tax due or part thereof as per the return on or before the last date on which he is required to furnish such return, subject to such conditions and safeguards as may be specified therein.”

³ Subs. w.e.f. 01.10.2022 (vide Notification No. 18/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022) by the Finance Act, 2022 (No. 6 of 2022) (s.105) dt. 30.03.2022. Formerly, it read as:

“Provided that every registered person furnishing return under the proviso to sub-section (1) shall pay to the Government, the tax due taking into account inward and outward supplies of goods or services or both, input tax credit availed, tax payable and such other particulars during a month, in such form and manner, and within such time, as may be prescribed.”

(8) Every registered person who is required to furnish a return under sub-section (1) or sub-section (2) shall furnish a return for every tax period whether or not any supplies of goods or services or both have been made during such tax period.

(9) ¹[Where] any registered person after furnishing a return under sub-section (1) or sub-section (2) or sub-section (3) or sub-section (4) or sub-section (5) discovers any omission or incorrect particulars therein, other than as a result of scrutiny, audit, inspection or enforcement activity by the tax authorities, he shall rectify such omission or incorrect particulars ²[*in the return to be furnished for the month or quarter during which such omission or incorrect particulars are noticed*], subject to payment of interest under this Act:

Provided that no such rectification of any omission or incorrect particulars shall be allowed after ³[the thirtieth day of November] following ⁴[*the end of the financial year*], or the actual date of furnishing of relevant annual return, whichever is earlier.

(10) A registered person shall not be allowed to furnish a return for a tax period if the return for any of the previous tax periods ⁵[or the details of outward supplies under sub-section (1) of section 37 for the said tax period has not been furnished by him:

Provided that the Government may, on the recommendations of the Council, by notification, subject to such conditions and restrictions as may be specified therein, allow a registered person or a class of registered persons to furnish the return, even if he has not furnished the returns for one or more previous tax periods or has not furnished the details of outward supplies under sub-section (1) of section 37 for the said tax period.]

⁶[(11) A registered person shall not be allowed to furnish a return for a tax period after the expiry of a period of three years from the due date of furnishing the said return:

Provided that the Government may, on the recommendations of the Council, by notification, subject to such conditions and restrictions as may be specified therein, allow a registered person or a class of registered persons to furnish the return for a tax period, even after the expiry of the said period of three years from the due date of furnishing the said return.]

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.10.2022 (vide Notification No. 18/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022) by the Finance Act, 2022 (No. 6 of 2022) (s.105) dt. 30.03.2022, for the words and figures “Subject to the provisions of sections 37 and 38, if”.

² Subs. by the CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018 vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018. However, effective date has not been yet notified. After notification, it will read as, “*in such form and manner as may be prescribed*”.

³ Subs. w.e.f. 01.10.2022 (vide Notification No. 18/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022) by the Finance Act, 2022 (No. 6 of 2022) (s.105) dt. 30.03.2022, for the words “the due date for furnishing of return for the month of September or second quarter”.

⁴ Subs. by the CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018 vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018. However, effective date has not been yet notified. After notification, it will read as, “*the end of the financial year to which such details pertain*”.

⁵ Subs. w.e.f. 01.10.2022 (vide Notification No. 18/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022) by the Finance Act, 2022 (No. 6 of 2022) (s.105) dt. 30.03.2022, for the words “has not been furnished by him”.

⁶ Ins. sub-section (11) w.e.f. 01.10.2023 (vide Notification No. 28/2023-CT, dt. 31.07.2023) by the Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023) (s.143) enacted on 31.03.2023.

A. Section 39 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
Rule 26	<i>Method of authentication</i>	Nil
Rule 59	<i>Form and manner of furnishing details of outward supplies</i>	<i>Forms GSTR-1, GSTR-2A, GSTR-4, GSTR-4A, GSTR-6, GSTR-6A</i>
Rule 60	<i>Form and manner of ascertaining details of inward supplies</i>	<i>Forms GSTR-2A, GSTR-2B, GSTR-5, GSTR-6, GSTR-7, GSTR-8</i>
Rule 61	<i>Form and manner of furnishing of return</i>	<i>Forms GSTR-1, GSTR-3B</i>
Rule 61A	<i>Manner of opting for furnishing quarterly return</i>	<i>GSTR-3B</i>
Rule 62	<i>Form and manner of submission of statement and return</i>	<i>Forms GSTR-4, GSTR-4A, CMP-08</i>
Rule 63	<i>Form and manner of submission of return by non-resident taxable person</i>	<i>Form GSTR-5</i>
Rule 64	<i>Form and manner of submission of return by persons providing online information and database access or retrieval services</i>	<i>Form GSTR-5A</i>
Rule 65	<i>Form and manner of submission of return by an Input Service Distributor</i>	<i>Forms GSTR-6, GSTR-6A</i>
Rule 66	<i>Form and manner of submission of return by a person required to deduct tax at source</i>	<i>Forms GSTR-7, GSTR-7A</i>
Rule 67A	<i>Manner of furnishing of return or details of outward supplies by short messaging service facility</i>	<i>Form GSTR-3B</i>
Rule 88C	<i>Manner of dealing with difference in liability reported in statement of outward supplies and that reported in return</i>	<i>Forms GSTR-1, GSTR-3B, DRC-01B, DRC-03</i>
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 39 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	62/2019 – CT, dt. 26.11.2019	<i>Notified the transition plan with respect to J&K reorganization w.e.f. 31.10.2019</i>
3.	<i>Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (23 of 2019), dt. 01.08.2019</i>	<i>Amending sub-sec (1), (2) and (7) of sec 39 [w.e.f. 10.11.2020 vide 81/2020 – CT, dt. 10.11.2020]</i>
4.	03/2020 – CT, dt. 01.01.2020	<i>Amends the N. No. 62/2019-CT dt. 26.11.2019 to amend the transition plan for the UTs of J&K and Ladakh</i>
5.	81/2020 – CT, dt. 10.11.2020	<i>Notifies amendment carried out in sub-section (1), (2) and (7) of section 39 vide Finance (No.2) Act, 2019 w.e.f. 10.11.2020</i>

6.	85/2020 – CT, dt. 10.11.2020	<i>Notifies special procedure for making payment of 35% as tax liability in first two month</i>
7.	14/2021 – CT, dt. 01.05.2021	<i>Extends specified compliances falling between 15.04.2021 to 30.05.2021 till 31.05.2021 in exercise of powers under section 168A of CGST Act</i>
8.	24/2021 – CT, dt. 01.06.2021	<i>Amends N. No. 14/2021 – CT in order to extend due date of compliances which fall during the period from “15.04.2021 to 29.06.2021” till 30.06.2021</i>
9.	<i>Finance Act, 2022 (No. 6 of 2022), dt. 30.03.2022 read with N. No. 18/2022 – CT, dt. 28.09.2022</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 39 w.e.f. 01.10.2022 [Sec 105 of the Finance Act, 2022]</i>
10.	<i>Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023), dt. 31.03.2023 read with N. No. 28/2023 – CT, dt. 31.07.2023</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 39(11) w.e.f. 01.10.2023 [Sec 143 of the Finance Act, 2023]</i>

C. Rule related Notifications

1.	10/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rules 59 to 66</i>
2.	17/2017 – CT, dt. 27.07.2017	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 61</i>
3.	20/2017 – CT, dt. 08.08.2017	<i>Extends time period for filing of details in Form GSTR-3 for months of July and August</i>
4.	21/2017 – CT, dt. 08.08.2017	<i>Introduces date for filing of GSTR-3B for months of July and August</i>
5.	22/2017 – CT, dt. 17.08.2017	<i>CGST (Fifth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 61</i>
6.	23/2017 – CT, dt. 17.08.2017	<i>Notifies the date and conditions for filing the return in Form GSTR-3B for the month of July, 2017</i>
7.	24/2017 – CT, dt. 21.08.2017	<i>Further extends the date for filing of return in Form GSTR-3B for the month of July, 2017</i>
8.	25/2017 – CT, dt. 28.08.2017	<i>Extends time period for filing of details in Form GSTR-5A for month of July</i>
9.	26/2017 – CT, dt. 28.08.2017	<i>Extends time period for filing of details in Form GSTR-6 for months of July & August</i>
10.	29/2017 – CT, dt. 05.09.2017	<i>Extends due dates for furnishing details>Returns for the months of July, 2017 and August, 2017</i>
11.	30/2017 – CT, dt. 11.09.2017	<i>Extends the time limit for filing of Forms GSTR-1, GSTR-2 and GSTR-3</i>
12.	31/2017 – CT, dt. 11.09.2017	<i>Extends the time limit for filing of Form GSTR-6</i>

13.	34/2017 – CT, dt. 15.09.2017	<i>CGST (Seventh Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Form GSTR-4</i>
14.	35/2017 – CT, dt. 15.09.2017	<i>Extends the last date for filing the return in Form GSTR-3B for the months of August to December, 2017</i>
15.	41/2017 – CT, dt. 13.10.2017	<i>Extends the time limit for filing of Form GSTR-4</i>
16.	42/2017 – CT, dt. 13.10.2017	<i>Extends the time limit for filing of Form GSTR-5A</i>
17.	43/2017 – CT, dt. 13.10.2017	<i>Extends the time limit for filing of Form GSTR-6</i>
18.	45/2017 – CT, dt. 13.10.2017	<i>CGST (Ninth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 62, Forms GSTR-1, GSTR-1A, GSTR-4</i>
19.	54/2017 – CT, dt. 30.10.2017	<i>Amends N. No. 30/2017 – CT, dt. 11.09.2017 so as to extend the due date for filing Forms GSTR-2 and GSTR-3 for the month of July, 2017</i>
20.	56/2017 – CT, dt. 15.11.2017	<i>Mandates the furnishing of return in Form GSTR-3B from Jan. to March, 2018</i>
21.	57/2017 – CT, dt. 15.11.2017	<i>Extends the time limit for filing of Form GSTR-3</i>
22.	58/2017 – CT, dt. 15.11.2017	<i>Extends the time limit for filing of Form GSTR-3</i>
23.	59/2017 – CT, dt. 15.11.2017	<i>Extends the time limit for filing of Form GSTR-4</i>
24.	60/2017 – CT, dt. 15.11.2017	<i>Extends the time limit for furnishing the return in Form GSTR-5, for the months of July to Oct., 2017</i>
25.	61/2017 – CT, dt. 15.11.2017	<i>Extends the time limit for furnishing the return in Form GSTR-5A for the months of July to Oct., 2017</i>
26.	62/2017 – CT, dt. 15.11.2017	<i>Extends the time limit for furnishing the return in Form GSTR-6 for the month of July, 2017</i>
27.	68/2017 – CT, dt. 15.11.2017	<i>Extends the time limit for filing Form GSTR-5</i>
28.	69/2017 – CT, dt. 15.11.2017	<i>Extends the time limit for filing Form GSTR-5A</i>
29.	71/2017 – CT, dt. 29.12.2017	<i>Extends the time limit for filing of Forms GSTR-3</i>
30.	72/2017 – CT, dt. 29.12.2017	<i>Extends the time limit for filing of Forms GSTR-3</i>
31.	02/2018 – CT, dt. 20.01.2018	<i>Extends the last date for filing Form GSTR-3B for December, 2017 till 22.01.2018</i>
32.	08/2018 – CT, dt. 23.01.2018	<i>Extension of date for filing the return in Form GSTR-6</i>
33.	16/2018 – CT, dt. 23.03.2018	<i>Prescribes the due dates for filing Form GSTR-3B for the months of April to June, 2018</i>
34.	17/2018 – CT, dt. 28.03.2018	<i>Extends the time limit for filing of Forms GSTR-3</i>
35.	18/2018 – CT, dt. 28.03.2018	<i>Extends the time limit for filing of Forms GSTR-3</i>
36.	19/2018 – CT, dt. 28.03.2018	<i>Extension of date for filing the return in Form GSTR-6</i>

37.	23/2018 – CT, dt. 18.05.2018	<i>Extends the due date for filing Form GSTR-3B for April 2018 till 22.05.2018</i>
38.	25/2018 – CT, dt. 31.05.2018	<i>Extends the due date for filing of Form GSTR-6 for the months from July, 2017 till June, 2018</i>
39.	30/2018 – CT, dt. 30.07.2018	<i>Notification issued to extend the due date for filing of Form GSTR-6</i>
40.	32/2018 – CT, dt. 10.08.2018	<i>Extends the time limit for filing of Forms GSTR-3</i>
41.	33/2018 – CT, dt. 10.08.2018	<i>Extends the time limit for filing of Forms GSTR-3</i>
42.	34/2018 – CT, dt. 10.08.2018	<i>Prescribes the due dates for filing Form GSTR-3B for the months from July, 2018 to March, 2019</i>
43.	35/2018 – CT, dt. 21.08.2018	<i>Extends the due date for filing of Form GSTR-3B for the month of July, 2018</i>
44.	36/2018 – CT, dt. 24.08.2018	<i>Extends the due dates for filing Form GSTR-3B for the months of July, 2018 and August, 2018</i>
45.	45/2018 – CT, dt. 10.09.2018	<i>Extends the due date for filing of Form GSTR - 3B for newly migrated (obtaining GSTIN vide N. No. 31/2018 – CT, dt. 06.08.2018) taxpayers [Amends N. No. 21/2017 and 56/2017 – CT]</i>
46.	46/2018 – CT, dt. 10.09.2018	<i>Extends the due date for filing of Form GSTR - 3B for newly migrated (obtaining GSTIN vide N. No. 31/2018 – CT, dt. 06.08.2018) taxpayers [Amends N. No. 35/2017 and 16/2018 – CT]</i>
47.	47/2018 – CT, dt. 10.09.2018	<i>Extends the due date for filing of Form GSTR - 3B for newly migrated (obtaining GSTIN vide N. No. 31/2018 – CT, dt. 06.08.2018) taxpayers [Amends N. No. 34/2018 – CT]</i>
48.	55/2018 – CT, dt. 21.10.2018	<i>Extends the last date for filing of Form GSTR-3B for the month of September, 2018 till 25.10.2018 for all taxpayers</i>
49.	62/2018 – CT, dt. 29.11.2018	<i>Extends the last date for filing of Form GSTR-3B for taxpayers in Srikakulam district of Andhra Pradesh and 11 districts of Tamil Nadu</i>
50.	65/2018 – CT, dt. 29.11.2018	<i>Extends the due date for filing of Form GSTR - 4 for the quarter July to September, 2018 for taxpayers in Srikakulam district of Andhra Pradesh</i>
51.	66/2018 – CT, dt. 29.11.2018	<i>Extends the due date for filing of Form GSTR – 7 for the months of October, 2018 to December, 2018</i>
52.	68/2018 – CT, dt. 31.12.2018	<i>Extends the time limit for furnishing the return in Form GSTR-3B for the newly migrated taxpayers</i>
53.	69/2018 – CT, dt. 31.12.2018	<i>Extends the time limit for furnishing the return in Form GSTR-3B for the newly migrated taxpayers</i>

54.	70/2018 – CT, dt. 31.12.2018	<i>Extends the time limit for furnishing the return in Form GSTR-3B for the newly migrated taxpayers</i>
55.	03/2019 – CT, dt. 29.01.2019	<i>CGST (First Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Form GSTR-4</i>
56.	07/2019 – CT, dt. 31.01.2019	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing of Form GSTR – 7 for the months of October, 2018 to December, 2018 till 28.02.2019</i>
57.	08/2019 – CT, dt. 08.02.2019	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing of Form GSTR – 7 for the month of January, 2019 till 28.02.2019</i>
58.	09/2019 – CT, dt. 20.02.2019	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing Form GSTR-3B for the month of January, 2019 to 28.02.2019 for registered persons having principal place of business in the state of J&K; and 22.02.2019 for the rest of the States</i>
59.	11/2019 – CT, dt. 07.03.2019	<i>Extends the time limit for filing of Form GSTR-3</i>
60.	12/2019 – CT, dt. 07.03.2019	<i>Extends the time limit for filing of Form GSTR-3</i>
61.	13/2019 – CT, dt. 07.03.2019	<i>Prescribes the due dates for furnishing of Form GSTR-3B for the months of April, May and June, 2019</i>
62.	18/2019 – CT, dt. 10.04.2019	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing of Form GSTR – 7 for the month of March, 2019 till the 12th day of April, 2019</i>
63.	19/2019 – CT, dt. 22.04.2019	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing of returns in Form GSTR-3B for the Month of March, 2019 for three days (i.e. from 20.04.2019 to 23.04.2019)</i>
64.	20/2019 – CT, dt. 23.04.2019	<i>CGST (Third Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Rule 62 and inserting Form GST CMP-08</i>
65.	21/2019 – CT, dt. 23.04.2019	<i>Notifies procedure for quarterly tax payment and annual filing of return for taxpayers availing the benefit of N. No. 02/2019 – CT (Rate), dt. 07.03.2019</i>
66.	24/2019 – CT, dt. 11.05.2019	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing of returns in Form GSTR-3B for the month of April, 2019</i>
67.	26/2019 – CT, dt. 28.06.2019	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing of Form GSTR-7 for the months of October, 2018 to July, 2019 till 31.08.2019</i>
68.	27/2019 – CT, dt. 28.06.2019	<i>Extends the time limit for filing of Form GSTR-3</i>
69.	28/2019 – CT, dt. 28.06.2019	<i>Extends the time limit for filing of Form GSTR-3</i>
70.	29/2019 – CT, dt. 28.06.2019	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing of returns in Form GSTR-3B for the months from July, 2019 to September, 2019</i>
71.	31/2019 – CT, dt. 28.06.2019	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Form GSTR-4</i>

72.	34/2019 – CT, dt. 18.07.2019	<i>Extends the last date for furnishing Form GST CMP-08</i>
73.	35/2019 – CT, dt. 29.07.2019	<i>Extends the last date for furnishing Form GST CMP-08 for the quarter April-June 2019 till 31.08.2019</i>
74.	37/2019 – CT, dt. 21.08.2019	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing of returns in Form GSTR-3B for the month of July, 2019 to 22 August 2019 (20 Sept. 2019 in certain specified cases)</i>
75.	40/2019 – CT, dt. 31.08.2019	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing of Form GSTR – 7 for the month of July, 2019</i>
76.	44/2019 – CT, dt. 09.10.2019	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing of returns in Form GSTR-3B for the months of October, 2019 to March, 2020</i>
77.	45/2019 – CT, dt. 09.10.2019	<i>Extends the time limit for filing of Form GSTR-3</i>
78.	46/2019 – CT, dt. 09.10.2019	<i>Extends the time limit for filing of Form GSTR-3</i>
79.	48/2019-CT, dt. 09.10.2019	<i>Amends N. No. 41/2019-CT, dt. 31.08.2019 – Forms GSTR-1, GSTR-3B, GSTR-7 – Amending Rules 61 and 66</i>
80.	49/2019 – CT, dt. 09.10.2019	<i>CGST (Sixth Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Rule 61</i>
81.	50/2019 – CT, dt. 24.10.2019	<i>Extends the last date for filing of Form GST CMP-08 for the quarter July-September 2019 by four days from 18.10.2019 till 22.10.2019</i>
82.	54/2019 – CT, dt. 14.11.2019	<i>Extends the last date for filing of Form GST CMP-08 for the quarter July-September 2019 by four days from 18.10.2019 till 22.10.2019</i>
83.	60/2019 – CT, dt. 26.11.2019	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing of return in Form GSTR-3B for registered persons in Jammu and Kashmir for the months of July, 2019 to September, 2019</i>
84.	61/2019 – CT, dt. 26.11.2019	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing of return in Form GSTR-3B for registered persons in Jammu and Kashmir for the month of October, 2019</i>
85.	66/2019 – CT, dt. 12.12.2019	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing of return in Form GSTR-3B for registered persons in Jammu and Kashmir for the months of July, 2019 to September, 2019</i>
86.	67/2019 – CT, dt. 12.12.2019	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing of return in Form GSTR-3B for registered persons in Jammu and Kashmir for the month of October, 2019</i>
87.	73/2019 – CT, dt. 23.12.2019	<i>Extends the last date for filing of Form GSTR-3B for the month of November, 2019 by three days from 20.12.2019 till 23.12.2019</i>
88.	77/2019 – CT, dt. 26.12.2019	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing of return in Form GSTR-3B for registered persons in Assam, Manipur, Meghalaya or Tripura for the month of November, 2019</i>
89.	02/2020 – CT, dt. 01.01.2020	<i>CGST (Amendment) Rules, 2020 – Amending Form GSTR-3A</i>

90.	07/2020 – CT, dt. 03.02.2020	<i>Notification issued to prescribe due dates for filing of return in Form GSTR-3B in a staggered manner</i>
91.	10/2020 – CT, dt. 21.03.2020	<i>Provides special procedure for taxpayers in Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu consequent to merger of the two UTs</i>
92.	12/2020 – CT, dt. 21.03.2020	<i>Waives off the requirement for furnishing Form GSTR-1 for 2019-20 for taxpayers who could not opt for availing the option of special composition scheme under N. No. 2/2019-CT (R)</i>
93.	25/2020 – CT, dt. 23.03.2020	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing Form GSTR-3B for the months of October, 2019, November, 2019 to February, 2020 for registered persons whose principal place of business is in the erstwhile State of Jammu and Kashmir on or before the 24th March, 2020</i>
94.	26/2020 – CT, dt. 23.03.2020	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing Form GSTR-3B of the said rules for the months of July, 2019 to September, 2019 for registered persons whose principal place of business is in the erstwhile State of Jammu and Kashmir, shall be furnished electronically through the common portal, on or before the 24th March, 2020</i>
95.	29/2020 – CT, dt. 23.03.2020	<i>Prescribes return in Form GSTR-3B of CGST Rules, 2017 along with due dates of furnishing the said form for April, 2020 to September, 2020</i>
96.	34/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020	<i>Extends due date of furnishing Form GST CMP-08 for the quarter ending March, 2020 till 07.07.2020 and filing Form GSTR-4 for FY 2020-21 till 15.07.2020</i>
97.	35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 29.06.2020” till 30.06.2020</i>
98.	36/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020	<i>Extends due date for furnishing Form GSTR-3B for supply made in the month of May, 2020</i>
99.	38/2020 – CT, dt. 05.05.2020	<i>CGST (Fifth Amendment) Rules, 2020 – Inserting Rule 67A w.e.f. 08.06.2020 vide N. No. 44/2020 dt. 08.06.2020</i>
100.	42/2020 – CT, dt. 05.05.2020	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing Form GSTR-3B, Jan-March, 2020 returns for the taxpayers registered in Jammu & Kashmir and Ladakh</i>
101.	44/2020 – CT, dt. 08.06.2020	<i>Gives effect to the provisions of Rule 67A for furnishing a nil return in Form GSTR-3B by SMS</i>
102.	45/2020 – CT, dt. 09.06.2020	<i>Extends the date for transition under GST on account of merger of erstwhile Union Territories of Daman and Diu & Dadar and Nagar Haveli.</i>

103.	54/2020 – CT, dt. 24.06.2020	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing Form GSTR-3B for supply made in the month of August, 2020 for taxpayers with annual turnover up to Rs. 5 crore</i>
104.	55/2020 – CT, dt. 27.06.2020	<i>Extends the due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 30.08.2020” till 31.08.2020 (Subs. N. No. 35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020)</i>
105.	58/2020 – CT, dt. 01.07.2020	<i>CGST (Eighth Amendment) Rules, 2020 – Substituting Rule 67A w.e.f. 01.07.2020</i>
106.	59/2020 – CT, dt. 13.07.2020	<i>Extends the due date for filing Form GSTR-4 for financial year 2019-2020 to 31.08.2020</i>
107.	64/2020 – CT, dt. 31.08.2020	<i>Extends the due date for filing Form GSTR-4 for financial year 2019-2020 to 31.10.2020</i>
108.	76/2020 – CT, dt. 15.10.2020	<i>Prescribes return in Form GSTR-3B of CGST Rules, 2017 along with due dates of furnishing the said form for October, 2020 to March, 2021 [Rescinded vide 86/2020 – CT, dt. 10.11.2020]</i>
109.	79/2020 – CT, dt. 15.10.2020	<i>CGST (Twelfth Amendment) Rules, 2020 – Amending Rule 67A and Forms GSTR-1, GSTR-2A, GSTR-5, GSTR-5A</i>
110.	82/2020 – CT, dt. 10.11.2020	<i>CGST (Thirteenth Amendment) Rules, 2020 – Amending Rules 59, 60, 61, 62, inserting Rule 61A and amending Forms GSTR-1, inserting Form GSTR-2B</i>
111.	84/2020 – CT, dt. 10.11.2020	<i>Notifies class of persons under proviso to section 39(1)</i>
112.	86/2020 – CT, dt. 10.11.2020 read with Corrigendum, dt. 13.11.2020	<i>Rescinds Notification 76/2020 – CT, dt. 15.08.2020</i>
113.	10/2021 – CT, dt. 01.05.2021	<i>Extends the due date for filing Form GSTR-4 for financial year 2020-21 to 31.05.2021</i>
114.	25/2021 – CT, dt. 01.06.2021	<i>Extends the due date for filing Form GSTR-4 for financial year 2020-21 to 31.07.2021</i>
115.	32/2021 – CT, dt. 29.08.2021	<i>CGST (Seventh Amendment) Rules, 2021 – Amending Rule 26</i>
116.	05/2022 – CT, dt. 17.05.2022	<i>Extends the due date of filing Form GSTR-3B for the month of April, 2022</i>
117.	06/2022 – CT, dt. 17.05.2022	<i>Extends the due date of payment of tax, in Form GST PMT-06, for the month of April, 2022 by taxpayers who are under QRMP scheme</i>
118.	11/2022 – CT, dt. 05.07.2022	<i>Extends the due date of furnishing Form GST CMP-08 for the quarter ending June, 2022 till 31.07.2022</i>
119.	14/2022 – CT, dt. 05.07.2022	<i>CGST (First Amendment) Rules, 2022 – Amending Form GSTR-3B w.e.f. 05.07.2022</i>

120.	19/2022 – CT, dt. 28.09.2022	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2022 – Amending Rule 60 and omitted Forms GSTR-1A, GSTR-2 and GSTR-3 w.e.f. 01.10.2022</i>
121.	21/2022 – CT, dt. 21.10.2022	<i>Extends the due date of filing Form GSTR-3B for the month of September, 2022</i>
122.	26/2022 – CT, dt. 26.12.2022	<i>CGST (Fifth Amendment) Rules, 2022 – Inserting Rule 88C w.e.f. 26.12.2022</i>
123.	12/2023 – CT, dt. 24.05.2023	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing Form GSTR-3B for April, 2023 for registered persons whose principal place of business is in the State of Manipur</i>
124.	13/2023 – CT, dt. 24.05.2023	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing Form GSTR-7 for April, 2023 for registered persons whose principal place of business is in the State of Manipur</i>
125.	15/2023 – CT, dt. 19.06.2023	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing Form GSTR-3B for April and May, 2023 for registered persons whose principal place of business is in the State of Manipur</i>
126.	16/2023 – CT, dt. 19.06.2023	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing Form GSTR-7 for April and May, 2023 for registered persons whose principal place of business is in the State of Manipur</i>
127.	17/2023 – CT, dt. 27.06.2023	<i>Extension of due date for filing of return in Form GSTR-3B for the month of May 2023 for the persons registered in the districts of Kutch, Jamnagar, Morbi, Patan and Banaskantha in the state of Gujarat upto 30th June 2023</i>
128.	19/2023 – CT, dt. 17.07.2023	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing Form GSTR-3B for April, May and June, 2023 for registered persons whose principal place of business is in the State of Manipur</i>
129.	20/2023 – CT, dt. 17.07.2023	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing Form GSTR-3B for quarter ending June, 2023 for registered persons whose principal place of business is in the State of Manipur</i>
130.	21/2023 – CT, dt. 17.07.2023	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing Form GSTR-7 for April, May and June, 2023 for registered persons whose principal place of business is in the State of Manipur</i>
131.	38/2023 – CT, dt. 04.08.2023	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2023 – Amending Rules 64 and Form GSTR-5A w.e.f. 04.08.2023</i>
132.	42/2023 – CT, dt. 25.08.2023	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing Form GSTR-3B for April, May, June and July, 2023 for registered persons whose principal place of business is in the State of Manipur</i>
133.	43/2023 – CT, dt. 25.08.2023	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing Form GSTR-3B for quarter ending June, 2023 for registered persons whose principal place of business is in the State of Manipur</i>

134.	44/2023 – CT, dt. 25.08.2023	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing Form GSTR-7 for April, May, June and July, 2023 for registered persons whose principal place of business is in the State of Manipur</i>
135.	51/2023 – CT, dt. 29.09.2023	<i>CGST (Third Amendment) Rules, 2023 – Amending Rule 64 and Form GSTR-5A w.e.f. 01.10.2023</i>
136.	55/2023 – CT, dt. 20.12.2023	<i>Extension of due date for filing of return in Form GSTR-3B for the month of November, 2023 for the persons registered in certain districts of Tamil Nadu</i>
137.	01/2024 – CT, dt. 05.01.2024	<i>Extension of due date for filing of return in Form GSTR-3B for the month of November, 2023 for the persons registered in certain districts of Tamil Nadu</i>

D. Orders*NIL***E. Circulars**

S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	07/2017 – GST, dt. 01.09.2017	<i>System based reconciliation of information furnished in Form GSTR-1 and Form GSTR-2 with Form GSTR-3B</i>
2.	26/2017 – GST, dt. 29.12.2017	<i>Filing of returns under GST</i>
3.	45/2018 – GST, dt. 30.05.2018	<i>Clarification on refund related issues</i>
4.	89/2019 – GST, dt. 18.02.2019	<i>Clarification regarding situations of mentioning details of inter-State supplies made to unregistered persons in Table 3.2 of Form GSTR-3B and Table 7B of Form GSTR-1</i>
5.	129/2019 – GST, dt. 24.12.2019	<i>Standard Operating Procedure to be followed in case of non-filers of returns</i>
6.	134/2020 – GST, dt. 23.03.2020	<i>Clarifies issues in respect of issues under GST law for companies under Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016</i>
7.	136/2020 – GST, dt. 03.04.2020	<i>Clarification in respect of various measures announced by the Government for providing relief to the taxpayers in view of spread of Novel Corona Virus (COVID-19)</i>
8.	143/2020 – GST, dt. 10.11.2020	<i>Quarterly Return Monthly Payment Scheme</i>
9.	170/02/2022-GST, dt. 06.07.2022	<i>Mandatory furnishing of correct and proper information of inter-State supplies and amount of ineligible/blocked Input Tax Credit and reversal thereof in return in Form GSTR-3B and statement in Form GSTR-1</i>

F. Instructions*NIL*

40. First return.

Every registered person who has made outward supplies in the period between the date on which he became liable to registration till the date on which registration has been granted shall declare the same in the first return furnished by him after grant of registration.

A. Section 40 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 40 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	11/2020 – CT, dt. 21.03.2020	<i>Provides special procedure for corporate debtors undergoing the corporate insolvency resolution process under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016</i>
3.	35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 29.06.2020” till 30.06.2020</i>
4.	39/2020 – CT, dt. 05.05.2020	<i>Makes amendments in N. No. 11/2020 – CT, dt. 21.03.2020 regarding special procedure for corporate debtors undergoing the corporate insolvency resolution process under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016</i>
5.	55/2020 – CT, dt. 27.06.2020	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 30.08.2020” till 31.08.2020 (Subs. N. No. 35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020)</i>
6.	14/2021 – CT, dt. 01.05.2021	<i>Extends specified compliances falling between 15.04.2021 to 30.05.2021 till 31.05.2021 in exercise of powers under section 168A of CGST Act</i>
7.	24/2021 – CT, dt. 01.06.2021	<i>Amends N. No. 14/2021 – CT in order to extend due date of compliances which fall during the period from “15.04.2021 to 29.06.2021” till 30.06.2021</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	134/2020 – GST, dt. 23.03.2020	<i>Clarifies issues in respect of issues under GST law for companies under Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016</i>
F. Instructions		
NIL		

¹[41. Availment of Input tax credit

- (1) Every registered person shall, subject to such conditions and restrictions as may be prescribed, be entitled to avail the credit of eligible input tax, as self-assessed, in his return and such amount shall be credited to his electronic credit ledger.
- (2) The credit of input tax availed by a registered person under sub-section (1) in respect of such supplies of goods or services or both, the tax payable whereon has not been paid by the supplier, shall be reversed along with applicable interest, by the said person in such manner as may be prescribed:

Provided that where the said supplier makes payment of the tax payable in respect of the aforesaid supplies, the said registered person may re-avail the amount of credit reversed by him in such manner as may be prescribed.]

A. Section 41 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>Rule 69</i>	<i>Matching of claim of input tax credit [Omitted w.e.f. 01.10.2022]</i>	<i>Nil</i>
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	<i>09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Brings into force sec 41 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	<i>Finance Act, 2022 (No. 6 of 2022), dt. 30.03.2022 read with N. No. 18/2022 – CT, dt. 28.09.2022</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 41 w.e.f. 01.10.2022 [Sec 106 of the Finance Act, 2022]</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	<i>19/2022 – CT, dt. 28.09.2022</i>	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2022 – Omitted Rule 69 w.e.f. 01.10.2022</i>
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		
E. Circulars		
<i>NIL</i>		
F. Instructions		
<i>NIL</i>		

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.10.2022 (vide Notification No. 18/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022) by the Finance Act, 2022 (No. 6 of 2022) (s.106) dt. 30.03.2022. Formerly, it read as:

"41. Claim of input tax credit and provisional acceptance thereof.

- (1) Every registered person shall, subject to such conditions and restrictions as may be prescribed, be entitled to take the credit of eligible input tax, as self-assessed, in his return and such amount shall be credited on a provisional basis to his electronic credit ledger.
- (2) The credit referred to in sub-section (1) shall be utilised only for payment of self-assessed output tax as per the return referred to in the said sub-section.”.

¹[42. ***]

¹ *Omtd. Sec. 42 w.e.f. 01.10.2022 (vide Notification No. 18/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022) by the Finance Act, 2022 (No. 6 of 2022) (s.107) dt. 30.03.2022. Formerly, it read as:*

“42. Matching, reversal and reclaim of input tax credit.

- (1) The details of every inward supply furnished by a registered person (hereafter in this section referred to as the “recipient”) for a tax period shall, in such manner and within such time as may be prescribed, be matched—
 - (a) with the corresponding details of outward supply furnished by the corresponding registered person (hereafter in this section referred to as the “supplier”) in his valid return for the same tax period or any preceding tax period;
 - (b) with the integrated goods and services tax paid under section 3 of the Customs Tariff Act, 1975 (51 of 1975) in respect of goods imported by him; and
 - (c) for duplication of claims of input tax credit.
- (2) The claim of input tax credit in respect of invoices or debit notes relating to inward supply that match with the details of corresponding outward supply or with the integrated goods and services tax paid under section 3 of the Customs Tariff Act, 1975 (51 of 1975) in respect of goods imported by him shall be finally accepted and such acceptance shall be communicated, in such manner as may be prescribed, to the recipient.
- (3) Where the input tax credit claimed by a recipient in respect of an inward supply is in excess of the tax declared by the supplier for the same supply or the outward supply is not declared by the supplier in his valid returns, the discrepancy shall be communicated to both such persons in such manner as may be prescribed.
- (4) The duplication of claims of input tax credit shall be communicated to the recipient in such manner as may be prescribed.
- (5) The amount in respect of which any discrepancy is communicated under sub-section (3) and which is not rectified by the supplier in his valid return for the month in which discrepancy is communicated shall be added to the output tax liability of the recipient, in such manner as may be prescribed, in his return for the month succeeding the month in which the discrepancy is communicated.
- (6) The amount claimed as input tax credit that is found to be in excess on account of duplication of claims shall be added to the output tax liability of the recipient in his return for the month in which the duplication is communicated.
- (7) The recipient shall be eligible to reduce, from his output tax liability, the amount added under sub-section (5), if the supplier declares the details of the invoice or debit note in his valid return within the time specified in sub-section (9) of section 39.
- (8) A recipient in whose output tax liability any amount has been added under sub-section (5) or sub-section (6), shall be liable to pay interest at the rate specified under sub-section (1) of section 50 on the amount so added from the date of availing of credit till the corresponding additions are made under the said sub-sections.
- (9) Where any reduction in output tax liability is accepted under sub-section (7), the interest paid under sub-section (8) shall be refunded to the recipient by crediting the amount in the corresponding head of his electronic cash ledger in such manner as may be prescribed:
Provided that the amount of interest to be credited in any case shall not exceed the amount of interest paid by the supplier.
- (10) The amount reduced from the output tax liability in contravention of the provisions of sub-section (7) shall be added to the output tax liability of the recipient in his return for the month in which such contravention takes place and such recipient shall be liable to pay interest on the amount so added at the rate specified in sub-section (3) of section 50.”.

¹[43. ***]

¹ *Omtd. Sec. 43 w.e.f. 01.10.2022 (vide Notification No. 18/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022) by the Finance Act, 2022 (No. 6 of 2022) (s.107) dt. 30.03.2022. Formerly, it read as:*

“43. Matching, reversal and reclaim of reduction in output tax liability.

- (1) The details of every credit note relating to outward supply furnished by a registered person (hereafter in this section referred to as the “supplier”) for a tax period shall, in such manner and within such time as may be prescribed, be matched—
 - (a) with the corresponding reduction in the claim for input tax credit by the corresponding registered person (hereafter in this section referred to as the “recipient”) in his valid return for the same tax period or any subsequent tax period; and
 - (b) for duplication of claims for reduction in output tax liability.
- (2) The claim for reduction in output tax liability by the supplier that matches with the corresponding reduction in the claim for input tax credit by the recipient shall be finally accepted and communicated, in such manner as may be prescribed, to the supplier.
- (3) Where the reduction of output tax liability in respect of outward supplies exceeds the corresponding reduction in the claim for input tax credit or the corresponding credit note is not declared by the recipient in his valid returns, the discrepancy shall be communicated to both such persons in such manner as may be prescribed.
- (4) The duplication of claims for reduction in output tax liability shall be communicated to the supplier in such manner as may be prescribed.
- (5) The amount in respect of which any discrepancy is communicated under sub-section (3) and which is not rectified by the recipient in his valid return for the month in which discrepancy is communicated shall be added to the output tax liability of the supplier, in such manner as may be prescribed, in his return for the month succeeding the month in which the discrepancy is communicated.
- (6) The amount in respect of any reduction in output tax liability that is found to be on account of duplication of claims shall be added to the output tax liability of the supplier in his return for the month in which such duplication is communicated.
- (7) The supplier shall be eligible to reduce, from his output tax liability, the amount added under sub-section (5) if the recipient declares the details of the credit note in his valid return within the time specified in sub-section (9) of section 39.
- (8) A supplier in whose output tax liability any amount has been added under sub-section (5) or sub-section (6), shall be liable to pay interest at the rate specified under sub-section (1) of section 50 in respect of the amount so added from the date of such claim for reduction in the output tax liability till the corresponding additions are made under the said sub-sections.
- (9) Where any reduction in output tax liability is accepted under sub-section (7), the interest paid under sub-section (8) shall be refunded to the supplier by crediting the amount in the corresponding head of his electronic cash ledger in such manner as may be prescribed:
Provided that the amount of interest to be credited in any case shall not exceed the amount of interest paid by the recipient.
- (10) The amount reduced from output tax liability in contravention of the provisions of sub-section (7) shall be added to the output tax liability of the supplier in his return for the month in which such contravention takes place and such supplier shall be liable to pay interest on the amount so added at the rate specified in sub-section (3) of section 50.”

¹[**43A. ***]**

¹ *Omtd. Sec. 43A w.e.f. 01.10.2022 (vide Notification No. 18/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022) by the Finance Act, 2022 (No. 6 of 2022) (s.107) dt. 30.03.2022. Earlier ins. by the CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018 vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018 (however, effective date was not notified). Formerly, it read as:*

"43A. Procedure for furnishing return and availing input tax credit.

- (1) *Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (2) of section 16, section 37 or section 38, every registered person shall in the returns furnished under sub-section (1) of section 39 verify, validate, modify or delete the details of supplies furnished by the suppliers.*
- (2) *Notwithstanding anything contained in section 41, section 42 or section 43, the procedure for availing of input tax credit by the recipient and verification thereof shall be such as may be prescribed.*
- (3) *The procedure for furnishing the details of outward supplies by the supplier on the common portal, for the purposes of availing input tax credit by the recipient shall be such as may be prescribed.*
- (4) *The procedure for availing input tax credit in respect of outward supplies not furnished under sub-section (3) shall be such as may be prescribed and such procedure may include the maximum amount of the input tax credit which can be so availed, not exceeding twenty per cent. of the input tax credit available, on the basis of details furnished by the suppliers under the said sub-section.*
- (5) *The amount of tax specified in the outward supplies for which the details have been furnished by the supplier under sub-section (3) shall be deemed to be the tax payable by him under the provisions of the Act.*
- (6) *The supplier and the recipient of a supply shall be jointly and severally liable to pay tax or to pay the input tax credit availed, as the case may be, in relation to outward supplies for which the details have been furnished under sub-section (3) or sub-section (4) but return thereof has not been furnished.*
- (7) *For the purposes of sub-section (6), the recovery shall be made in such manner as may be prescribed and such procedure may provide for non-recovery of an amount of tax or input tax credit wrongly availed not exceeding one thousand rupees.*
- (8) *The procedure, safeguards and threshold of the tax amount in relation to outward supplies, the details of which can be furnished under sub-section (3) by a registered person,—*
 - (i) *within six months of taking registration;*
 - (ii) *who has defaulted in payment of tax and where such default has continued for more than two months from the due date of payment of such defaulted amount,*

shall be such as may be prescribed.”.

¹[44. Annual return.

²[(1) Every registered person, other than an Input Service Distributor, a person paying tax under section 51 or section 52, a casual taxable person and a non-resident taxable person shall furnish an annual return which may include a self-certified reconciliation statement, reconciling the value of supplies declared in the return furnished for the financial year, with the audited annual financial statement for every financial year electronically, within such time and in such form and in such manner as may be prescribed:

Provided that the Commissioner may, on the recommendations of the Council, by notification, exempt any class of registered persons from filing annual return under this section:

Provided further that nothing contained in this section shall apply to any department of the Central Government or a State Government or a local authority, whose books of account are subject to audit by the Comptroller and Auditor-General of India or an auditor appointed for auditing the accounts of local authorities under any law for the time being in force.]

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.08.2021 by the Finance Act, 2021 (No. 13 of 2021) (s.111) dated 28.03.2021; read with Notification No. 29/2021-CT, dated 30.07.2021. Formerly, it read as:

“44. Annual return.

(1) Every registered person, other than an Input Service Distributor, a person paying tax under section 51 or section 52, a casual taxable person and a non-resident taxable person, shall furnish an annual return for every financial year electronically in such form and manner as may be prescribed on or before the thirty-first day of December following the end of such financial year.

*¹[Provided that the Commissioner may, on the recommendations of the Council and for reasons to be recorded in writing, by notification, extend the time limit for furnishing the annual return for such class of registered persons as may be specified therein:

Provided further that any extension of time limit notified by the Commissioner of State tax or the Commissioner of Union territory tax shall be deemed to be notified by the Commissioner.]

(2) Every registered person who is required to get his accounts audited in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (5) of section 35 shall furnish, electronically, the annual return under sub-section (1) along with a copy of the audited annual accounts and a reconciliation statement, reconciling the value of supplies declared in the return furnished for the financial year with the audited annual financial statement, and such other particulars as may be prescribed.

*²[Explanation- For the purposes of this section, it is hereby declared that the annual return for the period from the 1st July, 2017 to the 31st March, 2018 shall be furnished on or before the *³{31st August 2019}.]

*¹ Ins. w.e.f. 01.01.2020 (vide Notification No. 01/2020-CT, dt. 01.01.2020) by the Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (s.98) dt. 01.08.2019.

*² Ins. vide CGST (Removal of Difficulties) Order, 2018, S.O. 6109(E) dt. 11.12.2018.

*³ Subs. for the words “30th June, 2019” vide CGST (Sixth Removal of Difficulties) Order, 2019 dt. 28.06.2019. Earlier, subs. for the words “31st March, 2019” vide CGST (Third Removal of Difficulties) Order, 2018 dt. 31.12.2018.

² Ins. (Re-numbered) w.e.f. 01.10.2023 (vide Notification No. 28/2023-CT, dt. 31.07.2023) by the Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023) (s.144) enacted on 31.03.2023. [i.e., it will become sub-section (1)].

- ¹[(2) A registered person shall not be allowed to furnish an annual return under sub-section (1) for a financial year after the expiry of a period of three years from the due date of furnishing the said annual return:

Provided that the Government may, on the recommendations of the Council, by notification, and subject to such conditions and restrictions as may be specified therein, allow a registered person or a class of registered persons to furnish an annual return for a financial year under sub-section (1), even after the expiry of the said period of three years from the due date of furnishing the said annual return.]

A. Section 44 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>Rule 80</i>	<i>Annual return</i>	<i>Forms GSTR-9, GSTR-9A, GSTR-9B, GSTR-9C</i>
B. Section related Notifications		
<i>S.No.</i>	<i>Notification/Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 44 of CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	<i>Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (23 of 2019), dt. 01.08.2019 read with N. No. 01/2020 – CT, dt. 01.01.2020</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 44(1) w.e.f. 01.01.2020</i>
3.	47/2019 – CT, dt. 09.10.2019	<i>Makes filing of annual return under sec 44 (1) of CGST Act for F.Y. 2017-18 and 2018-19 optional for small taxpayers whose aggregate turnover is less than Rs 2 crores and who have not filed the said return before the due date</i>
4.	09/2020 – CT, dt. 16.03.2020	<i>Exempts foreign airlines from furnishing reconciliation Statement in Form GSTR-9C</i>
5.	77/2020 – CT, dt. 15.10.2020	<i>Makes filing of annual return under section 44(1) of CGST Act for F.Y. 2019-20 optional for small taxpayers whose aggregate turnover is less than Rs 2 crores and who have not filed the said return before the due date</i>
6.	<i>Finance Act, 2021 (Act No. 13 of 2021), dt. 28.03.2021 read with N. No. 29/2021 – CT, dt. 30.07.2021</i>	<i>Substitutes sec 44 of the CGST Act - w.e.f. 01.08.2021</i>
7.	14/2021 – CT, dt. 01.05.2021	<i>Extends specified compliances falling between 15.04.2021 to 30.05.2021 till 31.05.2021 in exercise of powers under section 168A of CGST Act</i>
8.	24/2021 – CT, dt. 01.06.2021	<i>Amends N. No. 14/2021 – CT in order to extend due date of compliances which fall during the period from “15.04.2021 to 29.06.2021” till 30.06.2021</i>

¹ *Ins. sub-section (2) w.e.f. 01.10.2023 (vide Notification No. 28/2023-CT, dt. 31.07.2023) by the Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023) (s.144) enacted on 31.03.2023.*

9.	<i>31/2021 – CT dt. 30.07.2021</i>	<i>Exempts taxpayers having AATO upto Rs. 2 crores from the requirement of furnishing annual return for FY 2020-21</i>
10.	<i>10/2022 – CT, dt. 05.07.2022</i>	<i>Exempts taxpayers having AATO upto Rs. 2 crores from the requirement of furnishing annual return for FY 2021-22</i>
11.	<i>07/2023 – CT, dt. 31.03.2023</i>	<i>Rationalisation of late fee for Form GSTR-9 and Amnesty to non-filer of Form GSTR-9</i>
12.	<i>25/2023 – CT, dt. 17.07.2023</i>	<i>Extends amnesty for GSTR-9 non-filers</i>
13.	<i>Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023), dt. 31.03.2023 read with N. No.28/2023 – CT, dt. 31.07.2023</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 44 w.e.f. 01.10.2023 [Sec 144 of the Finance Act, 2023]</i>
14.	<i>32/2023 – CT, dt. 31.07.2023</i>	<i>Exempts the registered person whose aggregate turnover in the financial year 2022-23 is up to two crore rupees, from filing annual return for the said financial year</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	<i>10/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting R. 80</i>
2.	<i>39/2018 – CT, dt. 04.09.2018</i>	<i>CGST (Eighth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Inserting Forms GSTR-09 and GSTR-9A</i>
3.	<i>49/2018 – CT, dt. 13.09.2018</i>	<i>CGST (Tenth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Inserting Form GSTR-9C</i>
4.	<i>74/2018 – CT, dt. 31.12.2018</i>	<i>CGST (Fourteenth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Forms GSTR-09, GSTR-9A and GSTR-9C</i>
5.	<i>03/2019 – CT, dt. 29.01.2019</i>	<i>CGST (First Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Rule 80</i>
6.	<i>30/2019 – CT, dt. 28.06.2019</i>	<i>Provides exemption from furnishing of Annual Return/Reconciliation Statement for suppliers of Online Information Database Access and Retrieval Services (“OIDAR services”) – Amending Rule 80</i>
7.	<i>31/2019 – CT, dt. 28.06.2019</i>	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Form GSTR-9</i>
8.	<i>56/2019 – CT, dt. 14.11.2019</i>	<i>CGST (Seventh Amendment) Rules, 2019 – [Primarily related to Simplification of Annual Return/ Reconciliation Statement] – Amending Forms GSTR-9, GSTR-9C</i>
9.	<i>06/2020 – CT, dt. 03.02.2020 and Corrigendum dt. 04.02.2020</i>	<i>Extends the last date for furnishing of annual return/reconciliation statement in Form GSTR-9/Form GSTR-9C for the period from 01.07.2017 to 31.03.2018</i>
10.	<i>15/2020 – CT, dt. 23.03.2020</i>	<i>Extends the time limit for furnishing of the annual return specified under section 44 of CGST Act, 2017 for the financial year 2018-2019 till 30.06.2020</i>

11.	16/2020 – CT, dt. 23.03.2020	<i>CGST (Third Amendment) Rules, 2020–Amending Rule 80</i>
12.	35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 29.06.2020” till 30.06.2020</i>
13.	41/2020 – CT, dt. 05.05.2020	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing of Form GSTR 9/9C for FY 2018-19 till 30th September, 2020</i>
14.	55/2020 – CT, dt. 27.06.2020	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 30.08.2020” till 31.08.2020 (Subs. N. No. 35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020)</i>
15.	69/2020 – CT, dt. 30.09.2020	<i>Amends N. No. 41/2020-CT dt. 05.05.2020 to extend due date of return under Section 44 till 31.10.2020</i>
16.	79/2020 – CT, dt. 15.10.2020	<i>CGST (Twelfth Amendment) Rules, 2020 – Amending Rules 80 and Forms GSTR-9, GSTR-9C</i>
17.	80/2020 – CT, dt. 28.10.2020	<i>Amends N. No. 41/2020 – CT dt. 05.05.2020 to extend due date of return under Section 44 till 31.12.2020</i>
18.	95/2020 – CT, dt. 30.12.2020	<i>Extends the time limit for furnishing of the annual return specified under section 44 of CGST Act, 2017 for the financial year 2019-20 till 28.02.2021</i>
19.	04/2021 – CT dt. 28.02.2021	<i>Extends the time limit for furnishing of the annual return specified under section 44 of CGST Act, 2017 for the financial year 2019-20 till 31.03.2021</i>
20.	30/2021 – CT dt. 30.07.2021	<i>CGST (Sixth Amendment) Rules, 2021 – Amending Rule 80 and Form GSTR-9 and GSTR-9C w.e.f. 01.08.2021</i>
21.	40/2021 – CT, dt. 29.12.2021	<i>CGST (Tenth Amendment) Rules, 2021 – Amending Rule 80 w.e.f. 29.12.2021</i>
22.	14/2022 – CT, dt. 05.07.2022	<i>CGST (First Amendment) Rules, 2022 – Amending Forms GSTR-9 and GSTR-9C w.e.f. 05.07.2022</i>
23.	22/2022 – CT, dt. 15.11.2022	<i>CGST (Third Amendment) Rules, 2022 – Amending Form GSTR-9 w.e.f. 15.11.2022</i>
24.	38/2023 – CT, dt. 04.08.2023	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2023 – Amending Form GSTR-9 and Form GSTR-9C w.e.f. 04.08.2023</i>
25.	02/2024 – CT, dt. 05.01.2024	<i>Extension of due date for filing Form GSTR-9 and Form GSTR-9C for the Financial Year 2022-23 for the persons registered in certain districts of Tamil Nadu</i>

D. Orders

S.No.	ROD/Order/Date	Contents
1.	ROD-1/2018 – GST, dt. 11.12.2018	<i>Removal of difficulty order regarding extension of due date for filing of Annual return (in Forms GSTR-9, GSTR-9A and GSTR-9C) for FY 2017-18 till 31st March, 2019</i>

2.	<i>ROD-3/2018 – GST, dt. 31.12.2018</i>	<i>Amends Removal of Difficulty Order No. 1/2018 dated 11.12.2018 so as to extend the due date for furnishing of annual returns in Form GSTR-9, Form GSTR-9A and reconciliation statement in Form GSTR-9C for the FY 2017-2018 till 30.06.2019</i>
3.	<i>ROD-6/2019 – GST, dt. 28.06.2019</i>	<i>Extends the due date for filing of Annual return/Reconciliation Statement for the Financial year 2017-18 in Forms GSTR-9, GSTR-9A and GSTR-9C to 31.08.2019</i>
4.	<i>ROD-7/2019 – GST, dt. 26.08.2019</i>	<i>Extends the due date for filing of Annual return/Reconciliation Statement for the Financial year 2017-18 in Forms GSTR-9, GSTR-9A and GSTR-9C to 30.11.2019</i>
5.	<i>ROD-8/2019 – GST, dt. 14.11.2019</i>	<i>Extends the last date for furnishing of annual return/reconciliation statement in Form GSTR-9/Form GSTR-9C for FY 2017-18 till 31st December, 2019 and for FY 2018-19 till 31st March, 2020</i>
6.	<i>ROD-10/2019 – GST, dt. 26.12.2019</i>	<i>Extends the last date for furnishing of annual return/reconciliation statement in Form GSTR-9/Form GSTR-9C for FY 2017-18 till 31.01.2020</i>
E. Circulars		
S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	<i>I24/2019 – GST, dt. 18.11.2019</i>	<i>Clarifies optional filing of annual return under N. No. 47/2019 – CT, dt. 9.10.2019</i>
2.	<i>I29/2019 – GST, dt. 24.12.2019</i>	<i>Standard Operating Procedure to be followed in case of non-filers of returns</i>
F. Instructions		
NIL		

45. Final return.

Every registered person who is required to furnish a return under sub-section (1) of section 39 and whose registration has been cancelled shall furnish a final return within three months of the date of cancellation or date of order of cancellation, whichever is later, in such form and manner as may be prescribed.

A. Section 45 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>Rule 81</i>	<i>Final return</i>	<i>Form GSTR-10</i>
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	<i>09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Brings into force sec 45 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>

2.	<i>14/2021 – CT, dt. 01.05.2021</i>	<i>Extends specified compliances falling between 15.04.2021 to 30.05.2021 till 31.05.2021 in exercise of powers under section 168A of CGST Act</i>
3.	<i>24/2021 – CT, dt. 01.06.2021</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 14/2021 – CT in order to extend due date of compliances which fall during the period from “15.04.2021 to 29.06.2021” till 30.06.2021</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	<i>10/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rule 81</i>
2.	<i>21/2018 – CT, dt. 18.04.2018</i>	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Form GSTR-10</i>
3.	<i>58/2018 – CT, dt. 26.10.2018</i>	<i>Provides for the taxpayers whose registration has been cancelled on or before the 30.09.2018, time to furnish final return in Form GSTR-10 till 31.12.2018</i>
4.	<i>35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020</i>	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 29.06.2020” till 30.06.2020</i>
5.	<i>55/2020 – CT, dt. 27.06.2020</i>	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 30.08.2020” till 31.08.2020 (Subs. N. No. 35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020)</i>
6.	<i>68/2020 – CT, dt. 21.09.2020 read with Corrigendum, dt. 22.09.2020</i>	<i>Grants waiver / reduction in late fee for not furnishing Form GSTR-10, subject to the condition that the returns are filled between 22.09.2020 to 31.12.2020</i>
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	<i>69/2018 – GST, dt. 26.10.2018</i>	<i>Circular on Standard Operating Procedure for Processing of Applications for Cancellation of Registration submitted in Form GST REG-16</i>
2.	<i>88/2019 – GST, dt. 01.02.2019</i>	<i>Makes amendments in the earlier issued circulars in wake of amendments in the CGST Act (which shall come into force w.e.f. 01.02.2019)</i>
3.	<i>129/2019 – GST, dt. 24.12.2019</i>	<i>Standard Operating Procedure to be followed in case of non-filers of returns</i>
F. Instructions		
NIL		

46. Notice to return defaulters.

Where a registered person fails to furnish a return under section 39 or section 44 or section 45, a notice shall be issued requiring him to furnish such return within fifteen days in such form and manner as may be prescribed.

S.

Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 as on 01 July 2024

A. Section 46 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
Rule 68	Notice to non-filers of returns	Form GSTR-3A
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 46 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017
2.	14/2021 – CT, dt. 01.05.2021	Extends specified compliances falling between 15.04.2021 to 30.05.2021 till 31.05.2021 in exercise of powers under section 168A of CGST Act
3.	24/2021 – CT, dt. 01.06.2021	Amends N. No. 14/2021 – CT in order to extend due date of compliances which fall during the period from “15.04.2021 to 29.06.2021” till 30.06.2021
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	10/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rule 68
2.	02/2020 – CT, dt. 01.01.2020	CGST (Amendment) Rules, 2020 – Amending Form GSTR-3A
3.	35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020	Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 29.06.2020” till 30.06.2020
4.	55/2020 – CT, dt. 27.06.2020	Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 30.08.2020” till 31.08.2020 (Subs. N. No. 35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020)
5.	38/2023 – CT, dt. 04.08.2023	CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2023 – Amending Form GSTR-3A w.e.f. 04.08.2023
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	69/2018 – GST, dt. 26.10.2018	Circular on Standard Operating Procedure for Processing of Applications for Cancellation of Registration submitted in Form GST REG-16
2.	129/2019 – GST, dt. 24.12.2019	Standard Operating Procedure to be followed in case of non-filers of returns
F. Instructions		
NIL		

47. Levy of late fee.

- (1) Any registered person who fails to furnish the details of outward ¹[***] supplies required under section 37 ²[***] or returns required under section 39 or section 45 ³[or section 52] by the due date shall pay a late fee of one hundred rupees for every day during which such failure continues subject to a maximum amount of five thousand rupees.
- (2) Any registered person who fails to furnish the return required under section 44 by the due date shall be liable to pay a late fee of one hundred rupees for every day during which such failure continues subject to a maximum of an amount calculated at a quarter per cent. of his turnover in the State or Union territory.

A. Section 47 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 47 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	28/2017 – CT, dt. 01.09.2017	<i>Waives the late fee for late filing of Form GSTR-3B, for the month of July 2017</i>
3.	50/2017 – CT, dt. 24.10.2017	<i>Waives late fee payable for delayed filing of Form GSTR-3B for Aug. & Sept. 2017</i>
4.	64/2017 – CT, dt. 15.11.2017	<i>Limits the maximum late fee payable for delayed filing of return in Form GSTR-3B from Oct., 2017 onwards</i>
5.	73/2017 – CT, dt. 29.12.2017	<i>Waives the late fee payable for failure to furnish the return in Form GSTR-4</i>
6.	04/2018 – CT, dt. 23.01.2018	<i>Reduction of late fee in case of delayed filing of Form GSTR-1</i>
7.	05/2018 – CT, dt. 23.01.2018	<i>Reduction of late fee in case of delayed filing of Form GSTR-5</i>
8.	06/2018 – CT, dt. 23.01.2018 and Corrigendum dt. 01.02.2018	<i>Reduction of late fee in case of delayed filing of Form GSTR-5A</i>

¹ *Omtd. the words “or inward” w.e.f. 01.10.2022 (vide Notification No. 18/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022) by the Finance Act, 2022 (No. 6 of 2022) (s.108) dt. 30.03.2022.*

² *Omtd. the words and figures “or section 38” w.e.f. 01.10.2022 (vide Notification No. 18/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022) by the Finance Act, 2022 (No. 6 of 2022) (s.108) dt. 30.03.2022.*

³ *Ins. w.e.f. 01.10.2022 (vide Notification No. 18/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022) by the Finance Act, 2022 (No. 6 of 2022) (s.108) dt. 30.03.2022.*

9.	<i>07/2018 – CT, dt. 23.01.2018</i>	<i>Reduction of late fee in case of delayed filing of Form GSTR-6</i>
10.	<i>13/2018 – CT, dt. 07.03.2018</i>	<i>Rescinding N. No. 06/2018 – CT, dt. 23.01.2018 in respect of Form GSTR-5A regarding reduction of late fee</i>
11.	<i>22/2018 – CT, dt. 14.05.2018</i>	<i>Waives the late fee for Form GSTR-3B from Oct., 2017 to April 2018 under certain circumstances</i>
12.	<i>41/2018 – CT, dt. 04.09.2018</i>	<i>Waives the late fee paid for specified classes of taxpayers for Form GSTR-3B, Form GSTR-4 and Form GSTR-6 for specified tax periods</i>
13.	<i>75/2018 – CT, dt. 31.12.2018</i>	<i>Waives the amount of late fees leviable on account of delayed furnishing of Form GSTR-1 for the period July, 2017 to September, 2018 in specified cases</i>
14.	<i>76/2018 – CT, dt. 31.12.2018</i>	<i>Specifies the late fee payable for delayed filing of Form GSTR-3B and fully waive the amount of late fees leviable on account of delayed furnishing of Form GSTR-3B for the period July, 2017 to September, 2018 in specified cases</i>
15.	<i>77/2018 – CT, dt. 31.12.2018</i>	<i>Waives the amount of late fees leviable on account of delayed furnishing of Form GSTR-4 for the period July, 2017 to September, 2018</i>
16.	<i>41/2019 – CT, dt. 31.08.2019</i>	<i>Waives the late fees in certain specified cases for the month of July, 2019 for Form GSTR-1 and GSTR-6 provided the said returns are furnished by 20.09.2019</i>
17.	<i>74/2019 – CT, dt. 26.12.2019</i>	<i>Waives late fees for non-filing of Form GSTR-1 from July, 2017 to November, 2019</i>
18.	<i>32/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020</i>	<i>Provides relief by conditional waiver of late fee for delay in furnishing returns in Form GSTR-3B for tax periods of February, 2020 to April, 2020</i>
19.	<i>33/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020</i>	<i>Provides relief by conditional waiver of late fee for delay in furnishing outward statement in Form GSTR-1 for tax periods of February, 2020 to April, 2020</i>
20.	<i>52/2020 – CT, dt. 24.06.2020</i>	<i>Provides one time amnesty by lowering/waiving of late fees for non furnishing of Form GSTR-3B from July, 2017 to January, 2020 and also seeks to provide relief by conditional waiver of late fee for delay in furnishing returns in Form GSTR-3B for tax periods of February, 2020 to July, 2020</i>
21.	<i>53/2020 – CT, dt. 24.06.2020</i>	<i>Provides relief by waiver of late fee for delay in furnishing outward statement in Form GSTR-1 for tax periods for months from March, 2020 to June, 2020 for monthly filers and for quarters from January, 2020 to June, 2020 for quarterly filers</i>
22.	<i>57/2020 – CT, dt. 30.06.2020</i>	<i>Provides relief by conditional waiver of late fee for delay in furnishing returns in Form GSTR-3B for tax periods of Feb., 2020 to July, 2020</i>

23.	67/2020 – CT, dt. 21.09.2020 read with Corrigendum, dt. 22.09.2020	<i>Grants waiver / reduction in late fee for not furnishing Form GSTR-4 for 2017-18 and 2018-19, subject to the condition that the returns are filled between 22.09.2020 to 31.10.2020</i>
24.	68/2020 – CT, dt. 21.09.2020 read with Corrigendum, dt. 22.09.2020	<i>Grants waiver / reduction in late fee for not furnishing Form GSTR-10, subject to the condition that the returns are filled between 22.09.2020 to 31.12.2020</i>
25.	93/2020 – CT, dt. 22.12.2020	<i>Waives late fee for Form GSTR-4 filing in UT of Ladakh for Financial year 2019-20</i>
26.	09/2021 – CT, dt. 01.05.2021	<i>Amends N. No. 76/2018 – CT in order to provide waiver of late fees for specified taxpayers and specified tax periods</i>
27.	19/2021 – CT, dt. 01.06.2021	<i>Rationalizes late fee for delay in filing of return in Form GSTR-3B; and to provide conditional waiver of late fee for delay in filing Form GSTR-3B from July, 2017 to April, 2021; and to provide waiver of late fees for late filing of return in Form GSTR-3B for specified taxpayers and specified tax periods</i>
28.	20/2021 – CT, dt. 01.06.2021	<i>Rationalizes late fee for delay in furnishing of the statement of outward supplies in Form GSTR-1</i>
29.	21/2021 – CT, dt. 01.06.2021	<i>Rationalizes late fee for delay in filing of return in Form GSTR-4</i>
30.	22/2021 – CT, dt. 01.06.2021	<i>Rationalizes late fee for delay in filing of return in Form GSTR-7</i>
31	33/2021 – CT, dt. 29.08.2021	<i>Extends Form GSTR-3B late fee Amnesty Scheme from 31.08.2021 upto 30.11.2021</i>
32.	Finance Act, 2022 (No. 6 of 2022), dt. 30.03.2022 read with N. No. 18/2022 – CT, dt. 28.09.2022	<i>Amendment in sec 47 w.e.f. 01.10.2022 [Sec 108 of the Finance Act, 2022]</i>
33.	07/2022 – CT, dt. 26.05.2022	<i>Waives off late fee under section 47 for the period from 01.05.2022 till 30.06.2022 for delay in filing Form GSTR-4 for FY 2021-22</i>
34.	12/2022 – CT, dt. 05.07.2022	<i>Extends the waiver of late fee for delay in filing of Form GSTR-4 for FY 2021-22</i>
35.	02/2023 – CT, dt. 31.03.2023	<i>Amnesty to non-filer of Form GSTR-4 return</i>

36.	<i>08/2023 – CT, dt. 31.03.2023</i>	<i>Amnesty to non-filer of Form GSTR-10</i>
37.	<i>22/2023 – CT, dt. 17.07.2023</i>	<i>Extends amnesty for GSTR-4 non-filers</i>
38.	<i>26/2023 – CT, dt. 17.07.2023</i>	<i>Extends amnesty for GSTR-10 non-filers</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
<i>NIL</i>		
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		
E. Circulars		
S.No.	<i>Circular/Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	<i>136/2020 – GST, dt. 03.04.2020</i>	<i>Clarification in respect of various measures announced by the Government for providing relief to the taxpayers in view of spread of Novel Corona Virus (COVID-19)</i>
2.	<i>141/2020 – GST, dt. 24.06.2020</i>	<i>Clarification in respect of various measures announced by the Government for providing relief to the taxpayers in view of spread COVID-19</i>
F. Instructions		
<i>NIL</i>		

48. Goods and Services Tax practitioners.

- (1) The manner of approval of goods and services tax practitioners, their eligibility conditions, duties and obligations, manner of removal and other conditions relevant for their functioning shall be such as may be prescribed.
- (2) A registered person may authorise an approved goods and services tax practitioner to furnish the details of outward supplies under section 37 ¹[***] and the return under section 39 or section 44 or section 45 ²[and to perform such other functions] in such manner as may be prescribed.
- (3) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (2), the responsibility for correctness of any particulars furnished in the return or other details filed by the goods and services tax practitioners shall continue to rest with the registered person on whose behalf such return and details are furnished.

¹ *Omtd. the words and figures “, the details of inward supplies under section 38” w.e.f. 01.10.2022 (vide Notification No. 18/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022) by the Finance Act, 2022 (No. 6 of 2022) (s.109) dt. 30.03.2022.*

² *Ins. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019) by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018.*

A. Section 48 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
Rule 83	Provisions relating to a goods and services tax practitioner	Forms GST PCT-01, PCT-02, PCT-03, PCT-04, PCT-05
Rule 83A	Examination of Goods and Services Tax Practitioners	Form GST PCT-01
Rule 83B	Surrender of enrolment of goods and services tax practitioner - Effective date not yet notified	Forms PCT-06, PCT-07 (Not yet notified)
Rule 84	Conditions for purposes of appearance	Form GST PCT-05
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 48 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017
2.	CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018 (31 of 2018), dt. 29.08.2018 read with N. No. 02/2019 – CT, dt. 29.01.2019	Amendment in sec 48(2) w.e.f. 01.02.2019
3.	Finance Act, 2022 (No. 6 of 2022), dt. 30.03.2022 read with N. No. 18/2022 – CT, dt. 28.09.2022	Amendment in sec 48 w.e.f. 01.10.2022 [Sec 109 of the Finance Act, 2022]
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	10/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rules 83 and 84
2.	17/2017 – CT, dt. 27.07.2017	CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 83
3.	24/2018 – CT, dt. 28.05.2018	Notifies NACIN as the authority for conducting the examination for GST Practitioners under rule 83 (3) of the CGST Rules, 2017
4.	26/2018 – CT, dt. 13.06.2018	CGST (Fifth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rule 83
5.	60/2018 – CT, dt. 30.10.2018	CGST (Thirteenth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Inserting Rule 83A
6.	03/2019 – CT, dt. 29.01.2019	CGST (First Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Rule 83 and Form GST PCT-05
7.	33/2019 – CT, dt. 18.07.2019	CGST (Fifth Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Inserting Rule 83B and Forms PCT-06, PCT-07 (Not yet notified)
8.	49/2019 – CT, dt. 09.10.2019	CGST (Sixth Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Rule 83A
9.	19/2022 – CT, dt. 28.09.2022	CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2022 – Amending Rule 83 and Form PCT-05 w.e.f. 01.10.2022
10.	52/2023 – CT, dt. 26.10.2023	CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2023 – Amending Form GST PCT-01 w.e.f. 26.10.2023

D. Orders
<i>NIL</i>
E. Circulars
<i>NIL</i>
F. Instructions
<i>NIL</i>

CHAPTER X

PAYMENT OF TAX

49. Payment of tax, interest, penalty and other amounts

- (1) Every deposit made to wards tax, interest, penalty, fee or any other amount by a person by internet banking or by using credit or debit cards or National Electronic Fund Transfer or Real Time Gross Settlement or by such other mode and subject to such conditions and restrictions as may be prescribed, shall be credited to the electronic cash ledger of such person to be maintained in such manner as may be prescribed.
 - (2) The input tax credit as self-assessed in the return of a registered person shall be credited to his electronic credit ledger, in accordance with section 41 ¹[***], to be maintained in such manner as may be prescribed.
 - (3) The amount available in the electronic cash ledger may be used for making any payment towards tax, interest, penalty, fees or any other amount payable under the provisions of this Act or the rules made thereunder in such manner and subject to such conditions and within such time as may be prescribed.
 - (4) The amount available in the electronic credit ledger may be used for making any payment towards output tax under this Act or under the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act in such manner and subject to such conditions ²[and restrictions] and within such time as may be prescribed.
 - (5) The amount of input tax credit available in the electronic credit ledger of the registered person on account of—
 - (a) integrated tax shall first be utilised towards payment of integrated tax and the amount remaining, if any, may be utilised towards the payment of central tax and State tax, or as the case may be, Union territory tax, in that order;
 - (b) the central tax shall first be utilised towards payment of central tax and the amount remaining, if any, may be utilised towards the payment of integrated tax;
 - (c) the State tax shall first be utilised towards payment of State tax and the amount remaining, if any, may be utilised towards payment of integrated tax;
- ³[Provided that the input tax credit on account of State tax shall be utilised towards payment of integrated tax only where the balance of the input tax credit on account of central tax is not available for payment of integrated tax.]

¹ *Omtd.* the words, figures and letter “or section 43A” w.e.f. 01.10.2022 (vide Notification No. 18/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022) by the Finance Act, 2022 (No. 6 of 2022) (s.110) dt. 30.03.2022. Earlier words “section 41” was *subs.* with “section 41 or section 43A” by the CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018 vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018.

² *Ins.* w.e.f. 01.10.2022 (vide Notification No. 18/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022) by the Finance Act, 2022 (No. 6 of 2022) (s.110) dt. 30.03.2022.

³ *Ins.* w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019) by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018.

- (d) the Union territory tax shall first be utilised towards payment of Union territory tax and the amount remaining, if any, may be utilised towards payment of integrated tax;
 - ¹[Provided that the input tax credit on account of Union territory tax shall be utilised towards payment of integrated tax only where the balance of the input tax credit on account of central tax is not available for payment of integrated tax]
 - (e) the central tax shall not be utilised towards payment of State tax or Union territory tax; and
 - (f) the State tax or Union territory tax shall not be utilised towards payment of central tax.
- (6) The balance in the electronic cash ledger or electronic credit ledger after payment of tax, interest, penalty, fee or any other amount payable under this Act or the rules made thereunder may be refunded in accordance with the provisions of section 54.
- (7) All liabilities of a taxable person under this Act shall be recorded and maintained in an electronic liability register in such manner as may be prescribed.
- (8) Every taxable person shall discharge his tax and other dues under this Act or the rules made thereunder in the following order, namely:—
- (a) self-assessed tax, and other dues related to returns of previous tax periods;
 - (b) self-assessed tax, and other dues related to the return of the current tax period;
 - (c) any other amount payable under this Act or the rules made thereunder including the demand determined under section 73 or section 74.
- (9) Every person who has paid the tax on goods or services or both under this Act shall, unless the contrary is proved by him, be deemed to have passed on the full incidence of such tax to the recipient of such goods or services or both.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this section,—

- (a) the date of credit to the account of the Government in the authorised bank shall be deemed to be the date of deposit in the electronic cash ledger;
- (b) the expression,—
 - (i) “tax dues” means the tax payable under this Act and does not include interest, fee and penalty; and
 - (ii) “other dues” means interest, penalty, fee or any other amount payable under this Act or the rules made thereunder.

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019) by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018.

¹[(10) A registered person may, on the common portal, transfer any amount of tax, interest, penalty, fee or any other amount available in the electronic cash ledger under this Act, to the electronic cash ledger for,—

- (a) integrated tax, central tax, State tax, Union territory tax or cess; or
- (b) integrated tax or central tax of a distinct person as specified in sub-section (4) or, as the case may be, sub-section (5) of section 25,

in such form and manner and subject to such conditions and restrictions as may be prescribed and such transfer shall be deemed to be a refund from the electronic cash ledger under this Act:

Provided that no such transfer under clause (b) shall be allowed if the said registered person has any unpaid liability in his electronic liability register.]

²[(11) Where any amount has been transferred to the electronic cash ledger under this Act, the same shall be deemed to be deposited in the said ledger as provided in sub-section (1).]

³[(12) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, the Government may, on the recommendations of the Council, subject to such conditions and restrictions, specify such maximum proportion of output tax liability under this Act or under the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 which may be discharged through the electronic credit ledger by a registered person or a class of registered persons, as may be prescribed.]

A. Section 49 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
Rule 85	<i>Electronic Liability Register</i>	<i>Forms GST PMT-01, PMT-04</i>
Rule 86	<i>Electronic Credit Ledger</i>	<i>Forms GST PMT-02, GST PMT-03, GST PMT-03A, GST PMT-04</i>
Rule 86A	<i>Conditions of use of amount available in electronic credit ledger</i>	<i>Nil</i>
Rule 86B	<i>Restrictions on use of amount available in electronic credit ledger</i>	<i>Nil</i>

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 05.07.2022 (vide Notification No. 09/2022-CT, dt. 05.07.2022) by the Finance Act, 2022 (No. 6 of 2022) (s.110) dt. 30.03.2022. Formerly, it read as:

“(10) A registered person may, on the common portal, transfer any amount of tax, interest, penalty, fee or any other amount available in the electronic cash ledger under this Act, to the electronic cash ledger for integrated tax, central tax, State tax, Union territory tax or cess, in such form and manner and subject to such conditions and restrictions as may be prescribed and such transfer shall be deemed to be a refund from the electronic cash ledger under this Act.”

Earlier ins. w.e.f. 01.01.2020 (vide Notification No. 01/2020-CT, dt. 01.01.2020) by the Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (s.99) dt. 01.08.2019.

² Ins. sub-sec (11) w.e.f. 01.01.2020 (vide Notification No. 01/2020-CT, dt. 01.01.2020) by the Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (s.99) dt. 01.08.2019.

³ Ins. w.e.f. 01.10.2022 (vide Notification No. 18/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022) by the Finance Act, 2022 (No. 6 of 2022) (s.110) dt. 30.03.2022.

<i>Rule 87</i>	<i>Electronic Cash Ledger</i>	<i>Forms GST PMT-03, GST PMT-04, GST PMT-05, GST PMT-06, GST PMT-07, GST PMT-09</i>
<i>Rule 88</i>	<i>Identification number for each transaction</i>	<i>Nil</i>
<i>Rule 88C</i>	<i>Manner of dealing with difference in liability reported in statement of outward supplies and that reported in return</i>	<i>Forms GSTR-1, GSTR-3B, DRC-01B, DRC-03</i>
<i>Rule 88D</i>	<i>Manner of dealing with difference in input tax credit available in auto-generated statement containing the details of input tax credit and that availed in return</i>	<i>Form GST DRC-01C</i>

B. Section related Notifications

S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	<i>09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Brings into force sec 49 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	<i>CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018 (31 of 2018), dt. 29.08.2018 read with N. No. 02/2019 – CT, dt. 29.01.2019</i>	<i>Amends sec 49(5) w.e.f. 01.02.2019</i>
3.	<i>Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (23 of 2019), dt. 01.08.2019 read with N. No. 01/2020 – CT, dt. 01.01.2020</i>	<i>Inserting sub-sec (10) and (11) of sec 49 w.e.f. 01.01.2020</i>
4.	<i>14/2021 – CT, dt. 01.05.2021</i>	<i>Extends specified compliances falling between 15.04.2021 to 30.05.2021 till 31.05.2021 in exercise of powers under section 168A of CGST Act</i>
5.	<i>24/2021 – CT, dt. 01.06.2021</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 14/2021 – CT in order to extend due date of compliances which fall during the period from “15.04.2021 to 29.06.2021” till 30.06.2021</i>
6.	<i>Finance Act, 2022 (No. 6 of 2022) dt. 30.03.2022 read with N. No. 09/2022 – CT, dt. 05.07.2022</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 49(10) w.e.f. 05.07.2022 [Sec 110(c) of the Finance Act, 2022]</i>
7.	<i>Finance Act, 2022 (No. 6 of 2022), dt. 30.03.2022 read with N. No. 18/2022 – CT, dt. 28.09.2022</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 49(2), 49(4) and 49(12) w.e.f. 01.10.2022 [Sec 110 of the Finance Act, 2022]</i>

C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	10/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rules 85 to 88</i>
2.	22/2017 – CT, dt. 17.08.2017	<i>CGST (Fifth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 87</i>
3.	60/2018 – CT, dt. 30.10.2018	<i>CGST (Thirteenth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Form GST PMT-01</i>
4.	03/2019 – CT, dt. 29.01.2019	<i>CGST (First Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Rules 85 and 86</i>
5.	31/2019 – CT, dt. 28.06.2019 read with 37/2020 – CT, dt. 28.04.2020	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Inserting Rule 87(13) and Form GST PMT-09 (w.e.f. 21.04.2020)</i>
6.	75/2019 – CT, dt. 26.12.2019	<i>CGST (Ninth Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Inserting Rule 86A</i>
7.	16/2020 – CT, dt. 23.03.2020	<i>CGST (Third Amendment) Rules, 2020 – Amending Rule 86</i>
8.	35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 29.06.2020” till 30.06.2020</i>
9.	55/2020 – CT, dt. 27.06.2020	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 30.08.2020” till 31.08.2020 (Subs. N. No. 35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020)</i>
10.	94/2020 – CT, dt. 22.12.2020	<i>CGST (Fourteenth Amendment) Rules, 2020 – Inserting Rule 86B w.e.f. 01.01.2021</i>
11.	01/2021 – CT, dt. 01.01.2021	<i>CGST (Amendment) Rules, 2021 – Inserting Rule 59(6) w.e.f. 01.01.2021</i>
12.	14/2022 – CT, dt. 05.07.2022	<i>CGST (First Amendment) Rules, 2022 – Amending Rules 86, 87 Form GST PMT-06, GST PMT-07, GST PMT-09 w.e.f. 05.07.2022 – Inserting Form GST PMT-03A w.e.f. 05.07.2022</i>
13.	19/2022 – CT, dt. 28.09.2022	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2022 – Amending Rule 85 w.e.f. 01.10.2022</i>
14.	26/2022 – CT, dt. 26.12.2022	<i>CGST (Fifth Amendment) Rules, 2022 – Amending Rule 87 w.e.f. 26.12.2022 – Inserting Rule 88C and Form DRC-01B w.e.f. 26.12.2022</i>
15.	38/2023 – CT, dt. 04.08.2023	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2023 – Inserting Rule 88D and Form GST DRC-01C w.e.f. 04.08.2023</i>
16.	51/2023 – CT, dt. 29.09.2023	<i>CGST (Third Amendment) Rules, 2023 – Amending Rule 87 w.e.f. 01.10.2023</i>

D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	42/2018 – GST, dt. 13.04.2018	<i>Procedure for recovery of arrears under the existing law and reversal of inadmissible input tax credit</i>
2.	172/04/2022-GST, dt. 06.07.2022	<i>Clarification on various issue pertaining to GST</i>
3.	174/06/2022-GST, dt. 06.07.2022	<i>Prescribing manner of re-credit in electronic credit ledger using Form GST PMT-03A</i>
F. Instructions		
S.No.	Instructions /Date	Contents
1.	02.11.2021	<i>Guidelines for disallowing debit of electronic credit ledger under Rule 86A of the CGST Rules, 2017</i>

[49A. Utilisation of input tax credit subject to certain conditions

Notwithstanding anything contained in section 49, the input tax credit on account of central tax, State tax or Union territory tax shall be utilised towards payment of integrated tax, central tax, State tax or Union territory tax, as the case may be, only after the input tax credit available on account of integrated tax has first been utilised fully towards such payment.

A. Section 49A - Relevant Rules & Forms		
Rule 85	<i>Electronic Liability Register</i>	<i>Forms GST PMT-01, PMT-04</i>
Rule 86	<i>Electronic Credit Ledger</i>	<i>Forms GST PMT-02, PMT-03, PMT-04</i>
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	<i>CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018 (31 of 2018), dt. 29.08.2018 read with N. No. 02/2019 – CT, dt. 29.01.2019</i>	<i>Inserting sec 49A w.e.f. 01.02.2019</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	<i>10/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rules 85 and 86</i>
2.	<i>60/2018 – CT, dt. 30.10.2018</i>	<i>CGST (Thirteenth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Form GST PMT-01</i>

¹ Ins. Sec. 49A & 49B w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019) by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018.

3.	03/2019 – CT, dt. 29.01.2019	<i>CGST (First Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending in Rules 85(3) and 86(2)</i>
4.	16/2020 – CT, dt. 23.03.2020	<i>CGST (Third Amendment) Rules, 2020 – Amending Rule 86</i>
5.	19/2022 – CT, dt. 28.09.2022	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2022 – Amending Rule 85 w.e.f. 01.10.2022</i>

D. Orders*NIL***E. Circulars**

S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	98/2019 – GST, dt. 23.04.2019	<i>Clarification regarding manner of utilization of input tax credit post insertion of the rule 88A of the CGST Rules</i>
2.	172/04/2022-GST, dt. 06.07.2022	<i>Clarification on various issue pertaining to GST</i>

F. Instructions*NIL***49B. Order of utilisation of input tax credit**

Notwithstanding anything contained in this Chapter and subject to the provisions of clause (e) and clause (f) of sub-section (5) of section 49, the Government may, on the recommendations of the Council, prescribe the order and manner of utilisation of the input tax credit on account of integrated tax, central tax, State tax or Union territory tax, as the case may be, towards payment of any such tax.]

A. Section 49B - Relevant Rules & Forms		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
Rule 85	<i>Electronic Liability Register</i>	<i>Forms GST PMT-01, PMT-04</i>
Rule 86	<i>Electronic Credit Ledger</i>	<i>Forms GST PMT-02, PMT-03, PMT-04</i>
Rule 88A	<i>Order of utilization of input tax credit</i>	<i>Nil</i>
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	<i>CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018 (31 of 2018), dt. 29.08.2018 read with N. No. 02/2019 – CT, dt. 29.01.2019</i>	<i>Inserting sec 49B w.e.f. 01.02.2019</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
I.	<i>10/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rules 85 and 86</i>

2.	<i>60/2018 – CT, dt. 30.10.2018</i>	<i>CGST (Thirteenth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Form GST PMT-01</i>
3.	<i>03/2019 – CT, dt. 29.01.2019</i>	<i>CGST (First Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Rules 85 and 86</i>
4.	<i>16/2019 – CT, dt. 29.03.2019</i>	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Inserting Rule 88A</i>
5.	<i>16/2020 – CT, dt. 23.03.2020</i>	<i>CGST (Third Amendment) Rules, 2020 – Amending Rule 86</i>
6.	<i>19/2022 – CT, dt. 28.09.2022</i>	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2022 – Amending Rule 85 w.e.f. 01.10.2022</i>
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		
E. Circulars		
S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	<i>98/2019 – GST, dt. 23.04.2019</i>	<i>Clarification regarding manner of utilization of input tax credit post insertion of the rule 88A of the CGST Rules</i>
2.	<i>172/04/2022-GST, dt. 06.07.2022</i>	<i>Clarification on various issue pertaining to GST</i>
F. Instructions		
<i>NIL</i>		

50. Interest on delayed payment of tax.

- (1) Every person who is liable to pay tax in accordance with the provisions of this Act or the rules made thereunder, but fails to pay the tax or any part thereof to the Government within the period prescribed, shall for the period for which the tax or any part thereof remains unpaid, pay, on his own, interest at such rate, not exceeding eighteen per cent., as may be notified by the Government on the recommendations of the Council.
- ¹[Provided that the interest on tax payable in respect of supplies made during a tax period and declared in the return for the said period furnished after the due date in accordance with the provisions of section 39, except where such return is furnished after

¹ Proviso is *subs.* by the Finance Act, 2021 (No. 13 of 2021) (s.112) dated 28.03.2021 w.e.f. 01.07.2017, retrospectively, read with Notification No. 16/2021-CT dated 01.06.2021 w.e.f. 01.06.2021. Formerly, it read as:

“Provided that the interest on tax payable in respect of supplies made during a tax period and declared in the return for the said period furnished after the due date in accordance with the provisions of section 39, except where such return is furnished after commencement of any proceedings under section 73 or section 74 in respect of the said period, shall be payable on that portion of the tax which is paid by debiting the electronic cash ledger.”.

Earlier *ins.* w.e.f. 01.09.2020 (vide Notification No. 63/2020-CT, dt. 25.08.2020) by the Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (s.100) dt. 01.08.2019.

commencement of any proceedings under section 73 or section 74 in respect of the said period, shall be levied on that portion of the tax that is paid by debiting the electronic cash ledger.]

- (2) The interest under sub-section (1) shall be calculated, in such manner as may be prescribed, from the day succeeding the day on which such tax was due to be paid.
- ¹[(3) Where the input tax credit has been wrongly availed and utilised, the registered person shall pay interest on such input tax credit wrongly availed and utilised, at such rate not exceeding twenty-four per cent. as may be notified by the Government, on the recommendations of the Council, and the interest shall be calculated, in such manner as may be prescribed.]

A. Section 50 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>Rule 88B</i>	<i>Manner of calculating interest on delayed payment of tax</i>	<i>Nil</i>
B. Section related Notifications		
<i>S.No.</i>	<i>Notification/Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	<i>09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Brings into force sec 50 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	<i>13/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Prescribes rate of interest under CGST Act, 2017 for the purpose of sec 50, 54 and 56</i>
3.	<i>Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (23 of 2019), dt. 01.08.2019</i>	<i>Amending sub-sec (1) of sec 50 w.e.f. 01.09.2020 vide 63/2020 – CT, dt. 25.08.2020</i>
4.	<i>31/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020</i>	<i>Provides relief by conditional lowering of interest rate for tax periods of February, 2020 to April, 2020</i>
5.	<i>51/2020 – CT, dt. 24.06.2020</i>	<i>Provides relief by lowering of interest rate for a prescribed time for tax periods from February, 2020 to July, 2020</i>
6.	<i>63/2020 – CT, dt. 25.08.2020</i>	<i>Notifies to amend section 50 of the CGST Act, 2017 w.e.f. 01.09.2020</i>
7.	<i>Finance Act, 2021 (Act No. 13 of 2021), dt. 28.03.2021</i>	<i>Sustitutes proviso to sub-sec (1) of sec 50 of the CGST Act</i>
8.	<i>08/2021 – CT, dt. 01.05.2021</i>	<i>Provides relief by lowering of interest rate for the month of March and April, 2021</i>

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.07.2017, retrospectively, vide Notification No. 09/2022-CT, dt. 05.07.2022 by the Finance Act, 2022 (No. 6 of 2022) (s.111) dt. 30.03.2022. Formerly, it read as:

“(3) A taxable person who makes an undue or excess claim of input tax credit under sub-section (10) of section 42 or undue or excess reduction in output tax liability under sub-section (10) of section 43, shall pay interest on such undue or excess claim or on such undue or excess reduction, as the case may be, at such rate not exceeding twenty-four per cent., as may be notified by the Government on the recommendations of the Council.”

9.	16/2021 – CT, dt. 01.06.2021	<i>Appoints 01.06.2021 as the day from which the provisions of section 112 of Finance Act, 2021, relating to amendment of section 50 of the CGST Act, 2017 shall come into force</i>
10.	18/2021 – CT, dt. 01.06.2021	<i>Provides relief by lowering of interest rate for a specified time for tax periods March, 2021 to May, 2021</i>
11.	08/2022 – CT, dt. 07.06.2022	<i>Provides waiver of interest for specified electronic commerce operators for specified tax periods</i>
12.	<i>Finance Act, 2022 (No. 6 of 2022) dt. 30.03.2022 read with N. No. 09/2022 – CT, dt. 05.07.2022</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 50(3) w.e.f. 01.07.2017 [Sec 111 of the Finance Act, 2022]</i>
13.	07/2024 – CT, dt. 08.04.2024	<i>Provides waiver of interest for specified registered persons for specified tax periods</i>

C. Rule related Notifications

1.	14/2022 – CT, dt. 05.07.2022	<i>CGST (First Amendment) Rules, 2022 – Inserting Rule 88B w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
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D. Orders*NIL***E. Circulars**

S.No.	<i>Circular/Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	136/2020 – GST, dt. 03.04.2020	<i>Clarification in respect of various measures announced by the Government for providing relief to the taxpayers in view of spread of Novel Corona Virus (COVID-19)</i>
2.	141/2020 – GST, dt. 24.06.2020	<i>Clarification in respect of various measures announced by the Government for providing relief to the taxpayers in view of spread COVID-19</i>
3.	171/03/2022 – GST, dt. 06.07.2022	<i>Clarification on various issues relating to applicability of demand and penalty provisions under the CGST Act, 2017 in respect of transactions involving fake invoices</i>
4.	192/04/2023-GST, dt. 17.07.2023	<i>Clarification on charging of interest under section 50(3) of the CGST Act, 2017, in cases of wrong availment of IGST credit and reversal thereof</i>

F. Instructions

S.No.	<i>Instructions /Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	Dt. 18.09.2020	<i>Admin instructions for recovery of interest on net cash tax liability w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>

51. Tax deduction at source.

- (1) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Act, the Government may mandate,—
- (a) a department or establishment of the Central Government or State Government; or
 - (b) local authority; or
 - (c) Governmental agencies; or
 - (d) such persons or category of persons as may be notified¹ by the Government on the recommendations of the Council,

(hereafter in this section referred to as “the deductor”), to deduct tax at the rate of one per cent. from the payment made or credited to the supplier (hereafter in this section referred to as “the deductee”) of taxable goods or services or both, where the total value of such supply, under a contract, exceeds two lakh and fifty thousand rupees:

Provided that no deduction shall be made if the location of the supplier and the place of supply is in a State or Union territory which is different from the State or as the case may be, Union territory of registration of the recipient.

Explanation.—For the purpose of deduction of tax specified above, the value of supply shall be taken as the amount excluding the central tax, State tax, Union territory tax, integrated tax and cess indicated in the invoice.

- (2) The amount deducted as tax under this section shall be paid to the Government by the deductor within ten days after the end of the month in which such deduction is made, in such manner as may be prescribed.

¹ Vide Notification No. 50/2018, GST 868(E), dt. 13.09.2018:

- (a) an authority or a board or any other body, -

 - (i) set up by an Act of Parliament or a State Legislature; or
 - (ii) established by any Government, with fifty-one per cent. or more participation by way of equity or control, to carry out any function;

- (b) Society established by the Central Government or the State Government or a Local Authority under the Societies Registration Act, 1860 (21 of 1860);
- (c) public sector undertakings.

Earlier notified vide Notification No. 33/2017, GSR 1163(E), dt. 15.09.2017:

- (a) an authority or a board or any other body,—

 - (i) set up by an Act of Parliament or a State Legislature; or
 - (ii) established by any Government, with fifty-one per cent or more participation by way of equity or control, to carry out any function;

- (b) society established by the Central Government or the State Government or a Local Authority under the Societies Registration Act, 1860 (21 of 1860);
- (c) public sector undertakings:

Provided that the said persons shall be liable to deduct tax from the payment made or credited to the supplier of taxable goods or services or both with effect from a date to be notified subsequently, on the recommendations of the Council, by the Central Government.

- ¹[(3) A certificate of tax deduction at source shall be issued in such form and in such manner as may be prescribed.]
- ²[(4) ***]
- (5) The deductee shall claim credit, in his electronic cash ledger, of the tax deducted and reflected in the return of the deductor furnished under sub-section (3) of section 39, in such manner as may be prescribed.
- (6) If any deductor fails to pay to the Government the amount deducted as tax under sub-section (1), he shall pay interest in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 50, in addition to the amount of tax deducted.
- (7) The determination of the amount in default under this section shall be made in the manner specified in section 73 or section 74.
- (8) The refund to the deductor or the deductee arising on account of excess or erroneous deduction shall be dealt with in accordance with the provisions of section 54:
Provided that no refund to the deductor shall be granted, if the amount deducted has been credited to the electronic cash ledger of the deductee.

A. Section 51 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>Rule 66</i>	<i>Form and manner of submission of return by a person required to deduct tax at source</i>	<i>Forms GSTR-7, GSTR-7A</i>
B. Section related Notifications		
<i>S.No.</i>	<i>Notification/Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	<i>33/2017 – CT, dt. 15.09.2017</i>	<i>Notifies sec 51 of the CGST Act, 2017 for TDS</i>
2.	<i>50/2018 – CT, dt. 13.09.2018</i>	<i>Brings section 51 of the CGST Act (provisions related to TDS) into force w.e.f 01.10.2018</i>
3.	<i>57/2018 – CT, dt. 23.10.2018</i>	<i>Exempts post audit authorities under MoD from TDS compliance</i>
4.	<i>61/2018 – CT, dt. 05.11.2018</i>	<i>Exempts supply from PSU to PSU from applicability of provisions relating to TDS</i>
5.	<i>73/2018 – CT, dt. 31.12.2018</i>	<i>Exempts supplies made by Government Departments and PSUs to other Government Departments and vice-versa from TDS</i>

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.01.2021 (vide Notification No. 92/2020-CT, dt. 22.12.2020) by the Finance Act, 2020 (12 of 2020) (s.124) dt. 27.03.2020. Formerly, it read as: “(3) The deductor shall furnish to the deductee a certificate mentioning therein the contract value, rate of deduction, amount deducted, amount paid to the Government and such other particulars in such manner as may be prescribed.”.

² Omtd. w.e.f. 01.01.2021 (vide Notification No. 92/2020-CT, dt. 22.12.2020) by the Finance Act, 2020 (12 of 2020) (s.124) dt. 27.03.2020. Formerly, it read as: “(4) If any deductor fails to furnish to the deductee the certificate, after deducting the tax at source, within five days of crediting the amount so deducted to the Government, the deductor shall pay, by way of a late fee, a sum of one hundred rupees per day from the day after the expiry of such five days period until the failure is rectified, subject to a maximum amount of five thousand rupees.”.

6.	<i>Finance Act, 2020 (Act No. 12 of 2020), dt. 27.03.2020 read with N. No. 92/2020 – CT, dt. 22.12.2020</i>	<i>Amendment in sub-sec (3) & (4) of sec 51 w.e.f. 01.01.2021</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	<i>66/2018 – CT, dt. 29.11.2018</i>	<i>Extends the due date for filing of Form GSTR – 7 for the months of October, 2018 to December, 2018</i>
2.	<i>07/2019 – CT, dt. 31.01.2019</i>	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing of Form GSTR – 7 for the months of October, 2018 to December, 2018 till 28.02.2019</i>
3.	<i>08/2019 – CT, dt. 08.02.2019</i>	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing of Form GSTR-7 for the month of January, 2019 till 28.02.2019</i>
4.	<i>18/2019 – CT, dt. 10.04.2019</i>	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing Form GSTR-7 for the month of March, 2019 from 10.04.2019 to 12.04.2019</i>
5.	<i>26/2019 – CT, dt. 28.06.2019</i>	<i>Extends the due date of filing returns in Form GSTR-7</i>
6.	<i>31/2019 – CT, dt. 28.06.2019</i>	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Rule 66</i>
7.	<i>40/2019 – CT, dt. 31.08.2019</i>	<i>Extends the last date in certain specified cases for furnishing GSTR-7 for the month of July, 2019</i>
8.	<i>55/2019 – CT, dt. 14.11.2019</i>	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing of return in Form GSTR-7 for registered persons in Jammu and Kashmir for the months of July, 2019 to September, 2019</i>
9.	<i>59/2019 – CT, dt. 26.11.2019</i>	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing of return in Form GSTR-7 for registered persons in Jammu and Kashmir for the months of July, 2019 to October, 2019</i>
10.	<i>65/2019 – CT, dt. 12.12.2019</i>	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing of return in Form GSTR-7 for registered persons in Jammu and Kashmir for the months of July, 2019 to October, 2019</i>
11.	<i>78/2019 – CT, dt. 26.12.2019</i>	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing of return in Form GSTR-7 for registered persons in Assam, Manipur or Tripura for the month of November, 2019</i>
12.	<i>20/2020 – CT, dt. 23.03.2020</i>	<i>Extends due date for furnishing Form GSTR-7 for those taxpayers whose principal place of business is in the erstwhile State of Jammu and Kashmir for the July, 2019 to October, 2019 and November, 2019 to February, 2020</i>
D. Orders		
NIL		

E. Circulars		
S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	65/2018 – GST, dt. 14.09.2018	<i>Guidelines for Deductions and Deposits of TDS by the DDO under GST</i>
2.	67/2018 – GST, dt. 28.09.2018	<i>Modification to the guidelines for Deductions and Deposits of TDS by the DDO under GST as clarified in Circular No. 65/39/2018-DOR dated 14.09.2018</i>
3.	76/2018 – GST, dt. 31.12.2018	<i>Applicability of N. No. 50/2018 – CT</i>
4.	136/2020 – GST, dt. 03.04.2020	<i>Clarification in respect of various measures announced by the Government for providing relief to the taxpayers in view of spread of Novel Corona Virus (COVID-19)</i>
5.	137/2020 – GST, dt. 13.04.2020	<i>Circular clarifying issues in respect of challenges faced by registered persons in implementation of provisions of GST issued</i>
F. Instructions		
<i>NIL</i>		

52. Collection of tax at source.

- (1) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Act, every electronic commerce operator (hereafter in this section referred to as the “operator”), not being an agent, shall collect an amount calculated at such rate¹ not exceeding one per cent., as may be notified by the Government on the recommendations of the Council, of the net value of taxable supplies made through it by other suppliers where the consideration with respect to such supplies is to be collected by the operator.
- Explanation.—*For the purposes of this sub-section, the expression “net value of taxable supplies” shall mean the aggregate value of taxable supplies of goods or services or both, other than services notified under sub-section (5) of section 9, made during any month by all registered persons through the operator reduced by the aggregate value of taxable supplies returned to the suppliers during the said month.
- (2) The power to collect the amount specified in sub-section (1) shall be without prejudice to any other mode of recovery from the operator.
- (3) The amount collected under sub-section (1) shall be paid to the Government by the operator within ten days after the end of the month in which such collection is made, in such manner as may be prescribed.
- (4) Every operator who collects the amount specified in sub-section (1) shall furnish a statement, electronically, containing the details of outward supplies of goods or services or both effected through it, including the supplies of goods or services or both returned through it, and the amount collected under sub-section (1) during a month, in such form and manner as may be prescribed, within ten days after the end of such month.

¹ Vide Notification No. 52/2018, GSR 900(E), dt. 20.09.2018, rate of 0.5% of net value of intra-state taxable supplies have been notified.

¹[Provided that the Commissioner may, for reasons to be recorded in writing, by notification, extend the time limit for furnishing the statement for such class of registered persons as may be specified therein:

Provided further that any extension of time limit notified by the Commissioner of State tax or the Commissioner of Union territory tax shall be deemed to be notified by the Commissioner.]

²[*Explanation*: - For the purposes of this sub-section, it is hereby declared that the due date for furnishing the said statement for the months of October, November and December, 2018 shall be the ³{7th February, 2019}.]

- (5) Every operator who collects the amount specified in sub-section (1) shall furnish an annual statement, electronically, containing the details of outward supplies of goods or services or both effected through it, including the supplies of goods or services or both returned through it, and the amount collected under the said sub-section during the financial year, in such form and manner as may be prescribed, before the thirty first day of December following the end of such financial year.

⁴[Provided that the Commissioner may, on the recommendations of the Council and for reasons to be recorded in writing, by notification, extend the time limit for furnishing the annual statement for such class of registered persons as may be specified therein:

Provided further that any extension of time limit notified by the Commissioner of State tax or the Commissioner of Union territory tax shall be deemed to be notified by the Commissioner.]

- (6) If any operator after furnishing a statement under sub-section (4) discovers any omission or incorrect particulars therein, other than as a result of scrutiny, audit, inspection or enforcement activity by the tax authorities, he shall rectify such omission or incorrect particulars in the statement to be furnished for the month during which such omission or incorrect particulars are noticed, subject to payment of interest, as specified in sub-section (1) of section 50:

Provided that no such rectification of any omission or incorrect particulars shall be allowed after the ⁵[thirtieth day of November] following the end of the financial year or the actual date of furnishing of the relevant annual statement, whichever is earlier.

- (7) The supplier who has supplied the goods or services or both through the operator shall claim credit, in his electronic cash ledger, of the amount collected and reflected in the statement of the operator furnished under sub-section (4), in such manner as may be prescribed.

¹ *Ins. w.e.f. 01.01.2020* (vide Notification No. 01/2020-CT, dt. 01.01.2020) by the Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (s.101) dt. 01.08.2019.

² *Ins. vide CGST (Fourth Removal of Difficulties) Order, 2018, S.O. 6430(E) dt. 31.12.2018.*

³ *Subs. for the words “31st January, 2019” vide CGST (Second Removal of Difficulties) Order, 2019, S.O. 634(E) dt. 01.02.2019.*

⁴ *Ins. w.e.f. 01.01.2020* (vide Notification No. 01/2020-CT, dt. 01.01.2020) by the Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (s.101) dt. 01.08.2019.

⁵ *Subs. w.e.f. 01.10.2022* (vide Notification No. 18/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022) by the Finance Act, 2022 (No. 6 of 2022) (s.112) dt. 30.03.2022, for the words “due date for furnishing of statement for the month of September”.

- (8) The details of supplies furnished by every operator under sub-section (4) shall be matched with the corresponding details of outward supplies furnished by the concerned supplier registered under this Act in such manner and within such time as may be prescribed.
- (9) Where the details of outward supplies furnished by the operator under sub-section (4) do not match with the corresponding details furnished by the supplier under ¹[section 37 or section 39], the discrepancy shall be communicated to both persons in such manner and within such time as may be prescribed.
- (10) The amount in respect of which any discrepancy is communicated under sub-section (9) and which is not rectified by the supplier in his valid return or the operator in his statement for the month in which discrepancy is communicated, shall be added to the output tax liability of the said supplier, where the value of outward supplies furnished by the operator is more than the value of outward supplies furnished by the supplier, in his return for the month succeeding the month in which the discrepancy is communicated in such manner as may be prescribed.
- (11) The concerned supplier, in whose output tax liability any amount has been added under sub-section (10), shall pay the tax payable in respect of such supply along with interest, at the rate specified under sub-section (1) of section 50 on the amount so added from the date such tax was due till the date of its payment.
- (12) Any authority not below the rank of Deputy Commissioner may serve a notice, either before or during the course of any proceedings under this Act, requiring the operator to furnish such details relating to—
 - (a) supplies of goods or services or both effected through such operator during any period; or
 - (b) stock of goods held by the suppliers making supplies through such operator in the godowns or warehouses, by whatever name called, managed by such operator and declared as additional places of business by such suppliers,
as may be specified in the notice.
- (13) Every operator on whom a notice has been served under sub-section (12) shall furnish the required information within fifteen working days of the date of service of such notice.
- (14) Any person who fails to furnish the information required by the notice served under sub-section (12) shall, without prejudice to any action that may be taken under section 122, be liable to a penalty which may extend to twenty-five thousand rupees.
- ²[(15) The operator shall not be allowed to furnish a statement under sub-section (4) after the expiry of a period of three years from the due date of furnishing the said statement:

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019) by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018, for the words “section 37”.

² Ins. sub-section (15) w.e.f. 01.10.2023 (vide Notification No. 28/2023-CT, dt. 31.07.2023) by the Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023) (s.145) enacted on 31.03.2023.

Provided that the Government may, on the recommendations of the Council, by notification, subject to such conditions and restrictions as may be specified therein, allow an operator or a class of operators to furnish a statement under sub-section (4), even after the expiry of the said period of three years from the due date of furnishing the said statement.]

Explanation.— For the purposes of this section, the expression “concerned supplier” shall mean the supplier of goods or services or both making supplies through the operator.

A. Section 52 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
Rule 60	<i>Form and manner of ascertaining details of inward supplies</i>	<i>Forms GSTR-2A, GSTR-2B, GSTR-8</i>
Rule 67	<i>Form and manner of submission of statement of supplies through an e-commerce operator</i>	<i>Form GSTR-8</i>
Rule 78	<i>Matching of details furnished by the e-Commerce operator with the details furnished by the supplier</i>	<i>Forms GSTR-1, GSTR-8</i>
Rule 79	<i>Communication and rectification of discrepancy in details furnished by the e-commerce operator and the supplier</i> [Omitted w.e.f. 01.10.2022]	<i>Forms MIS 3, MIS 4</i>

B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	51/2018 – CT, dt. 13.09.2018	Brings section 52 of the CGST Act (provisions related to TCS) into force w.e.f. 01.10.2018
2.	52/2018 – CT, dt. 20.09.2018	Notifies the rate of tax collection at source (TCS) to be collected by every electronic commerce operator for intra-State taxable supplies
3.	Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (23 of 2019), dt. 01.08.2019 read with N. No. 01/2020 – CT, dt. 01.01.2020	Amendment in sub-sec (4) and (5) of sec 52 w.e.f. 01.01.2020
4.	Finance Act, 2022 (No. 6 of 2022), dt. 30.03.2022 read with N. No. 18/2022 – CT, dt. 28.09.2022	Amendment in sec 52 w.e.f. 01.10.2022 [Sec 112 of the Finance Act, 2022]
5.	Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023), dt. 31.03.2023 read with N. No. 28/2023 – CT, dt. 31.07.2023	Amendment in sec 52(15) w.e.f. 01.10.2023 [Sec 145 of the Finance Act, 2023]
6.	36/2023 – CT, dt. 04.08.2023	Notifies special procedure to be followed by the electronic commerce operators in respect of supplies of goods through them by composition taxpayers
7.	37/2023 – CT, dt. 04.08.2023	Notifies special procedure to be followed by the electronic commerce operators in respect of supplies of goods through them by unregistered persons

C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	10/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rules 67, 78, 79</i>
2.	31/2019 – CT, dt. 28.06.2019	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Rule 67</i>
3.	19/2022 – CT, dt. 28.09.2022	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2022 – Omitted Rule 79 w.e.f. 01.10.2022</i>
4.	38/2023 – CT, dt. 04.08.2023	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2023 – Amending Rule 67 and Form GSTR-8 w.e.f. 01.10.2023</i>
5.	52/2023 – CT, dt. 26.10.2023	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2023 – Amending Form GSTR-8 w.e.f. 26.10.2023</i>
D. Orders		
S.No.	ROD/Order/Date	Contents
1.	<i>O.No. 4/2018 – GST, dt. 31.12.2018</i>	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing of Form GSTR – 8 by e-commerce companies for the months of October to December, 2018 till 31.01.2019.</i>
2.	<i>ROD-4/2018 – GST, dt. 31.12.2018</i>	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing the statement in Form GSTR-8 by e-commerce companies for the months of October to December, 2018 till 31.01.2019</i>
3.	<i>O.No. 2/2019 – GST, dt. 01.02.2019</i>	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing of Form GSTR – 8 for the months of October, 2018 to December, 2018 till 07.02.2019</i>
4.	<i>ROD-2/2019 – GST, dt. 01.02.2019</i>	<i>Amends Removal of Difficulties Order No. 4/2018-CT to extend the due date for furnishing of Form GSTR-8 for the months of October, 2018 to December, 2018 till 07.02.2019</i>
E. Circulars		
S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	<i>74/2018 – GST, dt. 05.11.2018</i>	<i>Circular clarifying collection of tax at source by Tea Board of India</i>
2.	<i>76/2018 – GST, dt. 31.12.2018</i>	<i>valuation methodology in case of TCS under Income Tax Act and definition of owner of goods) related to GST</i>
3.	<i>136/2020 – GST, dt. 03.04.2020</i>	<i>Clarification in respect of various measures announced by the Government for providing relief to the taxpayers in view of spread of Novel Corona Virus (COVID-19)</i>
4.	<i>167/23/2021-GST, dt. 17.12.2021</i>	<i>GST on service supplied by restaurants through e-commerce operators</i>
5.	<i>194/06/2023-GST, dt. 17.07.2023</i>	<i>Clarification on TCS liability under Sec 52 of the CGST Act, 2017 in case of multiple E-commerce Operators in one transaction</i>
F. Instructions		
NIL		

53. Transfer of input tax credit.

On utilisation of input tax credit availed under this Act for payment of tax dues under the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (5) of section 49, as reflected in the valid return furnished under sub-section (1) of section 39, the amount collected as central tax shall stand reduced by an amount equal to such credit so utilised and the Central Government shall transfer an amount equal to the amount so reduced from the central tax account to the integrated tax account in such manner and within such time as may be prescribed.

A. Section 53 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 53 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
NIL		
F. Instructions		
NIL		

¹[53A. Transfer of certain amounts.

Where any amount has been transferred from the electronic cash ledger under this Act to the electronic cash ledger under the State Goods and Services Tax Act or the Union territory Goods and Services Tax Act, the Government shall, transfer to the State tax account or the Union territory tax account, an amount equal to the amount transferred from the electronic cash ledger, in such manner and within such time as may be prescribed.]

¹ Ins. Sec 53A w.e.f. 01.01.2020 (vide Notification No. 01/2020-CT, dt. 01.01.2020) by the Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (s.102) dt. 01.08.2019.

A. Section 53A - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>Rule 87(13)</i>	<i>Form and manner of transfer of credit</i>	<i>Form PMT – 09</i>
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/ <i>Date</i>	Contents
1.	<i>Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (23 of 2019), dt. 01.08.2019 read with N. No. 01/2020 – CT, dt. 01.01.2020</i>	<i>Inserting sec 53A w.e.f. 01.01.2020</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	<i>31/2019 – CT, dt. 28.06.2019 read with 37/2020 – CT, dt. 28.04.2020</i>	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Inserting Rule 87(13) and Form GST PMT-09 (w.e.f. 21.04.2020)</i>
2.	<i>14/2022 – CT, dt. 05.07.2022</i>	<i>CGST (First Amendment) Rules, 2022 – Amending Rule 87 and Form GST PMT-09 w.e.f. 05.07.2022</i>
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		
E. Circulars		
<i>NIL</i>		
F. Instructions		
<i>NIL</i>		

CHAPTER XI

REFUNDS

54. Refund of tax.

- (1) Any person claiming refund of any tax and interest, if any, paid on such tax or any other amount paid by him, may make an application before the expiry of two years from the relevant date in such form and manner as may be prescribed:

Provided that a registered person, claiming refund of any balance in the electronic cash ledger in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (6) of section 49, may claim such refund in ¹[such form and] manner as may be prescribed.

- (2) A specialised agency of the United Nations Organisation or any Multilateral Financial Institution and Organisation notified under the United Nations (Privileges and Immunities) Act, 1947, (46 of 1947) Consulate or Embassy of foreign countries or any other person or class of persons, as notified under section 55, entitled to a refund of tax paid by it on inward supplies of goods or services or both, may make an application for such refund, in such form and manner as may be prescribed, before the expiry of ²[two years] from the last day of the quarter in which such supply was received.
- (3) Subject to the provisions of sub-section (10), a registered person may claim refund of any unutilised input tax credit at the end of any tax period:

Provided that no refund of unutilised input tax credit shall be allowed in cases other than—

- (i) zero rated supplies made without payment of tax;
- (ii) where the credit has accumulated on account of rate of tax on inputs being higher than the rate of tax on output supplies (other than nil rated or fully exempt supplies), except supplies of goods or services or both as may be notified by the Government on the recommendations of the Council:

Provided further that no refund of unutilised input tax credit shall be allowed in cases where the goods exported out of India are subjected to export duty:

Provided also that no refund of input tax credit shall be allowed, if the supplier of goods or services or both avails of drawback in respect of central tax or claims refund of the integrated tax paid on such supplies.

- (4) The application shall be accompanied by—
 (a) such documentary evidence as may be prescribed to establish that a refund is due to the applicant; and

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.10.2022 (vide Notification No. 18/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022) by the Finance Act, 2022 (No. 6 of 2022) (s.113) dt. 30.03.2022, for the words “the return furnished under section 39 in such”.

² Subs. w.e.f. 01.10.2022 (vide Notification No. 18/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022) by the Finance Act, 2022 (No. 6 of 2022) (s.113) dt. 30.03.2022, for the words “six months”.

- (b) such documentary or other evidence (including the documents referred to in section 33) as the applicant may furnish to establish that the amount of tax and interest, if any, paid on such tax or any other amount paid in relation to which such refund is claimed was collected from, or paid by, him and the incidence of such tax and interest had not been passed on to any other person:

Provided that where the amount claimed as refund is less than two lakh rupees, it shall not be necessary for the applicant to furnish any documentary and other evidences but he may file a declaration, based on the documentary or other evidences available with him, certifying that the incidence of such tax and interest had not been passed on to any other person.

- (5) If, on receipt of any such application, the proper officer is satisfied that the whole or part of the amount claimed as refund is refundable, he may make an order accordingly and the amount so determined shall be credited to the Fund referred to in section 57.
- (6) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (5), the proper officer may, in the case of any claim for refund on account of zero-rated supply of goods or services or both made by registered persons, other than such category of registered persons as may be notified by the Government on the recommendations of the Council, refund on a provisional basis, ninety per cent. of the total amount so claimed, ¹[***] in such manner and subject to such conditions, limitations and safeguards as may be prescribed and thereafter make an order under sub-section (5) for final settlement of the refund claim after due verification of documents furnished by the applicant.
- (7) The proper officer shall issue the order under sub-section (5) within sixty days from the date of receipt of application complete in all respects.
- (8) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (5), the refundable amount shall, instead of being credited to the Fund, be paid to the applicant, if such amount is relatable to—
 - (a) refund of tax paid on ²[export] of goods or services or both or on inputs or input services used in making such ³[exports];
 - (b) refund of unutilised input tax credit under sub-section (3);
 - (c) refund of tax paid on a supply which is not provided, either wholly or partially, and for which invoice has not been issued, or where a refund voucher has been issued;
 - (d) refund of tax in pursuance of section 77;

¹ *Omtd.* the words “excluding the amount of input tax credit provisionally accepted,” w.e.f. 01.10.2023 (vide Notification No. 28/2023-CT, dt. 31.07.2023) by the Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023) (s.146) enacted on 31.03.2023.

² *Subs.* w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019) by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018, for the words “zero-rated supplies”.

³ *Subs.* w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019) by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018, for the words “zero-rated supplies”.

- (e) the tax and interest, if any, or any other amount paid by the applicant, if he had not passed on the incidence of such tax and interest to any other person; or
 - (f) the tax or interest borne by such other class of applicants as the Government may, on the recommendations of the Council, by notification, specify.
- ¹[(8A) The Government may disburse the refund of the State tax in such manner as may be prescribed.]
- (9) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in any judgment, decree, order or direction of the Appellate Tribunal or any court or in any other provisions of this Act or the rules made thereunder or in any other law for the time being in force, no refund shall be made except in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (8).
- (10) Where any refund is due ^{2[***]} to a registered person who has defaulted in furnishing any return or who is required to pay any tax, interest or penalty, which has not been stayed by any court, Tribunal or Appellate Authority by the specified date, the proper officer may—
- (a) withhold payment of refund due until the said person has furnished the return or paid the tax, interest or penalty, as the case may be;
 - (b) deduct from the refund due, any tax, interest, penalty, fee or any other amount which the taxable person is liable to pay but which remains unpaid under this Act or under the existing law.

*Explanation.—*For the purposes of this sub-section, the expression “specified date” shall mean the last date for filing an appeal under this Act.

- (11) Where an order giving rise to a refund is the subject matter of an appeal or further proceedings or where any other proceedings under this Act is pending and the Commissioner is of the opinion that grant of such refund is likely to adversely affect the revenue in the said appeal or other proceedings on account of malfeasance or fraud committed, he may, after giving the taxable person an opportunity of being heard, withhold the refund till such time as he may determine.
- (12) Where a refund is withheld under sub-section (11), the taxable person shall, notwithstanding anything contained in section 56, be entitled to interest at such rate not exceeding six per cent. as may be notified on the recommendations of the Council, if as a result of the appeal or further proceedings he becomes entitled to refund.
- (13) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this section, the amount of advance tax deposited by a casual taxable person or a non-resident taxable person under sub-section (2) of section 27, shall not be refunded unless such person has, in respect of the entire period for which the certificate of registration granted to him had remained in force, furnished all the returns required under section 39.

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 01.09.2019 (vide Notification No. 39/2019-CT, dt. 31.08.2019) by the Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (s.103) dt. 01.08.2019.

² Omtd. the words, brackets and figure “under sub-section (3)” w.e.f. 01.10.2022 (vide Notification No. 18/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022) by the Finance Act, 2022 (No. 6 of 2022) (s.113) dt. 30.03.2022.

- (14) Notwithstanding anything contained in this section, no refund under sub-section (5) or sub-section (6) shall be paid to an applicant, if the amount is less than one thousand rupees.

*Explanation.—*For the purposes of this section,—

- (1) “refund” includes refund of tax paid on zero-rated supplies of goods or services or both or on inputs or input services used in making such zero-rated supplies, or refund of tax on the supply of goods regarded as deemed exports, or refund of unutilised input tax credit as provided under sub-section (3).
- (2) “relevant date” means—
 - (a) in the case of goods exported out of India where a refund of tax paid is available in respect of goods themselves or, as the case may be, the inputs or input services used in such goods,—
 - (i) if the goods are exported by sea or air, the date on which the ship or the aircraft in which such goods are loaded, leaves India; or
 - (ii) if the goods are exported by land, the date on which such goods pass the frontier; or
 - (iii) if the goods are exported by post, the date of despatch of goods by the Post Office concerned to a place outside India;
 - (b) in the case of supply of goods regarded as deemed exports where a refund of tax paid is available in respect of the goods, the date on which the return relating to such deemed exports is furnished;
- ¹[(ba) in case of zero-rated supply of goods or services or both to a Special Economic Zone developer or a Special Economic Zone unit where a refund of tax paid is available in respect of such supplies themselves, or as the case may be, the inputs or input services used in such supplies, the due date for furnishing of return under section 39 in respect of such supplies;]
- (c) in the case of services exported out of India where a refund of tax paid is available in respect of services themselves or, as the case may be, the inputs or input services used in such services, the date of—
 - (i) receipt of payment in convertible foreign exchange ²[or in Indian rupees wherever permitted by the Reserve Bank of India], where the supply of services had been completed prior to the receipt of such payment; or

¹ *Ins. w.e.f. 01.10.2022 (vide Notification No. 18/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022) by the Finance Act, 2022 (No. 6 of 2022) (s.113) dt. 30.03.2022.*

² *Ins. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019) by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018.*

- (ii) issue of invoice, where payment for the services had been received in advance prior to the date of issue of the invoice;
- (d) in case where the tax becomes refundable as a consequence of judgment, decree, order or direction of the Appellate Authority, Appellate Tribunal or any court, the date of communication of such judgment, decree, order or direction;
- ¹[(e) in the case of refund of unutilised input tax credit under clause (ii) of the first proviso to sub-section (3), the due date for furnishing of return under section 39 for the period in which such claim for refund arises;]
- (f) in the case where tax is paid provisionally under this Act or the rules made thereunder, the date of adjustment of tax after the final assessment thereof;
- (g) in the case of a person, other than the supplier, the date of receipt of goods or services or both by such person; and
- (h) in any other case, the date of payment of tax.

A. Section 54 - Relevant Rules & Forms

<i>Rule 82</i>	<i>Details of inward supplies of persons having Unique Identity Number</i>	<i>Form GSTR-11</i>
<i>Rule 89</i>	<i>Application for refund of tax, interest, penalty, fees or any other amount</i>	<i>Forms GST RFD-01, RFD-01A, GSTR-4, GSTR-7</i>
<i>Rule 90</i>	<i>Acknowledgement</i>	<i>Forms GST RFD-01W, RFD-02, RFD-03</i>
<i>Rule 91</i>	<i>Grant of provisional refund</i>	<i>Forms GST RFD-01B, RFD-04, RFD-05</i>
<i>Rule 92</i>	<i>Order sanctioning refund</i>	<i>Forms GST RFD-01B, RFD-05 to RFD-09</i>
<i>Rule 93</i>	<i>Credit of the amount of rejected refund claim</i>	<i>Form GST PMT-03</i>
<i>Rule 95</i>	<i>Refund of tax to certain persons</i>	<i>Forms GST RFD-02, RFD-10, GSTR-11</i>
<i>Rule 96</i>	<i>Refund of integrated tax paid on goods [or services] exported out of India</i>	<i>Forms GST RFD-01, RFD-06, RFD-07, GSTR-1, GSTR-3B</i>
<i>Rule 96A</i>	<i>Export of goods or services under bond or Letter of Undertaking</i>	<i>Forms GST RFD-11, GSTR-1, GSTR-3B</i>

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019) clause (e) by the CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018. Formerly it read as:

“in the case of refund of unutilised input tax credit under sub-section (3), the end of the financial year in which such claim for refund arises”.

<i>Rule 96B</i>	<i>Recovery of refund of unutilised input tax credit or integrated tax paid on export of goods where export proceeds not realised</i>	<i>Nil</i>
<i>Rule 96C</i>	<i>Bank Account for credit of refund</i>	<i>Nil</i>
<i>Rule 97A</i>	<i>Manual filing and processing</i>	<i>Forms GST RFD-01A, RFD-01B</i>

B. Section related Notifications

S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	05/2017 – CT (R), dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Supplies of goods in respect of which no refund of unutilised input tax credit shall be allowed under sec 54(3)</i>
2.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 54 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
3.	13/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Prescribes rate of interest under CGST Act, 2017 for the purpose of sec 50, 54 and 56</i>
4.	15/2017 – CT (R), dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Supplies, which are not eligible for refund of unutilized ITC under CGST Act</i>
5.	29/2017 – CT (R), dt. 22.09.2017	<i>Amends N. No. 5/2017-CT (R), dt. 28.06.2017 to give effect to GST council decisions regarding restriction of refund on corduroy fabrics under sec 54(3)</i>
6.	37/2017 – CT, dt. 04.10.2017	<i>Extension of facility of LUT to all exporters</i>
7.	39/2017 – CT, dt. 13.10.2017	<i>Cross-empowers State Tax officers for processing and grant of refund</i>
8.	44/2017 – CT (R), dt. 14.11.2017	<i>Amends N. No. 5/2017-CT (R), dt. 28.06.2017 - Restriction of ITC on certain fabrics</i>
9.	04/2018 – CT (R), dt. 25.01.2018	<i>Provides special procedure with respect to payment of tax by registered person supplying service by way of construction against transfer of development right and vice versa</i>
10.	20/2018 – CT, dt. 28.03.2018 recinded vide 20/2022 – CT, dt. 28.09.2022 read with Corrigendum dated 29.09.2022	<i>Extension of due date for filing of application for refund under section 55 by notified agencies</i>
11.	20/2018 – CT (R), dt. 26.07.2018	<i>Amends N. No 05/2017-CT (R), dt. 28.06.2017 to give effect to the recommendations of the GST Council in 28th meeting held on 21.07.2018</i>
12.	<i>CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018 (31 of 2018), dt. 29.08.2018 w.e.f. 01.02.2019</i>	<i>Amendment in clause (a) to sec 54(8) & explanation to sec 54</i>

13.	<i>Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (23 of 2019), dt. 01.08.2019 read with N. No. 39/2019 – CT, dt. 31.08.2019</i>	<i>Inserting sub-sec (8A) to sec 54 w.e.f. 01.09.2019</i>
14.	<i>03/2019 – CC (Rate), dt. 28.06.2017 read with sec 133 of Finance Act, 2020 (Act No. 12 of 2020), dt. 27.03.2020</i>	<i>Disallow the refund of compensation cess in case of inverted duty structure for tobacco and manufactured tobacco substitutes w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
15.	<i>46/2020 – CT, dt. 09.06.2020</i>	<i>Extends period to pass order under Section 54(7) of CGST Act.</i>
16.	<i>56/2020 – CT, dt. 27.06.2020</i>	<i>Further extend period to pass order under Section 54(7) of CGST Act (Subs. N. No. 46/2020 – CT, dt. 09.06.2020)</i>
17.	<i>14/2021 – CT, dt. 01.05.2021</i>	<i>Extends specified compliances falling between 15.04.2021 to 30.05.2021 till 31.05.2021 in exercise of powers under section 168A of CGST Act</i>
18.	<i>24/2021 – CT, dt. 01.06.2021</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 14/2021 – CT in order to extend due date of compliances which fall during the period from “15.04.2021 to 29.06.2021” till 30.06.2021</i>
19.	<i>Finance Act, 2022 (No. 6 of 2022), dt. 30.03.2022 read with N. No. 18/2022 – CT, dt. 28.09.2022</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 54 w.e.f. 01.10.2022 [Sec 113 of the Finance Act, 2022]</i>
20.	<i>13/2022 – CT, dt. 05.07.2022</i>	<i>Extends dates of specified compliances in exercise of powers under section 168A of CGST Act</i>
21.	<i>09/2022 – CT(R), dt. 13.07.2022</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 5/2017-CT(R) - Restriction of ITC on certain goods</i>
22.	<i>20/2022 – CT, dt. 28.09.2022 read with Corrigendum dt. 29.09.2022</i>	<i>Rescinded N. No. 20/2018 – CT, dt. 28.03.2018 w.e.f. 01.10.2022</i>
23.	<i>Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023), dt. 31.03.2023 read with N. No. 28/2023 – CT, dt. 31.07.2023</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 54(6) w.e.f. 01.10.2023 [Sec 146 of the Finance Act, 2023]</i>
24.	<i>15/2023 – CT(R), dt. 19.10.2023</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 15/2017-CT(R), dt. 28.06.2017</i>
25.	<i>20/2023 – CT(R), dt. 19.10.2023</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 05/2017-CT(R), dt. 28.06.2017</i>

26.	<i>18/2023 – IT(R), dt. 19.10.2023</i>	<i>Amends N. No 12/2017-IT(R), dt. 28.06.2017</i>
27.	<i>23/2023 – IT(R), dt. 19.10.2023</i>	<i>Amends N. No 05/2017-IT(R), dt. 28.06.2017</i>

C. Rule related Notifications

1.	<i>10/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rules 89 to 96</i>
2.	<i>15/2017 – CT, dt. 01.07.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Third Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 96, Inserting Rule 96A</i>
3.	<i>16/2017 – CT, dt. 07.07.2017 read with Corrigendum dt. 10.07.2017</i>	<i>N. No. 16/2017 – CT (conditions and safeguards for furnishing a Letter of Undertaking in place of a bond for export without payment of integrated tax)</i>
4.	<i>17/2017 – CT, dt. 27.07.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 89</i>
5.	<i>27/2017 – CT, dt. 30.08.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Sixth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Form GST RFD-01</i>
6.	<i>37/2017 – CT, dt. 04.10.2017</i>	<i>Extension of facility of LUT to all exporters</i>
7.	<i>47/2017 – CT, dt. 18.10.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Tenth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rules 89, 96A and Form GST RFD-01</i>
8.	<i>49/2017 – CT, dt. 18.10.2017</i>	<i>Notifies the evidences required to be produced by the supplier of deemed export supplies for claiming refund under rule 89(2)(g) of the CGST rules, 2017</i>
9.	<i>51/2017 – CT, dt. 28.10.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Eleventh Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 96</i>
10.	<i>55/2017 – CT, dt. 15.11.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Twelfth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rule 97A</i>
11.	<i>70/2017 – CT, dt. 21.12.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Thirteenth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Forms GSTR-1, RFD-01, RFD-01A</i>
12.	<i>75/2017 – CT, dt. 29.12.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Fourteenth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rules 89, 95, 96, Forms GSTR-11, GST RFD-10</i>
13.	<i>03/2018 – CT, dt. 23.01.2018</i>	<i>CGST (First Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rules 89, 96 and Form GST RFD-01A</i>
14.	<i>12/2018 – CT, dt. 07.03.2018</i>	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Forms GST RFD-01, RFD-01A</i>
15.	<i>21/2018 – CT, dt. 18.04.2018</i>	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rule 89</i>

16.	26/2018 – CT, dt. 13.06.2018	<i>CGST (Fifth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rule 89</i>
17.	39/2018 – CT, dt. 04.09.2018	<i>CGST (Eighth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rules 89 and 96</i>
18.	53/2018 – CT, dt. 09.10.2018	<i>CGST (Eleventh Amendment) Rules, 2018. This notification restores rule 96(10) to the position that existed before the amendment carried out in the said rule by N. No. 39/2018 – CT, dt. 04.09.2018</i>
19.	54/2018 – CT, dt. 09.10.2018	<i>CGST (Twelfth Amendment) Rules, 2018. This notification amends rule 96(10) to allow exporters who have received capital goods under the EPCG scheme to claim refund of the IGST paid on exports and align rule 89(4B) to make it consistent with rule 96(10)</i>
20.	74/2018 – CT, dt. 31.12.2018	<i>CGST (Fourteenth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rules 89, 96, 97A, Forms GST RFD-01, RFD-1A</i>
21.	03/2019 – CT, dt. 29.01.2019	<i>CGST (First Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Rules 89, 91, 92, 96A, Forms GSTR-4, GST RFD-01, GST RFD-01A</i>
22.	31/2019 – CT, dt. 28.06.2019 read with 42/2019 – CT, dt. 24.09.2019	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Rules 91, 92 and Forms GST RFD-05 (w.e.f. 24.09.2019), GSTR-4</i>
23.	33/2019 – CT, dt. 18.07.2019	<i>CGST (Fifth Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Forms GST RFD-01, RFD-01A</i>
24.	49/2019 – CT, dt. 09.10.2019	<i>CGST (Sixth Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Rule 91</i>
25.	56/2019 – CT, dt. 14.11.2019	<i>CGST (Seventh Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Forms GST RFD-01</i>
26.	16/2020 – CT, dt. 23.03.2020	<i>CGST (Third Amendment) Rules, 2020 – Amending Rules 89, 92, 96, 96A and RFD-01</i>
27.	35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 29.06.2020” till 30.06.2020</i>
28.	55/2020 – CT, dt. 27.06.2020	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 30.08.2020” till 31.08.2020 (Subs. N. No. 35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020)</i>
29.	15/2021 – CT, dt. 18.05.2021	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2021 – Amending Rules 90, 92, 96 inserting Form GST RFD-01W; amending Form GST RFD-07 w.e.f. 18.05.2021</i>
30.	35/2021 – CT, dt. 24.09.2021 read with 38/2021 – CT, dt. 21.12.2021	<i>CGST (Eighth Amendment) Rules, 2021 – Amending Rule 89(1) w.e.f. 01.01.2022, Rule 89(1A) w.e.f. 24.09.2021 & Rule 96 w.e.f. 01.01.2022 – Inserting Rule 96C w.e.f. date to be notified</i>

31.	14/2022 – CT, dt. 05.07.2022	<i>CGST (First Amendment) Rules, 2022</i> – Amending Rule 89 and Form GST RFD-01 w.e.f. 05.07.2022, – Amending Rule 96 w.e.f. 01.07.2017 retrospectively
32.	19/2022 – CT, dt. 28.09.2022	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2022 – Amending Rules 89 and 96</i> w.e.f. 01.10.2022
33.	26/2022 – CT, dt. 26.12.2022	<i>CGST (Fifth Amendment) Rules, 2022 – Amending Rule 89 and Form</i> RFD-01 w.e.f. 26.12.2022
34.	38/2023 – CT, dt. 04.08.2023	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2023 – Amending Rules 89, 96</i> and Form GST RFD-01 w.e.f. 04.08.2023

D. Orders

1.	01/2022-GST, dt. 21.07.2022	<i>Authorisation under clause (c) of sub-rule (4) of rule 96 of the CGST Rules,</i> 2017
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E. Circulars

S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	02/2017 – GST, dt. 04.07.2017	<i>Issues related to furnishing of Bond/Letter of Undertaking for Exports</i>
2.	03/2017 – GST, dt. 05.07.2017	<i>Proper officer relating to provisions other than Registration and Composition under CGST Act, 2017</i>
3.	04/2017 – GST, dt. 07.07.2017	<i>Issues related to Bond/Letter of Undertaking for exports without payment of integrated tax</i>
4.	05/2017 – GST, dt. 11.08.2017	<i>Bond/LUT in case of exports without payment of integrated tax</i>
5.	08/2017 – GST, dt. 04.10.2017	<i>Clarification on issues related to furnishing of Bond/LUT for exports</i>
6.	17/2017 – GST, dt. 15.11.2017	<i>Manual filing and processing of refund claims in respect of zero-rated supplies</i>
7.	18/2017 – GST, dt. 16.11.2017	<i>Clarification on refund of unutilized input tax credit of GST paid on inputs in respect of exporters of fabrics</i>
8.	24/2017 – GST, dt. 21.12.2017	<i>Manual filing and processing of refund claims on account of inverted duty structure, deemed exports and excess balance in electronic cash ledger</i>
9.	37/2018 – GST, dt. 15.03.2018	<i>Clarifications on exports related refund issues</i>
10.	40/2018 – GST, dt. 06.04.2018	<i>Clarification on issues related to furnishing of Bond/Letter of Undertaking for exports</i>
11.	45/2018 – GST, dt. 30.05.2018	<i>Clarification on refund related issues</i>

12.	48/2018 – GST, dt. 14.06.2018	<i>Circulars clarifying miscellaneous issues related to SEZ and refund of unutilized ITC for job workers</i>
13.	56/2018 – GST, dt. 24.08.2018	<i>Clarification on removal of restriction on refund of accumulated Input Tax Credit on fabrics</i>
14.	59/2018 – GST, dt. 04.09.2018	<i>Clarification on refund related issues</i>
15.	70/2018 – GST, dt. 26.10.2018	<i>Clarification on certain issues related to refund</i>
16.	79/2018 – GST, dt. 31.12.2018	<i>Clarification on refund related issues</i>
17.	88/2019 – GST, dt. 01.02.2019	<i>Makes amendments in the earlier issued circulars in wake of amendments in the CGST Act (which shall come into force w.e.f. 01.02.2019) – Regarding Rule 96A</i>
18.	94/2019 – GST, dt. 28.03.2019	<i>Clarifies certain refund related issues under GST</i>
19.	104/2019 – GST, dt. 28.06.2019	<i>Processing of refund applications in Form GST RFD-01A submitted by taxpayers wrongly mapped on the common portal</i>
20.	106/2019 – GST, dt. 29.06.2019	<i>Refund of taxes paid on inward supply of indigenous goods by retail outlets established at departure area of the international airport beyond immigration counters when supplied to outgoing international tourist against foreign exchange</i>
21.	108/2019 – GST, dt. 18.07.2019	<i>Clarifies issues regarding procedure to be followed in respect of goods sent/taken out of India for exhibition or on consignment basis for export promotion</i>
22.	110/2019 – GST, dt. 03.10.2019	<i>Clarifies the eligibility to file a refund application in Form GST RFD-01 for a period and category</i>
23.	111/2019 – GST, dt. 03.10.2019	<i>Clarifies procedure to claim refund in Form GST RFD-01 subsequent to favourable order in appeal or any other forum</i>
24.	125/2019 – GST, dt. 18.11.2019	<i>Clarifies the fully electronic refund process through Form GST RFD-01 and single disbursement</i>
25.	131/2020 – GST, dt. 23.01.2020	<i>Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) to be followed by exporters</i>
26.	135/2020 – GST, dt. 31.03.2020	<i>Circular on Clarification on refund related issues</i>
27.	137/2020 – GST, dt. 13.04.2020	<i>Circular clarifying issues in respect of challenges faced by registered persons in implementation of provisions of GST issued</i>
28.	139/2020 – GST, dt. 10.06.2020	<i>Clarification on refund related issues</i>

29.	<i>147/2021 – GST, dt. 12.03.2021</i>	<i>Clarification on refund related issues</i>
30.	<i>160/16/2021 – GST, dt. 20.09.2021</i>	<i>Clarification in respect of certain GST related issues</i>
31.	<i>166/22/2021 – GST, dt. 17.11.2021</i>	<i>Circular on Clarification on refund related issues</i>
32.	<i>168/24/2021-GST, dt. 30.12.2021</i>	<i>Mechanism for filing of refund claim by the taxpayers registered in erstwhile Union Territory of Daman & Diu for period prior to merger with U.T. of Dadra & Nagar Haveli</i>
33.	<i>172/04/2022-GST, dt. 06.07.2022</i>	<i>Clarification on various issue pertaining to GST</i>
34.	<i>173/05/2022-GST, dt. 06.07.2022</i>	<i>Clarification on issue of claiming refund under inverted duty structure where the supplier is supplying goods under some concessional notification</i>
35.	<i>175/07/2022-GST, dt. 06.07.2022</i>	<i>Manner of filing refund of unutilized ITC on account of export of electricity</i>
36.	<i>181/13/2022-GST, dt. 10.11.2022</i>	<i>Clarification on refund related issues</i>
37.	<i>188/20/2022-GST, 27.12.2022</i>	<i>Prescribing manner of filing an application for refund by unregistered persons</i>
38.	<i>197/09/2023-GST, dt. 17.07.2023</i>	<i>Clarification on refund-related issues</i>

F. Instructions

S.No.	Instructions /Date	Contents
1.	<i>2/1/2020-GST, dt. 09.04.2020</i>	<i>Implementation of decision to expedite pending refund claims</i>
2.	<i>03/2022-GST, dt. 14.06.2022</i>	<i>Procedure relating to sanction, post-audit and review of refund claims</i>
3.	<i>04/2022-GST, dt. 28.11.2022</i>	<i>Manner of processing and sanction of IGST refunds, withheld in terms of clause (c) of sub-rule (4) of rule 96, transmitted to the jurisdictional GST authorities under sub-rule (5A) of rule 96 of the CGST Rules, 2017</i>

55. Refund in certain cases.

The Government may, on the recommendations of the Council, by notification, specify any specialised agency of the United Nations Organisation or any Multilateral Financial Institution and Organisation notified under the United Nations (Privileges and Immunities) Act, 1947, (46 of 1947) Consulate or Embassy of foreign countries and any other person or class of persons as may be specified in this behalf, who shall, subject to such conditions and restrictions as may be prescribed, be entitled to claim a refund of taxes paid on the notified supplies of goods or services or both received by them.

A. Section 55 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
Rule 82	Details of inward supplies of persons having Unique Identity Number	Form GSTR-11
Rule 95	Refund of tax to certain persons	Forms GST RFD-02, RFD-10, GSTR-11
Rule 95A	Refund of taxes to the retail outlets established in departure area of an international Airport beyond immigration counters making tax free supply to an outgoing international tourist [Omitted]	Form RFD-10B
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	06/2017 – CT (R), dt. 28.06.2017	Refund of 50% of CGST on supplies to CSD under sec 55
2.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 55 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017
3.	16/2017 – CT (R), dt. 28.06.2017	Specialised agencies (e.g., UN, embassies, etc.) entitled to claim a refund of taxes paid on the notified supplies of goods or services or both received by them under CGST Act
4.	39/2017 – CT, dt. 13.10.2017	Cross-empowers State Tax officers for processing and grant of refund [Read with sec 6 of the CGST Act]
5.	20/2018 – CT, dt. 28.03.2018 rescinded vide 20/2022 – CT, dt. 28.09.2022 read with Corrigendum dated 29.09.2022	Extension of due date for filing of application for refund under section 55 by notified agencies
6.	11/2019 – CT (R), dt. 29.06.2019	Specifies retail outlets established in the departure area of an international airport, beyond the immigration counters, making tax free supply of goods to an outgoing international tourist, as class of persons who shall be entitled to claim refund
7.	14/2021 – CT, dt. 01.05.2021	Extends specified compliances falling between 15.04.2021 to 30.05.2021 till 31.05.2021 in exercise of powers under section 168A of CGST Act
8.	24/2021 – CT, dt. 01.06.2021	Amends N. No. 14/2021 – CT in order to extend due date of compliances which fall during the period from “15.04.2021 to 29.06.2021” till 30.06.2021
9.	13/2022 – CT, dt. 05.07.2022	Extends dates of specified compliances in exercise of powers under section 168A of CGST Act
10.	20/2022 – CT, dt. 28.09.2022 read with Corrigendum dated 29.09.2022	Rescinded N. No. 20/2018 – CT, dt. 28.03.2018 w.e.f. 01.10.2022

C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	<i>10/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rules 82 and 95</i>
2.	<i>75/2017 – CT, dt. 29.12.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Fourteenth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 95</i>
3.	<i>26/2018 – CT, dt. 13.06.2018</i>	<i>CGST (Fifth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rule 95(3)(a)</i>
4.	<i>31/2019 – CT, dt. 28.06.2019</i>	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Form RFD-10, inserting Rule 95A and Form RFD-10B</i>
5.	<i>35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020</i>	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 29.06.2020” till 30.06.2020</i>
6.	<i>55/2020 – CT, dt. 27.06.2020</i>	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 30.08.2020” till 31.08.2020 (Subs. N. No. 35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020)</i>
7.	<i>40/2021 – CT, dt. 29.12.2021</i>	<i>CGST (Tenth Amendment) Rules, 2021 – Amending Rule 95 w.e.f. 01.04.2021, retrospectively</i>
8.	<i>14/2022 – CT, dt. 05.07.2022</i>	<i>CGST (First Amendment) Rules, 2022 – Omitted Rule 95A and Form GST RFD-10B w.e.f. 01.07.2019, retrospectively</i>
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		
E. Circulars		
S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	<i>36/2018 – GST, dt. 13.03.2018</i>	<i>Processing of refund application for UIN entities</i>
2.	<i>43/2018 – GST, dt. 13.04.2018</i>	<i>Clarifying the issues arising in refund to UIN agencies</i>
3.	<i>60/2018 – GST, dt. 04.09.2018</i>	<i>Processing of refund applications filed by Canteen Stores Department (CSD)</i>
4.	<i>63/2018 – GST, dt. 14.09.2018</i>	<i>Clarification regarding processing of refund claims filed by UIN entities</i>
5.	<i>68/2018 – GST, dt. 05.10.2018</i>	<i>Notifications issued under CGST Act, 2017 - Applicability to Goods and Services Tax (Compensation to States) Act, 2017</i>
6.	<i>75/2018 – GST, dt. 27.12.2018</i>	<i>Guidelines for processing of applications for financial assistance under the Central Sector Scheme named ‘Seva Bhoj Yojna’ of the Ministry of Culture</i>

7.	106/2019 – GST, dt. 29.06.2019	<i>Refund of taxes paid on inward supply of indigenous goods by retail outlets established at departure area of the international airport beyond immigration counters when supplied to outgoing international tourist against foreign exchange</i>
8.	176/08/2022-GST, dt. 06.07.2022	<i>Withdrawal of Circular No. 106/25/2019-GST dated 29.06.2019</i>
F. Instructions		
NIL		

56. Interest on delayed refunds.

If any tax ordered to be refunded under sub-section (5) of section 54 to any applicant is not refunded within sixty days from the date of receipt of application under sub- section (1) of that section, interest at such rate not exceeding six per cent. as may be specified in the notification issued by the Government on the recommendations of the Council shall be payable in respect of such refund ¹[for the period of delay beyond sixty days from the date of receipt of such application till the date of refund of such tax, to be computed in such manner and subject to such conditions and restrictions as may be prescribed]:

Provided that where any claim of refund arises from an order passed by an adjudicating authority or Appellate Authority or Appellate Tribunal or court which has attained finality and the same is not refunded within sixty days from the date of receipt of application filed consequent to such order, interest at such rate not exceeding nine per cent. as may be notified by the Government on the recommendations of the Council shall be payable in respect of such refund from the date immediately after the expiry of sixty days from the date of receipt of application till the date of refund.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this section, where any order of refund is made by an Appellate Authority, Appellate Tribunal or any court against an order of the proper officer under sub-section (5) of section 54, the order passed by the Appellate Authority, Appellate Tribunal or by the court shall be deemed to be an order passed under the said sub-section (5).

A. Section 56 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
Rule 94	<i>Order sanctioning interest on delayed refunds</i>	Form GST RFD-05
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 56 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	13/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Prescribes rate of interest under CGST Act, 2017 for the purpose of sec 50, 54 and 56</i>

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.10.2023 (vide Notification No. 28/2023-CT, dt. 31.07.2023) by the Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023) (s.147) enacted on 31.03.2023, for the words “from the date immediately after the expiry of sixty days from the date of receipt of application under the said sub-section till the date of refund of such tax”.

3.	<i>Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023), dt. 31.03.2023 read with N. No.28/2023 – CT, dt. 31.07.2023</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 56 w.e.f. 01.10.2023 [Sec 147 of the Finance Act, 2023]</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	<i>10/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rule 94</i>
2.	<i>31/2019 – CT, dt. 28.06.2019 read with 42/2019 – CT, dt. 24.09.2019</i>	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Rule 94, Form GST RFD-05 (w.e.f. 24.09.2019)</i>
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		
E. Circulars		
S.No.	<i>Circular/Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	<i>79/2018 – GST, dt. 31.12.2018</i>	<i>Clarification on refund related issues</i>
2.	<i>131/2020 – GST, dt. 23.01.2020</i>	<i>Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) to be followed by exporters</i>
F. Instructions		
<i>NIL</i>		

57. Consumer Welfare Fund.

The Government shall constitute a Fund, to be called the Consumer Welfare Fund and there shall be credited to the Fund,—

- (a) the amount referred to in sub-section (5) of section 54;
- (b) any income from investment of the amount credited to the Fund; and
- (c) such other monies received by it,

in such manner as may be prescribed.

A. Section 57 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>Rule 92</i>	<i>Order sanctioning refund</i>	<i>Form GST RFD-01B,RFD-05 to RFD-09</i>
<i>Rule 97</i>	<i>Consumer Welfare Fund</i>	<i>Nil</i>
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	<i>Notification/Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	<i>09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Brings into force sec 57 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>

C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	10/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rule 97</i>
2.	21/2018 – CT, dt. 18.04.2018	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rule 97</i>
3.	26/2018 – CT, dt. 13.06.2018	<i>CGST (Fifth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rule 97</i>
4.	03/2019 – CT, dt. 29.01.2019	<i>CGST (First Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Rule 92</i>
5.	31/2019 – CT, dt. 28.06.2019 read with 42/2019 – CT, dt. 24.09.2019	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Rule 92 and Form GST RFD-05 (w.e.f. 24.09.2019)</i>
6.	49/2019 – CT, dt. 09.10.2019	<i>CGST (Sixth Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Rule 97</i>
7.	16/2020 – CT, dt. 23.03.2020	<i>CGST (Third Amendment) Rules, 2020 – Amending Rule 92</i>
D. Orders		
S.No.	ROD/Order/Date	Contents
1.	O-3/2018 – GST, dt. 16.08.2018	<i>Constitution of Standing Committee under sub-rule (4) of rule 97 of CGST Rules</i>
E. Circulars		
<i>NIL</i>		
F. Instructions		
<i>NIL</i>		

58. Utilisation of Fund.

- (1) All sums credited to the Fund shall be utilised by the Government for the welfare of the consumers in such manner as may be prescribed.
- (2) The Government or the authority specified by it shall maintain proper and separate account and other relevant records in relation to the Fund and prepare an annual statement of accounts in such form as may be prescribed in consultation with the Comptroller and Auditor-General of India.

A. Section 58 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
Rule 97	<i>Consumer Welfare Fund</i>	<i>Nil</i>

<i>B. Section related Notifications</i>		
S.No.	Notification/<i>Date</i>	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 58 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
<i>C. Rule related Notifications</i>		
1.	10/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rule 97</i>
2.	21/2018 – CT, dt. 18.04.2018	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rule 97</i>
<i>D. Orders</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		
<i>E. Circulars</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		
<i>F. Instructions</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		

CHAPTER XII

ASSESSMENT

59. Self- assessment.

Every registered person shall self-assess the taxes payable under this Act and furnish a return for each tax period as specified under section 39.

A. Section 59 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>NIL</i>		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 59 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
<i>NIL</i>		
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		
E. Circulars		
<i>NIL</i>		
F. Instructions		
<i>NIL</i>		

60. Provisional assessment.

- (1) Subject to the provisions of sub-section (2), where the taxable person is unable to determine the value of goods or services or both or determine the rate of tax applicable thereto, he may request the proper officer in writing giving reasons for payment of tax on a provisional basis and the proper officer shall pass an order, within a period not later than ninety days from the date of receipt of such request, allowing payment of tax on provisional basis at such rate or on such value as may be specified by him.
- (2) The payment of tax on provisional basis may be allowed, if the taxable person executes a bond in such form as may be prescribed, and with such surety or security as the proper officer may deem fit, binding the taxable person for payment of the difference between the amount of tax as may be finally assessed and the amount of tax provisionally assessed.
- (3) The proper officer shall, within a period not exceeding six months from the date of the communication of the order issued under sub-section (1), pass the final assessment order after taking into account such information as may be required for finalizing the assessment:

Provided that the period specified in this sub-section may, on sufficient cause being shown and for reasons to be recorded in writing, be extended by the Joint Commissioner or Additional Commissioner for a further period not exceeding six months and by the Commissioner for such further period not exceeding four years.

- (4) The registered person shall be liable to pay interest on any tax payable on the supply of goods or services or both under provisional assessment but not paid on the due date specified under sub-section (7) of section 39 or the rules made thereunder, at the rate specified under sub-section (1) of section 50, from the first day after the due date of payment of tax in respect of the said supply of goods or services or both till the date of actual payment, whether such amount is paid before or after the issuance of order for final assessment.
- (5) Where the registered person is entitled to a refund consequent to the order of final assessment under sub-section (3), subject to the provisions of sub-section (8) of section 54, interest shall be paid on such refund as provided in section 56.

A. Section 60 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
Rule 98	Provisional Assessment	Forms GST ASMT-01, ASMT-02, ASMT-03, ASMT-04, ASMT-05, ASMT-06, ASMT-07, ASMT-08, ASMT-09
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 60 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	10/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rule 98
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	03/2017 – GST, dt. 05.07.2017	Proper officer relating to provisions other than Registration and Composition under CGST Act, 2017
F. Instructions		
NIL		

61. Scrutiny of returns.

- (1) The proper officer may scrutinize the return and related particulars furnished by the registered person to verify the correctness of the return and inform him of the discrepancies noticed, if any, in such manner as may be prescribed and seek his explanation thereto.

- (2) In case the explanation is found acceptable, the registered person shall be informed accordingly and no further action shall be taken in this regard.
- (3) In case no satisfactory explanation is furnished within a period of thirty days of being informed by the proper officer or such further period as may be permitted by him or where the registered person, after accepting the discrepancies, fails to take the corrective measure in his return for the month in which the discrepancy is accepted, the proper officer may initiate appropriate action including those under section 65 or section 66 or section 67, or proceed to determine the tax and other dues under section 73 or section 74.

A. Section 61 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>Rule 99</i>	<i>Scrutiny of returns</i>	<i>Forms GST ASMT-10, ASMT-11, ASMT-12</i>
B. Section related Notifications		
<i>S.No.</i>	<i>Notification/Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	<i>09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Brings into force sec 61 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	<i>10/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rule 99</i>
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		
E. Circulars		
<i>S.No.</i>	<i>Circular/Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	<i>03/2017 – GST, dt. 05.07.2017</i>	<i>Proper officer relating to provisions other than Registration and Composition under CGST Act, 2017</i>
F. Instructions		
<i>S.No.</i>	<i>Instructions /Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	<i>02/2022-GST, dt. 22.03.2022</i>	<i>Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) for Scrutiny of returns for FY 2017-18 and 2018-19</i>
2.	<i>02/2023-GST, dt. 26.05.2023</i>	<i>Standard Operating Procedure for Scrutiny of Returns for FY 2019-20 onwards</i>

62. Assessment of non-filers of returns.

- (1) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in section 73 or section 74, where a registered person fails to furnish the return under section 39 or section 45, even after the service of a notice under section 46, the proper officer may proceed to assess the tax liability of the said person to the best of his judgement taking into account all the relevant material which is available or which he has gathered and issue an assessment order within a period of five years from the date specified under section 44 for furnishing of the annual return for the financial year to which the tax not paid relates.

(2) Where the registered person furnishes a valid return within ¹[sixty days] of the service of the assessment order under sub-section (1), the said assessment order shall be deemed to have been withdrawn but the liability for payment of interest under sub-section (1) of section 50 or for payment of late fee under section 47 shall continue.

²[Provided that where the registered person fails to furnish a valid return within sixty days of the service of the assessment order under sub-section (1), he may furnish the same within a further period of sixty days on payment of an additional late fee of one hundred rupees for each day of delay beyond sixty days of the service of the said assessment order and in case he furnishes valid return within such extended period, the said assessment order shall be deemed to have been withdrawn, but the liability to pay interest under sub-section (1) of section 50 or to pay late fee under section 47 shall continue.]

A. Section 62 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>Rule 100</i>	<i>Assessment in certain cases</i>	<i>Forms GST ASMT-13 to ASMT-18, DRC-01, DRC-07</i>
B. Section related Notifications		
<i>S.No.</i>	<i>Notification/Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	<i>09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Brings into force sec 62 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	<i>06/2023 – CT, dt. 31.03.2023</i>	<i>Amnesty scheme for deemed withdrawal of assessment orders issued under section 62</i>
3.	<i>24/2023 – CT, dt. 17.07.2023</i>	<i>Extends amnesty scheme for deemed withdrawal of assessment orders issued under section 62</i>
4.	<i>Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023), dt. 31.03.2023 read with N. No. 28/2023 – CT, dt. 31.07.2023</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 62(2) w.e.f. 01.10.2023 [Sec 148 of the Finance Act, 2023]</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	<i>10/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rule 100</i>
2.	<i>16/2019 – CT, dt. 29.03.2019</i>	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Rule 100, Forms DRC-07, ASMT-13</i>
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		
E. Circulars		
<i>S.No.</i>	<i>Circular/Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	<i>03/2017 – GST, dt. 05.07.2017</i>	<i>Proper officer relating to provisions other than Registration and Composition under CGST Act, 2017</i>

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.10.2023 (vide Notification No. 28/2023-CT, dt. 31.07.2023) by the Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023) (s.148) enacted on 31.03.2023, for the words “thirty days”.

² Ins. proviso w.e.f. 01.10.2023 (vide Notification No. 28/2023-CT, dt. 31.07.2023) by the Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023) (s.148) enacted on 31.03.2023.

2.	129/2019 – GST, dt. 24.12.2019	<i>Standard Operating Procedure to be followed in case of non-filers of returns</i>
F. Instructions		
NIL		

63. Assessment of unregistered persons.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in section 73 or section 74, where a taxable person fails to obtain registration even though liable to do so or whose registration has been cancelled under sub-section (2) of section 29 but who was liable to pay tax, the proper officer may proceed to assess the tax liability of such taxable person to the best of his judgment for the relevant tax periods and issue an assessment order within a period of five years from the date specified under section 44 for furnishing of the annual return for the financial year to which the tax not paid relates:

Provided that no such assessment order shall be passed without giving the person an opportunity of being heard.

A. Section 63 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
Rule 100	Assessment in certain cases	Forms GST ASMT-13 to ASMT-18, DRC-01, DRC-07
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 63 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	10/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rule 100
2.	16/2019 – CT, dt. 29.03.2019	CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Rule 100, Forms DRC-01, DRC-07, ASMT-15
3.	32/2021 – CT, dt. 29.08.2021	CGST (Seventh Amendment) Rules, 2021 – Amending Form ASMT-14
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	03/2017 – GST, dt. 05.07.2017	Proper officer relating to provisions other than Registration and Composition under CGST Act, 2017
F. Instructions		
NIL		

64. Summary assessment in certain special cases.

(1) The proper officer may, on any evidence showing a tax liability of a person coming to his notice, with the previous permission of Additional Commissioner or Joint Commissioner, proceed to assess the tax liability of such person to protect the interest of revenue and issue an assessment order, if he has sufficient grounds to believe that any delay in doing so may adversely affect the interest of revenue:

Provided that where the taxable person to whom the liability pertains is not ascertainable and such liability pertains to supply of goods, the person in charge of such goods shall be deemed to be the taxable person liable to be assessed and liable to pay tax and any other amount due under this section.

(2) On an application made by the taxable person within thirty days from the date of receipt of order passed under sub-section (1) or on his own motion, if the Additional Commissioner or Joint Commissioner considers that such order is erroneous, he may withdraw such order and follow the procedure laid down in section 73 or section 74.

A. Section 64 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>Rule 100</i>	<i>Assessment in certain cases</i>	<i>Forms GST ASMT-13 to ASMT-18, DRC-01, DRC-07</i>
B. Section related Notifications		
<i>S.No.</i>	<i>Notification/Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	<i>09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Brings into force sec 64 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	<i>10/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rule 100</i>
2.	<i>16/2019 – CT, dt. 29.03.2019</i>	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Rule 100, Forms DRC-07, ASMT-16</i>
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		
E. Circulars		
<i>S.No.</i>	<i>Circular/Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	<i>03/2017 – GST, dt. 05.07.2017</i>	<i>Proper officer relating to provisions other than Registration and Composition under CGST Act, 2017</i>
F. Instructions		
<i>NIL</i>		

CHAPTER XIII

AUDIT

65. Audit by tax authorities.

- (1) The Commissioner or any officer authorised by him, by way of a general or a specific order, may undertake audit of any registered person for such period, at such frequency and in such manner as may be prescribed.
- (2) The officers referred to in sub-section (1) may conduct audit at the place of business of the registered person or in their office.
- (3) The registered person shall be informed by way of a notice not less than fifteen working days prior to the conduct of audit in such manner as may be prescribed.
- (4) The audit under sub-section (1) shall be completed within a period of three months from the date of commencement of the audit:

Provided that where the Commissioner is satisfied that audit in respect of such registered person cannot be completed within three months, he may, for the reasons to be recorded in writing, extend the period by a further period not exceeding six months.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this sub-section, the expression “commencement of audit” shall mean the date on which the records and other documents, called for by the tax authorities, are made available by the registered person or the actual institution of audit at the place of business, whichever is later.

- (5) During the course of audit, the authorised officer may require the registered person,—
 - (i) to afford him the necessary facility to verify the books of account or other documents as he may require;
 - (ii) to furnish such information as he may require and render assistance for timely completion of the audit.
- (6) On conclusion of audit, the proper officer shall, within thirty days, inform the registered person, whose records are audited, about the findings, his rights and obligations and the reasons for such findings.
- (7) Where the audit conducted under sub-section (1) results in detection of tax not paid or short paid or erroneously refunded, or input tax credit wrongly availed or utilised, the proper officer may initiate action under section 73 or section 74.

A. Section 65 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>Rule 101</i>	<i>Audit</i>	<i>Forms GST ADT-01, ADT-02</i>
B. Section related Notifications		
<i>S.No.</i>	<i>Notification/Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 65 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017

2.	<i>14/2021 – CT, dt. 01.05.2021</i>	<i>Extends specified compliances falling between 15.04.2021 to 30.05.2021 till 31.05.2021 in exercise of powers under section 168A of CGST Act</i>
3.	<i>24/2021 – CT, dt. 01.06.2021</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 14/2021 – CT in order to extend due date of compliances which fall during the period from “15.04.2021 to 29.06.2021” till 30.06.2021</i>

C. Rule related Notifications

1.	<i>10/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rule 101</i>
2.	<i>74/2018 – CT, dt. 31.12.2018</i>	<i>CGST (Fourteenth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rule 101(1)</i>
3.	<i>35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020</i>	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 29.06.2020” till 30.06.2020</i>
4.	<i>55/2020 – CT, dt. 27.06.2020</i>	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 30.08.2020” till 31.08.2020 (Subs. N. No. 35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020)</i>

D. Orders

NIL

E. Circulars

S.No.	<i>Circular/Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	<i>03/2017 – GST, dt. 05.07.2017</i>	<i>Proper officer relating to provisions other than Registration and Composition under CGST Act, 2017</i>

F. Instructions

NIL

66. Special audit.

- (1) If at any stage of scrutiny, inquiry, investigation or any other proceedings before him, any officer not below the rank of Assistant Commissioner, having regard to the nature and complexity of the case and the interest of revenue, is of the opinion that the value has not been correctly declared or the credit availed is not within the normal limits, he may, with the prior approval of the Commissioner, direct such registered person by a communication in writing to get his records including books of account examined and audited by a chartered accountant or a cost accountant as may be nominated by the Commissioner.
- (2) The chartered accountant or cost accountant so nominated shall, within the period of ninety days, submit a report of such audit duly signed and certified by him to the said Assistant Commissioner mentioning therein such other particulars as may be specified: Provided that the Assistant Commissioner may, on an application made to him in this behalf by the registered person or the chartered accountant or cost accountant or for any material and sufficient reason, extend the said period by a further period of ninety days.

- (3) The provisions of sub-section (1) shall have effect notwithstanding that the accounts of the registered person have been audited under any other provisions of this Act or any other law for the time being in force.
- (4) The registered person shall be given an opportunity of being heard in respect of any material gathered on the basis of special audit under sub-section (1) which is proposed to be used in any proceedings against him under this Act or the rules made thereunder.
- (5) The expenses of the examination and audit of records under sub-section (1), including the remuneration of such chartered accountant or cost accountant, shall be determined and paid by the Commissioner and such determination shall be final.
- (6) Where the special audit conducted under sub-section (1) results in detection of tax not paid or short paid or erroneously refunded, or input tax credit wrongly availed or utilised, the proper officer may initiate action under section 73 or section 74.

A. Section 66 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>Rule 102</i>	<i>Special Audit</i>	<i>Forms GST ADT-03, ADT-04</i>
B. Section related Notifications		
<i>S.No.</i>	<i>Notification/Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	<i>09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Brings into force sec 66 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	<i>10/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rule 102</i>
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		
E. Circulars		
<i>S.No.</i>	<i>Circular/Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	<i>03/2017 – GST, dt. 05.07.2017</i>	<i>Proper officer relating to provisions other than Registration and Composition under CGST Act, 2017</i>
F. Instructions		
<i>NIL</i>		

CHAPTER XIV

INSPECTION, SEARCH, SEIZURE AND ARREST

67. Power of inspection, search and seizure.

- (1) Where the proper officer, not below the rank of Joint Commissioner, has reasons to believe that—
- (a) a taxable person has suppressed any transaction relating to supply of goods or services or both or the stock of goods in hand, or has claimed input tax credit in excess of his entitlement under this Act or has indulged in contravention of any of the provisions of this Act or the rules made thereunder to evade tax under this Act; or
 - (b) any person engaged in the business of transporting goods or an owner or operator of a warehouse or a godown or any other place is keeping goods which have escaped payment of tax or has kept his accounts or goods in such a manner as is likely to cause evasion of tax payable under this Act,

he may authorise in writing any other officer of central tax to inspect any places of business of the taxable person or the persons engaged in the business of transporting goods or the owner or the operator of warehouse or godown or any other place.

- (2) Where the proper officer, not below the rank of Joint Commissioner, either pursuant to an inspection carried out under sub-section (1) or otherwise, has reasons to believe that any goods liable to confiscation or any documents or books or things, which in his opinion shall be useful for or relevant to any proceedings under this Act, are secreted in any place, he may authorise in writing any other officer of central tax to search and seize or may himself search and seize such goods, documents or books or things:

Provided that where it is not practicable to seize any such goods, the proper officer, or any officer authorised by him, may serve on the owner or the custodian of the goods an order that he shall not remove, part with, or otherwise deal with the goods except with the previous permission of such officer:

Provided further that the documents or books or things so seized shall be retained by such officer only for so long as may be necessary for their examination and for any inquiry or proceedings under this Act.

- (3) The documents, books or things referred to in sub-section (2) or any other documents, books or things produced by a taxable person or any other person, which have not been relied upon for the issue of notice under this Act or the rules made thereunder, shall be returned to such person within a period not exceeding thirty days of the issue of the said notice.
- (4) The officer authorised under sub-section (2) shall have the power to seal or break open the door of any premises or to break open any *almirah*, electronic devices, box, receptacle in which any goods, accounts, registers or documents of the person are suspected to be concealed, where access to such premises, *almirah*, electronic devices, box or receptacle is denied.

- (5) The person from whose custody any documents are seized under sub-section (2) shall be entitled to make copies thereof or take extracts therefrom in the presence of an authorised officer at such place and time as such officer may indicate in this behalf except where making such copies or taking such extracts may, in the opinion of the proper officer, prejudicially affect the investigation.
- (6) The goods so seized under sub-section (2) shall be released, on a provisional basis, upon execution of a bond and furnishing of a security, in such manner and of such quantum, respectively, as may be prescribed or on payment of applicable tax, interest and penalty payable, as the case may be.
- (7) Where any goods are seized under sub-section (2) and no notice in respect thereof is given within six months of the seizure of the goods, the goods shall be returned to the person from whose possession they were seized:
Provided that the period of six months may, on sufficient cause being shown, be extended by the proper officer for a further period not exceeding six months.
- (8) The Government may, having regard to the perishable or hazardous nature of any goods, depreciation in the value of the goods with the passage of time, constraints of storage space for the goods or any other relevant considerations, by notification, specify the goods or class of goods which shall, as soon as may be after its seizure under sub-section (2), be disposed of by the proper officer in such manner as may be prescribed.
- (9) Where any goods, being goods specified under sub-section (8), have been seized by a proper officer, or any officer authorised by him under sub-section (2), he shall prepare an inventory of such goods in such manner as may be prescribed.
- (10) The provisions of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973, (2 of 1974) relating to search and seizure, shall, so far as may be, apply to search and seizure under this section subject to the modification that sub-section (5) of section 165 of the said Code shall have effect as if for the word "Magistrate", wherever it occurs, the word "Commissioner" were substituted.
- (11) Where the proper officer has reasons to believe that any person has evaded or is attempting to evade the payment of any tax, he may, for reasons to be recorded in writing, seize the accounts, registers or documents of such person produced before him and shall grant a receipt for the same, and shall retain the same for so long as may be necessary in connection with any proceedings under this Act or the rules made thereunder for prosecution.
- (12) The Commissioner or an officer authorised by him may cause purchase of any goods or services or both by any person authorised by him from the business premises of any taxable person, to check the issue of tax invoices or bills of supply by such taxable person, and on return of goods so purchased by such officer, such taxable person or any person in charge of the business premises shall refund the amount so paid towards the goods after cancelling any tax invoice or bill of supply issued earlier.

A. Section 67 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 67 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017
2.	27/2018 – CT, dt. 13.06.2018	Specified goods which may be disposed off by the proper officer after its seizure
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	15/2017 – CT, dt. 01.07.2017	CGST (Third Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rules 139 to 141
2.	27/2017 – CT, dt. 30.08.17 read with No. 3/2018 – CT, dt. 23.01.2018; 12/2018 – CT, dt. 07.03.18; 15/2018 – CT, dt. 23.03.18	Rules 138B and 138C were inserted vide N. No. 27/2017-CT, dt. 30.08.2017. These rules were substituted vide N. No. 3/2018-CT, dt. 23.01.2018 and then vide N. No. 12/2018-CT, dt. 07.03.2018 before coming into force. These Rules came into force w.e.f. 01.04.2018 vide N. No. 15/2018-CT, dt. 23.03.18
3.	28/2018 – CT, dt. 19.06.2018	CGST (Sixth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rule 138C
4.	16/2020 – CT, dt. 23.03.2020	CGST (Third Amendment) Rules, 2020 – Amending Rule 141
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	03/2017 – GST, dt. 05.07.2017	Proper officer relating to provisions other than Registration and Composition under CGST Act, 2017
F. Instructions		
S.No.	Instructions /Date	Contents
1.	04/2019-20 [GST-Investigation-Seizure], dt. 09.12.2019	Judgement of Hon'ble Supreme Court in the case of state of Uttar Pradesh & Ors vs. M/s. Kay Pan Fragrance Pvt. Ltd. in Civil Appeal No. 8942/2019 & 8944/2019

2.	<i>01/2020-21 [GST-Investigation-DGOV Ref], dt. 02.02.2021 read with Corrigendum, dt. 14.09.2021</i>	<i>Instructions/Guidelines regarding procedures to be followed during Search Operation</i>
3.	<i>01/2021-22 (GST-Investigation), dt. 26.04.2021</i>	<i>Reporting of major cases of GST evasion</i>
4.	<i>02/2021-22 [GST-Investigation-ISP], dt. 16.08.2021</i>	<i>Protocol for sharing of information by Law and Enforcement Agencies & Department with Central Economic Intelligence Bureau</i>
5.	<i>01/2023-24-[GST-INV], dt. 30.03.2024</i>	<i>Guidelines for CGST field formations in maintaining ease of doing business while engaging in investigation with regular taxpayers</i>

68. Inspection of goods in movement.

- (1) The Government may require the person in charge of a conveyance carrying any consignment of goods of value exceeding such amount as may be specified to carry with him such documents and such devices as may be prescribed.
- (2) The details of documents required to be carried under sub-section (1) shall be validated in such manner as may be prescribed.
- (3) Where any conveyance referred to in sub-section (1) is intercepted by the proper officer at any place, he may require the person in charge of the said conveyance to produce the documents prescribed under the said sub-section and devices for verification, and the said person shall be liable to produce the documents and devices and also allow the inspection of goods.

A. Section 68 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
Rule 55	<i>Transportation of goods without issue of invoice</i>	<i>Nil</i>
Rule 55A	<i>Tax Invoice or bill of supply to accompany transport of goods</i>	<i>Nil</i>
Rule 138	<i>Information to be furnished prior to commencement of movement of goods and generation of e-way bill</i>	<i>Forms GST EWB-01, EWB-02, GSTR-1</i>
Rule 138A	<i>Documents and devices to be carried by a person-in-charge of a conveyance</i>	<i>Forms GST EWB-01, INV-01</i>
Rule 138B	<i>Verification of documents and conveyances</i>	<i>Nil</i>
Rule 138C	<i>Inspection and verification of goods</i>	<i>Form GST EWB-03</i>
Rule 138D	<i>Facility for uploading information regarding detention of vehicle</i>	<i>Form GST EWB-04</i>
Rule 138E	<i>Restriction on furnishing of information in PART A of Form GST EWB-01</i>	<i>Form GST EWB-01</i>

<i>Rule 138F</i>	<i>Information to be furnished in case of intra-State movement of gold, precious stones, etc. and generation of e-way bills thereof</i>	<i>Form GST EWB-01</i>
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 68 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017
2.	14/2021 – CT, dt. 01.05.2021	Extends specified compliances falling between 15.04.2021 to 30.05.2021 till 31.05.2021 in exercise of powers under section 168A of CGST Act
3.	24/2021 – CT, dt. 01.06.2021	Amends N. No. 14/2021 – CT in order to extend due date of compliances which fall during the period from “15.04.2021 to 29.06.2021” till 30.06.2021
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	10/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rules 55 and 138
2.	27/2017 – CT, dt. 30.08.2017	CGST (Sixth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 138, Inserting Rules 138A to 138D and Forms EWB-01 to EWB-04 and INV-01
3.	34/2017 – CT, dt. 15.09.2017	CGST (Seventh Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 138 and Form GST EWB-01
4.	74/2017 – CT, dt. 29.12.2017	Notifies the date from which E-Way Bill Rules shall come into force w.e.f. 01.02.2018
5.	03/2018 – CT, dt. 23.01.2018	CGST (Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rule 138, 138A, 138B, Forms GST EWB-01, GST EWB-02
6.	11/2018 – CT, dt. 02.03.2018	74/2017 – CT, dt. 29.12.2017 rescinds - Postpones the coming into force of the E-Way Bill Rules
7.	12/2018 – CT, dt. 07.03.2018	CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rule 138 to 138C, Forms GST EWB-01 to EWB-04 and INV-01
8.	14/2018 – CT, dt. 23.03.2018	CGST (Third Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rule 138D
9.	15/2018 – CT, dt. 23.03.2018	Notifies the date from which E-Way Bill Rules shall come into force w.e.f. 01.04.2018
10.	26/2018 – CT, dt. 13.06.2018	CGST (Fifth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rule 138(14)
11.	28/2018 – CT, dt. 19.06.2018	CGST (Sixth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rule 138C
12.	39/2018 – CT, dt. 04.09.2018	CGST (Eighth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rule 138A and Form GST EWB-01

13.	74/2018 – CT, dt. 31.12.2018	<i>CGST (Fourteenth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rule 138 and inserting Rule 138E</i>
14.	22/2019 – CT, dt. 23.04.2019	<i>Notifies the provisions of Rule 138E of the CGST Rules w.e.f. 21.06.2019</i>
15.	25/2019 – CT, dt. 21.06.2019	<i>Extends the date from which the facility of blocking and unblocking on e-way bill facility as per the provision of Rule 138E of CGST Rules, 2017 shall be brought into force to 21.08.2019</i>
16.	31/2019 – CT, dt. 28.06.2019	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Rule 138</i>
17.	33/2019 – CT, dt. 18.07.2019	<i>CGST (Fifth Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Inserting Forms GST EWB-05, EWB-06 and amending Rule 138E</i>
18.	36/2019 – CT, dt. 20.08.2019	<i>Extends the date from which the facility of blocking and unblocking of e-way bill facility as per the provision of Rule 138E of CGST Rules, 2017 shall be brought into force to 21.11.2019</i>
19.	75/2019 – CT, dt. 26.12.2019	<i>CGST (Ninth Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Rule 138E</i>
20.	02/2020 – CT, dt. 01.01.2020	<i>CGST (Amendment) Rules, 2020 – Amending Form GST INV-01</i>
21.	35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 29.06.2020” till 30.06.2020 and to extend validity of e-way bills</i>
22.	40/2020 – CT, dt. 05.05.2020	<i>Extends the validity of e-way bills till 31.05.2020 for those e-way bills which expire during the period from 20.03.2020 to 15.04.2020 and generated till 24.03.2020</i>
23.	47/2020 – CT, dt. 09.06.2020	<i>Amends N. No. 40/2020 – CT dated 05.05.2020 in respect of extension of validity of e-way bill generated on or before 24.03.2020 (whose validity has expired on or after 20th day of March 2020) till the 30th day of June</i>
24.	55/2020 – CT, dt. 27.06.2020	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 30.08.2020” till 31.08.2020 (Subs. N. No. 35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020)</i>
25.	72/2020 – CT, dt. 30.09.2020	<i>CGST (Eleventh Amendment) Rules, 2020 – Amending Rules 138A</i>
26.	79/2020 – CT, dt. 15.10.2020	<i>CGST (Twelfth Amendment) Rules, 2020 – Amending Rule 138E</i>
27.	94/2020 – CT, dt. 22.12.2020	<i>CGST (Fourteenth Amendment) Rules, 2020 – Amending Rules 138 w.e.f. 01.01.2021 and 138E w.e.f. 22.12.2020</i>
28.	15/2021 – CT, dt. 18.05.2021	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2021 – Amending Rule 138E w.e.f. 18.05.2021</i>

29.	32/2021 – CT, dt. 29.08.2021	<i>CGST (Seventh Amendment) Rules, 2021 – Amending Proviso to Rule 138E w.e.f. 01.05.2021</i>
30.	26/2022 – CT, dt. 26.12.2022	<i>CGST (Fifth Amendment) Rules, 2022 – Amending Rule 138 w.e.f. 26.12.2022</i>
31.	38/2023 – CT, dt. 04.08.2023	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2023 – Inserting Rule 138F w.e.f. 04.08.2023</i>

D. Orders

NIL

E. Circulars

S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	03/2017 – GST, dt. 05.07.2017	<i>Proper officer relating to provisions other than Registration and Composition under CGST Act, 2017</i>
2.	10/2017 – GST, dt. 18.10.2017	<i>Clarification on movement of goods on approval basis</i>
3.	22/2017 – GST, dt. 21.12.2017	<i>Clarification on issues regarding treatment of supply by an artist in various States and supply of goods by artists from galleries</i>
4.	41/2018 – GST, dt. 13.04.2018	<i>Procedure for interception of conveyances for inspection of goods in movement, and detention, release and confiscation of such goods & conveyances</i>
5.	47/2018 – GST, dt. 08.06.2018	<i>Clarifications of certain issues under GST</i>
6.	49/2018 – GST, dt. 21.06.2018	<i>Modification of Circular No. 41/15/2018-GST, dt. 13.04.2018</i>
7.	64/2018 – GST, dt. 14.09.2018	<i>Modification of the procedure for interception of conveyances for inspection of goods in movement, and detention, release and confiscation of such goods and conveyances, as clarified in Circular Nos. 41/15/2018-GST, dt. 13.04.2018 and 49/23/2018-GST, dt. 21.06.2018</i>
8.	76/2018 – GST, dt. 31.12.2018	<i>Who will be considered as the “owner of the goods” for the purposes of section 129(1) of the CGST Act</i>
9.	88/2019 – GST, dt. 01.02.2019	<i>Makes amendments in the earlier issued circulars in wake of amendments in the CGST Act (which shall come into force w.e.f. 01.02.2019) – Regarding Rule 138</i>
10.	136/2020 – GST, dt. 03.04.2020	<i>Clarification in respect of various measures announced by the Government for providing relief to the taxpayers in view of spread of Novel Corona Virus (COVID-19)</i>
11.	160/16/2021 – GST, dt. 20.09.2021	<i>Clarification in respect of certain GST related issues</i>

F. Instructions

NIL

69. Power to arrest.

- (1) Where the Commissioner has reasons to believe that a person has committed any offence specified in clause (a) or clause (b) or clause (c) or clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 132 which is punishable under clause (i) or (ii) of sub-section (1), or sub-section (2) of the said section, he may, by order, authorise any officer of central tax to arrest such person.
- (2) Where a person is arrested under sub-section (1) for an offence specified under sub-section (5) of section 132, the officer authorised to arrest the person shall inform such person of the grounds of arrest and produce him before a Magistrate within twenty-four hours.
- (3) Subject to the provisions of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973, (2 of 1974)—
 - (a) where a person is arrested under sub-section (1) for any offence specified under sub-section (4) of section 132, he shall be admitted to bail or in default of bail, forwarded to the custody of the Magistrate;
 - (b) in the case of a non-cognizable and bailable offence, the Deputy Commissioner or the Assistant Commissioner shall, for the purpose of releasing an arrested person on bail or otherwise, have the same powers and be subject to the same provisions as an officer-in-charge of a police station.

A. Section 69 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>NIL</i>		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 69 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
<i>NIL</i>		
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		
E. Circulars		
<i>NIL</i>		
F. Instructions		
S.No.	Instructions /Date	Contents
1.	01/2019-20 [GST- Investigation-Arrest- caveat], dt. 29.05.2019	<i>Arrest under GST- Filing of Caveat in Hon'ble Supreme Court</i>

2.	02/2019-20 [(GST-Investigation)-Arrest-caveat], dt. 30.05.2019	<i>Direction of Hon'ble Supreme Court in the matter of SLP No. 4322-4324/2019</i>
3.	02/2022-23 (GST-Investigation), dt. 17.08.2022	<i>Guidelines for arrest and bail in relation to offences punishable under the CGST Act, 2017</i>
4.	04/2022-23 (GST-Investigation), dt. 01.09.2022	<i>Guidelines for launching of prosecution under the CGST, 2017</i>

70. Power to summon persons to give evidence and produce documents.

- (1) The proper officer under this Act shall have power to summon any person whose attendance he considers necessary either to give evidence or to produce a document or any other thing in any inquiry in the same manner, as provided in the case of a civil court under the provisions of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (5 of 1908).
- (2) Every such inquiry referred to in sub-section (1) shall be deemed to be a “judicial proceedings” within the meaning of section 193 and section 228 of the Indian Penal Code (45 of 1860).

A. Section 70 - Relevant Rules & Forms			
<i>NIL</i>			
B. Section related Notifications			
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents	
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 70 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>	
C. Rule related Notifications			
<i>NIL</i>			
D. Orders			
<i>NIL</i>			
E. Circulars			
S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents	
1.	03/2017 – GST, dt. 05.07.2017	<i>Proper officer relating to provisions other than Registration and Composition under CGST Act, 2017</i>	
F. Instructions			
S.No.	Instructions/Date	Contents	
1.	03/2022-23 (GST-Investigation), dt. 17.08.2022	<i>Guidelines on issuance of summons under section 70 of the CGST Act, 2017</i>	

2.	<i>01/2023-24-[GST-INV], dt. 30.03.2024</i>	<i>Guidelines for CGST field formations in maintaining ease of doing business while engaging in investigation with regular taxpayers</i>
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71. Access to business premises.

- (1) Any officer under this Act, authorised by the proper officer not below the rank of Joint Commissioner, shall have access to any place of business of a registered person to inspect books of account, documents, computers, computer programs, computer software whether installed in a computer or otherwise and such other things as he may require and which may be available at such place, for the purposes of carrying out any audit, scrutiny, verification and checks as may be necessary to safeguard the interest of revenue.
- (2) Every person in charge of place referred to in sub-section (1) shall, on demand, make available to the officer authorised under sub-section (1) or the audit party deputed by the proper officer or a cost accountant or chartered accountant nominated under section 66—
- (i) such records as prepared or maintained by the registered person and declared to the proper officer in such manner as may be prescribed;
 - (ii) trial balance or its equivalent;
 - (iii) statements of annual financial accounts, duly audited, wherever required;
 - (iv) cost audit report, if any, under section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 (18 of 2013);
 - (v) the income-tax audit report, if any, under section 44AB of the Income-tax Act, 1961; (43 of 1961) and
 - (vi) any other relevant record,

for the scrutiny by the officer or audit party or the chartered accountant or cost accountant within a period not exceeding fifteen working days from the day when such demand is made, or such further period as may be allowed by the said officer or the audit party or the chartered accountant or cost accountant.

A. Section 71 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	<i>09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Brings into force sec 71 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		

<i>E. Circulars</i>		
S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	03/2017 – GST, dt. 05.07.2017	<i>Proper officer relating to provisions other than Registration and Composition under CGST Act, 2017</i>
<i>F. Instructions</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		

72. Officers to assist proper officers.

- (1) All officers of Police, Railways, Customs, and those officers engaged in the collection of land revenue, including village officers, officers of State tax and officers of Union territory tax shall assist the proper officers in the implementation of this Act.
- (2) The Government may, by notification, empower and require any other class of officers to assist the proper officers in the implementation of this Act when called upon to do so by the Commissioner.

<i>A. Section 72 - Relevant Rules & Forms</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		
<i>B. Section related Notifications</i>		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 72 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
<i>C. Rule related Notifications</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		
<i>D. Orders</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		
<i>E. Circulars</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		
<i>F. Instructions</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		

CHAPTER XV

DEMANDS AND RECOVERY

- 73. Determination of tax not paid or short paid or erroneously refunded or input tax credit wrongly availed or utilised for any reason other than fraud or any wilful-misstatement or suppression of facts.**
- (1) Where it appears to the proper officer that any tax has not been paid or short paid or erroneously refunded, or where input tax credit has been wrongly availed or utilised for any reason, other than the reason of fraud or any wilful-misstatement or suppression of facts to evade tax, he shall serve notice on the person chargeable with tax which has not been so paid or which has been so short paid or to whom the refund has erroneously been made, or who has wrongly availed or utilised input tax credit, requiring him to show cause as to why he should not pay the amount specified in the notice along with interest payable thereon under section 50 and a penalty leviable under the provisions of this Act or the rules made thereunder.
- (2) The proper officer shall issue the notice under sub-section (1) at least three months prior to the time limit specified in sub-section (10) for issuance of order.
- (3) Where a notice has been issued for any period under sub-section (1), the proper officer may serve a statement, containing the details of tax not paid or short paid or erroneously refunded or input tax credit wrongly availed or utilised for such periods other than those covered under sub-section (1), on the person chargeable with tax.
- (4) The service of such statement shall be deemed to be service of notice on such person under sub-section (1), subject to the condition that the grounds relied upon for such tax periods other than those covered under sub-section (1) are the same as are mentioned in the earlier notice.
- (5) The person chargeable with tax may, before service of notice under sub-section (1) or, as the case may be, the statement under sub-section (3), pay the amount of tax along with interest payable thereon under section 50 on the basis of his own ascertainment of such tax or the tax as ascertained by the proper officer and inform the proper officer in writing of such payment.
- (6) The proper officer, on receipt of such information, shall not serve any notice under sub-section (1) or, as the case may be, the statement under sub-section (3), in respect of the tax so paid or any penalty payable under the provisions of this Act or the rules made thereunder.
- (7) Where the proper officer is of the opinion that the amount paid under sub-section (5) falls short of the amount actually payable, he shall proceed to issue the notice as provided for in sub-section (1) in respect of such amount which falls short of the amount actually payable.
- (8) Where any person chargeable with tax under sub-section (1) or sub-section (3) pays the said tax along with interest payable under section 50 within thirty days of issue of show cause notice, no penalty shall be payable and all proceedings in respect of the said notice shall be deemed to be concluded.

- (9) The proper officer shall, after considering the representation, if any, made by person chargeable with tax, determine the amount of tax, interest and a penalty equivalent to ten per cent. of tax or ten thousand rupees, whichever is higher, due from such person and issue an order.
- (10) The proper officer shall issue the order under sub-section (9) within three years from the due date for furnishing of annual return for the financial year to which the tax not paid or short paid or input tax credit wrongly availed or utilised relates to or within three years from the date of erroneous refund.
- (11) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (6) or sub-section (8), penalty under sub-section (9) shall be payable where any amount of self-assessed tax or any amount collected as tax has not been paid within a period of thirty days from the due date of payment of such tax.

A. Section 73 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 73 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017
2.	14/2021 – CT, dt. 01.05.2021	Extends specified compliances falling between 15.04.2021 to 30.05.2021 till 31.05.2021 in exercise of powers under section 168A of CGST Act
3.	24/2021 – CT, dt. 01.06.2021	Amends N. No. 14/2021 – CT in order to extend due date of compliances which fall during the period from “15.04.2021 to 29.06.2021” till 30.06.2021
4.	13/2022 – CT, dt. 05.07.2022	Extends dates of specified compliances in exercise of powers under section 168A of CGST Act for adjudication of cases for the years 2017-18, 2018-19 and 2019-20
5.	56/2023 – CT, dt. 28.12.2023	Extends dates of specified compliances in exercise of powers under section 168A of CGST Act for adjudication of cases for the years 2018-19 and 2019-20
B. Section related Notifications		
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	15/2017 – CT, dt. 01.07.2017	CGST (Third Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rule 142
2.	28/2018 – CT, dt. 19.06.2018	CGST (Sixth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rule 142(5)

3.	48/2018 – CT, dt. 10.09.2018	<i>CGST (Ninth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rule 142(5)</i>
4.	60/2018 – CT, dt. 30.10.2018	<i>CGST (Thirteenth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Inserting Rule 142A, Forms GST DRC-07A, DRC-08A and amending Form GST PMT-01</i>
5.	74/2018 – CT, dt. 31.12.2018	<i>CGST (Fourteenth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rule 142(5)</i>
6.	16/2019 – CT, dt. 29.03.2019	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Rule 142, Forms DRC-01, DRC-02, DRC-7, DRC-08</i>
7.	31/2019 – CT, dt. 28.06.2019	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Form GST DRC-03</i>
8.	49/2019 – CT, dt. 09.10.2019	<i>CGST (Sixth Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Inserting Form GST DRC-01A and amending Rule 142</i>
9.	35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 29.06.2020” till 30.06.2020</i>
10.	55/2020 – CT, dt. 27.06.2020	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 30.08.2020” till 31.08.2020 (Subs. N. No. 35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020)</i>
11.	79/2020 – CT, dt. 15.10.2020	<i>CGST (Twelfth Amendment) Rules, 2020 – Amending Rule 142 and Forms GST DRC-01, GST DRC-02, GST DRC-07, GST DRC-08</i>
12.	37/2021 – CT, dt. 01.12.2021	<i>CGST (Ninth Amendment) Rules, 2021 – Amending Form GST DRC-03</i>
13.	40/2021 – CT, dt. 29.12.2021	<i>CGST (Tenth Amendment) Rules, 2021 – Amending Rule 142 w.e.f. 01.01.2022</i>
14.	26/2022 – CT, dt. 26.12.2022	<i>CGST (Fifth Amendment) Rules, 2022 – Amending Form DRC-03 w.e.f. 26.12.2022</i>
15.	52/2023 – CT, dt. 26.10.2023	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2023 – Amending Rule 142 w.e.f. 26.10.2023</i>

D. Orders

S.No.	ROD/Order/Date	Contents
1.	O-2/2019 – GST, dt. 12.03.2019	<i>Appointment of common authority for the purpose of exercise of powers under sections 73, 74, 75 and 76 of the CGST Act</i>

E. Circulars

S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	03/2017 – GST, dt. 05.07.2017	<i>Proper officer relating to provisions other than Registration and Composition under CGST Act, 2017</i>

2.	<i>31/2018 – GST, dt. 09.02.2018</i>	<i>Proper officer under sections 73 and 74 of the CGST Act, and under the IGST Act</i>
3.	<i>76/2018 – GST, dt. 31.12.2018</i>	<i>Leviability of penalty under section 73(11) of the CGST Act</i>
4.	<i>169/01/2022-GST, dt. 12.03.2022</i>	<i>Amendment to Circular No. 31/05/2018-GST, dated 9th February, 2018 on ‘Proper officer under sections 73 and 74 of the Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 and under the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017</i>
5.	<i>171/03/2022-GST, dt. 06.07.2022</i>	<i>Clarification on various issues relating to applicability of demand and penalty provisions under the CGST Act, 2017 in respect of transactions involving fake invoices</i>
6.	<i>187/19/2022-GST, dt. 27.12.2022</i>	<i>Clarification regarding the treatment of statutory dues under GST law in respect of the taxpayers for whom the proceedings have been finalised under Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016</i>

F. Instructions

S.No.	Instructions /Date	Contents
1.	<i>02/2021-22 [GST-Investigation-DR], dt. 22.09.2021</i>	<i>Issuance of SCNS in Time Bound Manner</i>
2.	<i>01/2022-23 (GST-Investigation), dt. 25.05.2022</i>	<i>Deposit of tax during the course of search, inspection or investigation</i>
3.	<i>04/2023-GST, dt. 23.11.2023</i>	<i>Serving of the summary of notice in Form GST DRC-01 and uploading of summary of order in Form GST DRC-07 electronically on the portal by the proper officer</i>
4.	<i>01/2023-24-[GST-INV], dt. 30.03.2024</i>	<i>Guidelines for CGST field formations in maintaining ease of doing business while engaging in investigation with regular taxpayers</i>

74. Determination of tax not paid or short paid or erroneously refunded or input tax credit wrongly availed or utilised by reason of fraud or any wilful-misstatement or suppression of facts.

- (1) Where it appears to the proper officer that any tax has not been paid or short paid or erroneously refunded or where input tax credit has been wrongly availed or utilised by reason of fraud, or any wilful-misstatement or suppression of facts to evade tax, he shall serve notice on the person chargeable with tax which has not been so paid or which has been so short paid or to whom the refund has erroneously been made, or who has wrongly availed or utilised input tax credit, requiring him to show cause as to why he should not pay the amount specified in the notice along with interest payable thereon under section 50 and a penalty equivalent to the tax specified in the notice.

- (2) The proper officer shall issue the notice under sub-section (1) at least six months prior to the time limit specified in sub-section (10) for issuance of order.
- (3) Where a notice has been issued for any period under sub-section (1), the proper officer may serve a statement, containing the details of tax not paid or short paid or erroneously refunded or input tax credit wrongly availed or utilised for such periods other than those covered under sub-section (1), on the person chargeable with tax.
- (4) The service of statement under sub-section (3) shall be deemed to be service of notice under sub-section (1) of section 73, subject to the condition that the grounds relied upon in the said statement, except the ground of fraud, or any wilful-misstatement or suppression of facts to evade tax, for periods other than those covered under sub-section (1) are the same as are mentioned in the earlier notice.
- (5) The person chargeable with tax may, before service of notice under sub-section (1), pay the amount of tax along with interest payable under section 50 and a penalty equivalent to fifteen per cent. of such tax on the basis of his own ascertainment of such tax or the tax as ascertained by the proper officer and inform the proper officer in writing of such payment.
- (6) The proper officer, on receipt of such information, shall not serve any notice under sub-section (1), in respect of the tax so paid or any penalty payable under the provisions of this Act or the rules made thereunder.
- (7) Where the proper officer is of the opinion that the amount paid under sub-section (5) falls short of the amount actually payable, he shall proceed to issue the notice as provided for in sub-section (1) in respect of such amount which falls short of the amount actually payable.
- (8) Where any person chargeable with tax under sub-section (1) pays the said tax along with interest payable under section 50 and a penalty equivalent to twenty-five per cent. of such tax within thirty days of issue of the notice, all proceedings in respect of the said notice shall be deemed to be concluded.
- (9) The proper officer shall, after considering the representation, if any, made by the person chargeable with tax, determine the amount of tax, interest and penalty due from such person and issue an order.
- (10) The proper officer shall issue the order under sub-section (9) within a period of five years from the due date for furnishing of annual return for the financial year to which the tax not paid or short paid or input tax credit wrongly availed or utilised relates to or within five years from the date of erroneous refund.
- (11) Where any person served with an order issued under sub-section (9) pays the tax along with interest payable thereon under section 50 and a penalty equivalent to fifty per cent. of such tax within thirty days of communication of the order, all proceedings in respect of the said notice shall be deemed to be concluded.

Explanation 1.—For the purposes of section 73 and this section,—

- (i) the expression “all proceedings in respect of the said notice” shall not include proceedings under section 132;

- (ii) where the notice under the same proceedings is issued to the main person liable to pay tax and some other persons, and such proceedings against the main person have been concluded under section 73 or section 74, the proceedings against all the persons liable to pay penalty under¹[sections 122 and 125] are deemed to be concluded.

Explanation 2.—For the purposes of this Act, the expression “suppression” shall mean non-declaration of facts or information which a taxable person is required to declare in the return, statement, report or any other document furnished under this Act or the rules made thereunder, or failure to furnish any information on being asked for, in writing, by the proper officer.

A. Section 74 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
Rule 142	<i>Notice and order for demand of amounts payable under the Act</i>	<i>Forms GST DRC-01, DRC-01A, DRC-02, DRC-03, DRC-04, DRC-05, DRC-06, DRC-07, DRC-08</i>
Rule 142A	<i>Procedure for recovery of dues under existing laws</i>	<i>Forms GST DRC-07A, DRC-08A, PMT-01</i>
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	<i>09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Brings into force sec 74 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	<i>Finance Act, 2021 (Act No. 13 of 2021), dt. 28.03.2021 read with N. No. 39/2021 – CT, dt. 21.12.2021</i>	<i>Amends clause (ii) of the Explanation 1 of sec 74 of the CGST Act - w.e.f. 01.01.2022</i>
3.	<i>14/2021 – CT, dt. 01.05.2021</i>	<i>Extends specified compliances falling between 15.04.2021 to 30.05.2021 till 31.05.2021 in exercise of powers under section 168A of CGST Act</i>
4.	<i>24/2021 – CT, dt. 01.06.2021</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 14/2021 – CT in order to extend due date of compliances which fall during the period from “15.04.2021 to 29.06.2021” till 30.06.2021</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	<i>15/2017 – CT, dt. 01.07.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Third Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rule 142</i>
2.	<i>28/2018 – CT, dt. 19.06.2018</i>	<i>CGST (Sixth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rule 142(5)</i>
3.	<i>48/2018 – CT, dt. 10.09.2018</i>	<i>CGST (Ninth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rule 142(5)</i>

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.01.2022 by the Finance Act, 2021 (No. 13 of 2021) (s.113) dated 28.03.2021, read with Notification No. 39/2021-CT, dated 21.12.2021, for the words and figures “sections 122, 125, 129 and 130”.

4.	60/2018 – CT, dt. 30.10.2018	<i>CGST (Thirteenth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Inserting Rule 142A, Forms GST DRC-07A, DRC-08A and amending Form GST PMT-01</i>
5.	74/2018 – CT, dt. 31.12.2018	<i>CGST (Fourteenth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rule 142(5)</i>
6.	16/2019 – CT, dt. 29.03.2019	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Rule 142, Forms DRC-1, DRC-2, DRC-7, DRC-8</i>
7.	31/2019 – CT, dt. 28.06.2019	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Form GST DRC-03</i>
8.	49/2019 – CT, dt. 09.10.2019	<i>CGST (Sixth Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Inserting Form GST DRC-01A and amending Rule 142</i>
9.	35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 29.06.2020” till 30.06.2020</i>
10.	55/2020 – CT, dt. 27.06.2020	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 30.08.2020” till 31.08.2020 (Subs. N. No. 35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020)</i>
11.	79/2020 – CT, dt. 15.10.2020	<i>CGST (Twelfth Amendment) Rules, 2020 – Amending Rule 142 and Forms GST DRC-01, GST DRC-02, GST DRC-07, GST DRC-08</i>
12.	37/2021 – CT, dt. 01.12.2021	<i>CGST (Ninth Amendment) Rules, 2021 – Amending Form GST DRC-03</i>
13.	26/2022 – CT, dt. 26.12.2022	<i>CGST (Fifth Amendment) Rules, 2022 – Amending Form DRC-03 w.e.f. 26.12.2022</i>
14.	52/2023 – CT, dt. 26.10.2023	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2023 – Amending Rule 142 w.e.f. 26.10.2023</i>

D. Orders

S.No.	ROD/Order/Date	Contents
1.	O-2/2019 – GST, dt. 12.03.2019	<i>Appointment of common authority for the purpose of exercise of powers under sections 73, 74, 75 and 76 of the CGST Act</i>

E. Circulars

S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	03/2017 – GST, dt. 05.07.2017	<i>Proper officer relating to provisions other than Registration and Composition under CGST Act, 2017</i>
2.	31/2018 – GST, dt. 09.02.2018	<i>Proper officer under sections 73 and 74 of the CGST Act, and under the IGST Act</i>
3.	169/01/2022-GST, dt. 12.03.2022	<i>Amendment to Circular No. 31/05/2018-GST, dated 9th February, 2018 on ‘Proper officer under sections 73 and 74 of the Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 and under the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017</i>

4.	171/03/2022-GST, dt. 06.07.2022	<i>Clarification on various issues relating to applicability of demand and penalty provisions under the CGST Act, 2017 in respect of transactions involving fake invoices</i>
F. Instructions		
S.No.	Instructions /Date	Contents
1.	02/2021-22 [GST-Investigation-DR], dt. 22.09.2021	<i>Issuance of SCNS in Time Bound Manner</i>
2.	01/2022-23 (GST-Investigation), dt. 25.05.2022	<i>Deposit of tax during the course of search, inspection or investigation</i>
3.	04/2023-GST, dt. 23.11.2023	<i>Serving of the summary of notice in Form GST DRC-01 and uploading of summary of order in Form GST DRC-07 electronically on the portal by the proper officer</i>
4.	05/2023-GST, dt. 13.12.2023	<i>Judgment of the Honourable Supreme Court in the case of Northern Operating Systems Private Limited (NOS)</i>
5.	01/2023-24-[GST-INV], dt. 30.03.2024	<i>Guidelines for CGST field formations in maintaining ease of doing business while engaging in investigation with regular taxpayers</i>

75. General provisions relating to determination of tax.

- (1) Where the service of notice or issuance of order is stayed by an order of a court or Appellate Tribunal, the period of such stay shall be excluded in computing the period specified in sub-sections (2) and (10) of section 73 or sub-sections (2) and (10) of section 74, as the case may be.
- (2) Where any Appellate Authority or Appellate Tribunal or court concludes that the notice issued under sub-section (1) of section 74 is not sustainable for the reason that the charges of fraud or any wilful-misstatement or suppression of facts to evade tax has not been established against the person to whom the notice was issued, the proper officer shall determine the tax payable by such person, deeming as if the notice were issued under sub-section (1) of section 73.
- (3) Where any order is required to be issued in pursuance of the direction of the Appellate Authority or Appellate Tribunal or a court, such order shall be issued within two years from the date of communication of the said direction.
- (4) An opportunity of hearing shall be granted where a request is received in writing from the person chargeable with tax or penalty, or where any adverse decision is contemplated against such person.
- (5) The proper officer shall, if sufficient cause is shown by the person chargeable with tax, grant time to the said person and adjourn the hearing for reasons to be recorded in writing:

Provided that no such adjournment shall be granted for more than three times to a person during the proceedings.

- (6) The proper officer, in his order, shall set out the relevant facts and the basis of his decision.
 - (7) The amount of tax, interest and penalty demanded in the order shall not be in excess of the amount specified in the notice and no demand shall be confirmed on the grounds other than the grounds specified in the notice.
 - (8) Where the Appellate Authority or Appellate Tribunal or court modifies the amount of tax determined by the proper officer, the amount of interest and penalty shall stand modified accordingly, taking into account the amount of tax so modified.
 - (9) The interest on the tax short paid or not paid shall be payable whether or not specified in the order determining the tax liability.
 - (10) The adjudication proceedings shall be deemed to be concluded, if the order is not issued within three years as provided for in sub-section (10) of section 73 or within five years as provided for in sub-section (10) of section 74.
 - (11) An issue on which the Appellate Authority or the Appellate Tribunal or the High Court has given its decision which is prejudicial to the interest of revenue in some other proceedings and an appeal to the Appellate Tribunal or the High Court or the Supreme Court against such decision of the Appellate Authority or the Appellate Tribunal or the High Court is pending, the period spent between the date of the decision of the Appellate Authority and that of the Appellate Tribunal or the date of decision of the Appellate Tribunal and that of the High Court or the date of the decision of the High Court and that of the Supreme Court shall be excluded in computing the period referred to in sub-section (10) of section 73 or sub-section (10) of section 74 where proceedings are initiated by way of issue of a show cause notice under the said sections.
 - (12) Notwithstanding anything contained in section 73 or section 74, where any amount of self-assessed tax in accordance with a return furnished under section 39 remains unpaid, either wholly or partly, or any amount of interest payable on such tax remains unpaid, the same shall be recovered under the provisions of section 79.
- ¹[Explanation.—For the purposes of this sub-section, the expression “self-assessed tax” shall include the tax payable in respect of details of outward supplies furnished under section 37, but not included in the return furnished under section 39.]
- (13) Where any penalty is imposed under section 73 or section 74, no penalty for the same act or omission shall be imposed on the same person under any other provision of this Act.

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 01.01.2022 by the Finance Act, 2021 (No. 13 of 2021) (s.114) dated 28.03.2021, read with Notification No. 39/2021-CT, dated 21.12.2021.

A. Section 75 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
Rule 142B		<i>Intimation of certain amounts liable to be recovered under section 79 of the Act</i>
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 75 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	Finance Act, 2021 (Act No. 13 of 2021), dt. 28.03.2021 read with N. No. 39/2021 – CT, dt. 21.12.2021	<i>Inserts Explanation to sub-sec (12) of 75 of the CGST Act - w.e.f. 01.01.2022</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	38/2023 – CT, dt. 04.08.2023	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2023 – Inserting Rule 142B and Form GST DRC-01D w.e.f. 04.08.2023</i>
D. Orders		
S.No.	ROD/Order/Date	Contents
1.	O-2/2019 – GST, dt. 12.03.2019	<i>Appointment of common authority for the purpose of exercise of powers under sections 73, 74, 75 and 76 of the CGST Act</i>
E. Circulars		
S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	185/17/2022-GST, dt. 27.12.2022	<i>Clarification with regard to applicability of provisions of section 75(2) of Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 and its effect on limitation</i>
F. Instructions		
S.No.	Instructions /Date	Contents
1.	01/2022-GST, dt. 07.01.2022	<i>Guidelines for recovery under section 79 for cases covered under explanation to Section 75(12) of the CGST Act, 2017</i>

76. Tax collected but not paid to Government.

- (1) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in any order or direction of any Appellate Authority or Appellate Tribunal or court or in any other provisions of this Act or the rules made thereunder or any other law for the time being in force, every person who has collected from any other person any amount as representing the tax under this Act, and has not paid the said amount to the Government, shall forthwith pay the said amount to the Government, irrespective of whether the supplies in respect of which such amount was collected are taxable or not.

- (2) Where any amount is required to be paid to the Government under sub-section (1), and which has not been so paid, the proper officer may serve on the person liable to pay such amount a notice requiring him to show cause as to why the said amount as specified in the notice, should not be paid by him to the Government and why a penalty equivalent to the amount specified in the notice should not be imposed on him under the provisions of this Act.
- (3) The proper officer shall, after considering the representation, if any, made by the person on whom the notice is served under sub-section (2), determine the amount due from such person and thereupon such person shall pay the amount so determined.
- (4) The person referred to in sub-section (1) shall in addition to paying the amount referred to in sub-section (1) or sub-section (3) also be liable to pay interest thereon at the rate specified under section 50 from the date such amount was collected by him to the date such amount is paid by him to the Government.
- (5) An opportunity of hearing shall be granted where a request is received in writing from the person to whom the notice was issued to show cause.
- (6) The proper officer shall issue an order within one year from the date of issue of the notice.
- (7) Where the issuance of order is stayed by an order of the court or Appellate Tribunal, the period of such stay shall be excluded in computing the period of one year.
- (8) The proper officer, in his order, shall set out the relevant facts and the basis of his decision.
- (9) The amount paid to the Government under sub-section (1) or sub-section (3) shall be adjusted against the tax payable, if any, by the person in relation to the supplies referred to in sub-section (1).
- (10) Where any surplus is left after the adjustment under sub-section (9), the amount of such surplus shall either be credited to the Fund or refunded to the person who has borne the incidence of such amount.
- (11) The person who has borne the incidence of the amount, may apply for the refund of the same in accordance with the provisions of section 54.

A. Section 76 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
Rule 142	Notice and order for demand of amounts payable under the Act	Forms GST DRC-01, DRC-01A, DRC-02, DRC-03, DRC-04, DRC-05, DRC-06, DRC-07, DRC-08
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 76 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017

C. Rule related Notifications		
S.No.	Date	Contents
1.	15/2017 – CT, dt. 01.07.2017	<i>CGST (Third Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rule 142</i>
2.	28/2018 – CT, dt. 19.06.2018	<i>CGST (Sixth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rule 142(5)</i>
3.	48/2018 – CT, dt. 10.09.2018	<i>CGST (Ninth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rule 142(5)</i>
4.	74/2018 – CT, dt. 31.12.2018	<i>CGST (Fourteenth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rule 142(5)</i>
5.	16/2019 – CT, dt. 29.03.2019	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Rule 142, Forms DRC-1, DRC-2, DRC-7, DRC-8</i>
6.	31/2019 – CT, dt. 28.06.2019	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Form GST DRC-03</i>
7.	49/2019 – CT, dt. 09.10.2019	<i>CGST (Sixth Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Inserting Form GST DRC-01A and amending Rule 142</i>
8.	26/2022 – CT, dt. 26.12.2022	<i>CGST (Fifth Amendment) Rules, 2022 – Amending Form DRC-03 w.e.f. 26.12.2022</i>
D. Orders		
S.No.	ROD/Order/Date	Contents
1.	O-2/2019 – GST, dt. 12.03.2019	<i>Appointment of common authority for the purpose of exercise of powers under sections 73, 74, 75 and 76 of the CGST Act</i>
E. Circulars		
S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	03/2017 – GST, dt. 05.07.2017	<i>Proper officer relating to provisions other than Registration and Composition under CGST Act, 2017</i>
F. Instructions		
NIL		

77. Tax wrongfully collected and paid to Central Government or State Government.

- (1) A registered person who has paid the Central tax and State tax or, as the case may be, the Central tax and the Union territory tax on a transaction considered by him to be an intra-State supply, but which is subsequently held to be an inter-State supply, shall be refunded the amount of taxes so paid in such manner and subject to such conditions as may be prescribed.
- (2) A registered person who has paid integrated tax on a transaction considered by him to be an inter-State supply, but which is subsequently held to be an intra-State supply, shall not be required to pay any interest on the amount of central tax and State tax or, as the case may be, the Central tax and the Union territory tax payable.

A. Section 77 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
Rule 89	<i>Application for refund of tax, interest, penalty, fees or any other amount</i>	<i>Forms GST RFD-01, RFD-01A, GSTR-4, GSTR-7</i>
Rule 90	<i>Acknowledgement</i>	<i>Forms GST RFD-02, RFD-03</i>
Rule 92	<i>Order sanctioning refund</i>	<i>Forms GST RFD-01B, RFD-05 to RFD-09</i>
Rule 97A	<i>Manual filing and processing</i>	<i>Form GST RFD-01A, RFD-01B</i>
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	<i>Notification/Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	<i>09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Brings into force sec 77 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	<i>14/2021 – CT, dt. 01.05.2021</i>	<i>Extends specified compliances falling between 15.04.2021 to 30.05.2021 till 31.05.2021 in exercise of powers under section 168A of CGST Act</i>
3.	<i>24/2021 – CT, dt. 01.06.2021</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 14/2021 – CT in order to extend due date of compliances which fall during the period from “15.04.2021 to 29.06.2021” till 30.06.2021</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	<i>10/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rules 89, 90 and 92</i>
2.	<i>17/2017 – CT, dt. 27.07.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 89</i>
3.	<i>27/2017 – CT, dt. 30.08.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Sixth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Form GST RFD-01</i>
4.	<i>47/2017 – CT, dt. 18.10.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Tenth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rules 89, and Form GST RFD-01</i>
5.	<i>55/2017 – CT, dt. 15.11.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Twelfth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rule 97A</i>
6.	<i>70/2017 – CT, dt. 21.12.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Thirteenth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Forms GST RFD-01, RFD-01A</i>
7.	<i>75/2017 – CT, dt. 29.12.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Fourteenth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 89</i>
8.	<i>03/2018 – CT, dt. 23.01.2018</i>	<i>CGST (First Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rule 89</i>
9.	<i>12/2018 – CT, dt. 07.03.2018</i>	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Forms GST RFD-01, RFD-01A</i>
10.	<i>21/2018 – CT, dt. 18.04.2018</i>	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rule 89</i>

11.	26/2018 – CT, dt. 13.06.2018	<i>CGST (Fifth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rule 89</i>
12.	39/2018 – CT, dt. 04.09.2018	<i>CGST (Eighth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rule 89</i>
13.	74/2018 – CT, dt. 31.12.2018	<i>CGST (Fourteenth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rules 89, 97A, Forms GST RFD-01, RFD-01A</i>
14.	03/2019 – CT, dt. 29.01.2019	<i>CGST (First Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Rules 89, 92, Forms GSTR-4, GST RFD-01, GST RFD-01A</i>
15.	31/2019 – CT, dt. 28.06.2019 read with 42/2019 – CT, dt. 24.09.2019	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Rules 91, 92 and Form GST RFD-05 (w.e.f. 24.09.2019), GSTR-4</i>
16.	33/2019 – CT, dt. 18.07.2019	<i>CGST (Fifth Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Forms GST RFD-01, RFD-01A</i>
17.	49/2019 – CT, dt. 09.10.2019	<i>CGST (Sixth Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Rule 92</i>
18.	56/2019 – CT, dt. 14.11.2019	<i>CGST (Seventh Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Forms GST RFD-01</i>
19.	16/2020 – CT, dt. 23.03.2020	<i>CGST (Third Amendment) Rules, 2020 – Amending Rules 89, 92 and RFD-01</i>
20.	35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 29.06.2020” till 30.06.2020</i>
21.	55/2020 – CT, dt. 27.06.2020	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 30.08.2020” till 31.08.2020 (Subs. N. No. 35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020)</i>
22.	35/2021 – CT, dt. 24.09.2021 read with 38/2021 – CT, dt. 21.12.2021	<i>CGST (Eighth Amendment, 2021) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 89(1) w.e.f. 01.01.2022 and Rule 89(1A) w.e.f. 24.09.2021</i>
23.	19/2022 – CT, dt. 28.09.2022	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2022 – Amending Rule 89 w.e.f. 01.10.2022</i>
24.	38/2023 – CT, dt. 04.08.2023	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2023 – Amending Rule 89 and Form GST RFD-01 w.e.f. 04.08.2023</i>
D. Orders		
NIL		

E. Circulars		
S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	162/18/2021-GST, dt. 25.09.2021	<i>Clarification in respect of refund of tax specified in section 77(1) of the CGST Act and section 19(1) of the IGST Act</i>
F. Instructions		
<i>NIL</i>		

78. Initiation of recovery proceedings.

Any amount payable by a taxable person in pursuance of an order passed under this Act shall be paid by such person within a period of three months from the date of service of such order failing which recovery proceedings shall be initiated:

Provided that where the proper officer considers it expedient in the interest of revenue, he may, for reasons to be recorded in writing, require the said taxable person to make such payment within such period less than a period of three months as may be specified by him.

A. Section 78 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>NIL</i>		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 78 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 29.06.2020” till 30.06.2020</i>
3.	55/2020 – CT, dt. 27.06.2020	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 30.08.2020” till 31.08.2020 (Subs. N. No. 35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020)</i>
4.	14/2021 – CT, dt. 01.05.2021	<i>Extends specified compliances falling between 15.04.2021 to 30.05.2021 till 31.05.2021 in exercise of powers under section 168A of CGST Act</i>
5.	24/2021 – CT, dt. 01.06.2021	<i>Amends N. No. 14/2021 – CT in order to extend due date of compliances which fall during the period from “15.04.2021 to 29.06.2021” till 30.06.2021</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
<i>NIL</i>		
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		

<i>E. Circulars</i>		
S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	03/2017 – GST, dt. 05.07.2017	<i>Proper officer relating to provisions other than Registration and Composition under CGST Act, 2017</i>
<i>F. Instructions</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		

79. Recovery of tax.

- (1) Where any amount payable by a person to the Government under any of the provisions of this Act or the rules made thereunder is not paid, the proper officer shall proceed to recover the amount by one or more of the following modes, namely:—
- (a) the proper officer may deduct or may require any other specified officer to deduct the amount so payable from any money owing to such person which may be under the control of the proper officer or such other specified officer;
 - (b) the proper officer may recover or may require any other specified officer to recover the amount so payable by detaining and selling any goods belonging to such person which are under the control of the proper officer or such other specified officer;
 - (c)
 - (i) the proper officer may, by a notice in writing, require any other person from whom money is due or may become due to such person or who holds or may subsequently hold money for or on account of such person, to pay to the Government either forthwith upon the money becoming due or being held, or within the time specified in the notice not being before the money becomes due or is held, so much of the money as is sufficient to pay the amount due from such person or the whole of the money when it is equal to or less than that amount;
 - (ii) every person to whom the notice is issued under sub-clause (i) shall be bound to comply with such notice, and in particular, where any such notice is issued to a post office, banking company or an insurer, it shall not be necessary to produce any pass book, deposit receipt, policy or any other document for the purpose of any entry, endorsement or the like being made before payment is made, notwithstanding any rule, practice or requirement to the contrary;
 - (iii) in case the person to whom a notice under sub-clause (i) has been issued, fails to make the payment in pursuance thereof to the Government, he shall be deemed to be a defaulter in respect of the amount specified in the notice and all the consequences of this Act or the rules made thereunder shall follow;
 - (iv) the officer issuing a notice under sub-clause (i) may, at any time, amend or revoke such notice or extend the time for making any payment in pursuance of the notice;

- (v) any person making any payment in compliance with a notice issued under sub-clause (i) shall be deemed to have made the payment under the authority of the person in default and such payment being credited to the Government shall be deemed to constitute a good and sufficient discharge of the liability of such person to the person in default to the extent of the amount specified in the receipt;
 - (vi) any person discharging any liability to the person in default after service on him of the notice issued under sub-clause (i) shall be personally liable to the Government to the extent of the liability discharged or to the extent of the liability of the person in default for tax, interest and penalty, whichever is less;
 - (vii) where a person on whom a notice is served under sub-clause (i) proves to the satisfaction of the officer issuing the notice that the money demanded or any part thereof was not due to the person in default or that he did not hold any money for or on account of the person in default, at the time the notice was served on him, nor is the money demanded or any part thereof, likely to become due to the said person or be held for or on account of such person, nothing contained in this section shall be deemed to require the person on whom the notice has been served to pay to the Government any such money or part thereof;
- (d) the proper officer may, in accordance with the rules to be made in this behalf, distrain any movable or immovable property belonging to or under the control of such person, and detain the same until the amount payable is paid; and in case, any part of the said amount payable or of the cost of the distress or keeping of the property, remains unpaid for a period of thirty days next after any such distress, may cause the said property to be sold and with the proceeds of such sale, may satisfy the amount payable and the costs including cost of sale remaining unpaid and shall render the surplus amount, if any, to such person;
- (e) the proper officer may prepare a certificate signed by him specifying the amount due from such person and send it to the Collector of the district in which such person owns any property or resides or carries on his business or to any officer authorised by the Government and the said Collector or the said officer, on receipt of such certificate, shall proceed to recover from such person the amount specified thereunder as if it were an arrear of land revenue;
- (f) Notwithstanding anything contained in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973, (2 of 1974) the proper officer may file an application to the appropriate Magistrate and such Magistrate shall proceed to recover from such person the amount specified thereunder as if it were a fine imposed by him.
- (2) Where the terms of any bond or other instrument executed under this Act or any rules or regulations made thereunder provide that any amount due under such instrument may be recovered in the manner laid down in sub-section (1), the amount may, without prejudice to any other mode of recovery, be recovered in accordance with the provisions of that sub-section.

- (3) Where any amount of tax, interest or penalty is payable by a person to the Government under any of the provisions of this Act or the rules made thereunder and which remains unpaid, the proper officer of State tax or Union territory tax, during the course of recovery of said tax arrears, may recover the amount from the said person as if it were an arrear of State tax or Union territory tax and credit the amount so recovered to the account of the Government.
- (4) Where the amount recovered under sub-section (3) is less than the amount due to the Central Government and State Government, the amount to be credited to the account of the respective Governments shall be in proportion to the amount due to each such Government.

¹[Explanation—For the purposes of this section, the word person shall include “distinct persons” as referred to in sub-section (4) or, as the case may be, sub-section (5) of section 25.]

A. Section 79 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
Rule 142A	<i>Procedure for recovery of dues under existing laws</i>	<i>Forms GST DRC-07A, DRC-08A, PMT-01</i>
Rule 142B	<i>Intimation of certain amounts liable to be recovered under section 79 of the Act</i>	<i>Forms GST DRC-01D</i>
Rule 143	<i>Recovery by deduction from any money owed</i>	<i>Form GST DRC-09</i>
Rule 144	<i>Recovery by sale of goods under the control of proper officer</i>	<i>Forms GST DRC-10, DRC-11, DRC-12</i>
Rule 144A	<i>Recovery of penalty by sale of goods or conveyance detained or seized in transit</i>	<i>Forms GST DRC-10, DRC-11, DRC-12</i>
Rule 145	<i>Recovery from a third person</i>	<i>Forms GST DRC-13, DRC-14</i>
Rule 146	<i>Recovery through execution of a decree, etc.</i>	<i>Form GST DRC-15</i>
Rule 147	<i>Recovery by sale of movable or immovable property</i>	<i>Forms GST DRC-11, DRC-12, DRC-16, DRC-17</i>
Rule 148	<i>Prohibition against bidding or purchase by officer</i>	<i>Nil</i>
Rule 149	<i>Prohibition against sale on holidays</i>	<i>Nil</i>
Rule 150	<i>Assistance by police</i>	<i>Nil</i>
Rule 151	<i>Attachment of debts and shares, etc.</i>	<i>Form GST DRC-16</i>
Rule 152	<i>Attachment of property in custody of courts or Public Officer</i>	<i>Nil</i>
Rule 153	<i>Attachment of interest in partnership</i>	<i>Nil</i>

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019) by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018.

<i>Rule 154</i>	<i>Disposal of proceeds of sale of goods or conveyance and movable or immovable property</i>	<i>Nil</i>
<i>Rule 155</i>	<i>Recovery through land revenue authority</i>	<i>Form GST DRC-18</i>
<i>Rule 156</i>	<i>Recovery through court</i>	<i>Form GST DRC-19</i>
<i>Rule 157</i>	<i>Recovery from surety</i>	<i>Nil</i>
<i>B. Section related Notifications</i>		
<i>S.No.</i>	<i>Notification/Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	<i>09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Brings into force sec 79 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	<i>CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018 (31 of 2018), dt. 29.08.2018 read with N. No. 02/2019 – CT, dt. 29.01.2019</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 79 w.e.f. 01.02.2019</i>
<i>C. Rule related Notifications</i>		
1.	<i>15/2017 – CT, dt. 01.07.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Third Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rules 143 to 157</i>
2.	<i>60/2018 – CT, dt. 30.10.2018</i>	<i>CGST (Thirteenth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Inserting Rule 142A and Forms GST DRC-07A, DRC-08A</i>
3.	<i>79/2020 – CT, dt. 15.10.2020</i>	<i>CGST (Twelfth Amendment) Rules, 2020 – Amending Form GST DRC-09</i>
4.	<i>40/2021 – CT, dt. 29.12.2021</i>	<i>CGST (Tenth Amendment) Rules, 2021 – Inserting Rule 144A, Amending Rule 154, Forms GST DRC-10, DRC-11 and DRC-12 w.e.f. 01.01.2022</i>
5.	<i>38/2023 – CT, dt. 04.08.2023</i>	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2023 – Inserting Rule 142B and Form GST DRC-01D w.e.f. 04.08.2023</i>
<i>D. Orders</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		
<i>E. Circulars</i>		
<i>S.No.</i>	<i>Circular/Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	<i>03/2017 – GST, dt. 05.07.2017</i>	<i>Proper officer relating to provisions other than Registration and Composition under CGST Act, 2017</i>
2.	<i>42/2018 – GST, dt. 13.04.2018</i>	<i>Procedure for recovery of arrears under the existing law and reversal of inadmissible input tax credit</i>
<i>F. Instructions</i>		
<i>S.No.</i>	<i>Instructions /Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	<i>01/2022-GST, dt. 07.01.2022</i>	<i>Guidelines for recovery under section 79 for cases covered under explanation to Section 75(12) of the CGST Act, 2017</i>

2.	01/2024-GST, dt. 30.05.2024	<i>Guidelines for initiation of recovery proceedings before three months from the date of service of demand order</i>
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80. Payment of tax and other amount in instalments.

On an application filed by a taxable person, the Commissioner may, for reasons to be recorded in writing, extend the time for payment or allow payment of any amount due under this Act, other than the amount due as per the liability self-assessed in any return, by such person in monthly instalments not exceeding twenty four, subject to payment of interest under section 50 and subject to such conditions and limitations as may be prescribed:

Provided that where there is default in payment of any one instalment on its due date, the whole outstanding balance payable on such date shall become due and payable forthwith and shall, without any further notice being served on the person, be liable for recovery.

A. Section 80 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
Rule 158	Payment of tax and other amounts in instalments	Forms GST DRC-20, DRC-21
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 80 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	15/2017 – CT, dt. 01.07.2017	CGST (Third Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rule 158
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
NIL		
F. Instructions		
NIL		

81. Transfer of property to be void in certain cases.

Where a person, after any amount has become due from him, creates a charge on or parts with the property belonging to him or in his possession by way of sale, mortgage, exchange, or any other mode of transfer whatsoever of any of his properties in favour of any other person with the intention of defrauding the Government revenue, such charge or transfer shall be void as against any claim in respect of any tax or any other sum payable by the said person:

Provided that, such charge or transfer shall not be void if it is made for adequate consideration, in good faith and without notice of the pendency of such proceedings under this Act or without notice of such tax or other sum payable by the said person, or with the previous permission of the proper officer.

A. Section 81 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 81 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	03/2017 – GST, dt. 05.07.2017	Proper officer relating to provisions other than Registration and Composition under CGST Act, 2017
F. Instructions		
NIL		

82. Tax to be first charge on property.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in any law for the time being in force, save as otherwise provided in the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016, (31 of 2016) any amount payable by a taxable person or any other person on account of tax, interest or penalty which he is liable to pay to the Government shall be a first charge on the property of such taxable person or such person.

A. Section 82 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 82 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		

<i>E. Circulars</i>
<i>NIL</i>
<i>F. Instructions</i>
<i>NIL</i>

83. Provisional attachment to protect revenue in certain cases.

- ¹[(1) Where, after the initiation of any proceeding under Chapter XII, Chapter XIV or Chapter XV, the Commissioner is of the opinion that for the purpose of protecting the interest of the Government revenue it is necessary so to do, he may, by order in writing, attach provisionally, any property, including bank account, belonging to the taxable person or any person specified in sub-section (1A) of section 122, in such manner as may be prescribed.]
- (2) Every such provisional attachment shall cease to have effect after the expiry of a period of one year from the date of the order made under sub-section (1).

<i>A. Section 83 - Relevant Rules & Forms</i>		
<i>Rule 159</i>	<i>Provisional attachment of property</i>	<i>Forms GST DRC-22, DRC-22A, DRC-23</i>
<i>B. Section related Notifications</i>		
<i>S.No.</i>	<i>Notification/Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	<i>09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Brings into force sec 83 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	<i>Finance Act, 2021 (Act No. 13 of 2021), dt. 28.03.2021 read with N. No. 39/2021 – CT, dt. 21.12.2021</i>	<i>Substitutes sub-sec (1) of sec 83 of the CGST Act - w.e.f. 01.01.2022</i>
<i>C. Rule related Notifications</i>		
1.	<i>15/2017 – CT, dt. 01.07.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Third Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rule 159</i>
2.	<i>40/2021 – CT, dt. 29.12.2021</i>	<i>CGST (Tenth Amendment) Rules, 2021 – Amending Rule 159, Forms GST DRC-22, DRC-23 and inserting Form GST DRC-22A w.e.f. 01.01.2022</i>

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.01.2022 by the Finance Act, 2021 (No. 13 of 2021) (s.115) dated 28.03.2021, read with Notification No. 39/2021-CT, dated 21.12.2021. Formerly it read as:

“(1) Where during the pendency of any proceedings under section 62 or section 63 or section 64 or section 67 or section 73 or section 74, the Commissioner is of the opinion that for the purpose of protecting the interest of the Government revenue, it is necessary so to do, he may, by order in writing attach provisionally any property, including bank account, belonging to the taxable person in such manner as may be prescribed.”.

3.	52/2023 – CT, dt. 26.10.2023	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2023 – Amending Rule 159 and Form GST DRC-22 w.e.f. 26.10.2023</i>
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
S.No.	<i>Circular/Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	129/2019 – GST, dt. 24.12.2019	<i>Standard Operating Procedure to be followed in case of non-filers of returns</i>
F. Instructions		
S.No.	<i>Instructions /Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	23.02.2021	<i>Guidelines for provisional attachment of property under section 83 of the CGST Act, 2017</i>

84. Continuation and validation of certain recovery proceedings.

Where any notice of demand in respect of any tax, penalty, interest or any other amount payable under this Act, (hereafter in this section referred to as “Government dues”), is served upon any taxable person or any other person and any appeal or revision application is filed or any other proceedings is initiated in respect of such Government dues, then—

- (a) where such Government dues are enhanced in such appeal, revision or other proceedings, the Commissioner shall serve upon the taxable person or any other person another notice of demand in respect of the amount by which such Government dues are enhanced and any recovery proceedings in relation to such Government dues as are covered by the notice of demand served upon him before the disposal of such appeal, revision or other proceedings may, without the service of any fresh notice of demand, be continued from the stage at which such proceedings stood immediately before such disposal;
- (b) where such Government dues are reduced in such appeal, revision or in other proceedings—
 - (i) it shall not be necessary for the Commissioner to serve upon the taxable person a fresh notice of demand;
 - (ii) the Commissioner shall give intimation of such reduction to him and to the appropriate authority with whom recovery proceedings is pending;
 - (iii) any recovery proceedings initiated on the basis of the demand served upon him prior to the disposal of such appeal, revision or other proceedings may be continued in relation to the amount so reduced from the stage at which such proceedings stood immediately before such disposal.

A. Section 84 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>Rule 161 Continuation of certain recovery proceedings</i>		<i>Form GST DRC-25</i>
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	<i>09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Brings into force sec 84 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	<i>15/2017 – CT, dt. 01.07.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Third Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rule 161</i>
2.	<i>79/2020 – CT, dt. 15.10.2020</i>	<i>CGST (Twelfth Amendment) Rules, 2020 – Amending Form GST DRC-25</i>
3.	<i>26/2022 – CT, dt. 26.12.2022</i>	<i>CGST (Fifth Amendment) Rules, 2022 – Amending Rule 161 and Form DRC-25 w.e.f. 26.12.2022</i>
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		
E. Circulars		
S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	<i>187/19/2022-GST, dt. 27.12.2022</i>	<i>Clarification regarding the treatment of statutory dues under GST law in respect of the taxpayers for whom the proceedings have been finalised under Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016</i>
F. Instructions		
<i>NIL</i>		

CHAPTER XVI

LIABILITY TO PAY IN CERTAIN CASES

85. Liability in case of transfer of business.

- (1) Where a taxable person, liable to pay tax under this Act, transfers his business in whole or in part, by sale, gift, lease, leave and license, hire or in any other manner whatsoever, the taxable person and the person to whom the business is so transferred shall, jointly and severally, be liable wholly or to the extent of such transfer, to pay the tax, interest or any penalty due from the taxable person upto the time of such transfer, whether such tax, interest or penalty has been determined before such transfer, but has remained unpaid or is determined thereafter.
- (2) Where the transferee of a business referred to in sub-section (1) carries on such business either in his own name or in some other name, he shall be liable to pay tax on the supply of goods or services or both effected by him with effect from the date of such transfer and shall, if he is a registered person under this Act, apply within the prescribed time for amendment of his certificate of registration.

A. Section 85 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>Rule 19</i>	<i>Amendment of registration</i>	<i>Forms GST REG-14, REG-15</i>
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	<i>09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Brings into force sec 85 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	<i>14/2021 – CT, dt. 01.05.2021</i>	<i>Extends specified compliances falling between 15.04.2021 to 30.05.2021 till 31.05.2021 in exercise of powers under section 168A of CGST Act</i>
3.	<i>24/2021 – CT, dt. 01.06.2021</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 14/2021 – CT in order to extend due date of compliances which fall during the period from “15.04.2021 to 29.06.2021” till 30.06.2021</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	<i>07/2017 – CT, dt. 27.06.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 19</i>
2.	<i>75/2017 – CT, dt. 29.12.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Fourteenth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 19</i>
3.	<i>35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020</i>	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 29.06.2020” till 30.06.2020</i>
4.	<i>55/2020 – CT, dt. 27.06.2020</i>	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 30.08.2020” till 31.08.2020 (Subs. N. No. 35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020)</i>

D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	96/2019 – GST, dt. 28.03.2019	<i>Clarification regarding transfer of input tax credit in case of death of sole proprietor</i>
F. Instructions		
NIL		

86. Liability of agent and principal.

Where an agent supplies or receives any taxable goods on behalf of his principal, such agent and his principal shall, jointly and severally, be liable to pay the tax payable on such goods under this Act.

A. Section 86 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 86 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
NIL		
F. Instructions		
NIL		

87. Liability in case of amalgamation or merger of companies.

- (1) When two or more companies are amalgamated or merged in pursuance of an order of court or of Tribunal or otherwise and the order is to take effect from a date earlier to the date of the order and any two or more of such companies have supplied or received any goods or services or both to or from each other during the period commencing on the date from which the order takes effect till the date of the order, then such transactions of supply and receipt shall be included in the turnover of supply or receipt of the respective companies and they shall be liable to pay tax accordingly.

- (2) Notwithstanding anything contained in the said order, for the purposes of this Act, the said two or more companies shall be treated as distinct companies for the period up to the date of the said order and the registration certificates of the said companies shall be cancelled with effect from the date of the said order.

A. Section 87 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>NIL</i>		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 87 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
<i>NIL</i>		
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		
E. Circulars		
<i>NIL</i>		
F. Instructions		
<i>NIL</i>		

88. Liability in case of company in liquidation.

- (1) When any company is being wound up whether under the orders of a court or Tribunal or otherwise, every person appointed as receiver of any assets of a company (hereafter in this section referred to as the “liquidator”), shall, within thirty days after his appointment, give intimation of his appointment to the Commissioner.
- (2) The Commissioner shall, after making such inquiry or calling for such information as he may deem fit, notify the liquidator within three months from the date on which he receives intimation of the appointment of the liquidator, the amount which in the opinion of the Commissioner would be sufficient to provide for any tax, interest or penalty which is then, or is likely thereafter to become, payable by the company.
- (3) When any private company is wound up and any tax, interest or penalty determined under this Act on the company for any period, whether before or in the course of or after its liquidation, cannot be recovered, then every person who was a director of such company at any time during the period for which the tax was due shall, jointly and severally, be liable for the payment of such tax, interest or penalty, unless he proves to the satisfaction of the Commissioner that such non-recovery cannot be attributed to any gross neglect, misfeasance or breach of duty on his part in relation to the affairs of the company.

A. Section 88 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>Rule 160 Recovery from company in liquidation</i>		<i>Form GST DRC-24</i>
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	<i>09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Brings into force sec 88 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	<i>15/2017 – CT, dt. 01.07.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Third Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rule 160</i>
2.	<i>79/2020 – CT, dt. 15.10.2020</i>	<i>CGST (Twelfth Amendment) Rules, 2020 – Amending Form GST DRC-24</i>
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		
E. Circulars		
<i>NIL</i>		
F. Instructions		
<i>NIL</i>		

89. Liability of directors of private company.

- (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in the Companies Act, 2013, (18 of 2013) where any tax, interest or penalty due from a private company in respect of any supply of goods or services or both for any period cannot be recovered, then, every person who was a director of the private company during such period shall, jointly and severally, be liable for the payment of such tax, interest or penalty unless he proves that the non-recovery cannot be attributed to any gross neglect, misfeasance or breach of duty on his part in relation to the affairs of the company.
- (2) Where a private company is converted into a public company and the tax, interest or penalty in respect of any supply of goods or services or both for any period during which such company was a private company cannot be recovered before such conversion, then, nothing contained in sub-section (1) shall apply to any person who was a director of such private company in relation to any tax, interest or penalty in respect of such supply of goods or services or both of such private company:

Provided that nothing contained in this sub-section shall apply to any personal penalty imposed on such director.

A. Section 89 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 89 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
NIL		
F. Instructions		
NIL		

90. Liability of partners of firm to pay tax.

Notwithstanding any contract to the contrary and any other law for the time being in force, where any firm is liable to pay any tax, interest or penalty under this Act, the firm and each of the partners of the firm shall, jointly and severally, be liable for such payment:

Provided that where any partner retires from the firm, he or the firm, shall intimate the date of retirement of the said partner to the Commissioner by a notice in that behalf in writing and such partner shall be liable to pay tax, interest or penalty due up to the date of his retirement whether determined or not, on that date:

Provided further that if no such intimation is given within one month from the date of retirement, the liability of such partner under the first proviso shall continue until the date on which such intimation is received by the Commissioner.

A. Section 90 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 90 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		

D. Orders
NIL
E. Circulars
NIL
F. Instructions
NIL

91. Liability of guardians, trustees, etc.

Where the business in respect of which any tax, interest or penalty is payable under this Act is carried on by any guardian, trustee or agent of a minor or other incapacitated person on behalf of and for the benefit of such minor or other incapacitated person, the tax, interest or penalty shall be levied upon and recoverable from such guardian, trustee or agent in like manner and to the same extent as it would be determined and recoverable from any such minor or other incapacitated person, as if he were a major or capacitated person and as if he were conducting the business himself, and all the provisions of this Act or the rules made thereunder shall apply accordingly.

A. Section 91 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 91 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
NIL		
F. Instructions		
NIL		

92. Liability of Court of Wards, etc.

Where the estate or any portion of the estate of a taxable person owning a business in respect of which any tax, interest or penalty is payable under this Act is under the control of the Court of Wards, the Administrator General, the Official Trustee or any receiver or manager (including any person, whatever be his designation, who in fact manages the business) appointed by or under any order of a court, the tax, interest or penalty shall be levied upon and

be recoverable from such Court of Wards, Administrator General, Official Trustee, receiver or manager in like manner and to the same extent as it would be determined and be recoverable from the taxable person as if he were conducting the business himself, and all the provisions of this Act or the rules made thereunder shall apply accordingly.

A. Section 92 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 92 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
NIL		
F. Instructions		
NIL		

93. Special provisions regarding liability to pay tax, interest or penalty in certain cases.

- (1) Save as otherwise provided in the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016, (31 of 2016) where a person, liable to pay tax, interest or penalty under this Act, dies, then—
 - (a) if a business carried on by the person is continued after his death by his legal representative or any other person, such legal representative or other person, shall be liable to pay tax, interest or penalty due from such person under this Act; and
 - (b) if the business carried on by the person is discontinued, whether before or after his death, his legal representative shall be liable to pay, out of the estate of the deceased, to the extent to which the estate is capable of meeting the charge, the tax, interest or penalty due from such person under this Act,

whether such tax, interest or penalty has been determined before his death but has remained unpaid or is determined after his death.

- (2) Save as otherwise provided in the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016, (31 of 2016) where a taxable person, liable to pay tax, interest or penalty under this Act, is a Hindu Undivided Family or an association of persons and the property of the Hindu Undivided Family or the association of persons is partitioned amongst the various members or groups of members, then, each member or group of members shall, jointly and severally, be liable to pay the tax, interest or penalty due from the taxable person under

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this Act up to the time of the partition whether such tax, penalty or interest has been determined before partition but has remained unpaid or is determined after the partition.

- (3) Save as otherwise provided in the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016, (31 of 2016) where a taxable person, liable to pay tax, interest or penalty under this Act, is a firm, and the firm is dissolved, then, every person who was a partner shall, jointly and severally, be liable to pay the tax, interest or penalty due from the firm under this Act up to the time of dissolution whether such tax, interest or penalty has been determined before the dissolution, but has remained unpaid or is determined after dissolution.
- (4) Save as otherwise provided in the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016, (31 of 2016) where a taxable person liable to pay tax, interest or penalty under this Act,—
- (a) is the guardian of a ward on whose behalf the business is carried on by the guardian; or
 - (b) is a trustee who carries on the business under a trust for a beneficiary,

then, if the guardianship or trust is terminated, the ward or the beneficiary shall be liable to pay the tax, interest or penalty due from the taxable person upto the time of the termination of the guardianship or trust, whether such tax, interest or penalty has been determined before the termination of guardianship or trust but has remained unpaid or is determined thereafter.

A. Section 93 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 93 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	96/2019 – GST, dt. 28.03.2019	Clarification regarding transfer of input tax credit in case of death of sole proprietor
F. Instructions		
NIL		

94. Liability in other cases.

- (1) Where a taxable person is a firm or an association of persons or a Hindu Undivided Family and such firm, association or family has discontinued business—
 - (a) the tax, interest or penalty payable under this Act by such firm, association or family up to the date of such discontinuance may be determined as if no such discontinuance had taken place; and
 - (b) every person who, at the time of such discontinuance, was a partner of such firm, or a member of such association or family, shall, notwithstanding such discontinuance, jointly and severally, be liable for the payment of tax and interest determined and penalty imposed and payable by such firm, association or family, whether such tax and interest has been determined or penalty imposed prior to or after such discontinuance and subject as aforesaid, the provisions of this Act shall, so far as may be, apply as if every such person or partner or member were himself a taxable person.
- (2) Where a change has occurred in the constitution of a firm or an association of persons, the partners of the firm or members of association, as it existed before and as it exists after the reconstitution, shall, without prejudice to the provisions of section 90, jointly and severally, be liable to pay tax, interest or penalty due from such firm or association for any period before its reconstitution.
- (3) The provisions of sub-section (1) shall, so far as may be, apply where the taxable person, being a firm or association of persons is dissolved or where the taxable person, being a Hindu Undivided Family, has effected partition with respect to the business carried on by it and accordingly references in that sub-section to discontinuance shall be construed as reference to dissolution or to partition.

*Explanation.—*For the purposes of this Chapter,—

- (i) a “Limited Liability Partnership” formed and registered under the provisions of the Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008 (6 of 2009) shall also be considered as a firm;
- (ii) “court” means the District Court, High Court or Supreme Court.

A. Section 94 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>NIL</i>		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 94 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
<i>NIL</i>		

D. Orders
<i>NIL</i>
E. Circulars
<i>NIL</i>
F. Instructions
<i>NIL</i>

CHAPTER XVII

ADVANCE RULING

95. Definitions.

In this Chapter, unless the context otherwise requires,—

- (a) “advance ruling” means a decision provided by the Authority or the Appellate Authority [¹] to an applicant on matters or on questions specified in sub-section (2) of section 97 or sub-section (1) of section 100 [²], in relation to the supply of goods or services or both being undertaken or proposed to be undertaken by the applicant;
- (b) “Appellate Authority” means the Appellate Authority for Advance Ruling referred to in section 99;
- (c) “applicant” means any person registered or desirous of obtaining registration under this Act;
- (d) “application” means an application made to the Authority under sub-section (1) of section 97;
- (e) “Authority” means the Authority for Advance Ruling referred to in section 96.
[³]

A. Section 95 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	<i>09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Brings into force sec 95 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	<i>Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (23 of 2019), dt. 01.08.2019</i>	<i>Amendment in clause (a) and inserting clause (f) of sec 95 w.e.f. date to be notified</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		

¹ Ins. by the Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (s.104) dt. 01.08.2019. However, effective date has not been yet notified. After notification, it will read as, “or the National Appellate Authority”.

² Ins. by the Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (s.104) dt. 01.08.2019. However, effective date has not been yet notified. After notification, it will read as, “or of section 101C”.

³ Ins. by the Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (s.104) dt. 01.08.2019. However, effective date has not been yet notified. After notification, it will read as, “(f) National Appellate Authority” means the National Appellate Authority for Advance Ruling referred to in section 101A.”.

<i>E. Circulars</i>
<i>NIL</i>
<i>F. Instructions</i>
<i>NIL</i>

96. Authority for advance ruling.

Subject to the provisions of this Chapter, for the purposes of this Act, the Authority for advance ruling constituted under the provisions of a State Goods and Services Tax Act or Union Territory Goods and Services Tax Act shall be deemed to be the Authority for advance ruling in respect of that State or Union territory.

<i>A. Section 96 - Relevant Rules & Forms</i>		
<i>Rule 103</i>	<i>Qualification and appointment of Members of the Authority for Advanced Ruling</i>	<i>Nil</i>
<i>B. Section related Notifications</i>		
<i>S.No.</i> <i>Notification/Date</i> <i>Contents</i>		
1.	<i>09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Brings into force sec 96 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
<i>C. Rule related Notifications</i>		
1.	<i>10/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rule 103</i>
2.	<i>22/2017 – CT, dt. 17.08.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Fifth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 103</i>
<i>D. Orders</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		
<i>E. Circulars</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		
<i>F. Instructions</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		

97. Application for advance ruling.

- (1) An applicant desirous of obtaining an advance ruling under this Chapter may make an application in such form and manner and accompanied by such fee as may be prescribed, stating the question on which the advance ruling is sought.
- (2) The question on which the advance ruling is sought under this Act, shall be in respect of,—
 - (a) classification of any goods or services or both;
 - (b) applicability of a notification issued under the provisions of this Act;

- (c) determination of time and value of supply of goods or services or both;
- (d) admissibility of input tax credit of tax paid or deemed to have been paid;
- (e) determination of the liability to pay tax on any goods or services or both;
- (f) whether applicant is required to be registered;
- (g) whether any particular thing done by the applicant with respect to any goods or services or both amounts to or results in a supply of goods or services or both, within the meaning of that term.

A. Section 97 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>Rule 104</i>	<i>Form and manner of application to the Authority for Advance Ruling</i>	<i>Form GST ARA-01</i>
<i>Rule 107A</i>	<i>Manual filing and processing</i>	<i>Nil</i>
B. Section related Notifications		
<i>S.No.</i>	<i>Notification/Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	<i>09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Brings into force sec 97 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	<i>10/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rule 104</i>
2.	<i>55/2017 – CT, dt. 15.11.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Twelfth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rule 107A</i>
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		
E. Circulars		
<i>S.No.</i>	<i>Circular/Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	<i>25/2017 – GST, dt. 21.12.2017</i>	<i>Manual filing of applications for Advance Ruling and appeals before Appellate Authority for Advance Ruling</i>
F. Instructions		
<i>NIL</i>		

98. Procedure on receipt of application.

- (1) On receipt of an application, the Authority shall cause a copy thereof to be forwarded to the concerned officer and, if necessary, call upon him to furnish the relevant records:
Provided that where any records have been called for by the Authority in any case, such records shall, as soon as possible, be returned to the said concerned officer.
- (2) The Authority may, after examining the application and the records called for and after hearing the applicant or his authorised representative and the concerned officer or his authorised representative, by order, either admit or reject the application:

Provided that the Authority shall not admit the application where the question raised in the application is already pending or decided in any proceedings in the case of an applicant under any of the provisions of this Act:

Provided further that no application shall be rejected under this sub-section unless an opportunity of hearing has been given to the applicant:

Provided also that where the application is rejected, the reasons for such rejection shall be specified in the order.

- (3) A copy of every order made under sub-section (2) shall be sent to the applicant and to the concerned officer.
- (4) Where an application is admitted under sub-section (2), the Authority shall, after examining such further material as may be placed before it by the applicant or obtained by the Authority and after providing an opportunity of being heard to the applicant or his authorised representative as well as to the concerned officer or his authorised representative, pronounce its advance ruling on the question specified in the application.
- (5) Where the members of the Authority differ on any question on which the advance ruling is sought, they shall state the point or points on which they differ and make a reference to the Appellate Authority for hearing and decision on such question.
- (6) The Authority shall pronounce its advance ruling in writing within ninety days from the date of receipt of application.
- (7) A copy of the advance ruling pronounced by the Authority duly signed by the members and certified in such manner as may be prescribed shall be sent to the applicant, the concerned officer and the jurisdictional officer after such pronouncement.

A. Section 98 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
Rule 105	<i>Certification of copies of advance rulings pronounced by the Authority</i>	Nil
Rule 107A	<i>Manual filing and processing</i>	Nil
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 98 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	14/2021 – CT, dt. 01.05.2021	<i>Extends specified compliances falling between 15.04.2021 to 30.05.2021 till 31.05.2021 in exercise of powers under section 168A of CGST Act</i>
3.	24/2021 – CT, dt. 01.06.2021	<i>Amends N. No. 14/2021 – CT in order to extend due date of compliances which fall during the period from “15.04.2021 to 29.06.2021” till 30.06.2021</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	10/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rule 105</i>

2.	55/2017 – CT, dt. 15.11.2017	<i>CGST (Twelfth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rule 107A</i>
3.	35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 29.06.2020” till 30.06.2020</i>
4.	55/2020 – CT, dt. 27.06.2020	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 30.08.2020” till 31.08.2020 (Subs. N. No. 35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020)</i>

D. Orders

NIL

E. Circulars

S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	25/2017 – GST, dt. 21.12.2017	<i>Manual filing of applications for Advance Ruling and appeals before Appellate Authority for Advance Ruling</i>

F. Instructions

NIL

99. Appellate authority for advance ruling.

Subject to the provisions of this Chapter, for the purposes of this Act, the Appellate Authority for Advance Ruling constituted under the provisions of a State Goods and Services Tax Act or a Union Territory Goods and Services Tax Act shall be deemed to be the Appellate Authority in respect of that State or Union territory.

A. Section 99 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 99 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
NIL		
F. Instructions		
NIL		

100. Appeal to appellate authority.

- (1) The concerned officer, the jurisdictional officer or an applicant aggrieved by any advance ruling pronounced under sub-section (4) of section 98, may appeal to the Appellate Authority.
- (2) Every appeal under this section shall be filed within a period of thirty days from the date on which the ruling sought to be appealed against is communicated to the concerned officer, the jurisdictional officer and the applicant:
Provided that the Appellate Authority may, if it is satisfied that the appellant was prevented by a sufficient cause from presenting the appeal within the said period of thirty days, allow it to be presented within a further period not exceeding thirty days.
- (3) Every appeal under this section shall be in such form, accompanied by such fee and verified in such manner as may be prescribed.

A. Section 100 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>Rule 106</i>	<i>Form and manner of appeal to the Appellate Authority for Advance Ruling</i>	<i>Forms GST ARA-02, ARA-03</i>
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	<i>Notification/Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	<i>09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Brings into force sec 100 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	<i>14/2021 – CT, dt. 01.05.2021</i>	<i>Extends specified compliances falling between 15.04.2021 to 30.05.2021 till 31.05.2021 in exercise of powers under section 168A of CGST Act</i>
3.	<i>24/2021 – CT, dt. 01.06.2021</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 14/2021 – CT in order to extend due date of compliances which fall during the period from “15.04.2021 to 29.06.2021” till 30.06.2021</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	<i>10/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rule 106</i>
2.	<i>35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020</i>	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 29.06.2020” till 30.06.2020</i>
3.	<i>55/2020 – CT, dt. 27.06.2020</i>	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 30.08.2020” till 31.08.2020 (Subs. N. No. 35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020)</i>
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		

E. Circulars		
S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	25/2017 – GST, dt. 21.12.2017	<i>Manual filing of applications for Advance Ruling and appeals before Appellate Authority for Advance Ruling</i>
F. Instructions		
<i>NIL</i>		

101. Orders of appellate authority.

- (1) The Appellate Authority may, after giving the parties to the appeal or reference an opportunity of being heard, pass such order as it thinks fit, confirming or modifying the ruling appealed against or referred to.
- (2) The order referred to in sub-section (1) shall be passed within a period of ninety days from the date of filing of the appeal under section 100 or a reference under sub-section (5) of section 98.
- (3) Where the members of the Appellate Authority differ on any point or points referred to in appeal or reference, it shall be deemed that no advance ruling can be issued in respect of the question under the appeal or reference.
- (4) A copy of the advance ruling pronounced by the Appellate Authority duly signed by the Members and certified in such manner as may be prescribed shall be sent to the applicant, the concerned officer, the jurisdictional officer and to the Authority after such pronouncement.

A. Section 101 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
Rule 107	<i>Certification of copies of the advance rulings pronounced by the Appellate Authority</i>	<i>Nil</i>
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 101 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	14/2021 – CT, dt. 01.05.2021	<i>Extends specified compliances falling between 15.04.2021 to 30.05.2021 till 31.05.2021 in exercise of powers under section 168A of CGST Act</i>
3.	24/2021 – CT, dt. 01.06.2021	<i>Amends N. No. 14/2021 – CT in order to extend due date of compliances which fall during the period from “15.04.2021 to 29.06.2021” till 30.06.2021</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	10/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rule 107</i>

2.	35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 29.06.2020” till 30.06.2020</i>
3.	55/2020 – CT, dt. 27.06.2020	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 30.08.2020” till 31.08.2020 (Subs. N. No. 35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020)</i>
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
NIL		
F. Instructions		
NIL		

[101A. Constitution of National Appellate Authority for Advance Ruling.]

¹ Sec. 101A ins. by the Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (s.105) dt. 01.08.2019. However, effective date has not been yet notified. After notification, it will read as,

“101A. Constitution of National Appellate Authority for Advance Ruling.

- (1) *The Government shall, on the recommendations of the Council, by notification, constitute, with effect from such date as may be specified therein, an Authority known as the National Appellate Authority for Advance Ruling for hearing appeals made under section 101B.*
- (2) *The National Appellate Authority shall consist of—*
 - (i) *the President, who has been a Judge of the Supreme Court or is or has been the Chief Justice of a High Court, or is or has been a Judge of a High Court for a period not less than five years;*
 - (ii) *a Technical Member (Centre) who is or has been a member of Indian Revenue (Customs and Central Excise) Service, Group A, and has completed at least fifteen years of service in Group A;*
 - (iii) *a Technical Member (State) who is or has been an officer of the State Government not below the rank of Additional Commissioner of Value Added Tax or the Additional Commissioner of State tax with at least three years of experience in the administration of an existing law or the State Goods and Services Tax Act or in the field of finance and taxation.*
- (3) *The President of the National Appellate Authority shall be appointed by the Government after consultation with the Chief Justice of India or his nominee:*
Provided that in the event of the occurrence of any vacancy in the office of the President by reason of his death, resignation or otherwise, the senior most Member of the National Appellate Authority shall act as the President until the date on which a new President, appointed in accordance with the provisions of this Act to fill such vacancy, enters upon his office:
Provided further that where the President is unable to discharge his functions owing to absence, illness or any other cause, the senior most Member of the National Appellate Authority shall discharge the functions of the President until the date on which the President resumes his duties.
- (4) *The Technical Member (Centre) and Technical Member (State) of the National Appellate Authority shall be appointed by the Government on the recommendations of a Selection Committee consisting of such persons and in such manner as may be prescribed.*
- (5) *No appointment of the Members of the National Appellate Authority shall be invalid merely by the reason of any vacancy or defect in the constitution of the Selection Committee.*
- (6) *Before appointing any person as the President or Members of the National Appellate Authority, the Government shall satisfy itself that such person does not have any financial or other interests which are likely to prejudicially affect his functions as such President or Member.*
- (7) *The salary, allowances and other terms and conditions of service of the President and the Members of the National Appellate Authority shall be such as may be prescribed.*

Cont...

[101B. Appeal to National Appellate Authority.]***Cont...***

Provided that neither salary and allowances nor other terms and conditions of service of the President or Members of the National Appellate Authority shall be varied to their disadvantage after their appointment.

(8) *The President of the National Appellate Authority shall hold office for a term of three years from the date on which he enters upon his office, or until he attains the age of seventy years, whichever is earlier and shall also be eligible for reappointment.*

(9) *The Technical Member (Centre) or Technical Member (State) of the National Appellate Authority shall hold office for a term of five years from the date on which he enters upon his office, or until he attains the age of sixty-five years, whichever is earlier and shall also be eligible for reappointment.*

(10) *The President or any Member may, by notice in writing under his hand addressed to the Government, resign from his office:*

Provided that the President or Member shall continue to hold office until the expiry of three months from the date of receipt of such notice by the Government, or until a person duly appointed as his successor enters upon his office or until the expiry of his term of office, whichever is the earliest.

(11) *The Government may, after consultation with the Chief Justice of India, remove from the office such President or Member, who—*

- (a) *has been adjudged an insolvent; or*
- (b) *has been convicted of an offence which, in the opinion of such Government involves moral turpitude; or*
- (c) *has become physically or mentally incapable of acting as such President or Member; or*
- (d) *has acquired such financial or other interest as is likely to affect prejudicially his functions as such President or Member; or*

(e) has so abused his position as to render his continuance in office prejudicial to the public interest:

Provided that the President or the Member shall not be removed on any of the grounds specified in clauses (d) and (e), unless he has been informed of the charges against him and has been given an opportunity of being heard.

(12) *Without prejudice to the provisions of sub-section (11), the President and Technical Members of the National Appellate Authority shall not be removed from their office except by an order made by the Government on the ground of proven misbehaviour or incapacity after an inquiry made by a Judge of the Supreme Court nominated by the Chief Justice of India on a reference made to him by the Government and such President or Member had been given an opportunity of being heard.*

(13) *The Government, with the concurrence of the Chief Justice of India, may suspend from office, the President or Technical Members of the National Appellate Authority in respect of whom a reference has been made to the Judge of the Supreme Court under sub-section (12).*

(14) *Subject to the provisions of article 220 of the Constitution, the President or Members of the National Appellate Authority, on ceasing to hold their office, shall not be eligible to appear, act or plead before the National Appellate Authority where he was the President or, as the case may be, a Member.”*

¹ Sec. 101B ins. by the Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (s.105) dt. 01.08.2019. However, effective date has not been yet notified. After notification, it will read as,

“101B. Appeal to National Appellate Authority.

(1) *Where, in respect of the questions referred to in sub-section (2) of section 97, conflicting advance rulings are given by the Appellate Authorities of two or more States or Union territories or both under sub-section (1) or sub-section (3) of section 101, any officer authorised by the Commissioner or an applicant, being distinct person referred to in section 25 aggrieved by such advance ruling, may prefer an appeal to National Appellate Authority:*

Provided that the officer shall be from the States in which such advance rulings have been given.

(2) *Every appeal under this section shall be filed within a period of thirty days from the date on which the ruling sought to be appealed against is communicated to the applicants, concerned officers and jurisdictional officers:*

Provided that the officer authorised by the Commissioner may file appeal within a period of ninety days from the date on which the ruling sought to be appealed against is communicated to the concerned officer or the jurisdictional officer:

Cont...

[101C. Order of National Appellate Authority.]**102. Rectification of advance ruling.**

The Authority or the Appellate Authority [²] may amend any order passed by it under section 98 or section 101 [³], so as to rectify any error apparent on the face of the record, if such error is noticed by the Authority or the Appellate Authority [⁴] on its own accord, or is brought to its notice by the concerned officer, the jurisdictional officer, the applicant, ⁵[or the appellant] within a period of six months from the date of the order:

Provided that no rectification which has the effect of enhancing the tax liability or reducing the amount of admissible input tax credit shall be made unless the applicant or the appellant has been given an opportunity of being heard.

A. Section 102 - Relevant Rules & Forms
NIL
B. Section related Notifications

Cont...

Provided further that the National Appellate Authority may, if it is satisfied that the appellant was prevented by a sufficient cause from presenting the appeal within the said period of thirty days, or as the case may be, ninety days, allow such appeal to be presented within a further period not exceeding thirty days.

Explanation.— For removal of doubts, it is clarified that the period of thirty days or as the case may be, ninety days shall be counted from the date of communication of the last of the conflicting rulings sought to be appealed against.

- (3) *Every appeal under this section shall be in such form, accompanied by such fee and verified in such manner as may be prescribed.”*

¹ Sec. 101C ins. by the Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (s.105) dt. 01.08.2019. However, effective date has not been yet notified. After notification, it will read as,

“101C. Order of National Appellate Authority.

- (1) *The National Appellate Authority may, after giving an opportunity of being heard to the National applicant, the officer authorised by the Commissioner, all Principal Chief Commissioners, Chief Commissioners of Central tax and Chief Commissioner and Commissioner of State tax of all States and Chief Commissioner and Commissioner of Union territory tax of all Union territories, pass such order as it thinks fit, confirming or modifying the rulings appealed against.*
- (2) *If the members of the National Appellate Authority differ in opinion on any point, it shall be decided according to the opinion of the majority.*
- (3) *The order referred to in sub-section (1) shall be passed as far as possible within a period of ninety days from the date of filing of the appeal under section 101B.*
- (4) *A copy of the advance ruling pronounced by the National Appellate Authority shall be duly signed by the Members and certified in such manner as may be prescribed and shall be sent to the applicant, the officer authorised by the Commissioner, the Board, the Chief Commissioner and Commissioner of State tax of all States and Chief Commissioner and Commissioner of Union territory tax of all Union territories and to the Authority or Appellate Authority, as the case may be, after such pronouncement.”.*

² Ins. by the Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (s.106) dt. 01.08.2019. However, effective date has not been yet notified. After notification, it will read as, “*or the National Appellate Authority*”.

³ Ins. by the Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (s.106) dt. 01.08.2019. However, effective date has not been yet notified. After notification, it will read as, “*or section 101C*”.

⁴ Ins. by the Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (s.106) dt. 01.08.2019. However, effective date has not been yet notified. After notification, it will read as, “*or the National Appellate Authority*”.

⁵ Subs. by the Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (s.106) dt. 01.08.2019. However, effective date has not been yet notified. After notification, it will read as, “*appellant, the Authority or the Appellate Authority*”.

S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 102 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (23 of 2019), dt. 01.08.2019	<i>Amendment in sec 102 w.e.f. date to be notified</i>
3.	35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 29.06.2020” till 30.06.2020</i>
4.	55/2020 – CT, dt. 27.06.2020	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 30.08.2020” till 31.08.2020 (Subs. N. No. 35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020)</i>
5.	14/2021 – CT, dt. 01.05.2021	<i>Extends specified compliances falling between 15.04.2021 to 30.05.2021 till 31.05.2021 in exercise of powers under section 168A of CGST Act</i>
6.	24/2021 – CT, dt. 01.06.2021	<i>Amends N. No. 14/2021 – CT in order to extend due date of compliances which fall during the period from “15.04.2021 to 29.06.2021” till 30.06.2021</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
NIL		
F. Instructions		
NIL		

103. Applicability of advance ruling.

- (1) The advance ruling pronounced by the Authority or the Appellate Authority under this Chapter shall be binding only—
 - (a) on the applicant who had sought it in respect of any matter referred to in sub-section (2) of section 97 for advance ruling;
 - (b) on the concerned officer or the jurisdictional officer in respect of the applicant.

S.

Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 as on 01 July 2024

[¹]

- (2) The advance ruling referred to in sub-section (1) [²] shall be binding unless the law, facts or circumstances supporting the original advance ruling have changed.

A. Section 103 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 103 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017
2.	Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (23 of 2019), dt. 01.08.2019	Inserting sub-sec 1(A) and amendment in sec 103(2) of w.e.f. date to be notified
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
NIL		
F. Instructions		
NIL		

¹ Ins. by the Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (s.107) dt. 01.08.2019. However, effective date has not been yet notified. After notification, it will read as,

“(IA) The advance ruling pronounced by the National Appellate Authority under this Chapter shall be binding on—
(a) the applicants, being distinct persons, who had sought the ruling under sub-section (1) of section 101B and all registered persons having the same Permanent Account Number issued under the Income-tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961.);
(b) the concerned officers and the jurisdictional officers in respect of the applicants referred to in clause (a) and the registered persons having the same Permanent Account Number issued under the Income-tax Act, 1961.”.

² Ins. by the Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (s.107) dt. 01.08.2019. However, effective date has not been yet notified. After notification, it will read as, “and sub-section (1A)”.

104. Advance ruling to be void in certain circumstances.

- (1) Where the Authority or the Appellate Authority ^[1] finds that advance ruling pronounced by it under sub-section (4) of section 98 or under sub-section (1) of section 101 ^[2] has been obtained by the applicant or the appellant by fraud or suppression of material facts or misrepresentation of facts, it may, by order, declare such ruling to be void *ab-initio* and thereupon all the provisions of this Act or the rules made thereunder shall apply to the applicant or the appellant as if such advance ruling had never been made:

Provided that no order shall be passed under this sub-section unless an opportunity of being heard has been given to the applicant or the appellant.

*Explanation.—*The period beginning with the date of such advance ruling and ending with the date of order under this sub-section shall be excluded while computing the period specified in sub-sections (2) and (10) of section 73 or sub-sections (2) and (10) of section 74.

- (2) A copy of the order made under sub-section (1) shall be sent to the applicant, the concerned officer and the jurisdictional officer.

A. Section 104 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>NIL</i>		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	<i>09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Brings into force sec 104 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	<i>Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (23 of 2019), dt. 01.08.2019</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 104(1) w.e.f. date to be notified</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
<i>NIL</i>		
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		
E. Circulars		
<i>NIL</i>		
F. Instructions		
<i>NIL</i>		

¹ *Ins. by the Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (s.108) dt. 01.08.2019. However, effective date has not been yet notified. After notification, it will read as, “or the National Appellate Authority”.*

² *Ins. by the Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (s.108) dt. 01.08.2019. However, effective date has not been yet notified. After notification, it will read as, “or under section 101C”.*

105. *[Powers of Authority and Appellate Authority]*

- (1) The Authority or the Appellate Authority [¹] shall, for the purpose of exercising its powers regarding—
- discovery and inspection;
 - enforcing the attendance of any person and examining him on oath;
 - issuing commissions and compelling production of books of account and other records,

have all the powers of a civil court under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (5 of 1908).

- (2) The Authority or the Appellate Authority [²] shall be deemed to be a civil court for the purposes of section 195, but not for the purposes of Chapter XXVI of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973, (2 of 1974) and every proceeding before the Authority or the Appellate Authority shall be deemed to be a judicial proceedings within the meaning of sections 193 and 228, and for the purpose of section 196 of the Indian Penal Code (45 of 1860).

A. Section 105 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	<i>09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Brings into force sec 105 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	<i>Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (23 of 2019), dt. 01.08.2019</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 105 w.e.f. date to be notified</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
NIL		
F. Instructions		
NIL		

¹ Subs. by the Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (s.109) dt. 01.08.2019. However, effective date has not been yet notified. After notification, it will read as, “*Powers of Authority, Appellate Authority and National Appellate Authority*”.

² Ins. by the Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (s.109) dt. 01.08.2019. However, effective date has not been yet notified. After notification, it will read as, “*or the National Appellate Authority*”.

³ Ins. by the Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (s.109) dt. 01.08.2019. However, effective date has not been yet notified. After notification, it will read as, “*or the National Appellate Authority*”.

106. ¹[Procedure of Authority and Appellate Authority.]

The Authority or the Appellate Authority ²] shall, subject to the provisions of this Chapter, have power to regulate its own procedure.

A. Section 106 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	<i>09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Brings into force sec 106 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	<i>Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (23 of 2019), dt. 01.08.2019</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 106 w.e.f. date to be notified</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
NIL		
F. Instructions		
NIL		

¹ Subs. by the Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (s.110) dt. 01.08.2019. However, effective date has not been yet notified. After notification, it will read as, “Procedure of Authority, Appellate Authority and National Appellate Authority”.

² Ins. by the Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (s.110) dt. 01.08.2019. However, effective date has not been yet notified. After notification, it will read as, “or the National Appellate Authority”.

CHAPTER XVIII

APPEALS AND REVISION

107. Appeals to appellate authority.

- (1) Any person aggrieved by any decision or order passed under this Act or the State Goods and Services Tax Act or the Union Territory Goods and Services Tax Act by an adjudicating authority may appeal to such Appellate Authority as may be prescribed within three months from the date on which the said decision or order is communicated to such person.
- (2) The Commissioner may, on his own motion, or upon request from the Commissioner of State tax or the Commissioner of Union territory tax, call for and examine the record of any proceedings in which an adjudicating authority has passed any decision or order under this Act or the State Goods and Services Tax Act or the Union Territory Goods and Services Tax Act, for the purpose of satisfying himself as to the legality or propriety of the said decision or order and may, by order, direct any officer subordinate to him to apply to the Appellate Authority within six months from the date of communication of the said decision or order for the determination of such points arising out of the said decision or order as may be specified by the Commissioner in his order.
- (3) Where, in pursuance of an order under sub-section (2), the authorised officer makes an application to the Appellate Authority, such application shall be dealt with by the Appellate Authority as if it were an appeal made against the decision or order of the adjudicating authority and such authorised officer were an appellant and the provisions of this Act relating to appeals shall apply to such application.
- (4) The Appellate Authority may, if he is satisfied that the appellant was prevented by sufficient cause from presenting the appeal within the aforesaid period of three months or six months, as the case may be, allow it to be presented within a further period of one month.
- (5) Every appeal under this section shall be in such form and shall be verified in such manner as may be prescribed.
- (6) No appeal shall be filed under sub-section (1), unless the appellant has paid—
 - (a) in full, such part of the amount of tax, interest, fine, fee and penalty arising from the impugned order, as is admitted by him; and
 - (b) a sum equal to ten per cent. of the remaining amount of tax in dispute arising from the said order ¹[subject to a maximum of twenty-five crore rupees], in relation to which the appeal has been filed.

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019) by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018.

¹[Provided that no appeal shall be filed against an order under sub-section (3) of section 129, unless a sum equal to twenty-five per cent. of the penalty has been paid by the appellant.]

- (7) Where the appellant has paid the amount under sub-section (6), the recovery proceedings for the balance amount shall be deemed to be stayed.
- (8) The Appellate Authority shall give an opportunity to the appellant of being heard.
- (9) The Appellate Authority may, if sufficient cause is shown at any stage of hearing of an appeal, grant time to the parties or any of them and adjourn the hearing of the appeal for reasons to be recorded in writing:

Provided that no such adjournment shall be granted more than three times to a party during hearing of the appeal.

- (10) The Appellate Authority may, at the time of hearing of an appeal, allow an appellant to add any ground of appeal not specified in the grounds of appeal, if it is satisfied that the omission of that ground from the grounds of appeal was not wilful or unreasonable.
- (11) The Appellate Authority shall, after making such further inquiry as may be necessary, pass such order, as it thinks just and proper, confirming, modifying or annulling the decision or order appealed against but shall not refer the case back to the adjudicating authority that passed the said decision or order:

Provided that an order enhancing any fee or penalty or fine in lieu of confiscation or confiscating goods of greater value or reducing the amount of refund or input tax credit shall not be passed unless the appellant has been given a reasonable opportunity of showing cause against the proposed order:

Provided further that where the Appellate Authority is of the opinion that any tax has not been paid or short-paid or erroneously refunded, or where input tax credit has been wrongly availed or utilised, no order requiring the appellant to pay such tax or input tax credit shall be passed unless the appellant is given notice to show cause against the proposed order and the order is passed within the time limit specified under section 73 or section 74.

- (12) The order of the Appellate Authority disposing of the appeal shall be in writing and shall state the points for determination, the decision thereon and the reasons for such decision.
- (13) The Appellate Authority shall, where it is possible to do so, hear and decide every appeal within a period of one year from the date on which it is filed:

Provided that where the issuance of order is stayed by an order of a court or Tribunal, the period of such stay shall be excluded in computing the period of one year.

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 01.01.2022 by the Finance Act, 2021 (No. 13 of 2021) (s.116) dated 28.03.2021, read with Notification No. 39/2021-CT, dated 21.12.2021.

- (14) On disposal of the appeal, the Appellate Authority shall communicate the order passed by it to the appellant, respondent and to the adjudicating authority.
- (15) A copy of the order passed by the Appellate Authority shall also be sent to the jurisdictional Commissioner or the authority designated by him in this behalf and the jurisdictional Commissioner of State tax or Commissioner of Union Territory Tax or an authority designated by him in this behalf.
- (16) Every order passed under this section shall, subject to the provisions of section 108 or section 113 or section 117 or section 118 be final and binding on the parties.

A. Section 107 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
Rule 108	<i>Appeal to the Appellate Authority</i>	<i>Forms GST APL-01, APL-02</i>
Rule 109	<i>Application to the Appellate Authority</i>	<i>Form GST APL-03</i>
Rule 109A	<i>Appointment of Appellate Authority</i>	<i>Nil</i>
Rule 109C	<i>Withdrawal of Appeal</i>	<i>Forms APL-01, APL-02, APL-03, APL-01/03W</i>
Rule 112	<i>Production of additional evidence before the Appellate Authority or the Appellate Tribunal</i>	<i>Nil</i>
Rule 113	<i>Order of Appellate Authority or Appellate Tribunal</i>	<i>Form GST APL-04</i>
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 107 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	<i>CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018 (31 of 2018), dt. 29.08.2018 read with N. No. 02/2019 – CT, dt. 29.01.2019</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 107(6) w.e.f. 01.02.2019</i>
3.	<i>Finance Act, 2021 (Act No. 13 of 2021), dt. 28.03.2021 read with N. No. 39/2021 – CT, dt. 21.12.2021</i>	<i>Inserts Proviso to sub-sec (6) of sec 107 of the CGST Act - w.e.f. 01.01.2022</i>
4.	<i>14/2021 – CT, dt. 01.05.2021</i>	<i>Extends specified compliances falling between 15.04.2021 to 30.05.2021 till 31.05.2021 in exercise of powers under section 168A of CGST Act</i>
5.	<i>24/2021 – CT, dt. 01.06.2021</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 14/2021 – CT in order to extend due date of compliances which fall during the period from “15.04.2021 to 29.06.2021” till 30.06.2021</i>
6.	<i>53/2023 – CT, dt. 02.11.2023</i>	<i>Notifies a special procedure for condonation of delay in filing of appeals against demand orders passed until 31st March, 2023</i>

C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	10/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rule 113</i>
2.	55/2017 – CT, dt. 15.11.2017	<i>CGST (Twelfth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rule 109A</i>
3.	60/2018 – CT, dt. 30.10.2018	<i>CGST (Thirteenth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rules 109A</i>
4.	74/2018 – CT, dt. 31.12.2018	<i>CGST (Fourteenth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Form GST APL-04</i>
5.	03/2019 – CT, dt. 29.01.2019	<i>CGST (First Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Form GST APL-01</i>
6.	35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 29.06.2020” till 30.06.2020</i>
7.	55/2020 – CT, dt. 27.06.2020	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 30.08.2020” till 31.08.2020 (Subs. N. No. 35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020)</i>
8.	40/2021 – CT, dt. 29.12.2021	<i>CGST (Tenth Amendment) Rules, 2021 – Amending Form GST APL-01 w.e.f. 01.01.2022</i>
9.	26/2022 – CT, dt. 26.12.2022	<i>CGST (Fifth Amendment) Rules, 2022 – Amending Rules 108, 109, Form GST APL-02, inserting Rule 109C and Form APL-01/03W, w.e.f. 26.12.2022</i>
10.	38/2023 – CT, dt. 04.08.2023	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2023 – Amending Rules 108 and 109 w.e.f. 04.08.2023</i>
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		
E. Circulars		
S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	132/2020 – GST, dt. 18.03.2020	<i>To issue clarification in respect of appeal in regard to non-constitution of Appellate Tribunal</i>
F. Instructions		
S.No.	Instructions /Date	Contents
1.	03/2022-GST, dt. 14.06.2022	<i>Procedure relating to sanction, post-audit and review of refund claims</i>

108. Powers of revisional authority.

- (1) Subject to the provisions of section 121 and any rules made thereunder, the Revisional Authority may, on his own motion, or upon information received by him or on request from the Commissioner of State tax, or the Commissioner of Union territory tax, call for

and examine the record of any proceedings, and if he considers that any decision or order passed under this Act or under the State Goods and Services Tax Act or the Union Territory Goods and Services Tax Act by any officer subordinate to him is erroneous in so far as it is prejudicial to the interest of revenue and is illegal or improper or has not taken into account certain material facts, whether available at the time of issuance of the said order or not or in consequence of an observation by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India, he may, if necessary, stay the operation of such decision or order for such period as he deems fit and after giving the person concerned an opportunity of being heard and after making such further inquiry as may be necessary, pass such order, as he thinks just and proper, including enhancing or modifying or annulling the said decision or order.

- (2) The Revisional Authority shall not exercise any power under sub-section (1), if—
- the order has been subject to an appeal under section 107 or section 112 or section 117 or section 118; or
 - the period specified under sub-section (2) of section 107 has not yet expired or more than three years have expired after the passing of the decision or order sought to be revised; or
 - the order has already been taken for revision under this section at an earlier stage; or
 - the order has been passed in exercise of the powers under sub-section (1):
- Provided that the Revisional Authority may pass an order under sub-section (1) on any point which has not been raised and decided in an appeal referred to in clause (a) of sub-section (2), before the expiry of a period of one year from the date of the order in such appeal or before the expiry of a period of three years referred to in clause (b) of that sub-section, whichever is later.
- (3) Every order passed in revision under sub-section (1) shall, subject to the provisions of section 113 or section 117 or section 118, be final and binding on the parties.
- (4) If the said decision or order involves an issue on which the Appellate Tribunal or the High Court has given its decision in some other proceedings and an appeal to the High Court or the Supreme Court against such decision of the Appellate Tribunal or the High Court is pending, the period spent between the date of the decision of the Appellate Tribunal and the date of the decision of the High Court or the date of the decision of the High Court and the date of the decision of the Supreme Court shall be excluded in computing the period of limitation referred to in clause (b) of sub-section (2) where proceedings for revision have been initiated by way of issue of a notice under this section.
- (5) Where the issuance of an order under sub-section (1) is stayed by the order of a court or Appellate Tribunal, the period of such stay shall be excluded in computing the period of limitation referred to in clause (b) of sub-section (2).

- (6) For the purposes of this section, the term,—
- “record” shall include all records relating to any proceedings under this Act available at the time of examination by the Revisional Authority;
 - “decision” shall include intimation given by any officer lower in rank than the Revisional Authority.

A. Section 108 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>Rule 109B</i>	<i>Notice to person and order of revisional authority in case of revision</i>	<i>Forms GST RVN-01, APL-04</i>
<i>Rule 113</i>	<i>Order of Appellate Authority or Appellate Tribunal</i>	<i>Form GST APL-04</i>
B. Section related Notifications		
<i>S.No.</i>	<i>Notification/Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	<i>09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Brings into force sec 108 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	<i>05/2020 – CT, dt. 13.01.2020</i>	<i>Appoints Revisional Authority under CGST Act, 2017</i>
3.	<i>14/2021 – CT, dt. 01.05.2021</i>	<i>Extends specified compliances falling between 15.04.2021 to 30.05.2021 till 31.05.2021 in exercise of powers under section 168A of CGST Act</i>
4.	<i>24/2021 – CT, dt. 01.06.2021</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 14/2021 – CT in order to extend due date of compliances which fall during the period from “15.04.2021 to 29.06.2021” till 30.06.2021</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	<i>10/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rule 113</i>
2.	<i>60/2018 – CT, dt. 30.10.2018</i>	<i>CGST (Thirteenth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Form GST APL-04</i>
3.	<i>74/2018 – CT, dt. 31.12.2018</i>	<i>CGST (Fourteenth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Inserting Rule 109B, Form GST RVN-01 and amending Form GST APL-04</i>
4.	<i>35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020</i>	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 29.06.2020” till 30.06.2020</i>
5.	<i>55/2020 – CT, dt. 27.06.2020</i>	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 30.08.2020” till 31.08.2020 (Subs. N. No. 35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020)</i>
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		
E. Circulars		
<i>NIL</i>		

<i>F. Instructions</i>
<i>NIL</i>

¹[109. Constitution of Appellate Tribunal and Benches thereof.

- (1) The Government shall, on the recommendations of the Council, by notification, establish with effect from such date as may be specified therein, an Appellate Tribunal known as the Goods and Services Tax Appellate Tribunal for hearing appeals against the orders passed by the Appellate Authority or the Revisional Authority.
- (2) The jurisdiction, powers and authority conferred on the Appellate Tribunal shall be exercised by the Principal Bench and the State Benches constituted under sub-section (3) and sub-section (4).
- (3) The Government shall, by notification, constitute a Principal Bench of the Appellate Tribunal at New Delhi which shall consist of the President, a Judicial Member, a Technical Member (Centre) and a Technical Member (State).
- (4) On the request of the State, the Government may, by notification, constitute such number of State Benches at such places and with such jurisdiction as may be recommended by the Council, which shall consist of two Judicial Members, a Technical Member (Centre) and a Technical Member (State).
- (5) The Principal Bench and the State Bench shall hear appeals against the orders passed by the Appellate Authority or the Revisional Authority:
Provided that the cases in which any one of the issues involved relates to the place of supply, shall be heard only by the Principal Bench.
- (6) The President shall, from time to time, by a general or special order, distribute the business of the Appellate Tribunal among the Benches and may transfer cases from one Bench to another.
- (7) The senior-most Judicial Member within the State Benches, as may be notified, shall act as the Vice-President for such State Benches and shall exercise such powers of the President as may be prescribed, but for all other purposes be considered as a Member.
- (8) Appeals, where the tax or input tax credit involved or the amount of fine, fee or penalty determined in any order appealed against, does not exceed fifty lakh rupees and which does not involve any question of law may, with the approval of the President, and subject to such conditions as may be prescribed on the recommendations of the council, be heard by a single Member, and in all other cases, shall be heard together by one Judicial Member and one Technical Member.
- (9) If, after hearing the case, the Members differ in their opinion on any point or points, such Member shall state the point or points on which they differ, and the President shall refer such case for hearing,—

¹ Subs. Sec 109 w.e.f. 01.08.2023 (vide Notification No. 28/2023-CT, dt. 31.07.2023) by the Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023) (s.149) enacted on 31.03.2023. For text before substitution: Please refer Appendix-1 at the end of this Chapter.

- (a) where the appeal was originally heard by Members of a State Bench, to another Member of a State Bench within the State or, where no such other State Bench is available within the State, to a Member of a State Bench in another State;
- (b) where the appeal was originally heard by Members of the Principal Bench, to another Member from the Principal Bench or, where no such other Member is available, to a Member of any State Bench,

and such point or points shall be decided according to the majority opinion including the opinion of the Members who first heard the case.

- (10) The Government may, in consultation with the President, for the administrative efficiency, transfer Members from one Bench to another Bench:

Provided that a Technical Member (State) of a State Bench may be transferred to a State Bench only of the same State in which he was originally appointed, in consultation with the State Government.

- (11) No act or proceedings of the Appellate Tribunal shall be questioned or shall be invalid merely on the ground of the existence of any vacancy or defect in the constitution of the Appellate Tribunal.]

<i>Section 109 - Relevant Rules & Forms</i>		
<i>Rule 109A</i>	<i>Appointment of Appellate Authority</i>	<i>Nil</i>
<i>B. Section related Notifications</i>		
<i>S.No.</i>	<i>Notification/Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	<i>S.O. 1359(E), dt. 13.03.2019</i>	<i>Creation of the National Bench of the GST Appellate Tribunal (GSTAT) at New Delhi, with effect from the date of publication of this notification</i>
2.	<i>Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023), dt. 31.03.2023 read with N. No.28/2023 – CT, dt. 31.07.2023</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 109 w.e.f. 01.08.2023 [Sec 149 of the Finance Act, 2023]</i>
3.	<i>S.O. 1(E), dt. 29.12.2023</i>	<i>Setting up of GST Tribunal Principal Bench at New Delhi</i>
<i>C. Rule related Notifications</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		
<i>D. Orders</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		
<i>E. Circulars</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		
<i>F. Instructions</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		

¹[110. President and Members of Appellate Tribunal, their qualification, appointment, conditions of service, etc.

- (1) A person shall not be qualified for appointment as—
- (a) the President, unless he has been a Judge of the Supreme Court or is or has been the Chief Justice of a High Court;
 - (b) a Judicial Member, unless he—
 - (i) has been a Judge of the High Court; or
 - (ii) has, for a combined period of ten years, been a District Judge or an Additional District Judge;
 - ²[(iii) has been an advocate for ten years with substantial experience in litigation in matters relating to indirect taxes in the Appellate Tribunal, Customs, Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, State Value Added Tax Tribunal, by whatever name called, High Court or Supreme Court;]
 - (c) a Technical Member (Centre), unless he is or has been a member of the Indian Revenue (Customs and Indirect Taxes) Service, Group A, or of the All India Service with at least three years of experience in the administration of an existing law or goods and services tax in the Central Government, and has completed at least twenty-five years of service in Group A;
 - (d) a Technical Member (State), unless he is or has been an officer of the State Government or an officer of the All India Service, not below the rank of Additional Commissioner of Value Added Tax or the State goods and services tax or such rank, not lower than that of the First Appellate Authority, as may be notified by the concerned State Government, on the recommendations of the Council and has completed twenty-five years of service in Group A, or equivalent, with at least three years of experience in the administration of an existing law or the goods and services tax or in the field of finance and taxation in the State Government:

Provided that the State Government may, on the recommendations of the Council, by notification, relax the requirement of completion of twenty-five years of service in Group A, or equivalent, in respect of officers of such State where no person has completed twenty-five years of service in Group A, or equivalent, but has completed twenty-five years of service in the Government, subject to such conditions, and till such period, as may be specified in the notification.

³[Provided that a person who has not completed the age of fifty years shall not be eligible for appointment as the President or Member.]

¹ Subs. Sec 110 w.e.f. 01.08.2023 (vide Notification No. 28/2023-CT, dt. 31.07.2023) by the Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023) (s.150) enacted on 31.03.2023. For text before substitution: Please refer Appendix-1 at the end of this Chapter.

² Ins. vide CGST (Second Amendment) Act, 2023, dt. 28.12.2023.

³ Ins. vide CGST (Second Amendment) Act, 2023, dt. 28.12.2023.

- (2) The President, Judicial Member, Technical Member (Centre) and Technical Member (State) shall be appointed or re-appointed by the Government on the recommendations of a Search-cum-Selection Committee constituted under sub-section (4):

Provided that in the event of the occurrence of any vacancy in the office of the President by reason of his death, resignation or otherwise, the Judicial Member or, in his absence, the senior-most Technical Member of the Principal Bench shall act as the President until the date on which a new President, appointed in accordance with the provisions of this Act to fill such vacancy, enters upon his office:

Provided further that where the President is unable to discharge his functions owing to absence, illness or any other cause, the Judicial member or, in his absence, the senior-most Technical Member of the Principal Bench, shall discharge the functions of the President until the date on which the President resumes his duties.

- (3) While making selection for Technical Member (State) of a State Bench, first preference shall be given to officers who have worked in the State Government of the State to which the jurisdiction of the Bench extends.
- (4)(a) The Search-cum-Selection Committee for Technical Member (State) of a State Bench shall consist of the following members, namely:—
- (i) the Chief Justice of the High Court in whose jurisdiction the State bench is located, to be the Chairperson of the Committee;
 - (ii) the senior-most Judicial Member in the State, and where no Judicial Member is available, a retired Judge of the High Court in whose jurisdiction the State Bench is located, as may be nominated by the Chief Justice of such High Court;
 - (iii) Chief Secretary of the State in which the State Bench is located;
 - (iv) one Additional Chief Secretary or Principal Secretary or Secretary of the State in which the State Bench is located, as may be nominated by such State Government, not in-charge of the Department responsible for administration of State tax; and
 - (v) Additional Chief Secretary or Principal Secretary or Secretary of the Department responsible for administration of State tax, of the State in which the State Bench is located—Member Secretary; and
- (b) the Search-cum-Selection Committee for all other cases shall consist of the following members, namely:—
- (i) the Chief Justice of India or a Judge of Supreme Court nominated by him, to be the Chairperson of the Committee;
 - (ii) Secretary of the Central Government nominated by the Cabinet Secretary—Member;
 - (iii) Chief Secretary of a State to be nominated by the Council—Member;

- (iv) one Member, who—
- (A) in case of appointment of a President of a Tribunal, shall be the outgoing President of the Tribunal; or
 - (B) in case of appointment of a Member of a Tribunal, shall be the sitting President of the Tribunal; or
 - (C) in case of the President of the Tribunal seeking re-appointment or where the outgoing President is unavailable or the removal of the President is being considered, shall be a retired Judge of the Supreme Court or a retired Chief Justice of a High Court nominated by the Chief Justice of India; and
- (v) Secretary of the Department of Revenue in the Ministry of Finance of the Central Government—Member Secretary.
- (5) The Chairperson shall have the casting vote and the Member Secretary shall not have a vote.
- (6) Notwithstanding anything contained in any judgment, order, or decree of any court or any law for the time being in force, the Committee shall recommend a panel of two names for appointment or re-appointment to the post of the President or a Member, as the case may be.
- (7) No appointment or re-appointment of the Members of the Appellate Tribunal shall be invalid merely by reasons of any vacancy or defect in the constitution of the Search-cum-Selection Committee.
- (8) Notwithstanding anything contained in any judgment, order, or decree of any court or any law for the time being in force, the salary of the President and the Members of the Appellate Tribunal shall be such as may be prescribed and their allowances and other terms and conditions of service shall be the same as applicable to Central Government officers carrying the same pay:
- Provided that neither the salary and allowances nor other terms and conditions of service of the President or Members of the Appellate Tribunal shall be varied to their disadvantage after their appointment:
- Provided further that, if the President or Member takes a house on rent, he may be reimbursed a house rent higher than the house rent allowance as are admissible to a Central Government officer holding the post carrying the same pay, subject to such limitations and conditions as may be prescribed.
- (9) Notwithstanding anything contained in any judgment, order, or decree of any court or any law for the time being in force, the President of the Appellate Tribunal shall hold office for a term of four years from the date on which he enters upon his office, or until he attains the age of ¹[seventy years, whichever is earlier and shall be eligible for re-appointment for a period not exceeding two years subject to the age-limit specified above.]

¹ Subs. vide CGST (Second Amendment) Act, 2023, dt. 28.12.2023. Formerly it read as: “sixty-seven years, whichever is earlier and shall be eligible for re-appointment for a period not exceeding two years.”

- (10) Notwithstanding anything contained in any judgment, order, or decree of any court or any law for the time being in force, the Judicial Member, Technical Member (Centre) or Technical Member (State) of the Appellate Tribunal shall hold office for a term of four years from the date on which he enters upon his office, or until he attains the age of¹[sixty-seven years, whichever is earlier and shall be eligible for re-appointment for a period not exceeding two years subject to the age-limit specified above.]
- (11) The President or any Member may, by notice in writing under his hand addressed to the Government, resign from his office:

Provided that the President or Member shall continue to hold office until the expiry of three months from the date of receipt of such notice by the Government or until a person duly appointed as his successor enters upon his office or until the expiry of his term of office, whichever is the earliest.

- (12) The Government may, on the recommendations of the Search-cum-Selection Committee, remove from the office President or a Member, who—
- (a) has been adjudged an insolvent; or
 - (b) has been convicted of an offence which involves moral turpitude; or
 - (c) has become physically or mentally incapable of acting as such President or Member; or
 - (d) has acquired such financial or other interest as is likely to affect prejudicially his functions as such President or Member; or
 - (e) has so abused his position as to render his continuance in office prejudicial to the public interest:

Provided that the President or the Member shall not be removed on any of the grounds specified in clauses (d) and (e), unless he has been informed of the charges against him and has been given an opportunity of being heard.

- (13) The Government, on the recommendations of the Search-cum-Selection Committee, may suspend from office, the President or a Judicial or Technical Member in respect to whom proceedings for removal have been initiated under sub-section (12).
- (14) Subject to the provisions of article 220 of the Constitution, the President or other Members, on ceasing to hold their office, shall not be eligible to appear, act or plead before the Principal Bench or the State Bench in which he was the President or, as the case may be, a Member.]

Section 110 - Relevant Rules & Forms

<i>Rule 109A</i>	<i>Appointment of Appellate Authority</i>	<i>Nil</i>

¹ Subs. vide CGST (Second Amendment) Act, 2023, dt. 28.12.2023. Formerly it read as: "sixty-five years, whichever is earlier and shall be eligible for re-appointment for a period not exceeding two years."

<i>B. Section related Notifications</i>		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	<i>Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023), dt. 31.03.2023 read with N. No. 28/2023 – CT, dt. 31.07.2023</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 110 w.e.f. 01.08.2023 [Sec 150 of the Finance Act, 2023]</i>
2.	<i>Ministry of Law and Justice (Legislative Department), dt. 28.12.2023</i>	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Act, 2023</i>
<i>C. Rule related Notifications</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		
<i>D. Orders</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		
<i>E. Circulars</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		
<i>F. Instructions</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		

111. Procedure before Appellate Tribunal.

- (1) The Appellate Tribunal shall not, while disposing of any proceedings before it or an appeal before it, be bound by the procedure laid down in the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, (5 of 1908) but shall be guided by the principles of natural justice and subject to the other provisions of this Act and the rules made thereunder, the Appellate Tribunal shall have power to regulate its own procedure.
- (2) The Appellate Tribunal shall, for the purposes of discharging its functions under this Act, have the same powers as are vested in a civil court under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (5 of 1908) while trying a suit in respect of the following matters, namely:—
 - (a) summoning and enforcing the attendance of any person and examining him on oath;
 - (b) requiring the discovery and production of documents;
 - (c) receiving evidence on affidavits;
 - (d) subject to the provisions of sections 123 and 124 of the Indian Evidence Act, 1872, (1 of 1872) requisitioning any public record or document or a copy of such record or document from any office;
 - (e) issuing commissions for the examination of witnesses or documents;
 - (f) dismissing a representation for default or deciding it *ex parte*;

- (g) setting aside any order of dismissal of any representation for default or any order passed by it *ex parte*; and
 - (h) any other matter which may be prescribed.
- (3) Any order made by the Appellate Tribunal may be enforced by it in the same manner as if it were a decree made by a court in a suit pending therein, and it shall be lawful for the Appellate Tribunal to send for execution of its orders to the court within the local limits of whose jurisdiction,—
- (a) in the case of an order against a company, the registered office of the company is situated; or
 - (b) in the case of an order against any other person, the person concerned voluntarily resides or carries on business or personally works for gain.
- (4) All proceedings before the Appellate Tribunal shall be deemed to be judicial proceedings within the meaning of sections 193 and 228, and for the purposes of section 196 of the Indian Penal Code (45 of 1860), and the Appellate Tribunal shall be deemed to be civil court for the purposes of section 195 and Chapter XXVI of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 (2 of 1974).

A. Section 111 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
Rule 112	<i>Production of additional evidence before the Appellate Authority or the Appellate Tribunal</i>	Nil
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 111 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	10/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rule 112
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
NIL		
F. Instructions		
NIL		

112. Appeals to Appellate Tribunal.

- (1) Any person aggrieved by an order passed against him under section 107 or section 108 of this Act or the State Goods and Services Tax Act or the Union Territory Goods and Services Tax Act may appeal to the Appellate Tribunal against such order within three

months from the date on which the order sought to be appealed against is communicated to the person preferring the appeal.

- (2) The Appellate Tribunal may, in its discretion, refuse to admit any such appeal where the tax or input tax credit involved or the difference in tax or input tax credit involved or the amount of fine, fee or penalty determined by such order, does not exceed fifty thousand rupees.
- (3) The Commissioner may, on his own motion, or upon request from the Commissioner of State tax or Commissioner of Union territory tax, call for and examine the record of any order passed by the Appellate Authority or the Revisional Authority under this Act or the State Goods and Services Tax Act or the Union Territory Goods and Services Tax Act for the purpose of satisfying himself as to the legality or propriety of the said order and may, by order, direct any officer subordinate to him to apply to the Appellate Tribunal within six months from the date on which the said order has been passed for determination of such points arising out of the said order as may be specified by the Commissioner in his order.
- (4) Where in pursuance of an order under sub-section (3) the authorised officer makes an application to the Appellate Tribunal, such application shall be dealt with by the Appellate Tribunal as if it were an appeal made against the order under sub-section (11) of section 107 or under sub-section (1) of section 108 and the provisions of this Act shall apply to such application, as they apply in relation to appeals filed under sub-section (1).
- (5) On receipt of notice that an appeal has been preferred under this section, the party against whom the appeal has been preferred may, notwithstanding that he may not have appealed against such order or any part thereof, file, within forty-five days of the receipt of notice, a memorandum of cross-objections, verified in the prescribed manner, against any part of the order appealed against and such memorandum shall be disposed of by the Appellate Tribunal, as if it were an appeal presented within the time specified in sub-section (1).
- (6) The Appellate Tribunal may admit an appeal within three months after the expiry of the period referred to in sub-section (1), or permit the filing of a memorandum of cross-objections within forty-five days after the expiry of the period referred to in sub-section (5) if it is satisfied that there was sufficient cause for not presenting it within that period.
- (7) An appeal to the Appellate Tribunal shall be in such form, verified in such manner and shall be accompanied by such fee, as may be prescribed.
- (8) No appeal shall be filed under sub-section (1), unless the appellant has paid–
 - (a) in full, such part of the amount of tax, interest, fine, fee and penalty arising from the impugned order, as is admitted by him, and

- (b) a sum equal to twenty per cent. of the remaining amount of tax in dispute, in addition to the amount paid under sub-section (6) of section 107, arising from the said order ¹[subject to a maximum of fifty crore rupees], in relation to which the appeal has been filed.
- (9) Where the appellant has paid the amount as per sub-section (8), the recovery proceedings for the balance amount shall be deemed to be stayed till the disposal of the appeal.
- (10) Every application made before the Appellate Tribunal,—
- (a) in an appeal for rectification of error or for any other purpose; or
 - (b) for restoration of an appeal or an application,
- shall be accompanied by such fees as may be prescribed.

A. Section 112 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>Rule 110</i>	<i>Appeal to the Appellate Tribunal</i>	<i>Forms GST APL-02, APL-05, APL-06</i>
<i>Rule 111</i>	<i>Application to the Appellate Tribunal</i>	<i>Forms GST APL-07</i>
<i>Rule 112</i>	<i>Production of additional evidence before the Appellate Authority or the Appellate Tribunal</i>	<i>Nil</i>
B. Section related Notifications		
<i>S.No.</i>	<i>Notification/Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	<i>09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Brings into force sec 112 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	<i>CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018 (31 of 2018), dt. 29.08.2018 read with N. No. 02/2019 – CT, dt. 29.01.2019</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 112(8) w.e.f. 01.02.2019</i>
3.	<i>14/2021 – CT, dt. 01.05.2021</i>	<i>Extends specified compliances falling between 15.04.2021 to 30.05.2021 till 31.05.2021 in exercise of powers under section 168A of CGST Act</i>
4.	<i>24/2021 – CT, dt. 01.06.2021</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 14/2021 – CT in order to extend due date of compliances which fall during the period from “15.04.2021 to 29.06.2021” till 30.06.2021</i>

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019) by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018.

C. Rule related Notifications		
S.No.	ROD/Order/Date	Contents
1.	10/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rules 110 to 112</i>
2.	3/2019 – CT, dt. 29.01.2019	<i>CGST (First Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Form GST APL-05</i>
3.	35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 29.06.2020” till 30.06.2020</i>
4.	55/2020 – CT, dt. 27.06.2020	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 30.08.2020” till 31.08.2020 (Subs. N. No. 35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020)</i>
D. Orders		
S.No.	ROD/Order/Date	Contents
1.	ROD-9/2019 – GST, dt. 03.12.2019	<i>Issuance of Removal of Difficulties Order so as to extend the last date for filing of appeals before the GST Appellate Tribunal against orders of Appellate Authority on account of non-constitution of benches of the Appellate Tribunal</i>
E. Circulars		
S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	207/01/2024-GST, dt. 26.06.2024	<i>Reduction of Government Litigation – fixing monetary limits for filing appeals or applications by the Department before GSTAT, High Courts and Supreme Court</i>
F. Instructions		
<i>NIL</i>		

113. Orders of Appellate Tribunal.

- (1) The Appellate Tribunal may, after giving the parties to the appeal an opportunity of being heard, pass such orders thereon as it thinks fit, confirming, modifying or annulling the decision or order appealed against or may refer the case back to the Appellate Authority, or the Revisional Authority or to the original adjudicating authority, with such directions as it may think fit, for a fresh adjudication or decision after taking additional evidence, if necessary.
- (2) The Appellate Tribunal may, if sufficient cause is shown, at any stage of hearing of an appeal, grant time to the parties or any of them and adjourn the hearing of the appeal for reasons to be recorded in writing:
Provided that no such adjournment shall be granted more than three times to a party during hearing of the appeal.
- (3) The Appellate Tribunal may amend any order passed by it under sub-section (1) so as to rectify any error apparent on the face of the record, if such error is noticed by it on its own accord, or is brought to its notice by the Commissioner or the Commissioner of

State tax or the Commissioner of the Union territory tax or the other party to the appeal within a period of three months from the date of the order:

Provided that no amendment which has the effect of enhancing an assessment or reducing a refund or input tax credit or otherwise increasing the liability of the other party, shall be made under this sub-section, unless the party has been given an opportunity of being heard.

- (4) The Appellate Tribunal shall, as far as possible, hear and decide every appeal within a period of one year from the date on which it is filed.
- (5) The Appellate Tribunal shall send a copy of every order passed under this section to the Appellate Authority or the Revisional Authority, or the original adjudicating authority, as the case may be, the appellant and the jurisdictional Commissioner or the Commissioner of State tax or the Union territory tax.
- (6) Save as provided in section 117 or section 118, orders passed by the Appellate Tribunal on an appeal shall be final and binding on the parties.

A. Section 113 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>Rule 113</i>	<i>Order of Appellate Authority or Appellate Tribunal</i>	<i>Form GST APL-04</i>
B. Section related Notifications		
<i>S.No.</i>	<i>Notification/Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	<i>09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Brings into force sec 113 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	<i>14/2021 – CT, dt. 01.05.2021</i>	<i>Extends specified compliances falling between 15.04.2021 to 30.05.2021 till 31.05.2021 in exercise of powers under section 168A of CGST Act</i>
3.	<i>24/2021 – CT, dt. 01.06.2021</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 14/2021 – CT in order to extend due date of compliances which fall during the period from “15.04.2021 to 29.06.2021” till 30.06.2021</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	<i>10/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rule 113</i>
2.	<i>60/2018 – CT, dt. 30.10.2018</i>	<i>CGST (Thirteenth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Form GST APL-04</i>
3.	<i>74/2018 – CT, dt. 31.12.2018</i>	<i>CGST (Fourteenth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Form GST APL-04</i>
4.	<i>35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020</i>	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 29.06.2020” till 30.06.2020</i>
5.	<i>55/2020 – CT, dt. 27.06.2020</i>	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 30.08.2020” till 31.08.2020 (Subs. N. No. 35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020)</i>

S.

Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 as on 01 July 2024

D. Orders
NIL
E. Circulars
NIL
F. Instructions
NIL

¹[114. Financial and Administrative Powers of President

The President shall exercise such financial and administrative powers over the Appellate Tribunal as may be prescribed.]

Section 114 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	<i>Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023), dt. 31.03.2023 read with N. No. 28/2023 – CT, dt. 31.07.2023</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 114 w.e.f. 01.08.2023 [Sec 151 of the Finance Act, 2023]</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
NIL		
F. Instructions		
NIL		

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.08.2023 (vide Notification No. 28/2023-CT, dt. 31.07.2023) by the Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023) (s.151) enacted on 31.03.2023. Formerly it read as:

"114. Financial and administrative powers of President.

The President shall exercise such financial and administrative powers over the National Bench and Regional Benches of the Appellate Tribunal as may be prescribed:

Provided that the President shall have the authority to delegate such of his financial and administrative powers as he may think fit to any other Member or any officer of the National Bench and Regional Benches, subject to the condition that such Member or officer shall, while exercising such delegated powers, continue to act under the direction, control and supervision of the President."

115. Interest on refund of amount paid for admission of appeal.

Where an amount paid by the appellant under sub-section (6) of section 107 or sub-section (8) of section 112 is required to be refunded consequent to any order of the Appellate Authority or of the Appellate Tribunal, interest at the rate specified under section 56 shall be payable in respect of such refund from the date of payment of the amount till the date of refund of such amount.

A. Section 115 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>NIL</i>		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 115 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
<i>NIL</i>		
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		
E. Circulars		
<i>NIL</i>		
F. Instructions		
<i>NIL</i>		

116. Appearance by authorised representative.

- (1) Any person who is entitled or required to appear before an officer appointed under this Act, or the Appellate Authority or the Appellate Tribunal in connection with any proceedings under this Act, may, otherwise than when required under this Act to appear personally for examination on oath or affirmation, subject to the other provisions of this section, appear by an authorised representative.
- (2) For the purposes of this Act, the expression “authorised representative” shall mean a person authorised by the person referred to in sub-section (1) to appear on his behalf, being—
 - (a) his relative or regular employee; or
 - (b) an advocate who is entitled to practice in any court in India, and who has not been debarred from practicing before any court in India; or
 - (c) any chartered accountant, a cost accountant or a company secretary, who holds a certificate of practice and who has not been debarred from practice; or
 - (d) a retired officer of the Commercial Tax Department of any State Government or Union territory or of the Board who, during his service under the Government,

had worked in a post not below the rank than that of a Group-B Gazetted officer for a period of not less than two years:

Provided that such officer shall not be entitled to appear before any proceedings under this Act for a period of one year from the date of his retirement or resignation; or

- (e) any person who has been authorised to act as a goods and services tax practitioner on behalf of the concerned registered person.

(3) No person,—

- (a) who has been dismissed or removed from Government service; or
- (b) who is convicted of an offence connected with any proceedings under this Act, the State Goods and Services Tax Act, the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act or the Union Territory Goods and Services Tax Act, or under the existing law or under any of the Acts passed by a State Legislature dealing with the imposition of taxes on sale of goods or supply of goods or services or both; or
- (c) who is found guilty of misconduct by the prescribed authority;
- (d) who has been adjudged as an insolvent,

shall be qualified to represent any person under sub-section (1)—

- (i) for all times in case of persons referred to in clauses (a), (b) and (c); and
- (ii) for the period during which the insolvency continues in the case of a person referred to in clause (d).

(4) Any person who has been disqualified under the provisions of the State Goods and Services Tax Act or the Union Territory Goods and Services Tax Act shall be deemed to be disqualified under this Act.

A. Section 116 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>Rule 116</i>	<i>Disqualification for misconduct of an authorised representative</i>	<i>Nil</i>
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	<i>09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Brings into force sec 116 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	<i>10/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rule 116</i>
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		

<i>E. Circulars</i>
<i>NIL</i>
<i>F. Instructions</i>
<i>NIL</i>

117. Appeal to High Court.

- (1) Any person aggrieved by any order passed by the ¹[State Benches] of the Appellate Tribunal may file an appeal to the High Court and the High Court may admit such appeal, if it is satisfied that the case involves a substantial question of law.
- (2) An appeal under sub-section (1) shall be filed within a period of one hundred and eighty days from the date on which the order appealed against is received by the aggrieved person and it shall be in such form, verified in such manner as may be prescribed:
Provided that the High Court may entertain an appeal after the expiry of the said period if it is satisfied that there was sufficient cause for not filing it within such period.
- (3) Where the High Court is satisfied that a substantial question of law is involved in any case, it shall formulate that question and the appeal shall be heard only on the question so formulated, and the respondents shall, at the hearing of the appeal, be allowed to argue that the case does not involve such question:
Provided that nothing in this sub-section shall be deemed to take away or abridge the power of the court to hear, for reasons to be recorded, the appeal on any other substantial question of law not formulated by it, if it is satisfied that the case involves such question.
- (4) The High Court shall decide the question of law so formulated and deliver such judgment thereon containing the grounds on which such decision is founded and may award such cost as it deems fit.
- (5) The High Court may determine any issue which—
 - (a) has not been determined by the ²[State Benches]; or
 - (b) has been wrongly determined by the ³[State Benches], by reason of a decision on such question of law as herein referred to in sub-section (3).
- (6) Where an appeal has been filed before the High Court, it shall be heard by a Bench of not less than two Judges of the High Court, and shall be decided in accordance with the opinion of such Judges or of the majority, if any, of such Judges.

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.08.2023 (vide Notification No. 28/2023-CT, dt. 31.07.2023) by the Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023) (s.152) enacted on 31.03.2023, for the words “State Bench or Area Benches”.

² Subs. w.e.f. 01.08.2023 (vide Notification No. 28/2023-CT, dt. 31.07.2023) by the Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023) (s.152) enacted on 31.03.2023, for the words “State Bench or Area Benches”.

³ Subs. w.e.f. 01.08.2023 (vide Notification No. 28/2023-CT, dt. 31.07.2023) by the Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023) (s.152) enacted on 31.03.2023, for the words “State Bench or Area Benches”.

- (7) Where there is no such majority, the Judges shall state the point of law upon which they differ and the case shall, then, be heard upon that point only, by one or more of the other Judges of the High Court and such point shall be decided according to the opinion of the majority of the Judges who have heard the case including those who first heard it.
- (8) Where the High Court delivers a judgment in an appeal filed before it under this section, effect shall be given to such judgment by either side on the basis of a certified copy of the judgment.
- (9) Save as otherwise provided in this Act, the provisions of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, (5 of 1908) relating to appeals to the High Court shall, as far as may be, apply in the case of appeals under this section.

A. Section 117 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>Rule 114</i>	<i>Appeal to the High Court</i>	<i>Form GST APL-08</i>
<i>Rule 115</i>	<i>Demand confirmed by the Court</i>	<i>Form GST APL-04</i>
B. Section related Notifications		
<i>S.No.</i>	<i>Notification/Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	<i>09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Brings into force sec 117 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	<i>14/2021 – CT, dt. 01.05.2021</i>	<i>Extends specified compliances falling between 15.04.2021 to 30.05.2021 till 31.05.2021 in exercise of powers under section 168A of CGST Act</i>
3.	<i>24/2021 – CT, dt. 01.06.2021</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 14/2021 – CT in order to extend due date of compliances which fall during the period from “15.04.2021 to 29.06.2021” till 30.06.2021</i>
4.	<i>Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023), dt. 31.03.2023 read with N. No. 28/2023 – CT, dt. 31.07.2023</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 117(1) & (5) w.e.f. 01.08.2023 [Sec 152 of the Finance Act, 2023]</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	<i>10/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rules 114 and 115</i>
2.	<i>60/2018 – CT, dt. 30.10.2018</i>	<i>CGST (Thirteenth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Form GST APL-04</i>
3.	<i>74/2018 – CT, dt. 31.12.2018</i>	<i>CGST (Fourteenth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Form GST APL-04</i>
4.	<i>35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020</i>	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 29.06.2020” till 30.06.2020</i>
5.	<i>55/2020 – CT, dt. 27.06.2020</i>	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 30.08.2020” till 31.08.2020 (Subs. N. No. 35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020)</i>

D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	207/01/2024-GST, dt. 26.06.2024	<i>Reduction of Government Litigation – fixing monetary limits for filing appeals or applications by the Department before GSTAT, High Courts and Supreme Court</i>
F. Instructions		NIL

118. Appeal to Supreme Court.

- (1) An appeal shall lie to the Supreme Court—
 - (a) from any order passed by the ¹[Principal Bench] of the Appellate Tribunal; or
 - (b) from any judgment or order passed by the High Court in an appeal made under section 117 in any case which, on its own motion or on an application made by or on behalf of the party aggrieved, immediately after passing of the judgment or order, the High Court certifies to be a fit one for appeal to the Supreme Court.
- (2) The provisions of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, (5 of 1908) relating to appeals to the Supreme Court shall, so far as may be, apply in the case of appeals under this section as they apply in the case of appeals from decrees of a High Court.
- (3) Where the judgment of the High Court is varied or reversed in the appeal, effect shall be given to the order of the Supreme Court in the manner provided in section 117 in the case of a judgment of the High Court.

A. Section 118 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>Rule 115</i>	<i>Demand confirmed by the Court</i>	<i>Form GST APL-04</i>
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 118 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	14/2021 – CT, dt. 01.05.2021	<i>Extends specified compliances falling between 15.04.2021 to 30.05.2021 till 31.05.2021 in exercise of powers under section 168A of CGST Act</i>

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.08.2023 (vide Notification No. 28/2023-CT, dt. 31.07.2023) by the Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023) (s.153) enacted on 31.03.2023, for the words “National Bench or Regional Benches”.

3.	24/2021 – CT, dt. 01.06.2021	<i>Amends N. No. 14/2021 – CT in order to extend due date of compliances which fall during the period from “15.04.2021 to 29.06.2021” till 30.06.2021</i>
4.	<i>Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023), dt. 31.03.2023 read with N. No.28/2023 – CT, dt. 31.07.2023</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 118(1) w.e.f. 01.08.2023 [Sec 153 of the Finance Act, 2023]</i>

C. Rule related Notifications

1.	10/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rule 115</i>
2.	60/2018 – CT, dt. 30.10.2018	<i>CGST (Thirteenth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Form GST APL-04</i>
3.	74/2018 – CT, dt. 31.12.2018	<i>CGST (Fourteenth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Form GST APL-04</i>

D. Orders*NIL***E. Circulars**

S.No.	<i>Circular/Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	207/01/2024-GST, dt. 26.06.2024	<i>Reduction of Government Litigation – fixing monetary limits for filing appeals or applications by the Department before GSTAT, High Courts and Supreme Court</i>

F. Instructions*NIL***119. Sums due to be paid notwithstanding appeal, etc.**

Notwithstanding that an appeal has been preferred to the High Court or the Supreme Court, sums due to the Government as a result of an order passed by the ¹[Principal Bench] of the Appellate Tribunal under sub-section (1) of section 113 or an order passed by the ²[State Benches] of the Appellate Tribunal under sub-section (1) of section 113 or an order passed by the High Court under section 117, as the case may be, shall be payable in accordance with the order so passed.

A. Section 119 - Relevant Rules & Forms*NIL*

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.08.2023 (vide Notification No. 28/2023-CT, dt. 31.07.2023) by the Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023) (s.154) enacted on 31.03.2023, for the words “National or Regional Benches”.

² Subs. w.e.f. 01.08.2023 (vide Notification No. 28/2023-CT, dt. 31.07.2023) by the Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023) (s.154) enacted on 31.03.2023, for the words “State Bench or Area Benches”.

B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 119 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 29.06.2020” till 30.06.2020</i>
3.	55/2020 – CT, dt. 27.06.2020	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 30.08.2020” till 31.08.2020 (Subs. N. No. 35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020)</i>
4.	<i>Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023), dt. 31.03.2023 read with N. No.28/2023 – CT, dt. 31.07.2023</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 119 w.e.f. 01.08.2023 [Sec 154 of the Finance Act, 2023]</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
<i>NIL</i>		
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		
E. Circulars		
<i>NIL</i>		
F. Instructions		
<i>NIL</i>		

120. Appeal not to be filed in certain cases.

- (1) The Board may, on the recommendations of the Council, from time to time, issue orders or instructions or directions fixing such monetary limits, as it may deem fit, for the purposes of regulating the filing of appeal or application by the officer of the central tax under the provisions of this Chapter.
- (2) Where, in pursuance of the orders or instructions or directions issued under sub-section (1), the officer of the central tax has not filed an appeal or application against any decision or order passed under the provisions of this Act, it shall not preclude such officer of the central tax from filing appeal or application in any other case involving the same or similar issues or questions of law.
- (3) Notwithstanding the fact that no appeal or application has been filed by the officer of the central tax pursuant to the orders or instructions or directions issued under sub-section (1), no person, being a party in appeal or application shall contend that the officer of the central tax has acquiesced in the decision on the disputed issue by not filing an appeal or application.

- (4) The Appellate Tribunal or court hearing such appeal or application shall have regard to the circumstances under which appeal or application was not filed by the officer of the central tax in pursuance of the orders or instructions or directions issued under sub-section (1).

A. Section 120 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 120 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
NIL		
F. Instructions		
NIL		

121. Non-appealable decisions and orders.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in any provisions of this Act, no appeal shall lie against any decision taken or order passed by an officer of central tax if such decision taken or order passed relates to any one or more of the following matters, namely:—

- (a) an order of the Commissioner or other authority empowered to direct transfer of proceedings from one officer to another officer; or
- (b) an order pertaining to the seizure or retention of books of account, register and other documents; or
- (c) an order sanctioning prosecution under this Act; or
- (d) an order passed under section 80.

A. Section 121 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 121 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		

D. Orders
NIL
E. Circulars
NIL
F. Instructions
NIL

CHAPTER XIX

OFFENCES AND PENALTIES

122. Penalty for certain offences.

- (1) Where a taxable person who—
- (i) supplies any goods or services or both without issue of any invoice or issues an incorrect or false invoice with regard to any such supply;
 - (ii) issues any invoice or bill without supply of goods or services or both in violation of the provisions of this Act or the rules made thereunder;
 - (iii) collects any amount as tax but fails to pay the same to the Government beyond a period of three months from the date on which such payment becomes due;
 - (iv) collects any tax in contravention of the provisions of this Act but fails to pay the same to the Government beyond a period of three months from the date on which such payment becomes due;
 - (v) fails to deduct the tax in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 51, or deducts an amount which is less than the amount required to be deducted under the said sub-section, or where he fails to pay to the Government under sub-section (2) thereof, the amount deducted as tax;
 - (vi) fails to collect tax in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 52, or collects an amount which is less than the amount required to be collected under the said sub-section or where he fails to pay to the Government the amount collected as tax under sub-section (3) of section 52;
 - (vii) takes or utilises input tax credit without actual receipt of goods or services or both either fully or partially, in contravention of the provisions of this Act or the rules made thereunder;
 - (viii) fraudulently obtains refund of tax under this Act;
 - (ix) takes or distributes input tax credit in contravention of section 20, or the rules made thereunder;
 - (x) falsifies or substitutes financial records or produces fake accounts or documents or furnishes any false information or return with an intention to evade payment of tax due under this Act;
 - (xi) is liable to be registered under this Act but fails to obtain registration;

- (xii) furnishes any false information with regard to registration particulars, either at the time of applying for registration, or subsequently;
- (xiii) obstructs or prevents any officer in discharge of his duties under this Act;
- (xiv) transports any taxable goods without the cover of documents as may be specified in this behalf;
- (xv) suppresses his turnover leading to evasion of tax under this Act;
- (xvi) fails to keep, maintain or retain books of account and other documents in accordance with the provisions of this Act or the rules made thereunder;
- (xvii) fails to furnish information or documents called for by an officer in accordance with the provisions of this Act or the rules made thereunder or furnishes false information or documents during any proceedings under this Act;
- (xviii) supplies, transports or stores any goods which he has reasons to believe are liable to confiscation under this Act;
- (xix) issues any invoice or document by using the registration number of another registered person;
- (xx) tampers with, or destroys any material evidence or document;
- (xxi) disposes off or tampers with any goods that have been detained, seized, or attached under this Act,

he shall be liable to pay a penalty of ten thousand rupees or an amount equivalent to the tax evaded or the tax not deducted under section 51 or short deducted or deducted but not paid to the Government or tax not collected under section 52 or short collected or collected but not paid to the Government or input tax credit availed of or passed on or distributed irregularly, or the refund claimed fraudulently, whichever is higher.

¹[(1A) Any person who retains the benefit of a transaction covered under clauses (i), (ii), (vii) or clause (ix) of sub-section (1) and at whose instance such transaction is conducted, shall be liable to a penalty of an amount equivalent to the tax evaded or input tax credit availed of or passed on.]

²[(1B) Any electronic commerce operator who—

- (i) allows a supply of goods or services or both through it by an unregistered person other than a person exempted from registration by a notification issued under this Act to make such supply;
- (ii) allows an inter-State supply of goods or services or both through it by a person who is not eligible to make such inter-State supply; or

¹ *Ins. w.e.f. 01.01.2021 (vide Notification No. 92/2020-CT, dt. 22.12.2020) by the Finance Act, 2020 (12 of 2020) (s.126) dt. 27.03.2020.*

² *Ins. sub-section (1B) w.e.f. 01.10.2023 (vide Notification No. 28/2023-CT, dt. 31.07.2023) by the Finance Act, 2023 (No. 8 of 2023) (s.155) enacted on 31.03.2023.*

- (iii) fails to furnish the correct details in the statement to be furnished under sub-section (4) of section 52 of any outward supply of goods effected through it by a person exempted from obtaining registration under this Act,
- shall be liable to pay a penalty of ten thousand rupees, or an amount equivalent to the amount of tax involved had such supply been made by a registered person other than a person paying tax under section 10, whichever is higher.]
- (2) Any registered person who supplies any goods or services or both on which any tax has not been paid or short-paid or erroneously refunded, or where the input tax credit has been wrongly availed or utilised,—
- (a) for any reason, other than the reason of fraud or any wilful misstatement or suppression of facts to evade tax, shall be liable to a penalty of ten thousand rupees or ten per cent. of the tax due from such person, whichever is higher;
 - (b) for reason of fraud or any wilful misstatement or suppression of facts to evade tax, shall be liable to a penalty equal to ten thousand rupees or the tax due from such person, whichever is higher.
- (3) Any person who—
- (a) aids or abets any of the offences specified in clauses (i) to (xxi) of sub-section (1);
 - (b) acquires possession of, or in any way concerns himself in transporting, removing, depositing, keeping, concealing, supplying, or purchasing or in any other manner deals with any goods which he knows or has reasons to believe are liable to confiscation under this Act or the rules made thereunder;
 - (c) receives or is in any way concerned with the supply of, or in any other manner deals with any supply of services which he knows or has reasons to believe are in contravention of any provisions of this Act or the rules made thereunder;
 - (d) fails to appear before the officer of central tax, when issued with a summon for appearance to give evidence or produce a document in an inquiry;
 - (e) fails to issue invoice in accordance with the provisions of this Act or the rules made thereunder or fails to account for an invoice in his books of account,
- shall be liable to a penalty which may extend to twenty-five thousand rupees.

A. Section 122 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 122 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>

S.

Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 as on 01 July 2024

2.	<i>Finance Act, 2020 (Act No. 12 of 2020), dt. 27.03.2020 read with N. No. 92/2020 – CT, dt. 22.12.2020</i>	<i>Inserting sec 122 (1A) w.e.f. 01.01.2021</i>
3.	<i>Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023), dt. 31.03.2023 read with N. No. 28/2023 – CT, dt. 31.07.2023</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 122(1B) w.e.f. 01.10.2023 [Sec 155 of the Finance Act, 2023]</i>

C. Rule related Notifications

NIL

D. Orders

NIL

E. Circulars

1.	<i>171/03/2022-GST, dt. 06.07.2022</i>	<i>Clarification on various issues relating to applicability of demand and penalty provisions under the CGST Act, 2017 in respect of transactions involving fake invoices</i>
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F. Instructions

1.	<i>04/2023-GST, dt. 23.11.2023</i>	<i>Serving of the summary of notice in Form GST DRC-01 and uploading of summary of order in Form GST DRC-07 electronically on the portal by the proper officer</i>
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[¹]

123. Penalty for failure to furnish information return.

If a person who is required to furnish an information return under section 150 fails to do so within the period specified in the notice issued under sub-section (3) thereof, the proper officer may direct that such person shall be liable to pay a penalty of one hundred rupees for each day of the period during which the failure to furnish such return continues:

Provided that the penalty imposed under this section shall not exceed five thousand rupees.

¹ *Ins. Sec. 122A by the Finance Act, 2024 (No. 8 of 2024) (s. 13) enacted on 15.02.2024. However, effective date has not been yet notified. After notification, it will read as,*

“122A. Penalty for failure to register certain machines used in manufacture of goods as per special procedure.

- (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, where any person, who is engaged in the manufacture of goods in respect of which any special procedure relating to registration of machines has been notified under section 148, acts in contravention of the said special procedure, he shall, in addition to any penalty that is paid or is payable by him under Chapter XV or any other provisions of this Chapter, be liable to pay a penalty equal to an amount of one lakh rupees for every machine not so registered.
- (2) In addition to the penalty under sub-section (1), every machine not so registered shall be liable for seizure and confiscation:
Provided that such machine shall not be confiscated where—
 - (a) the penalty so imposed is paid; and
 - (b) the registration of such machine is made in accordance with the special procedure within three days of the receipt of communication of the order of penalty.”.

A. Section 123 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 123 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	03/2017 – GST, dt. 05.07.2017	<i>Proper officer relating to provisions other than Registration and Composition under CGST Act, 2017</i>
F. Instructions		
1.	04/2023-GST, dt. 23.11.2023	<i>Serving of the summary of notice in Form GST DRC-01 and uploading of summary of order in Form GST DRC-07 electronically on the portal by the proper officer</i>

124. Fine for failure to furnish statistics.

If any person required to furnish any information or return under section 151,—

- (a) without reasonable cause fails to furnish such information or return as may be required under that section, or
- (b) wilfully furnishes or causes to furnish any information or return which he knows to be false,

he shall be punishable with a fine which may extend to ten thousand rupees and in case of a continuing offence to a further fine which may extend to one hundred rupees for each day after the first day during which the offence continues subject to a maximum limit of twenty-five thousand rupees.

A. Section 124 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 124 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>

C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
NIL		
F. Instructions		
1.	04/2023-GST, dt. 23.11.2023	Serving of the summary of notice in Form GST DRC-01 and uploading of summary of order in Form GST DRC-07 electronically on the portal by the proper officer

125. General penalty.

Any person, who contravenes any of the provisions of this Act or any rules made thereunder for which no penalty is separately provided for in this Act, shall be liable to a penalty which may extend to twenty-five thousand rupees.

A. Section 125 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 125 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017
2.	89/2020 – CT, dt. 29.11.2020	Waives penalty payable for non-compliance of the provisions of N. No. 14/2020 – CT, dt. 21.03.2020
3.	6/2021 – CT, dt. 30.03.2021	Waives penalty payable for non-compliance of the provisions of N. No.14/2020 – CT, dt. 21.03.2020 – Up to 30.06.2021 (Dynamic QR Code)
4.	28/2021 – CT, dt. 30.06.2021	Waives penalty payable for non-compliance of provisions of N. No. 14/2020 – CT, dt. 21.03.2020
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
NIL		
F. Instructions		
1.	04/2023-GST, dt. 23.11.2023	Serving of the summary of notice in Form GST DRC-01 and uploading of summary of order in Form GST DRC-07 electronically on the portal by the proper officer

126. General disciplines related to penalty.

- (1) No officer under this Act shall impose any penalty for minor breaches of tax regulations or procedural requirements and in particular, any omission or mistake in documentation which is easily rectifiable and made without fraudulent intent or gross negligence.
- Explanation.*—For the purpose of this sub-section,—
- a breach shall be considered a ‘minor breach’ if the amount of tax involved is less than five thousand rupees;
 - an omission or mistake in documentation shall be considered to be easily rectifiable if the same is an error apparent on the face of record.
- (2) The penalty imposed under this Act shall depend on the facts and circumstances of each case and shall be commensurate with the degree and severity of the breach.
- (3) No penalty shall be imposed on any person without giving him an opportunity of being heard.
- (4) The officer under this Act shall while imposing penalty in an order for a breach of any law, regulation or procedural requirement, specify the nature of the breach and the applicable law, regulation or procedure under which the amount of penalty for the breach has been specified.
- (5) When a person voluntarily discloses to an officer under this Act the circumstances of a breach of the tax law, regulation or procedural requirement prior to the discovery of the breach by the officer under this Act, the proper officer may consider this fact as a mitigating factor when quantifying a penalty for that person.
- (6) The provisions of this section shall not apply in such cases where the penalty specified under this Act is either a fixed sum or expressed as a fixed percentage.

A. Section 126 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 126 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
NIL		
F. Instructions		
NIL		

127. Power to impose penalty in certain cases.

Where the proper officer is of the view that a person is liable to a penalty and the same is not covered under any proceedings under section 62 or section 63 or section 64 or section 73 or section 74 or section 129 or section 130, he may issue an order levying such penalty after giving a reasonable opportunity of being heard to such person.

A. Section 127 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 127 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	03/2017 – GST, dt. 05.07.2017	<i>Proper officer relating to provisions other than Registration and Composition under CGST Act, 2017</i>
F. Instructions		
1.	04/2023-GST, dt. 23.11.2023	<i>Serving of the summary of notice in Form GST DRC-01 and uploading of summary of order in Form GST DRC-07 electronically on the portal by the proper officer</i>

128. Power to waive penalty or fee or both.

The Government may, by notification, waive in part or full, any penalty referred to in section 122 or section 123 or section 125 or any late fee referred to in section 47 for such class of taxpayers and under such mitigating circumstances as may be specified therein on the recommendations of the Council.

A. Section 128 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 128 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>

2.	28/2017 – CT, dt. 01.09.2017	<i>Waives the late fee for late filing of Form GSTR-3B, for the month of July 2017</i>
3.	50/2017 – CT, dt. 24.10.2017	<i>Waives late fee payable for delayed filing of Form GSTR-3B for Aug. & Sept. 2017</i>
4.	64/2017 – CT, dt. 15.11.2017	<i>Limits the maximum late fee payable for delayed filing of return in Form GSTR-3B from Oct., 2017 onwards</i>
5.	73/2017 – CT, dt. 29.12.2017	<i>Waives the late fee payable for failure to furnish the return in Form GSTR-4</i>
6.	04/2018 – CT, dt. 23.01.2018	<i>Reduction of late fee in case of delayed filing of Form GSTR-1</i>
7.	05/2018 – CT, dt. 23.01.2018	<i>Reduction of late fee in case of delayed filing of Form GSTR-5</i>
8.	06/2018 – CT, dt. 23.01.2018 and Corrigendum dt. 01.02.2018	<i>Reduction of late fee in case of delayed filing of Form GSTR-5A</i>
9.	07/2018 – CT, dt. 23.01.2018	<i>Reduction of late fee in case of delayed filing of Form GSTR-6</i>
10.	13/2018 – CT, dt. 07.03.2018	<i>Rescinding N. No. 06/2018 – CT, dt. 23.01.2018 in respect of Form GSTR-5A regarding reduction of late fee</i>
11.	22/2018 – CT, dt. 14.05.2018	<i>Waives the late fee for Form GSTR-3B from Oct., 2017 to April 2018 under certain circumstances</i>
12.	41/2018 – CT, dt. 04.09.2018	<i>Waives the late fee paid for specified classes of taxpayers for Form GSTR-3B, Form GSTR-4 and Form GSTR-6 for specified tax periods</i>
13.	75/2018 – CT, dt. 31.12.2018	<i>Waives the amount of late fees leviable on account of delayed furnishing of Form GSTR-1 for the period July, 2017 to September, 2018 in specified cases</i>
14.	76/2018 – CT, dt. 31.12.2018	<i>Specifies the late fee payable for delayed filing of Form GSTR-3B and fully waive the amount of late fees leviable on account of delayed furnishing of Form GSTR-3B for the period July, 2017 to September, 2018 in specified cases</i>
15.	77/2018 – CT, dt. 31.12.2018	<i>Waives the amount of late fees leviable on account of delayed furnishing of Form GSTR-4 for the period July, 2017 to September, 2018</i>
16.	41/2019 – CT, dt. 31.08.2019	<i>Waives the late fees in certain specified cases for the month of July, 2019 for Form GSTR-1 and GSTR-6 provided the said returns are furnished by 20.09.2019</i>
17.	48/2019 – CT, dt. 09.10.2019	<i>Waives the late fees in certain specified cases - Amends N. No. 41/2019-CT, dt. 31.08.2019 – Form GSTR-1, GSTR-3B, GSTR-7</i>
18.	74/2019 – CT, dt. 26.12.2019	<i>Waives late fees for non-filing of Form GSTR-1 from July, 2017 to November, 2019</i>

19.	67/2020 – CT, dt. 21.09.2020 read with <i>Corrigendum,</i> dt. 22.09.2020	<i>Grants waiver / reduction in late fee for not furnishing Form GSTR-4 for 2017-18 and 2018-19, subject to the condition that the returns are filled between 22.09.2020 to 31.10.2020</i>
20.	68/2020 – CT, dt. 21.09.2020 read with <i>Corrigendum,</i> dt. 22.09.2020	<i>Grants waiver / reduction in late fee for not furnishing Form GSTR-10, subject to the condition that the returns are filled between 22.09.2020 to 31.12.2020</i>
21.	89/2020 – CT, dt. 29.11.2020	<i>Waives penalty payable for non-compliance of the provisions of N. No.14/2020 – CT, dt. 21.03.2020</i>
22.	93/2020 – CT, dt. 22.12.2020	<i>Waives late fee for Form GSTR-4 filing in UT of Ladakh for Financial year 2019-20</i>
23	6/2021 – CT, dt. 30.03.2021	<i>Waives penalty payable for non-compliance of the provisions of N. No.14/2020 – CT, dt. 21.03.2020 – Up to 30.06.2021 (Dynamic QR Code)</i>
24.	09/2021 – CT, dt. 01.05.2021	<i>Amends N. No. 76/2018 – CT in order to provide waiver of late fees for specified taxpayers and specified tax periods</i>
25.	19/2021 – CT, dt. 01.06.2021	<i>Rationalizes late fee for delay in filing of return in Form GSTR-3B; and to provide conditional waiver of late fee for delay in filing Form GSTR-3B from July, 2017 to April, 2021; and to provide waiver of late fees for late filing of return in Form GSTR-3B for specified taxpayers and specified tax periods</i>
26.	20/2021 – CT, dt. 01.06.2021	<i>Rationalizes late fee for delay in furnishing of the statement of outward supplies in Form GSTR-1</i>
27.	21/2021 – CT, dt. 01.06.2021	<i>Rationalizes late fee for delay in filing of return in Form GSTR-4</i>
28.	22/2021 – CT, dt. 01.06.2021	<i>Rationalizes late fee for delay in filing of return in Form GSTR-7</i>
29.	28/2021 – CT, dt. 30.06.2021	<i>Waives penalty payable for non-compliance of provisions of N. No. 14/2020 – CT, dated 21.03.2020</i>
30.	33/2021 – CT, dt. 29.08.2021	<i>Extends Form GSTR-3B late fee Amnesty Scheme from 31.08.2021 upto 30.11.2021</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
NIL		

F. Instructions***NIL*****129. Detention, seizure and release of goods and conveyances in transit.**

- (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, where any person transports any goods or stores any goods while they are in transit in contravention of the provisions of this Act or the rules made thereunder, all such goods and conveyance used as a means of transport for carrying the said goods and documents relating to such goods and conveyance shall be liable to detention or seizure and after detention or seizure, shall be released,—
- ¹[(a) on payment of penalty equal to two hundred per cent. of the tax payable on such goods and, in case of exempted goods, on payment of an amount equal to two per cent. of the value of goods or twenty-five thousand rupees, whichever is less, where the owner of the goods comes forward for payment of such penalty;
- (b) on payment of penalty equal to fifty per cent. of the value of the goods or two hundred per cent. of the tax payable on such goods, whichever is higher, and in case of exempted goods, on payment of an amount equal to five per cent. of the value of goods or twenty-five thousand rupees, whichever is less, where the owner of the goods does not come forward for payment of such penalty;]
- (c) upon furnishing a security equivalent to the amount payable under clause (a) or clause (b) in such form and manner as may be prescribed:

Provided that no such goods or conveyance shall be detained or seized without serving an order of detention or seizure on the person transporting the goods.

- ²[(2) ***]

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.01.2022 by the Finance Act, 2021 (No. 13 of 2021) (s.117) dated 28.03.2021, read with Notification No. 39/2021-CT, dated 21.12.2021. Formerly it read as:

“(a) on payment of the applicable tax and penalty equal to one hundred per cent. of the tax payable on such goods and, in case of exempted goods, on payment of an amount equal to two per cent. of the value of goods or twenty-five thousand rupees, whichever is less, where the owner of the goods comes forward for payment of such tax and penalty;

(b) on payment of the applicable tax and penalty equal to the fifty per cent. of the value of the goods reduced by the tax amount paid thereon and, in case of exempted goods, on payment of an amount equal to five per cent. of the value of goods or twenty-five thousand rupees, whichever is less, where the owner of the goods does not come forward for payment of such tax and penalty.”

² Omtd. w.e.f. 01.01.2022 by the Finance Act, 2021 (No. 13 of 2021) (s.117) dated 28.03.2021, read with Notification No. 39/2021-CT, dated 21.12.2021. Formerly it read as:

“(2) The provisions of sub-section (6) of section 67 shall, mutatis mutandis, apply for detention and seizure of goods and conveyances”.

- ¹[(3) The proper officer detaining or seizing goods or conveyance shall issue a notice within seven days of such detention or seizure, specifying the penalty payable, and thereafter, pass an order within a period of seven days from the date of service of such notice, for payment of penalty under clause (a) or clause (b) of sub-section (1).]
- (4) ²[No penalty] shall be determined under sub-section (3) without giving the person concerned an opportunity of being heard.
- (5) On payment of amount referred in sub-section (1), all proceedings in respect of the notice specified in sub-section (3) shall be deemed to be concluded.
- ³[(6) Where the person transporting any goods or the owner of such goods fails to pay the amount of penalty under sub-section (1) within fifteen days from the date of receipt of the copy of the order passed under sub-section (3), the goods or conveyance so detained or seized shall be liable to be sold or disposed of otherwise, in such manner and within such time as may be prescribed, to recover the penalty payable under sub-section (3):
Provided that the conveyance shall be released on payment by the transporter of penalty under sub-section (3) or one lakh rupees, whichever is less:
Provided further that where the detained or seized goods are perishable or hazardous in nature or are likely to depreciate in value with passage of time, the said period of fifteen days may be reduced by the proper officer.]

A. Section 129 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>Rule 140</i>	<i>Bond and security for release of seized goods</i>	<i>Form GST INS-04</i>
<i>Rule 141</i>	<i>Procedure in respect of seized goods</i>	<i>Form GST INS-05</i>
<i>Rule 142</i>	<i>Notice and order for demand of amounts payable under the Act</i>	<i>Forms DRC-01 to DRC-07, DRC-08</i>

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.01.2022 by the Finance Act, 2021 (No. 13 of 2021) (s.117) dated 28.03.2021, read with Notification No. 39/2021-CT, dated 21.12.2021. Formerly it read as:

“(3) The proper officer detaining or seizing goods or conveyances shall issue a notice specifying the tax and penalty payable and thereafter, pass an order for payment of tax and penalty under clause (a) or clause (b) or clause (c).”

² Subs. w.e.f. 01.01.2022 by the Finance Act, 2021 (No. 13 of 2021) (s.117) dated 28.03.2021, read with Notification No. 39/2021-CT, dated 21.12.2021, for the words “No tax, interest or penalty”.

³ Subs. w.e.f. 01.01.2022 by the Finance Act, 2021 (No. 13 of 2021) (s.117) dated 28.03.2021, read with Notification No. 39/2021-CT, dated 21.12.2021. Formerly it read as:

“(6) Where the person transporting any goods or the owner of the goods fails to pay the amount of tax and penalty as provided in sub-section (1) within ¹*[fourteen days] of such detention or seizure, further proceedings shall be initiated in accordance with the provisions of section 130:

Provided that where the detained or seized goods are perishable or hazardous in nature or are likely to depreciate in value with passage of time, the said period of seven days may be reduced by the proper officer.”

*¹ Subs. for the words “seven days” w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019) by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018.

B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 129 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	<i>CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018 (31 of 2018), dt. 29.08.2018 read with N. No. 02/2019 – CT, dt. 29.01.2019</i>	<i>Amends sec 129(6) of the CGST Act - w.e.f. 01.02.2019</i>
3.	<i>Finance Act, 2021 (Act No. 13 of 2021), dt. 28.03.2021 read with N. No. 39/2021 – CT, dt. 21.12.2021</i>	<i>Amends sec 129 of the CGST Act - w.e.f. 01.01.2022</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	15/2017 – CT, dt. 01.07.2017	<i>CGST (Third Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rules 140 and 141</i>
2.	16/2020 – CT, dt. 23.03.2020	<i>CGST (Third Amendment) Rules, 2020 – Amending Rule 141</i>
3.	26/2022 – CT, dt. 26.12.2022	<i>CGST (Fifth Amendment) Rules, 2022 – Amending Form DRC-03 w.e.f. 26.12.2022</i>
4.	52/2023 – CT, dt. 26.10.2023	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2023 – Amending Rule 142 w.e.f. 26.10.2023</i>
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		
E. Circulars		
S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	03/2017 – GST, dt. 05.07.2017	<i>Proper officer relating to provisions other than Registration and Composition under CGST Act, 2017</i>
2.	41/2018 – GST, dt. 13.04.2018	<i>Procedure for interception of conveyances for inspection of goods in movement, and detention, release and confiscation of such goods & conveyances</i>
3.	49/2018 – GST, dt. 21.06.2018	<i>Modification of Circular No. 41/15/2018-GST, dt. 13.04.2018</i>
4.	64/2018 – GST, dt. 14.09.2018	<i>Modification of the procedure for interception of conveyances for inspection of goods in movement, and detention, release and confiscation of such goods and conveyances, as clarified in Circular Nos. 41/15/2018-GST, dt. 13.04.2018 and 49/23/2018-GST, dt. 21.06.2018</i>
5.	76/2018 – GST, dt. 31.12.2018	<i>Who will be considered as the “owner of the goods” for the purposes of section 129(1) of the CGST Act</i>
6.	88/2019 – GST, dt. 01.02.2019	<i>Makes amendments in the earlier issued circulars in wake of amendments in the CGST Act (which shall come into force w.e.f. 01.02.2019)</i>

<i>F. Instructions</i>		
1.	04/2023-GST, dt. 23.11.2023	<i>Serving of the summary of notice in Form GST DRC-01 and uploading of summary of order in Form GST DRC-07 electronically on the portal by the proper officer</i>

130. Confiscation of goods or conveyances and levy of penalty.

- (1) ¹[Where] any person—
- (i) supplies or receives any goods in contravention of any of the provisions of this Act or the rules made thereunder with intent to evade payment of tax; or
 - (ii) does not account for any goods on which he is liable to pay tax under this Act; or
 - (iii) supplies any goods liable to tax under this Act without having applied for registration; or
 - (iv) contravenes any of the provisions of this Act or the rules made thereunder with intent to evade payment of tax; or
 - (v) uses any conveyance as a means of transport for carriage of goods in contravention of the provisions of this Act or the rules made thereunder unless the owner of the conveyance proves that it was so used without the knowledge or connivance of the owner himself, his agent, if any, and the person in charge of the conveyance,

then, all such goods or conveyances shall be liable to confiscation and the person shall be liable to penalty under section 122.

- (2) Whenever confiscation of any goods or conveyance is authorised by this Act, the officer adjudging it shall give to the owner of the goods an option to pay in lieu of confiscation, such fine as the said officer thinks fit:

Provided that such fine leviable shall not exceed the market value of the goods confiscated, less the tax chargeable thereon:

Provided further that the aggregate of such fine and penalty leviable shall not be less than the ²[penalty equal to hundred per cent. of the tax payable on such goods]:

Provided also that where any such conveyance is used for the carriage of the goods or passengers for hire, the owner of the conveyance shall be given an option to pay in lieu of the confiscation of the conveyance a fine equal to the tax payable on the goods being transported thereon.

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.01.2022 by the Finance Act, 2021 (No. 13 of 2021) (s.118) dated 28.03.2021, read with Notification No. 39/2021-CT, dated 21.12.2021, for the words “Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, if”.

² Subs. w.e.f. 01.01.2022 by the Finance Act, 2021 (No. 13 of 2021) (s.118) dated 28.03.2021, read with Notification No. 39/2021-CT, dated 21.12.2021, for the words “amount of penalty leviable under sub-section (1) of section 129”.

¹[(3) ***]

- (4) No order for confiscation of goods or conveyance or for imposition of penalty shall be issued without giving the person an opportunity of being heard.
- (5) Where any goods or conveyance are confiscated under this Act, the title of such goods or conveyance shall thereupon vest in the Government.
- (6) The proper officer adjudging confiscation shall take and hold possession of the things confiscated and every officer of Police, on the requisition of such proper officer, shall assist him in taking and holding such possession.
- (7) The proper officer may, after satisfying himself that the confiscated goods or conveyance are not required in any other proceedings under this Act and after giving reasonable time not exceeding three months to pay fine in lieu of confiscation, dispose of such goods or conveyance and deposit the sale proceeds thereof with the Government.

A. Section 130 - Relevant Rules & Forms

NIL

B. Section related Notifications

S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 130 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	<i>Finance Act, 2021 (Act No. 13 of 2021), dt. 28.03.2021 read with N. No. 39/2021 – CT, dt. 21.12.2021</i>	<i>Amends sec 130 of the CGST Act - w.e.f. 01.01.2022</i>

C. Rule related Notifications

NIL

D. Orders

NIL

E. Circulars

S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	03/2017 – GST, dt. 05.07.2017	<i>Proper officer relating to provisions other than Registration and Composition under CGST Act, 2017</i>

¹ *Omtd. w.e.f. 01.01.2022 by the Finance Act, 2021 (No. 13 of 2021) (s.118) dated 28.03.2021, read with Notification No. 39/2021-CT, dated 21.12.2021. Formerly it read as:*

“(3) Where any fine in lieu of confiscation of goods or conveyance is imposed under sub-section (2), the owner of such goods or conveyance or the person referred to in sub-section (1), shall, in addition, be liable to any tax, penalty and charges payable in respect of such goods or conveyance.”.

2.	<i>41/2018 – GST, dt. 13.04.2018</i>	<i>Procedure for interception of conveyances for inspection of goods in movement, and detention, release and confiscation of such goods & conveyances</i>
3.	<i>49/2018 – GST, dt. 21.06.2018</i>	<i>Modification of Circular No. 41/15/2018-GST, dt. 13.04.2018</i>
4.	<i>64/2018 – GST, dt. 14.09.2018</i>	<i>Modification of the procedure for interception of conveyances for inspection of goods in movement, and detention, release and confiscation of such goods and conveyances, as clarified in Circular Nos. 41/15/2018-GST, dt. 13.04.2018 and 49/23/2018-GST, dt. 21.06.2018</i>
5.	<i>88/2019 – GST, dt. 01.02.2019</i>	<i>Makes amendments in the earlier issued circulars in wake of amendments in the CGST Act (which shall come into force w.e.f. 01.02.2019)</i>
F. Instructions		
1.	<i>04/2023-GST, dt. 23.11.2023</i>	<i>Serving of the summary of notice in Form GST DRC-01 and uploading of summary of order in Form GST DRC-07 electronically on the portal by the proper officer</i>

131. Confiscation or penalty not to interfere with other punishments.

Without prejudice to the provisions contained in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973, (2 of 1974) no confiscation made or penalty imposed under the provisions of this Act or the rules made thereunder shall prevent the infliction of any other punishment to which the person affected thereby is liable under the provisions of this Act or under any other law for the time being in force.

A. Section 131 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	<i>09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Brings into force sec 131 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
NIL		
F. Instructions		
NIL		

132. Punishment for certain offences.

- (1) ¹[Whoever commits, or causes to commit and retain the benefits arising out of, any of the following offences], namely:—
- (a) supplies any goods or services or both without issue of any invoice, in violation of the provisions of this Act or the rules made thereunder, with the intention to evade tax;
 - (b) issues any invoice or bill without supply of goods or services or both in violation of the provisions of this Act, or the rules made thereunder leading to wrongful availment or utilisation of input tax credit or refund of tax;
 - ²[(c) avails input tax credit using the invoice or bill referred to in clause (b) or fraudulently avails input tax credit without any invoice or bill;]
 - (d) collects any amount as tax but fails to pay the same to the Government beyond a period of three months from the date on which such payment becomes due;
 - (e) evades tax ³[***] or fraudulently obtains refund and where such offence is not covered under clauses (a) to (d);
 - (f) falsifies or substitutes financial records or produces fake accounts or documents or furnishes any false information with an intention to evade payment of tax due under this Act;
- ⁴[***]
- (h) acquires possession of, or in any way concerns himself in transporting, removing, depositing, keeping, concealing, supplying, or purchasing or in any other manner deals with, any goods which he knows or has reasons to believe are liable to confiscation under this Act or the rules made thereunder;
 - (i) receives or is in any way concerned with the supply of, or in any other manner deals with any supply of services which he knows or has reasons to believe are in contravention of any provisions of this Act or the rules made thereunder;
- ⁵[***]

¹ Sub. w.e.f. 01.01.2021 (vide Notification No. 92/2020-CT, dt. 22.12.2020) by the Finance Act, 2020 (12 of 2020) (s.127) dt. 27.03.2020, for the words “Whoever commits any of the following offences”.

² Sub. w.e.f. 01.01.2021 (vide Notification No. 92/2020-CT, dt. 22.12.2020) by the Finance Act, 2020 (12 of 2020) (s.127) dt. 27.03.2020. Formerly, it read as: “(c) avails input tax credit using such invoice or bill referred to in clause (b);”.

³ Omtd. w.e.f. 01.01.2021 (vide Notification No. 92/2020-CT, dt. 22.12.2020) the words “, fraudulently avails input tax credit” by the Finance Act, 2020 (12 of 2020) (s.127) dt. 27.03.2020.

⁴ Omtd. w.e.f. 01.10.2023 (vide Notification No. 28/2023-CT, dt. 31.07.2023) by the Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023) (s.156) enacted on 31.03.2023. Formerly it read as: “(g) obstructs or prevents any officer in the discharge of his duties under this Act;”.

⁵ Omtd. w.e.f. 01.10.2023 (vide Notification No. 28/2023-CT, dt. 31.07.2023) by the Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023) (s.156) enacted on 31.03.2023. Formerly it read as: “(j) tampers with or destroys any material evidence or documents;”.

¹[***]

- (l) attempts to commit, or abets the commission of any of the offences mentioned in ²[clauses (a) to (f) and clauses (h) and (i)] of this section,

shall be punishable—

- (i) in cases where the amount of tax evaded or the amount of input tax credit wrongly availed or utilised or the amount of refund wrongly taken exceeds five hundred lakh rupees, with imprisonment for a term which may extend to five years and with fine;
 - (ii) in cases where the amount of tax evaded or the amount of input tax credit wrongly availed or utilised or the amount of refund wrongly taken exceeds two hundred lakh rupees but does not exceed five hundred lakh rupees, with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years and with fine;
 - (iii) in the case of ³[an offence specified in clause (b).] where the amount of tax evaded or the amount of input tax credit wrongly availed or utilised or the amount of refund wrongly taken exceeds one hundred lakh rupees but does not exceed two hundred lakh rupees, with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year and with fine;
 - (iv) in cases where he commits or abets the commission of an offence specified in clause (f) ⁴[***], he shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months or with fine or with both.
- (2) Where any person convicted of an offence under this section is again convicted of an offence under this section, then, he shall be punishable for the second and for every subsequent offence with imprisonment for a term which may extend to five years and with fine.
- (3) The imprisonment referred to in clauses (i), (ii) and (iii) of sub-section (1) and sub-section (2) shall, in the absence of special and adequate reasons to the contrary to be recorded in the judgment of the Court, be for a term not less than six months.
- (4) Notwithstanding anything contained in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973, (2 of 1974) all offences under this Act, except the offences referred to in sub-section (5) shall be non- cognizable and bailable.

¹ *Omtd. w.e.f. 01.10.2023 (vide Notification No. 28/2023-CT, dt. 31.07.2023) by the Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023) (s.156) enacted on 31.03.2023. Formerly it read as: “(k) fails to supply any information which he is required to supply under this Act or the rules made thereunder or (unless with a reasonable belief, the burden of proving which shall be upon him, that the information supplied by him is true) supplies false information; or”.*

² *Subs. w.e.f. 01.10.2023 (vide Notification No. 28/2023-CT, dt. 31.07.2023) by the Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023) (s.156) enacted on 31.03.2023, for the words “clauses (a) to (k)”.*

³ *Subs. w.e.f. 01.10.2023 (vide Notification No. 28/2023-CT, dt. 31.07.2023) by the Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023) (s.156) enacted on 31.03.2023, for the words, brackets and letters “any other offence”.*

⁴ *Omtd. w.e.f. 01.10.2023 (vide Notification No. 28/2023-CT, dt. 31.07.2023) the words “or clause (g) or clause (j)” by the Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023) (s.156) enacted on 31.03.2023.*

- (5) The offences specified in clause (a) or clause (b) or clause (c) or clause (d) of sub-section (1) and punishable under clause (i) of that sub-section shall be cognizable and non-bailable.
- (6) A person shall not be prosecuted for any offence under this section except with the previous sanction of the Commissioner.

Explanation.— For the purposes of this section, the term “tax” shall include the amount of tax evaded or the amount of input tax credit wrongly availed or utilised or refund wrongly taken under the provisions of this Act, the State Goods and Services Tax Act, the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act or the Union Territory Goods and Services Tax Act and cess levied under the Goods and Services Tax (Compensation to States) Act.

A. Section 132 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 132 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	<i>Finance Act, 2020 (Act No. 12 of 2020), dt. 27.03.2020 read with N. No. 92/2020 – CT, dt. 22.12.2020</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 132(1) w.e.f. 01.01.2021</i>
3.	<i>Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023), dt. 31.03.2023 read with N. No.28/2023 – CT, dt. 31.07.2023</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 132(1) w.e.f. 01.10.2023 [Sec 156 of the Finance Act, 2023]</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
NIL		
F. Instructions		
S.No.	Instructions /Date	Contents
1.	02/2022-23 (GST-Investigation), dt. 17.08.2022	<i>Guidelines for arrest and bail in relation to offences punishable under the CGST Act, 2017</i>
2.	04/2022-23 (GST-Investigation), dt. 01.09.2022	<i>Guidelines for launching of prosecution under the CGST, 2017</i>

133. Liability of officers and certain other persons.

- (1) Where any person engaged in connection with the collection of statistics under section 151 or compilation or computerisation thereof or if any officer of central tax having access to information specified under sub-section (1) of section 150, or if any person engaged in connection with the provision of service on the common portal or the agent of common portal, wilfully discloses any information or the contents of any return furnished under this Act or rules made thereunder otherwise than in execution of his duties under the said sections or for the purposes of prosecution for an offence under this Act or under any other Act for the time being in force, he shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months or with fine which may extend to twenty-five thousand rupees, or with both.
- (2) Any person—
 - (a) who is a Government servant shall not be prosecuted for any offence under this section except with the previous sanction of the Government;
 - (b) who is not a Government servant shall not be prosecuted for any offence under this section except with the previous sanction of the Commissioner.

A. Section 133 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 133 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
NIL		
F. Instructions		
NIL		

134. Cognizance of offences.

No court shall take cognizance of any offence punishable under this Act or the rules made thereunder except with the previous sanction of the Commissioner, and no court inferior to that of a Magistrate of the First Class, shall try any such offence.

A. Section 134 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 134 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
NIL		
F. Instructions		
NIL		

135. Presumption of culpable mental state.

In any prosecution for an offence under this Act which requires a culpable mental state on the part of the accused, the court shall presume the existence of such mental state but it shall be a defence for the accused to prove the fact that he had no such mental state with respect to the act charged as an offence in that prosecution.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this section,—

- (i) the expression “culpable mental state” includes intention, motive, knowledge of a fact, and belief in, or reason to believe, a fact;
- (ii) a fact is said to be proved only when the court believes it to exist beyond reasonable doubt and not merely when its existence is established by a preponderance of probability.

A. Section 135 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 135 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		

<i>E. Circulars</i>
<i>NIL</i>
<i>F. Instructions</i>
<i>NIL</i>

136. Relevancy of statements under certain circumstances.

A statement made and signed by a person on appearance in response to any summons issued under section 70 during the course of any inquiry or proceedings under this Act shall be relevant, for the purpose of proving, in any prosecution for an offence under this Act, the truth of the facts which it contains,—

- (a) when the person who made the statement is dead or cannot be found, or is incapable of giving evidence, or is kept out of the way by the adverse party, or whose presence cannot be obtained without an amount of delay or expense which, under the circumstances of the case, the court considers unreasonable; or
- (b) when the person who made the statement is examined as a witness in the case before the court and the court is of the opinion that, having regard to the circumstances of the case, the statement should be admitted in evidence in the interest of justice.

<i>A. Section 136 - Relevant Rules & Forms</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		
<i>B. Section related Notifications</i>		
<i>S.No.</i>	<i>Notification/Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 136 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
<i>C. Rule related Notifications</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		
<i>D. Orders</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		
<i>E. Circulars</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		
<i>F. Instructions</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		

137. Offences by companies.

- (1) Where an offence committed by a person under this Act is a company, every person who, at the time the offence was committed was in charge of, and was responsible to, the company for the conduct of business of the company, as well as the company, shall be deemed to be guilty of the offence and shall be liable to be proceeded against and punished accordingly.

- (2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1), where an offence under this Act has been committed by a company and it is proved that the offence has been committed with the consent or connivance of, or is attributable to any negligence on the part of, any director, manager, secretary or other officer of the company, such director, manager, secretary or other officer shall also be deemed to be guilty of that offence and shall be liable to be proceeded against and punished accordingly.
- (3) Where an offence under this Act has been committed by a taxable person being a partnership firm or a Limited Liability Partnership or a Hindu Undivided Family or a trust, the partner or *karta* or managing trustee shall be deemed to be guilty of that offence and shall be liable to be proceeded against and punished accordingly and the provisions of sub-section (2) shall, *mutatis mutandis*, apply to such persons.
- (4) Nothing contained in this section shall render any such person liable to any punishment provided in this Act, if he proves that the offence was committed without his knowledge or that he had exercised all due diligence to prevent the commission of such offence.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this section,—

- (i) “company” means a body corporate and includes a firm or other association of individuals; and
- (ii) “director”, in relation to a firm, means a partner in the firm.

A. Section 137 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 137 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
NIL		
F. Instructions		
S.No.	Instructions /Date	Contents
1.	04/2022-23 (GST- Investigation), dt. 01.09.2022	<i>Guidelines for launching of prosecution under the CGST, 2017</i>

138. Compounding of offences.

- (1) Any offence under this Act may, either before or after the institution of prosecution, be compounded by the Commissioner on payment, by the person accused of the offence, to the Central Government or the State Government, as the case be, of such compounding amount in such manner as may be prescribed:

Provided that nothing contained in this section shall apply to—

¹[(a) a person who has been allowed to compound once in respect of any of the offences specified in clauses (a) to (f), (h), (i) and (l) of sub-section (1) of section 132;]

²[***]

³[(c) a person who has been accused of committing an offence under clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 132;]

(d) a person who has been convicted for an offence under this Act by a court;

⁴[***]

(f) any other class of persons or offences as may be prescribed:

Provided further that any compounding allowed under the provisions of this section shall not affect the proceedings, if any, instituted under any other law:

Provided also that compounding shall be allowed only after making payment of tax, interest and penalty involved in such offences.

- (2) The amount for compounding of offences under this section shall be such as may be prescribed, subject to the minimum amount not being less than ⁵[twenty-five per cent. of the tax involved and the maximum amount not being more than one hundred per cent. of the tax involved].

¹ Subs. clause (a) w.e.f. 01.10.2023 (vide Notification No. 28/2023-CT, dt. 31.07.2023) by the Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023) (s.157) enacted on 31.03.2023. Formerly it read as: “(a) a person who has been allowed to compound once in respect of any of the offences specified in clauses (a) to (f) of sub-section (1) of section 132 and the offences specified in clause (l) which are relatable to offences specified in clauses (a) to (f) of the said sub-section.”

² Omt. clause (b) w.e.f. 01.10.2023 (vide Notification No. 28/2023-CT, dt. 31.07.2023) by the Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023) (s.157) enacted on 31.03.2023. Formerly it read as: “(b) a person who has been allowed to compound once in respect of any offence, other than those in clause (a), under this Act or under the provisions of any State Goods and Services Tax Act or the Union Territory Goods and Services Tax Act or the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act in respect of supplies of value exceeding one crore rupees;”

³ Subs. clause (c) w.e.f. 01.10.2023 (vide Notification No. 28/2023-CT, dt. 31.07.2023) by the Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023) (s.157) enacted on 31.03.2023. Formerly it read as: “(c) a person who has been accused of committing an offence under this Act which is also an offence under any other law for the time being in force;”.

⁴ Omt. clause (e) w.e.f. 01.10.2023 (vide Notification No. 28/2023-CT, dt. 31.07.2023) by the Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023) (s.157) enacted on 31.03.2023. Formerly it read as: “(e) a person who has been accused of committing an offence specified in clause (g) or clause (j) or clause (k) of sub-section (1) of section 132; and”.

⁵ Subs. w.e.f. 01.10.2023 (vide Notification No. 28/2023-CT, dt. 31.07.2023) by the Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023) (s.157) enacted on 31.03.2023, for the words “ten thousand rupees or fifty per cent. of the tax involved, whichever is higher, and the maximum amount not being less than thirty thousand rupees or one hundred and fifty per cent. of the tax, whichever is higher”.

- (3) On payment of such compounding amount as may be determined by the Commissioner, no further proceedings shall be initiated under this Act against the accused person in respect of the same offence and any criminal proceedings, if already initiated in respect of the said offence, shall stand abated.

A. Section 138 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>Rule 162</i>	<i>Procedure for compounding of offences</i>	<i>Forms GST CPD-01, CPD-02</i>
B. Section related Notifications		
<i>S.No.</i>	<i>Notification/Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	<i>09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Brings into force sec 138 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	<i>Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023), dt. 31.03.2023 read with N. No.28/2023 – CT, dt. 31.07.2023</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 138(1) & (2) w.e.f. 01.10.2023 [Sec 157 of the Finance Act, 2023]</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	<i>15/2017 – CT, dt. 01.07.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Third Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rule 162 and Forms GST CPD-01, CPD-02</i>
2.	<i>16/2019 – CT, dt. 29.03.2019</i>	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Form GST CPD-02</i>
3.	<i>38/2023 – CT, dt. 04.08.2023</i>	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2023 – Amending Rule 162 w.e.f. 01.10.2023</i>
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		
E. Circulars		
<i>NIL</i>		
F. Instructions		
<i>NIL</i>		

CHAPTER XX
TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS

139. Migration of existing taxpayers.

- (1) On and from the appointed day, every person registered under any of the existing laws and having a valid Permanent Account Number shall be issued a certificate of registration on provisional basis, subject to such conditions and in such form and manner as may be prescribed, which unless replaced by a final certificate of registration under sub-section (2), shall be liable to be cancelled if the conditions so prescribed are not complied with.
- (2) The final certificate of registration shall be granted in such form and manner and subject to such conditions as may be prescribed.
- (3) The certificate of registration issued to a person under sub-section (1) shall be deemed to have not been issued if the said registration is cancelled in pursuance of an application filed by such person that he was not liable to registration under section 22 or section 24.

A. Section 139 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
Rule 24	<i>Migration of persons registered under the existing law</i>	<i>Forms GST REG-06, REG-20, REG-25, REG-26, REG-27, REG-28, REG-29</i>
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	<i>Notification/Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	<i>01/2017 – CT, dt. 19.06.2017</i>	<i>Brings into force sec 139 of the CGST Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 22.06.2017</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	<i>03/2017 – CT, dt. 19.06.2017</i>	<i>CGST Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rule 24</i>
2.	<i>07/2017 – CT, dt. 27.06.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 24</i>
3.	<i>17/2017 – CT, dt. 27.07.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 24</i>
4.	<i>36/2017 – CT, dt. 29.09.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Eighth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 24</i>
5.	<i>51/2017 – CT, dt. 28.10.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Eleventh Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 24</i>
6.	<i>03/2018 – CT, dt. 23.01.2018</i>	<i>CGST (Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rule 24</i>

7.	<i>31/2018 – CT, dt. 06.08.2018</i>	<i>Lays down the special procedure for completing migration of taxpayers who received provisional IDs but could not complete the migration process - Persons who did not file the complete Form GST REG 26 of the CGST Rules, 2017 but received only a Provisional Identification Number (PID) till the 31.12.2017</i>
8.	<i>03/2019 – CT, dt. 29.01.2019</i>	<i>CGST (First Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Form GST REG-20</i>
9.	<i>29/2023 – CT, dt. 31.07.2023</i>	<i>Notifies special procedure to be followed by a registered person pursuant to the directions of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in the case of Union of India v/s Filco Trade Centre Pvt. Ltd., SLP(C) No.32709-32710/2018</i>
D. Orders		
S.No.	ROD/Order/Date	Contents
1.	<i>O-6/2017 – GST, dt. 28.10.2017</i>	<i>Extension of time limit for submitting application in Form GST REG-26</i>
E. Circulars		
<i>NIL</i>		
F. Instructions		
<i>NIL</i>		

140. Transitional arrangements for input tax credit.

- (1) A registered person, other than a person opting to pay tax under section 10, shall be entitled to take, in his electronic credit ledger, the amount of CENVAT credit ¹[of eligible duties] carried forward in the return relating to the period ending with the day immediately preceding the appointed day, furnished by him under the existing law ²[within such time and] in such manner as may be prescribed:
- Provided that the registered person shall not be allowed to take credit in the following circumstances, namely:—
- (i) where the said amount of credit is not admissible as input tax credit under this Act; or
 - (ii) where he has not furnished all the returns required under the existing law for the period of six months immediately preceding the appointed date; or
 - (iii) where the said amount of credit relates to goods manufactured and cleared under such exemption notifications as are notified by the Government.
- (2) A registered person, other than a person opting to pay tax under section 10, shall be entitled to take, in his electronic credit ledger, credit of the unavailed CENVAT credit in

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 01.07.2017, retrospectively, by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018, read with Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019.

² Ins. w.e.f. 01.07.2017, retrospectively, by the Finance Act, 2020 (12 of 2020) (s.128) dt. 27.03.2020, read with Notification No. 43/2020-CT, dt. 16.05.2020.

respect of capital goods, not carried forward in a return, furnished under the existing law by him, for the period ending with the day immediately preceding the appointed day¹[within such time and] in such manner as may be prescribed:

Provided that the registered person shall not be allowed to take credit unless the said credit was admissible as CENVAT credit under the existing law and is also admissible as input tax credit under this Act.

Explanation.— For the purposes of this sub-section, the expression “unavailed CENVAT credit” means the amount that remains after subtracting the amount of CENVAT credit already availed in respect of capital goods by the taxable person under the existing law from the aggregate amount of CENVAT credit to which the said person was entitled in respect of the said capital goods under the existing law.

- (3) A registered person, who was not liable to be registered under the existing law, or who was engaged in the manufacture of exempted goods or provision of exempted services, or who was providing works contract service and was availing of the benefit of Notification No. 26/2012-Service Tax, dated the 20th June, 2012 or a first stage dealer or a second stage dealer or a registered importer or a depot of a manufacturer, shall be entitled to take, in his electronic credit ledger, credit of eligible duties in respect of inputs held in stock and inputs contained in semi-finished or finished²[goods held in stock on the appointed day, within such time and in such manner as may be prescribed, subject to] the following conditions, namely:—
- (i) such inputs or goods are used or intended to be used for making taxable supplies under this Act;
 - (ii) the said registered person is eligible for input tax credit on such inputs under this Act;
 - (iii) the said registered person is in possession of invoice or other prescribed documents evidencing payment of duty under the existing law in respect of such inputs;
 - (iv) such invoices or other prescribed documents were issued not earlier than twelve months immediately preceding the appointed day; and
 - (v) the supplier of services is not eligible for any abatement under this Act:

Provided that where a registered person, other than a manufacturer or a supplier of services, is not in possession of an invoice or any other documents evidencing payment of duty in respect of inputs, then, such registered person shall, subject to such conditions, limitations and safeguards as may be prescribed, including that the said taxable person shall pass on the benefit of such credit by way of reduced prices to the recipient, be allowed to take credit at such rate and in such manner as may be prescribed.

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 01.07.2017, retrospectively, by the Finance Act, 2020 (12 of 2020) (s.128) dt. 27.03.2020, read with Notification No. 43/2020-CT, dt. 16.05.2020.

² Subs. w.e.f. 01.07.2017, retrospectively, by the Finance Act, 2020 (12 of 2020) (s.128) dt. 27.03.2020, read with Notification No. 43/2020-CT, dt. 16.05.2020, for the words “goods held in stock on the appointed day subject to”.

- (4) A registered person, who was engaged in the manufacture of taxable as well as exempted goods under the Central Excise Act, 1944 (1 of 1944) or provision of taxable as well as exempted services under Chapter V of the Finance Act, 1994, (32 of 1994) but which are liable to tax under this Act, shall be entitled to take, in his electronic credit ledger,—
- (a) the amount of CENVAT credit carried forward in a return furnished under the existing law by him in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (1); and
 - (b) the amount of CENVAT credit of eligible duties in respect of inputs held in stock and inputs contained in semi-finished or finished goods held in stock on the appointed day, relating to such exempted goods or services, in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (3).
- (5) A registered person shall be entitled to take, in his electronic credit ledger, credit of eligible duties and taxes in respect of inputs or input services received on or after the appointed day but the duty or tax in respect of which has been paid by the supplier under the ¹[existing law, within such time and in such manner as may be prescribed], subject to the condition that the invoice or any other duty or tax paying document of the same was recorded in the books of account of such person within a period of thirty days from the appointed day:

Provided that the period of thirty days may, on sufficient cause being shown, be extended by the Commissioner for a further period not exceeding thirty days:

Provided further that said registered person shall furnish a statement, in such manner as may be prescribed, in respect of credit that has been taken under this sub-section.

- (6) A registered person, who was either paying tax at a fixed rate or paying a fixed amount in lieu of the tax payable under the existing law shall be entitled to take, in his electronic credit ledger, credit of eligible duties in respect of inputs held in stock and inputs contained in semi-finished or finished ²[goods held in stock on the appointed day, within such time and in such manner as may be prescribed, subject to] the following conditions, namely:—
- (i) such inputs or goods are used or intended to be used for making taxable supplies under this Act;
 - (ii) the said registered person is not paying tax under section 10;
 - (iii) the said registered person is eligible for input tax credit on such inputs under this Act;
 - (iv) the said registered person is in possession of invoice or other prescribed documents evidencing payment of duty under the existing law in respect of inputs; and

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.07.2017, retrospectively, by the Finance Act, 2020 (12 of 2020) (s.128) dt. 27.03.2020, read with Notification No. 43/2020-CT, dt 16.05.2020, for the words “existing law”.

² Subs. w.e.f. 01.07.2017, retrospectively, by the Finance Act, 2020 (12 of 2020) (s.128) dt. 27.03.2020, read with Notification No. 43/2020-CT, dt. 16.05.2020, for the words “goods held in stock on the appointed day subject to”.

- (v) such invoices or other prescribed documents were issued not earlier than twelve months immediately preceding the appointed day.
- (7) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Act, the input tax credit on account of any services received prior to the appointed day by an Input Service Distributor shall be eligible for distribution as ¹[credit under this Act, within such time and in such manner as may be prescribed, even if] the invoices relating to such services are received on or after the appointed day.
- (8) Where a registered person having centralised registration under the existing law has obtained a registration under this Act, such person shall be allowed to take, in his electronic credit ledger, credit of the amount of CENVAT credit carried forward in a return, furnished under the existing law by him, in respect of the period ending with the day immediately preceding the appointed day ²[within such time and in such manner] as may be prescribed:
 Provided that if the registered person furnishes his return for the period ending with the day immediately preceding the appointed day within three months of the appointed day, such credit shall be allowed subject to the condition that the said return is either an original return or a revised return where the credit has been reduced from that claimed earlier:
 Provided further that the registered person shall not be allowed to take credit unless the said amount is admissible as input tax credit under this Act:
 Provided also that such credit may be transferred to any of the registered persons having the same Permanent Account Number for which the centralised registration was obtained under the existing law.
- (9) Where any CENVAT credit availed for the input services provided under the existing law has been reversed due to non-payment of the consideration within a period of three months, such ³[credit can be reclaimed within such time and in such manner as may be prescribed, subject to] the condition that the registered person has made the payment of the consideration for that supply of services within a period of three months from the appointed day.
- (10) The amount of credit under sub-sections (3), (4) and (6) shall be calculated in such manner as may be prescribed.

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.07.2017, retrospectively, by the Finance Act, 2020 (12 of 2020) (s.128) dt. 27.03.2020, read with Notification No. 43/2020-CT, dt. 16.05.2020, for the words “credit under this Act even if”.

² Subs. w.e.f. 01.07.2017, retrospectively, by the Finance Act, 2020 (12 of 2020) (s.128) dt. 27.03.2020, read with Notification No. 43/2020-CT, dt. 16.05.2020, for the words “in such manner”.

³ Subs. w.e.f. 01.07.2017, retrospectively, by the Finance Act, 2020 (12 of 2020) (s.128) dt. 27.03.2020, read with Notification No. 43/2020-CT, dt 16.05.2020, for the words “credit can be reclaimed subject to”.

Explanation 1.—For the purposes of ¹[sub-sections (3), (4)], the expression “eligible duties” means—

- (i) the additional duty of excise leviable under section 3 of the Additional Duties of Excise (Goods of Special Importance) Act, 1957; (58 of 1957)
- (ii) the additional duty leviable under sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Customs Tariff Act, 1975; (51 of 1975)
- (iii) the additional duty leviable under sub-section (5) of section 3 of the Customs Tariff Act, 1975; (51 of 1975)
- ²[(iv) ***]
- (v) the duty of excise specified in the First Schedule to the Central Excise Tariff Act, 1985; (5 of 1986)
- (vi) the duty of excise specified in the Second Schedule to the Central Excise Tariff Act, 1985; (5 of 1986) and
- (vii) the National Calamity Contingent Duty leviable under section 136 of the Finance Act, 2001, (14 of 2001)

In respect of inputs held in stock and inputs contained in semi-finished or finished goods held in stock on the appointed day.

Explanation 2.—For the purposes of ³[sub-section (5)], the expression “eligible duties and taxes” means—

- (i) the additional duty of excise leviable under section 3 of the Additional Duties of Excise (Goods of Special Importance) Act, 1957; (58 of 1957)
- (ii) the additional duty leviable under sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Customs Tariff Act, 1975; (51 of 1975)
- (iii) the additional duty leviable under sub-section (5) of section 3 of the Customs Tariff Act, 1975; (51 of 1975)
- ⁴[(iv) ***]
- (v) the duty of excise specified in the First Schedule to the Central Excise Tariff Act, 1985; (5 of 1986)

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.07.2017, retrospectively, by the CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018 vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018. However, notification to bring this amendment in force has not been yet issued. After notification, it will read as, “sub-sections (1), (3), (4)”.

² Omtd. w.e.f. 01.07.2017, retrospectively, by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018, read with Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019.

“(iv) the additional duty of excise leviable under section 3 of the Additional Duties of Excise (Textile and Textile Articles) Act, 1978; (40 of 1978)”.

³ Subs. w.e.f. 01.07.2017, retrospectively, by the CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018 vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018. However, notification to bring this amendment in force has not been yet issued. After notification, it will read as, “sub-sections (1) and (5)”.

⁴ Omtd. w.e.f. 01.07.2017, retrospectively, by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018, read with Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019.

“(iv) the additional duty of excise leviable under section 3 of the Additional Duties of Excise (Textile and Textile Articles) Act, 1978; (40 of 1978)”.

- (vi) the duty of excise specified in the Second Schedule to the Central Excise Tariff Act, 1985; (5 of 1986)
- (vii) the National Calamity Contingent Duty leviable under section 136 of the Finance Act, 2001; (14 of 2001) and
- (viii) the service tax leviable under section 66B of the Finance Act, 1994, (32 of 1994)

In respect of inputs and input services received on or after the appointed day.

¹[Explanation 3.—For removal of doubts, it is hereby clarified that the expression “eligible duties and taxes” excludes any cess which has not been specified in Explanation 1 or Explanation 2 and any cess which is collected as additional duty of customs under sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Customs Tariff Act, 1975 (51 of 1975).]

A. Section 140 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
Rule 44A	<i>Manner of reversal of credit of Additional duty of Customs in respect of Gold dore bar</i>	Nil
Rule 117	<i>Tax or duty credit carried forward under any existing law or on goods held in stock on the appointed day</i>	Forms GST TRAN-1, TRAN-2, PMT-02
Rule 120A	<i>Revision of declaration in Form GST TRAN-1</i>	Form GST TRAN-1
Rule 121	<i>Recovery of credit wrongly availed</i>	Nil
Rule 142A	<i>Procedure for recovery of dues under existing laws</i>	Forms GST DRC-07A, DRC-08A, PMT-01
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 140 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	<i>CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018 (31 of 2018) dt. 29.08.2018 read with N. No. 02/2019 – CT, dt. 29.01.2019</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 140 w.e.f. 01.02.2019</i>
3.	<i>Finance Act, 2020 (Act No. 12 of 2020), dt. 27.03.2020, read with N. No. 43/2020 – CT, dt. 16.05.2020</i>	<i>Amendment in sub-sec (1), (2), (3), (5) to (9) of sec 140 w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
4.	<i>14/2021 – CT, dt. 01.05.2021</i>	<i>Extends specified compliances falling between 15.04.2021 to 30.05.2021 till 31.05.2021 in exercise of powers under section 168A of CGST Act</i>

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 01.07.2017, retrospectively, by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018, read with Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019.

5.	24/2021 – CT, dt. 01.06.2021	<i>Amends N. No. 14/2021 – CT in order to extend due date of compliances which fall during the period from “15.04.2021 to 29.06.2021” till 30.06.2021</i>
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C. Rule related Notifications

1.	10/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rules 117 and 121</i>
2.	15/2017 – CT, dt. 01.07.2017	<i>CGST (Third Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 117</i>
3.	17/2017 – CT, dt. 27.07.2017	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Forms GST TRAN-1, TRAN-2</i>
4.	22/2017 – CT, dt. 17.08.2017	<i>CGST (Fifth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rule 44A, Amending Form GST TRAN-1</i>
5.	34/2017 – CT, dt. 15.09.2017	<i>CGST (Seventh Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rule 120A and Amending Form GST TRAN-1</i>
6.	36/2017 – CT, dt. 29.09.2017	<i>CGST (Eighth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 120A and Form GST TRAN-1</i>
7.	12/2018 – CT, dt. 07.03.2018	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rule 117</i>
8.	48/2018 – CT, dt. 10.09.2018	<i>CGST (Ninth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Inserting Rule 117</i>
9.	60/2018 – CT, dt. 30.10.2018	<i>CGST (Thirteenth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Inserting Rule 142A and Forms GST DRC-07A and DRC-08A</i>
10.	49/2019 – CT, dt. 09.10.2019	<i>CGST (Sixth Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Rule 117</i>
11.	02/2020 – CT, dt. 01.01.2020	<i>CGST (Amendment) Rules, 2020 – Amending Rule 117</i>
12.	35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 29.06.2020” till 30.06.2020</i>
13.	55/2020 – CT, dt. 27.06.2020	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 30.08.2020” till 31.08.2020 (Subs. N. No. 35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020)</i>

D. Orders

S.No.	ROD/Order/Date	Contents
1.	O-2/2017 – GST, dt. 18.09.2017	<i>Extension of time limit for submitting the declaration in Form GST TRAN-1</i>
2.	O-3/2017 – GST, dt. 21.09.2017	<i>Extension of time limit for submitting the declaration in Form GST TRAN-1</i>
3.	O-7/2017 – GST, dt. 28.10.2017	<i>Extension of time limit for submitting the declaration in Form GST TRAN-1 under rule 117</i>

4.	<i>O-8/2017 – GST, dt. 28.10.2017</i>	<i>Extension of time limit for submitting the declaration in Form GST TRAN-1 under rule 120A</i>
5.	<i>O-9/2017 – GST, dt. 15.11.2017</i>	<i>Extends the due date for submitting Form GST TRAN-1 under rule 117</i>
6.	<i>O-10/2017 – GST, dt. 15.11.2017</i>	<i>Extends the due date for revision of Form GST TRAN-1 under rule 120A</i>
7.	<i>O-1/2018 – GST, dt. 28.03.2018</i>	<i>Extension of date for submitting the statement in Form GST TRAN-2 under rule 117(4)(b)(iii) of the CGST Rules</i>
8.	<i>O-4/2018 – GST, dt. 17.09.2018</i>	<i>Extension of time limit for submitting the declaration in Form GST TRAN-1 under rule 117(1A) of the CGST Rules in certain cases</i>
9.	<i>O-1/2019 – GST, dt. 31.01.2019</i>	<i>Extension of time limit for submitting the declaration in Form GST TRAN-1 under rule 117(1A) of the CGST Rules in certain cases</i>
10.	<i>O-1/2020 – GST, dt. 07.02.2020</i>	<i>Extension of time limit for submitting the declaration in Form GST TRAN-1 under rule 117(1A) of the CGST Rules in certain cases</i>

E. Circulars

S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	<i>07/2017 – GST, dt. 01.09.2017</i>	<i>System based reconciliation of information furnished in Form GSTR-1 and Form GSTR-2 with Form GSTR-3B</i>
2.	<i>33/2018 – GST, dt. 23.02.2018</i>	<i>Directions under sec 168 of the CGST Act regarding non-transition of CENVAT credit under sec 140 of CGST Act or non-utilization thereof in certain cases</i>
3.	<i>42/2018 – GST, dt. 13.04.2018</i>	<i>Procedure for recovery of arrears under the existing law and reversal of inadmissible input tax credit</i>
4.	<i>58/2018 – GST, dt. 04.09.2018</i>	<i>Recovery of arrears of wrongly availed CENVAT credit under the existing law and inadmissible transitional credit</i>
5.	<i>87/2019 – GST, dt. 02.01.2019</i>	<i>CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018 - Clarification regarding sec 140(1) of the CGST Act</i>
6.	<i>88/2019 – GST, dt. 01.02.2019</i>	<i>Makes amendments in the earlier issued circulars in wake of amendments in the CGST Act (which shall come into force w.e.f. 01.02.2019)</i>
7.	<i>180/12/2022-GST, dt.09.09.2022</i>	<i>Guidelines for filing/revising TRAN-1/TRAN-2 in terms of order dated 22.07.2022 & 02.09.2022 of Hon'ble Supreme Court in the case of Union of India vs. Filco Trade Centre Pvt. Ltd.</i>

8.	182/14/2022-GST, dt. 10.11.2022	<i>Guidelines for verifying the Transitional Credit in light of the order of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in the Union of India vs. Filco Trade Centre Pvt. Ltd., SLP(C) No. 32709-32710/2018, order dated 22.07.2022 & 02.09.2022</i>
F. Instructions		
NIL		

141. Transitional provisions relating to job work.

(1) Where any inputs received at a place of business had been removed as such or removed after being partially processed to a job worker for further processing, testing, repair, reconditioning or any other purpose in accordance with the provisions of existing law prior to the appointed day and such inputs are returned to the said place on or after the appointed day, no tax shall be payable if such inputs, after completion of the job work or otherwise, are returned to the said place within six months from the appointed day:

Provided that the period of six months may, on sufficient cause being shown, be extended by the Commissioner for a further period not exceeding two months:

Provided further that if such inputs are not returned within the period specified in this sub-section, the input tax credit shall be liable to be recovered in accordance with the provisions of clause (a) of sub-section (8) of section 142.

(2) Where any semi-finished goods had been removed from the place of business to any other premises for carrying out certain manufacturing processes in accordance with the provisions of existing law prior to the appointed day and such goods (hereafter in this section referred to as "the said goods") are returned to the said place on or after the appointed day, no tax shall be payable, if the said goods, after undergoing manufacturing processes or otherwise, are returned to the said place within six months from the appointed day:

Provided that the period of six months may, on sufficient cause being shown, be extended by the Commissioner for a further period not exceeding two months:

Provided further that if the said goods are not returned within the period specified in this sub-section, the input tax credit shall be liable to be recovered in accordance with the provisions of clause (a) of sub-section (8) of section 142:

Provided also that the manufacturer may, in accordance with the provisions of the existing law, transfer the said goods to the premises of any registered person for the purpose of supplying therefrom on payment of tax in India or without payment of tax for exports within the period specified in this sub-section.

(3) Where any excisable goods manufactured at a place of business had been removed without payment of duty for carrying out tests or any other process not amounting to manufacture, to any other premises, whether registered or not, in accordance with the provisions of existing law prior to the appointed day and such goods, are returned to the said place on or after the appointed day, no tax shall be payable if the said goods, after undergoing tests or any other process, are returned to the said place within six months from the appointed day:

Provided that the period of six months may, on sufficient cause being shown, be extended by the Commissioner for a further period not exceeding two months:

Provided further that if the said goods are not returned within the period specified in this sub-section, the input tax credit shall be liable to be recovered in accordance with the provisions of clause (a) of sub-section (8) of section 142:

Provided also that the manufacturer may, in accordance with the provisions of the existing law, transfer the said goods from the said other premises on payment of tax in India or without payment of tax for exports within the period specified in this sub-section.

- (4) The tax under sub-sections (1), (2) and (3) shall not be payable, only if the manufacturer and the job worker declare the details of the inputs or goods held in stock by the job worker on behalf of the manufacturer on the appointed day in such form and manner and within such time as may be prescribed.

A. Section 141 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>Rule 119</i>	<i>Declaration of stock held by a principal and job-worker</i>	<i>Form GST TRAN-1</i>
<i>Rule 120A</i>	<i>Revision of declaration in Form GST TRAN-1</i>	<i>Form GST TRAN-1</i>
B. Section related Notifications		
<i>S.No.</i>	<i>Notification/Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	<i>09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Brings into force sec 141 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	<i>14/2021 – CT, dt. 01.05.2021</i>	<i>Extends specified compliances falling between 15.04.2021 to 30.05.2021 till 31.05.2021 in exercise of powers under section 168A of CGST Act</i>
3.	<i>24/2021 – CT, dt. 01.06.2021</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 14/2021 – CT in order to extend due date of compliances which fall during the period from “15.04.2021 to 29.06.2021” till 30.06.2021</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	<i>10/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rule 119</i>
2.	<i>15/2017 – CT, dt. 01.07.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Third Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 119</i>
3.	<i>17/2017 – CT, dt. 27.07.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Forms GST TRAN-1, TRAN-2</i>
4.	<i>34/2017 – CT, dt. 15.09.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Seventh Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rule 120A and amending Form GST TRAN-1</i>
5.	<i>36/2017 – CT, dt. 29.09.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Eighth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rules 119, 120A and Form GST TRAN-1</i>

6.	<i>35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020</i>	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 29.06.2020” till 30.06.2020</i>
7.	<i>55/2020 – CT, dt. 27.06.2020</i>	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 30.08.2020” till 31.08.2020 (Subs. N. No. 35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020)</i>
D. Orders		
S.No.	ROD/Order/Date	Contents
1.	<i>O-2/2017 – GST, dt. 18.09.2017</i>	<i>Extension of time limit for submitting the declaration in Form GST TRAN-1</i>
2.	<i>O-3/2017 – GST, dt. 21.09.2017</i>	<i>Extension of time limit for submitting the declaration in Form GST TRAN-1</i>
3.	<i>O-8/2017 – GST, dt. 28.10.2017</i>	<i>Extension of time limit for submitting the declaration in Form GST TRAN-1 under rule 120A</i>
4.	<i>O-10/2017 – GST, dt. 15.11.2017</i>	<i>Extends the due date for revision of Form GST TRAN-1 under rule 120A</i>
E. Circulars		
NIL		
F. Instructions		
NIL		

142. Miscellaneous transitional provisions.

- (1) Where any goods on which duty, if any, had been paid under the existing law at the time of removal thereof, not being earlier than six months prior to the appointed day, are returned to any place of business on or after the appointed day, the registered person shall be eligible for refund of the duty paid under the existing law where such goods are returned by a person, other than a registered person, to the said place of business within a period of six months from the appointed day and such goods are identifiable to the satisfaction of the proper officer:
- Provided that if the said goods are returned by a registered person, the return of such goods shall be deemed to be a supply.
- (2) (a) where, in pursuance of a contract entered into prior to the appointed day, the price of any goods or services or both is revised upwards on or after the appointed day, the registered person who had removed or provided such goods or services or both shall issue to the recipient a supplementary invoice or debit note, containing such particulars as may be prescribed, within thirty days of such price revision and for the purposes of this Act such supplementary invoice or debit note shall be deemed to have been issued in respect of an outward supply made under this Act;

- (b) where, in pursuance of a contract entered into prior to the appointed day, the price of any goods or services or both is revised downwards on or after the appointed day, the registered person who had removed or provided such goods or services or both may issue to the recipient a credit note, containing such particulars as may be prescribed, within thirty days of such price revision and for the purposes of this Act such credit note shall be deemed to have been issued in respect of an outward supply made under this Act:

Provided that the registered person shall be allowed to reduce his tax liability on account of issue of the credit note only if the recipient of the credit note has reduced his input tax credit corresponding to such reduction of tax liability.

- (3) Every claim for refund filed by any person before, on or after the appointed day, for refund of any amount of CENVAT credit, duty, tax, interest or any other amount paid under the existing law, shall be disposed of in accordance with the provisions of existing law and any amount eventually accruing to him shall be paid in cash, notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained under the provisions of existing law other than the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 11B of the Central Excise Act, 1944 (1 of 1944):

Provided that where any claim for refund of CENVAT credit is fully or partially rejected, the amount so rejected shall lapse:

Provided further that no refund shall be allowed of any amount of CENVAT credit where the balance of the said amount as on the appointed day has been carried forward under this Act.

- (4) Every claim for refund filed after the appointed day for refund of any duty or tax paid under existing law in respect of the goods or services exported before or after the appointed day, shall be disposed of in accordance with the provisions of the existing law:

Provided that where any claim for refund of CENVAT credit is fully or partially rejected, the amount so rejected shall lapse:

Provided further that no refund shall be allowed of any amount of CENVAT credit where the balance of the said amount as on the appointed day has been carried forward under this Act.

- (5) Every claim filed by a person after the appointed day for refund of tax paid under the existing law in respect of services not provided shall be disposed of in accordance with the provisions of existing law and any amount eventually accruing to him shall be paid in cash, notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained under the provisions of existing law other than the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 11B of the Central Excise Act, 1944 (1 of 1944).

- (6) (a) every proceeding of appeal, review or reference relating to a claim for CENVAT credit initiated whether before, on or after the appointed day under the existing law shall be disposed of in accordance with the provisions of existing law, and any amount of credit found to be admissible to the claimant shall be refunded to him in cash, notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained under the

provisions of existing law other than the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 11B of the Central Excise Act, 1944 (1 of 1944) and the amount rejected, if any, shall not be admissible as input tax credit under this Act:

Provided that no refund shall be allowed of any amount of CENVAT credit where the balance of the said amount as on the appointed day has been carried forward under this Act;

- (b) every proceeding of appeal, review or reference relating to recovery of CENVAT credit initiated whether before, on or after the appointed day under the existing law shall be disposed of in accordance with the provisions of existing law and if any amount of credit becomes recoverable as a result of such appeal, review or reference, the same shall, unless recovered under the existing law, be recovered as an arrear of tax under this Act and the amount so recovered shall not be admissible as input tax credit under this Act.
- (7) (a) every proceeding of appeal, review or reference relating to any output duty or tax liability initiated whether before, on or after the appointed day under the existing law, shall be disposed of in accordance with the provisions of the existing law, and if any amount becomes recoverable as a result of such appeal, review or reference, the same shall, unless recovered under the existing law, be recovered as an arrear of duty or tax under this Act and the amount so recovered shall not be admissible as input tax credit under this Act.
(b) every proceeding of appeal, review or reference relating to any output duty or tax liability initiated whether before, on or after the appointed day under the existing law, shall be disposed of in accordance with the provisions of the existing law, and any amount found to be admissible to the claimant shall be refunded to him in cash, notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained under the provisions of existing law other than the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 11B of the Central Excise Act, 1944 (1 of 1944) and the amount rejected, if any, shall not be admissible as input tax credit under this Act.
- (8) (a) where in pursuance of an assessment or adjudication proceedings instituted, whether before, on or after the appointed day, under the existing law, any amount of tax, interest, fine or penalty becomes recoverable from the person, the same shall, unless recovered under the existing law, be recovered as an arrear of tax under this Act and the amount so recovered shall not be admissible as input tax credit under this Act;
(b) where in pursuance of an assessment or adjudication proceedings instituted, whether before, on or after the appointed day, under the existing law, any amount of tax, interest, fine or penalty becomes refundable to the taxable person, the same shall be refunded to him in cash under the said law, notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the said law other than the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 11B of the Central Excise Act, 1944 (1 of 1944) and the amount rejected, if any, shall not be admissible as input tax credit under this Act.

- (9) (a) where any return, furnished under the existing law, is revised after the appointed day and if, pursuant to such revision, any amount is found to be recoverable or any amount of CENVAT credit is found to be inadmissible, the same shall, unless recovered under the existing law, be recovered as an arrear of tax under this Act and the amount so recovered shall not be admissible as input tax credit under this Act;
- (b) where any return, furnished under the existing law, is revised after the appointed day but within the time limit specified for such revision under the existing law and if, pursuant to such revision, any amount is found to be refundable or CENVAT credit is found to be admissible to any taxable person, the same shall be refunded to him in cash under the existing law, notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the said law other than the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 11B of the Central Excise Act, 1944 (1 of 1944) and the amount rejected, if any, shall not be admissible as input tax credit under this Act.
- (10) Save as otherwise provided in this Chapter, the goods or services or both supplied on or after the appointed day in pursuance of a contract entered into prior to the appointed day shall be liable to tax under the provisions of this Act.
- (11) (a) notwithstanding anything contained in section 12, no tax shall be payable on goods under this Act to the extent the tax was leviable on the said goods under the Value Added Tax Act of the State;
- (b) notwithstanding anything contained in section 13, no tax shall be payable on services under this Act to the extent the tax was leviable on the said services under Chapter V of the Finance Act, 1994; (32 of 1994)
- (c) where tax was paid on any supply both under the Value Added Tax Act and under Chapter V of the Finance Act, 1994, (32 of 1994) tax shall be leviable under this Act and the taxable person shall be entitled to take credit of value added tax or service tax paid under the existing law to the extent of supplies made after the appointed day and such credit shall be calculated in such manner as may be prescribed.
- (12) Where any goods sent on approval basis, not earlier than six months before the appointed day, are rejected or not approved by the buyer and returned to the seller on or after the appointed day, no tax shall be payable thereon if such goods are returned within six months from the appointed day:
- Provided that the said period of six months may, on sufficient cause being shown, be extended by the Commissioner for a further period not exceeding two months:
- Provided further that the tax shall be payable by the person returning the goods if such goods are liable to tax under this Act, and are returned after a period specified in this sub-section:
- Provided also that tax shall be payable by the person who has sent the goods on approval basis if such goods are liable to tax under this Act, and are not returned within a period specified in this sub-section.

- (13) Where a supplier has made any sale of goods in respect of which tax was required to be deducted at source under any law of a State or Union territory relating to Value Added Tax and has also issued an invoice for the same before the appointed day, no deduction of tax at source under section 51 shall be made by the deductor under the said section where payment to the said supplier is made on or after the appointed day.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this Chapter, the expressions “capital goods”, “Central Value Added Tax (CENVAT) credit”, “first stage dealer”, “second stage dealer”, or “manufacture” shall have the same meaning as respectively assigned to them in the Central Excise Act, 1944 (1 of 1944) or the rules made thereunder.

A. Section 142 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
Rule 118	<i>Declaration to be made under clause (c) of sub-section (11) of section 142</i>	<i>Form GST TRAN-1</i>
Rule 120	<i>Details of goods sent on approval basis</i>	<i>Form GST TRAN-1</i>
Rule 120A	<i>Revision of declaration in Form GST TRAN-1</i>	<i>Form GST TRAN-1</i>
Rule 142A	<i>Procedure for recovery of dues under existing laws</i>	<i>Forms GST DRC-07A, DRC-08A, PMT-01</i>
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 142 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	14/2021 – CT, dt. 01.05.2021	<i>Extends specified compliances falling between 15.04.2021 to 30.05.2021 till 31.05.2021 in exercise of powers under section 168A of CGST Act</i>
3.	24/2021 – CT, dt. 01.06.2021	<i>Amends N. No. 14/2021 – CT in order to extend due date of compliances which fall during the period from “15.04.2021 to 29.06.2021” till 30.06.2021</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	10/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rules 118 and 120</i>
2.	17/2017 – CT, dt. 27.07.2017	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Form GST TRAN-1</i>
3.	34/2017 – CT, dt. 15.09.2017	<i>CGST (Seventh Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rule 120A and amending Form GST TRAN-1</i>
4.	36/2017 – CT, dt. 29.09.2017	<i>CGST (Eighth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rules 118, 120A and Form GST TRAN-1</i>
5.	60/2018 – CT, dt. 30.10.2018	<i>CGST (Thirteenth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Inserting Rule 142A, Forms GST DRC-07A, DRC-08A</i>

6.	<i>35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020</i>	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 29.06.2020” till 30.06.2020</i>
7.	<i>55/2020 – CT, dt. 27.06.2020</i>	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 30.08.2020” till 31.08.2020 (Subs. N. No. 35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020)</i>
D. Orders		
S.No.	ROD/Order/Date	Contents
1.	<i>O-2/2017 – GST, dt. 18.09.2017</i>	<i>Extension of time limit for submitting the declaration in Form GST TRAN-I</i>
2.	<i>O-3/2017 – GST, dt. 21.09.2017</i>	<i>Extension of time limit for submitting the declaration in Form GST TRAN-I</i>
3.	<i>O-8/2017 – GST, dt. 28.10.2017</i>	<i>Extension of time limit for submitting the declaration in Form GST TRAN-I under rule 120A</i>
4.	<i>O-10/2017 – GST, dt. 15.11.2017</i>	<i>Extends the due date for revision of Form GST TRAN-I under rule 120A</i>
E. Circulars		
S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	<i>03/2017 – GST, dt. 05.07.2017</i>	<i>Proper officer relating to provisions other than Registration and Composition under CGST Act, 2017</i>
2.	<i>37/2018 – GST, dt. 15.03.2018</i>	<i>Clarifications on exports related refund issues</i>
3.	<i>42/2018 – GST, dt. 13.04.2018</i>	<i>Procedure for recovery of arrears under the existing law and reversal of inadmissible input tax credit</i>
4.	<i>58/2018 – GST, dt. 04.09.2018</i>	<i>Recovery of arrears of wrongly availed CENVAT credit under the existing law and inadmissible transitional credit</i>
5.	<i>76/2018 – GST, dt. 31.12.2018</i>	<i>Rate of tax in case of debit notes/credit notes issued under sec 142(2) of the CGST Act</i>
6.	<i>88/2019 – GST, dt. 01.02.2019</i>	<i>Makes amendments in the earlier issued circulars in wake of amendments in the CGST Act (which shall come into force w.e.f. 01.02.2019)</i>
F. Instructions		
NIL		

CHAPTER XXI

MISCELLANEOUS

143. Job work procedure

- (1) A registered person (hereafter in this section referred to as the “principal”) may under intimation and subject to such conditions as may be prescribed, send any inputs or capital goods, without payment of tax, to a job worker for job work and from there subsequently send to another job worker and likewise, and shall,—
- (a) bring back inputs, after completion of job work or otherwise, or capital goods, other than moulds and dies, jigs and fixtures, or tools, within one year and three years, respectively, of their being sent out, to any of his place of business, without payment of tax;
 - (b) supply such inputs, after completion of job work or otherwise, or capital goods, other than moulds and dies, jigs and fixtures, or tools, within one year and three years, respectively, of their being sent out from the place of business of a job worker on payment of tax within India, or with or without payment of tax for export, as the case may be:

Provided that the principal shall not supply the goods from the place of business of a job worker in accordance with the provisions of this clause unless the said principal declares the place of business of the job worker as his additional place of business except in a case—

- (i) where the job worker is registered under section 25; or
- (ii) where the principal is engaged in the supply of such goods as may be notified by the Commissioner.

¹[Provided further that the period of one year and three years may, on sufficient cause being shown, be extended by the Commissioner for a further period not exceeding one year and two years respectively.]

- (2) The responsibility for keeping proper accounts for the inputs or capital goods shall lie with the principal.
- (3) Where the inputs sent for job work are not received back by the principal after completion of job work or otherwise in accordance with the provisions of clause (a) of sub-section (1) or are not supplied from the place of business of the job worker in accordance with the provisions of clause (b) of sub-section (1) within a period of one year of their being sent out, it shall be deemed that such inputs had been supplied by the principal to the job worker on the day when the said inputs were sent out.
- (4) Where the capital goods, other than moulds and dies, jigs and fixtures, or tools, sent for job work are not received back by the principal in accordance with the provisions of

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019) by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018.

clause (a) of sub-section (1) or are not supplied from the place of business of the job worker in accordance with the provisions of clause (b) of sub-section (1) within a period of three years of their being sent out, it shall be deemed that such capital goods had been supplied by the principal to the job worker on the day when the said capital goods were sent out.

- (5) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-sections (1) and (2), any waste and scrap generated during the job work may be supplied by the job worker directly from his place of business on payment of tax, if such job worker is registered, or by the principal, if the job worker is not registered.

Explanation.—For the purposes of job work, input includes intermediate goods arising from any treatment or process carried out on the inputs by the principal or the job worker.

A. Section 143 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>Rule 45</i>	<i>Conditions and restrictions in respect of inputs and capital goods sent to the job worker</i>	<i>Forms GST ITC-04, GSTR-I</i>
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	<i>Notification/Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	<i>09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Brings into force sec 143 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	<i>CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018 (31 of 2018), dt. 29.08.2018 read with N. No. 02/2019 – CT, dt. 29.01.2019</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 143(1) w.e.f. 01.02.2019</i>
3.	<i>14/2021 – CT, dt. 01.05.2021</i>	<i>Extends specified compliances falling between 15.04.2021 to 30.05.2021 till 31.05.2021 in exercise of powers under section 168A of CGST Act</i>
4.	<i>24/2021 – CT, dt. 01.06.2021</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 14/2021 – CT in order to extend due date of compliances which fall during the period from “15.04.2021 to 29.06.2021” till 30.06.2021</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	<i>10/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rule 45</i>
2.	<i>51/2017 – CT, dt. 28-10-2017</i>	<i>CGST (Fourteenth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 45</i>
3.	<i>53/2017 – CT, dt. 28.10.2017</i>	<i>Extends the due date for submission of details in Form GST-ITC-04 for the qtr July to Sept. 2017 - To 30.11.2017</i>
4.	<i>63/2017 – CT, dt. 15.11.2017</i>	<i>Extends the due date for submission of details in Form GST-ITC-04 for the qtr July to Sept. 2017 - To 31.12.2017</i>
5.	<i>14/2018 – CT, dt. 23.03.2018</i>	<i>CGST (Third Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rule 45</i>

6.	40/2018 – CT, dt. 04.09.2018	<i>Extends the time limit for making the declaration in Form GST ITC-04 for the periods July 2017 to June 2018 - To 30.09.2018</i>
7.	59/2018 – CT, dt. 26.10.2018	<i>Extends the time limit for furnishing the declaration in Form GST ITC-04 for the periods July 2017 to Sept. 2018 - To 31.12.2018</i>
8.	74/2018 – CT, dt. 31.12.2018	<i>CGST (Fourteenth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rule 45</i>
9.	78/2018 – CT, dt. 31.12.2018	<i>Extends the time limit for furnishing the declaration in Form GST ITC-04 for the periods July 2017 to Dec. 2018 - To 31.03.2019</i>
10.	15/2019 – CT, dt. 28.03.2019	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing of Form GST ITC-04 for the period from July 2017 to March 2019 till 30.06.2019</i>
11.	32/2019 – CT, dt. 28.06.2019	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing the declaration Form GST ITC-04 during the period from July 2017 to June 2019 till 31.08.2019</i>
12.	38/2019 – CT, dt. 31.08.2019	<i>Waives filing of Form ITC-04 for F.Y. 2017-18 & 2018-19</i>
13.	35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 29.06.2020” till 30.06.2020</i>
14.	55/2020 – CT, dt. 27.06.2020	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 30.08.2020” till 31.08.2020 (Subs. N. No. 35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020)</i>
15.	87/2020 – CT, dt. 10.11.2020	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing of Form ITC-04 for the period July-September 2020 till 30.11.2020</i>
16.	11/2021 – CT, dt. 01.05.2021	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing of Form ITC-04 for the period Jan-March, 2021 till 31st May, 2021</i>
17.	26/2021 – CT, dt. 01.06.2021	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing of Form ITC-04 for QE March, 2021 to 30.06.2021</i>
18.	35/2021 – CT, dt. 24.09.2021	<i>CGST (Eighth Amendment) Rules, 2021 – Amending Rule 45(3) w.e.f. 01.10.2021</i>

D. Orders**NIL****E. Circulars**

S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	38/2018 – GST, dt. 26.03.2018	<i>Clarifications on issues related to job work</i>
2.	88/2019 – GST, dt. 01.02.2019	<i>Makes amendments in the earlier issued circulars in wake of amendments in the CGST Act (which shall come into force w.e.f. 01.02.2019) – Regarding Rule 45</i>

3.	<i>138/2020 – GST, dt. 06.05.2020</i>	<i>Clarifies that due date of furnishing of Form GST ITC-04 for the quarter ending March, 2020 stands extended up to 30.06.2020</i>
F. Instructions		
<i>NIL</i>		

144. Presumption as to documents in certain cases.

Where any document—

- (i) is produced by any person under this Act or any other law for the time being in force; or
- (ii) has been seized from the custody or control of any person under this Act or any other law for the time being in force; or
- (iii) has been received from any place outside India in the course of any proceedings under this Act or any other law for the time being in force, and such document is tendered by the prosecution in evidence against him or any other person who is tried jointly with him, the court shall—
 - (a) unless the contrary is proved by such person, presume—
 - (i) the truth of the contents of such document;
 - (ii) that the signature and every other part of such document which purports to be in the handwriting of any particular person or which the court may reasonably assume to have been signed by, or to be in the handwriting of, any particular person, is in that person's handwriting, and in the case of a document executed or attested, that it was executed or attested by the person by whom it purports to have been so executed or attested;
 - (b) admit the document in evidence notwithstanding that it is not duly stamped, if such document is otherwise admissible in evidence.

A. Section 144 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>NIL</i>		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	<i>09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Brings into force sec 144 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
<i>NIL</i>		
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		

<i>E. Circulars</i>
<i>NIL</i>
<i>F. Instructions</i>
<i>NIL</i>

145. Admissibility of micro films, facsimile copies of documents and computer printouts as documents and as evidence.

- (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force,—
- (a) a micro film of a document or the reproduction of the image or images embodied in such micro film (whether enlarged or not); or
 - (b) a facsimile copy of a document; or
 - (c) a statement contained in a document and included in a printed material produced by a computer, subject to such conditions as may be prescribed; or
 - (d) any information stored electronically in any device or media, including any hard copies made of such information,

shall be deemed to be a document for the purposes of this Act and the rules made thereunder and shall be admissible in any proceedings thereunder, without further proof or production of the original, as evidence of any contents of the original or of any fact stated therein of which direct evidence would be admissible.

- (2) In any proceedings under this Act or the rules made thereunder, where it is desired to give a statement in evidence by virtue of this section, a certificate,—
- (a) identifying the document containing the statement and describing the manner in which it was produced;
 - (b) giving such particulars of any device involved in the production of that document as may be appropriate for the purpose of showing that the document was produced by a computer,

shall be evidence of any matter stated in the certificate and for the purposes of this subsection it shall be sufficient for a matter to be stated to the best of the knowledge and belief of the person stating it.

<i>A. Section 145 - Relevant Rules & Forms</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		
<i>B. Section related Notifications</i>		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 145 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
<i>C. Rule related Notifications</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		

D. Orders
NIL
E. Circulars
NIL
F. Instructions
NIL

146. Common Portal.

The Government may, on the recommendations of the Council, notify the Common Goods and Services Tax Electronic Portal for facilitating registration, payment of tax, furnishing of returns, computation and settlement of integrated tax, electronic way bill and for carrying out such other functions and for such purposes as may be prescribed.

A. Section 146 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	01/2017 – CT, dt. 19.06.2017	Brings into force sec 146 of the CGST Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 22.06.2017
2.	04/2017 – CT, dt. 19.06.2017	Notifying www.gst.gov.in as the Common Goods and Services Tax Electronic Portal
3.	09/2018 – CT, dt. 23.01.2018	Amendment of N. No. 4/2017 – CT, dt. 19.06.2017 for notifying E-Way Bill Website
4.	69/2019 – CT, dt. 13.12.2019	Notifies the common portal for the purpose of e-invoice – Rule 146 read with rule 48
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	39/2018 – GST, dt. 03.04.2018	Setting up of an IT Grievance Redressal Mechanism to address the grievances of taxpayers due to technical glitches on GST Portal
F. Instructions		
NIL		

147. Deemed exports.

The Government may, on the recommendations of the Council, notify certain supplies of goods as deemed exports, where goods supplied do not leave India, and payment for such supplies is received either in Indian rupees or in convertible foreign exchange, if such goods are manufactured in India.

A. Section 147 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>NIL</i>		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 147 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	48/2017 – CT, dt. 18.10.2017	<i>Notifies certain supplies as deemed exports under sec 147 of the CGST Act, 2017</i>
3.	01/2019 – CT, dt. 15.01.2019	<i>Amends N. No. 48/2017 to amend the meaning of Advance Authorisation</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
<i>NIL</i>		
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		
E. Circulars		
S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	14/2017 – GST, dt. 06.11.2017	<i>Procedure regarding procurement of supplies of goods from DTA by (EOU)/(EHTP Unit/STP Unit/BTP Unit)</i>
F. Instructions		
<i>NIL</i>		

148. Special procedure for certain processes.

The Government may, on the recommendations of the Council, and subject to such conditions and safeguards as may be prescribed, notify certain classes of registered persons, and the special procedures to be followed by such persons including those with regard to registration, furnishing of return, payment of tax and administration of such persons.

A. Section 148 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 148 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	40/2017 – CT, dt. 13.10.2017	<i>Payment of tax at the time of issuance of invoice only (and not at the time of receipt of advance) by registered persons having aggregate turnover less than Rs 1.5 crores (other than composition taxpayers); Sec 12, 14 and 148</i>
3.	57/2017 – CT, dt. 15.11.2017	<i>Prescribes quarterly furnishing of Form GSTR-1 for those taxpayers with aggregate turnover of upto Rs.1.5 crore for the specified periods</i>
4.	66/2017 – CT, dt. 15.11.2017	<i>Exempts all taxpayers from payment of tax on advances received in case of supply of goods; Sec 12, 14 and 148</i>
5.	71/2017 – CT, dt. 29.12.2017	<i>Extends the due dates for quarterly furnishing of Form GSTR-1 for taxpayers with aggregate turnover of upto INR 1.5 crore for the periods from July, 2017 to March, 2018</i>
6.	03/2018 – CT (R), dt. 25.01.2018	<i>Amends N. No. 13/2017- CT (R) so as to specify services supplied by the Central Government, State Government, Union territory or local authority by way of renting of immovable property to a registered person under CGST Act, to be taxed under Reverse Charge Mechanism (RCM)</i>
7.	17/2018 – CT, dt. 28.03.2018	<i>Extends the time limit for filing of Forms GSTR-2</i>
8.	31/2018 – CT, dt. 06.08.2018	<i>Lays down the special procedure for completing migration of taxpayers who received provisional IDs but could not complete the migration process - Persons who did not file the complete Form GST REG 26 of the CGST Rules, 2017 but received only a Provisional Identification Number (PID) till the 31.12.2017</i>
9.	33/2018 – CT, dt. 10.08.2018	<i>Extends the time limit for filing of Forms GSTR-2</i>
10.	38/2018 – CT, dt. 24.08.2018	<i>Prescribes the due dates for quarterly furnishing of Form GSTR-1 for those taxpayers with aggregate turnover of upto Rs.1.5 crores for the quarter July, 2018 to September, 2018</i>
11.	43/2018 – CT, dt. 10.09.2018	<i>Extends the due date for filing of Form GSTR-1 for taxpayers having aggregate turnover up to Rs 1.5 crores for the specified periods</i>
12.	58/2018 – CT, dt. 26.10.2018	<i>Provides for the taxpayers whose registration has been cancelled on or before the 30.09.2018, time to furnish final return in Form GSTR-10 till 31.12. 2018</i>

13.	64/2018 – CT, dt. 29.11.2018	<i>Extends the due date for filing of Form GSTR-1 for taxpayers having aggregate turnover up to Rs 1.5 crores for the quarter from July, 2018 to September, 2018 for taxpayers in Srikakulam district of Andhra Pradesh for the specified periods</i>
14.	67/2018 – CT, dt. 31.12.2018	<i>Extends the time period specified in N. No. 31/2018 – CT dated 06.08.2018 for availing the special procedure for completing migration of taxpayers who received provisional IDs but could not complete the migration process</i>
15.	71/2018 – CT, dt. 31.12.2018	<i>Extends the time limit for furnishing the details of outward supplies in Form GSTR-1 for the newly migrated taxpayers for the specified periods</i>
16.	11/2019 – CT, dt. 07.03.2019	<i>Prescribes the due dates for furnishing of Form GSTR-1 for those taxpayers with aggregate turnover upto Rs. 1.5 crores for the months of April, May and June, 2019</i>
17.	06/2019 – CT (R), dt. 29.03.2019	<i>Notifies certain class of persons by exercising powers conferred under section 148 of CGST Act, 2017-Time of supply of transfer of development rights and upfront amount</i>
18.	21/2019 – CT, dt. 23.04.2019	<i>Notifies procedure for quarterly tax payment and annual filing of return for taxpayers availing the benefit of N. No. 02/2019 – CT (Rate), dt. 07.03.2019</i>
19.	27/2019 – CT, dt. 28.06.2019	<i>Prescribes the due date for furnishing Form GSTR-1 for registered persons having aggregate turnover of up to 1.5 crore rupees for the months from July, 2019 to September, 2019</i>
20.	30/2019 – CT, dt. 28.06.2019	<i>Provides exemption from furnishing of Annual Return/Reconciliation Statement for suppliers of Online Information Database Access and Retrieval Services (“OIDAR services”) – Amending Rule 80</i>
21.	34/2019 – CT, dt. 18.07.2019	<i>Extends the last date for furnishing Form GST CMP-08</i>
22.	35/2019 – CT, dt. 29.07.2019	<i>Extends the last date for furnishing Form GST CMP-08 for the quarter April-June 2019 till 31.08.2019</i>
23.	38/2019 – CT, dt. 31.08.2019	<i>Waives filing of Form ITC-04 for F.Y. 2017-18 & 2018-19</i>
24.	45/2019 – CT, dt. 09.10.2019	<i>Extends the time limit for filing of Form GSTR-3</i>
25.	47/2019 – CT, dt. 09.10.2019	<i>Makes filing of annual return under section 44 (1) of CGST Act for F.Y. 2017-18 and 2018-19 optional for small taxpayers whose aggregate turnover is less than Rs 2 crores and who have not filed the said return before the due date</i>
26.	50/2019 – CT, dt. 24.10.2019	<i>Extends the last date for filing of Form GST CMP-08 for the quarter July-September 2019 by four days from 18.10.2019 till 22.10.2019</i>

27.	52/2019 – CT, dt. 14.11.2019	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing Form GSTR-1 for registered persons in Jammu and Kashmir having aggregate turnover of up to 1.5 crore rupees for the quarter July, 2019 to September, 2019</i>
28.	60/2019 – CT, dt. 26.11.2019	<i>Extends the due date for furnishing of return in Form GSTR-3B for registered persons in Jammu and Kashmir for the months of July, 2019 to September, 2019</i>
29.	10/2020 – CT, dt. 21.03.2020	<i>Provides special procedure for taxpayers in Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu consequent to merger of the two UTs</i>
30.	45/2020 – CT, dt. 09.06.2020	<i>Extends the date for transition under GST on account of merger of erstwhile Union Territories of Daman and Diu & Dadar and Nagar Haveli.</i>
31.	59/2020 – CT, dt. 13.07.2020	<i>Extends the due date for filing Form GSTR-4 for financial year 2019-2020 to 31.08.2020</i>
32.	64/2020 – CT, dt. 31.08.2020	<i>Extends the due date for filing Form GSTR-4 for financial year 2019-2020 to 31.10.2020</i>
33.	73/2020 – CT, dt. 01.10.2020	<i>Notifies a special procedure for taxpayers for issuance of e-Invoices in the period 01.10.2020 - 31.10.2020</i>
34.	74/2020 – CT, dt. 15.10.2020	<i>Prescribes the due date for furnishing Form GSTR-1 for the quarters October, 2020 to December, 2020 and January, 2021 to March, 2021 for registered persons having aggregate turnover of up to 1.5 crore rupees in the preceding financial year or the current financial year</i>
35.	77/2020 – CT, dt. 15.10.2020	<i>Makes filing of annual return under section 44(1) of CGST Act for F.Y. 2019-20 optional for small taxpayers whose aggregate turnover is less than Rs 2 crores and who have not filed the said return before the due date</i>
36.	85/2020 – CT, dt. 10.11.2020	<i>Notifies special procedure for making payment of 35% as tax liability in first two month</i>
37.	10/2021 – CT, dt. 01.05.2021	<i>Extends the due date for filing Form GSTR-4 for financial year 2020-21 to 31.05.2021</i>
38.	25/2021 – CT, dt. 01.06.2021	<i>Extends the due date for filing Form GSTR-4 for financial year 2020-21 to 31.07.2021</i>
39.	02/2021 – CT (R), dt. 02.06.2021	<i>Amends N. No. 11/2017-CT (R) so as to notify CGST rates of various services as recommended by GST Council in its 43rd meeting held on 28.05.2021</i>
40.	03/2021 – CT (R), dt. 02.06.2021	<i>Amends N. No. 06/2019-CT (R) so as to give effect to the recommendations made by GST Council in its 43rd meeting held on 28.05.2021</i>
41.	04/2021 – CT (R), dt. 14.06.2021	<i>Amends N. No. 11/2017-CT (R) so as to notify GST rates of various services as recommended by GST Council in its 44th meeting held on 12.06.2021</i>

42.	<i>30/2023 – CT, dt. 31.07.2023</i>	<i>Notifies special procedure to be followed by a registered person engaged in manufacturing of certain goods</i>
43.	<i>47/2023 – CT, dt. 25.09.2023</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 30/2023-CT, dt. 31.07.2023</i>
44.	<i>50/2023 – CT, dt. 29.09.2023</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 66/2017-CT, dt. 15.11.2017 to exclude specified actionable claims</i>
45.	<i>03/2024 – CT, dt. 05.01.2024</i>	<i>Rescinds Notification No. 30/2023-CT, dt. 31.07.2023</i>
46.	<i>04/2024 – CT, dt. 05.01.2024</i>	<i>Notifies special procedure to be followed by a registered person engaged in manufacturing of certain goods</i>
47.	<i>08/2024 – CT, dt. 10.04.2024</i>	<i>Extends the timeline for implementation of N. No. 04/2024-CT, dt. 05.01.2024 from 1st April, 2024 to 15th May, 2024</i>

C. Rule related Notifications

NIL

D. Orders

NIL

E. Circulars

S.No.	<i>Circular/Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	<i>208/02/2024-GST, dt. 26.06.2024</i>	<i>Clarifications on various issues pertaining to special procedure for the manufacturers of the specified commodities</i>

F. Instructions

NIL

149. Goods and services tax compliance rating.

- (1) Every registered person may be assigned a goods and services tax compliance rating score by the Government based on his record of compliance with the provisions of this Act.
- (2) The goods and services tax compliance rating score may be determined on the basis of such parameters as may be prescribed.
- (3) The goods and services tax compliance rating score may be updated at periodic intervals and intimated to the registered person and also placed in the public domain in such manner as may be prescribed.

A. Section 149 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 149 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
NIL		
F. Instructions		
NIL		

150. Obligation to furnish information return.

- (1) Any person, being—
 - (a) a taxable person; or
 - (b) a local authority or other public body or association; or
 - (c) any authority of the State Government responsible for the collection of value added tax or sales tax or State excise duty or an authority of the Central Government responsible for the collection of excise duty or customs duty; or
 - (d) an income tax authority appointed under the provisions of the Income-tax Act, 1961; (43 of 1961) or
 - (e) a banking company within the meaning of clause (a) of section 45A of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934; (2 of 1934) or
 - (f) a State Electricity Board or an electricity distribution or transmission licensee under the Electricity Act, 2003, (36 of 2003) or any other entity entrusted with such functions by the Central Government or the State Government; or
 - (g) the Registrar or Sub-Registrar appointed under section 6 of the Registration Act, 1908; (16 of 1908) or
 - (h) a Registrar within the meaning of the Companies Act, 2013; (18 of 2013) or
 - (i) the registering authority empowered to register motor vehicles under the Motor Vehicles Act, 1988; (59 of 1988) or
 - (j) the Collector referred to in clause (c) of section 3 of the Right to Fair Compensation and Transparency in Land Acquisition, Rehabilitation and Resettlement Act, 2013; (30 of 2013) or
 - (k) the recognised stock exchange referred to in clause (f) of section 2 of the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956; (42 of 1956) or

- (l) a depository referred to in clause (e) of sub-section (1) of section 2 of the Depositories Act, 1996; (22 of 1996) or
- (m) an officer of the Reserve Bank of India as constituted under section 3 of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934; (2 of 1934.) or
- (n) the Goods and Services Tax Network, a company registered under the Companies Act, 2013; (18 of 2013. or
- (o) a person to whom a Unique Identity Number has been granted under sub-section (9) of section 25; or
- (p) any other person as may be specified, on the recommendations of the Council, by the Government,

who is responsible for maintaining record of registration or statement of accounts or any periodic return or document containing details of payment of tax and other details of transaction of goods or services or both or transactions related to a bank account or consumption of electricity or transaction of purchase, sale or exchange of goods or property or right or interest in a property under any law for the time being in force, shall furnish an information return of the same in respect of such periods, within such time, in such form and manner and to such authority or agency as may be prescribed.

- (2) Where the Commissioner, or an officer authorised by him in this behalf, considers that the information furnished in the information return is defective, he may intimate the defect to the person who has furnished such information return and give him an opportunity of rectifying the defect within a period of thirty days from the date of such intimation or within such further period which, on an application made in this behalf, the said authority may allow and if the defect is not rectified within the said period of thirty days or, the further period so allowed, then, notwithstanding anything contained in any other provisions of this Act, such information return shall be treated as not furnished and the provisions of this Act shall apply.
- (3) Where a person who is required to furnish information return has not furnished the same within the time specified in sub-section (1) or sub-section (2), the said authority may serve upon him a notice requiring furnishing of such information return within a period not exceeding ninety days from the date of service of the notice and such person shall furnish the information return.

A. Section 150 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 150 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		

D. Orders
NIL
E. Circulars
NIL
F. Instructions
NIL

¹[151. Power to call for information.

The Commissioner or an officer authorised by him may, by an order, direct any person to furnish information relating to any matter dealt with in connection with this Act, within such time, in such form, and in such manner, as may be specified therein.]

A. Section 151 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 151 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017
2.	Finance Act, 2021 (Act No. 13 of 2021), dt. 28.03.2021 read with N. No. 39/2021 – CT, dt. 21.12.2021	Substitutes sec 151 of the CGST Act - w.e.f. 01.01.2022
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
NIL		
F. Instructions		
NIL		

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.01.2022 by the Finance Act, 2021 (No. 13 of 2021) (s.119) dated 28.03.2021, read with Notification No. 39/2021-CT, dated 21.12.2021. Formerly it read as:

“151. Power to collect statistics.

- (1) The Commissioner may, if he considers that it is necessary so to do, by notification, direct that statistics may be collected relating to any matter dealt with by or in connection with this Act.
- (2) Upon such notification being issued, the Commissioner, or any person authorised by him in this behalf, may call upon the concerned persons to furnish such information or returns, in such form and manner as may be prescribed, relating to any matter in respect of which statistics is to be collected.”

152. Bar on disclosure of information.

- (1) No information ¹[***] with respect to any matter given for the purposes of section 150 or section 151 shall, without the previous consent in writing of the concerned person or his authorised representative, be published in such manner so as to enable such particulars to be identified as referring to a particular person and no such information shall be used for the purpose of any proceedings under this Act ²[without giving an opportunity of being heard to the person concerned].
- ³[(2) ***]
- (3) Nothing in this section shall apply to the publication of any information relating to a class of taxable persons or class of transactions, if in the opinion of the Commissioner, it is desirable in the public interest to publish such information.

A. Section 152 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 152 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017
2.	Finance Act, 2021 (Act No. 13 of 2021), dt. 28.03.2021 read with N. No. 39/2021 – CT, dt. 21.12.2021	Amends sub-sec (1) and (2) of sec 152 of the CGST Act - w.e.f. 01.01.2022
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
NIL		
F. Instructions		
NIL		

¹ Omtd. the words “of any individual return or part thereof” w.e.f. 01.01.2022 by the Finance Act, 2021 (No. 13 of 2021) (s.120) dated 28.03.2021, read with Notification No. 39/2021-CT, dated 21.12.2021.

² Ins. w.e.f. 01.01.2022 by the Finance Act, 2021 (No. 13 of 2021) (s.120) dated 28.03.2021, read with Notification No. 39/2021-CT, dated 21.12.2021.

³ Omtd. w.e.f. 01.01.2022 by the Finance Act, 2021 (No. 13 of 2021) (s.120) dated 28.03.2021, read with Notification No. 39/2021-CT, dated 21.12.2021. Formerly it read as:

“(2) Except for the purposes of prosecution under this Act or any other Act for the time being in force, no person who is not engaged in the collection of statistics under this Act or compilation or computerisation thereof for the purposes of this Act, shall be permitted to see or have access to any information or any individual return referred to in section 151.”.

153. Taking assistance from an expert.

Any officer not below the rank of Assistant Commissioner may, having regard to the nature and complexity of the case and the interest of revenue, take assistance of any expert at any stage of scrutiny, inquiry, investigation or any other proceedings before him.

A. Section 153 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>NIL</i>		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 153 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017
C. Rule related Notifications		
<i>NIL</i>		
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		
E. Circulars		
<i>NIL</i>		
F. Instructions		
<i>NIL</i>		

154. Power to take samples.

The Commissioner or an officer authorised by him may take samples of goods from the possession of any taxable person, where he considers it necessary, and provide a receipt for any samples so taken.

A. Section 154 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>NIL</i>		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 154 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017
C. Rule related Notifications		
<i>NIL</i>		
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		
E. Circulars		
<i>NIL</i>		

F. Instructions
<i>NIL</i>

155. Burden of proof.

Where any person claims that he is eligible for input tax credit under this Act, the burden of proving such claim shall lie on such person.

A. Section 155 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>NIL</i>		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 155 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
<i>NIL</i>		
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		
E. Circulars		
<i>NIL</i>		
F. Instructions		
<i>NIL</i>		

156. Persons deemed to be public servants.

All persons discharging functions under this Act shall be deemed to be public servants within the meaning of section 21 of the Indian Penal Code (45 of 1860).

A. Section 156 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>NIL</i>		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 156 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
<i>NIL</i>		
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		

<i>E. Circulars</i>
<i>NIL</i>
<i>F. Instructions</i>
<i>NIL</i>

157. Protection of action taken under this Act.

- (1) No suit, prosecution or other legal proceedings shall lie against the President, State President, Members, officers or other employees of the Appellate Tribunal or any other person authorised by the said Appellate Tribunal for anything which is in good faith done or intended to be done under this Act or the rules made thereunder.
- (2) No suit, prosecution or other legal proceedings shall lie against any officer appointed or authorised under this Act for anything which is done or intended to be done in good faith under this Act or the rules made thereunder.

<i>A. Section 157 - Relevant Rules & Forms</i>	
<i>NIL</i>	
<i>B. Section related Notifications</i>	
S.No.	<i>Notification/Date</i>
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017
<i>Brings into force sec 157 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>	
<i>C. Rule related Notifications</i>	
<i>NIL</i>	
<i>D. Orders</i>	
<i>NIL</i>	
<i>E. Circulars</i>	
<i>NIL</i>	
<i>F. Instructions</i>	
<i>NIL</i>	

158. Disclosure of information by a public servant.

- (1) All particulars contained in any statement made, return furnished or accounts or documents produced in accordance with this Act, or in any record of evidence given in the course of any proceedings under this Act (other than proceedings before a criminal court), or in any record of any proceedings under this Act shall, save as provided in sub-section (3), not be disclosed.

- (2) Notwithstanding anything contained in the Indian Evidence Act, 1872, (1 of 1872) no court shall, save as otherwise provided in sub-section (3), require any officer appointed or authorised under this Act to produce before it or to give evidence before it in respect of particulars referred to in sub-section (1).
- (3) Nothing contained in this section shall apply to the disclosure of,—
- (a) any particulars in respect of any statement, return, accounts, documents, evidence, affidavit or deposition, for the purpose of any prosecution under the Indian Penal Code or the Prevention of Corruption Act, 1988, (45 of 1860) (49 of 1988) or any other law for the time being in force; or
 - (b) any particulars to the Central Government or the State Government or to any person acting in the implementation of this Act, for the purposes of carrying out the objects of this Act; or
 - (c) any particulars when such disclosure is occasioned by the lawful exercise under this Act of any process for the service of any notice or recovery of any demand; or
 - (d) any particulars to a civil court in any suit or proceedings, to which the Government or any authority under this Act is a party, which relates to any matter arising out of any proceedings under this Act or under any other law for the time being in force authorising any such authority to exercise any powers thereunder; or
 - (e) any particulars to any officer appointed for the purpose of audit of tax receipts or refunds of the tax imposed by this Act; or
 - (f) any particulars where such particulars are relevant for the purposes of any inquiry into the conduct of any officer appointed or authorised under this Act, to any person or persons appointed as an inquiry officer under any law for the time being in force; or
 - (g) any such particulars to an officer of the Central Government or of any State Government, as may be necessary for the purpose of enabling that Government to levy or realise any tax or duty; or
 - (h) any particulars when such disclosure is occasioned by the lawful exercise by a public servant or any other statutory authority, of his or its powers under any law for the time being in force; or
 - (i) any particulars relevant to any inquiry into a charge of misconduct in connection with any proceedings under this Act against a practising advocate, a tax practitioner, a practising cost accountant, a practising chartered accountant, a practising company secretary to the authority empowered to take disciplinary action against the members practising the profession of a legal practitioner, a cost accountant, a chartered accountant or a company secretary, as the case may be; or
 - (j) any particulars to any agency appointed for the purposes of data entry on any automated system or for the purpose of operating, upgrading or maintaining any

automated system where such agency is contractually bound not to use or disclose such particulars except for the aforesaid purposes; or

- (k) any particulars to an officer of the Government as may be necessary for the purposes of any other law for the time being in force; or
- (l) any information relating to any class of taxable persons or class of transactions for publication, if, in the opinion of the Commissioner, it is desirable in the public interest, to publish such information.

A. Section 158 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 158 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
NIL		
F. Instructions		
NIL		

¹[158A. Consent based sharing of information furnished by taxable person.

- (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in sections 133, 152 and 158, the following details furnished by a registered person may, subject to the provisions of sub-section (2), and on the recommendations of the Council, be shared by the common portal with such other systems as may be notified by the Government, in such manner and subject to such conditions as may be prescribed, namely:—
 - (a) particulars furnished in the application for registration under section 25 or in the return filed under section 39 or under section 44;
 - (b) the particulars uploaded on the common portal for preparation of invoice, the details of outward supplies furnished under section 37 and the particulars uploaded on the common portal for generation of documents under section 68;
 - (c) such other details as may be prescribed.

¹ *Ins. section 158A w.e.f. 01.10.2023 (vide Notification No. 28/2023-CT, dt. 31.07.2023) by the Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023) (s.158) enacted on 31.03.2023.*

- (2) For the purposes of sharing details under sub-section (1), the consent shall be obtained, of –
- (a) the supplier, in respect of details furnished under clauses (a), (b) and (c) of sub-section (1); and
 - (b) the recipient, in respect of details furnished under clause (b) of sub-section (1), and under clause (c) of sub-section (1) only where such details include identity information of the recipient,
- in such form and manner as may be prescribed.
- (3) Notwithstanding anything contained in any law for the time being in force, no action shall lie against the Government or the common portal with respect to any liability arising consequent to information shared under this section and there shall be no impact on the liability to pay tax on the relevant supply or as per the relevant return.]

A. Section 158A - Relevant Rules & Forms		
Rule 163	Consent based sharing of information	Nil
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023), dt. 31.03.2023 read with N. No. 28/2023 – CT, dt. 31.07.2023	Inserted sec 158A w.e.f. 01.10.2023 [Sec 158 of the Finance Act, 2023]
2.	33/2023 – CT, dt. 31.07.2023	Notifies “Account Aggregator” as the systems with which information may be shared by the common portal under section 158A of the CGST Act, 2017
3.	06/2024 – CT, dt. 22.02.2024	Notifies “Public Tech Platform for Frictionless Credit” as the system with which information may be shared by the common portal based on consent under sub-section (2) of Section 158A of the Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	38/2023 – CT, dt. 04.08.2023	CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2023 – Inserting Rule 163 w.e.f. 01.10.2023
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
NIL		
F. Instructions		
NIL		

159. Publication of information in respect of persons in certain cases.

- (1) If the Commissioner, or any other officer authorised by him in this behalf, is of the opinion that it is necessary or expedient in the public interest to publish the name of any person and any other particulars relating to any proceedings or prosecution under this Act in respect of such person, it may cause to be published such name and particulars in such manner as it thinks fit.
- (2) No publication under this section shall be made in relation to any penalty imposed under this Act until the time for presenting an appeal to the Appellate Authority under section 107 has expired without an appeal having been presented or the appeal, if presented, has been disposed of.

*Explanation.—*In the case of firm, company or other association of persons, the names of the partners of the firm, directors, managing agents, secretaries and treasurers or managers of the company, or the members of the association, as the case may be, may also be published if, in the opinion of the Commissioner, or any other officer authorised by him in this behalf, circumstances of the case justify it.

A. Section 159 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>NIL</i>		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 159 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
<i>NIL</i>		
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		
E. Circulars		
<i>NIL</i>		
F. Instructions		
<i>NIL</i>		

160. Assessment proceedings, etc., not to be invalid on certain grounds.

- (1) No assessment, re-assessment, adjudication, review, revision, appeal, rectification, notice, summons or other proceedings done, accepted, made, issued, initiated, or purported to have been done, accepted, made, issued, initiated in pursuance of any of the provisions of this Act shall be invalid or deemed to be invalid merely by reason of any mistake, defect or omission therein, if such assessment, re-assessment, adjudication, review, revision, appeal, rectification, notice, summons or other proceedings are in

substance and effect in conformity with or according to the intents, purposes and requirements of this Act or any existing law.

- (2) The service of any notice, order or communication shall not be called in question, if the notice, order or communication, as the case may be, has already been acted upon by the person to whom it is issued or where such service has not been called in question at or in the earlier proceedings commenced, continued or finalised pursuant to such notice, order or communication.

A. Section 160 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 160 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
NIL		
F. Instructions		
NIL		

161. Rectification of errors apparent on the face of record.

Without prejudice to the provisions of section 160, and notwithstanding anything contained in any other provisions of this Act, any authority, who has passed or issued any decision or order or notice or certificate or any other document, may rectify any error which is apparent on the face of record in such decision or order or notice or certificate or any other document, either on its own motion or where such error is brought to its notice by any officer appointed under this Act or an officer appointed under the State Goods and Services Tax Act or an officer appointed under the Union Territory Goods and Services Tax Act or by the affected person within a period of three months from the date of issue of such decision or order or notice or certificate or any other document, as the case may be:

Provided that no such rectification shall be done after a period of six months from the date of issue of such decision or order or notice or certificate or any other document:

Provided further that the said period of six months shall not apply in such cases where the rectification is purely in the nature of correction of a clerical or arithmetical error, arising from any accidental slip or omission:

Provided also that where such rectification adversely affects any person, the principles of natural justice shall be followed by the authority carrying out such rectification.

A. Section 161 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>Rule 142(7)</i>	<i>Notice and order for demand of amounts payable under the Act</i>	<i>Form GST DRC-08</i>
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 161 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	15/2017 – CT, dt. 01.07.2017	CGST (Third Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rule 142
2.	16/2019 – CT, dt. 29.03.2019	CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Rule 142(7) and Form GST DRC-08
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
NIL		
F. Instructions		
NIL		

162. Bar on jurisdiction of civil courts.

Save as provided in sections 117 and 118, no civil court shall have jurisdiction to deal with or decide any question arising from or relating to anything done or purported to be done under this Act.

A. Section 162 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 162 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		

<i>E. Circulars</i>
NIL
<i>F. Instructions</i>
NIL

163. Levy of fee.

Wherever a copy of any order or document is to be provided to any person on an application made by him for that purpose, there shall be paid such fee as may be prescribed.

<i>A. Section 163 - Relevant Rules & Forms</i>		
NIL		
<i>B. Section related Notifications</i>		
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 163 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
<i>C. Rule related Notifications</i>		
NIL		
<i>D. Orders</i>		
NIL		
<i>E. Circulars</i>		
NIL		
<i>F. Instructions</i>		
NIL		

164. Power of Government to make rules.

- (1) The Government may, on the recommendations of the Council, by notification, make rules for carrying out the provisions of this Act.
- (2) Without prejudice to the generality of the provisions of sub-section (1), the Government may make rules for all or any of the matters which by this Act are required to be, or may be, prescribed or in respect of which provisions are to be or may be made by rules.
- (3) The power to make rules conferred by this section shall include the power to give retrospective effect to the rules or any of them from a date not earlier than the date on which the provisions of this Act come into force.
- (4) Any rules made under sub-section (1) or sub-section (2) may provide that a contravention thereof shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten thousand rupees.

<i>A. Section 164 - Relevant Rules & Forms</i>
<i>All Rules and Forms</i>

<i>B. Section related Notifications</i>		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	01/2017 – CT, dt. 19.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 164 of the CGST Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 22.06.2017</i>
<i>C. Rule related Notifications</i>		
1.	07/2017 – CT, dt. 27.06.2017	<i>CGST (Amendment) Rules, 2017</i>
2.	10/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2017</i>
3.	15/2017 – CT, dt. 01.07.2017	<i>CGST (Third Amendment) Rules, 2017</i>
4.	17/2017 – CT, dt. 27.07.2017	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2017</i>
5.	22/2017 – CT, dt. 17.08.2017	<i>CGST (Fifth Amendment) Rules, 2017</i>
6.	27/2017 – CT, dt. 30.08.2017	<i>CGST (Sixth Amendment) Rules, 2017</i>
7.	34/2017 – CT, dt. 15.09.2017	<i>CGST (Seventh Amendment) Rules, 2017</i>
8.	36/2017 – CT, dt. 29.09.2017	<i>CGST (Eighth Amendment) Rules, 2017</i>
9.	45/2017 – CT, dt. 13.10.2017	<i>CGST (Ninth Amendment) Rules, 2017</i>
10.	47/2017 – CT, dt. 18.10.2017	<i>CGST (Tenth Amendment) Rules, 2017</i>
11.	51/2017 – CT, dt. 28.10.2017	<i>CGST (Eleventh Amendment) Rules, 2017</i>
12.	55/2017 – CT, dt. 15.11.2017	<i>CGST (Twelfth Amendment) Rules, 2017</i>
13.	70/2017 – CT, dt. 21.12.2017	<i>CGST (Thirteenth Amendment) Rules, 2017</i>
14.	75/2017 – CT, dt. 29.12.2017	<i>CGST (Fourteenth Amendment) Rules, 2017</i>
15.	03/2018 – CT, dt. 23.01.2018	<i>CGST (First Amendment) Rules, 2018</i>
16.	12/2018 – CT, dt. 07.03.2018	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2018</i>
17.	14/2018 – CT, dt. 23.03.2018	<i>CGST (Third Amendment) Rules, 2018</i>
18.	21/2018 – CT, dt. 18.04.2018	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2018</i>
19.	26/2018 – CT, dt. 13.06.2018	<i>CGST (Fifth Amendment) Rules, 2018</i>
20.	28/2018 – CT, dt. 19.06.2018	<i>CGST (Sixth Amendment) Rules, 2018</i>
21.	29/2018 – CT, dt. 06.07.2018	<i>CGST (Seventh Amendment) Rules, 2018</i>
22.	39/2018 – CT, dt. 04.09.2018	<i>CGST (Eighth Amendment) Rules, 2018</i>
23.	48/2018 – CT, dt. 10.09.2018	<i>CGST (Ninth Amendment) Rules, 2018</i>
24.	49/2018 – CT, dt. 13.09.2018	<i>CGST (Tenth Amendment) Rules, 2018</i>
25.	53/2018 – CT, dt. 09.10.2018	<i>CGST (Eleventh Amendment) Rules, 2018</i>
26.	54/2018 – CT, dt. 09.10.2018	<i>CGST (Twelfth Amendment) Rules, 2018</i>

27.	60/2018 – CT, dt. 30.10.2018	<i>CGST (Thirteenth Amendment) Rules, 2018</i>
28.	74/2018 – CT, dt. 31.12.2018	<i>CGST (Fourteenth Amendment) Rules, 2018</i>
29.	3/2019 – CT, dt. 29.01.2019	<i>CGST (First Amendment) Rules, 2019</i>
30.	16/2019 – CT, dt. 29.03.2019	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2019</i>
31.	20/2019 – CT, dt. 23.04.2019	<i>CGST (Third Amendment) Rules, 2019</i>
32.	31/2019 – CT, dt. 28.06.2019 read with 42/2019 – CT, dt. 24.09.2019 and 71/2019 – CT, dt. 13.12.2019	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2019</i>
33.	33/2019 – CT, dt. 18.07.2019	<i>CGST (Fifth Amendment) Rules, 2019</i>
34.	49/2019 – CT, dt. 09.10.2019	<i>CGST (Sixth Amendment) Rules, 2019</i>
35.	56/2019 – CT, dt. 14.11.2019	<i>CGST (Seventh Amendment) Rules, 2019</i>
36.	68/2019 – CT, dt. 13.12.2019	<i>CGST (Eighth Amendment) Rules, 2019</i>
37.	75/2019 – CT, dt. 26.12.2019	<i>CGST (Ninth Amendment) Rules, 2019</i>
38.	02/2020 – CT, dt. 01.01.2020	<i>CGST (Amendment) Rules, 2020</i>
39.	08/2020 – CT, dt. 02.03.2020	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2020</i>
40.	16/2020 – CT, dt. 23.03.2020	<i>CGST (Third Amendment) Rules, 2020</i>
41.	30/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2020</i>
42.	38/2020 – CT, dt. 05.05.2020	<i>CGST (Fifth Amendment) Rules, 2020</i>
43.	48/2020 – CT, dt. 19.06.2020	<i>CGST (Sixth Amendment) Rules, 2020</i>
44.	50/2020 – CT, dt. 24.06.2020	<i>CGST (Seventh Amendment) Rules, 2020</i>
45.	58/2020 – CT, dt. 01.07.2020	<i>CGST (Eighth Amendment) Rules, 2020</i>
46.	60/2020 – CT, dt. 30.07.2020	<i>CGST (Ninth Amendment) Rules, 2020</i>
47.	62/2020 – CT, dt. 20.08.2020	<i>CGST (Tenth Amendment) Rules, 2020</i>
48.	72/2020 – CT, dt. 30.09.2020 and Corrigendum, dt. 01.10.2020	<i>CGST (Eleventh Amendment) Rules, 2020</i>
49.	79/2020 – CT, dt. 15.10.2020	<i>CGST (Twelfth Amendment) Rules, 2020</i>
50.	82/2020 – CT, dt. 10.11.2020	<i>CGST (Thirteenth Amendment) Rules, 2020</i>
51.	94/2020 – CT, dt. 22.12.2020	<i>CGST (Fourteenth Amendment) Rules, 2020</i>
52.	01/2021 – CT, dt. 01.01.2021	<i>CGST (Amendment) Rules, 2021</i>
53.	07/2021 – CT, dt. 27.04.2021	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2021</i>
54.	13/2021 – CT, dt. 01.05.2021	<i>CGST (Third Amendment) Rules, 2021</i>

55.	15/2021 – CT, dt. 18.05.2021	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2021</i>
56.	27/2021 – CT, dt. 01.06.2021	<i>CGST (Fifth Amendment) Rules, 2021</i>
57.	30/2021 – CT, dt. 30.07.2021	<i>CGST (Sixth Amendment) Rules, 2021</i>
58.	32/2021 – CT, dt. 29.08.2021	<i>CGST (Seventh Amendment) Rules, 2021</i>
59.	35/2021 – CT, dt. 24.09.2021	<i>CGST (Eighth Amendment) Rules, 2021</i>
60.	37/2021 – CT, dt. 01.12.2021	<i>CGST (Ninth Amendment) Rules, 2021</i>
61.	40/2021 – CT, dt. 29.12.2021	<i>CGST (Tenth Amendment) Rules, 2021</i>
62.	14/2022 – CT, dt. 05.07.2022	<i>CGST (First Amendment) Rules, 2022</i>
63.	19/2022 – CT, dt. 28.09.2022	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2022</i>
64.	22/2022 – CT, dt. 15.11.2022	<i>CGST (Third Amendment) Rules, 2022</i>
65.	24/2022 – CT, dt. 23.11.2022	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2022</i>
66.	26/2022 – CT, dt. 26.12.2022	<i>CGST (Fifth Amendment) Rules, 2022</i>
67.	04/2023 – CT, dt. 31.03.2023	<i>CGST (Amendment) Rules, 2023</i>
68.	38/2023 – CT, dt. 04.08.2023	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2023</i>
69.	45/2023 – CT, dt. 06.09.2023	<i>CGST (Third Amendment) Rules, 2023</i>
70.	51/2023 – CT, dt. 29.09.2023	<i>CGST (Third Amendment) Rules, 2023 in supersession of Notification No. 45/2023 – CT, dt. 06.09.2023</i>
71.	52/2023 – CT, dt. 26.10.2023	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2023</i>
72.	02/2024 – CT, dt. 05.01.2024	<i>CGST (Amendment) Rules, 2024</i>
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
NIL		
F. Instructions		
NIL		

165. Power to make regulations.

The Board may, by notification, make regulations consistent with this Act and the rules made thereunder to carry out the provisions of this Act.

A. Section 165 - Relevant Rules & Forms
NIL

B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 165 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017
C. Rule related Notifications		
<i>NIL</i>		
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		
E. Circulars		
<i>NIL</i>		
F. Instructions		
<i>NIL</i>		

166. Laying of rules, regulations and notifications.

Every rule made by the Government, every regulation made by the Board and every notification issued by the Government under this Act, shall be laid, as soon as may be after it is made or issued, before each House of Parliament, while it is in session, for a total period of thirty days which may be comprised in one session or in two or more successive sessions, and if, before the expiry of the session immediately following the session or the successive sessions aforesaid, both Houses agree in making any modification in the rule or regulation or in the notification, as the case may be, or both Houses agree that the rule or regulation or the notification should not be made, the rule or regulation or notification, as the case may be, shall thereafter have effect only in such modified form or be of no effect, as the case may be; so, however, that any such modification or annulment shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done under that rule or regulation or notification, as the case may be.

A. Section 166 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>NIL</i>		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 166 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017
C. Rule related Notifications		
<i>NIL</i>		
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		
E. Circulars		
<i>NIL</i>		
F. Instructions		
<i>NIL</i>		

167. Delegation of powers.

The Commissioner may, by notification, direct that subject to such conditions, if any, as may be specified in the notification, any power exercisable by any authority or officer under this Act may be exercisable also by another authority or officer as may be specified in such notification.

A. Section 167 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>NIL</i>		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 167 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
<i>NIL</i>		
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		
E. Circulars		
<i>NIL</i>		
F. Instructions		
<i>NIL</i>		

168. Power to issue instructions or directions.

- (1) The Board may, if it considers it necessary or expedient so to do for the purpose of uniformity in the implementation of this Act, issue such orders, instructions or directions to the central tax officers as it may deem fit, and thereupon all such officers and all other persons employed in the implementation of this Act shall observe and follow such orders, instructions or directions.

- (2) The Commissioner specified in clause (91) of section 2, sub-section (3) of section 5, clause (b) of sub-section (9) of section 25, sub-sections (3) and (4) of section 35, sub-section (1) of section 37, ¹[***] sub-section (6) of section 39, ²[³{section 44}, sub-sections (4) and (5) of section 52,] ⁴[sub-section (1) of section 143, except the second proviso thereof], ⁵[***] clause (l) of sub-section (3) of section 158 and section 167 shall mean a Commissioner or Joint Secretary posted in the Board and such Commissioner or Joint Secretary shall exercise the powers specified in the said sections with the approval of the Board.

A. Section 168 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	<i>09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Brings into force sec 168 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	<i>Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (23 of 2019), dt. 01.08.2019 read with N. No. 01/2020 – CT, dt. 01.01.2020</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 168(2) w.e.f. 01.01.2020</i>
3.	<i>Finance Act, 2020 (Act No. 12 of 2020), dt. 27.03.2020 read with N. No. 49/2020 – CT, dt. 24.06.2020</i>	<i>Amendment in sub-sec (2) of sec 168 w.e.f. 30.06.2020</i>
4.	<i>Finance Act, 2021 (Act No. 13 of 2021), dt. 28.03.2021 read with N. No. 39/2021 – CT, dt. 21.12.2021</i>	<i>Amends sub-sec (2) of sec 168 of the CGST Act - w.e.f. 01.01.2022</i>
5.	<i>Finance Act, 2022 (No. 6 of 2022), dt. 30.03.2022 read with N. No. 18/2022 – CT, dt. 28.09.2022</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 168 w.e.f. 01.10.2022 [Sec 114 of the Finance Act, 2022]</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		

¹ *Omtd. the words, brackets and figures “sub-section (2) of section 38,” w.e.f. 01.10.2022 (vide Notification No. 18/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022) by the Finance Act, 2022 (No. 6 of 2022) (s.114) dt. 30.03.2022.*

² *Ins. w.e.f. 01.01.2020 (vide Notification No. 01/2020-CT, dt. 01.01.2020) by the Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (s.111) dt. 01.08.2019.*

³ *Subs. w.e.f. 01.01.2022 by the Finance Act, 2021 (No. 13 of 2021) (s.121) dated 28.03.2021, read with Notification No. 39/2021-CT, dated 21.12.2021, for the words, brackets and figures “sub-section (1) of section 44”.*

⁴ *Subs. w.e.f. 30.06.2020 by the Finance Act, 2020 (12 of 2020) (s.129) dt. 27.03.2020, read with Notification No. 49/2020-CT, dt. 24.06.2020. Formerly, it read as: “sub-section (5) of section 66, sub-section (1) of section 143”.*

⁵ *Omtd. the words, brackets and figures “sub-section (1) of section 151,” w.e.f. 01.01.2022 by the Finance Act, 2021 (No. 13 of 2021) (s.121) dated 28.03.2021, read with Notification No. 39/2021-CT, dated 21.12.2021.*

D. Orders				
NIL				
E. Circulars				
S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents		
1.	89/2019 – GST, dt. 18.02.2019	<i>Clarifying situations of mentioning details of inter-State supplies made to unregistered persons in Table 3.2 of Form GSTR-3B and Table 7B of Form GSTR-1.</i>		
2.	91/2019 – GST, dt. 18.02.2019	<i>Clarification regarding tax payment made for supply of warehoused goods while being deposited in a customs bonded warehouse for the period July, 2017 to March, 2018</i>		
3.	92/2019 – GST, dt. 07.03.2019	<i>Clarifying various doubts related to treatment of sales promotion scheme under GST</i>		
4.	97/2019 – GST, dt. 05.04.2019	<i>Clarifying issues regarding exercise of option to pay tax under N. No. 2/2019-CT(R), dt. 07.03.2019</i>		
5.	98/2019 – GST, dt. 23.04.2019	<i>Clarification regarding manner of utilization of input tax credit post insertion of the rule 88A of the CGST Rules</i>		
6.	107/2019 – GST, dt. 18.07.2019	<i>Clarifies various doubts related to supply of Information Technology enabled Services (ITeS services)</i>		
7.	122/2019 – GST, dt. 05.11.2019	<i>Generation and quoting of Document Identification Number (DIN) on any communication issued by the officers of the Central Board of Indirect Taxes and Customs (CBIC) to tax payers and other concerned persons</i>		
8.	123/2019 – GST, dt. 11.11.2019	<i>Clarifies restrictions in availment of input tax credit in terms of sub-rule (4) of rule 36 of CGST Rules, 2017</i>		
9.	128/2019 – GST, dt. 23.12.2019	<i>Generation and quoting of Document Identification Number (DIN) on any communication issued by the officers of the Central Board of Indirect Taxes and Customs (CBIC) to tax payers and other concerned persons</i>		
10.	<i>All Circulars and clarifications</i>			
F. Instructions				
NIL				

¹[168A. Power of Government to extend time limit in special circumstances

- (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, the Government may, on the recommendations of the Council, by notification, extend the time limit specified in, or prescribed or notified under, this Act in respect of actions which cannot be completed or complied with due to force majeure.

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 31.03.2020 vide The Taxation and other laws (Relaxation of Certain Provisions) Ordinance, 2020 dt. 31.03.2020.

- (2) The power to issue notification under sub-section (1) shall include the power to give retrospective effect to such notification from a date not earlier than the date of commencement of this Act.

Explanation.- For the purposes of this section, the expression “force majeure” means a case of war, epidemic, flood, drought, fire, cyclone, earthquake or any other calamity caused by nature or otherwise affecting the implementation of any of the provisions of this Act.]

A. Section 168A - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	<i>The Taxation and other laws (Relaxation of Certain Provisions) Ordinance, 2020 dt. 31.03.2020</i>	<i>Inserting sec 168A; w.e.f. 31.03.2020</i>
2.	<i>35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020</i>	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 29.06.2020” till 30.06.2020 and to extend validity of e-way bills</i>
3.	<i>40/2020 – CT, dt. 05.05.2020</i>	<i>Extends the validity of e-way bills till 31.05.2020 for those e-way bills which expire during the period from 20.03.2020 to 15.04.2020 and generated till 24.03.2020</i>
4.	<i>47/2020 – CT, dt. 09.06.2020</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 40/2020 – CT dated 05.05.2020 in respect of extension of validity of e-way bill generated on or before 24.03.2020 (whose validity has expired on or after 20th day of March 2020) till the 30th day of June</i>
5.	<i>55/2020 – CT, dt. 27.06.2020</i>	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 30.08.2020” till 31.08.2020 (Subs. N. No. 35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020)</i>
6.	<i>65/2020 – CT, dt. 01.09.2020</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020 to extend due date of compliance under Section 171 which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 29.11.2020” till 30.11.2020</i>
7.	<i>66/2020 – CT, dt. 21.09.2020</i>	<i>Gives one time extension for the time limit provided under Section 31(7) of the CGST Act 2017 till 31.10.2020.</i>
8.	<i>91/2020 – CT, dt. 14.12.2020</i>	<i>Extends the due dates for compliances and actions in respect of anti-profiteering measures under GST till 31.03.2021</i>
9.	<i>14/2021 – CT, dt. 01.05.2021</i>	<i>Extends specified compliances falling between 15.04.2021 to 30.05.2021 till 31.05.2021 in exercise of powers under section 168A of CGST Act</i>

10.	24/2021 – CT, dt. 01.06.2021	<i>Amends N. No. 14/2021 – CT in order to extend due date of compliances which fall during the period from “15.04.2021 to 29.06.2021” till 30.06.2021</i>
11.	34/2021 – CT, dt. 29.08.2021	<i>Extends timelines for filing of application for revocation of cancellation of registration to 30.09.2021, where due date for filing such application falls between 01.03.2020 to 31.08.2021, in cases where registration has been canceled under clause (b) or clause (c) of section 29(2) of the CGST Act</i>
12.	13/2022 – CT, dt. 05.07.2022	<i>Extends dates of specified compliances in exercise of powers under section 168A of CGST Act for adjudication of cases for the years 2017-18, 2018-19 and 2019-20</i>
13.	09/2023 – CT, dt. 31.03.2023	<i>Extension of limitation under section 168A of CGST Act [Issue of SCN and adjudication]</i>
14.	56/2023 – CT, dt. 28.12.2023	<i>Extends dates of specified compliances in exercise of powers under section 168A of CGST Act for adjudication of cases for the years 2018-19 and 2019-20</i>

C. Rule related Notifications

NIL

D. Orders

NIL

E. Circulars

S.No.	Circular/Date	Contents
1.	136/2020 – GST, dt. 03.04.2020	<i>Clarification in respect of various measures announced by the Government for providing relief to the taxpayers in view of spread of Novel Corona Virus (COVID-19)</i>
2.	157/13/2021 – GST, dt. 20.07.2021	<i>Clarification regarding extension of limitation under GST Law in terms of Hon'ble Supreme Court's Order dated 27.04.2021</i>

F. Instructions

NIL

169. Service of notice in certain circumstances.

- (1) Any decision, order, summons, notice or other communication under this Act or the rules made thereunder shall be served by any one of the following methods, namely:—
 - (a) by giving or tendering it directly or by a messenger including a courier to the addressee or the taxable person or to his manager or authorised representative or an advocate or a tax practitioner holding authority to appear in the proceedings on behalf of the taxable person or to a person regularly employed by him in connection with the business, or to any adult member of family residing with the taxable person; or

- (b) by registered post or speed post or courier with acknowledgement due, to the person for whom it is intended or his authorised representative, if any, at his last known place of business or residence; or
 - (c) by sending a communication to his e-mail address provided at the time of registration or as amended from time to time; or
 - (d) by making it available on the common portal; or
 - (e) by publication in a newspaper circulating in the locality in which the taxable person or the person to whom it is issued is last known to have resided, carried on business or personally worked for gain; or
 - (f) if none of the modes aforesaid is practicable, by affixing it in some conspicuous place at his last known place of business or residence and if such mode is not practicable for any reason, then by affixing a copy thereof on the notice board of the office of the concerned officer or authority who or which passed such decision or order or issued such summons or notice.
- (2) Every decision, order, summons, notice or any communication shall be deemed to have been served on the date on which it is tendered or published or a copy thereof is affixed in the manner provided in sub-section (1).
- (3) When such decision, order, summons, notice or any communication is sent by registered post or speed post, it shall be deemed to have been received by the addressee at the expiry of the period normally taken by such post in transit unless the contrary is proved.

A. Section 169 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 169 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
1.	O No. 5/2019-GST, dt. 23.04.2019	<i>Extends the time limit for filing an application for revocation of cancellation of registration for specified taxpayers.</i>
E. Circulars		
NIL		
F. Instructions		
NIL		

170. Rounding off of tax, etc.

The amount of tax, interest, penalty, fine or any other sum payable, and the amount of refund or any other sum due, under the provisions of this Act shall be rounded off to the nearest rupee and, for this purpose, where such amount contains a part of a rupee consisting of paise, then, if such part is fifty paise or more, it shall be increased to one rupee and if such part is less than fifty paise it shall be ignored.

A. Section 170 - Relevant Rules & Forms			
<i>NIL</i>			
B. Section related Notifications			
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents	
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 170 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>	
C. Rule related Notifications			
<i>NIL</i>			
D. Orders			
<i>NIL</i>			
E. Circulars			
<i>NIL</i>			
F. Instructions			
<i>NIL</i>			

171. Anti-profiteering measure.

- (1) Any reduction in rate of tax on any supply of goods or services or the benefit of input tax credit shall be passed on to the recipient by way of commensurate reduction in prices.
- (2) The Central Government may, on recommendations of the Council, by notification, constitute an Authority, or empower an existing Authority constituted under any law for the time being in force, to examine whether input tax credits availed by any registered person or the reduction in the tax rate have actually resulted in a commensurate reduction in the price of the goods or services or both supplied by him.
- (3) The Authority referred to in sub-section (2) shall exercise such powers and discharge such functions as may be prescribed.

¹[(3A) Where the Authority referred to in sub-section (2) after holding examination as required under the said sub-section comes to the conclusion that any registered person has

¹ Ins. sub-sec (3A) w.e.f. 01.01.2020 (vide Notification No. 01/2020-CT, dt. 01.01.2020) by the Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (s.112) dt. 01.08.2019.

profiteered under sub-section (1), such person shall be liable to pay penalty equivalent to ten per cent. of the amount so profiteered:

Provided that no penalty shall be leviable if the profiteered amount is deposited within thirty days of the date of passing of the order by the Authority.

Explanation.— For the purposes of this section, the expression “profiteered” shall mean the amount determined on account of not passing the benefit of reduction in rate of tax on supply of goods or services or both or the benefit of input tax credit to the recipient by way of commensurate reduction in the price of the goods or services or both.]

A. Section 171 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>Rule 122</i>	<i>Constitution of the Authority [Omitted w.e.f. 01.12.2022]</i>	<i>Nil</i>
<i>Rule 123</i>	<i>Constitution of the Standing Committee and Screening Committees</i>	<i>Nil</i>
<i>Rule 124</i>	<i>Appointment, salary, allowances and other terms and conditions of service of the Chairman and Members of the Authority [Omitted w.e.f. 01.12.2022]</i>	<i>Nil</i>
<i>Rule 125</i>	<i>Secretary to the Authority [Omitted w.e.f. 01.12.2022]</i>	<i>Nil</i>
<i>Rule 126</i>	<i>Power to determine the methodology and procedure</i>	<i>Nil</i>
<i>Rule 127</i>	<i>Functions of the Authority</i>	<i>Nil</i>
<i>Rule 128</i>	<i>Examination of application by the Standing Committee and Screening Committee</i>	<i>Nil</i>
<i>Rule 129</i>	<i>Initiation and conduct of proceedings</i>	<i>Nil</i>
<i>Rule 130</i>	<i>Confidentiality of information</i>	<i>Nil</i>
<i>Rule 131</i>	<i>Cooperation with other agencies or statutory authorities</i>	<i>Nil</i>
<i>Rule 132</i>	<i>Power to summon persons to give evidence and produce documents</i>	<i>Nil</i>
<i>Rule 133</i>	<i>Order of the Authority</i>	<i>Nil</i>
<i>Rule 134</i>	<i>Decision to be taken by the majority [Omitted w.e.f. 01.12.2022]</i>	<i>Nil</i>
<i>Rule 135</i>	<i>Compliance by the registered person</i>	<i>Nil</i>
<i>Rule 136</i>	<i>Monitoring of the order</i>	<i>Nil</i>
<i>Rule 137</i>	<i>Tenure of Authority [Omitted w.e.f. 01.12.2022]</i>	<i>Nil</i>

B. Section related Notifications

S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 171 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017
2.	Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (23 of 2019), dt. 01.08.2019 read with N. No. 01/2020 – CT, dt. 01.01.2020	Inserting sub-sec (3A) to sec 171 w.e.f. 01.01.2020

3.	65/2020 – CT, dt. 01.09.2020	<i>Amends N. No. 35/2020-CT, dt. 03.04.2020 to extend due date of compliance under Section 171 which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 29.11.2020” till 30.11.2020</i>
4.	91/2020 – CT, dt. 14.12.2020	<i>Extends the due dates for compliances and actions in respect of anti-profiteering measures under GST till 31.03.2021</i>
5.	23/2022 – CT, dt. 23.11.2022	<i>Empowers the Competition Commission of India to handle anti-profiteering cases under CGST Act, 2017 with effect from 01.12.2022</i>

C. Rule related Notifications

1.	10/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rules 122 to 137</i>
2.	34/2017 – CT, dt. 15.09.2017	<i>CGST (Seventh Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rules 124 and 127</i>
3.	55/2017 – CT, dt. 15.11.2017	<i>CGST (Twelfth Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Amending Rule 124</i>
4.	14/2018 – CT, dt. 23.03.2018	<i>CGST (Third Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rules 124, 125, 127, 129, 133, 134, 137</i>
5.	26/2018 – CT, dt. 13.06.2018	<i>CGST (Fifth Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rule 133(3)</i>
6.	29/2018 – CT, dt. 06.07.2018	<i>CGST (Seventh Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Amending Rules 125, 129, 130 to 133</i>
7.	31/2019 – CT, dt. 28.06.2019	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Rules 128, 129, 132, 133</i>
8.	33/2019 – CT, dt. 18.07.2019	<i>CGST (Fifth Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Amending Rule 137</i>
9.	37/2021 – CT, dt. 01.12.2021	<i>CGST (Ninth Amendment) Rules, 2021 – Amending Rule 137</i>
10.	24/2022 – CT, dt. 23.11.2022	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2022 – Omitted Rules 122, 124, 125, 134 & 137 w.e.f. 01.12.2022 – Amending Rule 127 w.e.f. 01.12.2022</i>

D. Orders

NIL

E. Circulars

NIL

F. Instructions

NIL

172. Removal of difficulties.

- (1) If any difficulty arises in giving effect to any provisions of this Act, the Government may, on the recommendations of the Council, by a general or a special order published in the Official Gazette, make such provisions not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act or the rules or regulations made thereunder, as may be necessary or expedient for the purpose of removing the said difficulty:

Provided that no such order shall be made after the expiry of a period of ¹[five years] from the date of commencement of this Act.

- (2) Every order made under this section shall be laid, as soon as may be, after it is made, before each House of Parliament.

A. Section 172 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 172 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017
2.	Finance Act, 2020 (Act No. 12 of 2020), dt. 27.03.2020 read with N. No. 49/2020 – CT, dt. 24.06.2020	Amendment in sub-sec (1) of sec 172 w.e.f. 30.06.2020
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
All Removal of Difficulty Orders		
E. Circulars		
NIL		
F. Instructions		
NIL		

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 30.06.2020 by the Finance Act, 2020 (12 of 2020) (s.130) dt. 27.03.2020, read with Notification No. 49/2020-CT, dt 24.06.2020, for the words “three years”.

173. Amendment of Act 32 of 1994.

Save as otherwise provided in this Act, Chapter V of the Finance Act, 1994 shall be omitted.

A. Section 173 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 173 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
NIL		
F. Instructions		
NIL		

174. Repeal and saving.

- (1) Save as otherwise provided in this Act, on and from the date of commencement of this Act, the Central Excise Act, 1944 (1 of 1944) (except as respects goods included in entry 84 of the Union List of the Seventh Schedule to the Constitution), the Medicinal and Toilet Preparations (Excise Duties) Act, 1955, (16 of 1955) the Additional Duties of Excise (Goods of Special Importance) Act, 1957, (58 of 1957) the Additional Duties of Excise (Textiles and Textile Articles) Act, 1978, (40 of 1978) and the Central Excise Tariff Act, 1985 (5 of 1986) (hereafter referred to as the repealed Acts) are hereby repealed.
- (2) The repeal of the said Acts and the amendment of the Finance Act, 1994 (32 of 1994) (hereafter referred to as “such amendment” or “amended Act”, as the case may be) to the extent mentioned in the sub-section (1) or section 173 shall not—
 - (a) revive anything not in force or existing at the time of such amendment or repeal; or
 - (b) affect the previous operation of the amended Act or repealed Acts and orders or anything duly done or suffered thereunder; or
 - (c) affect any right, privilege, obligation, or liability acquired, accrued or incurred under the amended Act or repealed Acts or orders under such repealed or amended Acts:

- Provided that any tax exemption granted as an incentive against investment through a notification shall not continue as privilege if the said notification is rescinded on or after the appointed day; or
- (d) affect any duty, tax, surcharge, fine, penalty, interest as are due or may become due or any forfeiture or punishment incurred or inflicted in respect of any offence or violation committed against the provisions of the amended Act or repealed Acts; or
 - (e) affect any investigation, inquiry, verification (including scrutiny and audit), assessment proceedings, adjudication and any other legal proceedings or recovery of arrears or remedy in respect of any such duty, tax, surcharge, penalty, fine, interest, right, privilege, obligation, liability, forfeiture or punishment, as aforesaid, and any such investigation, inquiry, verification (including scrutiny and audit), assessment proceedings, adjudication and other legal proceedings or recovery of arrears or remedy may be instituted, continued or enforced, and any such tax, surcharge, penalty, fine, interest, forfeiture or punishment may be levied or imposed as if these Acts had not been so amended or repealed;
 - (f) affect any proceedings including that relating to an appeal, review or reference, instituted before on, or after the appointed day under the said amended Act or repealed Acts and such proceedings shall be continued under the said amended Act or repealed Acts as if this Act had not come into force and the said Acts had not been amended or repealed.
- (3) The mention of the particular matters referred to in sub-sections (1) and (2) shall not be held to prejudice or affect the general application of section 6 of the General Clauses Act, 1897 (10 of 1897) with regard to the effect of repeal.

A. Section 174 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	09/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 174 of the CGST Act, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
NIL		
F. Instructions		
NIL		

SCHEDULE I**[See Section 7]****ACTIVITIES TO BE TREATED AS SUPPLY EVEN IF MADE WITHOUT
CONSIDERATION**

1. Permanent transfer or disposal of business assets where input tax credit has been availed on such assets.
2. Supply of goods or services or both between related persons or between distinct persons as specified in section 25, when made in the course or furtherance of business:
Provided that gifts not exceeding fifty thousand rupees in value in a financial year by an employer to an employee shall not be treated as supply of goods or services or both.
3. Supply of goods—
 - (a) by a principal to his agent where the agent undertakes to supply such goods on behalf of the principal; or
 - (b) by an agent to his principal where the agent undertakes to receive such goods on behalf of the principal.
4. Import of services by a ¹[person] from a related person or from any of his other establishments outside India, in the course or furtherance of business.

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019) by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018, for the words “taxable person”.

SCHEDULE II**[See Section 7]****ACTIVITIES¹[OR TRANSACTIONS] TO BE TREATED AS SUPPLY OF GOODS OR SUPPLY OF SERVICES**

1. Transfer
 - (a) any transfer of the title in goods is a supply of goods;
 - (b) any transfer of right in goods or of undivided share in goods without the transfer of title thereof, is a supply of services;
 - (c) any transfer of title in goods under an agreement which stipulates that property in goods shall pass at a future date upon payment of full consideration as agreed, is a supply of goods.
2. Land and Building
 - (a) any lease, tenancy, easement, licence to occupy land is a supply of services;
 - (b) any lease or letting out of the building including a commercial, industrial or residential complex for business or commerce, either wholly or partly, is a supply of services.
3. Treatment or process

Any treatment or process which is applied to another person's goods is a supply of services.
4. Transfer of business assets
 - (a) where goods forming part of the assets of a business are transferred or disposed of by or under the directions of the person carrying on the business so as no longer to form part of those assets, ²[***] such transfer or disposal is a supply of goods by the person;
 - (b) where, by or under the direction of a person carrying on a business, goods held or used for the purposes of the business are put to any private use or are used, or made available to any person for use, for any purpose other than a purpose of the business, ³[***] the usage or making available of such goods is a supply of services;
 - (c) where any person ceases to be a taxable person, any goods forming part of the assets of any business carried on by him shall be deemed to be supplied by him in the course or furtherance of his business immediately before he ceases to be a taxable person, unless—

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 01.07.2017, retrospectively, by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018, read with Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019.

² Omtd. the words "whether or not for a consideration," w.e.f. 01.07.2017, by the Finance Act, 2020 (12 of 2020) (s.131) dt. 27.03.2020, vide Notification No. 92/2020-CT, dt. 22.12.2020.

³ Omtd. the words "whether or not for a consideration," w.e.f. 01.07.2017, by the Finance Act, 2020 (12 of 2020) (s.131) dt. 27.03.2020, vide Notification No. 92/2020-CT, dt. 22.12.2020.

- (i) the business is transferred as a going concern to another person; or
- (ii) the business is carried on by a personal representative who is deemed to be a taxable person.

5. Supply of services

The following shall be treated as supply of services, namely:—

- (a) renting of immovable property;
- ¹(b) construction of a complex, building, civil structure or a part thereof, including a complex or building intended for sale to a buyer, wholly or partly, except where the entire consideration has been received after issuance of completion certificate, where required, by the competent authority or after its first occupation, whichever is earlier.

*Explanation.—*For the purposes of this clause—

- (1) the expression “competent authority” means the Government or any authority authorised to issue completion certificate under any law for the time being in force and in case of non-requirement of such certificate from such authority, from any of the following, namely:—
 - (i) an architect registered with the Council of Architecture constituted under the Architects Act, 1972; (20 of 1972) or
 - (ii) a chartered engineer registered with the Institution of Engineers (India); or
 - (iii) a licensed surveyor of the respective local body of the city or town or village or development or planning authority;
- (2) the expression “construction” includes additions, alterations, replacements or remodelling of any existing civil structure;
- (c) temporary transfer or permitting the use or enjoyment of any intellectual property right;
- (d) development, design, programming, customisation, adaptation, upgradation, enhancement, implementation of information technology software;
- (e) agreeing to the obligation to refrain from an act, or to tolerate an act or a situation, or to do an act; and
- (f) transfer of the right to use any goods for any purpose (whether or not for a specified period) for cash, deferred payment or other valuable consideration.

6. Composite supply

The following composite supplies shall be treated as a supply of services, namely:—

- (a) works contract as defined in clause (119) of section 2; and

¹ The CGST (Fourth Removal of Difficulties) Order, 2019 has clarified that w.e.f. 1 April 2019 dt. 29 March 2019, the amount of credit attributable to the taxable supplies including zero rated supplies and exempt supplies shall be determined on the basis of the area of the construction of the complex, building, civil structure or a part thereof, which is taxable and the area which is exempt.

- (b) supply, by way of or as part of any service or in any other manner whatsoever, of goods, being food or any other article for human consumption or any drink (other than alcoholic liquor for human consumption), where such supply or service is for cash, deferred payment or other valuable consideration.

¹[7. ***]

¹ *Omtd.* w.e.f. 01.07.2017, retrospectively, by the Finance Act, 2021 (No. 13 of 2021) (s.122) dated 28.03.2021 read with Notification No. 39/2021-CT, dated 21.12.2021. Formerly it read as:

“7. Supply of Goods

The following shall be treated as supply of goods, namely:—

Supply of goods by any unincorporated association or body of persons to a member thereof for cash, deferred payment or other valuable consideration.” .

SCHEDULE III**[See Section 7]****ACTIVITIES OR TRANSACTIONS WHICH SHALL BE TREATED NEITHER AS A SUPPLY OF GOODS NOR A SUPPLY OF SERVICES**

1. Services by an employee to the employer in the course of or in relation to his employment.
2. Services by any court or Tribunal established under any law for the time being in force.
3. (a) the functions performed by the Members of Parliament, Members of State Legislature, Members of Panchayats, Members of Municipalities and Members of other local authorities;
- (b) the duties performed by any person who holds any post in pursuance of the provisions of the Constitution in that capacity; or
- (c) the duties performed by any person as a Chairperson or a Member or a Director in a body established by the Central Government or a State Government or local authority and who is not deemed as an employee before the commencement of this clause.
4. Services of funeral, burial, crematorium or mortuary including transportation of the deceased.
5. Sale of land and, subject to clause (b) of paragraph 5 of Schedule II, sale of building.
6. Actionable claims, other than ¹[specified actionable claims].
- ²[7. Supply of goods from a place in the non-taxable territory to another place in the non-taxable territory without such goods entering into India.
8. (a) Supply of warehoused goods to any person before clearance for home consumption;
- (b) Supply of goods by the consignee to any other person, by endorsement of documents of title to the goods, after the goods have been dispatched from the port of origin located outside India but before clearance for home consumption.]

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.10.2023 (vide Notification No. 48/2023-CT, dt. 29.09.2023) by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2023 (30 of 2023), vide Ministry of Law and Justice notification dt. 18.08.2023, for the words “lottery, betting and gambling”.

² Ins. w.e.f. 01.02.2019* (vide Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019) by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018.

*However, effective date of Para 7 and 8 has been subs. as “01.07.2017, retrospectively” (vide Notification No. 28/2023-CT, dt. 31.07.2023 w.e.f. 01.10.2023) by the Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023) (s.159) enacted on 31.03.2023.

Further enacted that “No refund shall be made of all the tax which has been collected, but which would not have been so collected, had sub-section (1) been in force at all material times.”

¹[*Explanation 1*]—For the purposes of paragraph 2, the term “court” includes District Court, High Court and Supreme Court.

²[*Explanation 2*—For the purposes of paragraph 8, the expression “warehoused goods” shall have the same meaning as assigned to it in the Customs Act, 1962 (52 of 1962).]

Sch. I, II & III - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
B. Schedules related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification/Date	Contents
1.	<i>CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018 (31 of 2018), dt. 29.08.2018 read with N. No. 02/2019 – CT, dt. 29.01.2019</i>	<i>Amendment in Schedule I to III, w.e.f. 01.02.2019</i>
2.	<i>Finance Act, 2020 (Act No. 12 of 2020), dt. 27.03.2020 read with N. No. 92/2020 – CT, dt. 22.12.2020</i>	<i>Amendment in Para 4 of Schedule II, retrospectively, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
3.	<i>Finance Act, 2021 (Act No. 13 of 2021), dt. 28.03.2021 read with N. No. 39/2021 – CT, dt. 21.12.2021</i>	<i>Omitted in Para 7 of Schedule II, retrospectively, w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
4.	<i>Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023), dt. 31.03.2023 read with N. No. 28/2023 – CT, dt. 31.07.2023</i>	<i>Amendment in Para 7 and 8 of Schedule III w.e.f. 01.07.2017 [Sec 159 of the Finance Act, 2023]</i>
5.	<i>CGST (Amendment) Act, 2023, dt. 18.08.2023 (30 of 2023) read with N. No. 48/2023 – CT, dt. 29.09.2023</i>	<i>Amendment in Para 6 of Schedule III w.e.f. 01.10.2023</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
S.No.	ROD/Order/Date	Contents
1.	<i>ROD-4/2019 – GST, dt. 29.03.2019</i>	<i>To remove difficulty in case of supply of services covered by clause (b) of paragraph 5 of Schedule II of the CGST Act - ITC to real estate sector</i>

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019) by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018, for the word “Explanation”.

² Ins. w.e.f. 01.02.2019* (vide Notification No. 2/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019) by CGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018.

*However, effective date of Expln. 2 has been subs. as “01.07.2017, retrospectively” (vide Notification No. 28/2023-CT, dt. 31.07.2023 w.e.f. 01.10.2023) by the Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023) (s.159) enacted on 31.03.2023.

Further enacted that “No refund shall be made of all the tax which has been collected, but which would not have been so collected, had sub-section (1) been in force at all material times.”

<i>E. Circulars</i>		
1.	<i>172/04/2022-GST, dt. 06.07.2022</i>	<i>Clarification on various issue pertaining to GST</i>
2.	<i>178/10/2022-GST, dt. 03.08.2022</i>	<i>GST applicability on liquidated damages, compensation and penalty arising out of breach of contract or other provisions of law</i>
<i>F. Instructions</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		

Appendix - 1

Sections 109 and 110 up to 31.07.2023

[Subs. by the Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023) (s.149 and 150) enacted on 31.03.2023 read with Notification No. 28/2023-CT, dt. 31.07.2023 w.e.f. 01.08.2023]

“109. Constitution of appellate tribunal and benches thereof.

- (1) The Government shall, on the recommendations of the Council, by notification, constitute with effect from such date as may be specified therein, an Appellate Tribunal known as the Goods and Services Tax Appellate Tribunal for hearing appeals against the orders passed by the Appellate Authority or the Revisional Authority.
- (2) The powers of the Appellate Tribunal shall be exercisable by the National Bench and Benches thereof (hereinafter in this Chapter referred to as “Regional Benches”), State Bench and Benches thereof (hereinafter in this Chapter referred to as “Area Benches”).
- (3) The National Bench of the Appellate Tribunal shall be situated at New Delhi which shall be presided over by the President and shall consist of one Technical Member (Centre) and one Technical Member (State).
- (4) The Government shall, on the recommendations of the Council, by notification, constitute such number of Regional Benches as may be required and such Regional Benches shall consist of a Judicial Member, one Technical Member (Centre) and one Technical Member (State).
- (5) The National Bench or Regional Benches of the Appellate Tribunal shall have jurisdiction to hear appeals against the orders passed by the Appellate Authority or the Revisional Authority in the cases where one of the issues involved relates to the place of supply.
- (6) The Government shall, by notification, specify for each State or Union territory ¹[***], a Bench of the Appellate Tribunal (hereinafter in this Chapter, referred to as “State Bench”) for exercising the powers of the Appellate Tribunal within the concerned State or Union territory:

²[***]

³[Provided further that] the Government shall, on receipt of a request from any State Government, constitute such number of Area Benches in that State, as may be recommended by the Council:

¹ *Omtd. w.e.f. 30.06.2020 the words “except for the State of Jammu and Kashmir” by the Finance Act, 2020 (12 of 2020) (s.125) dt. 27.03.2020, read with Notification No. 49/2020-CT, dt 24.06.2020. Earlier these words were inserted w.e.f. 08.07.2017 by CGST (Extension to Jammu and Kashmir) Act, 2017, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 24.08.2017.*

² *Omtd. w.e.f. 30.06.2020 by the Finance Act, 2020 (12 of 2020) (s.125) dt. 27.03.2020, read with Notification No. 49/2020-CT, dt. 24.06.2020. Formerly, it read as: “Provided that for the State of Jammu and Kashmir, the State Bench of the Goods and Services Tax Appellate Tribunal constituted under this Act shall be the State Appellate Tribunal constituted under the Jammu and Kashmir Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017.”*

³ *Subs. w.e.f. 08.07.2017 by CGST (Extension to Jammu and Kashmir) Act, 2017, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 24.08.2017, for the words “Provided that”.*

¹[Provided also that] the Government may, on receipt of a request from any State, or on its own motion for a Union territory, notify the Appellate Tribunal in a State to act as the Appellate Tribunal for any other State or Union territory, as may be recommended by the Council, subject to such terms and conditions as may be prescribed.

- (7) The State Bench or Area Benches shall have jurisdiction to hear appeals against the orders passed by the Appellate Authority or the Revisional Authority in the cases involving matters other than those referred to in sub-section (5).
- (8) The President and the State President shall, by general or special order, distribute the business or transfer cases among Regional Benches or, as the case may be, Area Benches in a State.
- (9) Each State Bench and Area Benches of the Appellate Tribunal shall consist of a Judicial Member, one Technical Member (Centre) and one Technical Member (State) and the State Government may designate the senior most Judicial Member in a State as the State President.
- (10) In the absence of a Member in any Bench due to vacancy or otherwise, any appeal may, with the approval of the President or, as the case may be, the State President, be heard by a Bench of two Members:

Provided that any appeal where the tax or input tax credit involved or the difference in tax or input tax credit involved or the amount of fine, fee or penalty determined in any order appealed against, does not exceed five lakh rupees and which does not involve any question of law may, with the approval of the President and subject to such conditions as may be prescribed on the recommendations of the Council, be heard by a bench consisting of a single member.

- (11) If the Members of the National Bench, Regional Benches, State Bench or Area Benches differ in opinion on any point or points, it shall be decided according to the opinion of the majority, if there is a majority, but if the Members are equally divided, they shall state the point or points on which they differ, and the case shall be referred by the President or as the case may be, State President for hearing on such point or points to one or more of the other Members of the National Bench, Regional Benches, State Bench or Area Benches and such point or points shall be decided according to the opinion of the majority of Members who have heard the case, including those who first heard it.
- (12) The Government, in consultation with the President may, for the administrative convenience, transfer—
 - (a) any Judicial Member or a Member Technical (State) from one Bench to another Bench, whether National or Regional; or
 - (b) any Member Technical (Centre) from one Bench to another Bench, whether National, Regional, State or Area.

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 08.07.2017 by CGST (Extension to Jammu and Kashmir) Act, 2017, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 24.08.2017, for the words “Provided further that”.

- (13) The State Government, in consultation with the State President may, for the administrative convenience, transfer a Judicial Member or a Member Technical (State) from one Bench to another Bench within the State.
- (14) No act or proceedings of the Appellate Tribunal shall be questioned or shall be invalid merely on the ground of the existence of any vacancy or defect in the constitution of the Appellate Tribunal.

110. President and Members of Appellate Tribunal, their qualification, appointment, conditions of service, etc.

- (1) A person shall not be qualified for appointment as—
 - (a) the President, unless he has been a Judge of the Supreme Court or is or has been the Chief Justice of a High Court, or is or has been a Judge of a High Court for a period not less than five years;
 - (b) a Judicial Member, unless he—
 - (i) has been a Judge of the High Court; or
 - (ii) is or has been a District Judge qualified to be appointed as a Judge of a High Court; or
 - (iii) is or has been a Member of Indian Legal Service and has held a post not less than Additional Secretary for three years;
 - (c) a Technical Member (Centre) unless he is or has been a member of Indian Revenue (Customs and Central Excise) Service, Group A, and has completed at least fifteen years of service in Group A;
 - (d) a Technical Member (State) unless he is or has been an officer of the State Government not below the rank of Additional Commissioner of Value Added Tax or the State goods and services tax or such rank as may be notified by the concerned State Government on the recommendations of the Council with at least three years of experience in the administration of an existing law or the State Goods and Services Tax Act or in the field of finance and taxation.
- (2) The President and the Judicial Members of the National Bench and the Regional Benches shall be appointed by the Government after consultation with the Chief Justice of India or his nominee:

Provided that in the event of the occurrence of any vacancy in the office of the President by reason of his death, resignation or otherwise, the senior most Member of the National Bench shall act as the President until the date on which a new President, appointed in accordance with the provisions of this Act to fill such vacancy, enters upon his office:

Provided further that where the President is unable to discharge his functions owing to absence, illness or any other cause, the senior most Member of the National Bench shall discharge the functions of the President until the date on which the President resumes his duties.

- (3) The Technical Member (Centre) and Technical Member (State) of the National Bench and Regional Benches shall be appointed by the Government on the recommendations of a Selection Committee consisting of such persons and in such manner as may be prescribed.
- (4) The Judicial Member of the State Bench or Area Benches shall be appointed by the State Government after consultation with the Chief Justice of the High Court of the State or his nominee.
- (5) The Technical Member (Centre) of the State Bench or Area Benches shall be appointed by the Central Government and Technical Member (State) of the State Bench or Area Benches shall be appointed by the State Government in such manner as may be prescribed.
- (6) No appointment of the Members of the Appellate Tribunal shall be invalid merely by the reason of any vacancy or defect in the constitution of the Selection Committee.
- (7) Before appointing any person as the President or Members of the Appellate Tribunal, the Central Government or, as the case may be, the State Government, shall satisfy itself that such person does not have any financial or other interests which are likely to prejudicially affect his functions as such President or Member.
- (8) The salary, allowances and other terms and conditions of service of the President, State President and the Members of the Appellate Tribunal shall be such as may be prescribed:
Provided that neither salary and allowances nor other terms and conditions of service of the President, State President or Members of the Appellate Tribunal shall be varied to their disadvantage after their appointment.
- (9) The President of the Appellate Tribunal shall hold office for a term of three years from the date on which he enters upon his office, or until he attains the age of seventy years, whichever is earlier and shall be eligible for reappointment.
- (10) The Judicial Member of the Appellate Tribunal and the State President shall hold office for a term of three years from the date on which he enters upon his office, or until he attains the age of sixty-five years, whichever is earlier and shall be eligible for reappointment.
- (11) The Technical Member (Centre) or Technical Member (State) of the Appellate Tribunal shall hold office for a term of five years from the date on which he enters upon his office, or until he attains the age of sixty-five years, whichever is earlier and shall be eligible for reappointment.
- (12) The President, State President or any Member may, by notice in writing under his hand addressed to the Central Government or, as the case may be, the State Government resign from his office:

Provided that the President, State President or Member shall continue to hold office until the expiry of three months from the date of receipt of such notice by the Central Government, or, as the case may be, the State Government or until a person duly

appointed as his successor enters upon his office or until the expiry of his term of office, whichever is the earliest.

- (13) The Central Government may, after consultation with the Chief Justice of India, in case of the President, Judicial Members and Technical Members of the National Bench, Regional Benches or Technical Members (Centre) of the State Bench or Area Benches, and the State Government may, after consultation with the Chief Justice of High Court, in case of the State President, Judicial Members, Technical Members (State) of the State Bench or Area Benches, may remove from the office such President or Member, who—
- (a) has been adjudged an insolvent; or
 - (b) has been convicted of an offence which, in the opinion of such Government involves moral turpitude; or
 - (c) has become physically or mentally incapable of acting as such President, State President or Member; or
 - (d) has acquired such financial or other interest as is likely to affect prejudicially his functions as such President, State President or Member; or
 - (e) has so abused his position as to render his continuance in office prejudicial to the public interest:

Provided that the President, State President or the Member shall not be removed on any of the grounds specified in clauses (d) and (e), unless he has been informed of the charges against him and has been given an opportunity of being heard.

- (14) Without prejudice to the provisions of sub-section (13),—
- (a) the President or a Judicial and Technical Member of the National Bench or Regional Benches, Technical Member (Centre) of the State Bench or Area Benches shall not be removed from their office except by an order made by the Central Government on the ground of proved misbehaviour or incapacity after an inquiry made by a Judge of the Supreme Court nominated by the Chief Justice of India on a reference made to him by the Central Government and of which the President or the said Member had been given an opportunity of being heard;
 - (b) the Judicial Member or Technical Member (State) of the State Bench or Area Benches shall not be removed from their office except by an order made by the State Government on the ground of proved misbehaviour or incapacity after an inquiry made by a Judge of the concerned High Court nominated by the Chief Justice of the concerned High Court on a reference made to him by the State Government and of which the said Member had been given an opportunity of being heard.
- (15) The Central Government, with the concurrence of the Chief Justice of India, may suspend from office, the President or a Judicial or Technical Members of the National Bench or the Regional Benches or the Technical Member (Centre) of the State Bench or Area Benches in respect of whom a reference has been made to the Judge of the Supreme Court under sub-section (14).

- (16) The State Government, with the concurrence of the Chief Justice of the High Court, may suspend from office, a Judicial Member or Technical Member (State) of the State Bench or Area Benches in respect of whom a reference has been made to the Judge of the High Court under sub-section (14).
- (17) Subject to the provisions of article 220 of the Constitution, the President, State President or other Members, on ceasing to hold their office, shall not be eligible to appear, act or plead before the National Bench and the Regional Benches or the State Bench and the Area Benches thereof where he was the President or, as the case may be, a Member.”





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CGST Rules, 2017

Updated as on 01 July 2024

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Central Goods and Services Tax Rules, 2017 as on 01 July 2024

¹Central Goods and Services Tax Rules, 2017

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 164 of the Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 (12 of 2017), the Central Government hereby makes the following rules, namely:-

CHAPTER I **PRELIMINARY**

1. Short title ^{2[*]} and Commencement.**

<i>Sec: Nil</i>	<i>Forms: Nil</i>
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- (1) These rules may be called the Central Goods and Services Tax Rules, 2017.
(2) They shall come into force with effect from 22nd June, 2017.

2. Definitions.

<i>Sec: Nil</i>	<i>Forms: Nil</i>
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In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires,-

- (a) “Act” means the Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 (12 of 2017);
- (b) FORM means a Form appended to these rules;
- (c) “section” means a section of the Act;
- (d) “Special Economic Zone” shall have the same meaning as assigned to it in clause (za) of section 2 of the Special Economic Zones Act, 2005 (28 of 2005);
- (e) words and expressions used herein but not defined and defined in the Act shall have the meanings respectively assigned to them in the Act.

¹ Notified w.e.f. 22.06.2017 vide Notification No. 3/2017-CT, dt. 19.06.2017.

² Omttd. w.e.f. 22.06.2017, “, Extent” vide Notification No. 7/2017-CT, dt. 27.06.2017.

CHAPTER II

¹[COMPOSITION LEVY]

3. Intimation for composition levy.

Sec: 10	Forms: CMP-01 to CMP-03, REG-01, ITC-03, TRAN-I
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- (1) Any person who has been granted registration on a provisional basis under clause (b) of sub-rule (1) of rule 24 and who opts to pay tax under section 10, shall electronically file an intimation in **FORM GST CMP-01**, duly signed or verified through electronic verification code, on the common portal, either directly or through a Facilitation Centre notified by the Commissioner, prior to the appointed day, but not later than thirty days after the said day, or such further period as may be extended by the Commissioner in this behalf:

Provided that where the intimation in **FORM GST CMP-01** is filed after the appointed day, the registered person shall not collect any tax from the appointed day but shall issue bill of supply for supplies made after the said day.

- (2) Any person who applies for registration under sub-rule (1) of rule 8 may give an option to pay tax under section 10 in Part B of **FORM GST REG-01**, which shall be considered as an intimation to pay tax under the said section.
- (3) Any registered person who opts to pay tax under section 10 shall electronically file an intimation in **FORM GST CMP-02**, duly signed or verified through electronic verification code, on the common portal, either directly or through a Facilitation Centre notified by the Commissioner, prior to the commencement of the financial year for which the option to pay tax under the aforesaid section is exercised and shall furnish the statement in **FORM GST ITC-03** in accordance with the provisions of sub-rule (4) of rule 44 within a period of sixty days from the commencement of the relevant financial year.

²[Provided that any registered person who opts to pay tax under section 10 for the financial year 2020-21 shall electronically file an intimation in **FORM GST CMP-02**, duly signed or verified through electronic verification code, on the common portal, either directly or through a Facilitation Centre notified by the Commissioner, on or before 30th day of June, 2020 and shall furnish the statement in **FORM GST ITC-03** in accordance with the provisions of sub-rule (4) of rule 44 upto the 31st day of July, 2020.]

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.02.2019, for the words “Composition Rules” vide CGST (I Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 3/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019.

² Ins. w.e.f. 31.03.2020 vide CGST (IV Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 30/2020-CT, dt. 03.04.2020.

¹[(3A) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-rules (1), (2) and (3), a person who has been granted registration on a provisional basis under rule 24 or who has been granted certificate of registration under sub-rule (1) of rule 10 may opt to pay tax under section 10 with effect from the first day of the month immediately succeeding the month in which he files an intimation in **FORM GST CMP-02**, on the common portal either directly or through a Facilitation Centre notified by the Commissioner, on or before the 31st day of March, 2018, and shall furnish the statement in **FORM GST ITC-03** in accordance with the provisions of sub-rule (4) of rule 44 within a period of ²{one hundred and eighty days} from the day on which such person commences to pay tax under section 10:

Provided that the said persons shall not be allowed to furnish the declaration in **FORM GST TRAN-1** after the statement in **FORM GST ITC-03** has been furnished.]

- (4) Any person who files an intimation under sub-rule (1) to pay tax under section 10 shall furnish the details of stock, including the inward supply of goods received from unregistered persons, held by him on the day preceding the date from which he opts to pay tax under the said section, electronically, in **FORM GST CMP-03**, on the common portal, either directly or through a Facilitation Centre notified by the Commissioner, within a period of ³[ninety days] from the date on which the option for composition levy is exercised or within such further period as may be extended by the Commissioner in this behalf.
- (5) Any intimation under sub-rule (1) or sub-rule (3) ⁴[or sub-rule (3A)] in respect of any place of business in any State or Union territory shall be deemed to be an intimation in respect of all other places of business registered on the same Permanent Account Number.

4. Effective date for composition levy.

Sec: 10	Forms: Nil
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- (1) The option to pay tax under section 10 shall be effective from the beginning of the financial year, where the intimation is filed under sub-rule (3) of rule 3 and the appointed day where the intimation is filed under sub-rule (1) of the said rule.

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 13.10.2017 vide Notification No. 45/2017-CT, dt. 13.10.2017. Formerly as ins. w.e.f. 15.09.2017 vide Notification No. 34/2017-CT, dt. 15.09.2017, it read:

“(3A) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-rules (1), (2) and (3), a person who has been granted registration on a provisional basis under rule 24 or who has applied for registration under sub-rule (1) of rule 8 may opt to pay tax under section 10 with effect from the first day of October, 2017 by electronically filing an intimation in **FORM GST CMP-02**, on the common portal either directly or through a Facilitation Centre notified by the Commissioner, before the said date and shall furnish the statement in **FORM GST ITC-03** in accordance with the provisions of sub-rule (4) of rule 44 within a period of ninety days from the said date:

Provided that the said persons shall not be allowed to furnish the declaration in **FORM GST TRAN-1** after the statement in **FORM GST ITC-03** has been furnished.”.

² Subs. w.e.f. 23.01.2018, for the words “ninety days” vide Notification No. 3/2018-CT, dt. 23.01.2018.

³ Subs. w.e.f. 17.08.2017, for the words “sixty days” vide Notification No. 22/2017-CT, dt. 17.08.2017.

⁴ Ins. w.e.f. 15.09.2017 vide Notification No. 34/2017-CT, dt. 15.09.2017.

- (2) The intimation under sub-rule (2) of rule 3, shall be considered only after the grant of registration to the applicant and his option to pay tax under section 10 shall be effective from the date fixed under sub-rule (2) or (3) of rule 10.

5. Conditions and restrictions for composition levy.

Sec: 10	Forms: Nil
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- (1) The person exercising the option to pay tax under section 10 shall comply with the following conditions, namely:-
- (a) he is neither a casual taxable person nor a non-resident taxable person;
 - (b) the goods held in stock by him on the appointed day have not been purchased in the course of inter-State trade or commerce or imported from a place outside India or received from his branch situated outside the State or from his agent or principal outside the State, where the option is exercised under sub-rule (1) of rule 3;
 - (c) the goods held in stock by him have not been purchased from an unregistered supplier and where purchased, he pays the tax under sub-section (4) of section 9;
 - (d) he shall pay tax under sub-section (3) or sub-section (4) of section 9 on inward supply of goods or services or both;
 - (e) he was not engaged in the manufacture of goods as notified under clause (e) of sub-section (2) of section 10, during the preceding financial year;
 - (f) he shall mention the words composition taxable person, not eligible to collect tax on supplies at the top of the bill of supply issued by him; and
 - (g) he shall mention the words composition taxable person on every notice or signboard displayed at a prominent place at his principal place of business and at every additional place or places of business.
- (2) The registered person paying tax under section 10 may not file a fresh intimation every year and he may continue to pay tax under the said section subject to the provisions of the Act and these rules.

6. Validity of composition levy.

Sec: 10	Forms: CMP-04 to CMP-07, ITC-01
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- (1) The option exercised by a registered person to pay tax under section 10 shall remain valid so long as he satisfies all the conditions mentioned in the said section and under these rules.
- (2) The person referred to in sub-rule (1) shall be liable to pay tax under sub-section (1) of section 9 from the day he ceases to satisfy any of the conditions mentioned in section 10 or the provisions of this Chapter and shall issue tax invoice for every taxable supply made thereafter and he shall also file an intimation for withdrawal from the scheme in **FORM GST CMP-04** within seven days of the occurrence of such event.

- (3) The registered person who intends to withdraw from the composition scheme shall, before the date of such withdrawal, file an application in **FORM GST CMP-04**, duly signed or verified through electronic verification code, electronically on the common portal.
- (4) Where the proper officer has reasons to believe that the registered person was not eligible to pay tax under section 10 or has contravened the provisions of the Act or provisions of this Chapter, he may issue a notice to such person in **FORM GST CMP-05** to show cause within fifteen days of the receipt of such notice as to why the option to pay tax under section 10 shall not be denied.
- (5) Upon receipt of the reply to the show cause notice issued under sub-rule (4) from the registered person in **FORM GST CMP-06**, the proper officer shall issue an order in **FORM GST CMP-07** within a period of thirty days of the receipt of such reply, either accepting the reply, or denying the option to pay tax under section 10 from the date of the option or from the date of the event concerning such contravention, as the case may be.
- (6) Every person who has furnished an intimation under sub-rule (2) or filed an application for withdrawal under sub-rule (3) or a person in respect of whom an order of withdrawal of option has been passed in **FORM GST CMP-07** under sub-rule (5), may electronically furnish at the common portal, either directly or through a Facilitation Centre notified by the Commissioner, a statement in **FORM GST ITC-01** containing details of the stock of inputs and inputs contained in semi-finished or finished goods held in stock by him on the date on which the option is withdrawn or denied, within a period of thirty days from the date from which the option is withdrawn or from the date of the order passed in **FORM GST CMP-07**, as the case may be.
- (7) Any intimation or application for withdrawal under sub-rule (2) or (3) or denial of the option to pay tax under section 10 in accordance with sub-rule (5) in respect of any place of business in any State or Union territory, shall be deemed to be an intimation in respect of all other places of business registered on the same Permanent Account Number.

7. Rate of tax of the composition levy.

Sec: 10	Forms: Nil
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The category of registered persons, eligible for composition levy under section 10 and the provisions of this Chapter, specified in column (2) of the Table below shall pay tax under section 10 at the rate specified in column (3) of the said Table:-

¹[Table]

Sl. No.	Section under which composition levy is opted	Category of registered persons	Rate of tax
(1)	(1A)	(2)	(3)
1.	Sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 10	Manufacturers, other than manufacturers of such goods as may be notified by the Government	half per cent. of the turnover in the State or Union territory
2.	Sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 10	Suppliers making supplies referred to in clause (b) of paragraph 6 of Schedule II	two and a half per cent. of the turnover in the State or Union territory
3.	Sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 10	Any other supplier eligible for composition levy under sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 10	half per cent. of the turnover of taxable supplies of goods and services in the State or Union territory
4.	Sub-section (2A) of section 10	Registered persons not eligible under the composition levy under subsections (1) and (2), but eligible to opt to pay tax under sub-section (2A), of section 10	three per cent. of the turnover of supplies of goods and services in the State or Union territory.] ² {turnover of} supplies of goods and services in the State or Union territory.]

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.04.2020, retrospectively, vide Notification No. 50/2020-CT, dt. 24.06.2020. Formerly it read :

S. N.	Category of registered persons	Rate of tax
(1)	(2)	(3)
1.	Manufacturers, other than manufacturers of such goods as may be notified by the Government	* ¹ [half per cent. of the turnover in the State or Union territory]
2.	Suppliers making supplies referred to in clause (b) of paragraph 6 of Schedule II	* ² [two and a half per cent. of the turnover in the State or Union territory]
3.	Any other supplier eligible for composition levy under section 10 and the provisions of this Chapter	* ³ [half per cent. of the turnover of taxable supplies of goods and services in the State or Union territory] * ⁴ {goods and services}

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.01.2018, retrospectively, for “one per cent.” vide Notification No. 3/2018-CT, dt. 23.01.2018.² Subs. w.e.f. 01.01.2018, retrospectively, for “two and a half per cent.” vide Notification No. 3/2018-CT, dt. 23.01.2018.³ Subs. w.e.f. 01.01.2018, retrospectively, for “half per cent.” vide Notification No. 3/2018-CT, dt. 23.01.2018.⁴ Subs. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 for “goods” vide CGST (I Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 3/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019.² The words “turnover of taxable” are to be read as “turnover of” vide Corrigendum dt. 25.06.2020.

CHAPTER III

REGISTRATION

8. Application for registration.

Sec: 25

Forms: REG-01, REG-02

- ¹[(1) Every person who is liable to be registered under sub-section (1) of section 25 and every person seeking registration under sub-section (3) of section 25 (hereafter in this Chapter referred to as “the applicant”), except—
- (i) a non-resident taxable person;
 - (ii) a person required to deduct tax at source under section 51;
 - (iii) a person required to collect tax at source under section 52;
 - (iv) a person supplying online information and database access or retrieval services from a place outside India to a non-taxable online recipient referred to in section 14 or a person supplying online money gaming from a place outside India to a person in India referred to in section 14A under the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 (13 of 2017),

shall, before applying for registration, declare his Permanent Account Number, State or Union territory in **Part A of FORM GST REG-01** on the common portal, either directly or through a Facilitation Centre notified by the Commissioner:

Provided that every person being an Input Service Distributor shall make a separate application for registration as such Input Service Distributor.]

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.10.2023 vide Notification No. 51/2023-CT, dt. 29.09.2023. Earlier it read as :

“(1) Every person, other than a non-resident taxable person, a person required to deduct tax at source under section 51, a person required to collect tax at source under section 52 and a person supplying online information and database access or retrieval services from a place outside India to a non-taxable online recipient referred to in section 14 of the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 (13 of 2017) who is liable to be registered under sub-section (1) of section 25 and every person seeking registration under sub-section (3) of section 25 (hereafter in this Chapter referred to as the applicant) shall, before applying for registration, declare his Permanent Account Number, #[*][*] State or Union territory in **Part A of FORM GST REG-01** on the common portal, either directly or through a Facilitation Centre notified by the Commissioner:

##[*][*]

#[*][Provided] that every person being an Input Service Distributor shall make a separate application for registration as such Input Service Distributor.”

Omitd. w.e.f. 26.12.2022 the words and letters “mobile number, e-mail address,” vide Notification No. 26/2022-CT, dt. 26.12.2022.

Omitd. proviso w.e.f. 01.02.2019 vide CGST (I Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 3/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019. Earlier it read as :

“Provided that a person having a unit(s) in a Special Economic Zone or being a Special Economic Zone developer shall make a separate application for registration as a business vertical distinct from his other units located outside the Special Economic Zone.”.

Subs. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 for words “Provided further” vide CGST (I Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 3/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019.

- (2) (a) The Permanent Account Number shall be validated online by the common portal from the database maintained by the Central Board of Direct Taxes ¹[and shall also be verified through separate one-time passwords sent to the mobile number and e-mail address linked to the Permanent Account Number].
- ²[(b) ***
 (c) ***]
- (3) On successful verification of the Permanent Account Number, mobile number and e-mail address, a temporary reference number shall be generated and communicated to the applicant on the said mobile number and e-mail address.
- (4) Using the reference number generated under sub-rule (3), the applicant shall electronically submit an application in **Part B of FORM GST REG-01**, duly signed or verified through electronic verification code, along with the documents specified in the said Form at the common portal, either directly or through a Facilitation Centre notified by the Commissioner.

³[(4A) Where an applicant, other than a person notified under sub-section (6D) of section 25,

¹ *Ins. w.e.f. 26.12.2022 vide Notification No. 26/2022-CT, dt. 26.12.2022.*

² *Omtd. w.e.f. 26.12.2022 vide Notification No. 26/2022-CT, dt. 26.12.2022. Earlier it read as :*

- “(b) The mobile number declared under sub-rule (1) shall be verified through a one-time password sent to the said mobile number; and
- “(c) The e-mail address declared under sub-rule (1) shall be verified through a separate one-time password sent to the said e-mail address.”.

³ *Subs. w.e.f. 26.12.2022 vide Notification No. 04/2023-CT, dt. 31.03.2023. Earlier it read as :*

- “(4A) Every application made under sub-rule (4) by a person, other than a person notified under sub-section (6D) of section 25, who has opted for authentication of Aadhaar number and is identified on the common portal, based on data analysis and risk parameters, shall be followed by biometric-based Aadhaar authentication and taking photograph of the applicant where the applicant is an individual or of such individuals in relation to the applicant as notified under sub-section (6C) of section 25 where the applicant is not an individual, along with the verification of the original copy of the documents uploaded with the application in FORM GST REG-01 at one of the Facilitation Centres notified by the Commissioner for the purpose of this sub-rule and the application shall be deemed to be complete only after completion of the process laid down under this sub-rule.”

Earlier *subs. w.e.f. 26.12.2022 vide Notification No. 26/2022-CT, dt. 26.12.2022. Earlier it read as :*

- “(4A) Where an applicant, other than a person notified under sub-section (6D) of section 25, opts for authentication of Aadhaar number, he shall, while submitting the application under sub-rule (4), with effect from 21st August, 2020, undergo authentication of Aadhaar number and the date of submission of the application in such cases shall be the date of authentication of the Aadhaar number, or fifteen days from the submission of the application in **Part B of FORM GST REG-01** under sub-rule (4), whichever is earlier.”.

Earlier *subs. w.e.f. 01.04.2020 vide CGST (X Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 62/2020-CT, dt. 20.08.2020, which formerly read as :*

- “(4A) The applicant shall, while submitting an application under sub-rule (4), with effect from 01.04.2020, undergo authentication of Aadhaar number for grant of registration.”.

Earlier *ins. w.e.f. 23.03.2020 vide CGST (III Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 16/2020-CT, dt. 23.03.2020.*

Sub-rule (4A) was also *subs. vide CGST (XIV Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 94/2020-CT, dt. 22.12.2020; however, effective date has not been yet notified, which read as :*

- “(4A) Every application made under rule (4) shall be followed by—
 - (a) biometric-based Aadhaar authentication and taking photograph, unless exempted under sub-section (6D) of section 25, if he has opted for authentication of Aadhaar number; or

Cont...

opts for authentication of Aadhaar number, he shall, while submitting the application under sub-rule (4), undergo authentication of Aadhaar number and the date of submission of the application in such cases shall be the date of authentication of the Aadhaar number, or fifteen days from the submission of the application in Part B of FORM GST REG-01 under sub-rule (4), whichever is earlier.

Provided that every application made under sub-rule (4) by a person, other than a person notified under sub-section (6D) of section 25, who has opted for authentication of Aadhaar number and is identified on the common portal, based on data analysis and risk parameters, shall be followed by biometric-based Aadhaar authentication and taking photograph of the applicant where the applicant is an individual or of such individuals in relation to the applicant as notified under sub-section (6C) of section 25 where the applicant is not an individual, along with the verification of the original copy of the documents uploaded with the application in FORM GST REG-01 at one of the Facilitation Centres notified by the Commissioner for the purpose of this sub-rule and the application shall be deemed to be complete only after completion of the process laid down under this proviso.]

- ¹[(4B) The Central Government may, on the recommendations of the Council, by notification specify the States or Union territories wherein the ²[proviso to] sub-rule (4A) shall not apply.]
- (5) On receipt of an application under sub-rule (4) ³[or sub-rule (4A)], an acknowledgement shall be issued electronically to the applicant in **FORM GST REG-02**.
- (6) A person applying for registration as a casual taxable person shall be given a temporary reference number by the common portal for making advance deposit of tax in accordance with the provisions of section 27 and the acknowledgement under sub-rule (5) shall be issued electronically only after the said deposit.

9. Verification of the application and approval.

Sec: 25	Forms: REG-01, REG-03 to REG-05
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- (1) The application shall be forwarded to the proper officer who shall examine the application and the accompanying documents and if the same are found to be in order, approve the grant of registration to the applicant within a period of ⁴[seven] working days from the date of submission of the application.

Cont...

- (b) taking biometric information, photograph and verification of such other KYC documents, as notified, unless the applicant is exempted under sub-section (6D) of section 25, if he has opted not to get Aadhaar authentication done,

of the applicant where the applicant is an individual or of such individuals in relation to the applicant as notified under sub-section (6C) of section 25 where the applicant is not an individual, along with the verification of the original copy of the documents uploaded with the application in **FORM GST REG-01** at one of the Facilitation Centres notified by the Commissioner for the purpose of this sub-rule and the application shall be deemed to be complete only after completion of the process laid down under this sub-rule.”.

¹ *Ins. w.e.f. 26.12.2022 vide Notification No. 26/2022-CT, dt. 26.12.2022.*

² *Subs. w.e.f. 26.12.2022 for the words “provisions of” vide Notification No. 04/2023-CT, dt. 31.03.2023.*

³ *Ins. w.e.f. 26.12.2022 vide Notification No. 26/2022-CT, dt. 26.12.2022.*

⁴ *Subs. w.e.f. 22.12.2020 for the word “three” vide CGST (XIV Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 94/2020-CT, dt. 22.12.2020.*

¹[Provided that where -

- (a) a person, other than a person notified under sub-section (6D) of section 25, fails to undergo authentication of Aadhaar number as specified in sub-rule (4A) of rule 8 or does not opt for authentication of Aadhaar number; or

²[(aa) a person, who has undergone authentication of Aadhaar number as specified in sub-rule (4A) of rule 8, is identified on the common portal, based on data analysis and risk parameters, for carrying out physical verification of places of business; or]

- (b) the proper officer, with the approval of an officer authorised by the Commissioner not below the rank of Assistant Commissioner, deems it fit to carry out physical verification of places of business,

the registration shall be granted within thirty days of submission of application, after physical verification of the place of business ³[***], in the manner provided under rule 25 and verification of such documents as the proper officer may deem fit.]

- (2) Where the application submitted under rule 8 is found to be deficient, either in terms of any information or any document required to be furnished under the said rule, or where the proper officer requires any clarification with regard to any information provided in the application or documents furnished therewith, he may issue a notice to the applicant electronically in **FORM GST REG-03** within a period of ⁴[seven] working days from the date of submission of the application and the applicant shall furnish such clarification, information or documents electronically, in **FORM GST REG-04**, within a period of seven working days from the date of the receipt of such notice.

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 22.12.2020 vide CGST (XIV Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 94/2020-CT, dt. 22.12.2020, which formerly read as :

“Provided that where a person, other than a person notified under sub-section (6D) of section 25, fails to undergo authentication of Aadhaar number as specified in sub-rule (4A) of rule 8 or does not opt for authentication of Aadhaar number, the registration shall be granted only after physical verification of the place of business in the presence of the said person, in the manner provided under rule 25:

Provided further that the proper officer may, for reasons to be recorded in writing and with the approval of an officer not below the rank of Joint Commissioner, in lieu of the physical verification of the place of business, carry out the verification of such documents as he may deem fit.”.

Earlier subs. w.e.f. 21.08.2020 vide CGST (X Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 62/2020-CT, dt. 20.08.2020, which formerly read as :

“Provided that where a person, other than those notified under sub-section (6D) of section 25, fails to undergo authentication of Aadhaar number as specified in sub-rule (4A) of rule 8, then the registration shall be granted only after physical verification of the principle place of business in the presence of the said person, not later than sixty days from the date of application, in the manner provided under rule 25 and the provisions of sub-rule (5) shall not be applicable in such cases.”.

Earlier ins. w.e.f. 01.04.2020 vide CGST (III Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 16/2020-CT, dt. 23.03.2020.

² Ins. w.e.f. 26.12.2022 vide Notification No. 26/2022-CT, dt. 26.12.2022.

³ Omtd. w.e.f. 04.08.2023 the words “in the presence of the said person” vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2023; Notification No. 38/2023-CT, dt. 04.08.2023.

⁴ Subs. w.e.f. 22.12.2020 for the word “three” vide CGST (XIV Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 94/2020-CT, dt. 22.12.2020.

¹[Provided that where-

- (a) a person, other than a person notified under sub-section (6D) of section 25, fails to undergo authentication of Aadhaar number as specified in sub-rule (4A) of rule 8 or does not opt for authentication of Aadhaar number; or
- ²[(aa) a person, who has undergone authentication of Aadhaar number as specified in sub-rule (4A) of rule 8, is identified on the common portal, based on data analysis and risk parameters, for carrying out physical verification of places of business; or]
- (b) the proper officer, with the approval of an officer authorised by the Commissioner not below the rank of Assistant Commissioner, deems it fit to carry out physical verification of places of business,

the notice in **FORM GST REG-03** may be issued not later than thirty days from the date of submission of the application.]

Explanation.—For the purposes of this sub-rule, the expression clarification includes modification or correction of particulars declared in the application for registration, other than Permanent Account Number, State, mobile number and e-mail address declared in **Part A of FORM GST REG-01**.

- (3) Where the proper officer is satisfied with the clarification, information or documents furnished by the applicant, he may approve the grant of registration to the applicant within a period of seven working days from the date of the receipt of such clarification or information or documents.
- (4) Where no reply is furnished by the applicant in response to the notice issued under sub-rule (2) or where the proper officer is not satisfied with the clarification, information or documents furnished, he ³[may], for reasons to be recorded in writing, reject such application and inform the applicant electronically in **FORM GST REG-05**.

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 22.12.2020 vide CGST (XIV Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 94/2020-CT, dt. 22.12.2020, which formerly read as :

“Provided that where a person, other than a person notified under sub-section (6D) of section 25, fails to undergo authentication of Aadhaar number as specified in sub-rule (4A) of rule 8 or does not opt for authentication of Aadhaar number, the notice in **FORM GST REG-03** may be issued not later than twenty one days from the date of submission of the application.”.

Earlier ins. w.e.f. 21.08.2020 vide CGST (X Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 62/2020-CT, dt. 20.08.2020.

² Ins. w.e.f. 26.12.2022 vide Notification No. 26/2022-CT, dt. 26.12.2022.

³ Subs. w.e.f. 21.08.2020 for the word “shall” vide CGST (X Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 62/2020-CT, dt. 20.08.2020.

¹[(5) If the proper officer fails to take any action, -

- (a) within a period of ²[thirty days] from the date of submission of the application in cases where the person is not covered under proviso to sub-rule (1); or
- (b) within a period of thirty days from the date of submission of the application in cases where a person is covered under proviso to sub-rule (1); or
- (c) within a period of seven working days from the date of the receipt of the clarification, information or documents furnished by the applicant under sub-rule (2),

the application for grant of registration shall be deemed to have been approved.]

10. Issue of registration certificate.

Sec: 25	Forms: REG-06
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Sec: 25	Forms: REG-06
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(1) Subject to the provisions of sub-section (12) of section 25, where the application for grant of registration has been approved under rule 9, a certificate of registration in **FORM GST REG-06** showing the principal place of business and additional place or places of business shall be made available to the applicant on the common portal and a Goods and Services Tax Identification Number shall be assigned subject to the following characters, namely:-

- (a) two characters for the State code;
- (b) ten characters for the Permanent Account Number or the Tax Deduction and Collection Account Number;
- (c) two characters for the entity code; and
- (d) one checksum character.

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 22.12.2020 vide CGST (XIV Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 94/2020-CT, dt. 22.12.2020, which formerly read as : “(5) If the proper officer fails to take any action, -

- (a) within a period of three working days from the date of submission of the application in cases where a person successfully undergoes authentication of Aadhaar number or is notified under subsection (6D) of section 25; or
- (b) within the time period prescribed under the proviso to sub-rule (2), in cases where a person, other than a person notified under sub- section (6D) of section 25, fails to undergo authentication of Aadhaar number as specified in sub-rule (4A) of rule 8; or
- (c) within a period of twenty one days from the date of submission of the application in cases where a person does not opt for authentication of Aadhaar number; or
- (d) within a period of seven working days from the date of the receipt of the clarification, information or documents furnished by the applicant under sub-rule (2),

the application for grant of registration shall be deemed to have been approved.”.

Earlier subs. w.e.f. 21.08.2020 vide CGST (X Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 62/2020-CT, dt. 20.08.2020, which formerly read as :

“(5) If the proper officer fails to take any action, -

- (a) within a period of three working days from the date of submission of the application; or
- (b) within a period of seven working days from the date of the receipt of the clarification, information or documents furnished by the applicant under sub-rule (2),

the application for grant of registration shall be deemed to have been approved”.

² Corrigendum dt. 28.12.2020 for the words “seven working days”.

- (2) The registration shall be effective from the date on which the person becomes liable to registration where the application for registration has been submitted within a period of thirty days from such date.
- (3) Where an application for registration has been submitted by the applicant after the expiry of thirty days from the date of his becoming liable to registration, the effective date of registration shall be the date of the grant of registration under sub-rule (1) or sub-rule (3) or sub-rule (5) of rule 9.
- (4) Every certificate of registration shall be ¹[duly signed or verified through electronic verification code] by the proper officer under the Act.
- (5) Where the registration has been granted under sub-rule (5) of rule 9, the applicant shall be communicated the registration number, and the certificate of registration under sub-rule (1), duly signed or verified through electronic verification code, shall be made available to him on the common portal, within a period of three days after the expiry of the period specified in sub-rule (5) of rule 9.

²[10A. Furnishing of Bank Account Details.

Sec: 25	Forms: Nil
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After a certificate of registration in **FORM GST REG-06** has been made available on the common portal and a Goods and Services Tax Identification Number has been assigned, the registered person, except those who have been granted registration under rule 12 or, as the case may be rule 16, shall ³{within a period of thirty days from the date of grant of registration, or before furnishing the details of outward supplies of goods or services or both under section 37 in **FORM GSTR-1** or using invoice furnishing facility, whichever is earlier, furnish information with respect to details of bank account on the common portal}.]

⁴]

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 22.06.2017, for the words “digitally signed” vide Notification No. 7/2017-CT, dt. 27.06.2017.

² Ins. w.e.f. 28.06.2019 vide CGST (IV Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 31/2019-CT, dt. 28.06.2019.

³ Subs. w.e.f. 04.08.2023 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2023; Notification No. 38/2023-CT, dt. 04.08.2023. Earlier it read as: “as soon as may be, but not later than forty five days from the date of grant of registration or the date on which the return required under section 39 is due to be furnished, whichever is earlier, furnish information with respect to details of bank account /#, or any other information, as may be required on the common portal in order to comply with any other provision.”

* The words “which is in name of the registered person and obtained on Permanent Account Number of the registered person” were earlier ins. vide CGST (VIII Amendment) Rules, 2021; Notification No. 35/2021-CT, dt. 24.09.2021; however, effective date was never notified.

⁴ Ins. vide CGST (VIII Amendment) Rules, 2021; Notification No. 35/2021-CT, dt. 24.09.2021. However, effective date has not been yet notified. After notification, it would read as :

“Provided that in case of a proprietorship concern, the Permanent Account Number of the proprietor shall also be linked with the Aadhaar number of the proprietor.”.

¹[10B. Aadhaar authentication for registered person.**Sec: 25****Forms: Nil**

The registered person, other than a person notified under sub-section (6D) of section 25, who has been issued a certificate of registration under rule 10 shall, undergo authentication of the Aadhaar number of the proprietor, in the case of proprietorship firm, or of any partner, in the case of a partnership firm, or of the karta, in the case of a Hindu undivided family, or of the Managing Director or any whole time Director, in the case of a company, or of any of the Members of the Managing Committee of an Association of persons or body of individuals or a Society, or of the Trustee in the Board of Trustees, in the case of a Trust and of the authorized signatory, in order to be eligible for the purposes as specified in column (2) of the Table below:

Table

S. No.	Purpose
(1)	(2)
1.	For filing of application for revocation of cancellation of registration in FORM GST REG-21 under Rule 23
2.	For filing of refund application in FORM RFD-01 under rule 89
3.	For refund under rule 96 of the integrated tax paid on goods exported out of India

Provided that if Aadhaar number has not been assigned to the person required to undergo authentication of the Aadhaar number, such person shall furnish the following identification documents, namely: –

- (a) her/his Aadhaar Enrolment ID slip; and
- (b)
 - (i) Bank passbook with photograph; or
 - (ii) Voter identity card issued by the Election Commission of India; or
 - (iii) Passport; or
 - (iv) Driving license issued by the Licensing Authority under the Motor Vehicles Act, 1988 (59 of 1988);

Provided further that such person shall undergo the authentication of Aadhaar number within a period of thirty days of the allotment of the Aadhaar number.]

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 01.01.2022 vide CGST (VIII Amendment) Rules, 2021; Notification No. 35/2021-CT, dt. 24.09.2021, read with Notification No. 38/2021-CT, dt. 21.12.2021.

[11. Separate registration for multiple places of business within a State or a Union territory

Sec: 25	Forms: REG-01
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- (1) Any person having multiple places of business within a State or a Union territory, requiring a separate registration for any such place of business under sub-section (2) of section 25 shall be granted separate registration in respect of each such place of business subject to the following conditions, namely:-
- (a) such person has more than one place of business as defined in clause (85) of section 2;
 - (b) such person shall not pay tax under section 10 for any of his places of business if he is paying tax under section 9 for any other place of business;
 - (c) all separately registered places of business of such person shall pay tax under the Act on supply of goods or services or both made to another registered place of business of such person and issue a tax invoice or a bill of supply, as the case may be, for such supply.

Explanation - For the purposes of clause (b), it is hereby clarified that where any place of business of a registered person that has been granted a separate registration becomes ineligible to pay tax under section 10, all other registered places of business of the said person shall become ineligible to pay tax under the said section.

- (2) A registered person opting to obtain separate registration for a place of business shall submit a separate application in **FORM GST REG-01** in respect of such place of business.
- (3) The provisions of rule 9 and rule 10 relating to the verification and the grant of registration shall, *mutatis mutandis*, apply to an application submitted under this rule]

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 vide CGST (I Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 3/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019. Earlier it read as :

“Separate registration for multiple business verticals within a State or a Union territory.

- (1) Any person having multiple business verticals within a State or a Union territory, requiring a separate registration for any of its business verticals under sub-section (2) of section 25 shall be granted separate registration in respect of each of the verticals subject to the following conditions, namely:-
- (a) such person has more than one business vertical as defined in clause (18) of section 2;
 - (b) the business vertical of a taxable person shall not be granted registration to pay tax under section 10 if any one of the other business verticals of the same person is paying tax under section 9;
 - (c) all separately registered business verticals of such person shall pay tax under the Act on supply of goods or services or both made to another registered business vertical of such person and issue a tax invoice for such supply.

Explanation.—For the purposes of clause (b), it is hereby clarified that where any business vertical of a registered person that has been granted a separate registration becomes ineligible to pay tax under section 10, all other business verticals of the said person shall become ineligible to pay tax under the said section.

- (2) A registered person eligible to obtain separate registration for business verticals may submit a separate application in **FORM GST REG-01** in respect of each such vertical.
- (3) The provisions of rule 9 and rule 10 relating to the verification and the grant of registration shall, *mutatis mutandis*, apply to an application submitted under this rule.”

12. Grant of registration to persons required to deduct tax at source or to collect tax at source.

<i>Sec: 25</i>	<i>Forms: REG-06 to REG-08</i>
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(1) Any person required to deduct tax in accordance with the provisions of section 51 or a person required to collect tax at source in accordance with the provisions of section 52 shall electronically submit an application, duly signed or verified through electronic verification code, in **FORM GST REG-07** for the grant of registration through the common portal, either directly or through a Facilitation Centre notified by the Commissioner.

¹[(1A) A person applying for registration to ²{deduct or} collect tax in accordance with the provisions of ³{section 51, or, as the case may be,} section 52, in a State or Union territory where he does not have a physical presence, shall mention the name of the State or Union territory in PART A of the application in **FORM GST REG-07** and mention the name of the State or Union territory in PART B thereof in which the principal place of business is located which may be different from the State or Union territory mentioned in PART A.]

(2) The proper officer may grant registration after due verification and issue a certificate of registration in **FORM GST REG-06** within a period of three working days from the date of submission of the application.

(3) Where, ⁴[on a request made in writing by a person to whom a registration has been granted under sub-rule (2) or] upon an enquiry or pursuant to any other proceeding under the Act, the proper officer is satisfied that a person to whom a certificate of registration in **FORM GST REG-06** has been issued is no longer liable to deduct tax at source under section 51 or collect tax at source under section 52, the said officer may cancel the registration issued under sub-rule (2) and such cancellation shall be communicated to the said person electronically in **FORM GST REG-08**:

Provided that the proper officer shall follow the procedure as provided in rule 22 for the cancellation of registration.

13. Grant of registration to non-resident taxable person.

<i>Sec: 25, 27</i>	<i>Forms: REG-09</i>
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(1) A non-resident taxable person shall electronically submit an application, along with a self-attested copy of his valid passport, for registration, duly signed or verified through electronic verification code, in **FORM GST REG-09**, at least five days prior to the commencement of business at the common portal either directly or through a Facilitation Centre notified by the Commissioner:

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 31.12.2018 vide Notification No. 74/2018-CT, dt. 31.12.2018.

² Ins. w.e.f. 18.07.2019 vide CGST (V Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 33/2019-CT, dt. 18.07.2019.

³ Ins. w.e.f. 18.07.2019 vide CGST (V Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 33/2019-CT, dt. 18.07.2019.

⁴ Ins. w.e.f. 26.12.2022 vide Notification No. 26/2022-CT, dt. 26.12.2022.

Provided that in the case of a business entity incorporated or established outside India, the application for registration shall be submitted along with its tax identification number or unique number on the basis of which the entity is identified by the Government of that country or its Permanent Account Number, if available.

- (2) A person applying for registration as a non-resident taxable person shall be given a temporary reference number by the common portal for making an advance deposit of tax in accordance with the provisions of section 27 and the acknowledgement under sub-rule (5) of rule 8 shall be issued electronically only after the said deposit in his electronic cash ledger.
- (3) The provisions of rule 9 and rule 10 relating to the verification and the grant of registration shall, *mutatis mutandis*, apply to an application submitted under this rule.
- (4) The application for registration made by a non-resident taxable person shall be ¹[duly signed or verified through electronic verification code] by his authorised signatory who shall be a person resident in India having a valid Permanent Account Number.

14. Grant of registration to a person supplying online information and database access or retrieval services from a place outside India to a non-taxable online recipient ²[or to a person supplying online money gaming from a place outside India to a person in India].

<i>Sec: 25; 14 of IGST Act</i>	<i>Forms: REG-06, REG-10</i>
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- (1) Any person supplying online information and database access or retrieval services from a place outside India to a non-taxable online recipient ³[or any person supplying online money gaming from a place outside India to a person in India] shall electronically submit an application for registration, duly signed or verified through electronic verification code, in **FORM GST REG-10**, at the common portal, either directly or through a Facilitation Centre notified by the Commissioner.
- (2) The applicant referred to in sub-rule (1) shall be granted registration, in **FORM GST REG-06**, subject to such conditions and restrictions and by such officer as may be notified by the Central Government on the recommendations of the Council.

15. Extension in period of operation by casual taxable person and non-resident taxable person.

<i>Sec: 25, 27</i>	<i>Forms: REG-11</i>
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- (1) Where a registered casual taxable person or a non-resident taxable person intends to extend the period of registration indicated in his application of registration, an application in **FORM GST REG-11** shall be submitted electronically through the common portal, either directly or through a Facilitation Centre notified by the Commissioner, by such person before the end of the validity of registration granted to him.

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 22.06.2017, for the word “signed” vide Notification No. 7/2017-CT, dt. 27.06.2017.

² Ins. w.e.f. 01.10.2023 vide Notification No. 51/2023-CT, dt. 29.09.2023.

³ Ins. w.e.f. 01.10.2023 vide Notification No. 51/2023-CT, dt. 29.09.2023.

- (2) The application under sub-rule (1) shall be acknowledged only on payment of the amount specified in sub- section (2) of section 27.

16. *Suo moto registration.*

Sec: 25	Forms: REG-12
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- (1) Where, pursuant to any survey, enquiry, inspection, search or any other proceedings under the Act, the proper officer finds that a person liable to registration under the Act has failed to apply for such registration, such officer may register the said person on a temporary basis and issue an order in **FORM GST REG- 12**.
- (2) The registration granted under sub-rule (1) shall be effective from the date of such order granting registration.
- (3) Every person to whom a temporary registration has been granted under sub-rule (1) shall, within a period of ninety days from the date of the grant of such registration, submit an application for registration in the form and manner provided in rule 8 or rule 12:

Provided that where the said person has filed an appeal against the grant of temporary registration, in such case, the application for registration shall be submitted within a period of thirty days from the date of the issuance of the order upholding the liability to registration by the Appellate Authority.

- (4) The provisions of rule 9 and rule 10 relating to verification and the issue of the certificate of registration shall, *mutatis mutandis*, apply to an application submitted under sub-rule (3).
- (5) The Goods and Services Tax Identification Number assigned, pursuant to the verification under sub-rule (4), shall be effective from the date of the order granting registration under sub-rule (1).

17. Assignment of Unique Identity Number to certain special entities.

Sec: 26	Forms: REG-06, REG-13
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- (1) Every person required to be granted a Unique Identity Number in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (9) of section 25 may submit an application electronically in **FORM GST REG-13**, duly signed or verified through electronic verification code, in the manner specified in rule 8 at the common portal, either directly or through a Facilitation Centre notified by the Commissioner.
- ¹[(1A) The Unique Identity Number granted under sub-rule (1) to a person under clause (a) of sub-section (9) of section 25 shall be applicable to the territory of India.]
- (2) The proper officer may, upon submission of an application in **FORM GST REG-13** or after filling up the said form ²[or after receiving a recommendation from the Ministry of External Affairs, Government of India], assign a Unique Identity Number to the said person and issue a certificate in **FORM GST REG-06** within a period of three working days from the date of the submission of the application.

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 29.12.2017 vide Notification No. 75/2017-CT, dt. 29.12.2017.

² Ins. w.e.f. 22.06.2017 vide Notification No. 22/2017-CT, dt. 17.08.2017.

18. Display of registration certificate and Goods and Services Tax Identification Number on the name board.

Sec: 25	Forms: Nil
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- (1) Every registered person shall display his certificate of registration in a prominent location at his principal place of business and at every additional place or places of business.
- (2) Every registered person shall display his Goods and Services Tax Identification Number on the name board exhibited at the entry of his principal place of business and at every additional place or places of business.

19. Amendment of registration.

Sec: 28, 85(2)	Forms: REG-14, REG-15
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- (1) Where there is any change in any of the particulars furnished in the application for registration in **FORM GST REG-01** or **FORM GST REG-07** or **FORM GST REG-09** or **FORM GST REG- 10** or for Unique Identity Number in **FORM GST-REG-13**, either at the time of obtaining registration or Unique Identity Number or as amended from time to time, the registered person shall, within a period of fifteen days of such change, submit an application, duly signed or verified through electronic verification code, electronically in **FORM GST REG-14**, along with the documents relating to such change at the common portal, either directly or through a Facilitation Centre notified by the Commissioner:

Provided that –

- (a) where the change relates to,-
 - (i) legal name of business;
 - (ii) address of the principal place of business or any additional place(s) of business; or
 - (iii) addition, deletion or retirement of partners or directors, Karta, Managing Committee, Board of Trustees, Chief Executive Officer or equivalent, responsible for the day to day affairs of the business,-

which does not warrant cancellation of registration under section 29, the proper officer shall, after due verification, approve the amendment within a period of fifteen working days from the date of the receipt of the application in **FORM GST REG-14** and issue an order in **FORM GST REG-15** electronically and such amendment shall take effect from the date of the occurrence of the event warranting such amendment;

- (b) the change relating to sub-clause (i) and sub-clause (iii) of clause (a) in any State or Union territory shall be applicable for all registrations of the registered person obtained under the provisions of this Chapter on the same Permanent Account Number;

- (c) where the change relates to any particulars other than those specified in clause (a), the certificate of registration shall stand amended upon submission of the application in **FORM GST REG- 14** on the common portal;
- (d) where a change in the constitution of any business results in the change of the Permanent Account Number of a registered person, the said person shall apply for fresh registration in **FORM GST REG-01**:

Provided further that any change in the mobile number or e-mail address of the authorised signatory submitted under this rule, as amended from time to time, shall be carried out only after online verification through the common portal in the manner provided under¹[sub-rule (2) of rule 8].

- ²[(1A) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-rule (1), any particular of the application for registration shall not stand amended with effect from a date earlier than the date of submission of the application in **FORM GST REG-14** on the common portal except with the order of the Commissioner for reasons to be recorded in writing and subject to such conditions as the Commissioner may, in the said order, specify.]
- (2) Where the proper officer is of the opinion that the amendment sought under sub-rule (1) is either not warranted or the documents furnished therewith are incomplete or incorrect, he may, within a period of fifteen working days from the date of the receipt of the application in **FORM GST REG-14**, serve a notice in **FORM GST REG-03**, requiring the registered person to show cause, within a period of seven working days of the service of the said notice, as to why the application submitted under sub-rule (1) shall not be rejected.
- (3) The registered person shall furnish a reply to the notice to show cause, issued under sub-rule (2), in **FORM GST REG-04**, within a period of seven working days from the date of the service of the said notice.
- (4) Where the reply furnished under sub-rule (3) is found to be not satisfactory or where no reply is furnished in response to the notice issued under sub-rule (2) within the period prescribed in sub-rule (3), the proper officer shall reject the application submitted under sub-rule (1) and pass an order in **FORM GST REG-05**.
- (5) If the proper officer fails to take any action,-
 - (a) within a period of fifteen working days from the date of submission of the application, or
 - (b) within a period of seven working days from the date of the receipt of the reply to the notice to show cause under sub-rule (3),

the certificate of registration shall stand amended to the extent applied for and the amended certificate shall be made available to the registered person on the common portal.

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 22.06.2017, for the words “the said rule” vide Notification No. 7/2017-CT, dt. 27.06.2017.

² Ins. w.e.f. 29.12.2017 vide Notification No. 75/2017-CT, dt. 29.12.2017.

20. Application for cancellation of registration.

Sec: 29

Forms: REG-16

A registered person, other than a person to whom a registration has been granted under rule 12 or a person to whom a Unique Identity Number has been granted under rule 17, seeking cancellation of his registration under sub-section (1) of section 29 shall electronically submit an application in **FORM GST REG-16**, including therein the details of inputs held in stock or inputs contained in semi-finished or finished goods held in stock and of capital goods held in stock on the date from which the cancellation of registration is sought, liability thereon, the details of the payment, if any, made against such liability and may furnish, along with the application, relevant documents in support thereof, at the common portal within a period of thirty days of the occurrence of the event warranting the cancellation, either directly or through a Facilitation Centre notified by the Commissioner:

¹[***]

21. Registration to be cancelled in certain cases.

Sec: 29

Forms: Nil

The registration granted to a person is liable to be cancelled, if the said person,-

- (a) does not conduct any business from the declared place of business; or
- ²[(b) issues invoice or bill without supply of goods or services ³{or both} in violation of the provisions of the Act, or the rules made thereunder; or
- (c) violates the provisions of section 171 of the Act or the rules made thereunder.]
- ⁴[(d) violates the provision of rule 10A.]
- ⁵[(e) avails input tax credit in violation of the provisions of section 16 of the Act or the rules made thereunder; or
- (f) furnishes the details of outward supplies in **FORM GSTR-1** under section 37 for one or more tax periods which is in excess of the outward supplies declared by him in his valid return under section 39 for the said tax periods; or
- (g) violates the provision of rule 86B.]

¹ *Omtl.* proviso w.e.f. 23.01.2018 vide Notification No. 3/2018-CT, dt. 23.01.2018. Formerly it read:
“Provided that no application for the cancellation of registration shall be considered in case of a taxable person, who has registered voluntarily, before the expiry of a period of one year from the effective date of registration.”.

² Subs. w.e.f. 22.06.2017 vide Notification No. 7/2017-CT, dt. 27.06.2017. Formerly it read:
“(b) issues invoice or bill without supply of goods or services in violation of the provisions of this Act, or the rules made thereunder.”.

³ Ins. w.e.f. 22.12.2020 vide CGST (XIV Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 94/2020-CT, dt. 22.12.2020.

⁴ Ins. w.e.f. 28.06.2019 vide CGST (IV Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 31/2019-CT, dt. 28.06.2019.

⁵ Ins. clauses (e) to (g) w.e.f. 22.12.2020 vide CGST (XIV Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 94/2020-CT, dt. 22.12.2020.

- ¹[(h) being a registered person required to file return under subsection (1) of section 39 for each month or part thereof, has not furnished returns for a continuous period of six months;
- (i) being a registered person required to file return under proviso to subsection (1) of section 39 for each quarter or part thereof, has not furnished returns for a continuous period of two tax periods.]

²[**21A. Suspension of registration.**

Sec: 29	Forms: GST REG-31
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- (1) Where a registered person has applied for cancellation of registration under rule 20, the registration shall be deemed to be suspended from the date of submission of the application or the date from which the cancellation is sought, whichever is later, pending the completion of proceedings for cancellation of registration under rule 22.
- (2) Where the proper officer has reasons to believe that the registration of a person is liable to be cancelled under section 29 or under rule 21, he may ³[***] suspend the registration of such person with effect from a date to be determined by him, pending the completion of the proceedings for cancellation of registration under rule 22.

⁴[**(2A) Where,-**

- (a) a comparison of the returns furnished by a registered person under section 39 with the details of outward supplies furnished in FORM GSTR-1 or the details of inward supplies derived based on the details of outward supplies furnished by his suppliers in their FORM GSTR-1, or such other analysis, as may be carried out on the recommendations of the Council, show that there are significant differences or anomalies indicating contravention of the provisions of the Act or the rules made thereunder, leading to cancellation of registration of the said person, or

¹ *Ins. clauses (h) and (i) w.e.f. 01.10.2022 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2022; Notification No. 19/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022.*

² *Ins. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 vide CGST (I Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 3/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019.*

³ *Omtd. w.e.f. 22.12.2020 the words “, after affording the said person a reasonable opportunity of being heard,” vide CGST (XIV Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 94/2020-CT, dt. 22.12.2020.*

⁴ *Subs. w.e.f. 04.08.2023 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2023; Notification No. 38/2023-CT, dt. 04.08.2023. Earlier it read as : “(2A) Where, a comparison of the returns furnished by a registered person under section 39 with*

*(a) the details of outward supplies furnished in **FORM GSTR-1**; or
 (b) the details of inward supplies derived based on the details of outward supplies furnished by his suppliers in their **FORM GSTR-1**,*

*or such other analysis, as may be carried out on the recommendations of the Council, show that there are significant differences or anomalies indicating contravention of the provisions of the Act or the rules made thereunder, leading to cancellation of registration of the said person, his registration shall be suspended and the said person shall be intimated in **FORM GST REG-31**, electronically, on the common portal, or by sending a communication to his e-mail address provided at the time of registration or as amended from time to time, highlighting the said differences and anomalies and asking him to explain, within a period of thirty days, as to why his registration shall not be cancelled.” Earlier sub-rule (2A) *ins. w.e.f. 22.12.2020 vide CGST (XIV Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 94/2020-CT, dt. 22.12.2020.**

- (b) there is a contravention of the provisions of rule 10A by the registered person, the registration of such person shall be suspended and the said person shall be intimated in **FORM GST REG-31**, electronically, on the common portal, or by sending a communication to his e-mail address provided at the time of registration or as amended from time to time, highlighting the said differences, anomalies or non-compliances and asking him to explain, within a period of thirty days, as to why his registration shall not be cancelled.]
- (3) A registered person, whose registration has been suspended under sub-rule (1) or sub-rule (2), ¹[or sub-rule (2A)] shall not make any taxable supply during the period of suspension and shall not be required to furnish any return under section 39.
- ²{*Explanation*.-For the purposes of this sub-rule, the expression “shall not make any taxable supply” shall mean that the registered person shall not issue a tax invoice and, accordingly, not charge tax on supplies made by him during the period of suspension.}
- ³{(3A) A registered person, whose registration has been suspended under sub-rule (2) or sub-rule (2A), shall not be granted any refund under section 54, during the period of suspension of his registration.}
- (4) The suspension of registration under sub-rule (1) or sub-rule (2) ⁴{or sub-rule (2A)} shall be deemed to be revoked upon completion of the proceedings by the proper officer under rule 22 and such revocation shall be effective from the date on which the suspension had come into effect.]
- ⁵[Provided that the suspension of registration under this rule may be revoked by the proper officer, anytime during the pendency of the proceedings for cancellation, if he deems fit.]
- ⁶[Provided further that where the registration has been suspended under sub-rule (2A) for contravention of the provisions contained in clause (b) or clause (c) of sub-section (2) of section 29 and the registration has not already been cancelled by the proper officer under rule 22, the suspension of registration shall be deemed to be revoked upon furnishing of all the pending returns.]
- ⁷[Provided also that where the registration has been suspended under sub-rule (2A) for contravention of provisions of rule 10A and the registration has not already been cancelled by the proper officer under rule 22, the suspension of registration shall be deemed to be revoked upon compliance with the provisions of rule 10A.]

¹ *Ins. w.e.f. 22.12.2020 vide CGST (XIV Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 94/2020-CT, dt. 22.12.2020.*

² *Ins. w.e.f. 09.10.2019 vide CGST (VI Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 49/2019-CT, dt. 09.10.2019.*

³ *Ins. w.e.f. 22.12.2020 vide CGST (XIV Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 94/2020-CT, dt. 22.12.2020.*

⁴ *Ins. w.e.f. 22.12.2020 vide CGST (XIV Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 94/2020-CT, dt. 22.12.2020.*

⁵ *Ins. w.e.f. 22.12.2020 vide CGST (XIV Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 94/2020-CT, dt. 22.12.2020.*

⁶ *Ins. w.e.f. 05.07.2022 vide CGST (Amendment) Rules, 2022; Notification No. 14/2022-CT, dt. 05.07.2022.*

⁷ *Ins. w.e.f. 04.08.2023 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2023; Notification No. 38/2023-CT, dt. 04.08.2023.*

- ¹{(5) Where any order having the effect of revocation of suspension of registration has been passed, the provisions of clause (a) of sub-section (3) of section 31 and section 40 in respect of the supplies made during the period of suspension and the procedure specified therein shall apply.}

22. Cancellation of registration.

<i>Sec: 29</i>	<i>Forms: REG-17 to REG-20</i>
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(1) Where the proper officer has reasons to believe that the registration of a person is liable to be cancelled under section 29, he shall issue a notice to such person in **FORM GST REG-17**, requiring him to show cause, within a period of seven working days from the date of the service of such notice, as to why his registration shall not be cancelled.

(2) The reply to the show cause notice issued under sub-rule (1) shall be furnished in **FORM REG-18** within the period specified in the said sub-rule.

(3) Where a person who has submitted an application for cancellation of his registration is no longer liable to be registered or his registration is liable to be cancelled, the proper officer shall issue an order in **FORM GST REG-19**, within a period of thirty days from the date of application submitted under ²[***] rule 20 or, as the case may be, the date of the reply to the show cause issued under sub-rule (1) ³[or under sub-rule (2A) of rule 21A], cancel the registration, with effect from a date to be determined by him and notify the taxable person, directing him to pay arrears of any tax, interest or penalty including the amount liable to be paid under sub-section (5) of section 29.

(4) Where the reply furnished under sub-rule (2) ⁴[or in response to the notice issued under sub-rule (2A) of rule 21A] is found to be satisfactory, the proper officer shall drop the proceedings and pass an order in **FORM GST REG-20**.

⁵[Provided that where the person instead of replying to the notice served under sub-rule (1) for contravention of the provisions contained in clause (b) or clause (c) of sub-section (2) of section 29, furnishes all the pending returns and makes full payment of the tax dues along with applicable interest and late fee, the proper officer shall drop the proceedings and pass an order in **FORM GST REG-20**.]

(5) The provisions of sub-rule (3) shall, *mutatis mutandis*, apply to the legal heirs of a deceased proprietor, as if the application had been submitted by the proprietor himself.

23. Revocation of cancellation of registration.

<i>Sec: 30</i>	<i>Forms: REG-05, REG-21 to REG-24</i>
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(1) A registered person, whose registration is cancelled by the proper officer on his own

¹ *Ins. w.e.f. 09.10.2019 vide CGST (VI Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 49/2019-CT, dt. 09.10.2019.*

² *Omt. w.e.f. 22.06.2017 the words, brackets and figure “sub-rule (1) of”, vide Notification No. 7/2017-CT, dt. 27.06.2017.*

³ *Ins. w.e.f. 22.12.2020 vide CGST (XIV Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 94/2020-CT, dt. 22.12.2020.*

⁴ *Ins. w.e.f. 22.12.2020 vide CGST (XIV Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 94/2020-CT, dt. 22.12.2020.*

⁵ *Ins. w.e.f. 04.09.2018 vide Notification No. 39/2018-CT, dt. 04.09.2018.*

motion, may ¹[, subject to the provisions of rule 10B,] submit an application for revocation of cancellation of registration, in **FORM GST REG-21**, to such proper officer, ²{within a period of ninety days from the date of the service of the order of cancellation of registration}, at the common portal, either directly or through a Facilitation Centre notified by the Commissioner:

³[Provided that such period may, on sufficient cause being shown, and for reasons to be recorded in writing, be extended by the Commissioner or an officer authorised by him in this behalf, not below the rank of Additional Commissioner or Joint Commissioner, as the case may be, for a further period not exceeding one hundred and eighty days:

Provided further that] no application for revocation shall be filed, if the registration has been cancelled for the failure of the registered person to furnish returns, unless such returns are furnished and any amount due as tax, in terms of such returns, has been paid along with any amount payable towards interest, penalty and late fee in respect of the said returns.

⁴[⁵{Provided also} that all returns due for the period from the date of the order of cancellation of registration till the date of the order of revocation of cancellation of registration shall be furnished by the said person within a period of thirty days from the date of order of revocation of cancellation of registration:

Provided also that where the registration has been cancelled with retrospective effect, the registered person shall furnish all returns relating to period from the effective date of cancellation of registration till the date of order of revocation of cancellation of registration within a period of thirty days from the date of order of revocation of cancellation of registration.]

- (2) (a) Where the proper officer is satisfied, for reasons to be recorded in writing, that there are sufficient grounds for revocation of cancellation of registration, he shall revoke the cancellation of registration by an order in **FORM GST REG-22** within a period of thirty days from the date of the receipt of the application and communicate the same to the applicant.
- (b) The proper officer may, for reasons to be recorded in writing, under circumstances other than those specified in clause (a), by an order in **FORM**

¹ *Ins. w.e.f. 01.01.2022 vide CGST (VIII Amendment) Rules, 2021; Notification No. 35/2021-CT, dt. 24.09.2021, read with Notification No. 38/2021-CT, dt. 21.12.2021.*

² *Subs. w.e.f. 01.10.2023 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2023; Notification No. 38/2023-CT, dt. 04.08.2023. Earlier it read as:*

“within a period of thirty days from the date of the service of the order of cancellation of registration [#][or within such time period as extended by the Additional Commissioner or the Joint Commissioner or the Commissioner, as the case may be, in exercise of the powers provided under the proviso to sub-section (1) of section 30”].

[#] Earlier *ins. w.e.f. 18.05.2021 vide Notification No. 15/2021-CT, dt. 18.05.2021.*

³ *Subs. w.e.f. 01.10.2023 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2023; Notification No. 38/2023-CT, dt. 04.08.2023, for the words “Provided that”.*

⁴ *Ins. w.e.f. 23.04.2019 vide CGST (III Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 20/2019-CT, dt. 23.04.2019.*

⁵ *Subs. w.e.f. 01.10.2023 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2023; Notification No. 38/2023-CT, dt. 04.08.2023, for the words “Provided further”.*

GST REG-05, reject the application for revocation of cancellation of registration and communicate the same to the applicant.

- (3) The proper officer shall, before passing the order referred to in clause (b) of sub-rule (2), issue a notice in **FORM GST REG-23** requiring the applicant to show cause as to why the application submitted for revocation under sub-rule (1) should not be rejected and the applicant shall furnish the reply within a period of seven working days from the date of the service of the notice in **FORM GST REG-24**.
- (4) Upon receipt of the information or clarification in **FORM GST REG-24**, the proper officer shall proceed to dispose of the application in the manner specified in sub-rule (2) within a period of thirty days from the date of the receipt of such information or clarification from the applicant.

24. Migration of persons registered under the existing law.

<i>Sec: 22, 25, 29, 139</i>	<i>Forms: REG-06, REG-20, REG-25 to REG-29</i>
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- (1) (a) Every person, other than a person deducting tax at source or an Input Service Distributor, registered under an existing law and having a Permanent Account Number issued under the provisions of the Income-tax Act, 1961 (Act 43 of 1961) shall enrol on the common portal by validating his e-mail address and mobile number, either directly or through a Facilitation Centre notified by the Commissioner.
 - (b) Upon enrolment under clause (a), the said person shall be granted registration on a provisional basis and a certificate of registration in **FORM GST REG-25**, incorporating the Goods and Services Tax Identification Number therein, shall be made available to him on the common portal:
Provided that a taxable person who has been granted multiple registrations under the existing law on the basis of a single Permanent Account Number shall be granted only one provisional registration under the Act.
- ¹[***]
- (2) (a) Every person who has been granted a provisional registration under sub-rule (1) shall submit an application electronically in **FORM GST REG-26**, duly signed or verified through electronic verification code, along with the information and documents specified in the said application, on the common portal either directly or through a Facilitation Centre notified by the Commissioner.
 - (b) The information asked for in clause (a) shall be furnished within a period of three months or within such further period as may be extended by the Commissioner in this behalf.

¹ *Omtd. w.e.f. 22.06.2017, the second proviso, vide Notification No. 7/2017-CT, dt. 27.06.2017. Formerly it read:*

“Provided further that a person having centralised registration under the provisions of Chapter V of the Finance Act, 1994 (32 of 1994) shall be granted only one provisional registration in the State or Union territory in which he is registered under the existing law.”.

- (c) If the information and the particulars furnished in the application are found, by the proper officer, to be correct and complete, a certificate of registration in **FORM GST REG-06** shall be made available to the registered person electronically on the common portal.
 - (3) Where the particulars or information specified in sub-rule (2) have either not been furnished or not found to be correct or complete, the proper officer shall, after serving a notice to show cause in **FORM GST REG-27** and after affording the person concerned a reasonable opportunity of being heard, cancel the provisional registration granted under sub-rule (1) and issue an order in **FORM GST REG-28**:
- Provided that the show cause notice issued in **FORM GST REG-27** can be withdrawn by issuing an order in **FORM GST REG-20**, if it is found, after affording the person an opportunity of being heard, that no such cause exists for which the notice was issued.
- ¹[(3A) Where a certificate of registration has not been made available to the applicant on the common portal within a period of fifteen days from the date of the furnishing of information and particulars referred to in clause (c) of sub-rule (2) and no notice has been issued under sub-rule (3) within the said period, the registration shall be deemed to have been granted and the said certificate of registration, duly signed or verified through electronic verification code, shall be made available to the registered person on the common portal.]
 - (4) Every person registered under any of the existing laws, who is not liable to be registered under the Act may, ²[on or before ³{31st March, 2018}], at his option, submit an application electronically in **FORM GST REG-29** at the common portal for the cancellation of registration granted to him and the proper officer shall, after conducting such enquiry as deemed fit, cancel the said registration.

¹ *Ins. w.e.f. 22.06.2017 vide Notification No. 7/2017-CT, dt. 27.06.2017.*

² *Subs. w.e.f. 22.07.2017 vide Notification No. 17/2017-CT, dt. 27.07.2017, for the words “within a period of thirty days from the appointed day”.*

³ *Subs. for the figures, letters and word “31st December, 2017” vide Notification No. 3/2018-CT, dt. 23.01.2018. Earlier subs. for the figures, letters and word “31st October, 2017” vide Notification No. 51/2017-CT, dt. 28.10.2017. Earlier subs. for the figures, letters and word “30th September, 2017” vide Notification No. 36/2017-CT, dt. 29.09.2017.*

¹[25. Physical verification of business premises in certain cases.

Sec: All	Forms: REG-30
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- (1) Where the proper officer is satisfied that the physical verification of the place of business of a person is required after the grant of registration, he may get such verification of the place of business done and the verification report along with the other documents, including photographs, shall be uploaded in **FORM GST REG-30** on the common portal within a period of fifteen working days following the date of such verification.
- (2) Where the physical verification of the place of business of a person is required before the grant of registration in the circumstances specified in the proviso to sub-rule (1) of rule 9, the proper officer shall get such verification of the place of business done and the verification report along with the other documents, including photographs, shall be uploaded in **FORM GST REG-30** on the common portal at least five working days prior to the completion of the time period specified in the said proviso.]

26. Method of authentication.

Sec: All	Forms: Nil
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- (1) All applications, including reply, if any, to the notices, returns including the details of outward and inward supplies, appeals or any other document required to be submitted under the provisions of these rules shall be so submitted electronically with digital signature certificate or through e-signature as specified under the provisions of the Information Technology Act, 2000 (21 of 2000) or verified by any other mode of signature or verification as notified by the Board in this behalf:

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 04.08.2023 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2023; Notification No. 38/2023-CT, dt. 04.08.2023. Formerly it read:

#Physical verification of business premises in certain cases.

Where the proper officer is satisfied that the physical verification of the place of business of a person is required due to failure of Aadhaar authentication *{or due to not opting for Aadhaar authentication} before the grant of registration, or due to any other reason after the grant of registration, he may get such verification of the place of business, in the presence of the said person, done and the verification report along with the other documents, including photographs, shall be uploaded in **FORM GST REG-30** on the common portal within a period of fifteen working days following the date of such verification.]

* Earlier ins. w.e.f. 21.08.2020 vide CGST (X Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 62/2020-CT, dt. 20.08.2020.

Earlier subs. w.e.f. 23.03.2020 vide CGST (III Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 16/2020-CT, dt. 23.03.2020. Formerly it read:

“Physical verification of business premises in certain cases.

Where the proper officer is satisfied that the physical verification of the place of business of a registered person is required after the grant of registration, he may get such verification done and the verification report along with the other documents, including photographs, shall be uploaded in **FORM GST REG-30** on the common portal within a period of fifteen working days following the date of such verification.”.

¹[***]

- (2) Each document including the return furnished online shall be signed or verified through electronic verification code-
- (a) in the case of an individual, by the individual himself or where he is absent from India, by some other person duly authorised by him in this behalf, and where the individual is mentally incapacitated from attending to his affairs, by his guardian or by any other person competent to act on his behalf;
 - (b) in the case of a Hindu Undivided Family, by a Karta and where the Karta is absent from India or is mentally incapacitated from attending to his affairs, by any other adult member of such family or by the authorised signatory of such Karta;
 - (c) in the case of a company, by the chief executive officer or authorised signatory thereof;
 - (d) in the case of a Government or any Governmental agency or local authority, by an officer authorised in this behalf;
 - (e) in the case of a firm, by any partner thereof, not being a minor or authorised signatory thereof;
 - (f) in the case of any other association, by any member of the association or persons or authorised signatory thereof;
 - (g) in the case of a trust, by the trustee or any trustee or authorised signatory thereof; or

¹ *Omtd.* w.e.f. 01.11.2021 all the provisos of this sub-section (1) vide Notification No. 32/2021-CT, dt. 29.08.2021. Formerly it read :

“Provided that a registered person registered under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (18 of 2013) shall furnish the documents or application verified through digital signature certificate.

*¹[Provided further that a registered person registered under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (18 of 2013) shall, during the period from the 21st day of April, 2020 to the 30th day of September, 2020, also be allowed to furnish the return under section 39 in Form GSTR-3B verified through electronic verification code (EVC).

Provided also that a registered person registered under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (18 of 2013) shall, during the period from the 27th day of May, 2020 to the 30th day of September, 2020, also be allowed to furnish the details of outward supplies under section 37 in Form GSTR-1 verified through electronic verification code (EVC).]

*²[Provided also that a registered person registered under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (18 of 2013) shall, during the period from the 27th day of April, 2021 to the *³{31st day of October, 2021}, also be allowed to furnish the return under section 39 in FORM GSTR-3B and the details of outward supplies under section 37 in FORM GSTR-1 or using invoice furnishing facility, verified through electronic verification code (EVC).]”

*¹ Subs. w.e.f. 27.05.2020 vide CGST (VI Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 48/2020-CT, dt. 19.06.2020. Formerly it read :

“Provided further that a registered person registered under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (18 of 2013) shall, during the period from the 21st day of April, 2020 to the 30th day of June, 2020, also be allowed to furnish the return under section 39 in **Form GSTR-3B** verified through electronic verification code (EVC).” Earlier ins. w.e.f. 21.04.2020 vide CGST (V Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 38/2020-CT, dt. 05.05.2020.

*² Ins. w.e.f. 27.04.2021 vide Notification No. 07/2021-CT, dt. 27.04.2021.

*³ Subs. w.e.f. 29.08.2021, for the figures, letters and words “31st day of August, 2021” vide Notification No. 32/2021-CT, dt. 29.08.2021. Earlier subs. w.e.f. 31.05.2021, for the figures, letters and words “31st day of May, 2021” vide Notification No. 27/2021-CT, dt. 01.06.2021.

- (h) in the case of any other person, by some person competent to act on his behalf, or by a person authorised in accordance with the provisions of section 48.
- (3) All notices, certificates and orders under the provisions of this Chapter shall be issued electronically by the proper officer or any other officer authorised to issue such notices or certificates or orders, through digital signature certificate¹[or through e-signature as specified under the provisions of the Information Technology Act, 2000 (21 of 2000) or verified by any other mode of signature or verification as notified by the Board in this behalf].

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 22.06.2017, for the words “specified under the provisions of the Information Technology Act, 2000 (21 of 2000)” vide Notification No. 7/2017-CT, dt. 27.06.2017.

**¹[CHAPTER IV
DETERMINATION OF VALUE OF SUPPLY]**

27. Value of supply of goods or services where the consideration is not wholly in money.

Sec: 15	Forms: Nil
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Where the supply of goods or services is for a consideration not wholly in money, the value of the supply shall,-

- (a) be the open market value of such supply;
- (b) if the open market value is not available under clause (a), be the sum total of consideration in money and any such further amount in money as is equivalent to the consideration not in money, if such amount is known at the time of supply;
- (c) if the value of supply is not determinable under clause (a) or clause (b), be the value of supply of goods or services or both of like kind and quality;
- (d) if the value is not determinable under clause (a) or clause (b) or clause (c), be the sum total of consideration in money and such further amount in money that is equivalent to consideration not in money as determined by the application of rule 30 or rule 31 in that order.

Illustration:

- (1) Where a new phone is supplied for twenty thousand rupees along with the exchange of an old phone and if the price of the new phone without exchange is twenty four thousand rupees, the open market value of the new phone is twenty four thousand rupees.
- (2) Where a laptop is supplied for forty thousand rupees along with the barter of a printer that is manufactured by the recipient and the value of the printer known at the time of supply is four thousand rupees but the open market value of the laptop is not known, the value of the supply of the laptop is forty four thousand rupees.

28. Value of supply of goods or services or both between distinct or related persons, other than through an agent.

Sec: 15	Forms: Nil
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²[(1)] The value of the supply of goods or services or both between distinct persons as specified in sub-section (4) and (5) of section 25 or where the supplier and recipient are related, other than where the supply is made through an agent, shall-

- (a) be the open market value of such supply;

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 01.07.2017 vide Notification No. 10/2017-CT, dt. 28.06.2017, Chapters IV to XVI comprising rules 27 to 138.

² Re-numbered w.e.f. 26.10.2023 vide Notification No. 52/2023-CT, dt. 26.10.2023.

- (b) if the open market value is not available, be the value of supply of goods or services of like kind and quality;
- (c) if the value is not determinable under clause (a) or (b), be the value as determined by the application of rule 30 or rule 31, in that order:

Provided that where the goods are intended for further supply as such by the recipient, the value shall, at the option of the supplier, be an amount equivalent to ninety percent of the price charged for the supply of goods of like kind and quality by the recipient to his customer not being a related person:

Provided further that where the recipient is eligible for full input tax credit, the value declared in the invoice shall be deemed to be the open market value of the goods or services.

- ¹[(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-rule (1), the value of supply of services by a supplier to a recipient who is a related person, by way of providing corporate guarantee to any banking company or financial institution on behalf of the said recipient, shall be deemed to be one per cent of the amount of such guarantee offered, or the actual consideration, whichever is higher.]

29. Value of supply of goods made or received through an agent.

Sec: 15	Forms: Nil
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The value of supply of goods between the principal and his agent shall-

- (a) be the open market value of the goods being supplied, or at the option of the supplier, be ninety per cent. of the price charged for the supply of goods of like kind and quality by the recipient to his customer not being a related person, where the goods are intended for further supply by the said recipient.

Illustration: A principal supplies groundnut to his agent and the agent is supplying groundnuts of like kind and quality in subsequent supplies at a price of five thousand rupees per quintal on the day of the supply. Another independent supplier is supplying groundnuts of like kind and quality to the said agent at the price of four thousand five hundred and fifty rupees per quintal. The value of the supply made by the principal shall be four thousand five hundred and fifty rupees per quintal or where he exercises the option, the value shall be 90 per cent. of five thousand rupees i.e., four thousand five hundred rupees per quintal.

- (b) where the value of a supply is not determinable under clause (a), the same shall be determined by the application of rule 30 or rule 31 in that order.

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 26.10.2023 vide Notification No. 52/2023-CT, dt. 26.10.2023.

30. Value of supply of goods or services or both based on cost.

Sec: 15	Forms: Nil
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Where the value of a supply of goods or services or both is not determinable by any of the preceding rules of this Chapter, the value shall be one hundred and ten percent of the cost of production or manufacture or the cost of acquisition of such goods or the cost of provision of such services.

31. Residual method for determination of value of supply of goods or services or both.

Sec: 15	Forms: Nil
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Where the value of supply of goods or services or both cannot be determined under rules 27 to 30, the same shall be determined using reasonable means consistent with the principles and the general provisions of section 15 and the provisions of this Chapter:

Provided that in the case of supply of services, the supplier may opt for this rule, ignoring rule 30.

¹[31A. Value of supply in case of lottery, betting, gambling and horse racing.

Sec: 15	Forms: Nil
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- (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in the provisions of this Chapter, the value in respect of supplies specified below shall be determined in the manner provided hereinafter.
- ²{(2) The value of supply of lottery shall be deemed to be 100/128 of the face value of ticket or of the price as notified in the Official Gazette by the Organising State, whichever is higher.

Explanation:– For the purposes of this sub-rule, the expression “Organising State” has the same meaning as assigned to it in clause (f) of sub-rule (1) of rule 2 of the Lotteries (Regulation) Rules, 2010.}

- (3) The value of supply of actionable claim in the form of chance to win in betting, gambling or horse racing in a race club shall be 100% of the face value of the bet or the amount paid into the totalisator.]

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 23.01.2018 vide Notification No. 3/2018-CT, dt. 23.01.2018.

² Subs. w.e.f. 01.03.2020 vide Notification No. 08/2020-CT, dt. 02.03.2020. Formerly it read:

“(2)(a) The value of supply of lottery run by State Governments shall be deemed to be 100/112 of the face value of ticket or of the price as notified in the Official Gazette by the organising State, whichever is higher.

(b) The value of supply of lottery authorised by State Governments shall be deemed to be 100/128 of the face-value of ticket or of the price as notified in the Official Gazette by the organising State, whichever is higher.

Explanation:– For the purposes of this sub-rule, the expressions-

- (a) “lottery run by State Governments” means a lottery not allowed to be sold in any State other than the organizing State;
- (b) “lottery authorised by State Governments” means a lottery which is authorised to be sold in State(s) other than the organising State also; and
- (c) “Organising State” has the same meaning as assigned to it in clause (f) of sub-rule (1) of rule 2 of the Lotteries (Regulation) Rules, 2010.”.

¹[31B. Value of supply in case of online gaming including online money gaming.

Sec: 15	Forms: Nil
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Notwithstanding anything contained in this chapter, the value of supply of online gaming, including supply of actionable claims involved in online money gaming, shall be the total amount paid or payable to or deposited with the supplier by way of money or money's worth, including virtual digital assets, by or on behalf of the player:

Provided that any amount returned or refunded by the supplier to the player for any reasons whatsoever, including player not using the amount paid or deposited with the supplier for participating in any event, shall not be deductible from the value of supply of online money gaming.

31C. Value of supply of actionable claims in case of casino.

Sec: 15	Forms: Nil
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Notwithstanding anything contained in this chapter, the value of supply of actionable claims in casino shall be the total amount paid or payable by or on behalf of the player for –

- (i) purchase of the tokens, chips, coins or tickets, by whatever name called, for use in casino; or
- (ii) participating in any event, including game, scheme, competition or any other activity or process, in the casino, in cases where the token, chips, coins or tickets, by whatever name called, are not required:

Provided that any amount returned or refunded by the casino to the player on return of token, coins, chips, or tickets, as the case may be, or otherwise, shall not be deductible from the value of the supply of actionable claims in casino.

Explanation.- For the purpose of rule 31B and rule 31C, any amount received by the player by winning any event, including game, scheme, competition or any other activity or process, which is used for playing by the said player in a further event without withdrawing, shall not be considered as the amount paid to or deposited with the supplier by or on behalf of the said player.]

32. Determination of value in respect of certain supplies.

Sec: 15	Forms: Nil
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- (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in the provisions of this Chapter, the value in respect of supplies specified below shall, at the option of the supplier, be determined in the manner provided hereinafter.
- (2) The value of supply of services in relation to the purchase or sale of foreign currency, including money changing, shall be determined by the supplier of services in the following manner, namely:-

¹ *Ins. Rules 31B and 31C w.e.f. 01.10.2023 vide CGST (III Amendment) Rules, 2023; Notification No. 51/2023-CT, dt. 29.09.2023 (in supersession of Notification No. 45/2023 dt. 06.09.2023).*

- (a) for a currency, when exchanged from, or to, Indian Rupees, the value shall be equal to the difference in the buying rate or the selling rate, as the case may be, and the Reserve Bank of India reference rate for that currency at that time, multiplied by the total units of currency:

Provided that in case where the Reserve Bank of India reference rate for a currency is not available, the value shall be one per cent. of the gross amount of Indian Rupees provided or received by the person changing the money:

Provided further that in case where neither of the currencies exchanged is Indian Rupees, the value shall be equal to one per cent. of the lesser of the two amounts the person changing the money would have received by converting any of the two currencies into Indian Rupee on that day at the reference rate provided by the Reserve Bank of India.

Provided also that a person supplying the services may exercise the option to ascertain the value in terms of clause (b) for a financial year and such option shall not be withdrawn during the remaining part of that financial year.

- (b) at the option of the supplier of services, the value in relation to the supply of foreign currency, including money changing, shall be deemed to be-
- (i) one per cent. of the gross amount of currency exchanged for an amount up to one lakh rupees, subject to a minimum amount of two hundred and fifty rupees;
 - (ii) one thousand rupees and half of a per cent. of the gross amount of currency exchanged for an amount exceeding one lakh rupees and up to ten lakh rupees; and
 - (iii) five thousand and five hundred rupees and one tenth of a per cent. of the gross amount of currency exchanged for an amount exceeding ten lakh rupees, subject to a maximum amount of sixty thousand rupees.

- (3) The value of the supply of services in relation to booking of tickets for travel by air provided by an air travel agent shall be deemed to be an amount calculated at the rate of five per cent. of the basic fare in the case of domestic bookings, and at the rate of ten per cent. of the basic fare in the case of international bookings of passage for travel by air.

Explanation.- For the purposes of this sub-rule, the expression “basic fare” means that part of the air fare on which commission is normally paid to the air travel agent by the airlines.

- (4) The value of supply of services in relation to life insurance business shall be,-
- (a) the gross premium charged from a policy holder reduced by the amount allocated for investment, or savings on behalf of the policy holder, if such an amount is intimated to the policy holder at the time of supply of service;
 - (b) in case of single premium annuity policies other than (a), ten per cent. of single premium charged from the policy holder; or

- (c) in all other cases, twenty five per cent. of the premium charged from the policy holder in the first year and twelve and a half per cent. of the premium charged from the policy holder in subsequent years:

Provided that nothing contained in this sub-rule shall apply where the entire premium paid by the policy holder is only towards the risk cover in life insurance.

- (5) Where a taxable supply is provided by a person dealing in buying and selling of second hand goods i.e., used goods as such or after such minor processing which does not change the nature of the goods and where no input tax credit has been availed on the purchase of such goods, the value of supply shall be the difference between the selling price and the purchase price and where the value of such supply is negative, it shall be ignored:

Provided that the purchase value of goods repossessed from a defaulting borrower, who is not registered, for the purpose of recovery of a loan or debt shall be deemed to be the purchase price of such goods by the defaulting borrower reduced by five percentage points for every quarter or part thereof, between the date of purchase and the date of disposal by the person making such repossession.

- (6) The value of a token, or a voucher, or a coupon, or a stamp (other than postage stamp) which is redeemable against a supply of goods or services or both shall be equal to the money value of the goods or services or both redeemable against such token, voucher, coupon, or stamp.
- (7) The value of taxable services provided by such class of service providers as may be notified by the Government, on the recommendations of the Council, as referred to in paragraph 2 of Schedule I of the said Act between distinct persons as referred to in section 25, where input tax credit is available, shall be deemed to be NIL.

¹[32A. Value of supply in cases where Kerala Flood Cess is applicable.

<i>Sec: 15</i>	<i>Forms: Nil</i>
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The value of supply of goods or services or both on which Kerala Flood Cess is levied under clause 14 of the Kerala Finance Bill, 2019 shall be deemed to be the value determined in terms of section 15 of the Act, but shall not include the said cess.]

33. Value of supply of services in case of pure agent.

<i>Sec: 15</i>	<i>Forms: Nil</i>
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Notwithstanding anything contained in the provisions of this Chapter, the expenditure or costs incurred by a supplier as a pure agent of the recipient of supply shall be excluded from the value of supply, if all the following conditions are satisfied, namely,-

- (i) the supplier acts as a pure agent of the recipient of the supply, when he makes the payment to the third party on authorisation by such recipient;

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 01.07.2019 vide CGST (IV Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 31/2019-CT, dt. 28.06.2019.

- (ii) the payment made by the pure agent on behalf of the recipient of supply has been separately indicated in the invoice issued by the pure agent to the recipient of service; and
- (iii) the supplies procured by the pure agent from the third party as a pure agent of the recipient of supply are in addition to the services he supplies on his own account.

Explanation.-For the purposes of this rule, the expression “pure agent” means a person who-

- (a) enters into a contractual agreement with the recipient of supply to act as his pure agent to incur expenditure or costs in the course of supply of goods or services or both;
- (b) neither intends to hold nor holds any title to the goods or services or both so procured or supplied as pure agent of the recipient of supply;
- (c) does not use for his own interest such goods or services so procured; and
- (d) receives only the actual amount incurred to procure such goods or services in addition to the amount received for supply he provides on his own account.

Illustration.-Corporate services firm A is engaged to handle the legal work pertaining to the incorporation of Company B. Other than its service fees, A also recovers from B, registration fee and approval fee for the name of the company paid to the Registrar of Companies. The fees charged by the Registrar of Companies for the registration and approval of the name are compulsorily levied on B. A is merely acting as a pure agent in the payment of those fees. Therefore, A's recovery of such expenses is a disbursement and not part of the value of supply made by A to B.

¹[34. Rate of exchange of currency, other than Indian rupees, for determination of value

Sec: 15	Forms: Nil
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- (1) The rate of exchange for determination of value of taxable goods shall be the applicable rate of exchange as notified by the Board under section 14 of the Customs Act, 1962 for the date of time of supply of such goods in terms of section 12 of the Act.
- (2) The rate of exchange for determination of value of taxable services shall be the applicable rate of exchange determined as per the generally accepted accounting principles for the date of time of supply of such services in terms of section 13 of the Act.]

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 27.07.2017 vide Notification No. 17/2017-CT, dt. 27.07.2017. Formerly it read:

“34. Rate of exchange of currency, other than Indian rupees, for determination of value.

The rate of exchange for the determination of the value of taxable goods or services or both shall be the applicable reference rate for that currency as determined by the Reserve Bank of India on the date of time of supply in respect of such supply in terms of Section 12 or, as the case may be, section 13 of the Act.”.

35. Value of supply inclusive of integrated tax, central tax, State tax, Union territory tax.

Sec: 15	Forms: Nil
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Where the value of supply is inclusive of integrated tax or, as the case may be, central tax, State tax, Union territory tax, the tax amount shall be determined in the following manner, namely,-

Tax amount = (Value inclusive of taxes X tax rate in % of IGST or, as the case may be, CGST, SGST or UTGST) ÷ (100 + sum of tax rates, as applicable, in %)

Explanation.-For the purposes of the provisions of this Chapter, the expressions-

- (a) “open market value” of a supply of goods or services or both means the full value in money, excluding the integrated tax, central tax, State tax, Union territory tax and the cess payable by a person in a transaction, where the supplier and the recipient of the supply are not related and the price is the sole consideration, to obtain such supply at the same time when the supply being valued is made;
- (b) “supply of goods or services or both of like kind and quality” means any other supply of goods or services or both made under similar circumstances that, in respect of the characteristics, quality, quantity, functional components, materials, and the reputation of the goods or services or both first mentioned, is the same as, or closely or substantially resembles, that supply of goods or services or both.

CHAPTER V
INPUT TAX CREDIT

36. Documentary requirements and conditions for claiming input tax credit.

Sec: 16	Forms: GSTR-3B
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- (1) The input tax credit shall be availed by a registered person, including the Input Service Distributor, on the basis of any of the following documents, namely,-
 - (a) an invoice issued by the supplier of goods or services or both in accordance with the provisions of section 31;
 - (b) an invoice issued in accordance with the provisions of clause (f) of sub-section (3) of section 31, subject to the payment of tax;
 - (c) a debit note issued by a supplier in accordance with the provisions of section 34;
 - (d) a bill of entry or any similar document prescribed under the Customs Act, 1962 or rules made thereunder for the assessment of integrated tax on imports;
 - (e) an Input Service Distributor invoice or Input Service Distributor credit note or any document issued by an Input Service Distributor in accordance with the provisions of sub-rule (1) of rule 54.
- (2) Input tax credit shall be availed by a registered person only if all the applicable particulars as specified in the provisions of Chapter VI are contained in the said document ¹[***].
²[Provided that if the said document does not contain all the specified particulars but contains the details of the amount of tax charged, description of goods or services, total value of supply of goods or services or both, GSTIN of the supplier and recipient and place of supply in case of inter-State supply, input tax credit may be availed by such registered person.]
- (3) No input tax credit shall be availed by a registered person in respect of any tax that has been paid in pursuance of any order where any demand has been confirmed on account of any fraud, willful misstatement or suppression of facts.

¹ *Omtd.* the words, letters and figure, “, and the relevant information, as contained in the said document, is furnished in FORM GSTR-2 by such person” w.e.f. 01.10.2022 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2022; Notification No. 19/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022.

² *Ins.* w.e.f. 04.09.2018 vide Notification No. 39/2018-CT, dt. 04.09.2018.

- ¹(4) No input tax credit shall be availed by a registered person in respect of invoices or debit notes the details of which are required to be furnished under subsection (1) of section 37 unless,-
- the details of such invoices or debit notes have been furnished by the supplier in the statement of outward supplies in **FORM GSTR-1** or using the invoice furnishing facility; and
 - the details of ²[input tax credit in respect of] such invoices or debit notes have been communicated to the registered person in **FORM GSTR-2B** under sub-rule (7) of rule 60.]

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.01.2022 vide Notification No. 40/2021-CT, dt. 29.12.2021. Earlier read as,

^{**1}(4) Input tax credit to be availed by a registered person in respect of invoices or debit notes, the details of which have not been ^{*2}{furnished} by the suppliers under sub-section (1) of section 37 ^{*3}{in **FORM GSTR-1** or using the invoice furnishing facility}, shall not exceed ^{*4}{5 per cent.} of the eligible credit available in respect of invoices or debit notes the details of which have been ^{*5}{furnished} by the suppliers under sub-section (1) of section 37 ^{*6}{in **FORM GSTR-1** or using the invoice furnishing facility}}.

^{*7}[Provided that the said condition shall apply cumulatively for the period February, March, April, May, June, July and August, 2020 and the return in **FORM GSTR-3B** for the tax period September, 2020 shall be furnished with the cumulative adjustment of input tax credit for the said months in accordance with the condition above.]

^{*8}[Provided further that such condition shall apply cumulatively for the period April, May and June, 2021 and the return in **FORM GSTR-3B** for the tax period June, 2021 or quarter ending June, 2021, as the case may be, shall be furnished with the cumulative adjustment of input tax credit for the said months in accordance with the condition above.]”

^{*1} Ins. w.e.f. 09.10.2019 vide CGST (VI Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 49/2019-CT, dt. 09.10.2019.

^{*2} Subs. w.e.f. 01.01.2021, for the word “uploaded” vide CGST (XIV Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 94/2020-CT, dt. 22.12.2020.

^{*3} Ins. w.e.f. 01.01.2021 vide CGST (XIV Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 94/2020-CT, dt. 22.12.2020.

^{*4} Subs. w.e.f. 01.01.2021, for the figures and words “10 per cent.” vide CGST (XIV Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 94/2020-CT, dt. 22.12.2020. Earlier subs. w.e.f. 01.01.2020, for the figures and words “20 per cent.” vide Notification No. 75/2019-CT, dt. 26.12.2019.

^{*5} Subs. w.e.f. 01.01.2021, for the word “uploaded” vide CGST (XIV Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 94/2020-CT, dt. 22.12.2020.

^{*6} Ins. w.e.f. 01.01.2021 vide CGST (XIV Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 94/2020-CT, dt. 22.12.2020.

^{*7} Ins. w.e.f. 03.04.2020 vide CGST (IV Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 30/2020-CT, dt. 03.04.2020.

^{*8} Subs. w.e.f. 01.06.2021 vide Notification No. 27/2021-CT, dt. 01.06.2021. Earlier read as, “Provided further that such condition shall apply cumulatively for the period April and May, 2021 and the return in **FORM GSTR-3B** for the tax period May, 2021 shall be furnished with the cumulative adjustment of input tax credit for the said months in accordance with the condition above.”. Earlier ins. w.e.f. 01.05.2021 vide Notification No. 13/2021-CT, dt. 01.05.2021.

² Ins. w.e.f. 01.10.2022 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2022; Notification No. 19/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022.

37. Reversal of input tax credit in the case of non-payment of consideration.

Sec: 16

Forms: GSTR-3B

- ¹[(1) A registered person, who has availed of input tax credit on any inward supply of goods or services or both, other than the supplies on which tax is payable on reverse charge basis, but fails to pay to the supplier thereof, the amount towards the value of such supply ²[, whether wholly or partly,] along with the tax payable thereon, within the time limit specified in the second proviso to sub-section (2) of section 16, shall pay ³[or reverse] an amount equal to the input tax credit availed in respect of such supply ⁴[, proportionate to the amount not paid to the supplier,] along with interest payable thereon under section 50, while furnishing the return in FORM GSTR-3B for the tax period immediately following the period of one hundred and eighty days from the date of the issue of the invoice:

Provided that the value of supplies made without consideration as specified in Schedule I of the said Act shall be deemed to have been paid for the purposes of the second proviso to sub-section (2) of section 16:

Provided further that the value of supplies on account of any amount added in accordance with the provisions of clause (b) of sub-section (2) of section 15 shall be deemed to have been paid for the purposes of the second proviso to sub-section (2) of section 16.;

- (2) Where the said registered person subsequently makes the payment of the amount towards the value of such supply along with tax payable thereon to the supplier thereof, he shall be entitled to re-avail the input tax credit referred to in sub-rule (1).]

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.10.2022 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2022; Notification No. 19/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022. Formerly rule 37(1) and (2) read:

“(1) A registered person, who has availed of input tax credit on any inward supply of goods or services or both, but fails to pay to the supplier thereof, the value of such supply along with the tax payable thereon, within the time limit specified in the second proviso to sub- section (2) of section 16, shall furnish the details of such supply, the amount of value not paid and the amount of input tax credit availed of proportionate to such amount not paid to the supplier in **FORM GSTR-2** for the month immediately following the period of one hundred and eighty days from the date of the issue of the invoice:

Provided that the value of supplies made without consideration as specified in Schedule I of the said Act shall be deemed to have been paid for the purposes of the second proviso to sub-section (2) of section 16.

*¹[Provided further that the value of supplies on account of any amount added in accordance with the provisions of clause (b) of sub-section (2) of section 15 shall be deemed to have been paid for the purposes of the second proviso to sub-section (2) of section 16.]

(2) The amount of input tax credit referred to in sub-rule (1) shall be added to the output tax liability of the registered person for the month in which the details are furnished.”.

*¹ Ins. w.e.f. 13.06.2018 vide Notification No. 26/2018-CT, dt. 13.06.2018.

² Ins. w.e.f. 01.10.2022 vide Notification No. 26/2022-CT, dt. 26.12.2022.

³ Ins. w.e.f. 01.10.2022 vide Notification No. 26/2022-CT, dt. 26.12.2022.

⁴ Ins. w.e.f. 01.10.2022 vide Notification No. 26/2022-CT, dt. 26.12.2022.

¹[(3) ***]

- (4) The time limit specified in sub-section (4) of section 16 shall not apply to a claim for re-availing of any credit, in accordance with the provisions of the Act or the provisions of this Chapter that had been reversed earlier.

²[37A. Reversal of input tax credit in the case of non-payment of tax by the supplier and re-availment thereof.]

Sec: 16

Forms: GSTR-1, GSTR-3B

Where input tax credit has been availed by a registered person in the return in FORM GSTR-3B for a tax period in respect of such invoice or debit note, the details of which have been furnished by the supplier in the statement of outward supplies in FORM GSTR-1 or using the invoice furnishing facility, but the return in FORM GSTR-3B for the tax period corresponding to the said statement of outward supplies has not been furnished by such supplier till the 30th day of September following the end of financial year in which the input tax credit in respect of such invoice or debit note has been availed, the said amount of input tax credit shall be reversed by the said registered person, while furnishing a return in FORM GSTR-3B on or before the 30th day of November following the end of such financial year:

Provided that where the said amount of input tax credit is not reversed by the registered person in a return in FORM GSTR-3B on or before the 30th day of November following the end of such financial year during which such input tax credit has been availed, such amount shall be payable by the said person along with interest thereon under section 50.

Provided further that where the said supplier subsequently furnishes the return in FORM GSTR-3B for the said tax period, the said registered person may re-avail the amount of such credit in the return in FORM GSTR-3B for a tax period thereafter.]

38. Claim of credit by a banking company or a financial institution

Sec: 17(4)

Forms: GSTR-3B

A banking company or a financial institution, including a non-banking financial company, engaged in the supply of services by way of accepting deposits or extending loans or advances that chooses not to comply with the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 17, in accordance with the option permitted under sub-section (4) of that section, shall follow the following procedure, namely,-

- (a) the said company or institution shall not avail the credit of,-

¹ *Omtd. w.e.f. 01.10.2022 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2022; Notification No. 19/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022.*
Formerly it read:

“(3) The registered person shall be liable to pay interest at the rate notified under sub-section (1) of section 50 for the period starting from the date of availing credit on such supplies till the date when the amount added to the output tax liability, as mentioned in sub-rule (2), is paid.”.

² *Ins. w.e.f. 26.12.2022 vide Notification No. 26/2022-CT, dt. 26.12.2022.*

- (i) the tax paid on inputs and input services that are used for non-business purposes; and
- (ii) the credit attributable to the supplies specified in sub-section (5) of section 17,¹[***];
- (b) the said company or institution shall avail the credit of tax paid on inputs and input services referred to in the second proviso to sub-section (4) of section 17 and not covered under clause (a);
- (c) fifty per cent. of the remaining amount of input tax shall be the input tax credit admissible to the company or the institution²[and the balance amount of input tax credit shall be reversed in FORM GSTR-3B];
- ³[(d) ***]

39. Procedure for distribution of input tax credit by Input Service Distributor.

<i>Sec: 20</i>	<i>Forms: GSTR-6</i>
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- (1) An Input Service Distributor shall distribute input tax credit in the manner and subject to the following conditions, namely,-
 - (a) the input tax credit available for distribution in a month shall be distributed in the same month and the details thereof shall be furnished in **FORM GSTR-6** in accordance with the provisions of Chapter VIII of these rules;
 - (b) the Input Service Distributor shall, in accordance with the provisions of clause (d), separately distribute the amount of ineligible input tax credit (ineligible under the provisions of sub-section (5) of section 17 or otherwise) and the amount of eligible input tax credit;
 - (c) the input tax credit on account of central tax, State tax, Union territory tax and integrated tax shall be distributed separately in accordance with the provisions of clause (d);
 - (d) the input tax credit that is required to be distributed in accordance with the provisions of clause (d) and (e) of sub-section (2) of section 20 to one of the recipients ‘R1’, whether registered or not, from amongst the total of all the recipients to whom input tax credit is attributable, including the recipient(s) who are engaged in making exempt supply, or are otherwise not registered for any reason, shall be the amount, “C1”, to be calculated by applying the following formula -

¹ *Omtd.* the word, letters and figure, “in FORM GSTR-2” w.e.f. 01.10.2022 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2022; Notification No. 19/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022.

² *Subs.* for the words, letters and figure, “and shall be furnished in FORM GSTR-2” w.e.f. 01.10.2022 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2022; Notification No. 19/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022.

³ *Omtd.* w.e.f. 01.10.2022 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2022; Notification No. 19/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022. Formerly it read: “(d) the amount referred to in clauses (b) and (c) shall, subject to the provisions of sections 41, 42 and 43, be credited to the electronic credit ledger of the said company or the institution.”

$$C_1 = (t_1 \div T) \times C$$

where,

“C” is the amount of credit to be distributed.

“ t_1 ” is the turnover, as referred to in section 20, of person R_1 during the relevant period, and

“T” is the aggregate of the turnover, during the relevant period, of all recipients to whom the input service is attributable in accordance with the provisions of section 20;

- (e) the input tax credit on account of integrated tax shall be distributed as input tax credit of integrated tax to every recipient;
- (f) the input tax credit on account of central tax and State tax or Union territory tax shall-
 - (i) in respect of a recipient located in the same State or Union territory in which the Input Service Distributor is located, be distributed as input tax credit of central tax and State tax or Union territory tax respectively;
 - (ii) in respect of a recipient located in a State or Union territory other than that of the Input Service Distributor, be distributed as integrated tax and the amount to be so distributed shall be equal to the aggregate of the amount of input tax credit of central tax and State tax or Union territory tax that qualifies for distribution to such recipient in accordance with clause (d);
- (g) the Input Service Distributor shall issue an Input Service Distributor invoice, as prescribed in sub-rule (1) of rule 54, clearly indicating in such invoice that it is issued only for distribution of input tax credit;
- (h) the Input Service Distributor shall issue an Input Service Distributor credit note, as prescribed in sub-rule (1) of rule 54, for reduction of credit in case the input tax credit already distributed gets reduced for any reason;
- (i) any additional amount of input tax credit on account of issuance of a debit note to an Input Service Distributor by the supplier shall be distributed in the manner and subject to the conditions specified in clauses (a) to (f) and the amount attributable to any recipient shall be calculated in the manner provided in clause (d) and such credit shall be distributed in the month in which the debit note is included in the return in **FORM GSTR-6**;
- (j) any input tax credit required to be reduced on account of issuance of a credit note to the Input Service Distributor by the supplier shall be apportioned to each recipient in the same ratio in which the input tax credit contained in the original invoice was distributed in terms of clause (d), and the amount so apportioned shall be-
 - (i) reduced from the amount to be distributed in the month in which the credit note is included in the return in **FORM GSTR-6**; or

- (ii) added to the output tax liability of the recipient where the amount so apportioned is in the negative by virtue of the amount of credit under distribution being less than the amount to be adjusted.
- (2) If the amount of input tax credit distributed by an Input Service Distributor is reduced later on for any other reason for any of the recipients, including that it was distributed to a wrong recipient by the Input Service Distributor, the process specified in clause (j) of sub-rule (1) shall apply, *mutatis mutandis*, for reduction of credit.
- (3) Subject to sub-rule (2), the Input Service Distributor shall, on the basis of the Input Service Distributor credit note specified in clause (h) of sub-rule (1), issue an Input Service Distributor invoice to the recipient entitled to such credit and include the Input Service Distributor credit note and the Input Service Distributor invoice in the return in **FORM GSTR-6** for the month in which such credit note and invoice was issued.

40. Manner of claiming credit in special circumstances.

Sec: 18

Forms: ITC-01, GSTR-1, GSTR-4

- (1) The input tax credit claimed in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 18 on the inputs held in stock or inputs contained in semi-finished or finished goods held in stock, or the credit claimed on capital goods in accordance with the provisions of clauses (c) and (d) of the said sub-section, shall be subject to the following conditions, namely,-
 - (a) the input tax credit on capital goods, in terms of clauses (c) and (d) of sub-section (1) of section 18, shall be claimed after reducing the tax paid on such capital goods by five percentage points per quarter of a year or part thereof from the date of the invoice or such other documents on which the capital goods were received by the taxable person.
 - ¹[(b) the registered person shall within a period of thirty days from the date of becoming eligible to avail the input tax credit under sub-section (1) of section 18, or within such further period as may be extended by the Commissioner by a notification in this behalf, shall make a declaration, electronically, on the common portal in **FORM GST ITC-01** to the effect that he is eligible to avail the input tax credit as aforesaid:

Provided that any extension of the time limit notified by the Commissioner of State tax or the Commissioner of Union territory tax shall be deemed to be notified by the Commissioner];

 - (c) the declaration under clause (b) shall clearly specify the details relating to the inputs held in stock or inputs contained in semi-finished or finished goods held in stock, or as the case may be, capital goods—

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.07.2017 vide Notification No. 22/2017-CT, dt. 17.08.2017. Formerly rule 40(1)(b) read:
“the registered person shall within a period of thirty days from the date of his becoming eligible to avail the input tax credit under sub-section (1) of section 18 shall make a declaration, electronically, on the common portal in **FORM GST ITC-01** to the effect that he is eligible to avail the input tax credit as aforesaid”.

- (i) on the day immediately preceding the date from which he becomes liable to pay tax under the provisions of the Act, in the case of a claim under clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 18;
 - (ii) on the day immediately preceding the date of the grant of registration, in the case of a claim under clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 18;
 - (iii) on the day immediately preceding the date from which he becomes liable to pay tax under section 9, in the case of a claim under clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 18;
 - (iv) on the day immediately preceding the date from which the supplies made by the registered person becomes taxable, in the case of a claim under clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 18;
 - (d) the details furnished in the declaration under clause (b) shall be duly certified by a practicing chartered accountant or a cost accountant if the aggregate value of the claim on account of central tax, State tax, Union territory tax and integrated tax exceeds two lakh rupees;
 - (e) the input tax credit claimed in accordance with the provisions of clauses (c) and (d) of sub-section (1) of section 18 shall be verified with the corresponding details furnished by the corresponding supplier in **FORM GSTR-1** or as the case may be, in **FORM GSTR-4**, on the common portal.
- (2) The amount of credit in the case of supply of capital goods or plant and machinery, for the purposes of sub-section (6) of section 18, shall be calculated by reducing the input tax on the said goods at the rate of five percentage points for every quarter or part thereof from the date of the issue of the invoice for such goods.

41. Transfer of credit on sale, merger, amalgamation, lease or transfer of a business.

Sec: 18	Forms: ITC-02
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- (1) A registered person shall, in the event of sale, merger, de-merger, amalgamation, lease or transfer or change in the ownership of business for any reason, furnish the details of sale, merger, de-merger, amalgamation, lease or transfer of business, in **FORM GST ITC-02**, electronically on the common portal along with a request for transfer of unutilized input tax credit lying in his electronic credit ledger to the transferee:

Provided that in the case of demerger, the input tax credit shall be apportioned in the ratio of the value of assets of the new units as specified in the demerger scheme.

¹[*Explanation:* - For the purpose of this sub-rule, it is hereby clarified that the “value of assets” means the value of the entire assets of the business, whether or not input tax credit has been availed thereon.]

- (2) The transferor shall also submit a copy of a certificate issued by a practicing chartered accountant or cost accountant certifying that the sale, merger, de-merger, amalgamation, lease or transfer of business has been done with a specific provision for the transfer of liabilities.

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 29.03.2019 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 16/2019, dt. 29.03.2019.

- (3) The transferee shall, on the common portal, accept the details so furnished by the transferor and, upon such acceptance, the un-utilized credit specified in **FORM GST ITC-02** shall be credited to his electronic credit ledger.
- (4) The inputs and capital goods so transferred shall be duly accounted for by the transferee in his books of account.

¹[41A. Transfer of credit on obtaining separate registration for multiple places of business within a State or Union territory

<i>Sec: 18</i>	<i>Forms: GST ITC-02A</i>
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(1) A registered person who has obtained separate registration for multiple places of business in accordance with the provisions of rule 11 and who intends to transfer, either wholly or partly, the unutilised input tax credit lying in his electronic credit ledger to any or all of the newly registered place of business, shall furnish within a period of thirty days from obtaining such separate registrations, the details in **FORM GST ITC-02A** electronically on the common portal, either directly or through a Facilitation Centre notified in this behalf by the Commissioner:

Provided that the input tax credit shall be transferred to the newly registered entities in the ratio of the value of assets held by them at the time of registration.

Explanation.- For the purposes of this sub-rule, it is hereby clarified that the ‘value of assets’ means the value of the entire assets of the business whether or not input tax credit has been availed thereon.

- (2) The newly registered person (transferee) shall, on the common portal, accept the details so furnished by the registered person (transferor) and, upon such acceptance, the unutilised input tax credit specified in **FORM GST ITC-02A** shall be credited to his electronic credit ledger.]

42. Manner of determination of input tax credit in respect of inputs or input services and reversal thereof.

<i>Sec: 17(1) to 17(3)</i>	<i>Forms: GSTR-3B</i>
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- (1) The input tax credit in respect of inputs or input services, which attract the provisions of sub-section (1) or sub-section (2) of section 17, being partly used for the purposes of business and partly for other purposes, or partly used for effecting taxable supplies including zero rated supplies and partly for effecting exempt supplies, shall be attributed to the purposes of business or for effecting taxable supplies in the following manner, namely,-
 - (a) the total input tax involved on inputs and input services in a tax period, be denoted as ‘T’;

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 vide CGST (I Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 3/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019.

- (b) the amount of input tax, out of ‘T’, attributable to inputs and input services intended to be used exclusively for the purposes other than business, be denoted as ‘ T_1 ’;
- (c) the amount of input tax, out of ‘T’, attributable to inputs and input services intended to be used exclusively for effecting exempt supplies, be denoted as ‘ T_2 ’;
- (d) the amount of input tax, out of ‘T’, in respect of inputs and input services on which credit is not available under sub-section (5) of section 17, be denoted as ‘ T_3 ’;
- (e) the amount of input tax credit credited to the electronic credit ledger of registered person, be denoted as ‘ C_1 ’ and calculated as-

$$C_1 = T - (T_1 + T_2 + T_3);$$

- (f) the amount of input tax credit attributable to inputs and input services intended to be used exclusively for effecting supplies other than exempted but including zero rated supplies, be denoted as ‘ T_4 ’;

¹[Explanation: For the purpose of this clause, it is hereby clarified that in case of supply of services covered by clause (b) of paragraph 5 of Schedule II of the said Act, value of T_4 shall be zero during the construction phase because inputs and input services will be commonly used for construction of apartments booked on or before the date of issuance of completion certificate or first occupation of the project, whichever is earlier, and those which are not booked by the said date.]

- (g) ‘ T_1 ’, ‘ T_2 ’, ‘ T_3 ’ and ‘ T_4 ’ shall be determined and declared by the registered person ²[***] ³[at summary level in **FORM GSTR-3B**];
- (h) input tax credit left after attribution of input tax credit under clause ⁴[(f)] shall be called common credit, be denoted as ‘ C_2 ’ and calculated as-

$$C_2 = C_1 - T_4;$$

- (i) the amount of input tax credit attributable towards exempt supplies, be denoted as ‘ D_1 ’ and calculated as-

$$D_1 = (E \div F) \times C_2$$

where,

‘E’ is the aggregate value of exempt supplies during the tax period, and

‘F’ is the total turnover in the State of the registered person during the tax period:

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 01.04.2019 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 16/2019-CT, dt. 29.03.2019.

² Omttd. the words, letters and figure, “at the invoice level in FORM GSTR-2 and” w.e.f. 01.10.2022 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2022; Notification No. 19/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022.

³ Ins. w.e.f. 01.04.2019 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 16/2019-CT, dt. 29.03.2019.

⁴ Subs w.e.f. 01.04.2019 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 16/2019-CT, dt. 29.03.2019. Formerly the brackets and letter “(f)”, read as “(g)”.

¹[Provided that in case of supply of services covered by clause (b) of paragraph 5 of Schedule II of the Act, the value of ‘E/F’ for a tax period shall be calculated for each project separately, taking value of E and F as under:-

E= aggregate carpet area of the apartments, construction of which is exempt from tax plus aggregate carpet area of the apartments, construction of which is not exempt from tax, but are identified by the promoter to be sold after issue of completion certificate or first occupation, whichever is earlier;

F= aggregate carpet area of the apartments in the project;

Explanation 1: In the tax period in which the issuance of completion certificate or first occupation of the project takes place, value of E shall also include aggregate carpet area of the apartments, which have not been booked till the date of issuance of completion certificate or first occupation of the project, whichever is earlier;

Explanation 2: Carpet area of apartments, tax on construction of which is paid or payable at the rates specified for items (i), (ia), (ib), (ic) or (id), against serial number 3 of the Table in the notification No. 11/2017-Central Tax (Rate), published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i) dated 28th June, 2017 vide GSR number 690(E) dated 28th June, 2017, as amended, shall be taken into account for calculation of value of ‘E’ in view of Explanation (iv) in paragraph 4 of the notification No. 11/2017-Central Tax (Rate), published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i) dated 28th June, 2017 vide GSR number 690(E) dated 28th June, 2017, as amended.]

²[Provided further] that where the registered person does not have any turnover during the said tax period or the aforesaid information is not available, the value of ‘E/F’ shall be calculated by taking values of ‘E’ and ‘F’ of the last tax period for which the details of such turnover are available, previous to the month during which the said value of ‘E/F’ is to be calculated;

Explanation: For the purposes of this clause, it is hereby clarified that the aggregate value of exempt supplies and the total turnover shall exclude the amount of any duty or tax levied under entry 84³[and entry 92A] of List I of the Seventh Schedule to the Constitution and entry 51 and 54 of List II of the said Schedule;

- (j) the amount of credit attributable to non-business purposes if common inputs and input services are used partly for business and partly for non-business purposes, be denoted as ‘D₂’, and shall be equal to five per cent. of C₂; and

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 01.04.2019 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 16/2019-CT, dt. 29.03.2019.

² Subs. w.e.f. 01.04.2019 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 16/2019-CT, dt. 29.03.2019. Formerly read as “Provided”.

³ Ins. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 vide CGST (I Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 3/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019.

- (k) the remainder of the common credit shall be the eligible input tax credit attributed to the purposes of business and for effecting supplies other than exempted supplies but including zero rated supplies and shall be denoted as ‘C₃’, where,-

$$C_3 = C_2 - (D_1 + D_2);$$

- ¹[(l) the amount ‘C₃’, ‘D₁’ and ‘D₂’ shall be computed separately for input tax credit of central tax, State tax, Union territory tax and integrated tax and declared in **FORM GSTR-3B** or through **FORM GST DRC-03**;
- (m) the amount equal to aggregate of ‘D₁’ and ‘D₂’ shall be ²[reversed by the registered person in **FORM GSTR-3B** or through **FORM GST DRC-03**] :
- Provided that where the amount of input tax relating to inputs or input services used partly for the purposes other than business and partly for effecting exempt supplies has been identified and segregated at the invoice level by the registered person, the same shall be included in ‘T₁’ and ‘T₂’ respectively, and the remaining amount of credit on such inputs or input services shall be included in ‘T₄’.
- (2) ³[Except in case of supply of services covered by clause (b) of paragraph 5 of the Schedule II of the Act, the input tax credit] determined under sub-rule (1) shall be calculated finally for the financial year before the due date for furnishing of the return for the month of September following the end of the financial year to which such credit relates, in the manner specified in the said sub-rule and-
- (a) where the aggregate of the amounts calculated finally in respect of ‘D₁’ and ‘D₂’ exceeds the aggregate of the amounts determined under sub-rule (1) in respect of ‘D₁’ and ‘D₂’, such excess shall be ⁴[reversed by the registered person in **FORM GSTR-3B** or through **FORM GST DRC-03**] in the month not later than the month of September following the end of the financial year to which such credit relates and the said person shall be liable to pay interest on the said excess amount at the rate specified in sub-section (1) of section 50 for the period starting from the first day of April of the succeeding financial year till the date of payment; or
 - (b) where the aggregate of the amounts determined under sub-rule (1) in respect of ‘D₁’ and ‘D₂’ exceeds the aggregate of the amounts calculated finally in respect of ‘D₁’ and ‘D₂’, such excess amount shall be claimed as credit by the registered

¹ Subs w.e.f. 01.04.2019 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 16/2019-CT, dt. 29.03.2019. Formerly read as : “(l) the amount ‘C₃’ shall be computed separately for input tax credit of central tax, State tax, Union territory tax and integrated tax;”.

² Subs w.e.f. 01.04.2019 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 16/2019-CT, dt. 29.03.2019, for the text, “added to the output tax liability of the registered person”.

³ Subs. w.e.f. 01.04.2019 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 16/2019-CT, dt.29.03.2019, for the text, “The input tax credit”.

⁴ Subs. w.e.f. 01.04.2019 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 16/2019-CT, dt. 29.03.2019, for the text, “added to the output tax liability of the registered person”.

person in his return for a month not later than the month of September following the end of the financial year to which such credit relates.

- ¹(3) In case of supply of services covered by clause (b) of paragraph 5 of the Schedule II of the Act, the input tax determined under sub-rule (1) shall be calculated finally, for each ongoing project or project which commences on or after 1st April, 2019, which did not undergo or did not require transition of input tax credit consequent to change of rates of tax on 1st April, 2019 in accordance with notification No. 11/2017- Central Tax (Rate), dated the 28th June, 2017, published vide GSR No. 690(E) dated the 28th June, 2017, as amended for the entire period from the commencement of the project or 1st July, 2017, whichever is later, to the completion or first occupation of the project, whichever is earlier, before the due date for furnishing of the return for the month of September following the end of financial year in which the completion certificate is issued or first occupation takes place of the project, in the manner prescribed in the said sub-rule, with the modification that value of E/F shall be calculated taking value of E and F as under:

E= aggregate carpet area of the apartments, construction of which is exempt from tax plus aggregate carpet area of the apartments, construction of which is not exempt from tax, but which have not been booked till the date of issuance of completion certificate or first occupation of the project, whichever is earlier:

F= aggregate carpet area of the apartments in the project;

and,-

- (a) where the aggregate of the amounts calculated finally in respect of 'D1' and 'D2' exceeds the aggregate of the amounts determined under sub-rule (1) in respect of 'D1' and 'D2', such excess shall be reversed by the registered person in **FORM GSTR-3B** or through **FORM GST DRC-03** in the month not later than the month of September following the end of the financial year in which the completion certificate is issued or first occupation of the project takes place and the said person shall be liable to pay interest on the said excess amount at the rate specified in sub-section (1) of section 50 for the period starting from the first day of April of the succeeding financial year till the date of payment; or
 - (b) where the aggregate of the amounts determined under sub-rule (1) in respect of 'D1' and 'D2' exceeds the aggregate of the amounts calculated finally in respect of 'D1' and 'D2', such excess amount shall be claimed as credit by the registered person in his return for a month not later than the month of September following the end of the financial year in which the completion certificate is issued or first occupation takes place of the project.
- (4) In case of supply of services covered by clause (b) of paragraph 5 of Schedule II of the Act, the input tax determined under sub-rule (1) shall be calculated finally, for commercial portion in each project, other than residential real estate project (RREP), which underwent transition of input tax credit consequent to change of rates of tax on

¹ Ins. Sl. No. (3) to (6) w.e.f. 01.04.2019 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 16/2019-CT, dt. 29.03.2019.

the 1st April, 2019 in accordance with notification No. 11/2017- Central Tax (Rate), dated the 28th June, 2017, published vide GSR No. 690(E) dated the 28th June, 2017, as amended for the entire period from the commencement of the project or 1st July, 2017, whichever is later, to the completion or first occupation of the project, whichever is earlier, before the due date for furnishing of the return for the month of September following the end of financial year in which the completion certificate is issued or first occupation takes place of the project, in the following manner.

- (a) The aggregate amount of common credit on commercial portion in the project ($C3_{\text{aggregate_comm}}$) shall be calculated as under,

$C3_{\text{aggregate_comm}} = [\text{aggregate of amounts of } C3 \text{ determined under sub- rule (1) for the tax periods starting from 1st July, 2017 to 31st March, 2019, } \times (AC / AT)] + [\text{aggregate of amounts of } C3 \text{ determined under sub- rule (1) for the tax periods starting from 1st April, 2019 to the date of completion or first occupation of the project, whichever is earlier}]$

Where, -

AC = total carpet area of the commercial apartments in the project

AT = total carpet area of all apartments in the project

- (b) The amount of final eligible common credit on commercial portion in the project ($C3_{\text{final_comm}}$) shall be calculated as under

$C3_{\text{final_comm}} = C3_{\text{aggregate_comm}} \times (E / F)$

Where, -

E = total carpet area of commercial apartments which have not been booked till the date of issuance of completion certificate or first occupation of the project, whichever is earlier.

$F = AC$ = total carpet area of the commercial apartments in the project

- (c) where, $C3_{\text{aggregate_comm}}$ exceeds $C3_{\text{final_comm}}$, such excess shall be reversed by the registered person in **FORM GSTR-3B** or through **FORM GST DRC-03** in the month not later than the month of September following the end of the financial year in which the completion certificate is issued or first occupation takes place of the project and the said person shall be liable to pay interest on the said excess amount at the rate specified in sub-section (1) of section 50 for the period starting from the first day of April of the succeeding financial year till the date of payment;
 - (d) where, $C3_{\text{final_comm}}$ exceeds $C3_{\text{aggregate_comm}}$, such excess amount shall be claimed as credit by the registered person in his return for a month not later than the month of September following the end of the financial year in which the completion certificate is issued or first occupation takes place of the project.
- (5) Input tax determined under sub- rule (1) shall not be required to be calculated finally on completion or first occupation of an RREP which underwent transition of input tax credit consequent to change of rates of tax on 1st April, 2019 in accordance with

notification No. 11/2017-Central Tax (Rate), dated the 28th June, 2017, published vide GSR No. 690(E) dated the 28th June, 2017, as amended.

- (6) Where any input or input service are used for more than one project, input tax credit with respect to such input or input service shall be assigned to each project on a reasonable basis and credit reversal pertaining to each project shall be carried out as per sub-rule (3).]

43. Manner of determination of input tax credit in respect of capital goods and reversal thereof in certain cases.

Sec: 17(1) to 17(3)	Forms: GSTR-3B
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- (1) Subject to the provisions of sub-section (3) of section 16, the input tax credit in respect of capital goods, which attract the provisions of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 17, being partly used for the purposes of business and partly for other purposes, or partly used for effecting taxable supplies including zero rated supplies and partly for effecting exempt supplies, shall be attributed to the purposes of business or for effecting taxable supplies in the following manner, namely,-

- (a) the amount of input tax in respect of capital goods used or intended to be used exclusively for non-business purposes or used or intended to be used exclusively for effecting exempt supplies shall be indicated in ¹[***] ²**[FORM GSTR-3B]** and shall not be credited to his electronic credit ledger;
- (b) the amount of input tax in respect of capital goods used or intended to be used exclusively for effecting supplies other than exempted supplies but including zero-rated supplies shall be indicated in ³[***] ⁴**[FORM GSTR-3B]** and shall be credited to the electronic credit ledger;

⁵*[Explanation:* For the purpose of this clause, it is hereby clarified that in case of supply of services covered by clause (b) of paragraph 5 of the Schedule II of the said Act, the amount of input tax in respect of capital goods used or intended to be used exclusively for effecting supplies other than exempted supplies but including zero rated supplies, shall be zero during the construction phase because capital goods will be commonly used for construction of apartments booked on or before the date of issuance of completion certificate or first occupation of the project, whichever is earlier, and those which are not booked by the said date.]

¹ *Omtd.* the words, letters and figure, “Form GSTR-2 and” w.e.f. 01.10.2022 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2022; Notification No. 19/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022.

² *Ins.* w.e.f. 01.04.2019 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 16/2019-CT, dt. 29.03.2019.

³ *Omtd.* the words, letters and figure, “Form GSTR-2 and” w.e.f. 01.10.2022 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2022; Notification No. 19/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022.

⁴ *Ins.* w.e.f. 01.04.2019 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 16/2019-CT, dt. 29.03.2019.

⁵ *Ins.* w.e.f. 01.04.2019 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 16/2019-CT, dt. 29.03.2019.

- ¹[(c) the amount of input tax in respect of capital goods not covered under clauses (a) and (b), denoted as ‘A’, being the amount of tax as reflected on the invoice, shall credit directly to the electronic credit ledger and the validity of the useful life of such goods shall extend upto five years from the date of the invoice for such goods:

Provided that where any capital goods earlier covered under clause (a) is subsequently covered under this clause, input tax in respect of such capital goods denoted as ‘A’ shall be credited to the electronic credit ledger subject to the condition that the ineligible credit attributable to the period during which such capital goods were covered by clause (a), denoted as ‘ T_{ie} ’, shall be calculated at the rate of five percentage points for every quarter or part thereof and added to the output tax liability of the tax period in which such credit is claimed:

Provided further that the amount ‘ T_{ie} ’ shall be computed separately for input tax credit of central tax, State tax, Union territory tax and integrated tax and declared in **FORM GSTR-3B**.

Explanation.- An item of capital goods declared under clause (a) on its receipt shall not attract the provisions of sub-section (4) of section 18, if it is subsequently covered under this clause.]

- (d) ²[the aggregate of the amounts of ‘A’ credited to the electronic credit ledger under clause (c) in respect of common capital goods whose useful life remains during the tax period, to be denoted as ‘ T_c ’, shall be the common credit in respect of such capital goods:

Provided that where any capital goods earlier covered under clause (b) are subsequently covered under clause (c), the input tax credit claimed in respect of such capital good(s) shall be added to arrive at the aggregate value ‘ T_c ;]

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.04.2020 vide CGST (III Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 16/2020-CT, dt. 23.03.2020. Formerly it read:

“(c) the amount of input tax in respect of capital goods not covered under clauses (a) and (b), denoted as ‘A’, shall be credited to the electronic credit ledger and the useful life of such goods shall be taken as five years from the date of the invoice for such goods:

Provided that where any capital goods earlier covered under clause (a) is subsequently covered under this clause, the value of ‘A’ shall be arrived at by reducing the input tax at the rate of five percentage points for every quarter or part thereof and the amount ‘A’ shall be credited to the electronic credit ledger;

Explanation.- An item of capital goods declared under clause (a) on its receipt shall not attract the provisions of sub-section (4) of section 18, if it is subsequently covered under this clause.”.

² Subs. w.e.f. 01.04.2020 vide CGST (III Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 16/2020-CT, dt. 23.03.2020. Formerly it read:

“the aggregate of the amounts of ‘A’ credited to the electronic credit ledger under clause (c), to be denoted as ‘ T_c ’, shall be the common credit in respect of capital goods for a tax period:

Provided that where any capital goods earlier covered under clause (b) is subsequently covered under clause (c), the value of ‘A’ arrived at by reducing the input tax at the rate of five percentage points for every quarter or part thereof shall be added to the aggregate value ‘ T_c ;”.

- (e) the amount of input tax credit attributable to a tax period on common capital goods during their useful life, be denoted as ‘ T_m ’ and calculated as-

$$T_m = T_c \div 60$$

¹[Explanation.- For the removal of doubt, it is clarified that useful life of any capital goods shall be considered as five years from the date of invoice and the said formula shall be applicable during the useful life of the said capital goods.]

²[***]

- (g) the amount of common credit attributable towards exempted supplies, be denoted as ‘ T_e ’, and calculated as-

$$T_e = (E \div F) \times T_r$$

where,

‘E’ is the aggregate value of exempt supplies, made, during the tax period, and

‘F’ is the total turnover ³[in the State] of the registered person during the tax period:

⁴[Provided that in case of supply of services covered by clause (b) of paragraph 5 of the Schedule II of the Act, the value of ‘E/F’ for a tax period shall be calculated for each project separately, taking value of E and F as under:

E= aggregate carpet area of the apartments, construction of which is exempt from tax plus aggregate carpet area of the apartments, construction of which is not exempt from tax, but are identified by the promoter to be sold after issue of completion certificate or first occupation, whichever is earlier;

F= aggregate carpet area of the apartments in the project;

Explanation 1: In the tax period in which the issuance of completion certificate or first occupation of the project takes place, value of E shall also include aggregate carpet area of the apartments, which have not been booked till the date of issuance of completion certificate or first occupation of the project, whichever is earlier.

Explanation 2: Carpet area of apartments, tax on construction of which is paid or payable at the rates specified for items (i), (ia), (ib), (ic) or (id), against serial number 3 of the Table in notification No. 11/2017-Central Tax (Rate) published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub section (i) dated 28th June, 2017 vide GSR No. 690 (E) dated 28th June, 2017, as amended, shall be taken into account for calculation of value of ‘E’ in view of Explanation (iv)

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 01.04.2020 vide CGST (III Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 16/2020-CT, dt. 23.03.2020.

² Omtd. w.e.f. 01.04.2020 vide CGST (III Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 16/2020-CT, dt. 23.03.2020. Formerly it read:

“(f) the amount of input tax credit, at the beginning of a tax period, on all common capital goods whose useful life remains during the tax period, be denoted as ‘ T_r ’ and shall be the aggregate of ‘ T_m ’ for all such capital goods;”.

³ Ins. w.e.f. 01.04.2019 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 16/2019-CT, dt. 29.03.2019.

⁴ Ins. w.e.f. 01.04.2019 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 16/2019-CT, dt. 29.03.2019.

in paragraph 4 of the notification No. 11/2017-Central Tax (Rate) published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i) dated the 28th June, 2017 vide GSR No. 690 (E) dated 28th June, 2017, as amended.]

¹[Provided further] that where the registered person does not have any turnover during the said tax period or the aforesaid information is not available, the value of 'E/F' shall be calculated by taking values of 'E' and 'F' of the last tax period for which the details of such turnover are available, previous to the month during which the said value of 'E/F' is to be calculated;

Explanation.- For the purposes of this clause, it is hereby clarified that the aggregate value of exempt supplies and the total turnover shall exclude the amount of any duty or tax levied under entry 84 ²[and entry 92A] of List I of the Seventh Schedule to the Constitution and entry 51 and 54 of List II of the said Schedule;

- (h) the amount T_e along with the applicable interest shall, during every tax period of the useful life of the concerned capital goods, be added to the output tax liability of the person making such claim of credit.
- ³[(i) The amount T_e shall be computed separately for input tax credit of central tax, State tax, Union territory tax and integrated tax and declared in **FORM GSTR-3B.**]

- ⁴[(2) In case of supply of services covered by clause (b) of paragraph 5 of schedule II of the Act, the amount of common credit attributable towards exempted supplies (T_e^{final}) shall be calculated finally for the entire period from the commencement of the project or 1st July, 2017, whichever is later, to the completion or first occupation of the project, whichever is earlier, for each project separately, before the due date for furnishing of the return for the month of September following the end of financial year in which the completion certificate is issued or first occupation takes place of the project, as under:

$$T_e^{\text{final}} = [(E1 + E2 + E3) / F] \times T_c^{\text{final}},$$

Where,-

E1 = aggregate carpet area of the apartments, construction of which is exempt from tax

E2 = aggregate carpet area of the apartments, supply of which is partly exempt and partly taxable, consequent to change of rates of tax on 1st April, 2019, which shall be calculated as under, -

$$E2 = [\text{Carpet area of such apartments}] \times [V1 / (V1 + V2)], -$$

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.04.2019 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 16/2019-CT, dt. 29.03.2019, for the word, "Provided".

² Ins. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 vide CGST (I Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 3/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019.

³ Ins. w.e.f. 01.04.2019 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 16/2019-CT, dt. 29.03.2019.

⁴ Subs. w.e.f. 01.04.2019 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 16/2019-CT, dt. 29.03.2019, for the word, "The amount T_e shall be computed separately for central tax, State tax, Union territory tax and integrated tax."

Where,-

V_1 is the total value of supply of such apartments which was exempt from tax; and

V_2 is the total value of supply of such apartments which was taxable

E_3 = aggregate carpet area of the apartments, construction of which is not exempt from tax, but have not been booked till the date of issuance of completion certificate or first occupation of the project, whichever is earlier:

F = aggregate carpet area of the apartments in the project;

Tc^{final} = aggregate of A^{final} in respect of all capital goods used in the project and A^{final} for each capital goods shall be calculated as under,

$A^{\text{final}} = A \times (\text{number of months for which capital goods is used for the project} / 60)$

and,-

- (a) where value of Te^{final} exceeds the aggregate of amounts of Te determined for each tax period under sub-rule (1), such excess shall be reversed by the registered person in **FORM GSTR-3B** or through **FORM GSTDRC-03** in the month not later than the month of September following the end of the financial year in which the completion certificate is issued or first occupation takes place of the project and the said person shall be liable to pay interest on the said excess amount at the rate specified in sub-section (1) of section 50 for the period starting from the first day of April of the succeeding financial year till the date of payment; or
- (b) where aggregate of amounts of Te determined for each tax period under sub-rule (1) exceeds Te^{final} , such excess amount shall be claimed as credit by the registered person in his return for a month not later than the month of September following the end of the financial year in which the completion certificate is issued or first occupation takes place of the project.

Explanation- For the purpose of calculation of Tc^{final} , part of the month shall be treated as one complete month.

- (3) The amount Te^{final} and Tc^{final} shall be computed separately for input tax credit of central tax, State tax, Union territory tax and integrated tax.
- (4) Where any capital goods are used for more than one project, input tax credit with respect to such capital goods shall be assigned to each project on a reasonable basis and credit reversal pertaining to each project shall be carried out as per sub-rule (2).
- (5) Where any capital goods used for the project have their useful life remaining on the completion of the project, input tax credit attributable to the remaining life shall be availed in the project in which the capital goods is further used;]

¹[²{Explanation 1}:-For the purposes of rule 42 and this rule, it is hereby clarified that the aggregate value of exempt supplies shall exclude:-

³{(a) ***}]

(b) the value of services by way of accepting deposits, extending loans or advances in so far as the consideration is represented by way of interest or discount, except in case of a banking company or a financial institution including a non-banking financial company, engaged in supplying services by way of accepting deposits, extending loans or advances; and

⁴{***}]

⁵[(d) the value of supply of Duty Credit Scrips specified in the notification of the Government of India, Ministry of Finance, Department of Revenue No. 35/2017-Central Tax (Rate), dated the 13th October, 2017, published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i), vide number GSR 1284(E), dated the 13th October, 2017.]

⁶[Explanation 2: For the purposes of rule 42 and this rule,-

- (i) the term “apartment” shall have the same meaning as assigned to it in clause (e) of section 2 of the Real Estate (Regulation and Development) Act, 2016 (16 of 2016);
- (ii) the term “project” shall mean a real estate project or a residential real estate project;
- (iii) the term “Real Estate Project (REP)” shall have the same meaning as assigned to it in clause (zn) of section 2 of the Real Estate (Regulation and Development) Act, 2016 (16 of 2016);

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 23.01.2018 vide Notification No. 3/2018-CT, dt. 23.01.2018. Earlier ins. w.e.f. 15.11.2017 vide Notification No. 55/2017-CT, dt. 15.11.2017, it read:

“Explanation:- For the purposes of rule 42 and this rule, it is hereby clarified that the aggregate value of exempt supplies shall exclude the value of supply of services specified in the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Finance, Department of Revenue No. 42/2017-IT(R), dated the 27th October, 2017 published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i), vide number GSR 1338(E) dated the 27th October, 2017.”.

² Subs. w.e.f. 01.04.2019 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 16/2019-CT, dt. 29.03.2019, for the word, “Explanation”.

³ Omtd. (a) w.e.f. 01.02.2019 vide CGST (I Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 3/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019. Formerly it read:

“the value of supply of services specified in the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Finance, Department of Revenue No. 42/2017-IT(R), dated the 27th October, 2017 published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i), vide number GSR 1338(E) dated the 27th October, 2017;”.

⁴ Omtd. w.e.f. 04.08.2023 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2023; Notification No. 38/2023-CT, dt. 04.08.2023. Earlier it read as : “(c) the value of supply of services by way of transportation of goods by a vessel from the customs station of clearance in India to a place outside India.”

⁵ Ins. w.e.f. 05.07.2022 vide CGST (Amendment) Rules, 2022; Notification No. 14/2022-CT, dt. 05.07.2022.

⁶ Ins. w.e.f. 01.04.2019 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 16/2019-CT, dt. 29.03.2019.

- (iv) the term “Residential Real Estate Project (RREP)” shall mean a REP in which the carpet area of the commercial apartments is not more than 15 per cent. of the total carpet area of all the apartments in the REP;
- (v) the term “promoter” shall have the same meaning as assigned to it in clause (zk) of section 2 of the Real Estate (Regulation and Development) Act, 2016 (16 of 2016);
- (vi) “Residential apartment” shall mean an apartment intended for residential use as declared to the Real Estate Regulatory Authority or to competent authority;
- (vii) “Commercial apartment” shall mean an apartment other than a residential apartment;
- (viii) the term “competent authority” as mentioned in definition of “residential apartment”, means the local authority or any authority created or established under any law for the time being in force by the Central Government or State Government or Union Territory Government, which exercises authority over land under its jurisdiction, and has powers to give permission for development of such immovable property;
- (ix) the term “Real Estate Regulatory Authority” shall mean the Authority established under sub- section (1) of section 20 (1) of the Real Estate (Regulation and Development) Act, 2016 (No. 16 of 2016) by the Central Government or State Government;
- (x) the term “carpet area” shall have the same meaning assigned to it in clause (k) of section 2 of the Real Estate (Regulation and Development) Act, 2016 (16 of 2016);
- (xi) “an apartment booked on or before the date of issuance of completion certificate or first occupation of the project” shall mean an apartment which meets all the following three conditions, namely
 - (a) part of supply of construction of the apartment service has time of supply on or before the said date; and
 - (b) consideration equal to at least one installment has been credited to the bank account of the registered person on or before the said date; and
 - (c) an allotment letter or sale agreement or any other similar document evidencing booking of the apartment has been issued on or before the said date.
- (xii) The term “ongoing project” shall have the same meaning as assigned to it in notification No. 11/2017-Central Tax (Rate), dated the 28th June, 2017, published vide GSR No. 690(E) dated the 28th June, 2017, as amended;
- (xiii) The term “project which commences on or after 1st April, 2019” shall have the same meaning as assigned to it in notification No. 11/2017-Central Tax (Rate), dated the 28th June, 2017, published vide GSR No. 690(E) dated the 28th June, 2017, as amended;]

¹[Explanation 3:- For the purpose of rule 42 and this rule, the value of activities or transactions mentioned in sub-paragraph (a) of paragraph 8 of Schedule III of the Act which is required to be included in the value of exempt supplies under clause (b) of the Explanation to sub-section (3) of section 17 of the Act shall be the value of supply of goods from Duty Free Shops at arrival terminal in international airports to the incoming passengers.]

44. Manner of reversal of credit under special circumstances.

Sec: 18(4), 29(5)	Forms: ITC-03, GSTR-1, GSTR-10
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- (1) The amount of input tax credit relating to inputs held in stock, inputs contained in semi-finished and finished goods held in stock, and capital goods held in stock shall, for the purposes of sub-section (4) of section 18 or sub-section (5) of section 29, be determined in the following manner, namely,-
- (a) for inputs held in stock and inputs contained in semi-finished and finished goods held in stock, the input tax credit shall be calculated proportionately on the basis of the corresponding invoices on which credit had been availed by the registered taxable person on such inputs;
 - (b) for capital goods held in stock, the input tax credit involved in the remaining useful life in months shall be computed on pro-rata basis, taking the useful life as five years.

Illustration:

Capital goods have been in use for 4 years, 6 month and 15 days.

The useful remaining life in months = 5 months ignoring a part of the month
Input tax credit taken on such capital goods = C

Input tax credit attributable to remaining useful life = C multiplied by 5/60

- ²[(2) The amount, as specified in sub-rule (1) shall be determined separately for input tax credit of central tax, State tax, Union territory tax and integrated tax.
- (3) Where the tax invoices related to the inputs held in stock are not available, the registered person shall estimate the amount under sub-rule (1) based on the prevailing market price of the goods on the effective date of the occurrence of any of the events specified in sub-section (4) of section 18 or, as the case may be, sub-section (5) of section 29.]

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 01.10.2023 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2023; Notification No. 38/2023-CT, dt. 04.08.2023.

² Subs. w.e.f. 01.07.2017 vide Notification No. 17/2017-CT, dt. 27.07.2017. Formerly rule 44 (2), (3) read:

“(2) The amount, as specified in sub-rule (1) shall be determined separately for input tax credit of [central tax, State tax, Union territory tax and integrated tax].

(3) Where the tax invoices related to the inputs held in stock are not available, the registered person shall estimate the amount under sub-rule (1) based on the prevailing market price of the goods on the effective date of the occurrence of any of the events specified in sub-section (4) of section 18 or, as the case may be, sub-section (5) of section 29.”.

Prior to this, the bracketed portion of rule 44(2) was subs. w.e.f. 01.07.2017, for the words “integrated tax and central tax” vide Notification No. 15/2017-CT, dt. 01.07.2017.

- (4) The amount determined under sub-rule (1) shall form part of the output tax liability of the registered person and the details of the amount shall be furnished in **FORM GST ITC-03**, where such amount relates to any event specified in sub-section (4) of section 18 and in **FORM GSTR-10**, where such amount relates to the cancellation of registration.
- (5) The details furnished in accordance with sub-rule (3) shall be duly certified by a practicing chartered accountant or cost accountant.
- (6) The amount of input tax credit for the purposes of sub-section (6) of section 18 relating to capital goods shall be determined in the same manner as specified in clause (b) of sub-rule (1) and the amount shall be determined separately for input tax credit of¹[central tax, State tax, Union territory tax and integrated tax]:

Provided that where the amount so determined is more than the tax determined on the transaction value of the capital goods, the amount determined shall form part of the output tax liability and the same shall be furnished in **FORM GSTR-1**.

²[44A. Manner of reversal of credit of Additional duty of Customs in respect of Gold dore bar.]

Sec: 18, 140	Forms: Nil
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The credit of Central tax in the electronic credit ledger taken in terms of the provisions of section 140 relating to the CENVAT Credit carried forward which had accrued on account of payment of the additional duty of customs levied under sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Customs Tariff Act, 1975 (51 of 1975), paid at the time of importation of gold dore bar, on the stock of gold dore bar held on the 1st day of July, 2017 or contained in gold or gold jewellery held in stock on the 1st day of July, 2017 made out of such imported gold dore bar, shall be restricted to one-sixth of such credit and five-sixth of such credit shall be debited from the electronic credit ledger at the time of supply of such gold dore bar or the gold or the gold jewellery made therefrom and where such supply has already been made, such debit shall be within one week from the date of commencement of these Rules.]

45. Conditions and restrictions in respect of inputs and capital goods sent to the job worker.

Sec: 19, 143	Forms: ITC-04, GSTR-I
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- (1) The inputs, semi-finished goods or capital goods shall be sent to the job worker under the cover of a challan issued by the principal, including where such goods are sent directly to a job-worker³[, and where the goods are sent from one job worker to another job worker, the challan may be issued either by the principal or the job worker sending the goods to another job worker:

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.07.2017, for the words and letters “IGST and CGST” vide Notification No. 15/2017-CT, dt. 01.07.2017.

² Ins. w.e.f. 17.08.2017 vide Notification No. 22/2017-CT, dt. 17.08.2017.

³ Ins. w.e.f. 23.03.2018 vide CGST (III Amendment) Rules, 2018; Notification No. 14/2018-CT, dt. 23.03.2018.

Provided that the challan issued by the principal may be endorsed by the job worker, indicating therein the quantity and description of goods where the goods are sent by one job worker to another or are returned to the principal:

Provided further that the challan endorsed by the job worker may be further endorsed by another job worker, indicating therein the quantity and description of goods where the goods are sent by one job worker to another or are returned to the principal.]

- (2) The challan issued by the principal to the job worker shall contain the details specified in rule 55.
- (3) The details of challans in respect of goods dispatched to a job worker or received from a job worker ¹[***] ²[during a specified period] shall be included in **FORM GST ITC-04** furnished for that period on or before the twenty-fifth day of the month succeeding ³[the said period] ⁴[or within such further period as may be extended by the Commissioner by a notification in this behalf]:

Provided that any extension of the time limit notified by the Commissioner of State tax or the Commissioner of Union territory tax shall be deemed to be notified by the Commissioner.]

⁵[*Explanation.* - For the purposes of this sub-rule, the expression “specified period” shall mean.-

- (a) the period of six consecutive months commencing on the 1st day of April and the 1st day of October in respect of a principal whose aggregate turnover during the immediately preceding financial year exceeds five crore rupees; and
- (b) a financial year in any other case.]
- (4) Where the inputs or capital goods are not returned to the principal within the time stipulated in section 143, it shall be deemed that such inputs or capital goods had been supplied by the principal to the job worker on the day when the said inputs or capital goods were sent out and the said supply shall be declared in **FORM GSTR-1** and the principal shall be liable to pay the tax along with applicable interest.

Explanation.- For the purposes of this Chapter,-

- (1) the expressions “capital goods” shall include “plant and machinery” as defined in the Explanation to section 17;
- (2) for determining the value of an exempt supply as referred to in sub-section (3) of section 17-

¹ *Omtd.* the words “or sent from one job worker to another” w.e.f. 31.12.2018 vide Notification No. 74/2018-CT, dt. 31.12.2018/2019-CT.

² *Subs.* w.e.f. 01.10.2021, for the words, “during a quarter” vide CGST (VIII Amendment) Rules, 2021; Notification No. 35/2021-CT, dt. 24.09.2021.

³ *Subs.* w.e.f. 01.10.2021, for the words, “the said quarter” vide CGST (VIII Amendment) Rules, 2021; Notification No. 35/2021-CT, dt. 24.09.2021.

⁴ *Ins.* w.e.f. 28.10.2017 vide Notification No. 51/2017-CT, dt. 28.10.2017.

⁵ *Ins.* w.e.f. 01.10.2021 vide CGST (VIII Amendment) Rules, 2021; Notification No. 35/2021-CT, dt. 24.09.2021.

- (a) the value of land and building shall be taken as the same as adopted for the purpose of paying stamp duty; and
- (b) the value of security shall be taken as one per cent. of the sale value of such security.

CHAPTER VI

TAX INVOICE, CREDIT AND DEBIT NOTES

46. Tax invoice.

Sec: 31	Forms: Nil
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Subject to rule 54, a tax invoice referred to in section 31 shall be issued by the registered person containing the following particulars, namely,-

- (a) name, address and Goods and Services Tax Identification Number of the supplier;
- (b) a consecutive serial number not exceeding sixteen characters, in one or multiple series, containing alphabets or numerals or special characters- hyphen or dash and slash symbolised as “-” and “/” respectively, and any combination thereof, unique for a financial year;
- (c) date of its issue;
- (d) name, address and Goods and Services Tax Identification Number or Unique Identity Number, if registered, of the recipient;
- (e) name and address of the recipient and the address of delivery, along with the name of the State and its code, if such recipient is un-registered and where the value of the taxable supply is fifty thousand rupees or more;
- (f) name and address of the recipient and the address of delivery, along with the name of the State and its code, if such recipient is un-registered and where the value of the taxable supply is less than fifty thousand rupees and the recipient requests that such details be recorded in the tax invoice;

¹[Provided that ²{in cases involving supply of online money gaming or in cases} where any taxable service is supplied by or through an electronic commerce operator or by a supplier of online information and database access or retrieval services to a recipient who is un-registered, irrespective of the value of such supply, a tax invoice issued by the registered person shall contain the ³{name of the state of the recipient and the same shall be deemed to be the address on record of the recipient}.]

- (g) Harmonised System of Nomenclature code for goods or services;
- (h) description of goods or services;
- (i) quantity in case of goods and unit or Unique Quantity Code thereof;
- (j) total value of supply of goods or services or both;

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 26.12.2022 vide Notification No. 26/2022-CT, dt. 26.12.2022.

² Ins. w.e.f. 01.10.2023 vide Notification No. 51/2023-CT, dt. 29.09.2023.

³ Subs. w.e.f. 04.08.2023 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2023; Notification No. 38/2023-CT, dt. 04.08.2023. Earlier it read as : “name and address of the recipient along with its PIN code and the name of the State and the said address shall be deemed to be the address on record of the recipient”.

- (k) taxable value of the supply of goods or services or both taking into account discount or abatement, if any;
 - (l) rate of tax (central tax, State tax, integrated tax, Union territory tax or cess);
 - (m) amount of tax charged in respect of taxable goods or services (central tax, State tax, integrated tax, Union territory tax or cess);
 - (n) place of supply along with the name of the State, in the case of a supply in the course of inter-State trade or commerce;
 - (o) address of delivery where the same is different from the place of supply;
 - (p) whether the tax is payable on reverse charge basis; and
 - (q) signature or digital signature of the supplier or his authorised representative:
- ¹[(r) ²{Quick Response} code, having embedded Invoice Reference Number (IRN) in it, in case invoice has been issued in the manner prescribed under sub-rule (4) of rule 48.]
- ³[(s) a declaration as below, that invoice is not required to be issued in the manner specified under sub-rule (4) of rule 48, in all cases where an invoice is issued, other than in the manner so specified under the said sub-rule (4) of rule 48, by the taxpayer having aggregate turnover in any preceding financial year from 2017-18 onwards more than the aggregate turnover as notified under the said sub-rule (4) of rule 48-
- “I/We hereby declare that though our aggregate turnover in any preceding financial year from 2017-18 onwards is more than the aggregate turnover notified under sub-rule (4) of rule 48, we are not required to prepare an invoice in terms of the provisions of the said sub-rule.”]

⁴[Provided that the Board may, on the recommendations of the Council, by notification, specify-

- (i) the number of digits of Harmonised System of Nomenclature code for goods or services that a class of registered persons shall be required to mention; or
- (ii) a class of supply of goods or services for which specified number of digits of Harmonised System of Nomenclature code shall be required to be mentioned by all registered taxpayers; and
- (iii) the class of registered persons that would not be required to mention the Harmonised System of Nomenclature code for goods or services:]

¹ *Ins. w.e.f. 30.09.2020 vide CGST (XI Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 72/2020-CT, dt. 30.09.2020.*

² *Corrigendum dt. 01.10.2020 for the words “Quick Reference”.*

³ *Ins. w.e.f. 05.07.2022 vide CGST (Amendment) Rules, 2022; Notification No. 14/2022-CT, dt. 05.07.2022.*

⁴ *Subs. w.e.f. 15.10.2020 vide CGST (XII Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 79/2020-CT, dt. 15.10.2020. Formerly it read: “Provided that the Board may, on the recommendations of the Council, by notification, specify-*

- (i) *the number of digits of Harmonised System of Nomenclature code for goods or services that a class of registered persons shall be required to mention, for such period as may be specified in the said notification; and*
- (ii) *the class of registered persons that would not be required to mention the Harmonised System of Nomenclature code for goods or services, for such period as may be specified in the said notification:”.*

Provided further that where an invoice is required to be issued under clause (f) of sub-section (3) of section 31, a registered person may issue a consolidated invoice at the end of a month for supplies covered under sub-section (4) of section 9, the aggregate value of such supplies exceeds rupees five thousand in a day from any or all the suppliers:

¹[Provided also that in the case of the export of goods or services, the invoice shall carry an endorsement “SUPPLY MEANT FOR EXPORT/SUPPLY TO SEZ UNIT OR SEZ DEVELOPER FOR AUTHORISED OPERATIONS ON PAYMENT OF INTEGRATED TAX” or “SUPPLY MEANT FOR EXPORT/SUPPLY TO SEZ UNIT OR SEZ DEVELOPER FOR AUTHORISED OPERATIONS UNDER BOND OR LETTER OF UNDERTAKING WITHOUT PAYMENT OF INTEGRATED TAX”, as the case may be, and shall, in lieu of the details specified in clause (e), contain the following details, namely,-

- (i) name and address of the recipient;
- (ii) address of delivery; and
- (iii) name of the country of destination:]

Provided also that a registered person ²[, other than the supplier engaged in making supply of services by way of admission to exhibition of cinematograph films in multiplex screens,] may not issue a tax invoice in accordance with the provisions of clause (b) of sub-section (3) of section 31 subject to the following conditions, namely,-

- (a) the recipient is not a registered person; and
- (b) the recipient does not require such invoice, and

shall issue a consolidated tax invoice for such supplies at the close of each day in respect of all such supplies.

³[Provided also that the signature or digital signature of the supplier or his authorised representative shall not be required in the case of issuance of an electronic invoice in accordance with the provisions of the Information Technology Act, 2000 (21 of 2000).]

⁴[Provided also that the Government may, by notification, on the recommendations of the Council, and subject to such conditions and restrictions as mentioned therein, specify that the tax invoice shall have Quick Response (QR) code.]

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 27.07.2017 vide Notification No. 17/2017-CT, dt. 27.07.2017. Formerly it read:

“Provided also that in the case of the export of goods or services, the invoice shall carry an endorsement “SUPPLY MEANT FOR EXPORT ON PAYMENT OF INTEGRATED TAX” or “SUPPLY MEANT FOR EXPORT UNDER BOND OR LETTER OF UNDERTAKING WITHOUT PAYMENT OF INTEGRATED TAX”, as the case may be, and shall, in lieu of the details specified in clause (e), contain the following details, namely,-

- (i) name and address of the recipient;
- (ii) address of delivery; and
- (iii) name of the country of destination.”.

² Ins. w.e.f. 01.09.2019 vide CGST (V Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 33/2019-CT, dt. 18.07.2019.

³ Ins. w.e.f. 31.12.2018 vide Notification No.74/2018-CT, dt. 31.12.2018.

⁴ Ins. w.e.f. 01.04.2020 vide CGST (IV Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 31/2019-CT, dt. 28.06.2019 read with Notification No.71/2019-CT, dt. 13.12.2019.

¹[46A. Invoice-cum-bill of supply.***Sec: 31******Forms: Nil***

Notwithstanding anything contained in rule 46 or rule 49 or rule 54, where a registered person is supplying taxable as well as exempted goods or services or both to an unregistered person, a single “invoice-cum-bill of supply” may be issued for all such supplies.]

²[Provided that the said single “invoice-cum-bill of supply” shall contain the particulars as specified under rule 46 or rule 54, as the case may be, and rule 49.]

47. Time limit for issuing tax invoice.***Sec: 31******Forms: Nil***

The invoice referred to in rule 46, in the case of the taxable supply of services, shall be issued within a period of thirty days from the date of the supply of service:

Provided that where the supplier of services is an insurer or a banking company or a financial institution, including a non-banking financial company, the period within which the invoice or any document in lieu thereof is to be issued shall be forty five days from the date of the supply of service:

Provided further that an insurer or a banking company or a financial institution, including a non-banking financial company, or a telecom operator, or any other class of supplier of services as may be notified by the Government on the recommendations of the Council, making taxable supplies of services between distinct persons as specified in section 25, may issue the invoice before or at the time such supplier records the same in his books of account or before the expiry of the quarter during which the supply was made.

48. Manner of issuing invoice.***Sec: 31******Forms: GST INV-01***

- (1) The invoice shall be prepared in triplicate, in the case of supply of goods, in the following manner, namely,-
 - (a) the original copy being marked as ORIGINAL FOR RECIPIENT;
 - (b) the duplicate copy being marked as DUPLICATE FOR TRANSPORTER; and
 - (c) the triplicate copy being marked as TRIPPLICATE FOR SUPPLIER.
- (2) The invoice shall be prepared in duplicate, in the case of the supply of services, in the following manner, namely,-
 - (a) the original copy being marked as ORIGINAL FOR RECIPIENT; and
 - (b) the duplicate copy being marked as DUPLICATE FOR SUPPLIER.
- (3) The serial number of invoices issued during a tax period shall be furnished electronically through the common portal in **FORM GSTR-1**.

¹ Rule 46A ins. w.e.f. 13.10.2017 vide Notification No. 45/2017-CT, dt. 13.10.2017.

² Ins. w.e.f. 26.12.2022 vide Notification No. 26/2022-CT, dt. 26.12.2022.

¹{(4) The invoice shall be prepared by such class of registered persons as may be notified by the Government, on the recommendations of the Council, by including such particulars contained in **FORM GST INV-01** after obtaining an Invoice Reference Number by uploading information contained therein on the Common Goods and Services Tax Electronic Portal in such manner and subject to such conditions and restrictions as may be specified in the notification.

²[Provided that the Commissioner may, on the recommendations of the Council, by notification, exempt a person or a class of registered persons from issuance of invoice under this sub-rule for a specified period, subject to such conditions and restrictions as may be specified in the said notification.]

- (5) Every invoice issued by a person to whom sub-rule (4) applies in any manner other than the manner specified in the said sub-rule shall not be treated as an invoice.
- (6) The provisions of sub-rules (1) and (2) shall not apply to an invoice prepared in the manner specified in sub-rule (4).}

49. Bill of supply.

<i>Sec: 31</i>	<i>Forms: Nil</i>
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A bill of supply referred to in clause (c) of sub-section (3) of section 31 shall be issued by the supplier containing the following details, namely,-

- (a) name, address and Goods and Services Tax Identification Number of the supplier;
- (b) a consecutive serial number not exceeding sixteen characters, in one or multiple series, containing alphabets or numerals or special characters -hyphen or dash and slash symbolised as “-” and “/” respectively, and any combination thereof, unique for a financial year;
- (c) date of its issue;
- (d) name, address and Goods and Services Tax Identification Number or Unique Identity Number, if registered, of the recipient;
- (e) Harmonised System of Nomenclature Code for goods or services;
- (f) description of goods or services or both;
- (g) value of supply of goods or services or both taking into account discount or abatement, if any; and
- (h) signature or digital signature of the supplier or his authorised representative:

Provided that the provisos to rule 46 shall, mutatis mutandis, apply to the bill of supply issued under this rule:

¹ *Ins. sub-rules (4) to (6) w.e.f. 13.12.2019 vide Notification No. 68/2019-CT, dt. 13.12.2019.*

² *Ins. w.e.f. 30.09.2020 vide CGST (XI Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 72/2020-CT, dt. 30.09.2020.*

Provided further that any tax invoice or any other similar document issued under any other Act for the time being in force in respect of any non-taxable supply shall be treated as a bill of supply for the purposes of the Act.

¹[Provided also that the signature or digital signature of the supplier or his authorised representative shall not be required in the case of issuance of an electronic bill of supply in accordance with the provisions of the Information Technology Act, 2000 (21 of 2000).]

^{1²}]

50. Receipt voucher.

Sec: 31	Forms: Nil
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A receipt voucher referred to in clause (d) of sub-section (3) of section 31 shall contain the following particulars, namely,-

- (a) name, address and Goods and Services Tax Identification Number of the supplier;
- (b) a consecutive serial number not exceeding sixteen characters, in one or multiple series, containing alphabets or numerals or special characters-hyphen or dash and slash symbolised as “-” and “/” respectively, and any combination thereof, unique for a financial year;
- (c) date of its issue;
- (d) name, address and Goods and Services Tax Identification Number or Unique Identity Number, if registered, of the recipient;
- (e) description of goods or services;
- (f) amount of advance taken;
- (g) rate of tax (central tax, State tax, integrated tax, Union territory tax or cess);
- (h) amount of tax charged in respect of taxable goods or services (central tax, State tax, integrated tax, Union territory tax or cess);
- (i) place of supply along with the name of State and its code, in case of a supply in the course of inter- State trade or commerce;
- (j) whether the tax is payable on reverse charge basis; and
- (k) signature or digital signature of the supplier or his authorised representative:

Provided that where at the time of receipt of advance,-

- (i) the rate of tax is not determinable, the tax shall be paid at the rate of eighteen per cent.;
- (ii) the nature of supply is not determinable, the same shall be treated as inter-State supply.

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 31.12.2018 vide Notification No. 74/2018-CT, dt. 31.12.2018.

² Ins. vide CGST (IV Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 31/2019-CT, dt. 28.06.2019. However, effective date has not been yet notified. After notification, it would read as :

“Provided also that the Government may, by notification, on the recommendations of the Council, and subject to such conditions and restrictions as mentioned therein, specify that the bill of supply shall have Quick Response (QR) code.”.

51. Refund voucher.

Sec: 31	Forms: Nil
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A refund voucher referred to in clause (e) of sub-section (3) of section 31 shall contain the following particulars, namely:-

- (a) name, address and Goods and Services Tax Identification Number of the supplier;
- (b) a consecutive serial number not exceeding sixteen characters, in one or multiple series, containing alphabets or numerals or special characters-hyphen or dash and slash symbolised as “-” and “/” respectively, and any combination thereof, unique for a financial year;
- (c) date of its issue;
- (d) name, address and Goods and Services Tax Identification Number or Unique Identity Number, if registered, of the recipient;
- (e) number and date of receipt voucher issued in accordance with the provisions of rule 50;
- (f) description of goods or services in respect of which refund is made;
- (g) amount of refund made;
- (h) rate of tax (central tax, State tax, integrated tax, Union territory tax or cess);
- (i) amount of tax paid in respect of such goods or services (central tax, State tax, integrated tax, Union territory tax or cess);
- (j) whether the tax is payable on reverse charge basis; and
- (k) signature or digital signature of the supplier or his authorised representative.

52. Payment voucher.

Sec: 20, 31	Forms: Nil
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A payment voucher referred to in clause (g) of sub-section (3) of section 31 shall contain the following particulars, namely:-

- (a) name, address and Goods and Services Tax Identification Number of the supplier if registered;
- (b) a consecutive serial number not exceeding sixteen characters, in one or multiple series, containing alphabets or numerals or special characters-hyphen or dash and slash symbolised as “-” and “/” respectively, and any combination thereof, unique for a financial year;
- (c) date of its issue;
- (d) name, address and Goods and Services Tax Identification Number of the recipient;
- (e) description of goods or services;
- (f) amount paid;

- (g) rate of tax (central tax, State tax, integrated tax, Union territory tax or cess);
- (h) amount of tax payable in respect of taxable goods or services (central tax, State tax, integrated tax, Union territory tax or cess);
- (i) place of supply along with the name of State and its code, in case of a supply in the course of inter-State trade or commerce; and
- (j) signature or digital signature of the supplier or his authorised representative.

53. Revised tax invoice and credit or debit notes.

<i>Sec: 31, 34</i>	<i>Forms: Nil</i>
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- (1) A revised tax invoice referred to in section 31¹[***] shall contain the following particulars, namely:-

- (a) the word “Revised Invoice”, wherever applicable, indicated prominently;
- (b) name, address and Goods and Services Tax Identification Number of the supplier;
- ²[(c) ***]
- (d) a consecutive serial number not exceeding sixteen characters, in one or multiple series, containing alphabets or numerals or special characters-hyphen or dash and slash symbolised as “-” and “/” respectively, and any combination thereof, unique for a financial year;
- (e) date of issue of the document;
- (f) name, address and Goods and Services Tax Identification Number or Unique Identity Number, if registered, of the recipient;
- (g) name and address of the recipient and the address of delivery, along with the name of State and its code, if such recipient is un-registered;
- (h) serial number and date of the corresponding tax invoice or, as the case may be, bill of supply;
- ³[(i) ***]
- (j) signature or digital signature of the supplier or his authorised representative.

- ⁴[(1A) A credit or debit note referred to in section 34 shall contain the following particulars, namely:-

¹ *Omtd.* the words “and credit or debit notes referred to in section 34” w.e.f. 01.02.2019 vide Notification No. 3/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019.

² *Omtd.* “(c) nature of the document;” w.e.f. 01.02.2019 vide CGST (I Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 3/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019.

³ *Omtd.* w.e.f. 01.02.2019 vide CGST (I Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 3/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019. Earlier, clause (i) read as :

“(i) value of taxable supply of goods or services, rate of tax and the amount of the tax credited or, as the case may be, debited to the recipient; and”.

⁴ *Ins.* w.e.f. 01.02.2019 vide CGST (I Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 3/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019.

- (a) name, address and Goods and Services Tax Identification Number of the supplier;
 - (b) nature of the document;
 - (c) a consecutive serial number not exceeding sixteen characters, in one or multiple series, containing alphabets or numerals or special characters-hyphen or dash and slash symbolised as “-” and “/” respectively, and any combination thereof, unique for a financial year;
 - (d) date of issue of the document;
 - (e) name, address and Goods and Services Tax Identification Number or Unique Identity Number, if registered, of the recipient;
 - (f) name and address of the recipient and the address of delivery, along with the name of State and its code, if such recipient is un-registered;
 - (g) serial number(s) and date(s) of the corresponding tax invoice(s) or, as the case may be, bill(s) of supply;
 - (h) value of taxable supply of goods or services, rate of tax and the amount of the tax credited or, as the case may be, debited to the recipient; and
 - (i) signature or digital signature of the supplier or his authorised representative.]
- (2) Every registered person who has been granted registration with effect from a date earlier than the date of issuance of certificate of registration to him, may issue revised tax invoices in respect of taxable supplies effected during the period starting from the effective date of registration till the date of the issuance of the certificate of registration: Provided that the registered person may issue a consolidated revised tax invoice in respect of all taxable supplies made to a recipient who is not registered under the Act during such period: Provided further that in the case of inter-State supplies, where the value of a supply does not exceed two lakh and fifty thousand rupees, a consolidated revised invoice may be issued separately in respect of all the recipients located in a State, who are not registered under the Act.
- (3) Any invoice or debit note issued in pursuance of any tax payable in accordance with the provisions of section 74 or section 129 or section 130 shall prominently contain the words “INPUT TAX CREDIT NOT ADMISSIBLE”.

54. Tax invoice in special cases.

Sec: 20, 31	Forms: Nil
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- (1) An Input Service Distributor invoice or, as the case may be, an Input Service Distributor credit note issued by an Input Service Distributor shall contain the following details:-
- (a) name, address and Goods and Services Tax Identification Number of the Input Service Distributor;

- (b) a consecutive serial number not exceeding sixteen characters, in one or multiple series, containing alphabets or numerals or special characters- hyphen or dash and slash symbolised as- “-”, “/” respectively, and any combination thereof, unique for a financial year;
- (c) date of its issue;
- (d) name, address and Goods and Services Tax Identification Number of the recipient to whom the credit is distributed;
- (e) amount of the credit distributed; and
- (f) signature or digital signature of the Input Service Distributor or his authorised representative:

Provided that where the Input Service Distributor is an office of a banking company or a financial institution, including a non-banking financial company, a tax invoice shall include any document in lieu thereof, by whatever name called, whether or not serially numbered but containing the information as mentioned above.

- ¹[(1A)(a) A registered person, having the same PAN and State code as an Input Service Distributor, may issue an invoice or, as the case may be, a credit or debit note to transfer the credit of common input services to the Input Service Distributor, which shall contain the following details:-
 - (i) name, address and Goods and Services Tax Identification Number of the registered person having the same PAN and same State code as the Input Service Distributor;
 - (ii) a consecutive serial number not exceeding sixteen characters, in one or multiple series, containing alphabets or numerals or special characters - hyphen or dash and slash symbolised as “-” and “/” respectively, and any combination thereof, unique for a financial year;
 - (iii) date of its issue;
 - (iv) Goods and Services Tax Identification Number of supplier of common service and original invoice number whose credit is sought to be transferred to the Input Service Distributor;
 - (v) name, address and Goods and Services Tax Identification Number of the Input Service Distributor;
 - (vi) taxable value, rate and amount of the credit to be transferred; and
 - (vii) signature or digital signature of the registered person or his authorised representative.
- (b) The taxable value in the invoice issued under clause (a) shall be the same as the value of the common services.]

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 23.01.2018 vide Notification No. 3/2018-CT, dt. 23.01.2018.

- (2) Where the supplier of taxable service is an insurer or a banking company or a financial institution, including a non-banking financial company, the said ¹[supplier may issue] a ²[consolidated tax invoice] or any other document in lieu thereof, by whatever name called ³[for the supply of services made during a month at the end of the month], whether issued or made available, physically or electronically whether or not serially numbered, and whether or not containing the address of the recipient of taxable service but containing other information as mentioned under rule 46.
- ⁴[Provided that the signature or digital signature of the supplier or his authorised representative shall not be required in the case of issuance of a consolidated tax invoice or any other document in lieu thereof in accordance with the provisions of the Information Technology Act, 2000 (21 of 2000).]
- (3) Where the supplier of taxable service is a goods transport agency supplying services in relation to transportation of goods by road in a goods carriage, the said supplier shall issue a tax invoice or any other document in lieu thereof, by whatever name called, containing the gross weight of the consignment, name of the consigner and the consignee, registration number of goods carriage in which the goods are transported, details of goods transported, details of place of origin and destination, Goods and Services Tax Identification Number of the person liable for paying tax whether as consigner, consignee or goods transport agency, and also containing other information as mentioned under rule 46.
- (4) Where the supplier of taxable service is supplying passenger transportation service, a tax invoice shall include ticket in any form, by whatever name called, whether or not serially numbered, and whether or not containing the address of the recipient of service but containing other information as mentioned under rule 46.
- ⁵[Provided that the signature or digital signature of the supplier or his authorised representative shall not be required in the case of issuance of ticket in accordance with the provisions of the Information Technology Act, 2000 (21 of 2000).]
- ⁶[(4A) A registered person supplying services by way of admission to exhibition of cinematograph films in multiplex screens shall be required to issue an electronic ticket and the said electronic ticket shall be deemed to be a tax invoice for all purposes of the Act, even if such ticket does not contain the details of the recipient of service but contains the other information as mentioned under rule 46:
- Provided that the supplier of such service in a screen other than multiplex screens may, at his option, follow the above procedure.]
- (5) The provisions of sub-rule (2) or sub-rule (4) shall apply, mutatis mutandis, to the documents issued under rule 49 or rule 50 or rule 51 or rule 52 or rule 53.

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 15.11.2017 for “supplier shall issue” vide Notification No. 55/2017-CT, dt. 15.11.2017.

² Subs. w.e.f. 13.10.2017 for “tax invoice” vide Notification No. 45/2017-CT, dt. 13.10.2017.

³ Ins. w.e.f. 13.10.2017 vide Notification No. 45/2017-CT, dt. 13.10.2017.

⁴ Ins. w.e.f. 31.12.2018 vide Notification No. 74/2018-CT, dt. 31.12.2018.

⁵ Ins. w.e.f. 31.12.2018 vide Notification No. 74/2018-CT, dt. 31.12.2018.

⁶ Ins. w.e.f. 01.09.2019 vide CGST (V Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 33/2019-CT, dt. 18.07.2019.

55. Transportation of goods without issue of invoice.

Sec: 31, 68	Forms: Nil
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(1) For the purposes of-

- (a) supply of liquid gas where the quantity at the time of removal from the place of business of the supplier is not known,
- (b) transportation of goods for job work,
- (c) transportation of goods for reasons other than by way of supply, or
- (d) such other supplies as may be notified by the Board,

the consigner may issue a delivery challan, serially numbered not exceeding sixteen characters, in one or multiple series, in lieu of invoice at the time of removal of goods for transportation, containing the following details, namely:-

- (i) date and number of the delivery challan;
- (ii) name, address and Goods and Services Tax Identification Number of the consigner, if registered;
- (iii) name, address and Goods and Services Tax Identification Number or Unique Identity Number of the consignee, if registered;
- (iv) Harmonised System of Nomenclature code and description of goods;
- (v) quantity (provisional, where the exact quantity being supplied is not known);
- (vi) taxable value;
- (vii) tax rate and tax amount – central tax, State tax, integrated tax, Union territory tax or cess, where the transportation is for supply to the consignee;
- (viii) place of supply, in case of inter-State movement; and
- (ix) signature.

- (2) The delivery challan shall be prepared in triplicate, in case of supply of goods, in the following manner, namely:–
 - (a) the original copy being marked as ORIGINAL FOR CONSIGNEE;
 - (b) the duplicate copy being marked as DUPLICATE FOR TRANSPORTER; and
 - (c) the triplicate copy being marked as TRIPPLICATE FOR CONSIGNER.
- (3) Where goods are being transported on a delivery challan in lieu of invoice, the same shall be declared as specified in rule 138.
- (4) Where the goods being transported are for the purpose of supply to the recipient but the tax invoice could not be issued at the time of removal of goods for the purpose of supply, the supplier shall issue a tax invoice after delivery of goods.

- (5) Where the goods are being transported in a semi knocked down or completely knocked down condition ¹[or in batches or lots] -
- the supplier shall issue the complete invoice before dispatch of the first consignment;
 - the supplier shall issue a delivery challan for each of the subsequent consignments, giving reference of the invoice;
 - each consignment shall be accompanied by copies of the corresponding delivery challan along with a duly certified copy of the invoice; and
 - the original copy of the invoice shall be sent along with the last consignment.

²[55A. Tax Invoice or bill of supply to accompany transport of goods.

<i>Sec: 31, 68</i>	<i>Forms: Nil</i>
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The person-in-charge of the conveyance shall carry a copy of the tax invoice or the bill of supply issued in accordance with the provisions of rules 46, 46A or 49 in a case where such person is not required to carry an e-way bill under these rules.]

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 04.09.2018 vide Notification No. 39/2018-CT, dt. 04.09.2018.

² Ins. w.e.f. 23.01.2018 vide Notification No. 3/2018-CT, dt. 23.01.2018.

CHAPTER VII
ACCOUNTS AND RECORDS

56. Maintenance of accounts by registered persons.

Sec: 35	Forms: Nil
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| Sec: 35 | Forms: Nil |
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- (1) Every registered person shall keep and maintain, in addition to the particulars mentioned in sub-section (1) of section 35, a true and correct account of the goods or services imported or exported or of supplies attracting payment of tax on reverse charge along with the relevant documents, including invoices, bills of supply, delivery challans, credit notes, debit notes, receipt vouchers, payment vouchers and refund vouchers.
- (2) Every registered person, other than a person paying tax under section 10, shall maintain the accounts of stock in respect of goods received and supplied by him, and such accounts shall contain particulars of the opening balance, receipt, supply, goods lost, stolen, destroyed, written off or disposed of by way of gift or free sample and the balance of stock including raw materials, finished goods, scrap and wastage thereof.
- (3) Every registered person shall keep and maintain a separate account of advances received, paid and adjustments made thereto.
- (4) Every registered person, other than a person paying tax under section 10, shall keep and maintain an account, containing the details of tax payable (including tax payable in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (3) and sub-section (4) of section 9), tax collected and paid, input tax, input tax credit claimed, together with a register of tax invoice, credit notes, debit notes, delivery challan issued or received during any tax period.
- (5) Every registered person shall keep the particulars of -
- (a) names and complete addresses of suppliers from whom he has received the goods or services chargeable to tax under the Act;
 - (b) names and complete addresses of the persons to whom he has supplied goods or services, where required under the provisions of this Chapter;
 - (c) the complete address of the premises where goods are stored by him, including goods stored during transit along with the particulars of the stock stored therein.
- (6) If any taxable goods are found to be stored at any place(s) other than those declared under sub-rule (5) without the cover of any valid documents, the proper officer shall determine the amount of tax payable on such goods as if such goods have been supplied by the registered person.
- (7) Every registered person shall keep the books of account at the principal place of business and books of account relating to additional place of business mentioned in his certificate of registration and such books of account shall include any electronic form of data stored on any electronic device.
- (8) Any entry in registers, accounts and documents shall not be erased, effaced or overwritten, and all incorrect entries, otherwise than those of clerical nature, shall be

scored out under attestation and thereafter, the correct entry shall be recorded and where the registers and other documents are maintained electronically, a log of every entry edited or deleted shall be maintained.

- (9) Each volume of books of account maintained manually by the registered person shall be serially numbered.
- (10) Unless proved otherwise, if any documents, registers, or any books of account belonging to a registered person are found at any premises other than those mentioned in the certificate of registration, they shall be presumed to be maintained by the said registered person.
- (11) Every agent referred to in clause (5) of section 2 shall maintain accounts depicting the,-
 - (a) particulars of authorisation received by him from each principal to receive or supply goods or services on behalf of such principal separately;
 - (b) particulars including description, value and quantity (wherever applicable) of goods or services received on behalf of every principal;
 - (c) particulars including description, value and quantity (wherever applicable) of goods or services supplied on behalf of every principal;
 - (d) details of accounts furnished to every principal; and
 - (e) tax paid on receipts or on supply of goods or services effected on behalf of every principal.
- (12) Every registered person manufacturing goods shall maintain monthly production accounts showing quantitative details of raw materials or services used in the manufacture and quantitative details of the goods so manufactured including the waste and by products thereof.
- (13) Every registered person supplying services shall maintain the accounts showing quantitative details of goods used in the provision of services, details of input services utilised and the services supplied.
- (14) Every registered person executing works contract shall keep separate accounts for works contract showing -
 - (a) the names and addresses of the persons on whose behalf the works contract is executed;
 - (b) description, value and quantity (wherever applicable) of goods or services received for the execution of works contract;
 - (c) description, value and quantity (wherever applicable) of goods or services utilized in the execution of works contract;
 - (d) the details of payment received in respect of each works contract; and
 - (e) the names and addresses of suppliers from whom he received goods or services.
- (15) The records under the provisions of this Chapter may be maintained in electronic form and the record so maintained shall be authenticated by means of a digital signature.

- (16) Accounts maintained by the registered person together with all the invoices, bills of supply, credit and debit notes, and delivery challans relating to stocks, deliveries, inward supply and outward supply shall be preserved for the period as provided in section 36 and shall, where such accounts and documents are maintained manually, be kept at every related place of business mentioned in the certificate of registration and shall be accessible at every related place of business where such accounts and documents are maintained digitally.
- (17) Any person having custody over the goods in the capacity of a carrier or a clearing and forwarding agent for delivery or dispatch thereof to a recipient on behalf of any registered person shall maintain true and correct records in respect of such goods handled by him on behalf of such registered person and shall produce the details thereof as and when required by the proper officer.
- (18) Every registered person shall, on demand, produce the books of accounts which he is required to maintain under any law for the time being in force.

57. Generation and maintenance of electronic records.

Sec: 35	Forms: Nil
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- (1) Proper electronic back-up of records shall be maintained and preserved in such manner that, in the event of destruction of such records due to accidents or natural causes, the information can be restored within a reasonable period of time.
- (2) The registered person maintaining electronic records shall produce, on demand, the relevant records or documents, duly authenticated by him, in hard copy or in any electronically readable format.
- (3) Where the accounts and records are stored electronically by any registered person, he shall, on demand, provide the details of such files, passwords of such files and explanation for codes used, where necessary, for access and any other information which is required for such access along with a sample copy in print form of the information stored in such files.

58. Records to be maintained by owner or operator of godown or warehouse and transporters.

Sec: 35	Forms: GST ENR-01, GST ENR-02
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- (1) Every person required to maintain records and accounts in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 35, if not already registered under the Act, shall submit the details regarding his business electronically on the common portal in **FORM GST ENR-01**, either directly or through a Facilitation Centre notified by the Commissioner and, upon validation of the details furnished, a unique enrolment number shall be generated and communicated to the said person.

¹[(1A) For the purposes of Chapter XVI of these rules, a transporter who is registered in more than one State or Union Territory having the same Permanent Account Number, he may apply for a unique common enrolment number by submitting the details in **FORM GST ENR-02** using any one of his Goods and Services Tax Identification Numbers, and upon validation of the details furnished, a unique common enrolment number shall be generated and communicated to the said transporter:

Provided that where the said transporter has obtained a unique common enrolment number, he shall not be eligible to use any of the Goods and Services Tax Identification Numbers for the purposes of the said Chapter XVI.]

- (2) The person enrolled under sub-rule (1) as aforesaid in any other State or Union territory shall be deemed to be enrolled in the State or Union territory.
- (3) Every person who is enrolled under sub-rule (1) shall, where required, amend the details furnished in **FORM GST ENR-01** electronically on the common portal either directly or through a Facilitation Centre notified by the Commissioner.
- (4) Subject to the provisions of rule 56,-
 - (a) any person engaged in the business of transporting goods shall maintain records of goods transported, delivered and goods stored in transit by him alongwith the Goods and Services Tax Identification Number of the registered consigner and consignee for each of his branches.
 - (b) every owner or operator of a warehouse or godown shall maintain books of accounts with respect to the period for which particular goods remain in the warehouse, including the particulars relating to dispatch, movement, receipt and disposal of such goods.
- (5) The owner or the operator of the godown shall store the goods in such manner that they can be identified item-wise and owner-wise and shall facilitate any physical verification or inspection by the proper officer on demand.

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 19.06.2018 vide Notification No. 28/2018-CT, dt. 19.06.2018.

CHAPTER VIII

RETURNS

¹[59. Form and manner of furnishing details of outward supplies.

Sec: 37, 39	Forms: GSTR-1, GSTR-3B
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- (1) Every registered person, other than a person referred to in section 14 of the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 (13 of 2017), required to furnish the details of outward supplies of goods or services or both under section 37, shall furnish such details in **FORM GSTR-1** for the month or the quarter, as the case may be, electronically through the common portal, either directly or through a Facilitation Centre as may be notified by the Commissioner.
- (2) The registered persons required to furnish return for every quarter under proviso to sub-section (1) of section 39 may furnish the details of such outward supplies of goods or services or both to a registered person, as he may consider necessary, for the first and second months of a quarter, up to a cumulative value of fifty lakh rupees in each of the months, using invoice furnishing facility (hereafter in this notification referred to as the “IFF”) electronically on the common portal, duly authenticated in the manner prescribed under rule 26, from the 1st day of the month succeeding such month till the 13th day of the said month.

²[Provided that a registered person may furnish such details, for the month of April, 2021, using IFF from the 1st day of May, 2021 till the 28th day of May, 2021.]

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.01.2021 vide CGST (XIII Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 82/2020-CT, dt. 10.11.2020. Formerly it read:

“59. Form and manner of furnishing details of outward supplies.

- (1) Every registered person, other than a person referred to in section 14 of the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017, required to furnish the details of outward supplies of goods or services or both under section 37, shall furnish such details in **FORM GSTR-1** electronically through the common portal, either directly or through a Facilitation Centre notified by the Commissioner.
- (2) The details of outward supplies of goods or services or both furnished in **FORM GSTR-1** shall include the –
 - (a) invoice wise details of all –
 - (i) inter-State and intra-State supplies made to the registered persons; and
 - (ii) inter-State supplies with invoice value more than two and a half lakh rupees made to the unregistered persons;
 - (b) consolidated details of all –
 - (i) intra-State supplies made to unregistered persons for each rate of tax; and
 - (ii) State wise inter-State supplies with invoice value upto two and a half lakh rupees made to unregistered persons for each rate of tax;
 - (c) debit and credit notes, if any, issued during the month for invoices issued previously.
- (3) The details of outward supplies furnished by the supplier shall be made available electronically to the concerned registered persons (recipients) in **Part A of FORM GSTR-2A**, in **FORM GSTR-4A** and in **FORM GSTR- 6A** through the common portal after the due date of filing of **FORM GSTR-1**.
- (4) The details of inward supplies added, corrected or deleted by the recipient in his **FORM GSTR-2** under section 38 or **FORM GSTR-4** or **FORM GSTR-6** under section 39 shall be made available to the supplier electronically in **FORM GSTR-1A** through the common portal and such supplier may either accept or reject the modifications made by the recipient and **FORM GSTR-1** furnished earlier by the supplier shall stand amended to the extent of modifications accepted by him.”.

² Ins. w.e.f. 01.05.2021 vide Notification No. 13/2021-CT, dt. 01.05.2021.

¹[Provided further that a registered person may furnish such details, for the month of May, 2021, using IFF from the 1st day of June, 2021 till the 28th day of June, 2021.]

- (3) The details of outward supplies furnished using the IFF, for the first and second months of a quarter, shall not be furnished in **FORM GSTR-1** for the said quarter.
- (4) The details of outward supplies of goods or services or both furnished in **FORM GSTR-1** shall include the—
 - (a) invoice wise details of all –
 - (i) inter-State and intra-State supplies made to the registered persons; and
 - (ii) inter-State supplies with invoice value more than two and a half lakh rupees made to the unregistered persons;
 - (b) consolidated details of all –
 - (i) intra-State supplies made to unregistered persons for each rate of tax; and
 - (ii) State wise inter-State supplies with invoice value upto two and a half lakh rupees made to unregistered persons for each rate of tax;
 - (c) debit and credit notes, if any, issued during the month for invoices issued previously.
- (5) The details of outward supplies of goods or services or both furnished using the IFF shall include the—
 - (a) invoice wise details of inter-State and intra-State supplies made to the registered persons;
 - (b) debit and credit notes, if any, issued during the month for such invoices issued previously.]
- ²[(6) Notwithstanding anything contained in this rule, -
 - (a) a registered person shall not be allowed to furnish the details of outward supplies of goods or services or both under section 37 in **FORM GSTR-1**, if he has not furnished the return in **FORM GSTR-3B** ³[for the preceding month];
 - (b) a registered person, required to furnish return for every quarter under the proviso to sub-section (1) of section 39, shall not be allowed to furnish the details of outward supplies of goods or services or both under section 37 in **FORM GSTR-1** or using the invoice furnishing facility, if he has not furnished the return in **FORM GSTR-3B** for preceding tax period;

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 01.06.2021 vide Notification No. 27/2021-CT, dt. 01.06.2021.

² Ins. vide Notification No. 01/2021-CT, dt. 01.01.2021.

³ Subs. w.e.f. 01.01.2022, for the words, “for preceding two months” vide CGST (VIII Amendment) Rules, 2021; Notification No. 35/2021-CT, dt. 24.09.2021.

¹{(c) ***}]

- ²[(d) a registered person, to whom an intimation has been issued on the common portal under the provisions of sub-rule (1) of rule 88C in respect of a tax period, shall not be allowed to furnish the details of outward supplies of goods or services or both under section 37 in **FORM GSTR-1** or using the invoice furnishing facility for a subsequent tax period, unless he has either deposited the amount specified in the said intimation or has furnished a reply explaining the reasons for any amount remaining unpaid, as required under the provisions of sub-rule (2) of rule 88C.]
- ³[(e) a registered person, to whom an intimation has been issued on the common portal under the provisions of sub-rule (1) of rule 88D in respect of a tax period or periods, shall not be allowed to furnish the details of outward supplies of goods or services or both under section 37 in **FORM GSTR-1** or using the invoice furnishing facility for a subsequent tax period, unless he has either paid the amount equal to the excess input tax credit as specified in the said intimation or has furnished a reply explaining the reasons in respect of the amount of excess input tax credit that still remains to be paid, as required under the provisions of sub-rule (2) of rule 88D;
- (f) a registered person shall not be allowed to furnish the details of outward supplies of goods or services or both under section 37 in **FORM GSTR-1** or using the invoice furnishing facility, if he has not furnished the details of the bank account as per the provisions of rule 10A.]

¹ *Omtd.* clause (c) of sub-rule (6) w.e.f. 01.01.2022 vide CGST (VIII Amendment) Rules, 2021; Notification No. 35/2021-CT, dt. 24.09.2021. Formerly it read:

“(c) a registered person, who is restricted from using the amount available in electronic credit ledger to discharge his liability towards tax in excess of ninety-nine per cent. of such tax liability under rule 86B, shall not be allowed to furnish the details of outward supplies of goods or services or both under section 37 in **FORM GSTR-1** or using the invoice furnishing facility, if he has not furnished the return in **FORM GSTR-3B** for preceding tax period.”.

² *Ins.* w.e.f. 26.12.2022 vide Notification No. 26/2022-CT, dt. 26.12.2022.

³ *Ins.* clause (e) and (f) w.e.f. 04.08.2023 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2023; Notification No. 38/2023-CT, dt. 04.08.2023.

¹[60. Form and manner of ascertaining details of inward supplies.

Sec: 38, 39, 52	Forms: GSTR-2A, GSTR-2B, GSTR-4A, GSTR-5, GSTR-6, GSTR-6A, GSTR-7, GSTR-8
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- (1) The details of outward supplies furnished by the supplier in **FORM GSTR-1** or using the IFF shall be made available electronically to the concerned registered persons (recipients) in **Part A** of **FORM GSTR-2A**, in **FORM GSTR-4A** and in **FORM GSTR-6A** through the common portal, as the case may be.
- (2) The details of invoices furnished by an non-resident taxable person in his return in **FORM GSTR-5** under rule 63 shall be made available to the recipient of credit in **Part A** of **FORM GSTR 2A** electronically through the common portal.
- (3) The details of invoices furnished by an Input Service Distributor in his return in **FORM GSTR-6** under rule 65 shall be made available to the recipient of credit in **Part B** of **FORM GSTR 2A** electronically through the common portal.

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.01.2021 vide CGST (XIII Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 82/2020-CT, dt. 10.11.2020. Formerly it read:

"60. Form and manner of furnishing details of inward supplies.

- (1) Every registered person, other than a person referred to in section 14 of the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017, required to furnish the details of inward supplies of goods or services or both received during a tax period under sub-section (2) of section 38 shall, on the basis of details contained in **Part A**, **Part B** and **Part C** of **FORM GSTR-2A**, prepare such details as specified in sub-section (1) of the said section and furnish the same in **FORM GSTR-2** electronically through the common portal, either directly or from a Facilitation Centre notified by the Commissioner, after including therein details of such other inward supplies, if any, required to be furnished under sub-section (2) of section 38.
- (2) Every registered person shall furnish the details, if any, required under sub-section (5) of section 38 electronically in **FORM GSTR-2**.
- (3) The registered person shall specify the inward supplies in respect of which he is not eligible, either fully or partially, for input tax credit in **FORM GSTR-2** where such eligibility can be determined at the invoice level.
- (4) The registered person shall declare the quantum of ineligible input tax credit on inward supplies which is relatable to non-taxable supplies or for purposes other than business and cannot be determined at the invoice level in **FORM GSTR-2**.
- (4A) The details of invoices furnished by an non-resident taxable person in his return in **FORM GSTR-5** under rule 63 shall be made available to the recipient of credit in **Part A** of **FORM GSTR 2A** electronically through the common portal and the said recipient may include the same in **FORM GSTR-2**.
- (5) The details of invoices furnished by an Input Service Distributor in his return in **FORM GSTR-6** under rule 65 shall be made available to the recipient of credit in **Part B** of **FORM GSTR 2A** electronically through the common portal and the said recipient may include the same in **FORM GSTR-2**.
- (6) The details of tax deducted at source furnished by the deductor under sub-section (3) of section 39 in **FORM GSTR-7** shall be made available to the deductee in **Part C** of **FORM GSTR-2A** electronically through the common portal and the said deductee may include the same in **FORM GSTR-2**.
- (7) The details of tax collected at source furnished by an e-commerce operator under section 52 in **FORM GSTR-8** shall be made available to the concerned person in **Part C** of **FORM GSTR 2A** electronically through the common portal and such person may include the same in **FORM GSTR-2**.
- (8) The details of inward supplies of goods or services or both furnished in **FORM GSTR-2** shall include the -
 - (a) invoice wise details of all inter-State and intra-State supplies received from registered persons or unregistered persons;
 - (b) import of goods and services made; and
 - (c) debit and credit notes, if any, received from supplier.”.

- (4) The details of tax deducted at source furnished by the deductor under sub-section (3) of section 39 in **FORM GSTR-7** shall be made available to the deductee in **Part C** of **FORM GSTR-2A** electronically through the common portal
- (5) The details of tax collected at source furnished by an e-commerce operator under section 52 in **FORM GSTR-8** shall be made available to the concerned person in **Part C** of **FORM GSTR 2A** electronically through the common portal.
- (6) The details of the integrated tax paid on the import of goods or goods brought in domestic Tariff Area from Special Economic Zone unit or a Special Economic Zone developer on a bill of entry shall be made available in **Part D** of **FORM GSTR-2A** electronically through the common portal.
- (7) An ¹[auto-generated] statement containing the details of input tax credit shall be made available to the registered person in **FORM GSTR-2B**, for every month, electronically through the common portal, and shall consist of –
 - (i) the details of outward supplies furnished by his supplier, other than a supplier required to furnish return for every quarter under proviso to sub-section (1) of section 39, in **FORM GSTR-1**, between the day immediately after the due date of furnishing of **FORM GSTR-1** for the previous month to the due date of furnishing of **FORM GSTR-1** for the month;
 - (ii) the details of invoices furnished by a non-resident taxable person in **FORM GSTR-5** and details of invoices furnished by an Input Service Distributor in his return in **FORM GSTR-6** and details of outward supplies furnished by his supplier, required to furnish return for every quarter under proviso to sub-section (1) of section 39, in **FORM GSTR-1** or using the IFF, as the case may be,-
 - (a) for the first month of the quarter, between the day immediately after the due date of furnishing of **FORM GSTR-1** for the preceding quarter to the due date of furnishing details using the IFF for the first month of the quarter;
 - (b) for the second month of the quarter, between the day immediately after the due date of furnishing details using the IFF for the first month of the quarter to the due date of furnishing details using the IFF for the second month of the quarter;
 - (c) for the third month of the quarter, between the day immediately after the due date of furnishing of details using the IFF for the second month of the quarter to the due date of furnishing of **FORM GSTR-1** for the quarter;
 - (iii) the details of the integrated tax paid on the import of goods or goods brought in the domestic Tariff Area from Special Economic Zone unit or a Special Economic Zone developer on a bill of entry in the month.
- (8) The Statement in **FORM GSTR-2B** for every month shall be made available to the registered person,-

¹ Subs. for the words “auto-drafted” w.e.f. 01.10.2022 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2022; Notification No. 19/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022.

- (i) for the first and second month of a quarter, a day after the due date of furnishing of details of outward supplies for the said month, in the IFF by a registered person required to furnish return for every quarter under proviso to sub-section (1) of section 39, or in **FORM GSTR-1** by a registered person, other than those required to furnish return for every quarter under proviso to sub-section (1) of section 39, whichever is later;
- (ii) in the third month of the quarter, a day after the due date of furnishing of details of outward supplies for the said month, in **FORM GSTR-1** by a registered person required to furnish return for every quarter under proviso to sub-section (1) of section 39.]

¹[61. Form and manner of furnishing of return.

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.01.2021 vide CGST (XIII Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 82/2020-CT, dt. 10.11.2020. Formerly it read:

“61. Form and manner of submission of monthly return.

- (1) Every registered person other than a person referred to in section 14 of the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 or an Input Service Distributor or a non- resident taxable person or a person paying tax under section 10 or section 51 or, as the case may be, under section 52 shall furnish a return specified under sub-section (1) of section 39 in **FORM GSTR-3** electronically through the common portal either directly or through a Facilitation Centre notified by the Commissioner.
- (2) **Part A** of the return under sub-rule (1) shall be electronically generated on the basis of information furnished through **FORM GSTR-1**, **FORM GSTR-2** and based on other liabilities of preceding tax periods.
- (3) Every registered person furnishing the return under sub-rule (1) shall, subject to the provisions of section 49, discharge his liability towards tax, interest, penalty, fees or any other amount payable under the Act or the provisions of this Chapter by debiting the electronic cash ledger or electronic credit ledger and include the details in **Part B** of the return in **FORM GSTR-3**.
- (4) A registered person, claiming refund of any balance in the electronic cash ledger in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (6) of section 49, may claim such refund in **Part B** of the return in **FORM GSTR-3** and such return shall be deemed to be an application filed under section 54.

*¹(5) Where the time limit for furnishing of details in **FORM GSTR-1** under section 37 or in **FORM GSTR-2** under section 38 has been extended, the return specified in sub-section (1) of section 39 shall, in such manner and subject to such conditions as the Commissioner may, by notification, specify, be furnished in **FORM GSTR-3B** electronically through the common portal, either directly or through a Facilitation Centre notified by the Commissioner:

Provided that where a return in **FORM GSTR-3B** is required to be furnished by a person referred to in sub-rule (1) then such person shall not be required to furnish the return in **FORM GSTR-3**.]

*²(6) Every registered person other than a person referred to in section 14 of the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 (13 of 2017) or an Input Service Distributor or a non resident taxable person or a person paying tax under section 10 or section 51 or, as the case may be, under section 52 shall furnish a return in **FORM GSTR-3B**, electronically through the common portal either directly or through a Facilitation Centre notified by the Commissioner, on or before the twentieth day of the month succeeding such tax period:

Provided that for taxpayers having an aggregate turnover of up to five crore rupees in the previous financial year, whose principal place of business is in the States of Chhattisgarh, Madhya Pradesh, Gujarat, Maharashtra, Karnataka, Goa, Kerala, Tamil Nadu, Telangana, Andhra Pradesh, the Union territories of Daman and Diu and Dadra and Nagar Haveli, Puducherry, Andaman and Nicobar Islands or Lakshadweep, the return in **FORM GSTR-3B** of the said rules for the months of October, 2020 to March, 2021 shall be furnished electronically through the common portal, on or before the twenty-second day of the month succeeding such month:

Provided further that for taxpayers having an aggregate turnover of up to five crore rupees in the previous financial year, whose principal place of business is in the States of Himachal Pradesh, Punjab, Uttarakhand, Haryana, Rajasthan, Uttar Pradesh, Bihar, Sikkim, Arunachal Pradesh, Nagaland, Manipur, Mizoram, Tripura, Meghalaya, Assam, West Bengal, Jharkhand or Odisha, the Union territories of Jammu and Kashmir, Ladakh, Chandigarh or Delhi, the return in **FORM GSTR-3B** of the said rules for the months of October, 2020 to March, 2021 shall be furnished electronically through the common portal, on or before the twenty-fourth day of the month succeeding such month.

*¹ Rule 61(5) subs. w.e.f. 01.07.2017, retrospectively, vide CGST (VI Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 49/2019-CT, dt. 09.10.2019. Formerly it read:

“(5) Where the time limit for furnishing of details in **FORM GSTR-1** under section 37 and in **FORM GSTR-2** under section 38 has been extended and the circumstances so warrant, the Commissioner may, by notification, *³{specify the manner and conditions subject to which the} return shall be furnished in **FORM GSTR-3B** electronically through the common portal, either directly or through a Facilitation Centre notified by the Commissioner.”

*³ Subs. w.e.f. 01.07.2017 for “specify that” vide Notification No. 22/2017-CT, dt. 17.08.2017.

Earlier sub-rule (5) was subs. w.e.f. 01.07.2017 vide Notification No. 17/2017-CT, dt. 27.07.2017. Formerly, it read as :

Cont...

Sec: 39**Forms: GSTR-3B, GST PMT-06**

- (1) Every registered person other than a person referred to in section 14 of the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 (13 of 2017) or an Input Service Distributor or a non-resident taxable person or a person paying tax under section 10 or section 51 or, as the case may be, under section 52 shall furnish a return in **FORM GSTR-3B**, electronically through the common portal either directly or through a Facilitation Centre notified by the Commissioner, as specified under –
- sub-section (1) of section 39, for each month, or part thereof, on or before the twentieth day of the month succeeding such month;
 - proviso to sub-section (1) of section 39, for each quarter, or part thereof, for the class of registered persons mentioned in column (2) of the Table given below, on or before the date mentioned in the corresponding entry in column (3) of the said Table, namely:–

Table

S. No.	Class of registered persons	Due Date
(1)	(2)	(3)
1.	Registered persons whose principal place of business is in the States of Chhattisgarh, Madhya Pradesh, Gujarat, Maharashtra, Karnataka, Goa, Kerala, Tamil Nadu, Telangana, Andhra Pradesh, the Union territories of Daman and Diu and Dadra and Nagar Haveli, Puducherry, Andaman and Nicobar Islands or Lakshadweep.	twenty-second day of the month succeeding such quarter.

Cont...

- “(5) Where the time limit for furnishing of details in **FORM GSTR-1** under section 37 and in **FORM GSTR-2** under section 38 has been extended and the circumstances so warrant, return in **FORM GSTR-3B**, in lieu of **FORM GSTR-3**, may be furnished in such manner and subject to such conditions as may be notified by the Commissioner.”
- *² Sub-rule (6) re-inserted w.e.f. 10.11.2020 vide CGST (XIII Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 82/2020-CT, dt. 10.11.2020.
Earlier sub-rule (6) was ins. w.e.f. 01.07.2017, retrospectively, vide Notification No. 17/2017-CT, dt. 27.07.2017, and afterward, *Omtd.* w.e.f. 01.07.2017, retrospectively, vide CGST (VI Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 49/2019-CT, dt. 09.10.2019. The said sub-rule (6) before omission read as :
 “(6) Where a return in **FORM GSTR-3B** has been furnished, after the due date for furnishing of details in **FORM GSTR-2**—
- Part A of the return in **FORM GSTR-3** shall be electronically generated on the basis of information furnished through **FORM GSTR-1**, **FORM GSTR-2** and based on other liabilities of preceding tax periods and **PART B** of the said return shall be electronically generated on the basis of the return in **FORM GSTR-3B** furnished in respect of the tax period;
 - the registered person shall modify **PART B** of the return in **FORM GSTR-3** based on the discrepancies, if any, between the return in **FORM GSTR-3B** and the return in **FORM GSTR-3** and discharge his tax and other liabilities, if any;
 - where the amount of input tax credit in **FORM GSTR-3** exceeds the amount of input tax credit in terms of **FORM GSTR-3B**, the additional amount shall be credited to the electronic credit ledger of the registered person.”.

S. No.	Class of registered persons	Due Date
2.	Registered persons whose principal place of business is in the States of Himachal Pradesh, Punjab, Uttarakhand, Haryana, Rajasthan, Uttar Pradesh, Bihar, Sikkim, Arunachal Pradesh, Nagaland, Manipur, Mizoram, Tripura, Meghalaya, Assam, West Bengal, Jharkhand or Odisha, the Union territories of Jammu and Kashmir, Ladakh, Chandigarh or Delhi.	twenty-fourth day of the month succeeding such quarter

(2) Every registered person required to furnish return, under sub-rule (1) shall, subject to the provisions of section 49, discharge his liability towards tax, interest, penalty, fees or any other amount payable under the Act or the provisions of this Chapter by debiting the electronic cash ledger or electronic credit ledger and include the details in the return in **FORM GSTR-3B**.

(3) Every registered person required to furnish return, every quarter, under clause (ii) of sub-rule (1) shall pay the tax due under proviso to sub-section (7) of section 39, for each of the first two months of the quarter, by depositing the said amount in **FORM GST PMT-06**, by the twenty fifth day of the month succeeding such month:

Provided that the Commissioner may, on the recommendations of the Council, by notification, extend the due date for depositing the said amount in **FORM GST PMT-06**, for such class of taxable persons as may be specified therein:

Provided further that any extension of time limit notified by the Commissioner of State tax or Union territory tax shall be deemed to be notified by the Commissioner:

Provided also that while making a deposit in **FORM GST PMT-06**, such a registered person may –

- (a) for the first month of the quarter, take into account the balance in the electronic cash ledger.
- (b) for the second month of the quarter, take into account the balance in the electronic cash ledger excluding the tax due for the first month.

(4) The amount deposited by the registered persons under sub-rule (3) above, shall be debited while filing the return for the said quarter in **FORM GSTR-3B**, and any claim of refund of such amount lying in balance in the electronic cash ledger, if any, out of the amount so deposited shall be permitted only after the return in **FORM GSTR-3B** for the said quarter has been filed.]

[61A. Manner of opting for furnishing quarterly return.

Sec: 39	Forms: GSTR-3B
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(1) Every registered person intending to furnish return on a quarterly basis under proviso to sub-section (1) of section 39, shall in accordance with the conditions and restrictions notified in this regard, indicate his preference for furnishing of return on a quarterly

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 10.11.2020 vide CGST (XIII Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 82/2020-CT, dt. 10.11.2020.

basis, electronically, on the common portal, from the 1st day of the second month of the preceding quarter till the last day of the first month of the quarter for which the option is being exercised:

Provided that where such option has been exercised once, the said registered person shall continue to furnish the return on a quarterly basis for future tax periods, unless the said registered person,—

- (a) becomes ineligible for furnishing the return on a quarterly basis as per the conditions and restrictions notified in this regard; or
- (b) opts for furnishing of return on a monthly basis, electronically, on the common portal:

Provided further that a registered person shall not be eligible to opt for furnishing quarterly return in case the last return due on the date of exercising such option has not been furnished.

- (2) A registered person, whose aggregate turnover exceeds 5 crore rupees during the current financial year, shall opt for furnishing of return on a monthly basis, electronically, on the common portal, from the first month of the quarter, succeeding the quarter during which his aggregate turnover exceeds 5 crore rupees.]

62. ¹[Form and manner of submission of statement and return]

Sec: 39	Forms: GSTR-4, GSTR-4A, CMP-08
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- (1) Every registered person ²[paying tax under section 10 ³[***] shall-
 - (i) furnish a statement, every quarter or, as the case may be, part thereof, containing the details of payment of self-assessed tax in **FORM GST CMP-08**, till the 18th day of the month succeeding such quarter; and
 - (ii) furnish a return for every financial year or, as the case may be, part thereof in **FORM GSTR-4**, till the thirtieth day of April following the end of such financial year];

electronically through the common portal, either directly or through a Facilitation Centre notified by the Commissioner.

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 23.04.2019, for the words, “Form and manner of submission of quarterly return by the composition supplier”, vide CGST (III Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 20/2019-CT, dt. 23.04.2019.

² Subs. w.e.f. 23.04.2019 vide CGST (III Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 20/2019-CT, dt. 23.04.2019. Formerly substituted portion read as :

“paying tax under section 10 shall, on the basis of details contained in **FORM GSTR-4A**, and where required, after adding, correcting or deleting the details, furnish the **quarterly return in FORM GSTR-4**”.

³ Omtd. w.e.f. 10.11.2020 vide CGST (XIII Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 82/2020-CT, dt. 10.11.2020, the words, figures, letters and brackets, which read as “or paying tax by availing the benefit of notification of the Government of India, Ministry of Finance, Department of Revenue No. 02/2019-Central Tax (Rate), dated the 7th March, 2019, published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i) vide number G.S.R.189 (E), dated the 7th March, 2019”.

¹[***]

- (2) Every registered person furnishing the ²[statement under sub-rule (1) shall discharge his liability towards tax or interest] payable under the Act or the provisions of this Chapter by debiting the electronic cash ledger.
- (3) The return furnished under sub-rule (1) shall include the -
 - (a) invoice wise inter-State and intra-State inward supplies received from registered and un-registered persons; and
 - (b) consolidated details of outward supplies made.
- (4) A registered person who has opted to pay tax under section 10 ³[***] from the beginning of a financial year shall, where required, furnish the details of outward and inward supplies and return under rules 59, 60 and 61 relating to the period during which the person was liable to furnish such details and returns till the due date of furnishing the return for the month of September of the succeeding financial year or furnishing of annual return of the preceding financial year, whichever is earlier.

Explanation.– For the purposes of this sub-rule, it is hereby declared that the person shall not be eligible to avail ⁴[***] input tax credit on receipt of invoices or debit notes from the supplier for the period prior to his opting for the composition scheme ⁵[***].

- (5) A registered person opting to withdraw from the composition scheme at his own motion or where option is withdrawn at the instance of the proper officer shall, where required, furnish ⁶[a statement in **FORM GST CMP-08** for the period for which he has paid tax

¹ *Omtd.* Proviso w.e.f. 23.04.2019 vide CGST (III Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 20/2019-CT, dt. 23.04.2019. Formerly the proviso was inserted vide Notification No. 45/2017-CT, dt. 13.10.2017, which read as :

“Provided that the registered person who opts to pay tax under section 10 with effect from the first day of a month which is not the first month of a quarter shall furnish the return in FORM GSTR-4 for that period of the quarter for which he has paid tax under section 10 and shall furnish the returns as applicable to him for the period of the quarter prior to opting to pay tax under section 10”.

² *Subs.* w.e.f. 23.04.2019 vide CGST (III Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 20/2019-CT, dt. 23.04.2019. Formerly substituted portion read as :

“return under sub-rule (1) shall discharge his liability towards tax, interest, penalty, fees or any other amount”.

³ *Omtd.* w.e.f. 10.11.2020 vide CGST (XIII Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 82/2020-CT, dt. 10.11.2020, the words, figures, letters and brackets, which read as “or by availing the benefit of notification of the Government of India, Ministry of Finance, Department of Revenue No. 02/2019–Central Tax (Rate), dated the 7th March, 2019, published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i) vide number G.S.R.189 (E), dated the 7th March, 2019”. This phrase was earlier *ins.* w.e.f. 23.04.2019 vide CGST (III Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 20/2019-CT, dt. 23.04.2019.

⁴ *Omtd.* “of” w.e.f. 23.04.2019 vide CGST (III Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 20/2019-CT, dt. 23.04.2019.

⁵ *Omtd.* w.e.f. 10.11.2020 vide CGST (XIII Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 82/2020-CT, dt. 10.11.2020, the words, figures, letters and brackets, which read as “or opting for paying tax by availing the benefit of notification of the Government of India, Ministry of Finance, Department of Revenue No. 02/2019–Central Tax (Rate), dated the 7th March, 2019, published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i) vide number G.S.R.189 (E), dated the 7th March, 2019”. This phrase was earlier *ins.* w.e.f. 23.04.2019 vide CGST (III Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 20/2019-CT, dt. 23.04.2019.

⁶ *Subs.* w.e.f. 23.04.2019 vide CGST (III Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 20/2019-CT, dt. 23.04.2019. Formerly substituted portion read as :

“the details relating to the period prior to his opting for payment of tax under section 9 in **FORM GSTR- 4** till the due date of furnishing the return for the quarter ending September of the succeeding financial year or furnishing of annual return of the preceding financial year, whichever is earlier”.

under the composition scheme till the 18th day of the month succeeding the quarter in which the date of withdrawal falls and furnish a return in **FORM GSTR-4** for the said period till the thirtieth day of April following the end of the financial year during which such withdrawal falls].

¹[(6) ***]

63. Form and manner of submission of return by non-resident taxable person.

Sec: 39	Forms: GSTR-5
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Every registered non-resident taxable person shall furnish a return in **FORM GSTR-5** electronically through the common portal, either directly or through a Facilitation Centre notified by the Commissioner, including therein the details of outward supplies and inward supplies and shall pay the tax, interest, penalty, fees or any other amount payable under the Act or the provisions of this Chapter within twenty days after the end of a tax period or within seven days after the last day of the validity period of registration, whichever is earlier.

²[64. Form and manner of submission of return by persons providing online information and data base access or retrieval services and by persons supplying online money gaming from a place outside India to a person in India.

Sec: 39; 14 of IGST Act	Forms: GSTR-5A
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Every registered person either providing online money gaming from a place outside India to a person in India, or providing online information and data base access or retrieval services from a place outside India to a non-taxable online recipient referred to in section 14 of the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 (13 of 2017) or to a registered person other than a non-taxable online recipient, shall file return in **FORM GSTR-5A** on or before the twentieth day of the month succeeding the calendar month or part thereof.]

¹ *Omtd.* sub-rule (6) w.e.f. 10.11.2020 vide CGST (XIII Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 82/2020-CT, dt. 10.11.2020. Formerly read:

“*¹(6) A registered person who ceases to avail the benefit of notification of the Government of India, Ministry of Finance, Department of Revenue No. 02/2019-Central Tax (Rate), dated the 7th March, 2019, published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i) vide number G.S.R.189 (E) , dated the 7th March, 2019, shall, where required, furnish a statement in **FORM GST CMP-08** for the period for which he has paid tax by availing the benefit under the said notification till the 18th day of the month succeeding the quarter in which the date of cessation takes place and furnish a return in **FORM GSTR-4** for the said period till the thirtieth day of April following the end of the financial year during which such cessation happens.”.

*¹The sub-rule (6) was earlier *ins.* w.e.f. 23.04.2019 vide CGST (III Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 20/2019-CT, dt. 23.04.2019.

² *Subs.* w.e.f. 01.10.2023 vide Notification No. 51/2023-CT, dt. 29.09.2023. Formerly it read:

“64. Form and manner of submission of return by persons providing online information and database access or retrieval services.

Every registered person providing online information and data base access or retrieval services from a place outside India to a #[non-taxable online recipient referred to in section 14 of the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 (13 of 2017) or to] a registered person shall file return in FORM GSTR-5A on or before the twentieth day of the month succeeding the calendar month or part thereof.”

Subs. w.e.f. 01.10.2023, for the words “person in India other than”, vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2023; Notification No. 38/2023-CT, dt. 04.08.2023.

65. Form and manner of submission of return by an Input Service Distributor.

Sec: 39

Forms: GSTR-6, GSTR-6A

Every Input Service Distributor shall, on the basis of details contained in **FORM GSTR-6A**, and where required, after adding, correcting or deleting the details, furnish electronically the return in **FORM GSTR-6**, containing the details of tax invoices on which credit has been received and those issued under section 20, through the common portal either directly or from a Facilitation Centre notified by the Commissioner.

66. Form and manner of submission of return by a person required to deduct tax at source.

Sec: 39, 51

Forms: GSTR-7, GSTR-7A

- (1) Every registered person required to deduct tax at source under section 51 (hereafter in this rule referred to as deductor) shall furnish a return in **FORM GSTR-7** electronically through the common portal either directly or from a Facilitation Centre notified by the Commissioner.
- (2) The details furnished by the deductor under sub-rule (1) shall be made available electronically to each of the ¹[deductees] on the common portal after ²[***] filing of **FORM GSTR-7** ³[for claiming the amount of tax deducted in his electronic cash ledger after validation].
- (3) The certificate referred to in sub-section (3) of section 51 shall be made available electronically to the deductee on the common portal in **FORM GSTR-7A** on the basis of the return furnished under sub-rule (1).

67. Form and manner of submission of statement of supplies through an e-commerce operator.

Sec: 52

Forms: GSTR-8

- (1) Every electronic commerce operator required to collect tax at source under section 52 shall furnish a statement in **FORM GSTR-8** electronically on the common portal, either directly or from a Facilitation Centre notified by the Commissioner, containing details of supplies effected through such operator and the amount of tax collected as required under sub-section (1) of section 52.
- (2) ⁴[The details of tax collected at source under sub-section (1) of section 52 furnished by the operator under sub-rule (1) shall be made available electronically to each of the

¹ Sub. w.e.f. 28.06.2019, for the words “suppliers in **Part C of FORM GSTR-2A and FORM- GSTR-4A**”, vide CGST (IV Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 31/2019-CT, dt. 28.06.2019.

² Omtd. w.e.f. 28.06.2019, the words “the due date of”, vide CGST (IV Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 31/2019-CT, dt. 28.06.2019.

³ Ins. w.e.f. 28.06.2019 vide CGST (IV Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 31/2019-CT, dt. 28.06.2019.

⁴ Subs. w.e.f. 01.10.2023, for the words “The details furnished by the operator under sub-rule (1) shall be made available electronically to each of the suppliers”, vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2023; Notification No. 38/2023-CT, dt. 04.08.2023.

registered suppliers] ¹[***] on the common portal after ²[***] filing of **FORM GSTR-8** ³[for claiming the amount of tax collected in his electronic cash ledger after validation].

⁴[67A. Manner of furnishing of return or details of outward supplies by short messaging service facility.]

Sec: 37, 39

Forms: GSTR-1, GSTR-3B, CMP-08

Notwithstanding anything contained in this Chapter, for a registered person who is required to furnish a Nil return under section 39 in **FORM GSTR-3B** or a Nil details of outward supplies under section 37 in **FORM GSTR-1** or a Nil statement in **FORM GST CMP-08** for a tax period, any reference to electronic furnishing shall include furnishing of the said return or the details of outward supplies or statement through a short messaging service using the registered mobile number and the said return or the details of outward supplies or statement shall be verified by a registered mobile number based One Time Password facility.

*Explanation. - For the purpose of this rule, a Nil return or Nil details of outward supplies or Nil statement shall mean a return under section 39 or details of outward supplies under section 37 or statement under rule 62, for a tax period that has nil or no entry in all the Tables in **FORM GSTR-3B** or **FORM GSTR-1** or **FORM GST CMP-08**, as the case may be.]*

¹ *Omt. w.e.f. 28.06.2019, the words “in **Part C** of **FORM GSTR-2A**”, vide CGST (IV Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 31/2019-CT, dt. 28.06.2019.*

² *Omtd. w.e.f. 28.06.2019, the words “the due date of”, vide CGST (IV Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 31/2019-CT, dt. 28.06.2019.*

³ *Ins. w.e.f. 28.06.2019 vide CGST (IV Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 31/2019-CT, dt. 28.06.2019.*

⁴ *Subs. w.e.f. 15.10.2020 vide CGST (XII Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 79/2020-CT, dt. 15.10.2020, which formerly read:*

“67A. Manner of furnishing of return or details of outward supplies by short messaging service facility”

Notwithstanding anything contained in this Chapter, for a registered person who is required to furnish a Nil return under section 39 in **FORM GSTR-3B** or a Nil details of outward supplies under section 37 in **FORM GSTR-1** for a tax period, any reference to electronic furnishing shall include furnishing of the said return or the details of outward supplies through a short messaging service using the registered mobile number and the said return or the details of outward supplies shall be verified by a registered mobile number based One Time Password facility.

*Explanation. - For the purpose of this rule, a Nil return or Nil details of outward supplies shall mean a return under section 39 or details of outward supplies under section 37, for a tax period that has nil or no entry in all the Tables in **FORM GSTR-3B** or **FORM GSTR-1**, as the case may be.”*

Earlier *subs.* w.e.f 01.07.2020 vide CGST (VIII Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 58/2020-CT, dt. 01.07.2020, which formerly read:

“67A. Manner of furnishing of return by short messaging service facility”

Notwithstanding anything contained in this Chapter, for a registered person who is required to furnish a Nil return under section 39 in **FORM GSTR-3B** for a tax period, any reference to electronic furnishing shall include furnishing of the said return through a short messaging service using the registered mobile number and the said return shall be verified by a registered mobile number based One Time Password facility.

*Explanation. - For the purpose of this rule, a Nil return shall mean a return under section 39 for a tax period that has nil or no entry in all the Tables in **FORM GSTR-3B**.”*

Earlier *ins.* w.e.f. 08.06.2020 vide CGST (V Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 38/2020-CT, dt. 05.05.2020 read with Notification No. 44/2020-CT, dt. 08.06.2020.

68. Notice to non-filers of returns.

Sec: 46

Forms: GSTR-3A

A notice in **FORM GSTR-3A** shall be issued, electronically, to a registered person who fails to furnish return under section 39 or section 44 or section 45 or section 52.

¹[69. ***]

²[70. ***]

³[71. ***]

¹ *Omtd. w.e.f. 01.10.2022 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2022; Notification No. 19/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022.*
Formerly it read:

“(69.) Matching of claim of input tax credit.

The following details relating to the claim of input tax credit on inward supplies including imports, provisionally allowed under section 41, shall be matched under section 42 after the due date for furnishing the return in FORM GSTR-3-

- (a) Goods and Services Tax Identification Number of the supplier;
- (b) Goods and Services Tax Identification Number of the recipient;
- (c) invoice or debit note number;
- (d) invoice or debit note date; and
- (e) tax amount:

Provided that where the time limit for furnishing FORM GSTR-1 specified under section 37 and FORM GSTR-2 specified under section 38 has been extended, the date of matching relating to claim of input tax credit shall also be extended accordingly:

Provided further that the Commissioner may, on the recommendations of the Council, by order, extend the date of matching relating to claim of input tax credit to such date as may be specified therein.

*Explanation.-*For the purposes of this rule, it is hereby declared that –

- (i) The claim of input tax credit in respect of invoices and debit notes in FORM GSTR-2 that were accepted by the recipient on the basis of FORM GSTR-2A without amendment shall be treated as matched if the corresponding supplier has furnished a valid return;
- (ii) The claim of input tax credit shall be considered as matched where the amount of input tax credit claimed is equal to or less than the output tax paid on such tax invoice or debit note by the corresponding supplier.”.

² *Omtd. w.e.f. 01.10.2022 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2022; Notification No. 19/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022.*
Formerly it read:

“(70.) Final acceptance of input tax credit and communication thereof.

- (1) The final acceptance of claim of input tax credit in respect of any tax period, specified in sub-section (2) of section 42, shall be made available electronically to the registered person making such claim in FORM GST MIS-1 through the common portal.
- (2) The claim of input tax credit in respect of any tax period which had been communicated as mismatched but is found to be matched after rectification by the supplier or recipient shall be finally accepted and made available electronically to the person making such claim in FORM GST MIS-1 through the common portal.”

³ *Omtd. w.e.f. 01.10.2022 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2022; Notification No. 19/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022.*
Formerly it read:

“(71.) Communication and rectification of discrepancy in claim of input tax credit and reversal of claim of input tax credit.

- (1) Any discrepancy in the claim of input tax credit in respect of any tax period, specified in sub-section (3) of section 42 and the details of output tax liable to be added under sub-section (5) of the said section on account of continuation of such discrepancy, shall be made available to the recipient making such claim electronically in FORM GST MIS-1 and to the supplier electronically in FORM GST MIS-2 through the common portal on or before the last date of the month in which the matching has been carried out.
- (2) A supplier to whom any discrepancy is made available under sub-rule (1) may make suitable rectifications in the statement of outward supplies to be furnished for the month in which the discrepancy is made available.

Cont...

¹[72. ***]²[73. ***]³[74. ***]*Cont...*

- (3) A recipient to whom any discrepancy is made available under sub-rule (1) may make suitable rectifications in the statement of inward supplies to be furnished for the month in which the discrepancy is made available.
- (4) Where the discrepancy is not rectified under sub-rule (2) or sub-rule (3), an amount to the extent of discrepancy shall be added to the output tax liability of the recipient in his return to be furnished in FORM GSTR-3 for the month succeeding the month in which the discrepancy is made available.

Explanation.-For the purposes of this rule, it is hereby declared that -

- (i) Rectification by a supplier means adding or correcting the details of an outward supply in his valid return so as to match the details of corresponding inward supply declared by the recipient;
- (ii) Rectification by the recipient means deleting or correcting the details of an inward supply so as to match the details of corresponding outward supply declared by the supplier.”.

¹ *Omtd. w.e.f. 01.10.2022 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2022; Notification No. 19/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022.*
Formerly it read:

“(72.) Claim of input tax credit on the same invoice more than once.

Duplication of claims of input tax credit in the details of inward supplies shall be communicated to the registered person in FORM GST MIS-1 electronically through the common portal.”

² *Omtd. w.e.f. 01.10.2022 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2022; Notification No. 19/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022.*
Formerly it read:

“(73.) Matching of claim of reduction in the output tax liability.

The following details relating to the claim of reduction in output tax liability shall be matched under section 43 after the due date for furnishing the return in FORM GSTR-3, namely:-

- (a) Goods and Services Tax Identification Number of the supplier;
- (b) Goods and Services Tax Identification Number of the recipient;
- (c) credit note number;
- (d) credit note date; and
- (e) tax amount:

Provided that where the time limit for furnishing FORM GSTR-1 under section 37 and FORM GSTR-2 under section 38 has been extended, the date of matching of claim of reduction in the output tax liability shall be extended accordingly:

Provided further that the Commissioner may, on the recommendations of the Council, by order, extend the date of matching relating to claim of reduction in output tax liability to such date as may be specified therein.

Explanation.-For the purposes of this rule, it is hereby declared that –

- (i) the claim of reduction in output tax liability due to issuance of credit notes in FORM GSTR-1 that were accepted by the corresponding recipient in FORM GSTR-2 without amendment shall be treated as matched if the said recipient has furnished a valid return.
- (ii) the claim of reduction in the output tax liability shall be considered as matched where the amount of output tax liability after taking into account the reduction claimed is equal to or more than the claim of input tax credit after taking into account the reduction admitted and discharged on such credit note by the corresponding recipient in his valid return.”.

³ *Omtd. w.e.f. 01.10.2022 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2022; Notification No. 19/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022.*
Formerly it read:

“(74.) Final acceptance of reduction in output tax liability and communication thereof.

- (1) The final acceptance of claim of reduction in output tax liability in respect of any tax period, specified in sub-section (2) of section 43, shall be made available electronically to the person making such claim in FORM GST MIS-1 through the common portal.
- (2) The claim of reduction in output tax liability in respect of any tax period which had been communicated as mis-matched but is found to be matched after rectification by the supplier or recipient shall be finally accepted and made available electronically to the person making such claim in FORM GST MIS-1 through the common portal.”.

¹[75. ***]²[76. ***]³[77. ***]

78. Matching of details furnished by the e-Commerce operator with the details furnished by the supplier.

Sec: 52	Forms: GSTR-1, GSTR-8
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The following details relating to the supplies made through an e-Commerce operator, as declared in **FORM GSTR-8**, shall be matched with the corresponding details declared by the supplier in **FORM GSTR-1**,

- (a) State of place of supply; and
- (b) net taxable value:

Provided that where the time limit for furnishing **FORM GSTR-1** under section 37 has been extended, the date of matching of the above mentioned details shall be extended accordingly.

¹ *Omtd. w.e.f. 01.10.2022 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2022; Notification No. 19/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022.*
Formerly it read:

“(75.) Communication and rectification of discrepancy in reduction in output tax liability and reversal of claim of reduction.

- (1) Any discrepancy in claim of reduction in output tax liability, specified in sub-section (3) of section 43, and the details of output tax liability to be added under sub-section (5) of the said section on account of continuation of such discrepancy, shall be made available to the registered person making such claim electronically in FORM GST MIS- 1 and the recipient electronically in FORM GST MIS-2 through the common portal on or before the last date of the month in which the matching has been carried out.
- (2) A supplier to whom any discrepancy is made available under sub-rule (1) may make suitable rectifications in the statement of outward supplies to be furnished for the month in which the discrepancy is made available.
- (3) A recipient to whom any discrepancy is made available under sub-rule (1) may make suitable rectifications in the statement of inward supplies to be furnished for the month in which the discrepancy is made available.
- (4) Where the discrepancy is not rectified under sub-rule (2) or sub-rule (3), an amount to the extent of discrepancy shall be added to the output tax liability of the supplier and debited to the electronic liability register and also shown in his return in FORM GSTR-3 for the month succeeding the month in which the discrepancy is made available.

*Explanation.-*For the purposes of this rule, it is hereby declared that –

- (i) rectification by a supplier means deleting or correcting the details of an outward supply in his valid return so as to match the details of corresponding inward supply declared by the recipient;
- (ii) rectification by the recipient means adding or correcting the details of an inward supply so as to match the details of corresponding outward supply declared by the supplier.”.

² *Omtd. w.e.f. 01.10.2022 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2022; Notification No. 19/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022.*
Formerly it read:

“(76.) Claim of reduction in output tax liability more than once.

The duplication of claims for reduction in output tax liability in the details of outward supplies shall be communicated to the registered person in FORM GST MIS-1 electronically through the common portal.”.

³ *Omtd. w.e.f. 01.10.2022 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2022; Notification No. 19/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022.*
Formerly it read:

“(77.) Refund of interest paid on reclaim of reversals.

The interest to be refunded under sub-section (9) of section 42 or sub-section (9) of section 43 shall be claimed by the registered person in his return in FORM GSTR-3 and shall be credited to his electronic cash ledger in FORM GST PMT-05 and the amount credited shall be available for payment of any future liability towards interest or the taxable person may claim refund of the amount under section 54.”.

Provided further that the Commissioner may, on the recommendations of the Council, by order, extend the date of matching to such date as may be specified therein.

¹[79. ***]

²[80. Annual return.]

Sec: 44

Forms: GSTR-9, GSTR-9A, GSTR-9B, GSTR-9C

¹ *Omtm. w.e.f. 01.10.2022 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2022; Notification No. 19/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022. Formerly it read:*

“(79.) Communication and rectification of discrepancy in details furnished by the e-commerce operator and the supplier.

- (1) Any discrepancy in the details furnished by the operator and those declared by the supplier shall be made available to the supplier electronically in FORM GST MIS-3 and to the e-commerce operator electronically in FORM GST MIS-4 on the common portal on or before the last date of the month in which the matching has been carried out.
- (2) A supplier to whom any discrepancy is made available under sub-rule (1) may make suitable rectifications in the statement of outward supplies to be furnished for the month in which the discrepancy is made available.
- (3) An operator to whom any discrepancy is made available under sub-rule (1) may make suitable rectifications in the statement to be furnished for the month in which the discrepancy is made available.
- (4) Where the discrepancy is not rectified under sub-rule (2) or sub-rule (3), an amount to the extent of discrepancy shall be added to the output tax liability of the supplier in his return in FORM GSTR-3 for the month succeeding the month in which the details of discrepancy are made available and such addition to the output tax liability and interest payable thereon shall be made available to the supplier electronically on the common portal in FORM GST MIS-3.”.

² Rule 80 *subs. w.e.f. 01.08.2021 vide CGST (VI Amendment) Rules, 2021 vide Notification No. 30/2021-CT, dt. 30.07.2021. Formerly it read:*

“80. Annual return.

- (1) Every registered person, other than an Input Service Distributor, a person paying tax under section 51 or section 52, a casual taxable person and a non-resident taxable person, shall furnish an annual return as specified under sub-section (1) of section 44 electronically in **FORM GSTR-9** through the common portal either directly or through a Facilitation Centre notified by the Commissioner:

Provided that a person paying tax under section 10 shall furnish the annual return in **FORM GSTR-9A**.

- (2) Every electronic commerce operator required to collect tax at source under section 52 shall furnish annual statement referred to in sub-section (5) of the said section in **FORM GSTR -9B**.
- (3) Every registered person ^{*1}[other than those referred to in the proviso to sub-section (5) of section 35] whose aggregate turnover during a financial year exceeds two crore rupees shall get his accounts audited as specified under sub-section (5) of section 35 and he shall furnish a copy of audited annual accounts and a reconciliation statement, duly certified, in **FORM GSTR-9C**, electronically through the common portal either directly or through a Facilitation Centre notified by the Commissioner.

^{*2}[Provided that for the financial year 2018-2019 and 2019-2020, every registered person whose aggregate turnover exceeds five crore rupees shall get his accounts audited as specified under sub-section (5) of section 35 and he shall furnish a copy of audited annual accounts and a reconciliation statement, duly certified, in **FORM GSTR-9C** for the said financial year, electronically through the common portal either directly or through a Facilitation Centre notified by the Commissioner.]”.

^{*1} *Ins. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 vide CGST (I Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 3/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019.*

^{*2} *Subs. w.e.f. 15.10.2020 vide CGST (XII Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 79/2020-CT, dt. 15.10.2020. Formerly it read:*

“Provided that every registered person whose aggregate turnover during the financial year 2018-2019 exceeds five crore rupees shall get his accounts audited as specified under sub section (5) of section 35 and he shall furnish a copy of audited annual accounts and a reconciliation statement, duly certified, in **FORM GSTR-9C** for the financial year 2018-2019, electronically through the common portal either directly or through a Facilitation Centre notified by the Commissioner.”

Earlier *ins. w.e.f. 23.03.2020 vide CGST (III Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 16/2020-CT, dt. 23.03.2020.*

(1) Every registered person, other than those referred to in the second proviso to section 44, an Input Service Distributor, a person paying tax under section 51 or section 52, a casual taxable person and a non-resident taxable person, shall furnish an annual return for every financial year as specified under section 44 electronically in **FORM GSTR-9** on or before the thirty-first day of December following the end of such financial year through the common portal either directly or through a Facilitation Centre notified by the Commissioner:

Provided that a person paying tax under section 10 shall furnish the annual return in **FORM GSTR-9A**.

¹[(1A) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-rule (1), for the financial year 2020-2021 the said annual return shall be furnished on or before the twenty-eighth day of February, 2022.]

²[(1B) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-rule (1), for the financial year 2022-2023, the said annual return shall be furnished on or before the tenth day of January, 2024 for the registered persons whose principal place of business is in the districts of Chennai, Tiruvallur, Chengalpattu, Kanchipuram, Tirunelveli, Tenkasi, Kanyakumari, Thoothukudi and Virudhunagar in the state of Tamil Nadu.]

(2) Every electronic commerce operator required to collect tax at source under section 52 shall furnish annual statement referred to in sub-section (5) of the said section in **FORM GSTR-9B**.

(3) Every registered person, other than those referred to in the second proviso to section 44, an Input Service Distributor, a person paying tax under section 51 or section 52, a casual taxable person and a non-resident taxable person, whose aggregate turnover during a financial year exceeds five crore rupees, shall also furnish a self-certified reconciliation statement as specified under section 44 in **FORM GSTR-9C** along with the annual return referred to in sub-rule (1), on or before the thirty-first day of December following the end of such financial year, electronically through the common portal either directly or through a Facilitation Centre notified by the Commissioner.]

³[(3A) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-rule (3), for the financial year 2020-2021 the said self-certified reconciliation statement shall be furnished along with the said annual return on or before the twenty-eighth day of February, 2022.]

⁴[(3B) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-rule (3), for the financial year 2022-2023, the said self-certified reconciliation statement shall be furnished along with the said annual return on or before the tenth day of January, 2024 for the registered persons whose principal place of business is in the districts of Chennai, Tiruvallur, Chengalpattu, Kanchipuram, Tirunelveli, Tenkasi, Kanyakumari, Thoothukudi and Virudhunagar in the state of Tamil Nadu.]

¹ *Ins. w.e.f. 29.12.2021 vide Notification No. 40/2021-CT, dt. 29.12.2021.*

² *Ins. w.e.f. 31.12.2023 vide Notification No. 02/2024-CT, dt. 05.01.2024.*

³ *Ins. w.e.f. 29.12.2021 vide Notification No. 40/2021-CT, dt. 29.12.2021.*

⁴ *Ins. w.e.f. 31.12.2023 vide Notification No. 02/2024-CT, dt. 05.01.2024*

81. Final return.

Sec: 45	Forms: GSTR-10
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Every registered person required to furnish a final return under section 45, shall furnish such return electronically in **FORM GSTR-10** through the common portal either directly or through a Facilitation Centre notified by the Commissioner.

82. Details of inward supplies of persons having Unique Identity Number.

Sec: 54(2), 55	Forms: GSTR-11
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- (1) Every person who has been issued a Unique Identity Number and claims refund of the taxes paid on his inward supplies, shall furnish the details of such supplies of taxable goods or services or both electronically in **FORM GSTR-11**, along with application for such refund claim, through the common portal either directly or through a Facilitation Centre notified by the Commissioner.
- (2) Every person who has been issued a Unique Identity Number for purposes other than refund of the taxes paid shall furnish the details of inward supplies of taxable goods or services or both as may be required by the proper officer in **FORM GSTR-11**.

83. Provisions relating to a goods and services tax practitioner.

Sec: 48	Forms: PCT-01 to PCT-05
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- (1) An application in **FORM GST PCT-01** may be made electronically through the common portal either directly or through a Facilitation Centre notified by the Commissioner for enrolment as goods and services tax practitioner by any person who,
 - (i) is a citizen of India;
 - (ii) is a person of sound mind;
 - (iii) is not adjudicated as insolvent;
 - (iv) has not been convicted by a competent court; and satisfies any of the following conditions, namely:
 - (a) that he is a retired officer of the Commercial Tax Department of any State Government or of the ¹[Central Board of Indirect Taxes] and Customs, Department of Revenue, Government of India, who, during his service under the Government, had worked in a post not lower than the rank of a Group-B gazetted officer for a period of not less than two years; or
 - (b) that he has enrolled as a sales tax practitioner or tax return preparer under the existing law for a period of not less than five years;

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 for the words “Central Board of Excise” vide CGST (I Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 3/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019.

- (c) he has passed,
 - (i) a graduate or postgraduate degree or its equivalent examination having a degree in Commerce, Law, Banking including Higher Auditing, or Business Administration or Business Management from any Indian University established by any law for the time being in force; or
 - (ii) a degree examination of any Foreign University recognised by any Indian University as equivalent to the degree examination mentioned in sub-clause (i); or
 - (iii) any other examination notified by the Government, on the recommendation of the Council, for this purpose; or
 - (iv) has passed any of the following examinations, namely:-
 - (a) final examination of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India; or
 - (b) final examination of the Institute of Cost Accountants of India; or
 - (c) final examination of the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.
- (2) On receipt of the application referred to in sub-rule (1), the officer authorised in this behalf shall, after making such enquiry as he considers necessary, either enrol the applicant as a goods and services tax practitioner and issue a certificate to that effect in **FORM GST PCT-02** or reject his application where it is found that the applicant is not qualified to be enrolled as a goods and services tax practitioner.
- (3) The enrolment made under sub-rule (2) shall be valid until it is cancelled:
Provided that no person enrolled as a goods and services tax practitioner shall be eligible to remain enrolled unless he passes such examination conducted at such periods and by such authority as may be notified by the Commissioner on the recommendations of the Council:
Provided further that no person to whom the provisions of clause (b) of ¹[sub-rule] (1) apply shall be eligible to remain enrolled unless he passes the said examination within a period of ²[thirty months] from the appointed date.
- (4) If any goods and services tax practitioner is found guilty of misconduct in connection with any proceedings under the Act, the authorised officer may, after giving him a notice to show cause in **FORM GST PCT-03** for such misconduct and after giving him a reasonable opportunity of being heard, by order in **FORM GST PCT-04** direct that he shall henceforth be disqualified under section 48 to function as a goods and services tax practitioner.

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.07.2017, for the word “sub-section” vide Notification No. 17/2017-CT, dt. 27.07.2017.

² Subs. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 for “eighteen months” vide CGST (I Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 3/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019. Earlier subs. w.e.f. 13.06.2018 for the words “one year”, vide Notification No. 26/2018-CT, dt. 13.06.2018.

- (5) Any person against whom an order under sub-rule (4) is made may, within thirty days from the date of issue of such order, appeal to the Commissioner against such order.
- (6) Any registered person may, at his option, authorise a goods and services tax practitioner on the common portal in **FORM GST PCT-05** or, at any time, withdraw such authorisation in **FORM GST PCT-05** and the goods and services tax practitioner so authorised shall be allowed to undertake such tasks as indicated in the said authorisation during the period of authorisation.
- (7) Where a statement required to be furnished by a registered person has been furnished by the goods and services tax practitioner authorised by him, a confirmation shall be sought from the registered person over email or SMS and the statement furnished by the goods and services tax practitioner shall be made available to the registered person on the common portal:

Provided that where the registered person fails to respond to the request for confirmation till the last date of furnishing of such statement, it shall be deemed that he has confirmed the statement furnished by the goods and services tax practitioner.

- (8) ¹[A goods and services tax practitioner can undertake any or all of the following activities on behalf of a registered person, if so authorised by him to-
 - (a) furnish the details of outward ²[***] supplies;
 - (b) furnish monthly, quarterly, annual or final return;
 - (c) make deposit for credit into the electronic cash ledger;
 - (d) file a claim for refund;
 - (e) file an application for amendment or cancellation of registration;
 - (f) furnish information for generation of e-way bill;
 - (g) furnish details of challan in **FORM GST ITC-04**;
 - (h) file an application for amendment or cancellation of enrolment under rule 58; and
 - (i) file an intimation to pay tax under the composition scheme or withdraw from the said scheme:

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 vide CGST (I Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 3/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019. Earlier it read as:

“A goods and services tax practitioner can undertake any or all of the following activities on behalf of a registered person, if so authorised by him to-

- (a) furnish the details of outward and inward supplies;
- (b) furnish monthly, quarterly, annual or final return;
- (c) make deposit for credit into the electronic cash ledger;
- (d) file a claim for refund; and
- (e) file an application for amendment or cancellation of registration:

Provided that where any application relating to a claim for refund or an application for amendment or cancellation of registration has been submitted by the goods and services tax practitioner authorised by the registered person, a confirmation shall be sought from the registered person and the application submitted by the said practitioner shall be made available to the registered person on the common portal and such application shall not be proceeded with further until the registered person gives his consent to the same.”

² Omtd. the words “and inward” w.e.f. 01.10.2022 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2022; Notification No. 19/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022.

Provided that where any application relating to a claim for refund or an application for amendment or cancellation of registration or where an intimation to pay tax under composition scheme or to withdraw from such scheme has been submitted by the goods and services tax practitioner authorised by the registered person, a confirmation shall be sought from the registered person and the application submitted by the said practitioner shall be made available to the registered person on the common portal and such application shall not be further proceeded with until the registered person gives his consent to the same.]

- (9) Any registered person opting to furnish his return through a goods and services tax practitioner shall-
 - (a) give his consent in **FORM GST PCT-05** to any goods and services tax practitioner to prepare and furnish his return; and
 - (b) before confirming submission of any statement prepared by the goods and services tax practitioner, ensure that the facts mentioned in the return are true and correct.
- (10) The goods and services tax practitioner shall-
 - (a) prepare the statements with due diligence; and
 - (b) affix his digital signature on the statements prepared by him or electronically verify using his credentials.
- (11) A goods and services tax practitioner enrolled in any other State or Union territory shall be treated as enrolled in the State or Union territory for the purposes specified in sub-rule (8).

¹[83A. Examination of Goods and Services Tax Practitioners

<i>Sec: 48</i>	<i>Forms: PCT-01</i>
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- (1) Every person referred to in clause (b) of sub-rule (1) of rule 83 and who is enrolled as a goods and services tax practitioner under sub-rule (2) of the said rule, shall pass an examination as per sub-rule (3) of the said rule.
- (2) The National Academy of Customs, Indirect Taxes and Narcotics (hereinafter referred to as “NACIN”) shall conduct the examination.

(3) Frequency of examination.

The examination shall be conducted twice in a year as per the schedule of the examination published by NACIN every year on the official websites of the Board, NACIN, common portal, GST Council Secretariat and in the leading English and regional newspapers.

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 30.10.2018 vide Notification No. 60/2018-CT, dt. 30.10.2018.

(4) Registration for the examination and payment of fee.

- (i) A person who is required to pass the examination shall register online on a website specified by NACIN.
- (ii) A person who registers for the examination shall pay examination fee as specified by NACIN, and the amount for the same and the manner of its payment shall be specified by NACIN on the official websites of the Board, NACIN and common portal.

(5) Examination centers.

The examination shall be held across India at the designated centers. The candidate shall be given an option to choose from the list of centers as provided by NACIN at the time of registration.

(6) Period for passing the examination and number of attempts allowed.

- ¹[(i) Every person referred to in clause (b) of sub-rule (1) of rule 83 and who is enrolled as a goods and services tax practitioner under sub-rule (2) of the said rule is required to pass the examination within the period as specified in the second proviso of sub-rule (3) of the said rule.]
- (ii) A person required to pass the examination may avail of any number of attempts but these attempts shall be within the period as specified in clause (i).
- (iii) A person shall register and pay the requisite fee every time he intends to appear at the examination.
- (iv) In case the goods and services tax practitioner having applied for appearing in the examination is prevented from availing one or more attempts due to unforeseen circumstances such as critical illness, accident or natural calamity, he may make a request in writing to the jurisdictional Commissioner for granting him one additional attempt to pass the examination, within thirty days of conduct of the said examination. NACIN may consider such requests on merits based on recommendations of the jurisdictional Commissioner.

(7) Nature of examination.

The examination shall be a Computer Based Test. It shall have one question paper consisting of Multiple Choice Questions. The pattern and syllabus are specified in **Annexure-A**.

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 09.10.2019 vide CGST (VI Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 49/2019-CT, dt. 09.10.2019. Earlier read as :

“(i) A person enrolled as a goods and services tax practitioner in terms of sub-rule (2) of rule 83 is required to pass the examination within two years of enrolment:
Provided that if a person is enrolled as a goods and services tax practitioner before 1st of July 2018, he shall get one more year to pass the examination:
Provided further that for a goods and services tax practitioner to whom the provisions of clause (b) of sub-rule (1) of rule 83 apply, the period to pass the examination will be as specified in the second proviso of sub-rule (3) of said rule.”.

(8) Qualifying marks.

A person shall be required to secure fifty per cent. of the total marks.

(9) Guidelines for the candidates.

- (i) NACIN shall issue examination guidelines covering issues such as procedure of registration, payment of fee, nature of identity documents, provision of admit card, manner of reporting at the examination center, prohibition on possession of certain items in the examination center, procedure of making representation and the manner of its disposal.
- (ii) Any person who is or has been found to be indulging in unfair means or practices shall be dealt in accordance with the provisions of sub-rule (10). An illustrative list of use of unfair means or practices by a person is as under: -
 - (a) obtaining support for his candidature by any means;
 - (b) impersonating;
 - (c) submitting fabricated documents;
 - (d) resorting to any unfair means or practices in connection with the examination or in connection with the result of the examination;
 - (e) found in possession of any paper, book, note or any other material, the use of which is not permitted in the examination center;
 - (f) communicating with others or exchanging calculators, chits, papers etc. (on which something is written);
 - (g) misbehaving in the examination center in any manner;
 - (h) tampering with the hardware and/or software deployed; and
 - (i) attempting to commit or, as the case may be, to abet in the commission of all or any of the acts specified in the foregoing clauses.

(10) Disqualification of person using unfair means or practice.

If any person is or has been found to be indulging in use of unfair means or practices, NACIN may, after considering his representation, if any, declare him disqualified for the examination.

(11) Declaration of result.

NACIN shall declare the results within one month of the conduct of examination on the official websites of the Board, NACIN, GST Council Secretariat, common portal and State Tax Department of the respective States or Union territories, if any. The results shall also be communicated to the applicants by e-mail and/or by post.

(12) Handling representations.

A person not satisfied with his result may represent in writing, clearly specifying the reasons therein to NACIN or the jurisdictional Commissioner as per the procedure established by NACIN on the official websites of the Board, NACIN and common portal.

(13) Power to relax.

Where the Board or State Tax Commissioner is of the opinion that it is necessary or expedient to do so, it may, on the recommendations of the Council, relax any of the provisions of this rule with respect to any class or category of persons.

Explanation :-For the purposes of this sub-rule, the expressions –

- (a) “jurisdictional Commissioner” means the Commissioner having jurisdiction over the place declared as address in the application for enrolment as the GST Practitioner in **FORM GST PCT-1**. It shall refer to the Commissioner of Central Tax if the enrolling authority in **FORM GST PCT-1** has been selected as Centre, or the Commissioner of State Tax if the enrolling authority in **FORM GST PCT-1** has been selected as State;
- (b) NACIN means as notified by notification No. 24/2018-Central Tax, dated 28.05.2018.

ANNEXURE-A [SEE RULE 83A(7)]

PATTERN AND SYLLABUS OF THE EXAMINATION

PAPER: GST Law & Procedures:	
Time allowed:	2 hours and 30 minutes
Number of Multiple Choice Questions:	100
Language of Questions:	English and Hindi
Maximum marks:	200
Qualifying marks:	100
No negative marking	

Syllabus:	
1	The Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017
2	The Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017
3	All The State Goods and Services Tax Acts, 2017
4	The Union territory Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017
5	The Goods and Services Tax (Compensation to States) Act, 2017

6	The Central Goods and Services Tax Rules, 2017
7	The Integrated Goods and Services Tax Rules, 2017
8	All The State Goods and Services Tax Rules, 2017
9	Notifications, Circulars and orders issued from time to time under the said Acts and Rules.]

¹[83B. Surrender of enrolment of goods and services tax practitioner.]

Sec: 48	Forms: PCT-06, PCT-07 (Not yet notified)
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84. Conditions for purposes of appearance.

Sec: 48	Forms: PCT-05
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- (1) No person shall be eligible to attend before any authority as a goods and services tax practitioner in connection with any proceedings under the Act on behalf of any registered or un- registered person unless he has been enrolled under rule 83.
- (2) A goods and services tax practitioner attending on behalf of a registered or an un- registered person in any proceedings under the Act before any authority shall produce before such authority, if required, a copy of the authorisation given by such person in **FORM GST PCT-05**.

¹ *Ins. vide CGST (V Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 33/2019-CT, dt. 18.07.2019. However, effective date has not been yet notified. After notification, it would read as :*

“83B. Surrender of enrolment of goods and services tax practitioner.

- (1) *A goods and services tax practitioner seeking to surrender his enrolment shall electronically submit an application in **FORM GST PCT-06**, at the common portal, either directly or through a facilitation centre notified by the Commissioner.*
- (2) *The Commissioner, or an officer authorised by him, may after causing such enquiry as deemed fit and by order in **FORM GST PCT-07**, cancel the enrolment of such practitioner.”.*

CHAPTER IX

PAYMENT OF TAX

85. Electronic Liability Register.

Sec: 49, 49A, 49B	Forms: PMT-01, PMT-04
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- (1) The electronic liability register specified under sub-section (7) of section 49 shall be maintained in **FORM GST PMT-01** for each person liable to pay tax, interest, penalty, late fee or any other amount on the common portal and all amounts payable by him shall be debited to the said register.
- (2) The electronic liability register of the person shall be debited by-
 - (a) the amount payable towards tax, interest, late fee or any other amount payable as per the return furnished by the said person;
 - (b) the amount of tax, interest, penalty or any other amount payable as determined by a proper officer in pursuance of any proceedings under the Act or as ascertained by the ¹[said person; or]
 - ²[(c) ***]
 - (d) any amount of interest that may accrue from time to time.
- (3) Subject to the provisions of section 49 ³[section 49A and section 49B], payment of every liability by a registered person as per his return shall be made by debiting the electronic credit ledger maintained as per rule 86 or the electronic cash ledger maintained as per rule 87 and the electronic liability register shall be credited accordingly.
- (4) The amount deducted under section 51, or the amount collected under section 52, or the amount payable on reverse charge basis, or the amount payable under section 10, any amount payable towards interest, penalty, fee or any other amount under the Act shall be paid by debiting the electronic cash ledger maintained as per rule 87 and the electronic liability register shall be credited accordingly.
- (5) Any amount of demand debited in the electronic liability register shall stand reduced to the extent of relief given by the appellate authority or Appellate Tribunal or court and the electronic tax liability register shall be credited accordingly.
- (6) The amount of penalty imposed or liable to be imposed shall stand reduced partly or fully, as the case may be, if the taxable person makes the payment of tax, interest and penalty specified in the show cause notice or demand order and the electronic liability register shall be credited accordingly.

¹ Subs. for the words "said person;" w.e.f. 01.10.2022 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2022; Notification No. 19/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022.

² Omtd. w.e.f. 01.10.2022 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2022; Notification No. 19/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022. Formerly it read:

"(c) the amount of tax and interest payable as a result of mismatch under section 42 or section 43 or section 50; or".

³ Ins. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 vide CGST (I Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 3/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019.

- (7) A registered person shall, upon noticing any discrepancy in his electronic liability ledger, communicate the same to the officer exercising jurisdiction in the matter, through the common portal in **FORM GST PMT-04**.

86. Electronic Credit Ledger.

Sec: 49, 49A, 49B

Forms: PMT-02, PMT-03, PMT-03A, PMT-04

- (1) The electronic credit ledger shall be maintained in **FORM GST PMT-02** for each registered person eligible for input tax credit under the Act on the common portal and every claim of input tax credit under the Act shall be credited to the said ledger.
- (2) The electronic credit ledger shall be debited to the extent of discharge of any liability in accordance with the provisions of section 49¹[or section 49A or section 49B].
- (3) Where a registered person has claimed refund of any unutilized amount from the electronic credit ledger in accordance with the provisions of section 54, the amount to the extent of the claim shall be debited in the said ledger.
- (4) If the refund so filed is rejected, either fully or partly, the amount debited under sub-rule (3), to the extent of rejection, shall be re-credited to the electronic credit ledger by the proper officer by an order made in **FORM GST PMT-03**.
- ²[(4A) Where a registered person has claimed refund of any amount paid as tax wrongly paid or paid in excess for which debit has been made from the electronic credit ledger, the said amount, if found admissible, shall be re-credited to the electronic credit ledger by the proper officer by an order made in **FORM GST PMT-03**.]
- ³[(4B) Where a registered person deposits the amount of erroneous refund sanctioned to him, –
 - (a) under sub-section (3) of section 54 of the Act, or
 - (b) under sub-rule (3) of rule 96, in contravention of sub-rule (10) of rule 96,
 along with interest and penalty, wherever applicable, through **FORM GST DRC-03**, by debiting the electronic cash ledger, on his own or on being pointed out, an amount equivalent to the amount of erroneous refund deposited by the registered person shall be re-credited to the electronic credit ledger by the proper officer by an order made in **FORM GST PMT-03A**.]
- (5) Save as provided in the provisions of this Chapter, no entry shall be made directly in the electronic credit ledger under any circumstance.
- (6) A registered person shall, upon noticing any discrepancy in his electronic credit ledger, communicate the same to the officer exercising jurisdiction in the matter, through the common portal in **FORM GST PMT-04**.

Explanation.– For the purposes of this rule, it is hereby clarified that a refund shall be deemed to be rejected, if the appeal is finally rejected or if the claimant gives an undertaking to the proper officer that he shall not file an appeal.

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 vide CGST (I Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 3/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019.

² Ins. w.e.f. 23.03.2020 vide CGST (III Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 16/2020-CT, dt. 23.03.2020.

³ Ins. w.e.f. 05.07.2022 vide CGST (Amendment) Rules, 2022; Notification No. 14/2022-CT, dt. 05.07.2022.

¹[86A. Conditions of use of amount available in electronic credit ledger.**Sec: 49****Forms: Nil**

- (1) The Commissioner or an officer authorised by him in this behalf, not below the rank of an Assistant Commissioner, having reasons to believe that credit of input tax available in the electronic credit ledger has been fraudulently availed or is ineligible in as much as-
- (a) the credit of input tax has been availed on the strength of tax invoices or debit notes or any other document prescribed under rule 36-
 - (i) issued by a registered person who has been found non-existent or not to be conducting any business from any place for which registration has been obtained; or
 - (ii) without receipt of goods or services or both; or
 - (b) the credit of input tax has been availed on the strength of tax invoices or debit notes or any other document prescribed under rule 36 in respect of any supply, the tax charged in respect of which has not been paid to the Government; or
 - (c) the registered person availing the credit of input tax has been found non-existent or not to be conducting any business from any place for which registration has been obtained; or
 - (d) the registered person availing any credit of input tax is not in possession of a tax invoice or debit note or any other document prescribed under rule 36,

may, for reasons to be recorded in writing, not allow debit of an amount equivalent to such credit in electronic credit ledger for discharge of any liability under section 49 or for claim of any refund of any unutilised amount.

- (2) The Commissioner, or the officer authorised by him under sub-rule (1) may, upon being satisfied that conditions for disallowing debit of electronic credit ledger as above, no longer exist, allow such debit.
- (3) Such restriction shall cease to have effect after the expiry of a period of one year from the date of imposing such restriction.]

²[86B. Restrictions on use of amount available in electronic credit ledger.**Sec: 49****Forms: Nil**

Notwithstanding anything contained in these rules, the registered person shall not use the amount available in electronic credit ledger to discharge his liability towards output tax in excess of ninety-nine per cent. of such tax liability, in cases where the value of taxable supply other than exempt supply and zero-rated supply, in a month exceeds fifty lakh rupees:

¹ Rule 86A ins. w.e.f. 26.12.2019 vide Notification No. 75/2019-CT, dt. 26.12.2019.

² Rule 86B ins. w.e.f. 01.01.2021 vide CGST (XIV Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 94/2020-CT, dt. 22.12.2020.

Provided that the said restriction shall not apply where –

- (a) the said person or the proprietor or karta or the managing director or any of its two partners, whole-time Directors, Members of Managing Committee of Associations or Board of Trustees, as the case may be, have paid more than one lakh rupees as income tax under the Income-tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961) in each of the last two financial years for which the time limit to file return of income under subsection (1) of section 139 of the said Act has expired; or
- (b) the registered person has received a refund amount of more than one lakh rupees in the preceding financial year on account of unutilised input tax credit under clause (i) of first proviso of sub-section (3) of section 54; or
- (c) the registered person has received a refund amount of more than one lakh rupees in the preceding financial year on account of unutilised input tax credit under clause (ii) of first proviso of sub-section (3) of section 54; or
- (d) the registered person has discharged his liability towards output tax through the electronic cash ledger for an amount which is in excess of 1% of the total output tax liability, applied cumulatively, upto the said month in the current financial year; or
- (e) the registered person is –
 - (i) Government Department; or
 - (ii) a Public Sector Undertaking; or
 - (iii) a local authority; or
 - (iv) a statutory body:

Provided further that the Commissioner or an officer authorised by him in this behalf may remove the said restriction after such verifications and such safeguards as he may deem fit.]

87. Electronic Cash Ledger.

Sec: 49, 53A	Forms: PMT-03 to PMT-07, PMT-09
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- (1) The electronic cash ledger under sub-section (1) of section 49 shall be maintained in **FORM GST PMT-05** for each person, liable to pay tax, interest, penalty, late fee or any other amount, on the common portal for crediting the amount deposited and debiting the payment therefrom towards tax, interest, penalty, fee or any other amount.
- (2) Any person, or a person on his behalf, shall generate a challan in **FORM GST PMT-06** on the common portal and enter the details of the amount to be deposited by him towards tax, interest, penalty, fees or any other amount.

¹[Provided that the challan in **FORM GST PMT-06** generated at the common portal shall be valid for a period of fifteen days.

{***}]

(3) The deposit under sub-rule (2) shall be made through any of the following modes, namely:-

- (i) Internet Banking through authorised banks;
- ²[(ia) Unified Payment Interface (UPI) from any bank;
- (ib) Immediate Payment Services (IMPS) from any bank;]
- (ii) Credit card or Debit card through the authorised bank;
- (iii) National Electronic Fund Transfer or Real Time Gross Settlement from any bank; or
- (iv) Over the Counter payment through authorised banks for deposits up to ten thousand rupees per challan per tax period, by cash, cheque or demand draft:

Provided that the restriction for deposit up to ten thousand rupees per challan in case of an Over the Counter payment shall not apply to deposit to be made by –

- (a) Government Departments or any other deposit to be made by persons as may be notified by the Commissioner in this behalf;
- (b) Proper officer or any other officer authorised to recover outstanding dues from any person, whether registered or not, including recovery made through attachment or sale of movable or immovable properties;
- (c) Proper officer or any other officer authorised for the amounts collected by way of cash, cheque or demand draft during any investigation or enforcement activity or any *ad hoc* deposit:

³[Provided further that a person supplying online information and database access or retrieval services from a place outside India to a non-taxable online recipient referred to in ⁴{section 14, or a person supplying online money gaming from a place outside India to a person in India as referred to in section 14A,} of the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 (13 of 2017) may also make the deposit under sub-rule (2) through international money transfer through Society

¹ *Omt*d. w.e.f. 28.06.2019, the proviso, vide CGST (IV Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 31/2019-CT, dt. 28.06.2019. Formerly the proviso read as :

“Provided further that a person supplying online information and database access or retrieval services from a place outside India to a non-taxable online recipient referred to in section 14 of the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 (13 of 2017) may also do so through the Board’s payment system namely, Electronic Accounting System in Excise and Service Tax from the date to be notified by the Board.”.

Earlier first and second provisos *ins.* together w.e.f. 17.08.2017 vide Notification No. 22/2017-CT, dt. 17.08.2017.

² *Ins.* w.e.f. 05.07.2022 vide CGST (Amendment) Rules, 2022; Notification No. 14/2022-CT, dt. 05.07.2022.

³ *Subs.* w.e.f. 17.08.2017 vide Notification No. 22/2017-CT, dt. 17.08.2017. Formerly it read:

“Provided further that the challan in **FORM GST PMT-06** generated at the common portal shall be valid for a period of fifteen days.”.

⁴ *Subs.* for the words and figures “section 14” w.e.f. 01.10.2023 vide Notification No. 51/2023-CT, dt. 29.09.2023.

for Worldwide Interbank Financial Telecommunication payment network, from the date to be notified by the Board.]

Explanation.– For the purposes of this sub-rule, it is hereby clarified that for making payment of any amount indicated in the challan, the commission, if any, payable in respect of such payment shall be borne by the person making such payment.

(4) Any payment required to be made by a person who is not registered under the Act, shall be made on the basis of a temporary identification number generated through the common portal.

(5) Where the payment is made by way of National Electronic Fund Transfer or Real Time Gross Settlement ¹[or Immediate Payment Service] mode from any bank, the mandate form shall be generated along with the challan on the common portal and the same shall be submitted to the bank from where the payment is to be made:

Provided that the mandate form shall be valid for a period of fifteen days from the date of generation of challan.

(6) On successful credit of the amount to the concerned government account maintained in the authorised bank, a Challan Identification Number shall be generated by the collecting bank and the same shall be indicated in the challan.

(7) On receipt of the Challan Identification Number from the collecting bank, the said amount shall be credited to the electronic cash ledger of the person on whose behalf the deposit has been made and the common portal shall make available a receipt to this effect.

(8) Where the bank account of the person concerned, or the person making the deposit on his behalf, is debited but no Challan Identification Number is generated or generated but not communicated to the common portal, the said person may represent electronically in **FORM GST PMT-07** through the common portal to the bank or electronic gateway through which the deposit was initiated.

²[Provided that where the bank fails to communicate details of Challan Identification Number to the Common Portal, the Electronic Cash Ledger may be updated on the basis of e-Sroll of the Reserve Bank of India in cases where the details of the said e-Sroll are in conformity with the details in challan generated in FORM GST PMT-06 on the Common Portal.]

(9) Any amount deducted under section 51 or collected under section 52 and claimed ³[***] by the registered taxable person from whom the said amount was deducted or, as the case may be, collected shall be credited to his electronic cash ledger ⁴[***].

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 05.07.2022 vide CGST (Amendment) Rules, 2022; Notification No. 14/2022-CT, dt. 05.07.2022.

² Ins. w.e.f. 26.12.2022 vide Notification No. 26/2022-CT, dt. 26.12.2022.

³ Omtd. w.e.f. 28.06.2019, the words “in **FORM GSTR-02**”, vide CGST (IV Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 31/2019-CT, dt. 28.06.2019.

⁴ Omtd. w.e.f. 28.06.2019, the words “in accordance with the provisions of rule 87”, vide CGST (IV Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 31/2019-CT, dt. 28.06.2019.

- (10) Where a person has claimed refund of any amount from the electronic cash ledger, the said amount shall be debited to the electronic cash ledger.
 - (11) If the refund so claimed is rejected, either fully or partly, the amount debited under sub-rule (10), to the extent of rejection, shall be credited to the electronic cash ledger by the proper officer by an order made in **FORM GST PMT-03**.
 - (12) A registered person shall, upon noticing any discrepancy in his electronic cash ledger, communicate the same to the officer exercising jurisdiction in the matter, through the common portal in **FORM GST PMT-04**.
- ¹[(13) A registered person may, on the common portal, transfer any amount of tax, interest, penalty, fee or any other amount available in the electronic cash ledger under the Act to the electronic cash ledger for integrated tax, central tax, State tax or Union territory tax or cess in **FORM GST PMT-09**.]
- ²[(14) A registered person may, on the common portal, transfer any amount of tax, interest, penalty, fee or any other amount available in the electronic cash ledger under the Act to the electronic cash ledger for central tax or integrated tax of a distinct person as specified in sub-section (4) or, as the case may be, sub-section (5) of section 25, in **FORM GST PMT-09**:

Provided that no such transfer shall be allowed if the said registered person has any unpaid liability in his electronic liability register.]

Explanation 1.—The refund shall be deemed to be rejected if the appeal is finally rejected.

Explanation 2.—For the purposes of this rule, it is hereby clarified that a refund shall be deemed to be rejected, if the appeal is finally rejected or if the claimant gives an undertaking to the proper officer that he shall not file an appeal.

88. Identification number for each transaction.

Sec: 49	Forms: Nil
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- (1) A unique identification number shall be generated at the common portal for each debit or credit to the electronic cash or credit ledger, as the case may be.
- (2) The unique identification number relating to discharge of any liability shall be indicated in the corresponding entry in the electronic liability register.
- (3) A unique identification number shall be generated at the common portal for each credit in the electronic liability register for reasons other than those covered under sub-rule (2).

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 21.04.2020 vide CGST (IV Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 31/2019-CT, dt. 28.06.2019 read with Notification No.37/2020-CT, dt. 28.04.2020.

² Ins. w.e.f. 05.07.2022 vide CGST (Amendment) Rules, 2022; Notification No. 14/2022-CT, dt. 05.07.2022.

¹[88A. Order of utilization of input tax credit.**Sec: 49B****Forms: Nil**

Input tax credit on account of integrated tax shall first be utilised towards payment of integrated tax, and the amount remaining, if any, may be utilised towards the payment of central tax and State tax or Union territory tax, as the case may be, in any order:

Provided that the input tax credit on account of central tax, State tax or Union territory tax shall be utilised towards payment of integrated tax, central tax, State tax or Union territory tax, as the case may be, only after the input tax credit available on account of integrated tax has first been utilised fully.]

²[88B. Manner of calculating interest on delayed payment of tax.**Sec: 50****Forms: Nil**

- (1) In case, where the supplies made during a tax period are declared by the registered person in the return for the said period and the said return is furnished after the due date in accordance with provisions of section 39, except where such return is furnished after commencement of any proceedings under section 73 or section 74 in respect of the said period, the interest on tax payable in respect of such supplies shall be calculated on the portion of tax which is paid by debiting the electronic cash ledger, for the period of delay in filing the said return beyond the due date, at such rate as may be notified under sub-section (1) of section 50.
- (2) In all other cases, where interest is payable in accordance with sub section (1) of section 50, the interest shall be calculated on the amount of tax which remains unpaid, for the period starting from the date on which such tax was due to be paid till the date such tax is paid, at such rate as may be notified under sub-section (1) of section 50.
- (3) In case, where interest is payable on the amount of input tax credit wrongly availed and utilised in accordance with sub-section (3) of section 50, the interest shall be calculated on the amount of input tax credit wrongly availed and utilised, for the period starting from the date of utilisation of such wrongly availed input tax credit till the date of reversal of such credit or payment of tax in respect of such amount, at such rate as may be notified under said sub-section (3) of section 50.

*Explanation.—*For the purposes of this sub-rule,—

- (1) input tax credit wrongly availed shall be construed to have been utilised, when the balance in the electronic credit ledger falls below the amount of input tax credit wrongly availed, and the extent of such utilisation of input tax credit shall be the amount by which the balance in the electronic credit ledger falls below the amount of input tax credit wrongly availed.

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 29.03.2019 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 16/2019-CT, dt. 29.03.2019.

² Ins. w.e.f. 01.07.2017, retrospectively, vide CGST (Amendment) Rules, 2022; Notification No. 14/2022-CT, dt. 05.07.2022.

- (2) the date of utilisation of such input tax credit shall be taken to be,—
- the date, on which the return is due to be furnished under section 39 or the actual date of filing of the said return, whichever is earlier, if the balance in the electronic credit ledger falls below the amount of input tax credit wrongly availed, on account of payment of tax through the said return; or
 - the date of debit in the electronic credit ledger when the balance in the electronic credit ledger falls below the amount of input tax credit wrongly availed, in all other cases.]

¹[88C. Manner of dealing with difference in liability reported in statement of outward supplies and that reported in return.

Sec: 37, 39, 49

Forms: GSTR-1, GSTR-3B, DRC-01B, DRC-03

- Where the tax payable by a registered person, in accordance with the statement of outward supplies furnished by him in FORM GSTR-1 or using the Invoice Furnishing Facility in respect of a tax period, exceeds the amount of tax payable by such person in accordance with the return for that period furnished by him in FORM GSTR-3B, by such amount and such percentage, as may be recommended by the Council, the said registered person shall be intimated of such difference in Part A of FORM GST DRC-01B, electronically on the common portal, and a copy of such intimation shall also be sent to his e-mail address provided at the time of registration or as amended from time to time, highlighting the said difference and directing him to—
 - pay the differential tax liability, along with interest under section 50, through FORM GST DRC-03; or
 - explain the aforesaid difference in tax payable on the common portal, within a period of seven days.
- The registered person referred to sub-rule (1) shall, upon receipt of the intimation referred to in that sub-rule, either,—
 - pay the amount of the differential tax liability, as specified in Part A of FORM GST DRC-01B, fully or partially, along with interest under section 50, through FORM GST DRC-03 and furnish the details thereof in Part B of FORM GST DRC-01B electronically on the common portal; or
 - furnish a reply electronically on the common portal, incorporating reasons in respect of that part of the differential tax liability that has remained unpaid, if any, in Part B of FORM GST DRC-01B,
 within the period specified in the said sub-rule.
- Where any amount specified in the intimation referred to in sub-rule (1) remains unpaid within the period specified in that sub-rule and where no explanation or reason is furnished by the registered person in default or where the explanation or reason

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 26.12.2022 vide Notification No. 26/2022-CT, dt. 26.12.2022.

furnished by such person is not found to be acceptable by the proper officer, the said amount shall be recoverable in accordance with the provisions of section 79.]

¹[88D. Manner of dealing with difference in input tax credit available in auto-generated statement containing the details of input tax credit and that availed in return.

Sec: 49	Forms: GST DRC-01C
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- (1) Where the amount of input tax credit availed by a registered person in the return for a tax period or periods furnished by him in FORM GSTR-3B exceeds the input tax credit available to such person in accordance with the auto-generated statement containing the details of input tax credit in FORM GSTR-2B in respect of the said tax period or periods, as the case may be, by such amount and such percentage, as may be recommended by the Council, the said registered person shall be intimated of such difference in Part A of FORM GST DRC-01C, electronically on the common portal, and a copy of such intimation shall also be sent to his e-mail address provided at the time of registration or as amended from time to time, highlighting the said difference and directing him to—
 - (a) pay an amount equal to the excess input tax credit availed in the said FORM GSTR-3B, along with interest payable under section 50, through FORM GST DRC-03, or
 - (b) explain the reasons for the aforesaid difference in input tax credit on the common portal,
within a period of seven days.
- (2) The registered person referred to sub-rule (1) shall, upon receipt of the intimation referred to in the said sub-rule, either,
 - (a) pay an amount equal to the excess input tax credit, as specified in Part A of FORM GST DRC-01C, fully or partially, along with interest payable under section 50, through FORM GST DRC-03 and furnish the details thereof in Part B of FORM GST DRC-01C, electronically on the common portal, or
 - (b) furnish a reply, electronically on the common portal, incorporating reasons in respect of the amount of excess input tax credit that has still remained to be paid, if any, in Part B of FORM GST DRC-01C,
within the period specified in the said sub-rule.
- (3) Where any amount specified in the intimation referred to in sub-rule (1) remains to be paid within the period specified in the said sub-rule and where no explanation or reason is furnished by the registered person in default or where the explanation or reason furnished by such person is not found to be acceptable by the proper officer, the said amount shall be liable to be demanded in accordance with the provisions of section 73 or section 74, as the case may be.]

¹ Ins. Rule 88D w.e.f. 04.08.2023 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2023; Notification No. 38/2023-CT, dt. 04.08.2023.

CHAPTER X

REFUND

89. Application for refund of tax, interest, penalty, fees or any other amount.

Sec: 54, 77	Forms: RFD-01, RFD-01A
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- (1) Any person, except the persons covered under notification issued under section 55, claiming refund of ¹[any balance in the electronic cash ledger in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (6) of section 49 or] any tax, interest, penalty, fees or any other amount paid by him, other than refund of integrated tax paid on goods exported out of India, may file ²[, subject to the provisions of rule 10B,] an application electronically in **FORM GST RFD-01** through the common portal, either directly or through a Facilitation Centre notified by the Commissioner:

³[***]

⁴[Provided that] in respect of supplies to a Special Economic Zone unit or a Special Economic Zone developer, the application for refund shall be filed by the –

- (a) supplier of goods after such goods have been admitted in full in the Special Economic Zone for authorised operations, as endorsed by the specified officer of the Zone;
 - (b) supplier of services along with such evidence regarding receipt of services for authorised operations as endorsed by the specified officer of the Zone;
- ⁵[⁶{Provided further that} in respect of supplies regarded as deemed exports, the application may be filed by, –
- (a) the recipient of deemed export supplies; or
 - (b) the supplier of deemed export supplies in cases where the recipient does not avail of input tax credit on such supplies and furnishes an undertaking to the effect that the supplier may claim the refund]

¹ *Ins. w.e.f. 01.10.2022 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2022; Notification No. 19/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022.*

² *Ins. w.e.f. 01.01.2022 vide CGST (VIII Amendment) Rules, 2021; Notification No. 35/2021-CT, dt. 24.09.2021, read with Notification No. 38/2021-CT, dt. 21.12.2021.*

³ *Omtd. w.e.f. 01.10.2022 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2022; Notification No. 19/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022. Formerly it read:*

“Provided that any claim for refund relating to balance in the electronic cash ledger in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (6) of section 49 may be made through the return furnished for the relevant tax period in **FORM GSTR-3** or **FORM GSTR-4** or **FORM GSTR-7**, as the case may be:”.

⁴ *Subs. for the words “Provided further that” w.e.f. 01.10.2022 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2022; Notification No. 19/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022.*

⁵ *Subs. w.e.f. 18.10.2017 vide Notification No. 47/2017-CT, dt. 18.10.2017. Formerly it read:*

“Provided also that in respect of supplies regarded as deemed exports, the application shall be filed by the recipient of deemed export supplies”.

⁶ *Subs. for the words “Provided also that” w.e.f. 01.10.2022 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2022; Notification No. 19/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022.*

Provided also that refund of any amount, after adjusting the tax payable by the applicant out of the advance tax deposited by him under section 27 at the time of registration, shall be claimed ¹[only after the last return required to be furnished by him has been so furnished].

²[*Explanation.* - For the purposes of this sub-rule, “specified officer” means a “specified officer” or an “authorised officer” as defined under rule 2 of the Special Economic Zone Rules, 2006.]

³[(1A) Any person, claiming refund under section 77 of the Act of any tax paid by him, in respect of a transaction considered by him to be an intra-State supply, which is subsequently held to be an inter-State supply, may, before the expiry of a period of two years from the date of payment of the tax on the inter-State supply, file an application electronically in **FORM GST RFD-01** through the common portal, either directly or through a Facilitation Centre notified by the Commissioner:

Provided that the said application may, as regard to any payment of tax on inter-State supply before coming into force of this sub-rule, be filed before the expiry of a period of two years from the date on which this sub-rule comes into force.]

(2) The application under sub-rule (1) shall be accompanied by any of the following documentary evidences in Annexure 1 in **Form GST RFD-01**, as applicable, to establish that a refund is due to the applicant, namely:-

(a) the reference number of the order and a copy of the order passed by the proper officer or an appellate authority or Appellate Tribunal or court resulting in such refund or reference number of the payment of the amount specified in sub-section (6) of section 107 and sub-section (8) of section 112 claimed as refund;

(b) a statement containing the number and date of shipping bills or bills of export and the number and the date of the relevant export invoices, in a case where the refund is on account of export of goods ⁴[, other than electricity];

⁵[(ba) a statement containing the number and date of the export invoices, details of energy exported, tariff per unit for export of electricity as per agreement, along with the copy of statement of scheduled energy for exported electricity by Generation Plants issued by the Regional Power Committee Secretariat as a part of the Regional Energy Account (REA) under clause (nnn) of sub-regulation 1 of Regulation 2 of the Central Electricity Regulatory Commission (Indian Electricity Grid Code) Regulations, 2010 and the copy of agreement detailing the tariff per unit, in case where refund is on account of export of electricity;]

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 04.08.2023 for the words “in the last return required to be furnished by him” vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2023; Notification No. 38/2023-CT, dt. 04.08.2023.

² Ins. w.e.f. 05.07.2022 vide Notification No. 14/2022-CT, dt. 05.07.2022.

³ Ins. w.e.f. 24.09.2021 vide CGST (VIII Amendment) Rules, 2021; Notification No. 35/2021-CT, dt. 24.09.2021.

⁴ Ins. w.e.f. 05.07.2022 vide Notification No. 14/2022-CT, dt. 05.07.2022.

⁵ Ins. w.e.f. 05.07.2022 vide Notification No. 14/2022-CT, dt. 05.07.2022.

- (c) a statement containing the number and date of invoices and the relevant Bank Realisation Certificates or Foreign Inward Remittance Certificates, as the case may be, in a case where the refund is on account of the export of services;
- (d) a statement containing the number and date of invoices as provided in rule 46 along with the evidence regarding the endorsement specified in the second proviso to sub-rule (1) in the case of the supply of goods made to a Special Economic Zone unit or a Special Economic Zone developer;
- (e) a statement containing the number and date of invoices, the evidence regarding the endorsement specified in the second proviso to sub-rule (1) and the details of payment, along with the proof thereof, made by the recipient to the supplier for authorised operations as defined under the Special Economic Zone Act, 2005, in a case where the refund is on account of supply of services made to a Special Economic Zone unit or a Special Economic Zone developer;
- ¹[(f) a declaration to the effect that tax has not been collected from the Special Economic Zone unit or the Special Economic Zone developer, in a case where the refund is on account of supply of goods or services or both made to a Special Economic Zone unit or a Special Economic Zone developer;]
- (g) a statement containing the number and date of invoices along with such other evidence as may be notified in this behalf, in a case where the refund is on account of deemed exports;
- (h) a statement containing the number and the date of the invoices received and issued during a tax period in a case where the claim pertains to refund of any unutilised input tax credit under sub-section (3) of section 54 where the credit has accumulated on account of the rate of tax on the inputs being higher than the rate of tax on output supplies, other than nil-rated or fully exempt supplies;
- (i) the reference number of the final assessment order and a copy of the said order in a case where the refund arises on account of the finalisation of provisional assessment;
- (j) a statement showing the details of transactions considered as intra-State supply but which is subsequently held to be inter-State supply;
- (k) a statement showing the details of the amount of claim on account of excess payment of tax ²[and interest, if any, or any other amount paid];

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 vide CGST (I Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 3/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019. Earlier it read as:

“(f) a declaration to the effect that the Special Economic Zone unit or the Special Economic Zone developer has not availed the input tax credit of the tax paid by the supplier of goods or services or both, in a case where the refund is on account of supply of goods or services made to a Special Economic Zone unit or a Special Economic Zone developer.”.

² Ins. w.e.f. 04.08.2023 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2023; Notification No. 38/2023-CT, dt. 04.08.2023.

- ¹[(ka) a statement containing the details of invoices viz. number, date, value, tax paid and details of payment, in respect of which refund is being claimed along with copy of such invoices, proof of making such payment to the supplier, the copy of agreement or registered agreement or contract, as applicable, entered with the supplier for supply of service, the letter issued by the supplier for cancellation or termination of agreement or contract for supply of service, details of payment received from the supplier against cancellation or termination of such agreement along with proof thereof, in a case where the refund is claimed by an unregistered person where the agreement or contract for supply of service has been cancelled or terminated;
- (kb) a certificate issued by the supplier to the effect that he has paid tax in respect of the invoices on which refund is being claimed by the applicant; that he has not adjusted the tax amount involved in these invoices against his tax liability by issuing credit note; and also, that he has not claimed and will not claim refund of the amount of tax involved in respect of these invoices, in a case where the refund is claimed by an unregistered person where the agreement or contract for supply of service has been cancelled or terminated;]
- (l) a declaration to the effect that the incidence of tax, interest or any other amount claimed as refund has not been passed on to any other person, in a case where the amount of refund claimed does not exceed two lakh rupees:
Provided that a declaration is not required to be furnished in respect of the cases covered under clause (a) or clause (b) or clause (c) or clause (d) or clause (f) of sub-section (8) of section 54;
- (m) a Certificate in Annexure 2 of **FORM GST RFD-01** issued by a chartered accountant or a cost accountant to the effect that the incidence of tax, interest or any other amount claimed as refund has not been passed on to any other person, in a case where the amount of refund claimed exceeds two lakh rupees:
Provided that a certificate is not required to be furnished in respect of cases covered under clause (a) or clause (b) or clause (c) or clause (d) or clause (f) of sub-section (8) of section 54;
- ²[Provided further that a certificate is not required to be furnished in cases where refund is claimed by an unregistered person who has borne the incidence of tax.]

Explanation.– For the purposes of this rule–

- (i) in case of refunds referred to in clause (c) of sub-section (8) of section 54, the expression “invoice” means invoice conforming to the provisions contained in section 31;
- (ii) where the amount of tax has been recovered from the recipient, it shall be deemed that the incidence of tax has been passed on to the ultimate consumer.

¹ *Ins. w.e.f. 26.12.2022 vide Notification No. 26/2022-CT, dt. 26.12.2022.*

² *Ins. w.e.f. 26.12.2022 vide Notification No. 26/2022-CT, dt. 26.12.2022.*

- (3) Where the application relates to refund of input tax credit, the electronic credit ledger shall be debited by the applicant by an amount equal to the refund so claimed.
- ¹[(4) In the case of zero-rated supply of goods or services or both without payment of tax under bond or letter of undertaking in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (3) of section 16 of the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 (13 of 2017), refund of input tax credit shall be granted as per the following formula –

Refund Amount = (Turnover of zero-rated supply of goods + Turnover of zero-rated supply of services) x Net ITC ÷ Adjusted Total Turnover

Where,-

- (A) “Refund amount” means the maximum refund that is admissible;
- (B) “Net ITC” means input tax credit availed on inputs and input services during the relevant period other than the input tax credit availed for which refund is claimed under sub-rules (4A) or (4B) or both;
- ²[(C) “Turnover of zero-rated supply of goods” means the value of zero-rated supply of goods made during the relevant period without payment of tax under bond or letter of undertaking or the value which is 1.5 times the value of like goods domestically supplied by the same or, similarly placed, supplier, as declared by the supplier, whichever is less, other than the turnover of supplies in respect of which refund is claimed under sub-rules (4A) or (4B) or both;]

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 23.10.2017 vide Notification No. 75/2017-CT, dt. 29.12.2017. Formerly rule 89(4) read:
 “(4) In the case of zero-rated supply of goods or services or both without payment of tax under bond or letter of undertaking in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (3) of section 16 of the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 (13 of 2017), refund of input tax credit shall be granted as per the following formula -

Refund Amount = (Turnover of zero-rated supply of goods + Turnover of zero-rated supply of services) x Net ITC ÷ Adjusted Total Turnover

Where,-

- (A) “Refund amount” means the maximum refund that is admissible;
- (B) “Net ITC” means input tax credit availed on inputs and input services during the relevant period;
- (C) “Turnover of zero-rated supply of goods” means the value of zero-rated supply of goods made during the relevant period without payment of tax under bond or letter of undertaking;
- (D) “Turnover of zero-rated supply of services” means the value of zero-rated supply of services made without payment of tax under bond or letter of undertaking, calculated in the following manner, namely:-

Zero-rated supply of services is the aggregate of the payments received during the relevant period for zero-rated supply of services and zero-rated supply of services where supply has been completed for which payment had been received in advance in any period prior to the relevant period reduced by advances received for zero-rated supply of services for which the supply of services has not been completed during the relevant period;

- (E) “Adjusted Total turnover” means the turnover in a State or a Union territory, as defined under *¹[clause] (112) of section 2, excluding the value of exempt supplies other than zero-rated supplies, during the relevant period;
- (F) “Relevant period” means the period for which the claim has been filed.”

*¹Subs. w.e.f. 01.07.2017, for the word “sub-section”, vide Notification No. 17/2017, GSR 965(E), dt. 27.07.2017

² Subs. w.e.f. 23.03.2020 vide CGST (III Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 16/2020-CT, dt. 23.03.2020. Formerly it read as :

- (C) “Turnover of zero-rated supply of goods” means the value of zero-rated supply of goods made during the relevant period without payment of tax under bond or letter of undertaking, other than the turnover of supplies in respect of which refund is claimed under sub-rules (4A) or (4B) or both;”.

- (D) “Turnover of zero-rated supply of services” means the value of zero-rated supply of services made without payment of tax under bond or letter of undertaking, calculated in the following manner, namely:-

Zero-rated supply of services is the aggregate of the payments received during the relevant period for zero-rated supply of services and zero-rated supply of services where supply has been completed for which payment had been received in advance in any period prior to the relevant period reduced by advances received for zero-rated supply of services for which the supply of services has not been completed during the relevant period;

- (E) ¹[“Adjusted Total Turnover” means the sum total of the value of-

 - (a) the turnover in a State or a Union territory, as defined under clause (112) of section 2, excluding the turnover of services; and
 - (b) the turnover of zero-rated supply of services determined in terms of clause (D) above and non-zero- rated supply of services, excluding-
 - (i) the value of exempt supplies other than zero-rated supplies; and
 - (ii) the turnover of supplies in respect of which refund is claimed under sub-rule (4A) or sub-rule (4B) or both, if any,

during the relevant period.];

- (F) "Relevant period" means the period for which the claim has been filed.

²[Explanation.— For the purposes of this sub-rule, the value of goods exported out of India shall be taken as –

- (i) the Free on Board (FOB) value declared in the Shipping Bill or Bill of Export form, as the case may be, as per the Shipping Bill and Bill of Export (Forms) Regulations, 2017; or

(ii) the value declared in tax invoice or bill of supply,
whichever is less.]

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 04.09.2018 vide Notification No. 39/2018-CT, dt. 04.09.2018. Formerly it read as :

“Adjusted Total turnover” means the turnover in a State or a Union territory, as defined under clause (112) of section 2, excluding –

(a) the value of exempt supplies other than zero-rated supplies and
(b) the turnover of supplies in respect of which refund is claimed under sub-rules (4A) or (4B) or both, if any, during the relevant period".

² Ins. w.e.f. 05.07.2022 vide Notification No. 14/2022-CT, dt. 05.07.2022.

- ¹{(4A) In the case of supplies received on which the supplier has availed the benefit of the Government of India, Ministry of Finance, notification No. 48/2017-Central Tax dated the 18th October, 2017 published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i), *vide* number G.S.R 1305(E) dated the 18th October, 2017, refund of input tax credit, availed in respect of other inputs or input services used in making zero-rated supply of goods or services or both, shall be granted.
- ²{(4B) Where the person claiming refund of unutilised input tax credit on account of zero rated supplies without payment of tax has –
- (a) received supplies on which the supplier has availed the benefit of the Government of India, Ministry of Finance, notification No. 40/2017-Central Tax (Rate), dated the 23rd October, 2017, published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i), *vide* number G.S.R 1320 (E), dated the 23rd October, 2017 or notification No. 41/2017-Integrated Tax (Rate), dated the 23rd October, 2017, published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i), *vide* number G.S.R 1321(E), dated the 23rd October, 2017; or
 - (b) availed the benefit of notification No. 78/2017-Customs, dated the 13th October, 2017, published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i), *vide* number G.S.R 1272(E), dated the 13th October, 2017 or notification No. 79/2017-Customs, dated the 13th October, 2017, published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i), *vide* number G.S.R 1299(E), dated the 13th October, 2017,

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 23.10.2017 vide Notification No. 3/2018-CT, dt. 23.01.2018. Formerly rule 89(4A) and 89(4B) read:

“(4A) In the case of supplies received on which the supplier has availed the benefit of notification No. 48/2017-Central Tax dated 18th October, 2017, refund of input tax credit, availed in respect of other inputs or input services used in making zero-rated supply of goods or services or both, shall be granted.

(4B) In the case of supplies received on which the supplier has availed the benefit of notification No. 40/2017-Central Tax (Rate) dated 23rd October, 2017 or Notification No. 41/2017-Integrated Tax (Rate) dated 23rd October, 2017, or both, refund of input tax credit, availed in respect of inputs received under the said notifications for export of goods and the input tax credit availed in respect of other inputs or input services to the extent used in making such export of goods, shall be granted.”.

² Subs. w.e.f. 09.10.2018 vide Notification No. 54/2018-CT, dt. 09.10.2018. Earlier subs. rule 89(4B) w.e.f. 23.10.2017 vide Notification No. 3/2018-CT, dt. 23.01.2018 as follows:

“(4B) In the case of supplies received on which the supplier has availed the benefit of the Government of India, Ministry of Finance, notification No. 40/2017-Central Tax (Rate) dated the 23rd October, 2017 published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i), *vide* number G.S.R 1320(E) dated the 23rd October, 2017 or notification No. 41/2017-Integrated Tax (Rate) dated the 23rd October, 2017 published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i), *vide* number G.S.R 1321(E) dated the 23rd October, 2017 or notification No. 78/2017-Customs dated the 13th October, 2017 published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i), *vide* number G.S.R 1272(E) dated the 13th October, 2017 or notification No. 79/2017-Customs dated the 13th October, 2017 published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i), *vide* number G.S.R 1299(E) dated the 13th October, 2017, or all of them, refund of input tax credit, availed in respect of inputs received under the said notifications for export of goods and the input tax credit availed in respect of other inputs or input services to the extent used in making such export of goods, shall be granted.”.

the refund of input tax credit, availed in respect of inputs received under the said notifications for export of goods and the input tax credit availed in respect of other inputs or input services to the extent used in making such export of goods, shall be granted.]}

- ¹[(5) In the case of refund on account of inverted duty structure, refund of input tax credit shall be granted as per the following formula:-

Maximum Refund Amount = {(Turnover of inverted rated supply of goods and services) x Net ITC ÷ Adjusted Total Turnover} - ²[(tax payable on such inverted rated supply of goods and services x (Net ITC/ITC availed on inputs and input services))].]

Explanation- For the purposes of this sub-rule, the expressions –

- (a) Net ITC shall mean input tax credit availed on inputs during the relevant period other than the input tax credit availed for which refund is claimed under sub-rules (4A) or (4B) or both; and
- (b) ³{Adjusted Total turnover” and “relevant period” shall have the same meaning as assigned to them in sub-rule (4).}]

90. Acknowledgement.

Sec: 54, 77	Forms: RFD-01W, RFD-02, RFD-03
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- (1) Where the application relates to a claim for refund from the electronic cash ledger, an acknowledgement in **FORM GST RFD-02** shall be made available to the applicant through the common portal electronically, clearly indicating the date of filing of the claim for refund and the time period specified in sub-section (7) of section 54 shall be counted from such date of filing.

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.07.2017 vide Notification No. 26/2018-CT, dt. 13.06.2018. Earlier read as :

“(5) In the case of refund on account of inverted duty structure, refund of input tax credit shall be granted as per the following formula:-

Maximum Refund Amount = {(Turnover of inverted rated supply of goods and services) x Net ITC ÷ Adjusted Total Turnover} - tax payable on such inverted rated supply of goods and services.

Explanation:- For the purposes of this sub-rule, the expressions –

- (a) “Net ITC” shall mean input tax credit availed on inputs during the relevant period other than the input tax credit availed for which refund is claimed under sub-rules (4A) or (4B) or both; and
- (b) “Adjusted Total turnover” shall have the same meaning as assigned to it in sub-rule (4)”

The sub-rule (5) was earlier subs. w.e.f. 18.04.2018 vide Notification No. 21/2018-CT, dt. 18.04.2018. Earlier read as :

“(5) In the case of refund on account of inverted duty structure, refund of input tax credit shall be granted as per the following formula -

Maximum Refund Amount = {(Turnover of inverted rated supply of goods) x Net ITC ÷ Adjusted Total Turnover} - tax payable on such inverted rated supply of goods

Explanation.- For the purposes of this sub rule, the expressions “Net ITC” and “Adjusted Total turnover” shall have the same meanings as assigned to them in sub-rule (4).”

² Subs. for the words “tax payable on such inverted rated supply of goods and services” w.e.f. 05.07.2022 vide Notification No. 14/2022-CT, dt. 05.07.2022.

³ Subs. for the words “Adjusted Total turnover shall have the same meaning as assigned to it in sub-rule (4)” w.e.f. 31.12.2018 vide Notification No. 74/2018-CT, dt. 31.12.2018.

- (2) The application for refund, other than claim for refund from electronic cash ledger, shall be forwarded to the proper officer who shall, within a period of fifteen days of filing of the said application, scrutinize the application for its completeness and where the application is found to be complete in terms of sub-rule (2), (3) and (4) of rule 89, an acknowledgement in **FORM GST RFD-02** shall be made available to the applicant through the common portal electronically, clearly indicating the date of filing of the claim for refund and the time period specified in sub-section (7) of section 54 shall be counted from such date of filing.
- (3) Where any deficiencies are noticed, the proper officer shall communicate the deficiencies to the applicant in **FORM GST RFD-03** through the common portal electronically, requiring him to file a fresh refund application after rectification of such deficiencies.
- ¹[Provided that the time period, from the date of filing of the refund claim in **FORM GST RFD-01** till the date of communication of the deficiencies in **FORM GST RFD-03** by the proper officer, shall be excluded from the period of two years as specified under sub-section (1) of Section 54, in respect of any such fresh refund claim filed by the applicant after rectification of the deficiencies.]
- (4) Where deficiencies have been communicated in **FORM GST RFD-03** under the State Goods and Service Tax Rules, 2017, the same shall also deemed to have been communicated under this rule along with the deficiencies communicated under sub-rule (3).
- ²[(5) The applicant may, at any time before issuance of provisional refund sanction order in **FORM GST RFD-04** or final refund sanction order in **FORM GST RFD-06** or payment order in **FORM GST RFD-05** or refund withhold order in **FORM GST RFD-07** or notice in **FORM GST RFD-08**, in respect of any refund application filed in **FORM GST RFD-01**, withdraw the said application for refund by filing an application in **FORM GST RFD-01W**.
- (6) On submission of application for withdrawal of refund in **FORM GST RFD-01W**, any amount debited by the applicant from electronic credit ledger or electronic cash ledger, as the case may be, while filing application for refund in **FORM GST RFD-01**, shall be credited back to the ledger from which such debit was made.]

91. Grant of provisional refund.

<i>Sec: 54</i>	<i>Forms: RFD-01B, RFD-04, RFD-05</i>
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- (1) The provisional refund in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (6) of section 54 shall be granted subject to the condition that the person claiming refund has, during any period of five years immediately preceding the tax period to which the claim for refund relates, not been prosecuted for any offence under the Act or under an existing law where the amount of tax evaded exceeds two hundred and fifty lakh rupees.

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 18.05.2021 vide Notification No. 15/2021-CT, dt. 18.05.2021.

² Ins. sub-rules (5) and (6) w.e.f. 18.05.2021 vide Notification No. 15/2021-CT, dt. 18.05.2021.

- (2) The proper officer, after scrutiny of the claim and the evidence submitted in support thereof and on being *prima facie* satisfied that the amount claimed as refund under sub-rule (1) is due to the applicant in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (6) of section 54, shall make an order in **FORM GST RFD-04**, sanctioning the amount of refund due to the said applicant on a provisional basis within a period not exceeding seven days from the date of the acknowledgement under sub-rule (1) or sub-rule (2) of rule 90.

¹[Provided that the order issued in **FORM GST RFD-04** shall not be required to be revalidated by the proper officer.]

- (3) The proper officer shall issue a ²[payment order] in **FORM GST RFD-05** for the amount sanctioned under sub- rule (2) and the same shall be electronically credited to any of the bank accounts of the applicant mentioned in his registration particulars and as specified in the application for refund ³[on the basis of a consolidated payment advice:]

⁴[Provided that the ⁵{payment order} in **FORM GST RFD-05** shall be required to be revalidated where the refund has not been disbursed within the same financial year in which the said ⁶{payment order} was issued.]

- ⁷[(4) The Central Government shall disburse the refund based on the consolidated payment advice issued under sub-rule (3).]

92. Order sanctioning refund.

Sec: 54, 57, 77	Forms: RFD-01B, RFD-05 to RFD-09
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- (1) Where, upon examination of the application, the proper officer is satisfied that a refund under sub-section (5) of section 54 is due and payable to the applicant, he shall make an order in **FORM GST RFD-06** sanctioning the amount of refund to which the applicant is entitled, mentioning therein the amount, if any, refunded to him on a provisional basis under sub-section (6) of section 54, amount adjusted against any outstanding demand under the Act or under any existing law and the balance amount refundable:

⁸[***]

¹ *Ins.* w.e.f. 01.02.2019 vide CGST (I Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 3/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019.

² *Subs.* vide CGST (IV Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 31/2019-CT, dt.28.06.2019, for the words “payment advice”. Comes into force w.e.f. 24.09.2019 vide Notification No. 42/2019-CT, dt. 24.09.2019.

³ *Ins.* w.e.f. 24.09.2019 vide CGST (VI Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 49/2019-CT, dt. 09.10.2019.

⁴ *Ins.* w.e.f. 01.02.2019 vide CGST (I Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 3/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019.

⁵ *Subs.* vide CGST (IV Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 31/2019-CT, dt.28.06.2019, for the words “payment advice”. Comes into force w.e.f. 24.09.2019 vide Notification No. 42/2019-CT, dt. 24.09.2019.

⁶ *Subs.* vide CGST (IV Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 31/2019-CT, dt.28.06.2019, for the words “payment advice”. Comes into force w.e.f. 24.09.2019 vide Notification No. 42/2019-CT, dt. 24.09.2019.

⁷ *Ins.* w.e.f. 24.09.2019 vide CGST (VI Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 49/2019-CT, dt. 09.10.2019.

⁸ *Omttd.* w.e.f. 18.05.2021 vide Notification No. 15/2021-CT, dt. 18.05.2021. Formerly the proviso read as :

“Provided that in cases where the amount of refund is completely adjusted against any outstanding demand under the Act or under any existing law, an order giving details of the adjustment shall be issued in Part A of **FORM GST RFD-07.**”

- ¹[(1A) Where, upon examination of the application of refund of any amount paid as tax other than the refund of tax paid on zero-rated supplies or deemed export, the proper officer is satisfied that a refund under sub-section (5) of section 54 of the Act is due and payable to the applicant, he shall make an order in **FORM RFD-06** sanctioning the amount of refund to be paid, in cash, proportionate to the amount debited in cash against the total amount paid for discharging tax liability for the relevant period, mentioning therein the amount adjusted against any outstanding demand under the Act or under any existing law and the balance amount refundable and for the remaining amount which has been debited from the electronic credit ledger for making payment of such tax, the proper officer shall issue **FORM GST PMT-03** re-crediting the said amount as Input Tax Credit in electronic credit ledger.]
- (2) Where the proper officer or the Commissioner is of the opinion that the amount of refund is liable to be withheld under the provisions of sub-section (10) or, as the case may be, sub-section (11) of section 54, he shall pass an order in ²[Part A] of **FORM GST RFD-07** informing him the reasons for withholding of such refund.
- ³[Provided that where the proper officer or the Commissioner is satisfied that the refund is no longer liable to be withheld, he may pass an order for release of withheld refund in Part B of **FORM GST RFD-07**.]
- (3) Where the proper officer is satisfied, for reasons to be recorded in writing, that the whole or any part of the amount claimed as refund is not admissible or is not payable to the applicant, he shall issue a notice in **FORM GST RFD-08** to the applicant, requiring him to furnish a reply in **FORM GST RFD-09** within a period of fifteen days of the receipt of such notice and after considering the reply, make an order in **FORM GST RFD-06** sanctioning the amount of refund in whole or part, or rejecting the said refund claim and the said order shall be made available to the applicant electronically and the provisions of sub-rule (1) shall, *mutatis mutandis*, apply to the extent refund is allowed: Provided that no application for refund shall be rejected without giving the applicant an opportunity of being heard.
- (4) Where the proper officer is satisfied that the amount refundable under sub-rule (1) ⁴[or sub-rule (1A)] or sub-rule (2) is payable to the applicant under sub-section (8) of section 54, he shall make an order in **FORM GST RFD-06** and issue a ⁵[payment order] in **FORM GST RFD-05** for the amount of refund and the same shall be electronically credited to any of the bank accounts of the applicant mentioned in his registration particulars and as specified in the application for refund ⁶[on the basis of a consolidated payment advice].

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 23.03.2020 vide CGST (III Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 16/2020-CT, dt. 23.03.2020.

² Subs. w.e.f. 18.05.2021, for the word and letter "Part B" vide Notification No. 15/2021-CT, dt. 18.05.2021.

³ Ins. w.e.f. 18.05.2021 vide Notification No. 15/2021-CT, dt. 18.05.2021.

⁴ Ins. w.e.f. 23.03.2020 vide CGST (III Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 16/2020-CT, dt. 23.03.2020.

⁵ Subs. vide CGST (IV Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 31/2019-CT, dt. 28.06.2019, for the words "payment advice". Comes into force w.e.f. 24.09.2019 vide Notification No. 42/2019-CT, dt. 24.09.2019.

⁶ Ins. vide CGST (IV Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 31/2019-CT, dt. 28.06.2019. Comes into force w.e.f. 24.09.2019 vide Notification No. 42/2019-CT, dt. 24.09.2019.

¹[Provided that the order issued in FORM GST RFD-06 shall not be required to be revalidated by the proper officer:

Provided further that the ²{payment order} in FORM GST RFD-05 shall be required to be revalidated where the refund has not been disbursed within the same financial year in which the said ³{payment order} was issued.]

⁴[(4A) The Central Government shall disburse the refund based on the consolidated payment advice issued under sub-rule (4).]

(5) Where the proper officer is satisfied that the amount refundable under sub-rule (1) ⁵[or sub-rule (1A)] or sub-rule (2) is not payable to the applicant under sub-section (8) of section 54, he shall make an order in **FORM GST RFD-06** and issue ⁶[a payment order] in **FORM GST RFD-05**, for the amount of refund to be credited to the Consumer Welfare Fund.

93. Credit of the amount of rejected refund claim.

Sec: 54	Forms: PMT-03
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(1) Where any deficiencies have been communicated under sub-rule (3) of rule 90, the amount debited under sub-rule (3) of rule 89 shall be re-credited to the electronic credit ledger.

(2) Where any amount claimed as refund is rejected under rule 92, either fully or partly, the amount debited, to the extent of rejection, shall be re-credited to the electronic credit ledger by an order made in **FORM GST PMT-03**.

Explanation.— For the purposes of this rule, a refund shall be deemed to be rejected, if the appeal is finally rejected or if the claimant gives an undertaking in writing to the proper officer that he shall not file an appeal.

94. Order sanctioning interest on delayed refunds.

Sec: 56	Forms: RFD-05
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⁷[(1)] Where any interest is due and payable to the applicant under section 56, the proper officer shall make an order along with a ⁸[payment order] in **FORM GST RFD-05**,

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 vide CGST (I Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 3/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019.

² Subs. vide CGST (IV Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 31/2019-CT, dt. 28.06.2019, for the words “payment advice”. Comes into force w.e.f. 24.09.2019 vide Notification No. 42/2019-CT, dt. 24.09.2019.

³ Subs. vide CGST (IV Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 31/2019-CT, dt. 28.06.2019, for the words “payment advice”. Comes into force w.e.f. 24.09.2019 vide Notification No. 42/2019-CT, dt. 24.09.2019.

⁴ Ins. vide CGST (IV Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 31/2019-CT, dt. 28.06.2019. Comes into force w.e.f. 24.09.2019 vide Notification No. 42/2019-CT, dt. 24.09.2019.

⁵ Ins. w.e.f. 23.03.2020 vide CGST (III Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 16/2020-CT, dt. 23.03.2020.

⁶ Subs. vide CGST (IV Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 31/2019-CT, dt. 28.06.2019, for the words “an advice”. Comes into force w.e.f. 24.09.2019 vide Notification No. 42/2019-CT, dt. 24.09.2019.

⁷ Ins. w.e.f. 01.10.2023 “number (1)” vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2023; Notification No. 38/2023-CT, dt. 04.08.2023.

⁸ Subs. vide CGST (IV Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 31/2019-CT, dt. 28.06.2019, for the words “payment advice”. Comes into force w.e.f. 24.09.2019 vide Notification No. 42/2019-CT, dt. 24.09.2019.

specifying therein the amount of refund which is delayed, the period of delay for which interest is payable and the amount of interest payable, and such amount of interest shall be electronically credited to any of the bank accounts of the applicant mentioned in his registration particulars and as specified in the application for refund.

- ¹[(2) The following periods shall not be included in the period of delay under sub-rule (1), namely:-

- (a) any period of time beyond fifteen days of receipt of notice in FORM GST RFD-08 under sub-rule (3) of rule 92, that the applicant takes to-
 - (i) furnish a reply in FORM GST RFD-09, or
 - (ii) submit additional documents or reply;

and

- (b) any period of time taken either by the applicant for furnishing the correct details of the bank account to which the refund is to be credited or for validating the details of the bank account so furnished, where the amount of refund sanctioned could not be credited to the bank account furnished by the applicant.]

95. Refund of tax to certain persons.

Sec: 54, 55

Forms: RFD-02, RFD-10, GSTR-11

- ²[(1) Any person eligible to claim refund of tax paid by him on his inward supplies as per notification issued under section 55 shall apply for refund in **FORM GST RFD-10** once in every quarter, electronically on the common portal or otherwise, either directly or through a Facilitation Centre notified by the Commissioner, along with a statement of the inward supplies of goods or services or both in **FORM GSTR-11**.]

- (2) An acknowledgement for the receipt of the application for refund shall be issued in **FORM GST RFD-02**.
- (3) The refund of tax paid by the applicant shall be available if-

- ³[(a) the inward supplies of goods or services or both were received from a registered person against a tax invoice;]

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 01.10.2023 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2023; Notification No. 38/2023-CT, dt. 04.08.2023.

² Subs. w.e.f. 29.12.2017 vide Notification No. 75/2017-CT, dt. 29.12.2017. Formerly rule 95(1) read:

“(1) Any person eligible to claim refund of tax paid by him on his inward supplies as per notification issued under section 55 shall apply for refund in **FORM GST RFD-10** once in every quarter, electronically on the common portal, either directly or through a Facilitation Centre notified by the Commissioner, along with a statement of the inward supplies of goods or services or both in **FORM GSTR-11**, prepared on the basis of the statement of the outward supplies furnished by the corresponding suppliers in **FORM GSTR-1**.”

³ Subs. w.e.f. 01.07.2017, retrospectively, vide Notification No. 26/2018-CT, dt. 13.06.2018. Earlier it read as :

“(a) the inward supplies of goods or services or both were received from a registered person against a tax invoice *¹[***].”

*¹ Words earlier, *omtd.* w.e.f. 29.12.2017 vide Notification No. 75/2017-CT, dt. 29.12.2017, which read as, “and the price of the supply covered under a single tax invoice exceeds five thousand rupees, excluding tax paid, if any”.

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- (b) name and Goods and Services Tax Identification Number or Unique Identity Number of the applicant is mentioned in the tax invoice; and
- (c) such other restrictions or conditions as may be specified in the notification are satisfied.

¹[Provided that where Unique Identity Number of the applicant is not mentioned in a tax invoice, the refund of tax paid by the applicant on such invoice shall be available only if the copy of the invoice, duly attested by the authorized representative of the applicant, is submitted along with the refund application in **FORM GST RFD-10**.]

- (4) The provisions of rule 92 shall, *mutatis mutandis*, apply for the sanction and payment of refund under this rule.
- (5) Where an express provision in a treaty or other international agreement, to which the President or the Government of India is a party, is inconsistent with the provisions of this Chapter, such treaty or international agreement shall prevail.

²[95A ***]

¹ *Ins. w.e.f. 01.04.2021, retrospectively, vide Notification No. 40/2021-CT, dt. 29.12.2021.*

² *Omtd. w.e.f. 01.07.2019, retrospectively, vide Notification No. 14/2022-CT, dt. 05.07.2022; which was earlier *ins. w.e.f. 01.07.2019 vide CGST (IV Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 31/2019-CT, dt. 28.06.2019.* Formerly rule 95A read:*

- "95A. Refund of taxes to the retail outlets established in departure area of an international Airport beyond immigration counters making tax free supply to an outgoing international tourist.**
- (1) Retail outlet established in departure area of an international airport, beyond the immigration counters, supplying indigenous goods to an outgoing international tourist who is leaving India shall be eligible to claim refund of tax paid by it on inward supply of such goods.
 - (2) Retail outlet claiming refund of the taxes paid on his inward supplies, shall furnish the application for refund claim in **FORM GST RFD-10B** on a monthly or quarterly basis, as the case may be, through the common portal either directly or through a Facilitation Centre notified by the Commissioner.
 - (3) The self-certified compiled information of invoices issued for the supply made during the month or the quarter, as the case may be, along with concerned purchase invoice shall be submitted along with the refund application.
 - (4) The refund of tax paid by the said retail outlet shall be available if-
 - (a) the inward supplies of goods were received by the said retail outlet from a registered person against a tax invoice;
 - (b) the said goods were supplied by the said retail outlet to an outgoing international tourist against foreign exchange without charging any tax;
 - (c) name and Goods and Services Tax Identification Number of the retail outlet is mentioned in the tax invoice for the inward supply; and
 - (d) such other restrictions or conditions, as may be specified, are satisfied.
 - (5) The provisions of rule 92 shall, *mutatis mutandis*, apply for the sanction and payment of refund under this rule.

Explanation.- For the purposes of this rule, the expression "outgoing international tourist" shall mean a person not normally resident in India, who enters India for a stay of not more than six months for legitimate non-immigrant purposes.]".

96. Refund of integrated tax paid on goods¹[or services] exported out of India.

Sec: 54	Forms: GST RFD-01, RFD-06, RFD-07, GSTR-1, GSTR-3B
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- (1) The shipping bill filed by²[an exporter of goods] shall be deemed to be an application for refund of integrated tax paid on the goods exported out of India and such application shall be deemed to have been filed only when:-
- (a) the person in charge of the conveyance carrying the export goods duly files³[a departure manifest or] an export manifest or an export report covering the number and the date of shipping bills or bills of export; and
 - ⁴[(b) the applicant has furnished a valid return in **FORM GSTR-3B**:
Provided that if there is any mismatch between the data furnished by the exporter of goods in Shipping Bill and those furnished in statement of outward supplies in **FORM GSTR-1**, such application for refund of integrated tax paid on the goods exported out of India shall be deemed to have been filed on such date when such mismatch in respect of the said shipping bill is rectified by the exporter;]
 - ⁵[(c) the applicant has undergone Aadhaar authentication in the manner provided in rule 10B;]
- (2) The details of the⁶[relevant export invoices in respect of export of goods] contained in **FORM GSTR-1** shall be transmitted electronically by the common portal to the system designated by the Customs and the said system shall electronically transmit to the common portal, a confirmation that the goods covered by the said invoices have been exported out of India.
- ⁷[***]

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 23.10.2017, retrospectively, for “paid on goods” vide Notification No. 75/2017-CT, dt. 29.12.2017.

² Subs. w.e.f. 23.10.2017, for “an exporter” vide Notification No. 3/2018-CT, dt. 23.01.2018.

³ Ins. w.e.f. 31.12.2018 vide Notification No. 74/2018-CT, dt. 31.12.2018.

⁴ Subs. w.e.f. 01.07.2017, retrospectively, vide Notification No. 14/2022-CT, dt. 05.07.2022. Earlier it read as :

“(b) the applicant has furnished a valid return in **FORM GSTR-3***¹[or **FORM GSTR-3B**, as the case may be];”.

*¹ Earlier ins. w.e.f. 01.07.2017 vide Notification No. 15/2017-CT, dt. 01.07.2017.

⁵ Ins. w.e.f. 01.01.2022 vide CGST (VIII Amendment) Rules, 2021; Notification No. 35/2021-CT, dt. 24.09.2021, read with Notification No. 38/2021-CT, dt. 21.12.2021.

⁶ Subs. w.e.f. 23.10.2017, for “relevant export invoices” vide Notification No. 3/2018-CT, dt. 23.01.2018.

⁷ Omttd. w.e.f. 04.08.2023 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2023; Notification No. 38/2023-CT, dt. 04.08.2023. Earlier it read as :

“Provided that where the date for furnishing the details of outward supplies in **FORM GSTR-1** for a tax period has been extended in exercise of the powers conferred under section 37 of the Act, the supplier shall furnish the information relating to exports as specified in Table 6A of **FORM GSTR-1** after the return in **FORM GSTR-3B** has been furnished and the same shall be transmitted electronically by the common portal to the system designated by the Customs:

Provided further that the information in Table 6A furnished under the first proviso shall be auto-drafted in **FORM GSTR-1** for the said tax period.”

Earlier ins. w.e.f. 28.10.2017 vide Notification No. 51/2017-CT, dt. 28.10.2017.

- (3) Upon the receipt of the information regarding the furnishing of a valid return in ¹[FORM GSTR-3B] from the common portal, ²[the system designated by the Customs or the proper officer of Customs, as the case may be, shall process the claim of refund in respect of export of goods] and an amount equal to the integrated tax paid in respect of each shipping bill or bill of export shall be electronically credited to the bank account of the applicant mentioned in his registration particulars and as intimated to the Customs authorities.
- (4) The claim for refund shall be withheld where,-
- (a) a request has been received from the jurisdictional Commissioner of central tax, State tax or Union territory tax to withhold the payment of refund due to the person claiming refund in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (10) or sub-section (11) of section 54; or
 - (b) the proper officer of Customs determines that the goods were exported in violation of the provisions of the Customs Act, ³[1962; or]
 - ⁴[(c) the Commissioner in the Board or an officer authorised by the Board, on the basis of data analysis and risk parameters, is of the opinion that verification of credentials of the exporter, including the availment of ITC by the exporter, is considered essential before grant of refund, in order to safeguard the interest of revenue.]

⁵[(5) ***]

- ⁶[(5A) Where refund is withheld in accordance with the provisions of clause (a) or clause (c) of sub-rule (4), such claim shall be transmitted to the proper officer of Central tax, State tax or Union territory tax, as the case may be, electronically through the common portal in a system generated **FORM GST RFD-01** and the intimation of such transmission shall also be sent to the exporter electronically through the common portal, and notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in any other rule, the said system generated form shall be deemed to be the application for refund in such cases and shall be deemed to have been filed on the date of such transmission.

¹ Subs. for the words, letters and figures, “FORM GSTR-3 *¹[or FORM GSTR-3B, as the case may be]” w.e.f. 01.10.2022 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2022; Notification No. 19/2022-CT, dt. 28.09.2022.

*¹ Earlier ins. w.e.f. 01.07.2017 vide Notification No. 15/2017-CT, dt. 01.07.2017.

² Subs. w.e.f. 23.10.2017, for “the system designated by the Customs shall process the claim for refund” vide Notification No. 3/2018-CT, dt. 23.01.2018.

³ Subs. w.e.f. 01.07.2017, retrospectively, for the figures “1962” vide Notification No. 14/2022-CT, dt. 05.07.2022.

⁴ Ins. w.e.f. 01.07.2017, retrospectively, vide Notification No. 14/2022-CT, dt. 05.07.2022.

⁵ Omtd. w.e.f. 01.07.2017, retrospectively, vide Notification No. 14/2022-CT, dt. 05.07.2022. Formerly rule 96(5) read:

“(5) Where refund is withheld in accordance with the provisions of clause (a) of sub-rule (4), the proper officer of integrated tax at the Customs station shall intimate the applicant and the jurisdictional Commissioner of central tax, State tax or Union territory tax, as the case may be, and a copy of such intimation shall be transmitted to the common portal.”.

⁶ Ins. sub-rules (5A) to (5C) w.e.f. 01.07.2017, retrospectively, vide Notification No. 14/2022-CT, dt. 05.07.2022.

- (5B) Where refund is withheld in accordance with the provisions of clause (b) of sub-rule (4) and the proper officer of the Customs passes an order that the goods have been exported in violation of the provisions of the Customs Act, 1962 (52 of 1962), then, such claim shall be transmitted to the proper officer of Central tax, State tax or Union territory tax, as the case may be, electronically through the common portal in a system generated **FORM GST RFD-01** and the intimation of such transmission shall also be sent to the exporter electronically through the common portal, and notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in any other rule, the said system generated form shall be deemed to be the application for refund in such cases and shall be deemed to have been filed on the date of such transmission.
- (5C) The application for refund in **FORM GST RFD-01** transmitted electronically through the common portal in terms of sub-rules (5A) and (5B) shall be dealt in accordance with the provisions of rule 89.]

¹[(6) ***]

²[(7) ***]

- (8) The Central Government may pay refund of the integrated tax to the Government of Bhutan on the exports to Bhutan for such class of goods as may be notified in this behalf and where such refund is paid to the Government of Bhutan, the exporter shall not be paid any refund of the integrated tax.
- ³[(9) The application for refund of integrated tax paid on the services exported out of India shall be filed in **FORM GST RFD-01** and shall be dealt with in accordance with the provisions of rule 89;

¹ *Omtd.* w.e.f. 01.07.2017, retrospectively, vide Notification No. 14/2022-CT, dt. 05.07.2022. Formerly rule 96(6) read:

“(6) Upon transmission of the intimation under sub-rule (5), the proper officer of central tax or State tax or Union territory tax, as the case may be, shall pass an order in ¹*[Part A] of **FORM GST RFD-07**.”

¹*Earlier *subs.* w.e.f. 18.05.2021, for the word and letter “Part B” vide Notification No. 15/2021-CT, dt. 18.05.2021.

² *Omtd.* w.e.f. 01.07.2017, retrospectively, vide Notification No. 14/2022-CT, dt. 05.07.2022. Formerly rule 96(7) read:

“(7) Where the applicant becomes entitled to refund of the amount withheld under clause (a) of sub-rule (4), the concerned jurisdictional officer of central tax, State tax or Union territory tax, as the case may be, shall proceed to refund the amount ¹[by passing an order in **FORM GST RFD-06** after passing an order for release of withheld refund in Part B of **FORM GST RFD-07**].”

¹*Earlier *subs.* w.e.f. 18.05.2021, for the words, letters and figures, “after passing an order in **FORM GST RFD-06**” vide Notification No. 15/2021-CT, dt. 18.05.2021.

³ *Subs.* w.e.f. 23.10.2017 vide Notification No. 3/2018-CT, dt. 23.01.2018. Earlier *ins.* w.e.f. 23.10.2017 vide Notification No. 75/2017-CT, dt. 29.12.2017, rule 96(9) read:

“(9) The persons claiming refund of integrated tax paid on export of goods or services should not have received supplies on which the supplier has availed the benefit of notification No. 48/2017-Central Tax dated 18th October, 2017 or notification No. 40/2017-Central Tax (Rate) dated 23rd October, 2017 or notification No. 41/2017-Integrated Tax (Rate) dated 23rd October, 2017.”

¹{(10) The persons claiming refund of integrated tax paid on exports of goods or services should not have -

- (a) received supplies on which the benefit of the Government of India, Ministry of Finance notification No. 48/2017-Central Tax, dated the 18th October, 2017, published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i), vide number G.S.R 1305 (E), dated the 18th October, 2017 except so far it relates to receipt of capital goods by such person against Export Promotion Capital Goods Scheme or notification No. 40/2017-Central Tax (Rate), dated the 23rd October, 2017, published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i), vide number G.S.R 1320 (E), dated the 23rd October,

¹ Subs. sub-rule (10) w.e.f. 09.10.2018 vide Notification No. 54/2018-CT, dt. 09.10.2018. Earlier subs. sub-rule (10) w.e.f. 23.10.2017 vide Notification No. 53/2018-CT, dt. 09.10.2018 as follows:

“(10) The persons claiming refund of integrated tax paid on exports of goods or services should not have received supplies on which the supplier has availed the benefit of the Government of India, Ministry of Finance, notification No. 48/2017-Central Tax, dated the 18th October, 2017, published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i), vide number G.S.R 1305 (E), dated the 18th October, 2017 or notification No. 40/2017-Central Tax (Rate) dated the 23rd October, 2017, published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i), vide number G.S.R 1320 (E), dated the 23rd October, 2017 or notification No. 41/2017-Integrated Tax (Rate), dated the 23rd October, 2017, published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i), vide number G.S.R 1321 (E), dated the 23rd October, 2017 or notification No. 78/2017-Customs, dated the 13th October, 2017, published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i), vide number G.S.R 1272(E), dated the 13th October, 2017 or notification No. 79/2017-Customs, dated the 13th October, 2017, published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i), vide number G.S.R 1299 (E) dated the 13th October, 2017”

Earlier substituted w.e.f. 23.10.2017 vide Notification No. 39/2018-CT, dt. 04.09.2018 as follows:

- “(10) The persons claiming refund of integrated tax paid on exports of goods or services should not have -
 - (a) received supplies on which the benefit of the Government of India, Ministry of Finance notification No. 48/2017-Central Tax, dated the 18th October, 2017 published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i), *vide* number G.S.R 1305 (E), dated the 18th October, 2017 or notification No. 40/2017-Central Tax (Rate), dated the 23rd October, 2017 published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i),*vide* number G.S.R 1320 (E), dated the 23rd October, 2017 or notification No. 41/2017-Integrated Tax (Rate), dated the 23rd October, 2017 published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i), *vide* number G.S.R 1321 (E), dated the 23rd October, 2017 has been availed;
 - (b) availed the benefit under notification No. 78/2017-Customs, dated the 13th October, 2017 published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i), *vide* number G.S.R 1272(E), dated the 13th October, 2017 or notification No. 79/2017-Customs, dated the 13th October, 2017 published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i),*vide* number G.S.R 1299 (E), dated the 13th October, 2017.”

Formerly it read as :

- “(10) The persons claiming refund of integrated tax paid on exports of goods or services should not have received supplies on which the supplier has availed the benefit of the Government of India, Ministry of Finance, notification No. 48/2017-Central Tax dated the 18th October, 2017 published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i), *vide* number G.S.R 1305(E) dated the 18th October, 2017 or notification No. 40/2017-Central Tax (Rate) 23rd October, 2017 published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i), *vide* number G.S.R 1320(E) dated the 23rd October, 2017 or notification No. 41/2017-Integrated Tax (Rate) dated the 23rd October, 2017 published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i), *vide* number G.S.R 1321(E) dated the 23rd October, 2017 or notification No. 78/2017-Customs dated the 13th October, 2017 published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i), *vide* number G.S.R 1272(E) dated the 13th October, 2017 or notification No. 79/2017-Customs dated the 13th October, 2017 published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i), *vide* number G.S.R 1299(E) dated the 13th October, 2017.”

2017 or notification No. 41/2017- Integrated Tax (Rate), dated the 23rd October, 2017, published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i), vide number G.S.R 1321 (E), dated the 23rd October, 2017 has been availed; or

- (b) availed the benefit under notification No. 78/2017-Customs, dated the 13th October, 2017, published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i), vide number G.S.R 1272(E), dated the 13th October, 2017 or notification No. 79/2017-Customs, dated the 13th October, 2017, published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i), vide number G.S.R 1299 (E), dated the 13th October, 2017 except so far it relates to receipt of capital goods by such person against Export Promotion Capital Goods Scheme.]}

¹[Explanation.- For the purpose of this sub-rule, the benefit of the notifications mentioned therein shall not be considered to have been availed only where the registered person has paid Integrated Goods and Services Tax and Compensation Cess on inputs and has availed exemption of only Basic Customs Duty (BCD) under the said notifications.]

²[96A. ³{Export} of goods or services under bond or Letter of Undertaking.

Sec: 54	Forms: RFD-11, GSTR-1, GSTR-3B
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- (1) Any registered person availing the option to supply goods or services for export without payment of integrated tax shall furnish, prior to export, a bond or a Letter of Undertaking in **FORM GST RFD-11** to the jurisdictional Commissioner, binding himself to pay the tax due along with the interest specified under sub-section (1) of section 50 within a period of —
 - (a) fifteen days after the expiry of three months ⁴[, or such further period as may be allowed by the Commissioner] from the date of issue of the invoice for export, if the goods are not exported out of India; or
 - (b) fifteen days after the expiry of one year, or such further period as may be allowed by the Commissioner, from the date of issue of the invoice for export, if the payment of such services is not received by the exporter in convertible foreign exchange ⁵[or in Indian rupees, wherever permitted by the Reserve Bank of India].
- (2) The details of the export invoices contained in **FORM GSTR-1** furnished on the common portal shall be electronically transmitted to the system designated by Customs and a confirmation that the goods covered by the said invoices have been exported out of India shall be electronically transmitted to the common portal from the said system.

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 23.10.2017 vide CGST (III Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 16/2020-CT, dt. 23.03.2020.

² Ins. w.e.f. 01.07.2017 vide Notification No. 15/2017-CT, dt. 01.07.2017.

³ Subs. for the words “Refund of integrated tax paid on export” w.e.f. 01.02.2019 vide CGST (I Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 3/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019.

⁴ Ins. w.e.f. 18.10.2017 vide Notification No. 47/2017-CT, dt. 18.10.2017.

⁵ Ins. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 vide CGST (I Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 3/2019-CT, dt. 29.01.2019.

¹[Provided that where the date for furnishing the details of outward supplies in **FORM GSTR-1** for a tax period has been extended in exercise of the powers conferred under section 37 of the Act, the supplier shall furnish the information relating to exports as specified in Table 6A of **FORM GSTR-1** after the return in **FORM GSTR-3B** has been furnished and the same shall be transmitted electronically by the common portal to the system designated by the Customs:

Provided further that the information in Table 6A furnished under the first proviso shall be auto-drafted in **FORM GSTR-1** for the said tax period.]

- (3) Where the goods are not exported within the time specified in sub-rule (1) and the registered person fails to pay the amount mentioned in the said sub-rule, the export as allowed under bond or Letter of Undertaking shall be withdrawn forthwith and the said amount shall be recovered from the registered person in accordance with the provisions of section 79.
- (4) The export as allowed under bond or Letter of Undertaking withdrawn in terms of sub-rule (3) shall be restored immediately when the registered person pays the amount due.
- (5) The Board, by way of notification, may specify the conditions and safeguards under which a Letter of Undertaking may be furnished in place of a bond.
- (6) The provisions of sub rule (1) shall apply, *mutatis mutandis*, in respect of zero-rated supply of goods or services or both to a Special Economic Zone developer or a Special Economic Zone unit without payment of integrated tax.]

²[96B. Recovery of refund of unutilised input tax credit or integrated tax paid on export of goods where export proceeds not realised.

Sec: 54	Forms: Nil
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- (1) Where any refund of unutilised input tax credit on account of export of goods or of integrated tax paid on export of goods has been paid to an applicant but the sale proceeds in respect of such export goods have not been realised, in full or in part, in India within the period allowed under the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 (42 of 1999), including any extension of such period, the person to whom the refund has been made shall deposit the amount so refunded, to the extent of non-realisation of sale proceeds, along with applicable interest within thirty days of the expiry of the said period or, as the case may be, the extended period, failing which the amount refunded shall be recovered in accordance with the provisions of section 73 or 74 of the Act, as the case may be, as is applicable for recovery of erroneous refund, along with interest under section 50:

Provided that where sale proceeds, or any part thereof, in respect of such export goods are not realised by the applicant within the period allowed under the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 (42 of 1999), but the Reserve Bank of India writes off the requirement of realisation of sale proceeds on merits, the refund paid to the applicant shall not be recovered.

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 28.10.2017 vide Notification No. 51/2017-CT, dt. 28.10.2017.

² Ins. w.e.f. 23.03.2020 vide CGST (III Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 16/2020-CT, dt. 23.03.2020.

- (2) Where the sale proceeds are realised by the applicant, in full or part, after the amount of refund has been recovered from him under sub-rule (1) and the applicant produces evidence about such realisation within a period of three months from the date of realisation of sale proceeds, the amount so recovered shall be refunded by the proper officer, to the applicant to the extent of realisation of sale proceeds, provided the sale proceeds have been realised within such extended period as permitted by the Reserve Bank of India.]

[¹]

97. Consumer Welfare Fund.

Sec: 57, 58

Forms: Nil

- ²[(1) All amounts of duty/central tax/ integrated tax/Union territory tax/cess and income from investment along with other monies specified in sub-section (2) of section 12C of the Central Excise Act, 1944 (1 of 1944), section 57 of the Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 (12 of 2017) read with section 20 of the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 (13 of 2017), section 21 of the Union Territory Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 (14 of 2017) and section 12 of the Goods and Services Tax (Compensation to States) Act, 2017 (15 of 2017) shall be credited to the Fund:

¹ *Ins. vide CGST (VIII Amendment) Rules, 2021; Notification No. 35/2021-CT, dt. 24.09.2021. However, effective date has not been yet notified. After notification, it would read as :*

“96C. Bank Account for credit of refund.- For the purposes of sub-rule (3) of rule 91, sub-rule (4) of rule 92 and rule 94, “bank account” shall mean such bank account of the applicant which is in the name of applicant and obtained on his Permanent Account Number:

Provided that in case of a proprietorship concern, the Permanent Account Number of the proprietor shall also be linked with the Aadhaar number of the proprietor.”

² Subs. Rule 97 w.e.f. 18.04.2018 vide Notification No. 21/2018-CT, dt. 18.04.2018. Formerly rule 97 read:

“97. Consumer Welfare Fund.-

- (1) All credits to the Consumer Welfare Fund shall be made under sub-rule (5) of rule 92.
- (2) Any amount, having been credited to the Fund, ordered or directed as payable to any claimant by orders of the proper officer, appellate authority or Appellate Tribunal or court, shall be paid from the Fund.
- (3) Any utilisation of amount from the Consumer Welfare Fund under sub-section (1) of section 58 shall be made by debiting the Consumer Welfare Fund account and crediting the account to which the amount is transferred for utilisation.
- (4) The Government shall, by an order, constitute a Standing Committee with a Chairman, a Vice-Chairman, a Member Secretary and such other Members as it may deem fit and the Committee shall make recommendations for proper utilisation of the money credited to the Consumer Welfare Fund for welfare of the consumers.
- (5) The Committee shall meet as and when necessary, but not less than once in three months.
- (6) Any agency or organisation engaged in consumer welfare activities for a period of three years registered under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (18 of 2013) or under any other law for the time being in force, including village or mandal or samiti level co-operatives of consumers especially Women, Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes, or any industry as defined in the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947) recommended by the Bureau of Indian Standards to be engaged for a period of five years in viable and useful research activity which has made, or is likely to make, significant contribution in formulation of standard mark of the products of mass consumption, the Central Government or the State Government may make an application for a grant from the Consumer Welfare Fund:

Provided that a consumer may make application for reimbursement of legal expenses incurred by him as a complainant in a consumer dispute, after its final adjudication.

Cont...

Provided that an amount equivalent to fifty per cent. of the amount of integrated tax determined under sub-section (5) of section 54 of the Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017, read with section 20 of the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017, shall be deposited in the Fund.

¹[Provided further that an amount equivalent to fifty per cent. of the amount of cess determined under sub-section (5) of section 54 read with section 11 of the Goods and Services Tax (Compensation to States) Act, 2017 (15 of 2017), shall be deposited in the Fund.]

- (2) Where any amount, having been credited to the Fund, is ordered or directed to be paid to any claimant by the proper officer, appellate authority or court, the same shall be paid from the Fund.
- (3) Accounts of the Fund maintained by the Central Government shall be subject to audit by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India.
- (4) The Government shall, by an order, constitute a Standing Committee (hereinafter referred to as the "Committee") with a Chairman, a Vice-Chairman, a Member Secretary and such other members as it may deem fit and the Committee shall make

Cont...

- (7) All applications for grant from the Consumer Welfare Fund shall be made by the applicant Member Secretary, but the Committee shall not consider an application, unless it has been inquired into in material details and recommended for consideration accordingly, by the Member Secretary.
- (8) The Committee shall have powers -
 - (a) to require any applicant to produce before it, or before a duly authorised Officer of the Government such books, accounts, documents, instruments, or commodities in custody and control of the applicant, as may be necessary for proper evaluation of the application;
 - (b) to require any applicant to allow entry and inspection of any premises, from which activities claimed to be for the welfare of consumers are stated to be carried on, to a duly authorised officer of the Central Government or, as the case may be, State Government;
 - (c) to get the accounts of the applicants audited, for ensuring proper utilisation of the grant;
 - (d) to require any applicant, in case of any default, or suppression of material information on his part, to refund in lump-sum, the sanctioned grant to the Committee, and to be subject to prosecution under the Act;
 - (e) to recover any sum due from any applicant in accordance with the provisions of the Act;
 - (f) to require any applicant, or class of applicants to submit a periodical report, indicating proper utilisation of the grant;
 - (g) to reject an application placed before it on account of factual inconsistency, or inaccuracy in material particulars;
 - (h) to recommend minimum financial assistance, by way of grant to an applicant, having regard to his financial status, and importance and utility of nature of activity under pursuit, after ensuring that the financial assistance provided shall not be misutilised;
 - (i) to identify beneficial and safe sectors, where investments out of Consumer Welfare Fund may be made and make recommendations, accordingly;
 - (j) to relax the conditions required for the period of engagement in consumer welfare activities of an applicant;
 - (k) to make guidelines for the management, administration and audit of the Consumer Welfare Fund.
- (9) The Central Consumer Protection Council and the Bureau of Indian Standards shall recommend to the Goods and Services Tax Council, the broad guidelines for considering the projects or proposals for the purpose of incurring expenditure from the Consumer Welfare Fund.".

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 13.06.2018 for the words vide Notification No. 26/2018-CT, dt. 13.06.2018.

recommendations for proper utilisation of the money credited to the Fund for welfare of the consumers.

- (5) (a) The Committee shall meet as and when necessary, generally four times in a year;
- (b) the Committee shall meet at such time and place as the Chairman, or in his absence, the Vice-Chairman of the Committee may deem fit;
- (c) the meeting of the Committee shall be presided over by the Chairman, or in his absence, by the Vice-Chairman;
- (d) the meeting of the Committee shall be called, after giving at least ten days" notice in writing to every member;
- (e) the notice of the meeting of the Committee shall specify the place, date and hour of the meeting and shall contain statement of business to be transacted thereat;
- (f) no proceeding of the Committee shall be valid, unless it is presided over by the Chairman or Vice-Chairman and attended by a minimum of three other members.
- (6) The Committee shall have powers -
- (a) to require any applicant to get registered with any authority as the Central Government may specify;
- (b) to require any applicant to produce before it, or before a duly authorised officer of the Central Government or the State Government, as the case may be, such books, accounts, documents, instruments, or commodities in custody and control of the applicant, as may be necessary for proper evaluation of the application;
- (c) to require any applicant to allow entry and inspection of any premises, from which activities claimed to be for the welfare of consumers are stated to be carried on, to a duly authorised officer of the Central Government or the State Government, as the case may be;
- (d) to get the accounts of the applicants audited, for ensuring proper utilisation of the grant;
- (e) to require any applicant, in case of any default, or suppression of material information on his part, to refund in lump-sum along with accrued interest, the sanctioned grant to the Committee, and to be subject to prosecution under the Act;
- (f) to recover any sum due from any applicant in accordance with the provisions of the Act;
- (g) to require any applicant, or class of applicants to submit a periodical report, indicating proper utilisation of the grant;
- (h) to reject an application placed before it on account of factual inconsistency, or inaccuracy in material particulars;
- (i) to recommend minimum financial assistance, by way of grant to an applicant, having regard to his financial status, and importance and utility of the nature of activity under pursuit, after ensuring that the financial assistance provided shall not be misutilised;

- (j) to identify beneficial and safe sectors, where investments out of Fund may be made, and make recommendations, accordingly;
 - (k) to relax the conditions required for the period of engagement in consumer welfare activities of an applicant;
 - (l) to make guidelines for the management, and administration of the Fund.
- (7) The Committee shall not consider an application, unless it has been inquired into, in material details and recommended for consideration accordingly, by the Member Secretary.
- ¹[(7A) The Committee shall make available to the Board 50 per cent. of the amount credited to the Fund each year, for publicity or consumer awareness on Goods and Services Tax, provided the availability of funds for consumer welfare activities of the Department of Consumer Affairs is not less than twenty-five crore rupees per annum.]
- (8) The Committee shall make recommendations:-
- (a) for making available grants to any applicant;
 - (b) for investment of the money available in the Fund;
 - (c) for making available grants (on selective basis) for reimbursing legal expenses incurred by a complainant, or class of complainants in a consumer dispute, after its final adjudication;
 - (d) for making available grants for any other purpose recommended by the Central Consumer Protection Council (as may be considered appropriate by the Committee);
- ²[(e) ***]

Explanation.- For the purposes of this rule,

- (a) ‘Act’ means the Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 (12 of 2017), or the Central Excise Act, 1944 (1 of 1944) as the case may be;
- (b) ‘applicant’ means,
 - (i) the Central Government or State Government;
 - (ii) regulatory authorities or autonomous bodies constituted under an Act of Parliament or the Legislature of a State or Union Territory;
 - (iii) any agency or organization engaged in consumer welfare activities for a minimum period of three years, registered under the Companies Act, 2013 (18 of 2013) or under any other law for the time being in force;

¹ *Ins. w.e.f. 01.07.2017, retrospectively, vide CGST (VI Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 49/2019-CT, dt. 09.10.2019.*

² *Omttd. w.e.f. 01.07.2017, retrospectively, vide CGST (VI Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 49/2019-CT, dt. 09.10.2019. Earlier read as : “(e) for making available up to 50% of the funds credited to the Fund each year, for publicity/consumer awareness on GST, provided the availability of funds for consumer welfare activities of the Department of Consumer Affairs is not less than twenty five crore rupees per annum.”.*

- (iv) village or mandal or samiti or samiti level co-operatives of consumers especially Women, Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes;
- (v) an educational or research institution incorporated by an Act of Parliament or the Legislature of a State or Union Territory in India or other educational institutions established by an Act of Parliament or declared to be deemed as a University under section 3 of the University Grants Commission Act, 1956 (3 of 1956) and which has consumers studies as part of its curriculum for a minimum period of three years; and
- (vi) a complainant as defined under clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 2 of the Consumer Protection Act, 1986 (68 of 1986), who applies for reimbursement of legal expenses incurred by him in a case instituted by him in a consumer dispute redressal agency.
- (c) ‘application’ means an application in the form as specified by the Standing Committee from time to time;
- (d) ‘Central Consumer Protection Council’ means the Central Consumer Protection Council, established under sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Consumer Protection Act, 1986 (68 of 1986), for promotion and protection of rights of consumers;
- (e) ‘Committee’ means the Committee constituted under sub-rule (4);
- (f) ‘consumer’ has the same meaning as assigned to it in clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 2 of the Consumer Protection Act, 1986 (68 of 1986), and includes consumer of goods on which central tax has been paid;
- (g) “duty” means the duty paid under the Central Excise Act, 1944 (1 of 1944) or the Customs Act, 1962 (52 of 1962);
- (h) “Fund” means the Consumer Welfare Fund established by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of section 12C of the Central Excise Act, 1944 (1 of 1944) and section 57 of the Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 (12 of 2017);
- (i) ‘proper officer’ means the officer having the power under the Act to make an order that the whole or any part of the central tax is refundable;]

¹[97A. Manual filing and processing.

<i>Sec: 54, 77</i>	<i>Forms: RFD-01A, RFD-01B</i>
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Notwithstanding anything contained in this Chapter, in respect of any process or procedure prescribed herein, any reference to electronic filing of an application, intimation, reply, declaration, statement or electronic issuance of a notice, order or certificate on the common portal shall, in respect of that process or procedure, include manual filing of the said application, intimation, reply, declaration, statement or issuance of the said notice, order or certificate in such Forms as appended to these rules.]

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 15.11.2017 vide Notification No. 55/2017-CT, dt. 15.11.2017.

CHAPTER XI

ASSESSMENT AND AUDIT

98. Provisional Assessment.

Sec: 60	Forms: ASMT-01 to ASMT-09
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- (1) Every registered person requesting for payment of tax on a provisional basis in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 60 shall furnish an application along with the documents in support of his request, electronically in **FORM GST ASMT-01** on the common portal, either directly or through a Facilitation Centre notified by the Commissioner.
- (2) The proper officer may, on receipt of the application under sub-rule (1), issue a notice in **FORM GST ASMT-02** requiring the registered person to furnish additional information or documents in support of his request and the applicant shall file a reply to the notice in **FORM GST ASMT-03**, and may appear in person before the said officer if he so desires.
- (3) The proper officer shall issue an order in **FORM GST ASMT-04** allowing the payment of tax on a provisional basis indicating the value or the rate or both on the basis of which the assessment is to be allowed on a provisional basis and the amount for which the bond is to be executed and security to be furnished not exceeding twenty five per cent. of the amount covered under the bond.
- (4) The registered person shall execute a bond in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 60 in **FORM GST ASMT-05** along with a security in the form of a bank guarantee for an amount as determined under sub- rule (3):
Provided that a bond furnished to the proper officer under the State Goods and Services Tax Act or Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act shall be deemed to be a bond furnished under the provisions of the Act and the rules made thereunder.

Explanation.- For the purposes of this rule, the expression “amount” shall include the amount of integrated tax, central tax, State tax or Union territory tax and cess payable in respect of the transaction.

- (5) The proper officer shall issue a notice in **FORM GST ASMT-06**, calling for information and records required for finalization of assessment under sub-section (3) of section 60 and shall issue a final assessment order, specifying the amount payable by the registered person or the amount refundable, if any, in **FORM GST ASMT-07**.
- (6) The applicant may file an application in **FORM GST ASMT-08** for the release of the security furnished under sub-rule (4) after issue of the order under sub-rule (5).
- (7) The proper officer shall release the security furnished under sub-rule (4), after ensuring that the applicant has paid the amount specified in sub-rule (5) and issue an order in **FORM GST ASMT-09** within a period of seven working days from the date of the receipt of the application under sub-rule (6).

99. Scrutiny of returns.

Sec: 61	Forms: ASMT-10 to ASMT-12
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- (1) Where any return furnished by a registered person is selected for scrutiny, the proper officer shall scrutinize the same in accordance with the provisions of section 61 with reference to the information available with him, and in case of any discrepancy, he shall issue a notice to the said person in **FORM GST ASMT-10**, informing him of such discrepancy and seeking his explanation thereto within such time, not exceeding thirty days from the date of service of the notice or such further period as may be permitted by him and also, where possible, quantifying the amount of tax, interest and any other amount payable in relation to such discrepancy.
- (2) The registered person may accept the discrepancy mentioned in the notice issued under sub-rule (1), and pay the tax, interest and any other amount arising from such discrepancy and inform the same or furnish an explanation for the discrepancy in **FORM GST ASMT-11** to the proper officer.
- (3) Where the explanation furnished by the registered person or the information submitted under sub-rule (2) is found to be acceptable, the proper officer shall inform him accordingly in **FORM GST ASMT-12**.

¹[100. Assessment in certain cases.

Sec: 62 to 64	Forms: ASMT-13 to ASMT-18, DRC-01, DRC-07
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- (1) The order of assessment made under sub-section (1) of section 62 shall be issued in **FORM GST ASMT-13** and a summary thereof shall be uploaded electronically in **FORM GST DRC-07**.
- (2) The proper officer shall issue a notice to a taxable person in accordance with the provisions of section 63 in **FORM GST ASMT-14** containing the grounds on which the assessment is proposed to be made on best judgment basis and shall also serve a summary thereof electronically in **FORM GST DRC-01**, and after allowing a time of fifteen days to such person to furnish his reply, if any, pass an order in **FORM GST ASMT-15** and summary thereof shall be uploaded electronically in **FORM GST DRC-07**.

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.04.2019 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 16/2019-CT, dt. 29.03.2019, for the text:

“100. Assessment in certain cases.

- (1) The order of assessment made under sub-section (1) of section 62 shall be issued in **FORM GST ASMT-13**.
- (2) The proper officer shall issue a notice to a taxable person in accordance with the provisions of section 63 in **FORM GST ASMT-14** containing the grounds on which the assessment is proposed to be made on best judgment basis and after allowing a time of fifteen days to such person to furnish his reply, if any, pass an order in **FORM GST ASMT-15**.
- (3) The order of summary assessment under sub-section (1) of section 64 shall be issued in **FORM GST ASMT-16**.
- (4) The person referred to in sub-section (2) of section 64 may file an application for withdrawal of the summary assessment order in **FORM GST ASMT-17**.
- (5) The order of withdrawal or, as the case may be, rejection of the application under sub-section (2) of section 64 shall be issued in **FORM GST ASMT-18**.

- (3) The order of assessment under sub-section (1) of section 64 shall be issued in **FORM GST ASMT-16** and a summary of the order shall be uploaded electronically in **FORM GST DRC-07**.
- (4) The person referred to in sub-section (2) of section 64 may file an application for withdrawal of the assessment order in **FORM GST ASMT-17**.
- (5) The order of withdrawal or, as the case may be, rejection of the application under sub-section (2) of section 64 shall be issued in **FORM GST ASMT-18.**]

101. Audit.

Sec: 65	Forms: ADT-01, ADT-02
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- (1) The period of audit to be conducted under sub-section (1) of section 65 shall be a financial year ¹[or part thereof] or multiples thereof.
- (2) Where it is decided to undertake the audit of a registered person in accordance with the provisions of section 65, the proper officer shall issue a notice in **FORM GST ADT-01** in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (3) of the said section.
- (3) The proper officer authorised to conduct audit of the records and the books of account of the registered person shall, with the assistance of the team of officers and officials accompanying him, verify the documents on the basis of which the books of account are maintained and the returns and statements furnished under the provisions of the Act and the rules made thereunder, the correctness of the turnover, exemptions and deductions claimed, the rate of tax applied in respect of the supply of goods or services or both, the input tax credit availed and utilised, refund claimed, and other relevant issues and record the observations in his audit notes.
- (4) The proper officer may inform the registered person of the discrepancies noticed, if any, as observed in the audit and the said person may file his reply and the proper officer shall finalise the findings of the audit after due consideration of the reply furnished.
- (5) On conclusion of the audit, the proper officer shall inform the findings of audit to the registered person in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (6) of section 65 in **FORM GST ADT-02.**

102. Special Audit.

Sec: 66	Forms: ADT-03, ADT-04
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- (1) Where special audit is required to be conducted in accordance with the provisions of section 66, the officer referred to in the said section shall issue a direction in **FORM GST ADT-03** to the registered person to get his records audited by a chartered accountant or a cost accountant specified in the said direction.
- (2) On conclusion of the special audit, the registered person shall be informed of the findings of the special audit in **FORM GST ADT-04.**

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 31.12.2018 vide Notification No. 74/2018-CT, dt. 31.12.2018.

CHAPTER XII
ADVANCE RULING

103. Qualification and appointment of members of the Authority for Advance Ruling.

Sec: 96	Forms: Nil
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¹[The Government shall appoint officers not below the rank of Joint Commissioner as member of the Authority for Advance Ruling.]

104. Form and manner of application to the Authority for Advance Ruling.

Sec: 97	Forms: ARA-01
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- (1) An application for obtaining an advance ruling under sub-section (1) of section 97 shall be made on the common portal in **FORM GST ARA-01** and shall be accompanied by a fee of five thousand rupees, to be deposited in the manner specified in section 49.
- (2) The application referred to in sub-rule (1), the verification contained therein and all the relevant documents accompanying such application shall be signed in the manner specified in rule 26.

105. Certification of copies of advance rulings pronounced by the Authority.

Sec: 98	Forms: Nil
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A copy of the advance ruling shall be certified to be a true copy of its original by any member of the Authority for Advance Ruling.

106. Form and manner of appeal to the Appellate Authority for Advance Ruling.

Sec: 100	Forms: ARA-02, ARA-03
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- (1) An appeal against the advance ruling issued under sub-section (6) of section 98 shall be made by an applicant on the common portal in **FORM GST ARA-02** and shall be accompanied by a fee of ten thousand rupees to be deposited in the manner specified in section 49.
- (2) An appeal against the advance ruling issued under sub-section (6) of section 98 shall be made by the concerned officer or the jurisdictional officer referred to in section 100 on the common portal in **FORM GST ARA-03** and no fee shall be payable by the said officer for filing the appeal.
- (3) The appeal referred to in sub-rule (1) or sub-rule (2), the verification contained therein and all the relevant documents accompanying such appeal shall be signed,-
 - (a) in the case of the concerned officer or jurisdictional officer, by an officer authorised in writing by such officer; and
 - (b) in the case of an applicant, in the manner specified in rule 26.

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.07.2017 vide Notification No. 22/2017-CT, dt. 17.08.2017. Formerly it read:
 "The Central Government and the State Government shall appoint officer of the rank of Joint Commissioner as member of the Authority for Advance Ruling."

107. Certification of copies of the advance rulings pronounced by the Appellate Authority.

<i>Sec: 101</i>	<i>Forms: Nil</i>
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A copy of the advance ruling pronounced by the Appellate Authority for Advance Ruling and duly signed by the Members shall be sent to-

- (a) the applicant and the appellant;
- (b) the concerned officer of central tax and State or Union territory tax;
- (c) the jurisdictional officer of central tax and State or Union territory tax; and
- (d) the Authority,

in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (4) of section 101 of the Act.

¹[107A. Manual filing and processing.

<i>Sec: 97, 98</i>	<i>Forms: Nil</i>
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Notwithstanding anything contained in this Chapter, in respect of any process or procedure prescribed herein, any reference to electronic filing of an application, intimation, reply, declaration, statement or electronic issuance of a notice, order or certificate on the common portal shall, in respect of that process or procedure, include manual filing of the said application, intimation, reply, declaration, statement or issuance of the said notice, order or certificate in such Forms as appended to these rules.]

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 15.11.2017 vide Notification No. 55/2017-CT, dt. 15.11.2017.

CHAPTER XIII

APPEALS AND REVISION

108. Appeal to the Appellate Authority.

Sec: 107

Forms: APL-01, APL-02

- (1) An appeal to the Appellate Authority under sub-section (1) of section 107 shall be filed in **FORM GST APL-01**, along with the relevant documents,¹[electronically], and a provisional acknowledgement shall be issued to the appellant immediately.

²[Provided that an appeal to the Appellate Authority may be filed manually in FORM GST APL-01, along with the relevant documents, only if-

- (i) the Commissioner has so notified, or
- (ii) the same cannot be filed electronically due to non-availability of the decision or order to be appealed against on the common portal,

and in such case, a provisional acknowledgement shall be issued to the appellant immediately.]

- (2) The grounds of appeal and the form of verification as contained in **FORM GST APL-01** shall be signed in the manner specified in rule 26.

- ³[(3) Where the decision or order appealed against is uploaded on the common portal, a final acknowledgment, indicating appeal number, shall be issued in FORM GST APL-02 by the Appellate Authority or an officer authorised by him in this behalf and the date of issue of the provisional acknowledgement shall be considered as the date of filing of appeal:

Provided that where the decision or order appealed against is not uploaded on the common portal, the appellant shall submit a self-certified copy of the said decision or order within a period of seven days from the date of filing of FORM GST APL-01 and a final acknowledgment, indicating appeal number, shall be issued in FORM GST APL-02 by the Appellate Authority or an officer authorised by him in this behalf, and the date of issue of the provisional acknowledgement shall be considered as the date of filing of appeal:

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 04.08.2023 for the words “either electronically or otherwise as may be notified by the Commissioner” vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2023; Notification No. 38/2023-CT, dt. 04.08.2023.

² Ins. w.e.f. 04.08.2023 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2023; Notification No. 38/2023-CT, dt. 04.08.2023.

³ Subs. w.e.f. 26.12.2022 vide Notification No. 26/2022-CT, dt. 26.12.2022. Earlier read as :

- “(3) A certified copy of the decision or order appealed against shall be submitted within seven days of filing the appeal under sub-rule (1) and a final acknowledgement, indicating appeal number shall be issued thereafter in **FORM GST APL-02** by the Appellate Authority or an officer authorised by him in this behalf:

Provided that where the certified copy of the decision or order is submitted within seven days from the date of filing the **FORM GST APL-01**, the date of filing of the appeal shall be the date of the issue of the provisional acknowledgement and where the said copy is submitted after seven days, the date of filing of the appeal shall be the date of the submission of such copy.”.

Provided further that where the said self-certified copy of the decision or order is not submitted within a period of seven days from the date of filing of FORM GST APL-01, the date of submission of such copy shall be considered as the date of filing of appeal.]

Explanation.— For the provisions of this rule, the appeal shall be treated as filed only when the final acknowledgement, indicating the appeal number, is issued.

¹[109. Application to the Appellate Authority.

Sec: 107	Forms: APL-03
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- (1) An application to the Appellate Authority under sub-section (2) of section 107 shall be filed in FORM GST APL-03, along with the relevant documents, ²[electronically] and a provisional acknowledgment shall be issued to the appellant immediately.

³[Provided that an appeal to the Appellate Authority may be filed manually in FORM GST APL-03, along with the relevant documents, only if-

- (i) the Commissioner has so notified, or
- (ii) the same cannot be filed electronically due to non-availability of the decision or order to be appealed against on the common portal,

and in such case, a provisional acknowledgement shall be issued to the appellant immediately.]

- (2) Where the decision or order appealed against is uploaded on the common portal, a final acknowledgment, indicating appeal number, shall be issued in FORM GST APL-02 by the Appellate Authority or an officer authorised by him in this behalf and the date of issue of the provisional acknowledgment shall be considered as the date of filing of appeal under sub-rule (1):

Provided that where the decision or order appealed against is not uploaded on the common portal, the appellant shall submit a self-certified copy of the said decision or order within a period of seven days from the date of filing of FORM GST APL-03 and a final acknowledgment, indicating appeal number, shall be issued in FORM GST APL-02 by the Appellate Authority or an officer authorised by him in this behalf, and the date of issue of the provisional acknowledgment shall be considered as the date of filing of appeal:

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 26.12.2022 vide Notification No. 26/2022-CT, dt. 26.12.2022. Earlier read as :

"109. Application to the Appellate Authority.

- (1) An application to the Appellate Authority under sub-section (2) of section 107 shall be made in **FORM GST APL-03**, along with the relevant documents, either electronically or otherwise as may be notified by the Commissioner.
- (2) A certified copy of the decision or order appealed against shall be submitted within seven days of the filing of the application under sub-rule (1) and an appeal number shall be generated by the Appellate Authority or an officer authorised by him in this behalf.”.

² Subs. w.e.f. 04.08.2023 for the words “either electronically or otherwise as may be notified by the Commissioner” vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2023; Notification No. 38/2023-CT, dt. 04.08.2023.

³ Ins. w.e.f. 04.08.2023 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2023; Notification No. 38/2023-CT, dt. 04.08.2023.

Provided further that where the said self-certified copy of the decision or order is not submitted within a period of seven days from the date of filing of FORM GST APL-03, the date of submission of such copy shall be considered as the date of filing of appeal.]

¹[**109A. Appointment of Appellate Authority.**

Sec: 107, 109, 110	Forms: Nil
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- (1) Any person aggrieved by any decision or order passed under this Act or the State Goods and Services Tax Act or the Union Territory Goods and Services Tax Act may appeal to—
 - (a) the Commissioner (Appeals) where such decision or order is passed by the Additional or Joint Commissioner;
 - (b) ²[any officer not below the rank of Joint Commissioner (Appeals)] where such decision or order is passed by the Deputy or Assistant Commissioner or Superintendent,

within three months from the date on which the said decision or order is communicated to such person.

- (2) An officer directed under sub-section (2) of section 107 to appeal against any decision or order passed under this Act or the State Goods and Services Tax Act or the Union Territory Goods and Services Tax Act may appeal to—
 - (a) the Commissioner (Appeals) where such decision or order is passed by the Additional or Joint Commissioner;
 - (b) the Additional Commissioner (Appeals) where such decision or order is passed by the Deputy or Assistant Commissioner or the Superintendent,

within six months from the date of communication of the said decision or order.]

³[**109B. Notice to person and order of revisional authority in case of revision.**

Sec: 108	Forms: RVN-01, APL-04
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- (1) Where the Revisional Authority decides to pass an order in revision under section 108 which is likely to affect the person adversely, the Revisional Authority shall serve on him a notice in **FORM GST RVN-01** and shall give him a reasonable opportunity of being heard.
- (2) The Revisional Authority shall, along with its order under sub-section (1) of section 108, issue a summary of the order in **FORM GST APL-04** clearly indicating the final amount of demand confirmed.]

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 15.11.2017 vide Notification No. 55/2017-CT, dt. 15.11.2017.

² Subs. w.e.f. 30.10.2018, for the words “the Additional Commissioner (Appeals)” vide Notification No. 60/2018-CT, dt. 30.10.2018.

³ Ins. w.e.f. 31.12.2018 vide Notification No. 74/2018-CT, dt. 31.12.2018.

¹[109C. Withdrawal of Appeal.

Sec: 107	Forms: APL-01, APL-02, APL-03, APL-01/03W
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The appellant may, at any time before issuance of show cause notice under sub-section (11) of section 107 or before issuance of the order under the said sub-section, whichever is earlier, in respect of any appeal filed in FORM GST APL-01 or FORM GST APL-03, file an application for withdrawal of the said appeal by filing an application in FORM GST APL-01/03W:

Provided that where the final acknowledgment in FORM GST APL-02 has been issued, the withdrawal of the said appeal would be subject to the approval of the appellate authority and such application for withdrawal of the appeal shall be decided by the appellate authority within seven days of filing of such application:

Provided further that any fresh appeal filed by the appellant pursuant to such withdrawal shall be filed within the time limit specified in sub-section (1) or sub-section (2) of section 107, as the case may be.]

110. Appeal to the Appellate Tribunal.

Sec: 112	Forms: APL-02, APL-05, APL-06
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- (1) An appeal to the Appellate Tribunal under sub-section (1) of section 112 shall be filed along with the relevant documents either electronically or otherwise as may be notified by the Registrar, in **FORM GST APL-05**, on the common portal and a provisional acknowledgement shall be issued to the appellant immediately.
- (2) A memorandum of cross-objections to the Appellate Tribunal under sub-section (5) of section 112 shall be filed either electronically or otherwise as may be notified by the Registrar, in **FORM GST APL-06**.
- (3) The appeal and the memorandum of cross objections shall be signed in the manner specified in rule 26.
- (4) A certified copy of the decision or order appealed against along with fees as specified in sub-rule (5) shall be submitted to the Registrar within seven days of the filing of the appeal under sub-rule (1) and a final acknowledgement, indicating the appeal number shall be issued thereafter in **FORM GST APL-02** by the Registrar:

Provided that where the certified copy of the decision or order is submitted within seven days from the date of filing the **FORM GST APL-05**, the date of filing of the appeal shall be the date of the issue of the provisional acknowledgement and where the said copy is submitted after seven days, the date of filing of the appeal shall be the date of the submission of such copy.

Explanation.– For the purposes of this rule, the appeal shall be treated as filed only when the final acknowledgement indicating the appeal number is issued.

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 26.12.2022 vide Notification No. 26/2022-CT, dt. 26.12.2022.

- (5) The fees for filing of appeal or restoration of appeal shall be one thousand rupees for every one lakh rupees of tax or input tax credit involved or the difference in tax or input tax credit involved or the amount of fine, fee or penalty determined in the order appealed against, subject to a maximum of twenty five thousand rupees.
- (6) There shall be no fee for application made before the Appellate Tribunal for rectification of errors referred to in sub-section (10) of section 112.

111. Application to the Appellate Tribunal.

<i>Sec: 112</i>	<i>Forms: APL-07</i>
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- (1) An application to the Appellate Tribunal under sub-section (3) of section 112 shall be made electronically or otherwise, in **FORM GST APL-07**, along with the relevant documents on the common portal.
- (2) A certified copy of the decision or order appealed against shall be submitted within seven days of filing the application under sub-rule (1) and an appeal number shall be generated by the Registrar.

112. Production of additional evidence before the Appellate Authority or the Appellate Tribunal.

<i>Sec: 107, 111, 112</i>	<i>Forms: Nil</i>
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- (1) The appellant shall not be allowed to produce before the Appellate Authority or the Appellate Tribunal any evidence, whether oral or documentary, other than the evidence produced by him during the course of the proceedings before the adjudicating authority or, as the case may be, the Appellate Authority except in the following circumstances, namely:-
 - (a) where the adjudicating authority or, as the case may be, the Appellate Authority has refused to admit evidence which ought to have been admitted; or
 - (b) where the appellant was prevented by sufficient cause from producing the evidence which he was called upon to produce by the adjudicating authority or, as the case may be, the Appellate Authority; or
 - (c) where the appellant was prevented by sufficient cause from producing before the adjudicating authority or, as the case may be, the Appellate Authority any evidence which is relevant to any ground of appeal; or
 - (d) where the adjudicating authority or, as the case may be, the Appellate Authority has made the order appealed against without giving sufficient opportunity to the appellant to adduce evidence relevant to any ground of appeal.
- (2) No evidence shall be admitted under sub-rule (1) unless the Appellate Authority or the Appellate Tribunal records in writing the reasons for its admission.
- (3) The Appellate Authority or the Appellate Tribunal shall not take any evidence produced under sub-rule (1) unless the adjudicating authority or an officer authorised in this behalf by the said authority has been allowed a reasonable opportunity -

- (a) to examine the evidence or document or to cross-examine any witness produced by the appellant; or
 - (b) to produce any evidence or any witness in rebuttal of the evidence produced by the appellant under sub-rule (1).
- (4) Nothing contained in this rule shall affect the power of the Appellate Authority or the Appellate Tribunal to direct the production of any document, or the examination of any witness, to enable it to dispose of the appeal.

113. Order of Appellate Authority or Appellate Tribunal.

Sec: 107, 108, 113	Forms: GST APL-04
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- (1) The Appellate Authority shall, along with its order under sub-section (11) of section 107, issue a summary of the order in **FORM GST APL-04** clearly indicating the final amount of demand confirmed.
- (2) The jurisdictional officer shall issue a statement in **FORM GST APL-04** clearly indicating the final amount of demand confirmed by the Appellate Tribunal.

114. Appeal to the High Court.

Sec: 117	Forms: APL-08
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- (1) An appeal to the High Court under sub-section (1) of section 117 shall be filed in **FORM GST APL-08**.
- (2) The grounds of appeal and the form of verification as contained in **FORM GST APL-08** shall be signed in the manner specified in rule 26.

115. Demand confirmed by the Court.

Sec: 117, 118	Forms: APL-04
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The jurisdictional officer shall issue a statement in **FORM GST APL-04** clearly indicating the final amount of demand confirmed by the High Court or, as the case may be, the Supreme Court.

116. Disqualification for misconduct of an authorised representative.

Sec: 116	Forms: Nil
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Where an authorised representative, other than those referred to in clause (b) or clause (c) of sub-section (2) of section 116 is found, upon an enquiry into the matter, guilty of misconduct in connection with any proceedings under the Act, the Commissioner may, after providing him an opportunity of being heard, disqualify him from appearing as an authorised representative.

CHAPTER XIV

TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS

- 117. Tax or duty credit carried forward under any existing law or on goods held in stock on the appointed day.**

Sec: 140	Forms: TRAN-1, TRAN-2, PMT-02
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<p>(1) Every registered person entitled to take credit of input tax under section 140 shall, within ninety days of the appointed day, submit a declaration electronically in FORM GST TRAN-1, duly signed, on the common portal specifying therein, separately, the amount of input tax credit ¹[of eligible duties and taxes, as defined in Explanation 2 to Section 140] to which he is entitled under the provisions of the said section:</p>	<p>Provided that the Commissioner may, on the recommendations of the Council, extend the period of ninety days by a further period not exceeding ninety days.</p>
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<p>Provided further that where the inputs have been received from an Export Oriented Unit or a unit located in Electronic Hardware Technology Park, the credit shall be allowed to the extent as provided in sub- rule (7) of rule 3 of the CENVAT Credit Rules, 2004.</p>	
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<p>²[(1A) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-rule (1), the Commissioner may, on the recommendations of the Council, extend the date for submitting the declaration electronically in FORM GST TRAN-1 by a further period not beyond ³[31st March, 2020], in respect of registered persons who could not submit the said declaration by the due date on account of technical difficulties on the common portal and in respect of whom the Council has made a recommendation for such extension.]</p>	
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<p>(2) Every declaration under sub-rule (1) shall-</p>	
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<p>(a) in the case of a claim under sub-section (2) of section 140, specify separately the following particulars in respect of every item of capital goods as on the appointed day-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) the amount of tax or duty availed or utilized by way of input tax credit under each of the existing laws till the appointed day; and (ii) the amount of tax or duty yet to be availed or utilized by way of input tax credit under each of the existing laws till the appointed day; 	
<p>(b) in the case of a claim under sub-section (3) or clause (b) of sub-section (4) or sub-section (6) or sub-section (8) of section 140, specify separately the details of stock held on the appointed day;</p>	

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 01.07.2017 vide Notification No. 15/2017-CT, dt. 01.07.2017.

² Ins. w.e.f. 10.09.2018 vide Notification No. 48/2018-CT, dt. 10.09.2018.

³ Subs. w.e.f. 31.12.2019, for the figures, letters and word “31st December, 2019” vide CGST (Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 02/2020-CT, dt. 01.01.2020. Formerly subs. w.e.f. 09.10.2019, for the figures, letters and word “31st March, 2019” vide CGST (VI Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 49/2019-CT, dt. 09.10.2019.

- (c) in the case of a claim under sub-section (5) of section 140, furnish the following details, namely:—
- (i) the name of the supplier, serial number and date of issue of the invoice by the supplier or any document on the basis of which credit of input tax was admissible under the existing law;
 - (ii) the description and value of the goods or services;
 - (iii) the quantity in case of goods and the unit or unit quantity code thereof;
 - (iv) the amount of eligible taxes and duties or, as the case may be, the value added tax [or entry tax] charged by the supplier in respect of the goods or services; and
 - (v) the date on which the receipt of goods or services is entered in the books of account of the recipient.
- (3) The amount of credit specified in the application in **FORM GST TRAN-1** shall be credited to the electronic credit ledger of the applicant maintained in **FORM GST PMT-2** on the common portal.
- (4) (a) (i) A registered person who was not registered under the existing law shall, in accordance with the proviso to sub-section (3) of section 140, be allowed to avail of input tax credit on goods (on which the duty of central excise or, as the case may be, additional duties of customs under sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Customs Tariff Act, 1975, is leviable) held in stock on the appointed day in respect of which he is not in possession of any document evidencing payment of central excise duty.
- (ii) The input tax credit referred to in sub-clause (i) shall be allowed at the rate of sixty per cent. on such goods which attract central tax at the rate of nine per cent. or more and forty per cent. for other goods of the central tax applicable on supply of such goods after the appointed date and shall be credited after the central tax payable on such supply has been paid:
- Provided that where integrated tax is paid on such goods, the amount of credit shall be allowed at the rate of thirty per cent. and twenty per cent. respectively of the said tax;
- (iii) The scheme shall be available for six tax periods from the appointed date.
- (b) The credit of central tax shall be availed subject to satisfying the following conditions, namely:-
- (i) such goods were not unconditionally exempt from the whole of the duty of excise specified in the First Schedule to the Central Excise Tariff Act, 1985 or were not nil rated in the said Schedule;
 - (ii) the document for procurement of such goods is available with the registered person;

- ¹[(iii) the registered person availing of this scheme and having furnished the details of stock held by him in accordance with the provisions of clause (b) of sub-rule (2), submits a statement in **FORM GST TRAN 2** at the end of each of the six tax periods during which the scheme is in operation indicating therein, the details of supplies of such goods effected during the tax period];
- ²[Provided that the registered persons filing the declaration in **FORM GST TRAN-1** in accordance with sub- rule (1A), may submit the statement in **FORM GST TRAN-2** by ³{30th April, 2020}.]
- (iv) the amount of credit allowed shall be credited to the electronic credit ledger of the applicant maintained in **FORM GST PMT-2** on the common portal; and
 - (v) the stock of goods on which the credit is availed is so stored that it can be easily identified by the registered person.

118. Declaration to be made under clause (c) of sub-section (11) of section 142.

Sec: 142(11)(c)	Forms: TRAN-1
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Every person to whom the provision of clause (c) of sub-section (11) of section 142 applies, shall within ⁴[the period specified in rule 117 or such further period as extended by the Commissioner], submit a declaration electronically in **FORM GST TRAN-1** furnishing the proportion of supply on which Value Added Tax or service tax has been paid before the appointed day but the supply is made after the appointed day, and the Input Tax Credit admissible thereon.

119. Declaration of stock held by a principal and ⁵[job-worker].

Sec: 141	Forms: TRAN-1
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Every person to whom the provisions of section 141 apply shall, within ⁶[the period specified in rule 117 or such further period as extended by the Commissioner], submit a declaration electronically in **FORM GST TRAN-1**, specifying therein, the stock of the inputs, semi-finished goods or finished goods, as applicable, held by him on the appointed day.

¹ Subs. for “the registered person availing of this scheme and having furnished the details of stock held by him in accordance with the provisions of clause (b) of sub-rule (2), submits a statement in **FORM GST TRAN 2** at the end of each of the six tax periods during which the scheme is in operation indicating therein, the details of supplies of such goods effected during the tax period” vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2018; Notification No. 12/2018-CT, dt. 07.03.2018.

² Ins. w.e.f. 10.09.2018 vide Notification No. 48/2018-CT, dt. 10.09.2018.

³ Subs. w.e.f. 01.01.2020, for the figures, letters and word “31st January, 2020” vide CGST (Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 02/2020-CT, dt. 01.01.2020. Formerly as subs. w.e.f. 09.10.2019, for the figures, letters and word “30th April, 2019” vide CGST (VI Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 49/2019-CT, dt. 09.10.2019.

⁴ Subs. for “a period of ninety days of the appointed day” vide Notification No. 36/2017-CT, dt. 29.09.2017.

⁵ Subs. w.e.f. 01.07.2017, for the word “agent” vide Notification No. 15/2017-CT, dt. 01.07.2017.

⁶ Subs. for “ninety days of the appointed day” vide Notification No. 36/2017-CT, dt. 29.09.2017.

120. Details of goods sent on approval basis.***Sec: 142(12)******Forms: TRAN-1***

Every person having sent goods on approval under the existing law and to whom sub-section (12) of section 142 applies shall, within ¹[the period specified in rule 117 or such further period as extended by the Commissioner], submit details of such goods sent on approval in **FORM GST TRAN-1**.

²[**120A.** ³{Revision of declaration in Form GST TRAN-1.}]

Sec: 140, 141***Forms: TRAN-1***

Every registered person who has submitted a declaration electronically in **FORM GST TRAN-1** within the time period specified in rule 117, rule 118, rule 119 and rule 120 may revise such declaration once and submit the revised declaration in **FORM GST TRAN-1** electronically on the common portal within the time period specified in the said rules or such further period as may be extended by the Commissioner in this behalf.]

121. Recovery of credit wrongly availed.***Sec: 140******Forms: Nil***

The amount credited under sub-rule (3) of rule 117 may be verified and proceedings under section 73 or, as the case may be, section 74 shall be initiated in respect of any credit wrongly availed, whether wholly or partly.

¹ Subs. for “ninety days of the appointed day” vide Notification No. 36/2017-CT, dt. 29.09.2017.

² Ins. w.e.f. 15.09.2017 vide Notification No. 34/2017-CT, dt. 15.09.2017.

³ Marginal heading for rule 120A ins. vide Notification No. 36/2017-CT, dt. 29.09.2017.

CHAPTER XV

ANTI-PROFITEERING

¹[122. ***]

123. Constitution of the Standing Committee and Screening Committees.

<i>Sec: 171</i>	<i>Forms: Nil</i>
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- (1) The Council may constitute a Standing Committee on Anti-profiteering which shall consist of such officers of the State Government and Central Government as may be nominated by it.
- (2) A State level Screening Committee shall be constituted in each State by the State Governments which shall consist of-
 - (a) one officer of the State Government, to be nominated by the Commissioner, and
 - (b) one officer of the Central Government, to be nominated by the Chief Commissioner.

¹ *Omttd. w.e.f. 01.12.2022 vide Notification No. 24/2022-CT, dt. 23.11.2022. Earlier read as :*

“122. Constitution of the Authority.

The Authority shall consist of,-

- (a) a Chairman who holds or has held a post equivalent in rank to a Secretary to the Government of India; and
- (b) four Technical Members who are or have been Commissioners of State tax or central tax ^{*1}[for at least one year] or have held an equivalent post under the existing law, to be nominated by the Council.”.

^{*1} Earlier ins. w.e.f. 15.09.2017 vide Notification No. 34/2017-CT, dt. 15.09.2017.

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Central Goods and Services Tax Rules, 2017 as on 01 July 2024

¹[124. ***]

²[125. ***]

¹ *Omt*d. w.e.f. 01.12.2022 vide Notification No. 24/2022-CT, dt. 23.11.2022. Earlier read as :

"124. Appointment, salary, allowances and other terms and conditions of service of the Chairman and Members of the Authority.

- (1) The Chairman and Members of the Authority shall be appointed by the Central Government on the recommendations of a Selection Committee to be constituted for the purpose by the Council.
- (2) The Chairman shall be paid a monthly salary of Rs. 2,25,000 (fixed) and other allowances and benefits as are admissible to a Central Government officer holding posts carrying the same pay:
Provided that where a retired officer is selected as a Chairman, he shall be paid a monthly salary of Rs. 2,25,000 reduced by the amount of pension.
- *1[(3) The Technical Member shall be paid a monthly salary and other allowances and benefits as are admissible to him when holding an equivalent Group 'A' post in the Government of India:
Provided that where a retired officer is selected as a Technical Member, he shall be paid a monthly salary equal to his last drawn salary reduced by the amount of pension in accordance with the recommendations of the Seventh Pay Commission, as accepted by the Central Government.]
- (4) The Chairman shall hold office for a term of two years from the date on which he enters upon his office, or until he attains the age of sixty-five years, whichever is earlier and shall be eligible for reappointment:
Provided that *2[a] person shall not be selected as the Chairman, if he has attained the age of sixty-two years.
*3[Provided further that the Central Government with the approval of the Chairperson of the Council may terminate the appointment of the Chairman at any time.]
- (5) The Technical Member of the Authority shall hold office for a term of two years from the date on which he enters upon his office, or until he attains the age of sixty-five years, whichever is earlier and shall be eligible for reappointment:
Provided that *4[a] person shall not be selected as a Technical Member if he has attained the age of sixty-two years.
*5[Provided further that the Central Government with the approval of the Chairperson of the Council may terminate the appointment of the Technical Member at any time.]

*1 Subs. w.e.f. 15.09.2017 vide Notification No. 34/2017-CT, dt. 15.09.2017. Formerly rule 124(3) read:

"The Technical Member shall be paid a monthly salary of Rs. 2,05,400 (fixed) and shall be entitled to draw allowances as are admissible to a Government of India officer holding Group 'A' post carrying the same pay:

Provided that where a retired officer is selected as a Technical Member, he shall be paid a monthly salary of Rs. 2,05,400 reduced by the amount of pension."

*2 Ins. w.e.f. 23.03.2018 vide CGST (III Amendment) Rules, 2018; Notification No. 14/2018-CT, dt. 23.03.2018.

*3 Subs. w.e.f. 15.11.2017 vide Notification No. 55/2017-CT, dt. 15.11.2017. Formerly as ins. w.e.f. 15.09.2017 vide Notification No. 34/2017-CT, dt. 15.09.2017, it read:

"Provided further that upon the recommendations of the Council and subject to an opportunity of being heard, the Central Government may terminate the appointment of the Chairman at any time."

*4 Ins. w.e.f. 23.03.2018 vide CGST (III Amendment) Rules, 2018; Notification No. 14/2018-CT, dt. 23.03.2018.

*5 Subs. w.e.f. 15.11.2017 vide Notification No. 55/2017-CT, dt. 15.11.2017. Formerly as ins. w.e.f. 15.09.2017 vide Notification No. 34/2017-CT, dt. 15.09.2017, it read:

"Provided further that upon the recommendations of the Council and subject to an opportunity of being heard, the Central Government may terminate the appointment of a Technical Member at any time."

² *Omt*d. w.e.f. 01.12.2022 vide Notification No. 24/2022-CT, dt. 23.11.2022. Earlier read as :

"125. Secretary to the Authority.

"*1[An officer not below the rank of Additional Commissioner (working in the *2[Directorate General of Anti- profiteering]) shall be the Secretary to the Authority.]"

*1 Subs. w.e.f. 23.03.2018, for the words "The Additional Director General of Safeguards under the Board shall be the Secretary to the Authority." vide CGST (III Amendment) Rules, 2018; Notification No. 14/2018-CT, dt. 23.03.2018.

*2 Subs. w.e.f. 12.06.2018 for the words "Directorate General of Safeguards", vide Notification No. 29/2018-CT, dt. 06.07.2018.

126. Power to determine the methodology and procedure.

Sec: 171	Forms: Nil
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The Authority may determine the methodology and procedure for determination as to whether the reduction in the rate of tax on the supply of goods or services or the benefit of input tax credit has been passed on by the registered person to the recipient by way of commensurate reduction in prices.

127. ¹[Functions] of the Authority.

Sec: 171	Forms: Nil
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²[The authority shall discharge the following functions, namely:—]

- (i) to determine whether any reduction in the rate of tax on any supply of goods or services or the benefit of input tax credit has been passed on to the recipient by way of commensurate reduction in prices;
- (ii) to identify the registered person who has not passed on the benefit of reduction in the rate of tax on supply of goods or services or the benefit of input tax credit to the recipient by way of commensurate reduction in prices;
- (iii) to order,
 - (a) reduction in prices;
 - (b) return to the recipient, an amount equivalent to the amount not passed on by way of commensurate reduction in prices along with interest at the rate of eighteen per cent. from the date of collection of the higher amount till the date of the return of such amount or recovery of the amount not returned, as the case may be, in case the eligible person does not claim return of the amount or is not identifiable, and depositing the same in the Fund referred to in section 57;
 - (c) imposition of penalty as specified in the Act; and
 - (d) cancellation of registration under the Act.
- ³(iv) to furnish a performance report to the Council by the tenth ⁴[day] of the close of each quarter.]

128. Examination of application by the Standing Committee and Screening Committee.

Sec: 171	Forms: Nil
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- (1) The Standing Committee shall, within a period of two months from the date of the receipt of a written application, ⁵[or within such extended period not exceeding a further

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.12.2022, for the word “Duties” vide Notification No. 24/2022-CT, dt. 23.11.2022.

² Subs. w.e.f. 01.12.2022, for the words “It shall be the duty of the Authority,-” vide Notification No. 24/2022-CT, dt. 23.11.2022.

³ Ins. w.e.f. 15.09.2017 vide Notification No. 34/2017-CT, dt. 15.09.2017.

⁴ Ins. w.e.f. 23.03.2018 vide CGST (III Amendment) Rules, 2018; Notification No. 14/2018-CT, dt. 23.03.2018.

⁵ Ins. w.e.f. 28.06.2019 vide CGST (IV Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 31/2019-CT, dt. 28.06.2019.

period of one month for reasons to be recorded in writing as may be allowed by the Authority], in such form and manner as may be specified by it, from an interested party or from a Commissioner or any other person, examine the accuracy and adequacy of the evidence provided in the application to determine whether there is *prima-facie* evidence to support the claim of the applicant that the benefit of reduction in the rate of tax on any supply of goods or services or the benefit of input tax credit has not been passed on to the recipient by way of commensurate reduction in prices.

- (2) All applications from interested parties on issues of local nature, ¹[or those forwarded by the Standing Committee] shall first be examined by the State level Screening Committee and the Screening Committee shall, ²[within two months from the date of receipt of a written application, or within such extended period not exceeding a further period of one month for reasons to be recorded in writing as may be allowed by the Authority], upon being satisfied that the supplier has contravened the provisions of section 171, forward the application with its recommendations to the Standing Committee for further action.

129. Initiation and conduct of proceedings.

Sec: 171	Forms: Nil
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- (1) Where the Standing Committee is satisfied that there is a *prima- facie* evidence to show that the supplier has not passed on the benefit of reduction in the rate of tax on the supply of goods or services or the benefit of input tax credit to the recipient by way of commensurate reduction in prices, it shall refer the matter to the ³[Directorate General of Anti- profiteering] for a detailed investigation.
- (2) The ⁴[Directorate General of Anti- profiteering] shall conduct investigation and collect evidence necessary to determine whether the benefit of reduction in the rate of tax on any supply of goods or services or the benefit of input tax credit has been passed on to the recipient by way of commensurate reduction in prices.
- (3) The ⁵[Directorate General of Anti- profiteering] shall, before initiation of the investigation, issue a notice to the interested parties containing, *inter alia*, information on the following, namely:-
- (a) the description of the goods or services in respect of which the proceedings have been initiated;
 - (b) summary of the statement of facts on which the allegations are based; and
 - (c) the time limit allowed to the interested parties and other persons who may have information related to the proceedings for furnishing their reply.

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 28.06.2019 vide CGST (IV Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 31/2019-CT, dt. 28.06.2019.

² Ins. w.e.f. 28.06.2019 vide CGST (IV Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 31/2019-CT, dt. 28.06.2019.

³ Subs. w.e.f. 12.06.2018, for the words “Directorate General of Safeguards”, vide Notification No. 29/2018-CT, dt. 06.07.2018.

⁴ Subs .w.e.f. 12.06.2018, for the words “Directorate General of Safeguards”, vide Notification No. 29/2018-CT, dt. 06.07.2018.

⁵ Subs. w.e.f. 12.06.2018, for the words “Directorate General of Safeguards”, vide Notification No. 29/2018-CT, dt. 06.07.2018.

- (4) The ¹[Directorate General of Anti-profiteering] may also issue notices to such other persons as deemed fit for a fair enquiry into the matter.
- (5) The ²[Directorate General of Anti-profiteering] shall make available the evidence presented to it by one interested party to the other interested parties, participating in the proceedings.
- (6) The ³[Directorate General of Anti- profiteering] shall complete the investigation within a period of ⁴{six} months of the receipt of the reference from the Standing Committee or within such extended period not exceeding a further period of three months for reasons to be recorded in writing ⁵[as may be allowed by the Authority] and, upon completion of the investigation, furnish to the Authority, a report of its findings along with the relevant records.

130. Confidentiality of information.

Sec: 171	Forms: Nil
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- (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-rules (3) and (5) of rule 129 and sub-rule (2) of rule 133, the provisions of section 11 of the Right to Information Act, 2005 (22 of 2005), shall apply *mutatis mutandis* to the disclosure of any information which is provided on a confidential basis.
- (2) The ⁶[Directorate General of Anti-profiteering] may require the parties providing information on confidential basis to furnish non-confidential summary thereof and if, in the opinion of the party providing such information, the said information cannot be summarised, such party may submit to the ⁷[Directorate General of Anti-profiteering] a statement of reasons as to why summarisation is not possible.

131. Cooperation with other agencies or statutory authorities.

Sec: 171	Forms: Nil
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Where the ⁸[Directorate General of Anti-profiteering] deems fit, he may seek opinion of any other agency or statutory authorities in the discharge of his duties.

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 12.06.2018, for the words “Directorate General of Safeguards”, vide Notification No. 29/2018-CT, dt. 06.07.2018.

² Subs. w.e.f. 12.06.2018, for the words “Directorate General of Safeguards”, vide Notification No. 29/2018-CT, dt. 06.07.2018.

³ Subs. w.e.f. 12.06.2018, for the words “Directorate General of Safeguards”, vide Notification No. 29/2018-CT, dt. 06.07.2018.

⁴ Sub. w.e.f. 28.06.2019, for the word “three”, vide CGST (IV Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 31/2019-CT, dt. 28.06.2019.

⁵ Subs. w.e.f. 23.03.2018, for the words “as allowed by the Standing Committee” vide CGST (III Amendment) Rules, 2018; Notification No. 14/2018-CT, dt. 23.03.2018.

⁶ Subs. w.e.f. 12.06.2018, for the words “Directorate General of Safeguards”, vide Notification No. 29/2018-CT, dt. 06.07.2018.

⁷ Subs. w.e.f. 12.06.2018, for the words “Directorate General of Safeguards”, vide Notification No. 29/2018-CT, dt. 06.07.2018.

⁸ Subs. w.e.f. 12.06.2018, for the words “Directorate General of Safeguards”, vide Notification No. 29/2018-CT, dt. 06.07.2018.

132. Power to summon persons to give evidence and produce documents.

Sec: 171	Forms: Nil
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- (1) The ¹[Authority,] ²{Directorate General of Anti-profiteering}, or an officer authorised by him in this behalf, shall be deemed to be the proper officer to exercise the power to summon any person whose attendance he considers necessary either to give evidence or to produce a document or any other thing under section 70 and shall have power in any inquiry in the same manner, as provided in the case of a civil court under the provisions of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (5 of 1908).
- (2) Every such inquiry referred to in sub-rule (1) shall be deemed to be a judicial proceedings within the meaning of sections 193 and 228 of the Indian Penal Code (45 of 1860).

133. Order of the Authority.

Sec: 171	Forms: Nil
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- (1) The Authority shall, within a period of ³[six] months from the date of the receipt of the report from the ⁴{Directorate General of Anti-profiteering} determine whether a registered person has passed on the benefit of the reduction in the rate of tax on the supply of goods or services or the benefit of input tax credit to the recipient by way of commensurate reduction in prices.
- (2) An opportunity of hearing shall be granted to the interested parties by the Authority where any request is received in writing from such interested parties.
- ⁵[(2A) The Authority may seek the clarification, if any, from the Director General of Anti Profiteering on the report submitted under sub-rule (6) of rule 129 during the process of determination under sub-rule (1).]

¹ *Ins. w.e.f. 28.06.2019, vide CGST (IV Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 31/2019-CT, dt. 28.06.2019.*

² *Subs. w.e.f. 12.06.2018, for the words “Directorate General of Safeguards”, vide Notification No. 29/2018-CT, dt. 06.07.2018.*

³ *Sub. w.e.f. 28.06.2019, for the word “three”, vide CGST (IV Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 31/2019-CT, dt. 28.06.2019.*

⁴ *Subs. w.e.f. 12.06.2018, for the words “Directorate General of Safeguards”, vide Notification No. 29/2018-CT, dt. 06.07.2018.*

⁵ *Ins. w.e.f. 28.06.2019 vide CGST (IV Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 31/2019-CT, dt. 28.06.2019.*

- ¹[(3) Where the Authority determines that a registered person has not passed on the benefit of the reduction in the rate of tax on the supply of goods or services or the benefit of input tax credit to the recipient by way of commensurate reduction in prices, the Authority may order-
- (a) reduction in prices;
 - (b) return to the recipient, an amount equivalent to the amount not passed on by way of commensurate reduction in prices along with interest at the rate of eighteen per cent. from the date of collection of the higher amount till the date of the return of such amount or recovery of the amount including interest not returned, as the case may be;
 - (c) the deposit of an amount equivalent to fifty per cent. of the amount determined under the above clause ²[along with interest at the rate of eighteen per cent. from the date of collection of the higher amount till the date of deposit of such amount] in the Fund constituted under section 57 and the remaining fifty per cent. of the amount in the Fund constituted under section 57 of the Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 of the concerned State, where the eligible person does not claim return of the amount or is not identifiable;
 - (d) imposition of penalty as specified under the Act; and
 - (e) cancellation of registration under the Act.

Explanation: For the purpose of this sub-rule, the expression, “concerned State” means the State ³{or Union Territory} in respect of which the Authority passes an order.]

- ⁴[(4) If the report of the ⁵{Directorate General of Anti-profiteering} referred to in sub-rule (6) of rule 129 recommends that there is contravention or even non-contravention of the provisions of section 171 or these rules, but the Authority is of the opinion that further investigation or inquiry is called for in the matter, it may, for reasons to be recorded in

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 13.06.2018 vide Notification No. 26/2018-CT, dt. 13.06.2018. Formerly, it read as :

“(3) Where the Authority determines that a registered person has not passed on the benefit of the reduction in the rate of tax on the supply of goods or services or the benefit of input tax credit to the recipient by way of commensurate reduction in prices, the Authority may order-

- (a) reduction in prices;
- (b) return to the recipient, an amount equivalent to the amount not passed on by way of commensurate reduction in prices along with interest at the rate of eighteen per cent. from the date of collection of the higher amount till the date of the return of such amount or recovery of the amount including interest not returned, as the case may be, in case the eligible person does not claim return of the amount or is not identifiable, and depositing the same in the Fund referred to in section 57;
- (c) imposition of penalty as specified under the Act; and
- (d) cancellation of registration under the Act.”.

² Ins. w.e.f. 28.06.2019 vide CGST (IV Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 31/2019-CT, dt. 28.06.2019.

³ Ins. w.e.f. 28.06.2019 vide CGST (IV Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 31/2019-CT, dt. 28.06.2019.

⁴ Ins. w.e.f. 23.03.2018 vide CGST (III Amendment) Rules, 2018; Notification No. 14/2018-CT, dt. 23.03.2018.

⁵ Subs. w.e.f. 12.06.2018 for the words “Directorate General of Safeguards”, vide Notification No. 29/2018-CT, dt. 06.07.2018.

writing, refer the matter to the ¹{Directorate General of Anti-profiteering} to cause further investigation or inquiry in accordance with the provisions of the Act and these rules.]

- ²[5](a) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-rule (4), where upon receipt of the report of the Director General of Anti-profiteering referred to in sub-rule (6) of rule 129, the Authority has reasons to believe that there has been contravention of the provisions of section 171 in respect of goods or services or both other than those covered in the said report, it may, for reasons to be recorded in writing, within the time limit specified in sub-rule (1), direct the Director General of Anti-profiteering to cause investigation or inquiry with regard to such other goods or services or both, in accordance with the provisions of the Act and these rules.
- (b) The investigation or enquiry under clause (a) shall be deemed to be a new investigation or enquiry and all the provisions of rule 129 shall mutatis mutandis apply to such investigation or enquiry.]

³[134. ***]

135. Compliance by the registered person.

Sec: 171

Forms: Nil

Any order passed by the Authority under these rules shall be immediately complied with by the registered person failing which action shall be initiated to recover the amount in accordance with the provisions of the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act or the Central Goods and Services Tax Act or the Union territory Goods and Services Tax Act or the State Goods and Services Tax Act of the respective States, as the case may be.

136. Monitoring of the order.

Sec: 171

Forms: Nil

The Authority may require any authority of central tax, State tax or Union territory tax to monitor the implementation of the order passed by it.

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 12.06.2018 for the words “Directorate General of Safeguards”, vide Notification No. 29/2018-CT, dt. 06.07.2018.

² Ins. w.e.f. 28.06.2019 vide CGST (IV Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 31/2019-CT, dt. 28.06.2019.

³ Omtd. w.e.f. 01.12.2022 vide Notification No. 24/2022-CT, dt. 23.11.2022. Earlier read as :

“*¹[134. Decision to be taken by the majority.-

- (1) A minimum of three members of the Authority shall constitute quorum at its meetings.
- (2) If the Members of the Authority differ in their opinion on any point, the point shall be decided according to the opinion of the majority of the members present and voting, and in the event of equality of votes, the Chairman shall have the second or casting vote.]”

*¹ Subs. w.e.f. 23.03.2018, for the words “If the Members of the Authority differ in opinion on any point, the point shall be decided according to the opinion of the majority.” vide CGST (III Amendment) Rules, 2018; Notification No. 14/2018-CT, dt. 23.03.2018.

¹[137. ***]

Explanation.-For the purposes of this Chapter,

- ²[(a) “Authority” means the Authority notified under sub-section (2) of section 171 of the Act;]
- (b) “Committee” means the Standing Committee on Anti-profiteering constituted by the Council in terms of sub-rule (1) of rule 123 of these rules;
- (c) “interested party” includes-
 - (a) suppliers of goods or services under the proceedings; and
 - (b) recipients of goods or services under the proceedings;
 - ³[(c) any other person alleging, under sub-rule (1) of rule 128, that a registered person has not passed on the benefit of reduction in the rate of tax on any supply of goods or services or the benefit of input tax credit to the recipient by way of commensurate reduction in prices.]
- (d) “Screening Committee” means the State level Screening Committee constituted in terms of sub-rule (2) of rule 123 of these rules.

¹ *Omtd.* w.e.f. 01.12.2022 vide Notification No. 24/2022-CT, dt. 23.11.2022. Earlier read as :

“137. Tenure of Authority.

The Authority shall cease to exist after the expiry of ^{*1}[five years] from the date on which the Chairman enters upon his office unless the Council recommends otherwise.

^{*1} *Subs.* w.e.f. 30.11.2021, for the words “four years” vide CGST (IX Amendment) Rules, 2021; Notification No. 37/2021-CT, dt. 01.12.2021. Earlier *subs.* w.e.f. 18.07.2019, for the words “two years” vide CGST (V Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 33/2019-CT, dt. 18.07.2019.

² *Subs.* w.e.f. 01.12.2022 vide Notification No. 24/2022-CT, dt. 23.11.2022. Earlier read as :

“(a) “Authority” means the National Anti-profiteering Authority constituted under rule 122;”.

³ *Ins.* w.e.f. 23.03.2018 vide CGST (III Amendment) Rules, 2018; Notification No. 14/2018-CT, dt. 23.03.2018.

CHAPTER XVI

E-WAY RULES

¹[138. Information to be furnished prior to commencement of movement of goods and generation of e-way bill.

Sec: 68	Forms: EWB-01, EWB-02, GSTR-1
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(1) Every registered person who causes movement of goods of consignment value exceeding fifty thousand rupees—

- (i) in relation to a supply; or
- (ii) for reasons other than supply; or
- (iii) due to inward supply from an unregistered person,

shall, before commencement of such movement, furnish information relating to the said goods as specified in **Part A** of **FORM GST EWB-01**, electronically, on the common portal along with such other information as may be required on the common portal and a unique number will be generated on the said portal:

Provided that the transporter, on an authorization received from the registered person, may furnish information in **Part A** of **FORM GST EWB-01**, electronically, on the common portal along with such other information as may be required on the common portal and a unique number will be generated on the said portal:

Provided further that where the goods to be transported are supplied through an e-commerce operator or a courier agency, on an authorization received from the consignor, the information in **Part A** of **FORM GST EWB-01** may be furnished by such e-commerce operator or courier agency and a unique number will be generated on the said portal:

Provided also that where goods are sent by a principal located in one State or Union Territory to a job worker located in any other State or Union Territory, the e-way bill shall be generated either by the principal or the job worker, if registered, irrespective of the value of the consignment:

Provided also that where handicraft goods are transported from one State or Union Territory to another State or Union Territory by a person who has been exempted from the requirement of obtaining registration under clauses (i) and (ii) of section 24, the e-way bill shall be generated by the said person irrespective of the value of the consignment.

¹ Subs. vide Notification No. 3/2018-CT, dt. 23.01.2018 and then vide Notification No. 12/2018-CT, dt. 07.03.2018 before coming this rule into force. All sub-rules except sub-rule (7) came into force w.e.f. 1.04.2018 vide Notification No. 15/2018-CT, dt. 23.03.2018.

¹[*Explanation 1.*— For the purposes of this rule, the expression “handicraft goods” has the meaning as assigned to it in the Government of India, Ministry of Finance, notification No. 56/2018-Central Tax, dated the 23rd October, 2018, published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i), vide number G.S.R 1056 (E), dated the 23rd October, 2018 as amended from time to time.]

Explanation 2.— For the purposes of this rule, the consignment value of goods shall be the value, determined in accordance with the provisions of section 15, declared in an invoice, a bill of supply or a delivery challan, as the case may be, issued in respect of the said consignment and also includes the central tax, State or Union Territory tax, integrated tax and cess charged, if any, in the document and shall exclude the value of exempt supply of goods where the invoice is issued in respect of both exempt and taxable supply of goods.

- (2) Where the goods are transported by the registered person as a consignor or the recipient of supply as the consignee, whether in his own conveyance or a hired one or a public conveyance, by road, the said person shall generate the e-way bill in **FORM GST EWB-01** electronically on the common portal after furnishing information in **Part B** of **FORM GST EWB-01**.
- (2A) Where the goods are transported by railways or by air or vessel, the e-way bill shall be generated by the registered person, being the supplier or the recipient, who shall, either before or after the commencement of movement, furnish, on the common portal, the information in **Part B** of **FORM GST EWB-01**:

Provided that where the goods are transported by railways, the railways shall not deliver the goods unless the e-way bill required under these rules is produced at the time of delivery.

- (3) Where the e-way bill is not generated under sub-rule (2) and the goods are handed over to a transporter for transportation by road, the registered person shall furnish the information relating to the transporter on the common portal and the e-way bill shall be generated by the transporter on the said portal on the basis of the information furnished by the registered person in **Part A** of **FORM GST EWB-01**:

Provided that the registered person or, the transporter may, at his option, generate and carry the e-way bill even if the value of the consignment is less than fifty thousand rupees:

Provided further that where the movement is caused by an unregistered person either in his own conveyance or a hired one or through a transporter, he or the transporter may, at their option, generate the e-way bill in **FORM GST EWB-01** on the common portal in the manner specified in this rule:

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 31.12.2018 vide Notification No. 74/2018-CT, dt. 31.12.2018. Formerly it read as :

“*Explanation 1.*— For the purposes of this rule, the expression “handicraft goods” has the meaning as assigned to it in the Government of India, Ministry of Finance, notification No. 32/2017-Central Tax dated the 15th September, 2017 published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i), vide number G.S.R 1158 (E) dated the 15th September, 2017 as amended from time to time.”.

Provided also that where the goods are transported for a distance of upto fifty kilometers within the State or Union Territory from the place of business of the consignor to the place of business of the transporter for further transportation, the supplier or the recipient, or as the case may be, the transporter may not furnish the details of conveyance in **Part B of FORM GST EWB-01**.

Explanation 1.— For the purposes of this sub-rule, where the goods are supplied by an unregistered supplier to a recipient who is registered, the movement shall be said to be caused by such recipient if the recipient is known at the time of commencement of the movement of goods.

Explanation 2.—The e-way bill shall not be valid for movement of goods by road unless the information in **Part- B of FORM GST EWB-01** has been furnished except in the case of movements covered under the third proviso to sub- rule (3) and the proviso to sub-rule (5).

- (4) Upon generation of the e-way bill on the common portal, a unique e-way bill number (EBN) shall be made available to the supplier, the recipient and the transporter on the common portal.
- (5) Where the goods are transferred from one conveyance to another, the consignor or the recipient, who has provided information in **Part A of the FORM GST EWB-01**, or the transporter shall, before such transfer and further movement of goods, update the details of conveyance in the e-way bill on the common portal in **Part B of FORM GST EWB-01**:

Provided that where the goods are transported for a distance of upto fifty kilometers within the State or Union Territory from the place of business of the transporter finally to the place of business of the consignee, the details of the conveyance may not be updated in the e-way bill.

- (5A) The consignor or the recipient, who has furnished the information in **Part A of FORM GST EWB-01**, or the transporter, may assign the e-way bill number to another registered or enrolled transporter for updating the information in **Part B of FORM GST EWB-01** for further movement of the consignment:

Provided that after the details of the conveyance have been updated by the transporter in **Part B of FORM GST EWB-01**, the consignor or recipient, as the case may be, who has furnished the information in **Part A of FORM GST EWB-01** shall not be allowed to assign the e-way bill number to another transporter.

- (6) After e-way bill has been generated in accordance with the provisions of sub-rule (1), where multiple consignments are intended to be transported in one conveyance, the transporter may indicate the serial number of e-way bills generated in respect of each such consignment electronically on the common portal and a consolidated e-way bill in **FORM GST EWB-02** maybe generated by him on the said common portal prior to the movement of goods.

- (7) Where the consignor or the consignee has not generated the e-way bill in **FORM GST EWB-01** and the aggregate of the consignment value of goods carried in the conveyance is more than fifty thousand rupees, the transporter, except in case of transportation of goods by railways, air and vessel, shall, in respect of inter-State supply, generate the e-way bill in **FORM GST EWB-01** on the basis of invoice or bill of supply or delivery challan, as the case may be, and may also generate a consolidated e-way bill in **FORM GST EWB-02** on the common portal prior to the movement of goods:

Provided that where the goods to be transported are supplied through an e-commerce operator or a courier agency, the information in **Part A of FORM GST EWB-01** may be furnished by such e-commerce operator or courier agency.

- (8) The information furnished in **Part A of FORM GST EWB-01** shall be made available to the registered supplier on the common portal who may utilize the same for furnishing the details in **FORM GSTR-1**:

Provided that when the information has been furnished by an unregistered supplier or an unregistered recipient in **FORM GST EWB-01**, he shall be informed electronically, if the mobile number or the e-mail is available.

- (9) Where an e-way bill has been generated under this rule, but goods are either not transported or are not transported as per the details furnished in the e-way bill, the e-way bill may be cancelled electronically on the common portal within twenty four hours of generation of the e-way bill:

Provided that an e-way bill cannot be cancelled if it has been verified in transit in accordance with the provisions of rule 138B:

Provided further that the unique number generated under sub-rule (1) shall be valid for a period of fifteen days for updation of **Part B of FORM GST EWB-01**.

- (10) An e-way bill or a consolidated e-way bill generated under this rule shall be valid for the period as mentioned in column (3) of the Table below from the relevant date, for the distance, within the country, the goods have to be transported, as mentioned in column (2) of the said Table:-

Sl. No.	Distance	Validity period
(1)	(2)	(3)
1.	Upto ¹ [200 km.]	One day in cases other than Over Dimensional Cargo ² [or multimodal shipment in which at least one leg involves transport by ship]

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.01.2021, for the figures and letters “100 km.” vide CGST (XIV Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 94/2020-CT, dt. 22.12.2020.

² Ins. w.e.f. 28.06.2019 vide CGST (IV Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 31/2019-CT, dt. 28.06.2019.

Sl. No.	Distance	Validity period
(1)	(2)	(3)
2.	For every ¹ [200 km.] or part thereof thereafter	One additional day in cases other than Over Dimensional Cargo ² [or multimodal shipment in which at least one leg involves transport by ship]
3.	Upto 20 km	One day in case of Over Dimensional Cargo ³ [or multimodal shipment in which at least one leg involves transport by ship]
4.	For every 20 km. or part thereof thereafter	One additional day in case of Over Dimensional Cargo ⁴ [or multimodal shipment in which at least one leg involves transport by ship]:

Provided that the Commissioner may, on the recommendations of the Council, by notification, extend the validity period of an e-way bill for certain categories of goods as may be specified therein:

Provided further that where, under circumstances of an exceptional nature, including trans-shipment, the goods cannot be transported within the validity period of the e-way bill, the transporter may extend the validity period after updating the details in **Part B** of **FORM GST EWB-01**, if required.

⁵[Provided also that the validity of the e-way bill may be extended within eight hours from the time of its expiry.]

Explanation 1.—For the purposes of this rule, the “relevant date” shall mean the date on which the e-way bill has been generated and the period of validity shall be counted from the time at which the e-way bill has been generated and each day shall be counted as the period expiring at midnight of the day immediately following the date of generation of e-way bill.

Explanation 2.— For the purposes of this rule, the expression “Over Dimensional Cargo” shall mean a cargo carried as a single indivisible unit and which exceeds the dimensional limits prescribed in rule 93 of the Central Motor Vehicle Rules, 1989, made under the Motor Vehicles Act, 1988 (59 of 1988).

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.01.2021, for the figures and letters “100 km.” vide CGST (XIV Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 94/2020-CT, dt. 22.12.2020.

² Ins. w.e.f. 28.06.2019 vide CGST (IV Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 31/2019-CT, dt. 28.06.2019.

³ Ins. w.e.f. 28.06.2019 vide CGST (IV Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 31/2019-CT, dt. 28.06.2019.

⁴ Ins. w.e.f. 28.06.2019 vide CGST (IV Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 31/2019-CT, dt. 28.06.2019.

⁵ Ins. w.e.f. 28.06.2019 vide CGST (IV Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 31/2019-CT, dt. 28.06.2019.

- (11) The details of the e-way bill generated under this rule shall be made available to the—
- (a) supplier, if registered, where the information in **Part A of FORM GST EWB-01** has been furnished by the recipient or the transporter; or
 - (b) recipient, if registered, where the information in **Part A of FORM GST EWB-01** has been furnished by the supplier or the transporter,
- on the common portal, and the supplier or the recipient, as the case may be, shall communicate his acceptance or rejection of the consignment covered by the e-way bill.
- (12) Where the person to whom the information specified in sub-rule (11) has been made available does not communicate his acceptance or rejection within seventy two hours of the details being made available to him on the common portal, or the time of delivery of goods whichever is earlier, it shall be deemed that he has accepted the said details.
- (13) The e-way bill generated under this rule or under rule 138 of the Goods and Services Tax Rules of any State or Union Territory shall be valid in every State and Union Territory.
- (14) Notwithstanding anything contained in this rule, no e-way bill is required to be generated—
- (a) where the goods being transported are specified in Annexure¹;
 - (b) where the goods are being transported by a non-motorised conveyance;
 - (c) where the goods are being transported from the customs port, airport, air cargo complex and land customs station to an inland container depot or a container freight station for clearance by Customs;
 - (d) in respect of movement of goods within such areas as are notified under clause (d) of sub-rule (14) of rule 138 of the State or Union Territory Goods and Services Tax Rules in that particular State or Union Territory;
 - (e) where the goods, other than de-oiled cake, being transported, are specified in the Schedule appended to notification No. 2/2017-Central tax (Rate) dated the 28th June, 2017 published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i), *vide* number G.S.R 674 (E) dated the 28th June, 2017 as amended from time to time;
 - (f) where the goods being transported are alcoholic liquor for human consumption, petroleum crude, high speed diesel, motor spirit (commonly known as petrol), natural gas or aviation turbine fuel;
 - (g) where the supply of goods being transported is treated as no supply under Schedule III of the Act;
 - (h) where the goods are being transported—
 - (i) under customs bond from an inland container depot or a container freight station to a customs port, airport, air cargo complex and land customs

¹ See the Annexure at the end of this Rule.

- station, or from one customs station or customs port to another customs station or customs port, or
- (ii) under customs supervision or under customs seal;
 - (i) where the goods being transported are transit cargo from or to Nepal or Bhutan;
 - (j) where the goods being transported are exempt from tax under notification No. 7/2017-Central Tax (Rate), dated 28th June 2017 published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i), *vide* number G.S.R 679(E) dated the 28th June, 2017 as amended from time to time and notification No. 26/2017- Central Tax (Rate), dated the 21st September, 2017 published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i), *vide* number G.S.R 1181(E) dated the 21st September, 2017 as amended from time to time;
 - (k) any movement of goods caused by defence formation under Ministry of defence as a consignor or consignee;
 - (l) where the consignor of goods is the Central Government, Government of any State or a local authority for transport of goods by rail;
 - (m) where empty cargo containers are being transported; and
 - (n) where the goods are being transported upto a distance of twenty kilometers from the place of the business of the consignor to a weighbridge for weighment or from the weighbridge back to the place of the business of the said consignor subject to the condition that the movement of goods is accompanied by a delivery challan issued in accordance with rule 55.
- ¹[(o) where empty cylinders for packing of liquefied petroleum gas are being moved for reasons other than supply.]

Explanation.- The facility of generation, cancellation, updation and assignment of e-way bill shall be made available through SMS to the supplier, recipient and the transporter, as the case may be.

Annexure

[(See rule 138 (14)]

S. No.	Description of Goods
(1)	(2)
1.	Liquefied petroleum gas for supply to household and non-domestic exempted category (NDEC) customers
2.	Kerosene oil sold under PDS

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 13.06.2018 vide Notification No. 26/2018-CT, dt. 13.06.2018.

S. No.	Description of Goods
(1)	(2)
3.	Postal baggage transported by Department of Posts
4.	Natural or cultured pearls and precious or semi-precious stones; precious metals and metals clad with precious metal (Chapter 71)
5.	Jewellery, goldsmiths' and silversmiths' wares and other articles (Chapter 71) ¹ [excluding Imitation Jewellery (7117)]
6.	Currency
7.	Used personal and household effects
8.	Coral, unworked (0508) and worked coral (9601);

²[138A. Documents and devices to be carried by a person-in-charge of a conveyance.

Sec: 68	Forms: INV-01, EWB-01
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- (1) The person in charge of a conveyance shall carry—
- (a) the invoice or bill of supply or delivery challan, as the case may be; and
 - (b) a copy of the e-way bill in physical form or the e-way bill number in electronic form or mapped to a Radio Frequency Identification Device embedded on to the conveyance in such manner as may be notified by the Commissioner:

Provided that nothing contained in clause (b) of this sub-rule shall apply in case of movement of goods by rail or by air or vessel.

³[Provided further that in case of imported goods, the person in charge of a conveyance shall also carry a copy of the bill of entry filed by the importer of such goods and shall indicate the number and date of the bill of entry in **Part A of FORM GST EWB-01.**]

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 26.12.2022 vide Notification No. 26/2022-CT, dt. 26.12.2022.

² Rules 138A, 138B, 138C and 138D were ins. vide Notification No. 27/2017-CT, dt. 30.08.2017. These rules were substituted vide Notification No. 3/2018-CT, dt. 23.01.2018 and then vide Notification No. 12/2018-CT, dt. 07.03.2018 before coming into force. These Rules have come into force w.e.f. 01.04.2018 vide Notification No. 15/2018-CT, dt. 23.03.2018.

³ Ins. w.e.f. 04.09.2018 vide Notification No. 39/2018-CT, dt. 04.09.2018.

- ¹[(2) In case, invoice is issued in the manner prescribed under sub-rule (4) of rule 48, the ²{Quick Response}(QR) code having an embedded Invoice Reference Number (IRN) in it, may be produced electronically, for verification by the proper officer in lieu of the physical copy of such tax invoice.]
- (3) Where the registered person uploads the invoice under sub-rule (2), the information in Part A of **FORM GST EWB-01** shall be auto-populated by the common portal on the basis of the information furnished in **FORM GST INV-1**.
- (4) The Commissioner may, by notification, require a class of transporters to obtain a unique Radio Frequency Identification Device and get the said device embedded on to the conveyance and map the e-way bill to the Radio Frequency Identification Device prior to the movement of goods.
- (5) Notwithstanding anything contained in clause (b) of sub-rule (1), where circumstances so warrant, the Commissioner may, by notification, require the person-in-charge of the conveyance to carry the following documents instead of the e-way bill
- (a) tax invoice or bill of supply or bill of entry; or
 - (b) a delivery challan, where the goods are transported for reasons other than by way of supply.

138B. Verification of documents and conveyances.

Sec: 67, 68	Forms: Nil
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- (1) The Commissioner or an officer empowered by him in this behalf may authorize the proper officer to intercept any conveyance to verify the e-way bill in physical or electronic form for all inter-State and intra-State movement of goods.
- (2) The Commissioner shall get Radio Frequency Identification Device readers installed at places where the verification of movement of goods is required to be carried out and verification of movement of vehicles shall be done through such device readers where the e-way bill has been mapped with the said device.
- (3) The physical verification of conveyances shall be carried out by the proper officer as authorised by the Commissioner or an officer empowered by him in this behalf:

Provided that on receipt of specific information on evasion of tax, physical verification of a specific conveyance can also be carried out by any other officer after obtaining necessary approval of the Commissioner or an officer authorised by him in this behalf.

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 30.09.2020 vide CGST (XI Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 72/2020-CT, dt. 30.09.2020, which formerly read as :

“(2) A registered person may obtain an Invoice Reference Number from the common portal by uploading, on the said portal, a tax invoice issued by him in **FORM GST INV-1** and produce the same for verification by the proper officer in lieu of the tax invoice and such number shall be valid for a period of thirty days from the date of uploading.”.

² Corrigendum dt. 01.10.2020 for the words “Quick Reference”.

138C. Inspection and verification of goods.

Sec: 67, 68	Forms: EWB-03
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(1) A summary report of every inspection of goods in transit shall be recorded online by the proper officer in Part A of FORM GST EWB-03 within twenty four hours of inspection and the final report in Part B of FORM GST EWB-03 shall be recorded within three days of such inspection.

¹[Provided that where the circumstances so warrant, the Commissioner, or any other officer authorised by him, may, on sufficient cause being shown, extend the time for recording of the final report in Part B of **FORM EWB-03**, for a further period not exceeding three days.

Explanation.-The period of twenty four hours or, as the case may be, three days shall be counted from the midnight of the date on which the vehicle was intercepted.]

(2) Where the physical verification of goods being transported on any conveyance has been done during transit at one place within the State or Union Territory or in any other State or Union Territory, no further physical verification of the said conveyance shall be carried out again in the State or Union Territory, unless a specific information relating to evasion of tax is made available subsequently.

138D. Facility for uploading information regarding detention of vehicle.

Sec: 68	Forms: EWB-04
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Where a vehicle has been intercepted and detained for a period exceeding thirty minutes, the transporter may upload the said information in **FORM GST EWB-04** on the common portal.]

²[*Explanation-* For the purposes of this Chapter, the expressions ‘transported by railways’, ‘transportation of goods by railways’, ‘transport of goods by rail’ and ‘movement of goods by rail’ does not include cases where leasing of parcel space by Railways takes place.]

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 19.06.2018 vide Notification No. 28/2018-CT, dt. 19.06.2018.

² Ins. w.e.f. 1.04.2018 vide CGST (III Amendment) Rules, 2018; Notification No. 14/2018-CT, dt. 23.03.2018.

¹[138E. Restriction on furnishing of information in PART A of FORM GST EWB-01.

Sec: 68	Forms: EWB-01
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Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-rule (1) of rule 138, no person (including a consignor, consignee, transporter, an e-commerce operator or a courier agency) shall be allowed to furnish the information in **PART A of FORM GST EWB-01** ²[in respect of any outward movement of goods of a registered person, who, —]

- (a) being a person paying tax under section 10 ³[or availing the benefit of notification of the Government of India, Ministry of Finance, Department of Revenue No. 02/2019-Central Tax (Rate), dated the 7th March, 2019, published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section 3, Sub-section (i) vide number G.S.R. 189, dated the 7th March, 2019], has not furnished the ⁴{statement in **FORM GST CMP-08**} for two consecutive ⁵[quarters]; or
- (b) being a person other than a person specified in clause (a), has not furnished the ⁶[statement in **FORM GST CMP-08**] for a consecutive period of ⁷{two tax periods};
- ⁸[(c) being a person other than a person specified in clause (a), has not furnished the statement of outward supplies for any two months or quarters, as the case may be.]
- ⁹[(d) being a person, whose registration has been suspended under the provisions of sub-rule (1) or sub-rule (2) or sub-rule (2A) of rule 21A.]

Provided that the Commissioner may, ¹⁰[on receipt of an application from a registered person in **FORM GST EWB-05**,] on sufficient cause being shown and for reasons to be recorded in writing, by order, ¹¹{in **FORM GST EWB-06**} allow furnishing of the said information in **PART A of FORM GST EWB 01**, subject to such conditions and restrictions as may be specified by him:

¹ *Ins.* vide Notification No. 74/2018-CT, dt. 31.12.2018; w.e.f. 21.11.2019 vide Notification No. 22/2019-CT, dt. 23.04.2019, No. 25/2019-CT, dt. 21.06.2019 and No. 36/2019-CT, dt. 20.08.2019.

² *Subs.* w.e.f. 18.05.2021, for the words “in respect of a registered person, whether as a supplier or a recipient, who, -” vide Notification No. 15/2021-CT, dt. 18.05.2021.

³ *Ins.* w.e.f. 28.06.2019 vide CGST (IV Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 31/2019-CT, dt. 28.06.2019.

⁴ *Sub.* w.e.f. 28.06.2019, for the word “returns”, vide CGST (IV Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 31/2019-CT, dt. 28.06.2019.

⁵ *Sub.* w.e.f. 28.06.2019, for the word “tax periods”, vide CGST (IV Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 31/2019-CT, dt. 28.06.2019.

⁶ *Sub.* w.e.f. 28.06.2019, for the word “returns”, vide CGST (IV Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 31/2019-CT, dt. 28.06.2019.

⁷ *Sub.* w.e.f. 22.12.2020, for the words “two months” vide CGST (XIV Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 94/2020-CT, dt. 22.12.2020.

⁸ *Ins.* w.e.f. 11.01.2020 vide Notification No. 75/2019-CT, dt. 26.12.2019.

⁹ *Ins.* w.e.f. 22.12.2020 vide CGST (XIV Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 94/2020-CT, dt. 22.12.2020.

¹⁰ *Ins.* w.e.f. 18.07.2019 vide CGST (V Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 33/2019-CT, dt. 18.07.2019.

¹¹ *Ins.* w.e.f. 18.07.2019 vide CGST (V Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 33/2019-CT, dt. 18.07.2019.

Provided further that no order rejecting the request of such person to furnish the information in PART A of **FORM GST EWB 01** under the first proviso shall be passed without affording the said person a reasonable opportunity of being heard:

Provided also that the permission granted or rejected by the Commissioner of State tax or Commissioner of Union territory tax shall be deemed to be granted or, as the case may be, rejected by the Commissioner.

¹{Provided also that the said restriction shall not apply during the period from the 20th day of March, 2020 till the 15th day of October, 2020 in case where the return in **FORM GSTR-3B** or the statement of outward supplies in **FORM GSTR-1** or the statement in **FORM GST CMP-08**, as the case may be, has not been furnished for the period February, 2020 to August, 2020.}

²[Provided also that the said restriction shall not apply during the period from the 1st day of May, 2021 till the 18th day of August, 2021, in case where the return in **FORM GSTR-3B** or the statement of outward supplies in **FORM GSTR-1** or the statement in **FORM GST CMP-08**, as the case may be, has not been furnished for the period March, 2021 to May, 2021.]

Explanation: For the purposes of this rule, the expression “Commissioner” shall mean the jurisdictional Commissioner in respect of the persons specified in clauses (a) and (b).]

³[138F. Information to be furnished in case of intra-State movement of gold, precious stones, etc. and generation of e-way bills thereof.

Sec: 68	Forms: EWB-01
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(1) Where-

- (a) a Commissioner of State tax or Union territory tax mandates furnishing of information regarding intra-State movement of goods specified against serial numbers 4 and 5 in the Annexure appended to sub-rule (14) of rule 138, in accordance with sub-rule (1) of rule 138F of the State or Union territory Goods and Services Tax Rules, and
- (b) the consignment value of such goods exceeds such amount, not below rupees two lakhs, as may be notified by the Commissioner of State tax or Union territory tax, in consultation with the jurisdictional Principal Chief Commissioner or Chief Commissioner of Central Tax, or any Commissioner of Central Tax authorised by him,

notwithstanding anything contained in Rule 138, every registered person who causes intra-State movement of such goods, -

- (i) in relation to a supply; or

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 20.03.2020 vide CGST (XII Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 79/2020-CT, dt. 15.10.2020.

² Ins. w.e.f. 01.05.2021 vide CGST (VII Amendment) Rules, 2021; Notification No. 32/2021-CT, dt. 29.08.2021.

³ Ins. Rule 138F w.e.f. 04.08.2023 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2023; Notification No. 38/2023-CT, dt. 04.08.2023.

- (ii) for reasons other than supply; or
- (iii) due to inward supply from an un-registered person,

shall, before the commencement of such movement within that State or Union territory, furnish information relating to such goods electronically, as specified in Part A of FORM GST EWB-01, against which a unique number shall be generated:

Provided that where the goods to be transported are supplied through an e-commerce operator or a courier agency, the information in Part A of FORM GST EWB-01 may be furnished by such e-commerce operator or courier agency.

- (2) The information as specified in PART B of FORM GST EWB-01 shall not be required to be furnished in respect of movement of goods referred to in the sub-rule (1) and after furnishing information in Part-A of FORM GST EWB-01 as specified in sub-rule (1), the e-way bill shall be generated in FORM GST EWB-01, electronically on the common portal.
- (3) The information furnished in Part A of FORM GST EWB-01 shall be made available to the registered supplier on the common portal who may utilize the same for furnishing the details in FORM GSTR-1.
- (4) Where an e-way bill has been generated under this rule, but goods are either not transported or are not transported as per the details furnished in the e-waybill, the e-way bill may be cancelled, electronically on the common portal, within twenty-four hours of generation of the e-way bill.

Provided that an e-way bill cannot be cancelled if it has been verified in transit in accordance with the provisions of rule 138B.

- (5) Notwithstanding anything contained in this rule, no e-way bill is required to be generated-
 - (a) where the goods are being transported from the customs port, airport, air cargo complex and land customs station to an inland container depot or a container freight station for clearance by Customs;
 - (b) where the goods are being transported-
 - (i) under customs bond from an inland container depot or a container freight station to a customs port, airport, air cargo complex and land customs station, or from one customs station or customs port to another customs station or customs port, or
 - (ii) under customs supervision or under customs seal.

- (6) The provisions of sub-rule (10), sub-rule (11) and sub-rule (12) of rule 138, rule 138A, rule 138B, rule 138C, rule 138D and rule 138E shall, mutatis mutandis, apply to an e-way bill generated under this rule.

Explanation.- For the purposes of this rule, the consignment value of goods shall be the value, determined in accordance with the provisions of section 15, declared in an invoice, a bill of supply or a delivery challan, as the case may be, issued in respect of the said consignment and

also includes the central tax, State tax or Union territory tax charged in the document and shall exclude the value of exempt supply of goods where the invoice is issued in respect of both exempt and taxable supply of goods.]

¹[CHAPTER XVII

INSPECTION, SEARCH AND SEIZURE

139. Inspection, search and seizure.

Sec: 67	Forms: INS-01 to INS-03
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- (1) Where the proper officer not below the rank of a Joint Commissioner has reasons to believe that a place of business or any other place is to be visited for the purposes of inspection or search or, as the case may be, seizure in accordance with the provisions of section 67, he shall issue an authorisation in **FORM GST INS-01** authorising any other officer subordinate to him to conduct the inspection or search or, as the case may be, seizure of goods, documents, books or things liable to confiscation.
- (2) Where any goods, documents, books or things are liable for seizure under sub-section (2) of section 67, the proper officer or an authorised officer shall make an order of seizure in **FORM GST INS-02**.
- (3) The proper officer or an authorised officer may entrust upon the owner or the custodian of goods, from whose custody such goods or things are seized, the custody of such goods or things for safe upkeep and the said person shall not remove, part with, or otherwise deal with the goods or things except with the previous permission of such officer.
- (4) Where it is not practicable to seize any such goods, the proper officer or the authorised officer may serve on the owner or the custodian of the goods, an order of prohibition in **FORM GST INS-03** that he shall not remove, part with, or otherwise deal with the goods except with the previous permission of such officer.
- (5) The officer seizing the goods, documents, books or things shall prepare an inventory of such goods or documents or books or things containing, *inter alia*, description, quantity or unit, make, mark or model, where applicable, and get it signed by the person from whom such goods or documents or books or things are seized.

140. Bond and security for release of seized goods.

Sec: 67, 129	Forms: INS-04
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- (1) The seized goods may be released on a provisional basis upon execution of a bond for the value of the *goods* in **FORM GST INS-04** and furnishing of a security in the form of a bank guarantee equivalent to the amount of applicable tax, interest and penalty payable.

Explanation.- For the purposes of the rules under the provisions of this Chapter, the “applicable tax” shall include central tax and State tax or central tax and the Union territory tax, as the case may be and the cess, if any, payable under the Goods and Services Tax (Compensation to States) Act, 2017 (15 of 2017).

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 01.07.2017 vide Notification No. 15/2017-CT, dt. 01.07.2017, Ch. XVII to XIX comprising rules 139 to 162.

- (2) In case the person to whom the goods were released provisionally fails to produce the goods at the appointed date and place indicated by the proper officer, the security shall be encashed and adjusted against the tax, interest and penalty and fine, if any, payable in respect of such goods.

141. Procedure in respect of seized goods.

<i>Sec: 67, 129</i>	<i>Forms: INS-05</i>
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- (1) Where the goods or things seized are of perishable or hazardous nature, and if the taxable person pays an amount equivalent to the market price of such goods or things or the amount of tax, interest and penalty that is or may become payable by the taxable person, whichever is lower, such goods or, as the case may be, things shall be released forthwith, by an order in **FORM GST INS-05**, on proof of payment.
- (2) Where the taxable person fails to pay the amount referred to in sub-rule (1) in respect of the said goods or things, the ¹[proper officer] may dispose of such goods or things and the amount realized thereby shall be adjusted against the tax, interest, penalty, or any other amount payable in respect of such goods or things.

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 23.03.2020, for the word, “Commissioner” vide CGST (III Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 16/2020-CT, dt. 23.03.2020.

CHAPTER XVIII

DEMANDS AND RECOVERY

¹[142. Notice and order for demand of amounts payable under the Act.

Sec: 73, 74, 76, 129, 161	Forms: DRC-01 to DRC-07, DRC-08
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- (1) The proper officer shall serve, along with the-
 - (a) notice issued under section 52 or section 73 or section 74 or section 76 or section 122 or section 123 or section 124 or section 125 or section 127 or section 129 or section 130, a summary thereof electronically in **FORM GST DRC-01**,
 - (b) statement under sub-section (3) of section 73 or sub-section (3) of section 74, a summary thereof electronically in **FORM GST DRC-02**, specifying therein the details of the amount payable.
- ²[(1A) The ³[proper officer may], before service of notice to the person chargeable with tax, interest and penalty, under sub-section (1) of Section 73 or sub-section (1) of Section

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.04.2019 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 16/2019-CT, dt. 29.03.2019, for the text:

“142. Notice and order for demand of amounts payable under the Act.

- (1) The proper officer shall serve, along with the-
 - (a) notice under sub-section (1) of section 73 or sub-section (1) of section 74 or sub-section (2) of section 76, a summary thereof electronically in **FORM GST DRC-01**,
 - (b) statement under sub-section (3) of section 73 or sub-section (3) of section 74, a summary thereof electronically in **FORM GST DRC-02**, specifying therein the details of the amount payable.
- (2) Where, before the service of notice or statement, the person chargeable with tax makes payment of the tax and interest in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (5) of section 73 or, as the case may be, tax, interest and penalty in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (5) of section 74, he shall inform the proper officer of such payment in **FORM GST DRC-03** and the proper officer shall issue an acknowledgement, accepting the payment made by the said person in **FORM GST DRC-04**.
- (3) Where the person chargeable with tax makes payment of tax and interest under sub-section (8) of section 73 or, as the case may be, tax, interest and penalty under sub-section (8) of section 74 within thirty days of the service of a notice under sub-rule (1), he shall intimate the proper officer of such payment in **FORM GST DRC-03** and the proper officer shall issue an order in **FORM GST DRC-05** concluding the proceedings in respect of the said notice.
- (4) The representation referred to in sub-section (9) of section 73 or sub-section (9) of section 74 or sub-section (3) of section 76 shall be in **FORM GST DRC-06**.
- (5) A summary of the order issued under sub-section (9) of section 73 or sub-section (9) of section 74 ^{*3}[or sub-section (12) of section 75] or sub-section (3) of section 76 ^{*2}[or section 125] ^{*1}[or section 129 or section 130] shall be uploaded electronically in **FORM GST DRC-07**, specifying therein the amount of tax, interest and penalty payable by the person chargeable with tax.
- (6) The order referred to in sub-rule (5) shall be treated as the notice for recovery.
- (7) Any rectification of the order, in accordance with the provisions of section 161, shall be made by the proper officer in **FORM GST DRC-08**.”.

^{*3} Ins. vide Notification No. 74/2018-CT, dt. 31.12.2018.

^{*2} Ins. vide Notification No. 48/2018-CT, dt. 10.09.2018.

^{*1} Ins. vide Notification No. 28/2018-CT, dt. 19.06.2018.

² Ins. w.e.f. 09.10.2019 vide CGST (VI Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 49/2019-CT, dt. 09.10.2019.

³ Subs. w.e.f. 15.10.2020, for the words “proper officer shall” vide CGST (XII Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 79/2020-CT, dt. 15.10.2020.

74, as the case may be, ¹{communicate} the details of any tax, interest and penalty as ascertained by the said officer, in **Part A of FORM GST DRC-01A.**]

- (2) Where, before the service of notice or statement, the person chargeable with tax makes payment of the tax and interest in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (5) of section 73 or, as the case may be, tax, interest and penalty in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (5) of section 74, or where any person makes payment of tax, interest, penalty or any other amount due in accordance with the provisions of the Act ²[, whether on his own ascertainment or, as communicated by the proper officer under sub-rule (1A),] he shall inform the proper officer of such payment in **FORM GST DRC-03** and the proper officer shall issue an acknowledgement, accepting the payment made by the said person in **FORM GST DRC-04.**
- ³[(2A) Where the person referred to in sub-rule (1A) has made partial payment of the amount communicated to him or desires to file any submissions against the proposed liability, he may make such submission in **Part B of FORM GST DRC-01A.**]
- (3) Where the person chargeable with tax makes payment of tax and interest under sub-section (8) of section 73 or, as the case may be, tax, interest and penalty under sub-section (8) of section 74 within thirty days of the service of a notice under sub-rule (1), or where the person concerned makes payment of the amount referred to in sub-section (1) of section 129 within ⁴[seven days of the notice issued under sub-section (3) of Section 129 but before the issuance of order under the said sub-section (3)], he shall intimate the proper officer of such payment in **FORM GST DRC-03** and the ⁵[proper officer shall issue an intimation] in **FORM GST DRC-05** concluding the proceedings in respect of the said notice.
- (4) The representation referred to in sub-section (9) of section 73 or sub-section (9) of section 74 or sub-section (3) of section 76 or the reply to any notice issued under any section whose summary has been uploaded electronically in **FORM GST DRC-01** under sub-rule (1) shall be furnished in **FORM GST DRC-06.**
- (5) A summary of the order issued under section 52 or section 62 or section 63 or section 64 or section 73 or section 74 or section 75 or section 76 or section 122 or section 123 or section 124 or section 125 or section 127 or section 129 or section 130 shall be uploaded electronically in **FORM GST DRC-07**, specifying therein the amount of ⁶[tax, interest and penalty, as the case may be, payable by the person concerned].
- (6) The order referred to in sub-rule (5) shall be treated as the notice for recovery.

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 15.10.2020, for the words “shall communicate” vide CGST (XII Amendment) Rules, 2020; Notification No. 79/2020-CT, dt. 15.10.2020.

² Ins. w.e.f. 09.10.2019 vide CGST (VI Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 49/2019-CT, dt. 09.10.2019.

³ Ins. w.e.f. 09.10.2019 vide CGST (VI Amendment) Rules, 2019; Notification No. 49/2019-CT, dt. 09.10.2019.

⁴ Subs. w.e.f. 01.01.2022, for the words, brackets and figures “fourteen days of detention or seizure of the goods and conveyance” vide Notification No. 40/2021-CT, dt. 29.12.2021.

⁵ Subs. w.e.f. 26.10.2023, for the words “proper officer shall issue an order” vide Notification No. 52/2023-CT, dt. 26.10.2023.

⁶ Subs. w.e.f. 01.01.2022, for the words “tax, interest and penalty payable by the person chargeable with tax” vide Notification No. 40/2021-CT, dt. 29.12.2021.

- (7) Where a rectification of the order has been passed in accordance with the provisions of section 161 or where an order uploaded on the system has been withdrawn, a summary of the rectification order or of the withdrawal order shall be uploaded electronically by the proper officer in **FORM GST DRC-08.**]

¹[142A. Procedure for recovery of dues under existing laws

Sec: 73, 74, 79, 140, 142	Forms: DRC-07A, DRC-08A, PMT-01
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- (1) A summary of order issued under any of the existing laws creating demand of tax, interest, penalty, fee or any other dues which becomes recoverable consequent to proceedings launched under the existing law before, on or after the appointed day shall, unless recovered under that law, be recovered under the Act and may be uploaded in **FORM GST DRC-07A** electronically on the common portal for recovery under the Act and the demand of the order shall be posted in Part II of Electronic Liability Register in **FORM GST PMT-01.**
- (2) Where the demand of an order uploaded under sub-rule (1) is rectified or modified or quashed in any proceedings, including in appeal, review or revision, or the recovery is made under the existing laws, a summary thereof shall be uploaded on the common portal in **FORM GST DRC-08A** and Part II of Electronic Liability Register in **FORM GST PMT-01** shall be updated accordingly.]

²[142B. Intimation of certain amounts liable to be recovered under section 79 of the Act.

Sec: 75, 79	Forms: GST DRC-01D
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- (1) Where, in accordance with section 75 read with rule 88C, or otherwise, any amount of tax or interest has become recoverable under section 79 and the same has remained unpaid, the proper officer shall intimate, electronically on the common portal, the details of the said amount in **FORM GST DRC-01D**, directing the person in default to pay the said amount, along with applicable interest, or, as the case may be the amount of interest, within seven days of the date of the said intimation and the said amount shall be posted in Part-II of Electronic Liability Register in **FORM GST PMT-01.**
- (2) The intimation referred to in sub-rule (1) shall be treated as the notice for recovery.
- (3) Where any amount of tax or interest specified in the intimation referred to in sub-rule (1) remains unpaid on the expiry of the period specified in the said intimation, the proper officer shall proceed to recover the amount that remains unpaid in accordance with the provisions of rule 143 or rule 144 or rule 145 or rule 146 or rule 147 or rule 155 or rule 156 or rule 157 or rule 160.]

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 30.10.2018 vide Notification No. 60/2018-CT, dt. 30.10.2018.

² Ins. Rule 142B w.e.f. 04.08.2023 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2023; Notification No. 38/2023-CT, dt. 04.08.2023.

143. Recovery by deduction from any money owed.

Sec: 79

Forms: DRC-09

Where any amount payable by a person (hereafter referred to in this rule as “the defaulter”) to the Government under any of the provisions of the Act or the rules made thereunder is not paid, the proper officer may require, in **FORM GST DRC-09**, a specified officer to deduct the amount from any money owing to such defaulter in accordance with the provisions of clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 79.

*Explanation.-*For the purposes of this rule, “specified officer” shall mean any officer of the Central Government or a State Government or the Government of a Union territory or a local authority, or of a Board or Corporation or a company owned or controlled, wholly or partly, by the Central Government or a State Government or the Government of a Union territory or a local authority.

144. Recovery by sale of goods under the control of proper officer.

Sec: 79

Forms: DRC-10 to DRC-12

- (1) Where any amount due from a defaulter is to be recovered by selling goods belonging to such person in accordance with the provisions of clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 79, the proper officer shall prepare an inventory and estimate the market value of such goods and proceed to sell only so much of the goods as may be required for recovering the amount payable along with the administrative expenditure incurred on the recovery process.
- (2) The said goods shall be sold through a process of auction, including e-auction, for which a notice shall be issued in **FORM GST DRC-10** clearly indicating the goods to be sold and the purpose of sale.
- (3) The last day for submission of bid or the date of auction shall not be earlier than fifteen days from the date of issue of the notice referred to in sub-rule (2):
Provided that where the goods are of perishable or hazardous nature or where the expenses of keeping them in custody are likely to exceed their value, the proper officer may sell them forthwith.
- (4) The proper officer may specify the amount of pre-bid deposit to be furnished in the manner specified by such officer, to make the bidders eligible to participate in the auction, which may be returned to the unsuccessful bidders, forfeited in case the successful bidder fails to make the payment of the full amount, as the case may be.
- (5) The proper officer shall issue a notice to the successful bidder in **FORM GST DRC-11** requiring him to make the payment within a period of fifteen days from the date of auction. On payment of the full bid amount, the proper officer shall transfer the possession of the said goods to the successful bidder and issue a certificate in **FORM GST DRC-12**.
- (6) Where the defaulter pays the amount under recovery, including any expenses incurred on the process of recovery, before the issue of the notice under sub-rule (2), the proper officer shall cancel the process of auction and release the goods.

- (7) The proper officer shall cancel the process and proceed for re-auction where no bid is received or the auction is considered to be non-competitive due to lack of adequate participation or due to low bids.

¹[144A. Recovery of penalty by sale of goods or conveyance detained or seized in transit.

Sec: 79	Forms: DRC-10 to DRC-12
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- (1) Where the person transporting any goods or the owner of such goods fails to pay the amount of penalty under sub-section (1) of section 129 within fifteen days from the date of receipt of the copy of the order passed under sub-section (3) of the said section 129, the proper officer shall proceed for sale or disposal of the goods or conveyance so detained or seized by preparing an inventory and estimating the market value of such goods or conveyance:

Provided that where the detained or seized goods are perishable or hazardous in nature or are likely to depreciate in value with passage of time, the said period of fifteen days may be reduced by the proper officer.

- (2) The said goods or conveyance shall be sold through a process of auction, including e-auction, for which a notice shall be issued in **FORM GST DRC-10** clearly indicating the goods or conveyance to be sold and the purpose of sale:

Provided that where the person transporting said goods or the owner of such goods pays the amount of penalty under sub-section (1) of section 129, including any expenses incurred in safe custody and handling of such goods or conveyance, after the time period mentioned in sub-rule (1) but before the issuance of notice under this sub-rule, the proper officer shall cancel the process of auction and release such goods or conveyance.

- (3) The last day for submission of bid or the date of auction shall not be earlier than fifteen days from the date of issue of the notice referred to in sub-rule (2):

Provided that where the detained or seized goods are perishable or hazardous in nature or are likely to depreciate in value with passage of time, the said period of fifteen days may be reduced by the proper officer.

- (4) The proper officer may specify the amount of pre-bid deposit to be furnished in the manner specified by such officer, to make the bidders eligible to participate in the auction, which may be returned to the unsuccessful bidders, forfeited in case the successful bidder fails to make the payment of the full amount, as the case may be.

- (5) The proper officer shall issue a notice to the successful bidder in **FORM GST DRC-11** requiring him to make the payment within a period of fifteen days from the date of auction:

Provided that where the detained or seized goods are perishable or hazardous in nature or are likely to depreciate in value with passage of time, the said period of fifteen days may be reduced by the proper officer.

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 01.01.2022 vide Notification No. 40/2021-CT, dt. 29.12.2021.

- (6) On payment of the full bid amount, the proper officer shall transfer the possession and ownership of the said goods or conveyance to the successful bidder and issue a certificate in **FORM GST DRC-12**.
- (7) The proper officer shall cancel the process and proceed for re-auction where no bid is received or the auction is considered to be non-competitive due to lack of adequate participation or due to low bids.
- (8) Where an appeal has been filed by the person under the provisions of subsection (1) read with sub-section (6) of section 107, the proceedings for recovery of penalty by sale of goods or conveyance detained or seized in transit under this rule shall be deemed to be stayed:

Provided that this sub-rule shall not be applicable in respect of goods of perishable or hazardous nature.]

145. Recovery from a third person.

Sec: 79	Forms: DRC-13, DRC-14
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- (1) The proper officer may serve upon a person referred to in clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 79 (hereafter referred to in this rule as “the third person”), a notice in **FORM GST DRC-13** directing him to deposit the amount specified in the notice.
- (2) Where the third person makes the payment of the amount specified in the notice issued under sub-rule (1), the proper officer shall issue a certificate in **FORM GST DRC-14** to the third person clearly indicating the details of the liability so discharged.

146. Recovery through execution of a decree, etc.

Sec: 79	Forms: DRC-15
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Where any amount is payable to the defaulter in the execution of a decree of a civil court for the payment of money or for sale in the enforcement of a mortgage or charge, the proper officer shall send a request in **FORM GST DRC-15** to the said court and the court shall, subject to the provisions of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (5 of 1908), execute the attached decree, and credit the net proceeds for settlement of the amount recoverable.

147. Recovery by sale of movable or immovable property.

Sec: 79	Forms: DRC-11, DRC-12, DRC-16, DRC-17
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- (1) The proper officer shall prepare a list of movable and immovable property belonging to the defaulter, estimate their value as per the prevalent market price and issue an order of attachment or distress and a notice for sale in **FORM GST DRC- 16** prohibiting any transaction with regard to such movable and immovable property as may be required for the recovery of the amount due:

Provided that the attachment of any property in a debt not secured by a negotiable instrument, a share in a corporation, or other movable property not in the possession of the defaulter except for property deposited in, or in the custody of any Court, shall be attached in the manner provided in rule 151.

- (2) The proper officer shall send a copy of the order of attachment or distraint to the concerned Revenue Authority or Transport Authority or any such Authority to place encumbrance on the said movable or immovable property, which shall be removed only on the written instructions from the proper officer to that effect.
- (3) Where the property subject to the attachment or distraint under sub-rule (1) is-
- an immovable property, the order of attachment or distraint shall be affixed on the said property and shall remain affixed till the confirmation of sale;
 - a movable property, the proper officer shall seize the said property in accordance with the provisions of chapter XIV of the Act and the custody of the said property shall either be taken by the proper officer himself or an officer authorised by him.
- (4) The property attached or distrained shall be sold through auction, including e-auction, for which a notice shall be issued in **FORM GST DRC- 17** clearly indicating the property to be sold and the purpose of sale.
- (5) Notwithstanding anything contained in the provision of this Chapter, where the property to be sold is a negotiable instrument or a share in a corporation, the proper officer may, instead of selling it by public auction, sell such instrument or a share through a broker and the said broker shall deposit to the Government so much of the proceeds of such sale, reduced by his commission, as may be required for the discharge of the amount under recovery and pay the amount remaining, if any, to the owner of such instrument or a share.
- (6) The proper officer may specify the amount of pre-bid deposit to be furnished in the manner specified by such officer, to make the bidders eligible to participate in the auction, which may be returned to the unsuccessful bidders or, forfeited in case the successful bidder fails to make the payment of the full amount, as the case may be.
- (7) The last day for the submission of the bid or the date of the auction shall not be earlier than fifteen days from the date of issue of the notice referred to in sub-rule (4):
Provided that where the goods are of perishable or hazardous nature or where the expenses of keeping them in custody are likely to exceed their value, the proper officer may sell them forthwith.
- (8) Where any claim is preferred or any objection is raised with regard to the attachment or distraint of any property on the ground that such property is not liable to such attachment or distraint, the proper officer shall investigate the claim or objection and may postpone the sale for such time as he may deem fit.
- (9) The person making the claim or objection must adduce evidence to show that on the date of the order issued under sub-rule (1) he had some interest in, or was in possession of, the property in question under attachment or distraint.
- (10) Where, upon investigation, the proper officer is satisfied that, for the reason stated in the claim or objection, such property was not, on the said date, in the possession of the defaulter or of any other person on his behalf or that, being in the possession of the defaulter on the said date, it was in his possession, not on his own account or as his own

property, but on account of or in trust for any other person, or partly on his own account and partly on account of some other person, the proper officer shall make an order releasing the property, wholly or to such extent as he thinks fit, from attachment or distress.

- (11) Where the proper officer is satisfied that the property was, on the said date, in the possession of the defaulter as his own property and not on account of any other person, or was in the possession of some other person in trust for him, or in the occupancy of a tenant or other person paying rent to him, the proper officer shall reject the claim and proceed with the process of sale through auction.
- (12) The proper officer shall issue a notice to the successful bidder in **FORM GST DRC-11** requiring him to make the payment within a period of fifteen days from the date of such notice and after the said payment is made, he shall issue a certificate in **FORM GST DRC-12** specifying the details of the property, date of transfer, the details of the bidder and the amount paid and upon issuance of such certificate, the rights, title and interest in the property shall be deemed to be transferred to such bidder:

Provided that where the highest bid is made by more than one person and one of them is a co-owner of the property, he shall be deemed to be the successful bidder.

- (13) Any amount, including stamp duty, tax or fee payable in respect of the transfer of the property specified in sub-rule (12), shall be paid to the Government by the person to whom the title in such property is transferred.
- (14) Where the defaulter pays the amount under recovery, including any expenses incurred on the process of recovery, before the issue of the notice under sub-rule (4), the proper officer shall cancel the process of auction and release the goods.
- (15) The proper officer shall cancel the process and proceed for re-auction where no bid is received or the auction is considered to be non-competitive due to lack of adequate participation or due to low bids.

148. Prohibition against bidding or purchase by officer.

<i>Sec: 79</i>	<i>Forms: Nil</i>
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No officer or other person having any duty to perform in connection with any sale under the provisions of this Chapter shall, either directly or indirectly, bid for, acquire or attempt to acquire any interest in the property sold.

149. Prohibition against sale on holidays.

<i>Sec: 79</i>	<i>Forms: Nil</i>
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No sale under the rules under the provision of this chapter shall take place on a Sunday or other general holidays recognized by the Government or on any day which has been notified by the Government to be a holiday for the area in which the sale is to take place.

150. Assistance by police.***Sec: 79******Forms: Nil***

The proper officer may seek such assistance from the officer-in-charge of the jurisdictional police station as may be necessary in the discharge of his duties and the said officer-in-charge shall depute sufficient number of police officers for providing such assistance.

151. Attachment of debts and shares, etc.***Sec: 79******Forms: GST DRC-16***

- (1) A debt not secured by a negotiable instrument, a share in a corporation, or other movable property not in the possession of the defaulter except for property deposited in, or in the custody of any court shall be attached by a written order in **FORM GST DRC-16** prohibiting:-
 - (a) in the case of a debt, the creditor from recovering the debt and the debtor from making payment thereof until the receipt of a further order from the proper officer;
 - (b) in the case of a share, the person in whose name the share may be standing from transferring the same or receiving any dividend thereon;
 - (c) in the case of any other movable property, the person in possession of the same from giving it to the defaulter.
- (2) A copy of such order shall be affixed on some conspicuous part of the office of the proper officer, and another copy shall be sent, in the case of debt, to the debtor, and in the case of shares, to the registered address of the corporation and in the case of other movable property, to the person in possession of the same.
- (3) A debtor, prohibited under clause (a) of sub-rule (1), may pay the amount of his debt to the proper officer, and such payment shall be deemed as paid to the defaulter.

152. Attachment of property in custody of courts or Public Officer.***Sec: 79******Forms: Nil***

Where the property to be attached is in the custody of any court or Public Officer, the proper officer shall send the order of attachment to such court or officer, requesting that such property, and any interest or dividend becoming payable thereon, may be held till the recovery of the amount payable.

153. Attachment of interest in partnership.***Sec: 79******Forms: Nil***

- (1) Where the property to be attached consists of an interest of the defaulter, being a partner, in the partnership property, the proper officer may make an order charging the share of such partner in the partnership property and profits with payment of the amount due under the certificate, and may, by the same or subsequent order, appoint a receiver of the share of such partner in the profits, whether already declared or accruing, and of

any other money which may become due to him in respect of the partnership, and direct accounts and enquiries and make an order for the sale of such interest or such other order as the circumstances of the case may require.

- (2) The other partners shall be at liberty at any time to redeem the interest charged or, in the case of a sale being directed, to purchase the same.

¹[154. Disposal of proceeds of sale of goods or conveyance and movable or immovable property.]

<i>Sec: 79</i>	<i>Forms: Nil</i>
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- (1) The amounts so realised from the sale of goods or conveyance, movable or immovable property, for the recovery of dues from a defaulter or for recovery of penalty payable under sub-section (3) of section 129 shall,-
- (a) first, be appropriated against the administrative cost of the recovery process;
 - (b) next, be appropriated against the amount to be recovered or to the payment of the penalty payable under sub-section (3) of section 129, as the case may be;
 - (c) next, be appropriated against any other amount due from the defaulter under the Act or the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 or the Union Territory Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 or any of the State Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 and the rules made thereunder; and
 - (d) the balance, if any, shall be credited to the electronic cash ledger of the owner of the goods or conveyance as the case may be, in case the person is registered under the Act, and where the said person is not required to be registered under the Act, the said amount shall be credited to the bank account of the person concerned;
- (2) where it is not possible to pay the balance of sale proceeds, as per clause (d) of sub-rule (1), to the person concerned within a period of six months from the date of sale of such goods or conveyance or such further period as the proper officer may allow, such balance of sale proceeds shall be deposited with the Fund]

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.01.2022 vide Notification No. 40/2021-CT, dt. 29.12.2021. Formerly it read as :

^{“154. Disposal of proceeds of sale of goods and movable or immovable property.”}

The amounts so realised from the sale of goods, movable or immovable property, for the recovery of dues from a defaulter shall,-

- (a) first, be appropriated against the administrative cost of the recovery process;
- (b) next, be appropriated against the amount to be recovered;
- (c) next, be appropriated against any other amount due from the defaulter under the Act or the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 or the Union Territory Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 or any of the State Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 and the rules made thereunder; and
- (d) any balance, be paid to the defaulter.”

155. Recovery through land revenue authority.

Sec: 79	Forms: GST DRC-18
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Where an amount is to be recovered in accordance with the provisions of clause (e) of sub-section (1) of section 79, the proper officer shall send a certificate to the Collector or Deputy Commissioner of the district or any other officer authorised in this behalf in **FORM GST DRC-18** to recover from the person concerned, the amount specified in the certificate as if it were an arrear of land revenue.

156. Recovery through court.

Sec: 79	Forms: GST DRC-19
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Where an amount is to be recovered as if it were a fine imposed under the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973, the proper officer shall make an application before the appropriate Magistrate in accordance with the provisions of clause (f) of sub-section (1) of section 79 in **FORM GST DRC-19** to recover from the person concerned, the amount specified thereunder as if it were a fine imposed by him.

157. Recovery from surety.

Sec: 79	Forms: Nil
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Where any person has become surety for the amount due by the defaulter, he may be proceeded against under this Chapter as if he were the defaulter.

158. Payment of tax and other amounts in instalments.

Sec: 80	Forms: DRC-20, DRC-21
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- (1) On an application filed electronically by a taxable person, in **FORM GST DRC-20**, seeking extension of time for the payment of taxes or any amount due under the Act or for allowing payment of such taxes or amount in instalments in accordance with the provisions of section 80, the Commissioner shall call for a report from the jurisdictional officer about the financial ability of the taxable person to pay the said amount.
- (2) Upon consideration of the request of the taxable person and the report of the jurisdictional officer, the Commissioner may issue an order in **FORM GST DRC-21** allowing the taxable person further time to make payment and/or to pay the amount in such monthly instalments, not exceeding twenty-four, as he may deem fit.
- (3) The facility referred to in sub-rule (2) shall not be allowed where-
 - (a) the taxable person has already defaulted on the payment of any amount under the Act or the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 or the Union Territory Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 or any of the State Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017, for which the recovery process is on;
 - (b) the taxable person has not been allowed to make payment in instalments in the preceding financial year under the Act or the Integrated Goods and Services Tax

- Act, 2017 or the Union Territory Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 or any of the State Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017;
- (c) the amount for which instalment facility is sought is less than twenty-five thousand rupees.

159. Provisional attachment of property.

Sec: 83	Forms: DRC-22, DRC-22A, DRC-23
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- (1) Where the Commissioner decides to attach any property, including bank account in accordance with the provisions of section 83, he shall pass an order in **FORM GST DRC-22** to that effect mentioning therein, the details of property which is attached.
- (2) The Commissioner shall send a copy of the order of attachment ¹[in **FORM GST DRC-22**] to the concerned Revenue Authority or Transport Authority or any such Authority to place encumbrance on the said movable or immovable property, which shall be removed only on the written instructions from the Commissioner to that effect ²[or on expiry of a period of one year from the date of issuance of order under sub-rule (1), whichever is earlier,] ³[and a copy of such order shall also be sent to the person whose property is being attached under section 83].
- (3) Where the property attached is of perishable or hazardous nature, ⁴[and if the person, whose property has been attached,] pays an amount equivalent to the market price of such property or the amount that is or may become payable ⁵[by such person], whichever is lower, then such property shall be released forthwith, by an order in **FORM GST DRC-23**, on proof of payment.
- (4) Where ⁶[such person] fails to pay the amount referred to in sub-rule (3) in respect of the said property of perishable or hazardous nature, the Commissioner may dispose of such property and the amount realized thereby shall be adjusted against the tax, interest, penalty, fee or any other amount payable by ⁷[such person].
- (5) Any person whose property is attached may ⁸[file an objection in **FORM GST DRC-22A**] to the effect that the property attached was or is not liable to attachment, and the Commissioner may, after affording an opportunity of being heard to the person filing the objection, release the said property by an order in **FORM GST DRC-23**.
- (6) The Commissioner may, upon being satisfied that the property was, or is no longer liable for attachment, release such property by issuing an order in **FORM GST DRC-23**.

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 01.01.2022 vide Notification No. 40/2021-CT, dt. 29.12.2021.

² Ins. vide Notification No. 52/2023-CT, dt. 26.10.2023.

³ Ins. w.e.f. 01.01.2022 vide Notification No. 40/2021-CT, dt. 29.12.2021.

⁴ Subs. w.e.f. 01.01.2022, for the words “and if the taxable person” vide Notification No. 40/2021-CT, dt. 29.12.2021.

⁵ Subs. w.e.f. 01.01.2022, for the words “by the taxable person” vide Notification No. 40/2021-CT, dt. 29.12.2021.

⁶ Subs. w.e.f. 01.01.2022, for the words “the taxable person” vide Notification No. 40/2021-CT, dt. 29.12.2021.

⁷ Subs. w.e.f. 01.01.2022, for the words “the taxable person” vide Notification No. 40/2021-CT, dt. 29.12.2021.

⁸ Subs. w.e.f. 01.01.2022, for the words, letters and figures “, within seven days of the attachment under sub-rule (1), file an objection” vide Notification No. 40/2021-CT, dt. 29.12.2021.

160. Recovery from company in liquidation.**Sec: 88****Forms: DRC-24**

Where the company is under liquidation as specified in section 88, the Commissioner shall notify the liquidator for the recovery of any amount representing tax, interest, penalty or any other amount due under the Act in **FORM GST DRC-24**.

161. Continuation of certain recovery proceedings.**Sec: 84****Forms: DRC-25**

The ¹[intimation or notice] for the reduction or enhancement of any demand under section 84 shall be issued in **FORM GST DRC-25**.

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 26.12.2022, for the word “order” vide Notification No. 26/2022-CT, dt. 26.12.2022.

CHAPTER XIX

OFFENCES AND PENALTIES

162. Procedure for compounding of offences.

Sec: 138	Forms: CPD-01, CPD-02
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- (1) An applicant may, either before or after the institution of prosecution, make an application under sub-section (1) of section 138 in **FORM GST CPD-01** to the Commissioner for compounding of an offence.
 - (2) On receipt of the application, the Commissioner shall call for a report from the concerned officer with reference to the particulars furnished in the application, or any other information, which may be considered relevant for the examination of such application.
 - (3) The Commissioner, after taking into account the contents of the said application, may, by order in **FORM GST CPD-02**, on being satisfied that the applicant ¹[***] has made full and true disclosure of facts relating to the case, allow the application indicating the compounding amount and grant him immunity from prosecution or reject such application within ninety days of the receipt of the application.
- ²[(3A) The Commissioner shall determine the compounding amount under sub-rule (3) as per the Table below:-

TABLE

S. No.	Offence	Compounding amount if offence is punishable under clause (i) of sub-section (1) of section 132	Compounding amount if offence is punishable under clause (ii) of sub-section (1) of section 132
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1	Offence specified in clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 132 of the Act	Up to seventy-five per cent of the amount of tax evaded or the amount of input tax credit wrongly availed or utilised or the amount of refund wrongly taken, subject to minimum of fifty per cent of such amount of tax evaded or the amount of input tax credit wrongly	Up to sixty per cent of the amount of tax evaded or the amount of input tax credit wrongly availed or utilised or the amount of refund wrongly taken, subject to minimum of forty per cent of such amount of tax evaded or the amount of input tax
2	Offence specified in clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 132 of the Act		
3	Offence specified in clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 132 of the Act		

¹ *Omt*d. w.e.f. 01.10.2023, for words "has co-operated in the proceedings before him and" vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2023; Notification No. 38/2023-CT, dt. 04.08.2023.

² *Ins.* sub-rule (3A) w.e.f. 01.10.2023 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2023; Notification No. 38/2023-CT, dt. 04.08.2023.

S. No.	Offence	Compounding amount if offence is punishable under clause (i) of sub- section (1) of section 132	Compounding amount if offence is punishable under clause (ii) of sub- section (1) of section 132
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
4	Offence specified in clause (e) of sub-section (1) of section 132 of the Act	availed or utilised or the amount of refund wrongly taken.	credit wrongly availed or utilised or the amount of refund wrongly taken.
5	Offence specified in clause (f) of sub-section (1) of section 132 of the Act	Amount equivalent to twenty five per cent of tax evaded.	Amount equivalent to twenty five per cent of tax evaded.
6	Offence specified in clause (h) of sub-section (1) of section 132 of the Act		
7	Offence specified in clause (i) of sub-section (1) of section 132 of the Act		
8	Attempt to commit the offences or abets the commission of offences mentioned in clause (a), (c) to (f) and clauses (h) and (i) of subsection (1) of section 132 of the Act	Amount equivalent to twenty five per cent of such amount of tax evaded or the amount of input tax credit wrongly availed or utilised or the amount of refund wrongly taken.	Amount equivalent to twenty five per cent of such amount of tax evaded or the amount of input tax credit wrongly availed or utilised or the amount of refund wrongly taken.

Provided that where the offence committed by the person falls under more than one category specified in the Table above, the compounding amount, in such case, shall be the amount determined for the offence for which higher compounding amount has been prescribed.]

- (4) The application shall not be decided under sub-rule (3) without affording an opportunity of being heard to the applicant and recording the grounds of such rejection.
- (5) The application shall not be allowed unless the tax, interest and penalty liable to be paid have been paid in the case for which the application has been made.
- (6) The applicant shall, within a period of thirty days from the date of the receipt of the order under sub-rule (3), pay the compounding amount as ordered by the Commissioner and shall furnish the proof of such payment to him.
- (7) In case the applicant fails to pay the compounding amount within the time specified in sub-rule (6), the order made under sub-rule (3) shall be vitiated and be void.

- (8) Immunity granted to a person under sub-rule (3) may, at any time, be withdrawn by the Commissioner, if he is satisfied that such person had, in the course of the compounding proceedings, concealed any material particulars or had given false evidence. Thereupon such person may be tried for the offence with respect to which immunity was granted or for any other offence that appears to have been committed by him in connection with the compounding proceedings and the provisions the Act shall apply as if no such immunity had been granted.]

¹[**163. Consent based sharing of information.**

Sec: 158A	Forms: Nil
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- (1) Where a registered person opts to share the information furnished in—
- (a) FORM GST REG-01 as amended from time to time;
 - (b) return in FORM GSTR-3B for certain tax periods;
 - (c) FORM GSTR-1 for certain tax periods, pertaining to invoices, debit notes and credit notes issued by him, as amended from time to time,

with a system referred to in sub-section (1) of section 158A (hereinafter referred to as “requesting system”), the requesting system shall obtain the consent of the said registered person for sharing of such information and shall communicate the consent along with the details of the tax periods, where applicable, to the common portal.

- (2) The registered person shall give his consent for sharing of information under clause (c) of sub-rule (1) only after he has obtained the consent of all the recipients, to whom he has issued the invoice, credit notes and debit notes during the said tax periods, for sharing such information with the requesting system and where he provides his consent, the consent of such recipients shall be deemed to have been obtained.
- (3) The common portal shall communicate the information referred to in sub-rule (1) with the requesting system on receipt from the said system-
- (a) the consent of the said registered person, and
 - (b) the details of the tax periods or the recipients, as the case may be, in respect of which the information is required.]



¹ Ins. Rule 163 w.e.f. 01.10.2023 vide CGST (II Amendment) Rules, 2023; Notification No. 38/2023-CT, dt. 04.08.2023.



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GST Appellate Tribunal Rules, 2023

Updated as on 01 July 2024

**Adv. (CA) Rakesh Garg
Sandeep Garg, CMA, FCA**

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GST APPELLATE TRIBUNAL RULES RULES, 2023

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GST Appellate Tribunal Rules, 2023 as on 01 July 2024

MINISTRY OF FINANCE (Department of Revenue)

{N. No. G.S.R. 793(E) [F. No A-50050/69/2023-CESTAT-DOR] dated 25th October, 2023}

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 110 read with section 164 of the Central Goods And Services Tax Act, 2017 (12 of 2017) and in supersession of the Goods and Services Tax Appellate Tribunal (Appointment and Conditions of Service of President and Members) Rules, 2019 except as respects things done or omitted to be done before such supersession, the Central Government, on the recommendations of the Council, hereby makes the following rules, namely:-

CHAPTER I

PRELIMINARY

1. Short title, commencement and application.

- (1) These rules may be called the Goods and Services Tax Appellate Tribunal (Appointment and Conditions of Service of President and Members) Rules, 2023.
- (2) They shall come into force on the date of their publication in the Official Gazette.
- (3) These rules shall apply to the President, Judicial Member, Technical Member (Centre) and Technical Member (State) of the Principal Bench and State Bench of Goods and Services Tax Appellate Tribunal.

2. Definitions.

- (1) In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires,—
 - (a) “Act” means the Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 (12 of 2017);
 - (b) “Committee” means the Search-cum-Selection Committee constituted under clause (a) or clause (b) of sub-section (4) of section 110 of the Act;
 - (c) “Form” means a Form appended to these rules;
 - (d) “Member” means a Technical Member (Centre) or Technical Member (State) or Judicial Member of the Goods and Services Tax Appellate Tribunal;
 - (e) “section” means a section of the Act;
 - (f) “Tribunal” means Goods and Services Tax Appellate Tribunal constituted under section 109 of the Act.

(2) Words and expressions used herein and not defined but defined in the Act shall have the same meaning as respectively assigned to them in the Act.

CHAPTER II

APPOINTMENT OF PRESIDENT AND MEMBER

3. Selection for posts of President and Members.

(1) The Committee may cause a vacancy circular to be issued through the Member-Secretary, giving details of the posts of Members proposed to be filled up, including the following—

- (a) number of existing and anticipated vacancies;
- (b) qualifications;
- (c) salary and allowances;
- (d) format for application; and
- (e) last date for filing of applications,

in Form-I after making such modifications as may be deemed fit by the Committee.

(2) The Committee shall scrutinise, or cause to be scrutinised, every application received in response to the circular, against the qualifications and may shortlist such number of eligible candidates for personal interaction as it may deem fit.

(3) For the post of President, the Committee may, either cause a vacancy circular to be issued and call for applications or search for suitable persons eligible for appointment and make an assessment for selection to the post of President.

(4) The Committee shall make its recommendations based on the overall assessment of eligible candidates including assessment through the personal interaction after taking into account the suitability, record of past performance, integrity as well as adjudicating and experience keeping in view the requirements of the Tribunal and shall recommend a panel of two names for every post for which selection is being done in accordance with the provisions of sub – section (6) of section 110 of the Act.

4. Selection for re-appointment.

(1) An application for re-appointment shall be considered in the same manner as that for the original appointment, along with the applications of all other persons in response to the vacancy circular.

(2) While making its assessment for suitability to a post, the Committee shall give additional weightage to persons seeking re-appointment on the basis of their experience in the Tribunal and while doing so, shall take into account, the performance of the person while working as a President or Member in the Tribunal.

5. Medical fitness of President and Members.

(1) No person shall be appointed as President, Judicial Member or Technical Member (Centre) of the Principal Bench or the State Bench of the Tribunal or as Technical Member

(State) of the Principal Bench unless he is declared medically fit by an authority specified by the Central Government in this behalf.

(2) No person shall be appointed as Technical Member (State) of the State Bench of the Tribunal unless he is declared medically fit by an authority specified in this behalf by the State in which the said State Bench is located.

6. Retirement from parent service on appointment as President or Member.

Where, the person appointed as President or Member is a serving Judge of the Supreme Court or a High Court or a serving Member of an organised Service, he shall either resign or obtain voluntary retirement before joining the Tribunal.

CHAPTER III

REMOVAL OF PRESIDENT OR MEMBER

7. Procedure for inquiry into complaints.

(1) Where a written complaint alleging any definite charge of the nature referred to in sub-section (12) of section 110 of the Act in respect of President or Member is received by the Central Government, it shall make a preliminary scrutiny of such complaint.

(2) Where, on preliminary scrutiny, the Central Government is of the opinion that there are reasonable grounds for making an inquiry into the truth of any allegation referred to in sub-rule (1), it shall make a reference to the concerned Committee.

(3) The said Committee shall conduct an inquiry or cause an inquiry to be conducted by a person who is, or has been, a -

(a). Judge of Supreme Court or Chief Justice of a High Court, where the inquiry is against the President; or

(b). Judge of a High Court, where the inquiry is against a Member.

(4) The inquiry shall be completed within such time or such further time as may be specified by the Central Government preferably within six months.

(5) After the conclusion of the inquiry, the Committee shall submit its report to the Central Government stating therein its findings and the reasons thereof on each of the charges separately with such observations on the whole case as it may think fit.

(6) The Committee shall not be bound by the procedure laid down by the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (5 of 1908) but shall be guided by the principles of natural justice and shall have power to regulate its own procedure, including the fixing of date, place and time of its inquiry.

CHAPTER IV

SALARY AND ALLOWANCES

8. Salary.

- (1) The President of the Tribunal shall, be paid a salary of rupees two lakh fifty thousand (fixed) per month.
- (2) The Member shall be paid a salary of rupees two lakh twenty- five thousand per month.
- (3) In case, a person appointed as the President, or Member, is in receipt of any pension, the pay of such person shall be reduced by the gross amount of pension drawn by him.

9. Allowances.

- (1) The President and Member shall be entitled to draw allowances and benefits as are admissible to a Government of India officer holding Group ‘A’ post carrying the same pay.
- (2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-rule (1), the President or Members shall have option to avail of accommodation to be provided by the Central Government as per the rules for the time being in force or shall be eligible for reimbursement of house rent subject to a limit of -
 - (a) rupees one lakh fifty thousand per month in case of President of the Tribunal; and
 - (b) rupees one lakh twenty-five thousand per month in case of Members of the Tribunal.

10. Transport allowance.

The President, or a Member shall be entitled to the facility of staff car for journeys for official and private purposes at the same terms and conditions as applicable to a Government of India officer holding Group ‘A’ post carrying the same pay.

CHAPTER V

PENSION, PROVIDENT FUND, GRATUITY AND LEAVE

11. Pension, Provident Fund and Gratuity.

Pension, Provident Fund and gratuity shall not be admissible for the service rendered in the Tribunal.

12. Leave.

- (1) The President or Member shall be entitled to thirty days of earned leave for every year of service.
- (2) Casual Leave not exceeding eight days may be granted to the President and a Member in a calendar year.
- (3) The payment of leave salary during leave shall be governed by rule 40 of the Central Civil Services (Leave) Rules, 1972.
- (4) The President or Member shall be entitled to encashment of leave in respect of the earned Leave standing to his credit, subject to the condition that maximum leave encashment, including the amount received at the time of retirement from previous service shall not in any case exceed the prescribed limit under the Central Civil Service (Leave) Rules, 1972.
- (5) Leave sanctioning authority for-
 - (a). Member, shall be the President;
 - (b). President or Member in case of absence of President, shall be the Central Government.
- (6) The Central Government shall be the sanctioning authority for foreign travel to the President and Members.

CHAPTER VI

POWERS OF PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT

13. Powers of President.

The President shall exercise the powers of Head of the Department for the purpose of:-

- (a) Delegation of Financial Power Rules, 1978;
- (b) General Financial Rules, 2017;
- (c) Fundamental Rules and Supplementary Rules; and
- (d) Central Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, 1965

14. Powers of Vice-President:

The Vice-President shall exercise the powers of the President provided under section 114 of the Act for the relevant State Benches for the purpose of:-

- (a) allocation of appeals amongst members within a bench under his jurisdiction;
- (b) deciding the appeals to be heard by Single Member as per provisions of the Act;
- (c) transfer of appeals amongst the State Benches within his jurisdiction;
- (d) refer cases under clause (a) of sub-section (9) of section 109 of the Act to a Member in a State Bench within his jurisdiction;
- (e) such other administrative and financial powers as may be assigned by the President by a general or special order.

CHAPTER VII

MISCELLANEOUS

15. Declaration of Financial and other Interests.

The President or the Member shall, before entering upon his office, declare his assets, and his liabilities and financial and other interests.

16. Other conditions of service.

(1) The terms and conditions of service of a President or Member with respect to which no express provision has been made in these rules, shall be such as are admissible to a Government of India officer holding Group ‘A’ post carrying the same pay.

(2) The President, or Member shall not undertake any arbitration assignment while functioning in these capacities in the Tribunal.

(3) The President, or Member of the Tribunal, shall not, for a period of two years from the date on which they cease to hold office, accept any employment in, or connected with the management or administration of, any person who has been a party to a proceeding before the Tribunal:

Provided that nothing contained in this rule shall apply to any employment under the Central Government or a State Government or a local authority or in any statutory authority or any corporation established by or under any Central, State or Provincial Act or a Government company as defined in clause (45) of section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013 (18 of 2013).

17. Oath of office and secrecy.

Every person appointed to be the President, or Member shall, before entering upon his office, make and subscribe an oath of office and secrecy in Form II and Form III annexed to these rules.

18. Power to relax

Where the Central Government is of the opinion that it is necessary or expedient so to do, it may, on the recommendations of the Council, by order and for reasons to be recorded in writing, relax any of the provisions of these rules with respect to any class or category of persons.

19. Interpretation.

If any question arises relating to the interpretation of these rules, the decision of the Central Government thereon, on the recommendations of the Council, shall be final

FORM I
(See rule 3)

[Format for vacancy circular including the format for application]

F. No. _____

Government of India

Ministry of _____

Department of _____

Vacancy Circular

Room No. New Delhi-110001

Dated, the _____

Subject: - Selection for the posts of President/Member in Tribunal-reg.

1. **Tribunal:** - The Goods and Services Tax Appellate Tribunal is an Appellate Authority established under _____ the Central Goods And Services Tax Act, 2017____ to hear various appeals under the_____Act, ____ Principal Bench is situated at New Delhi _____ and its state Benches are situated at _____. A Member, upon selection, may be posted at any of these places.

2. **Vacancy:** - Applications are being invited for the following existing and anticipated vacancies:

Post	Place	Date of Vacancy

3. **Qualification:-** The qualifications, eligibility, salary and other terms and conditions of the appointment of a candidate will be governed by the provisions of the of Central Goods And Services Tax Act, 2017 and Goods and Services Tax Appellate Tribunal (Appointment and Conditions of Service of President and Members) Rules, 2023.

4. **Procedure for selection:** - The Search-Cum-Selection Committee constituted under the clause (a) of subsection 4 of section 110 for the posts of Technical Member (State) of the State Bench and under clause (b) of subsection (4) of the said section of Central Goods And Services Tax Act, 2017 for the posts of President and other Members shall recommend names for appointment to the said post/s and shall scrutinise the applications with respect to suitability of application for the posts by giving due weightage to qualification and experience of candidates and shortlist candidates for conducting personal interaction. The final selection will be done on the basis of overall evaluation of candidates done by the Committee based on the qualification, experience and personal interaction.

5. Application Procedure:- Applications by eligible and willing officers are to be submitted through proper channel(wherever applicable) and should be accompanied with (i) bio-data in the proforma at Annexure-I (ii) Certificate to be furnished by the employer/ head of office/ forwarding authority as in Annexure-II (iii) clear photocopies of the up-to-date CR/APAR dossier of the officer containing CR/APARs of at least last five years duly attested by a Group A officer (iv) cadre clearance (v) integrity certificate/clearance from vigilance and disciplinary angle as in Annexure-III (vi) statement giving details of major or minor penalties, if any, imposed on the officer during the last ten years, to the following address, so as to reach this office latest by.—

[Name and Address]

Applicants can Log on to <https://...> to access the home page of the Online Application to apply (wherever applicable).

6. No TA/DA will be admissible to the candidates to be called for interview/interaction. The candidates are required to make own arrangements.

7. Advertisement and Prescribed application form can be downloaded from Ministry's/Tribunals website (name of the website).

8. Any application received after due date or without necessary Annexure as mentioned above will not be entertained.

Wide publicity may be given in all organizations and their field formations to facilitate early and optimum number of application.

(Name of the Signing Officer)
Under Secretary to the Govt. of India/Director

Annexure-I

PROFORMA

Name :

- 1 Name
- 2 Date of Birth :
- 3 Category (SC/ST/OBC/UR) :
- 4 Designation/Profession :
- 5 Contact Details :

Space for photograph duly signed by candidate

	Residential		Official
	Present	Permanent	
Address:			
Mobile/Phone No.			
Email:			

- 6 Cadre/Service [Wherever applicable] :
- 7 Educational qualification (in reverse chronological order):

Sl. No.	Name of University/ Equivalent Institution	Degree	Year of passing	Division/ % of marks obtained	Academic Distinction	Subject/ Specialization

- 8 Work Experience:

8A. For the experience as employee, Employment record in chronological order starting with present Employment, list in reverse:

- (a) For the post of Technical Member (Centre) and Technical Member (State) .

Sl. No.	Name & address of employer (Govt./PSU/Ministry/Department/any other)	Designation, Pay or Scale of pay (Pay in Pay Matrix)	Period of Service	Nature of work/experience*	Whether the said service is Group A or equivalent to Group A
			From	To	

- * Please specify whether the said work involves administration of an existing law (as defined in clause (48) of section (2) of the Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017) or the goods and services tax in the Central Government in respect of post of Technical Member (Centre) or whether the work involves administration of an existing law or the goods and services tax or in the field of finance and taxation in the State Government in respect of post of Technical Member (State).

Also specify whether the said works involves judicial/ quasi-judicial functions.

(b) For the post of President and Judicial Member

Sl. No.	Name & address of employer (Govt./Court/any other)	Designation, Pay or Scale of pay (Pay in Pay Matrix)	Period of Service		Nature of work/experience*
			From	To	

- Please specify whether the said work involves Judicial or Quasi-Judicial /Criminal/Civil /Taxation/Company Affairs/or any other as may be applicable.
8. Write up on adjudicating experience : of the applicant (200 words)
[Wherever applicable]
9. Mention :
- a. Whether minimum three years of experience is there : (Yes/No. If yes, provide details thereof)

in the administration of an existing law or goods and services tax in the Central Government for the post of Technical Member (Centre)
 - b. Whether minimum three years of experience is there : (Yes/No. If yes, provide details thereof)

in the administration of an existing law or goods and services tax or in the field of finance and taxation in the State Government for the post of Technical Member (State)
 - c. Any experience in handling such cases involving : (Brief Writeup)

interpretation of goods and services tax law or an existing law for the posts of Judicial Member
12. Write up on 05, major achievement:
(200 words each)
13. Awards/honours/Publications, if any :
14. Affiliation with the professional bodies/
Institutions/societies/or any other body
Including political party.
15. Additional information, if any, which :

You would like to mention in support of the application for the post.

DECLARATION

1. I certify that the foregoing information is correct and complete to the best of knowledge and belief and nothing has been concealed/distorted. If at any time I found to have concealed/distorted any material information; my appointment shall be liable to summary termination without notice.
2. I shall not withdraw my candidature after the meeting of the Selection Committee.
3. I shall not decline the appointment, if selected for appointment by the Appointment Committee of Cabinet.
4. I shall join within 30 days from the date of issue of order of appointment.
5. I am aware that in case I violate any of the conditions mentioned at SI.No.2 to 4, the Government of India is likely to debar me for a period of three years for consideration for appointment outside the cadre and in any Autonomous Body/Statutory Body/Regulatory Body.

Date

Place

Signature of the Candidate

Annexure-II

CERTIFICATE TO BE FURNISHED BY THE EMPLOYER/HEAD OF OFFICE/FORWARDING AUTHORITY

1. Certified that the particular furnished by Shri/Smt/Kum are correct and he/she possesses educational qualifications and experience mentioned in Annexure-I.
2. It is also certified that there is no vigilance/ disciplinary case either pending or being contemplated against him/her and vigilance clearance issued by competent Authority in the enclosed Annexure (III).
3. His/her integrity is certified.
4. No major or minor penalty was imposed on Shri/Smt/Kum during the last 10 years period.
5. The up-to-date attested Photostat copies of Annual Confidential Report/Annual Performance Appraisal Report of last 5years (each Photostat copy of Annual Confidential Report/Annual Performance Appraisal Report should be attested) in respect of Shri/Smt/Kum--
-----are enclosed herewith.

Seal & Signature of the cadre controlling Authority

Annexure-III

PARTICULARS OF THE OFFICERS FOR WHOM VIGILANCE CLEARANCE IS BEING SOUGHT

(To be furnished and signed by the competent authority or HOD)

1. Name of the Officer (in full) :
2. Father's name :
3. Date of Birth :
4. Date of Retirement :
5. Date of entry into service :
6. Service to which the officer belongs including batch /year/ cadre etc. , wherever applicable :
7. Positions held (During ten preceding years) :

S. No	Organisation (name in full)	Designation & Place of Posting	Administrative/ Nodal Ministry/Department concerned (in case of officers of PSUs etc.)	From	To

8. Whether the officer has been placed on the agreed list or list of Officer of Doubtful Integrity (if yes, details to be given) :
9. Whether any allegation of misconduct : Involving vigilance angle was examined against the officer during the last 10 Years and if so with what result (*)
10. Whether any punishment was awarded to the officer during the last 10 years and if so, the date of imposition and details of penalty (*) :
11. Is any disciplinary/ criminal proceedings or charge sheet pending against the officer as on date (if so, details to be furnished) :
12. Is any action contemplated against the : Officer as on date (if so, details to be furnished (*)

(*) If vigilance clearance had been obtained in the past, the information may be provided for the period thereafter,

Date:

(NAME AND SIGNATURE)

FORM II
*(See rule 17)***Form of Oath of Office for President/ Member**

I, A. B., having been appointed as President/Member of the Goods and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, do solemnly affirm/do swear in the name of God that I will faithfully and conscientiously discharge my duties as the President/ Member of the Appellate Tribunal to the best of my ability, knowledge and judgment, without fear or favour, affection or ill-will.

FORM III
*(See rule 17)***Form of Oath of Secrecy for President/Member**

I, A. B., having been appointed as the President/Member of the Goods and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal, do solemnly affirm/do swear in the name of God that I will not directly or indirectly communicate or reveal to any person or persons any matter which shall be brought under my consideration or shall become known to me as President/ Member of the Appellate Tribunal except as may be required for the due discharge of my duties as the President/Member.

[F. No A-50050/69/2023-CESTAT-DOR]

Manoj Kumar Singh, Director.





Adv. (CA) Rakesh Garg Sandeep Garg, CMA, FCA

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IGST Act, 2017

Updated as on 01 July 2024

Incorporating

Section wise

***Tracker of rules,
notifications, orders
and circulars***

**Adv. (CA) Rakesh Garg
Sandeep Garg, CMA, FCA**

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Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 as on 01 July 2024

MINISTRY OF LAW AND JUSTICE (Legislative Department)

New Delhi, the 12th April, 2017/Chaitra 22, 1939 (Saka)

The following Act of Parliament received the assent of the President on the 12th April, 2017,
and is hereby published for general information:—

THE INTEGRATED GOODS AND SERVICES TAX ACT, 2017 NO. 13 OF 2017

[12th April, 2017.]

An Act to make a provision for levy and collection of tax on inter-State supply of goods or services or both by the Central Government and for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto.

BE it enacted by Parliament in the Sixty-eighth Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

CHAPTER I PRELIMINARY

1. Short title, extent and commencement.

- (1) This Act may be called the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017.
- (2) It shall extend to the whole of India ¹[omitted].
- (3) It shall come into force on such date as the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint:

Provided that different dates may be appointed for different provisions of this Act and any reference in any such provision to the commencement of this Act shall be construed as a reference to the coming into force of that provision.

¹ *Omtd. w.e.f. 08.07.2017 the words “except the State of Jammu and Kashmir” by IGST (Extension to Jammu and Kashmir) Act, 2017, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 24.08.2017.*

A. Section 1 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification / Date	Contents
1.	01/2017 – IT, dt. 19.06.2017	Brings into force sec 1 of the IGST Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 22.06.2017
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
NIL		
F. Instructions		
NIL		

2. Definitions.

In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires,—

- (1) “Central Goods and Services Tax Act” means the Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017;
- (2) “central tax” means the tax levied and collected under the Central Goods and Services Tax Act;
- (3) “continuous journey” means a journey for which a single or more than one ticket or invoice is issued at the same time, either by a single supplier of service or through an agent acting on behalf of more than one supplier of service, and which involves no stopover between any of the legs of the journey for which one or more separate tickets or invoices are issued.

*Explanation.—*For the purposes of this clause, the term “stopover” means a place where a passenger can disembark either to transfer to another conveyance or break his journey for a certain period in order to resume it at a later point of time;

- (4) “customs frontiers of India” means the limits of a customs area as defined in section 2 of the Customs Act, 1962; (52 of 1962)
- (5) “export of goods” with its grammatical variations and cognate expressions, means taking goods out of India to a place outside India;
- (6) “export of services” means the supply of any service when,—
 - (i) the supplier of service is located in India;

- (ii) the recipient of service is located outside India;
 - (iii) the place of supply of service is outside India;
 - (iv) the payment for such service has been received by the supplier of service in convertible foreign exchange ¹[or in Indian rupees wherever permitted by the Reserve Bank of India]; and
 - (v) the supplier of service and the recipient of service are not merely establishments of a distinct person in accordance with Explanation 1 in section 8;
- (7) “fixed establishment” means a place (other than the registered place of business) which is characterised by a sufficient degree of permanence and suitable structure in terms of human and technical resources to supply services or to receive and use services for its own needs;
- (8) “Goods and Services Tax (Compensation to States) Act” means the Goods and Services Tax (Compensation to States) Act, 2017;
- (9) “Government” means the Central Government;
- (10) “import of goods” with its grammatical variations and cognate expressions, means bringing goods into India from a place outside India;
- (11) “import of services” means the supply of any service, where—
 - (i) the supplier of service is located outside India;
 - (ii) the recipient of service is located in India; and
 - (iii) the place of supply of service is in India;
- (12) “integrated tax” means the integrated goods and services tax levied under this Act;
- (13) “intermediary” means a broker, an agent or any other person, by whatever name called, who arranges or facilitates the supply of goods or services or both, or securities, between two or more persons, but does not include a person who supplies such goods or services or both or securities on his own account;
- (14) “location of the recipient of services” means,—
 - (a) where a supply is received at a place of business for which the registration has been obtained, the location of such place of business;
 - (b) where a supply is received at a place other than the place of business for which registration has been obtained (a fixed establishment elsewhere), the location of such fixed establishment;
 - (c) where a supply is received at more than one establishment, whether the place of business or fixed establishment, the location of the establishment most directly concerned with the receipt of the supply; and

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide Notification No. 1/2019-IT, dt. 29.01.2019) by IGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018.

- (d) in absence of such places, the location of the usual place of residence of the recipient;
- (15) “location of the supplier of services” means,—
- (a) where a supply is made from a place of business for which the registration has been obtained, the location of such place of business;
 - (b) where a supply is made from a place other than the place of business for which registration has been obtained (a fixed establishment elsewhere), the location of such fixed establishment;
 - (c) where a supply is made from more than one establishment, whether the place of business or fixed establishment, the location of the establishment most directly concerned with the provision of the supply; and
 - (d) in absence of such places, the location of the usual place of residence of the supplier;
- ¹[(16) “non-taxable online recipient” means any unregistered person receiving online information and database access or retrieval services located in taxable territory.
- Explanation.—For the purposes of this clause, the expression “unregistered person” includes a person registered solely in terms of clause (vi) of section 24 of the Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017.]*
- (17) “online information and database access or retrieval services” means services whose delivery is mediated by information technology over the internet or an electronic network and the nature of which renders their supply ²[***] impossible to ensure in the absence of information technology and includes electronic services such as,—
- (i) advertising on the internet;
 - (ii) providing cloud services;
 - (iii) provision of e-books, movie, music, software and other intangibles through telecommunication networks or internet;

¹ Subs. clause 16 w.e.f. 01.10.2023 (vide Notification No. 28/2023-CT, dt. 31.07.2023) by the Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023) (s.160) enacted on 31.03.2023. Formerly, it read as:

“(16) “non-taxable online recipient” means any Government, local authority, governmental authority, an individual or any other person not registered and receiving online information and database access or retrieval services in relation to any purpose other than commerce, industry or any other business or profession, located in taxable territory.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this clause, the expression “governmental authority” means an authority or a board or any other body,—

(i) set up by an Act of Parliament or a State Legislature; or
(ii) established by any Government,

with ninety per cent. or more participation by way of equity or control, to carry out any function entrusted *{to a Panchayat under article 243G or} to a municipality under article 243W of the Constitution;”

*Earlier ins. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide Notification No. 1/2019-IT, dt. 29.01.2019) by IGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018.

² Omtl. w.e.f. 01.10.2023 (vide Notification No. 28/2023-CT, dt. 31.07.2023) by the Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023) (s.160) enacted on 31.03.2023. Formerly it read as: “essentially automated and involving minimal human intervention and”.

- (iv) providing data or information, retrievable or otherwise, to any person in electronic form through a computer network;
 - (v) online supplies of digital content (movies, television shows, music and the like);
 - (vi) digital data storage; and
- ¹[(vii) online gaming, excluding the online money gaming as defined in clause (80B) of section 2 of the Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017;]
- (18) “output tax”, in relation to a taxable person, means the integrated tax chargeable under this Act on taxable supply of goods or services or both made by him or by his agent but excludes tax payable by him on reverse charge basis;
- (19) “Special Economic Zone” shall have the same meaning as assigned to it in clause (za) of section 2 of the Special Economic Zones Act, 2005 (28 of 2005);
- (20) “Special Economic Zone developer” shall have the same meaning as assigned to it in clause (g) of section 2 of the Special Economic Zones Act, 2005 (28 of 2005) and includes an Authority as defined in clause (d) and a Co-Developer as defined in clause (f) of section 2 of the said Act;
- (21) “supply” shall have the same meaning as assigned to it in section 7 of the Central Goods and Services Tax Act;
- (22) “taxable territory” means the territory to which the provisions of this Act apply;
- (23) “zero-rated supply” shall have the meaning assigned to it in section 16;
- (24) words and expressions used and not defined in this Act but defined in the Central Goods and Services Tax Act, the Union Territory Goods and Services Tax Act and the Goods and Services Tax (Compensation to States) Act shall have the same meaning as assigned to them in those Acts;
- (25) any reference in this Act to a law which is not in force in the State of Jammu and Kashmir, shall, in relation to that State be construed as a reference to the corresponding law, if any, in force in that State.

A. Section 2 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification / Date	Contents
1.	01/2017 – IT, dt. 19.06.2017	Brings into force sec 2 of the IGST Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 22.06.2017

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.10.2023 (vide Notification No. 2/2023-IT, dt. 29.09.2023) by IGST (Amendment) Act, 2023 (31 of 2023) dt. 18.08.2023. Formerly, it read as: “(vii) online gaming;”.

2.	<i>IGST (Amendment) Act, 2018 (32 of 2018), dt. 29.08.2018 read with N. No. 1/2019 – IT, dt. 29.01.2019</i>	<i>Amendment in sub-clause (iv) to clause (6) & Explanation to clause 16 to sec 2 w.e.f. 01.02.2019</i>
3.	<i>Finance Act, 2023, (8 of 2023), dt. 31.03.2023 read with N. No.28/2023 – CT, dt. 31.07.2023</i>	<i>Amendment in sub-sections (16) and (17) to sec 2 w.e.f. 01.10.2023 [Sec 160 of the Finance Act, 2023]</i>
4.	<i>IGST (Amendment) Act, 2023 (31 of 2023), dt. 18.08.2023 read with N. No. 02/2023 – IT, dt. 29.09.2023</i>	<i>Amendment in sub-section (17) to sec 2 w.e.f. 01.10.2023</i>

C. Rule related Notifications

NIL

D. Orders

NIL

E. Circulars

S.No.	<i>Circular / Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	<i>2/1/2017 – IGST, dt. 27.09.2017</i>	<i>Clarification on supply of satellite launch services by ANTRIX Corporation Ltd.</i>
2.	<i>78/2018 – GST, dt. 31.12.2018</i>	<i>Clarification on export of services under GST</i>
3.	<i>88/2019 – GST, dt. 01.02.2019</i>	<i>Makes amendments in the earlier issued circulars in wake of amendments in the CGST Act (which shall come into force w.e.f. 01.02.2019)</i>
4.	<i>107/2019 – GST, dt. 18.07.2019</i>	<i>Clarifies various doubts related to supply of Information Technology enabled Services (ITeS services)</i>
5.	<i>108/2019 – GST, dt. 18.07.2019</i>	<i>Clarifies issues regarding procedure to be followed in respect of goods sent / taken out of India for exhibition or on consignment basis for export promotion</i>
6.	<i>127/2019 – GST, dt. 04.12.2019</i>	<i>Withdraws, ab-initio, the Circular No. 107/26/2019 dated 18.07.2019</i>
7.	<i>159/15/2021-GST, dt. 20.09.2021</i>	<i>Clarification on doubts related to scope of “Intermediary”</i>

8.	161/17/2021-GST, dt. 20.09.2021	<i>Clarification relating to export of services-condition (v) of section 2(6) of the IGST Act 2017</i>
9.	202/14/2023-GST, dt. 27.10.2023	<i>Clarification relating to export of services – sub-clause (iv) of the Section 2 (6) of the IGST Act 2017</i>
<i>F. Instructions</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		

CHAPTER II

ADMINISTRATION

3. Appointment of officers.

The Board may appoint such central tax officers as it thinks fit for exercising the powers under this Act.

A. Section 3 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>NIL</i>		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification / Date	Contents
1.	01/2017 – IT, dt. 19.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 3 of the IGST Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 22.06.2017</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
<i>NIL</i>		
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		
E. Circulars		
S.No.	Circular / Date	Contents
1.	31/2018 – GST, dt. 09.02.2018	<i>Proper officer under sections 73 and 74 of the CGST Act and under the IGST Act</i>
F. Instructions		
<i>NIL</i>		

4. Authorisation of officers of State tax or Union territory tax as proper officer in certain circumstances.

Without prejudice to the provisions of this Act, the officers appointed under the State Goods and Services Tax Act or the Union Territory Goods and Services Tax Act are authorised to be the proper officers for the purposes of this Act, subject to such exceptions and conditions as the Government shall, on the recommendations of the Council, by notification, specify.

A. Section 4 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>NIL</i>		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification / Date	Contents
1.	03/2017 – IT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 4 of the IGST Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>

2.	<i>11/2017 – IT, dt. 13.10.2017</i>	<i>Cross-empowers State Tax officers for processing and grant of refund</i>
3.	<i>01/2018 – IT, dt. 23.01.2018</i>	<i>Amendment of N. No. 11/2017-IT dated 13.10.2017 for cross-empowerment of State tax officers for processing and grant of refund</i>
<i>C. Rule related Notifications</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		
<i>D. Orders</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		
<i>E. Circulars</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		
<i>F. Instructions</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		

CHAPTER III

LEVY AND COLLECTION OF TAX

5. Levy and collection.

(1) Subject to the provisions of sub-section (2), there shall be levied a tax called the integrated goods and services tax on all inter-State supplies of goods or services or both, except on the supply of alcoholic liquor for human consumption, on the value determined under section 15 of the Central Goods and Services Tax Act and at such rates, not exceeding forty per cent., as may be notified by the Government on the recommendations of the Council and collected in such manner as may be prescribed and shall be paid by the taxable person:

Provided that the integrated tax on goods ¹[other than the goods as may be notified by the Government on the recommendations of the Council] imported into India shall be levied and collected in accordance with the provisions of section 3 of the Customs Tariff Act, 1975 (51 of 1975) on the value as determined under the said Act at the point when duties of customs are levied on the said goods under section 12 of the Customs Act, 1962 (52 of 1962).

- (2) The integrated tax on the supply of petroleum crude, high speed diesel, motor spirit (commonly known as petrol), natural gas and aviation turbine fuel shall be levied with effect from such date as may be notified by the Government on the recommendations of the Council.
- (3) The Government may, on the recommendations of the Council, by notification, specify categories of supply of goods or services or both, the tax on which shall be paid on reverse charge basis by the recipient of such goods or services or both and all the provisions of this Act shall apply to such recipient as if he is the person liable for paying the tax in relation to the supply of such goods or services or both.
- ²[(4) The Government may, on the recommendations of the Council, by notification, specify a class of registered persons who shall, in respect of supply of specified categories of goods or services or both received from an unregistered supplier, pay the tax on reverse charge basis as the recipient of such supply of goods or services or both, and all the provisions of this Act shall apply to such recipient as if he is the person liable for paying the tax in relation to such supply of goods or services or both.]

¹ *Ins. w.e.f. 01.10.2023 (vide Notification No. 2/2023-IT, dt. 29.09.2023) by IGST (Amendment) Act, 2023 (31 of 2023) dt. 18.08.2023.*

² *Subs. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide Notification No. 1/2019-IT, dt. 29.01.2019) sub-section (4) by IGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018. Formerly, it read as:*

“(4) The integrated tax in respect of the supply of taxable goods or services or both by a supplier, who is not registered, to a registered person shall be paid by such person on reverse charge basis as the recipient and all the provisions of this Act shall apply to such recipient as if he is the person liable for paying the tax in relation to the supply of such goods or services or both.”

- (5) The Government may, on the recommendations of the Council, by notification, specify categories of services, the tax on inter-State supplies of which shall be paid by the electronic commerce operator if such services are supplied through it, and all the provisions of this Act shall apply to such electronic commerce operator as if he is the supplier liable for paying the tax in relation to the supply of such services:

Provided that where an electronic commerce operator does not have a physical presence in the taxable territory, any person representing such electronic commerce operator for any purpose in the taxable territory shall be liable to pay tax:

Provided further that where an electronic commerce operator does not have a physical presence in the taxable territory and also does not have a representative in the said territory, such electronic commerce operator shall appoint a person in the taxable territory for the purpose of paying tax and such person shall be liable to pay tax.

A. Section 5 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification / Date	Contents
1.	01/2017 – IT (R), dt. 28.06.2017 and subsequent amendments thereto	Rates of tax on supply of goods under IGST Act
2.	03/2017 – IT, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 5 of the IGST Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 01.07.2017
3.	04/2017 – IT (R), dt. 28.06.2017, Corrigendum 30.06.2017	Reverse charge on certain specified supplies of goods under sec 5(3)
4.	08/2017 – IT (R), dt. 28.06.2017 and subsequent amendments thereto	Rates of tax on supply of services under IGST Act
5.	10/2017 – IT (R), dt. 28.06.2017, Corrigendum 25.09.2017	Categories of services on which tax will be payable under reverse charge mechanism under IGST Act
6.	14/2017 – IT (R), dt. 28.06.2017	Categories of services the tax on intra-State supplies of which shall be paid by the electronic commerce operator under sec 5(5)
7.	22/2017 – IT (R), dt. 22.08.2017	Amends N. No. 10/2017-IT (R) to amend RCM provisions for GTA and to insert explanation for LLP
8.	23/2017 – IT (R), dt. 22.08.2017	Amends N. No. 14/2017-IT (R) to make ECO responsible under sec 5(5) for payment of GST on services provided by way of house-keeping such as plumbing, carpentering etc.

9.	32/2017 – IT (R), dt. 13.10.2017	<i>Exempts payment of tax under sec 5(4) of the IGST Act on all supplies received from unregistered suppliers till 31.03.2018</i>
10.	34/2017 – IT (R), dt. 13.10.2017	<i>Amends N. No. 10/2017-IT (R), RCM under sec 5(3), regarding services provided by Overseeing Committee members to RBI</i>
11.	37/2017 – IT (R), dt. 13.10.2017	<i>Amends N. No. 4/2017-IT (R), RCM under sec 9(3) on supply of goods</i>
12.	38/2017 – IT (R), dt. 13.10.2017	<i>Prescribes IGST rate on supply or leasing of motor vehicles, purchased or leased before 01.07.2017 – Applicable up to 1 July 2020</i>
13.	40/2017 – IT (R), dt. 18.10.2017	<i>Prescribes IGST rate of 2.5% on Food preparations put up in unit containers and intended for free distribution to economically weaker sections of the society under a programme duly approved by the Central Government or any State Government</i>
14.	45/2017 – IT (R), dt. 14.11.2017	<i>Amends N. No. 4/2017-IT (R) dated 28.06.2017 - Reverse charge on raw cotton</i>
15.	03/2018 – IT (R), dt. 25.01.2018	<i>Amends N. No. 10/2017-IT (R) so as to specify services supplied by the Central Government, State Government, Union territory or local authority by way of renting of immovable property to a registered person under CGST Act, to be taxed under Reverse Charge Mechanism (RCM)</i>
16.	09/2018 – IT (R), dt. 25.01.2018	<i>Concessional rate of GST on old and used vehicles</i>
17.	11/2018 – IT (R), dt. 23.03.2018	<i>Exempts payment of tax under section 5(4) of the IGST Act till 30.06.2018</i>
18.	12/2018 – IT (R), dt. 28.05.2018	<i>Amends N. No. 04/2017-IT (R) dated 28.06.2017 so as to notify levy of Priority Sector Lending Certificate (PSLC) under Reverse Charge Mechanism (RCM)</i>
19.	13/2018 – IT (R), dt. 29.06.2018	<i>Exempts payment of tax under sec 5(4) of the IGST Act, 2017 till 30.09.2018</i>
20.	16/2018 – IT (R), dt. 26.07.2018	<i>Amends N. No. 10/2017-IT (R) dated 28.06.2017 so as to specify services supplied by individual Direct Selling Agents (DSAs) to banks/ non-banking financial company (NBFCs) to be taxed under RCM</i>
21.	23/2018 – IT (R), dt. 06.08.2018	<i>Exempts payment of tax under section 5(4) of the IGST Act, 2017 till 30.09.2019</i>

22.	30/2018 – IT (R), dt. 31.12.2018	<i>Amends N. No. 10/2017-IT (R) dated 28.06.2017 so as to specify services to be taxed under Reverse Charge Mechanism (RCM) as recommended by GST Council in its 31st meeting held on 22.12.2018</i>
23.	01/2019 – IT (R), dt. 29.01.2019	<i>Rescinding N. No. 32/2017-IT (R) dated 13.10.2017 in view of bringing into effect the amendments (regarding RCM on supplies by unregistered persons) in the GST Acts</i>
24.	<i>IGST (Amendment) Act, 2018 (32 of 2018), dt. 29.08.2018 read with 01/2019 – IT, dt. 29.01.2019</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 5(4) w.e.f. 01.02.2019</i>
25.	05/2019 – IT (R), dt. 29.03.2019	<i>Amends N. No. 10/2017-IT (R) dated 28.06.2017 so as to specify services to be taxed under Reverse Charge Mechanism (RCM) as recommended by GST Council for real estate sector</i>
26.	07/2019 – IT (R), dt. 29.03.2019	<i>Notifies certain services to be taxed under RCM under sec 5(4) of IGST Act as recommended by GST Council for real estate sector</i>
27.	21/2019 – IT (R), dt. 30.09.2019	<i>Amends N. No. 10/2017-IT (R) dated 28.06.2017 so as to notify certain services under reverse charge mechanism (RCM) as recommended by GST Council in its 37th meeting held on 20.09.2019</i>
28.	22/2019 – IT (R), dt. 30.09.2019	<i>Amends N. No. 04/2018-IT (R), dated 25.01.2018, by adding an explanation on the applicability of provisions related to supply of development rights</i>
29.	23/2019 – IT (R), dt. 30.09.2019	<i>Amends N. No. 07/2019-IT (R) dated 29.03.2019, by amending the entry related to cement</i>
30.	28/2019 – IT (R), dt. 31.12.2019	<i>Amends N. No. 10/2017-IT (R) so as to notify certain services under RCM as recommended by GST Council in its 38th meeting held on 18.12.2019</i>
31.	02/2020 – IT (R), dt. 26.03.2020	<i>Amends N. No. 8/2017-IT (R) dt. 28.06.2017 reducing IGST rate on Maintenance, Repair and Overhaul (MRO) services in respect of aircraft from 18% to 5% with full ITC</i>
32.	<i>Finance Act, 2020 (Act No. 12 of 2020) (s.135), dt. 27.03.2020</i>	<i>Specifying GST Rates from 01.04.2017 to the specified periods in respect of Fishmeal (HSN 2301), pulley, wheels & other parts (HSN 8483) and used as parts of agricultural machinery (HSN 8432, 8433 and 8436) by amending N. No. 1/2017-IT (R) dated 28.06.2017; and refund in respect of these goods for such period</i>
33.	01/2021 – IT (R), dt. 02.06.2021	<i>Amends N. No. 1/2017-IT (R) to prescribe change in CGST rate of goods</i>

34.	02/2021 – IT (R), dt. 02.06.2021	<i>Amends N. No. 08/2017-IT (R) so as to notify CGST rates of various services as recommended by GST Council in its 43rd meeting held on 28.05.2021</i>
35.	04/2021 – IT (R), dt. 14.06.2021	<i>Amends N. No. 08/2017-IT (R) so as to notify GST rates of various services as recommended by GST Council in its 44th meeting held on 12.06.2021</i>
36.	06/2021 – IT (R), dt. 30.09.2021	<i>Amends N. No. 08/2017-IT (R) so as to notify CGST rates of various services as recommended by GST Council in its 45th meeting held on 17.09.2021</i>
37.	08/2021 – IT (R), dt. 30.09.2021	<i>Amends N. No. 1/2017-IT(R)</i>
38.	10/2021 – IT (R), dt. 30.09.2021	<i>Amends N. No. 4/2017-IT(R)</i>
39.	13/2021 – IT (R), dt. 27.10.2021	<i>Amends N. No 1/2017-IT(R) dt. 28.06.2017</i>
40.	14/2021 – IT (R), dt. 18.11.2021	<i>Amends N. No. 01/2021-IT(R) dt. 28.06.2017</i>
41.	15/2021 – IT (R), dt. 18.11.2021	<i>Amends N. No 8/2017-IT(R) dt. 28.06.2017</i>
42.	17/2021 – IT (R), dt. 18.11.2021	<i>Amends N. No 14/2017-IT(R) dt. 28.06.2017</i>
43.	18/2021 – IT (R), dt. 28.12.2021	<i>Amends N. No 1/2017-IT(R) DT. 28.06.2017</i>
44.	21/2021 – IT (R), dt. 31.12.2021	<i>Supersedes notification 15/2021-IT(R), dt. 18.11.2021 and amend N. No. 8/2017-IT (R) dated 28.06.2017</i>
45.	22/2021 – IT (R), dt. 31.12.2021	<i>Supersedes notification 14/2021-IT(R), dt. 18.11.2021 and amend N. No. 1/2017-IT(R), dt. 28.06.2017</i>
46.	01/2022 – IT (R), dt. 31.03.2022	<i>Amends N. No 1/2017-IT(R), dt. 28.06.2017</i>
47.	02/2022 – IT (R), dt. 31.03.2022	<i>Provides for a concessional rate on inter state supply of bricks conditional to not availing the ITC , as recommended by 45 GSTC</i>
48.	03/2022-IT(R), dt. 13.07.2022	<i>Amends N. No. 8/2017-IT(R), dt. 28.06.2017</i>
49.	05/2022-IT(R), dt. 13.07.2022	<i>Amends N. No. 10/2017-IT(R), dt. 28.06.2017</i>
50.	06/2022-IT(R), dt. 13.07.2022	<i>Amends N. No. 1/2017-IT(R), dt. 28.06.2017</i>
51.	12/2022-IT(R), dt. 30.12.2022	<i>Amends N. No. 1/2017-IT(R), dt. 28.06.2017</i>
52.	14/2022-IT(R), dt. 30.12.2022	<i>Amends N. No. 4/2017-IT(R), dt. 28.06.2017</i>
53.	02/2023-IT(R), dt. 28.02.2023	<i>Amends N. No. 10/2017-IT(R) so as to notify change in GST with regards to services as recommended by GST Council in its 49th meeting held on 18.02.2023</i>
54.	03/2023-IT(R), dt. 28.02.2023	<i>Amends N. No. 1/2017-IT(R), dt. 28.06.2017</i>
55.	05/2023-IT(R), dt. 09.05.2023	<i>Amends N. No. 08/2017-IT(R), dt. 28.06.2017 so as to extend last date for exercise of option by GTA to pay GST under forward charge</i>

56.	06/2023-IT(R), dt. 26.07.2023	<i>Amends N. No. 08/2017-IT(R) so as to notify change in GST with regards to services as recommended by GST Council in its 50th meeting held on 11.07.2023</i>
57.	08/2023-IT(R), dt. 26.07.2023	<i>Amends N. No. 10/2017-IT(R) so as to notify change in GST with regards to services as recommended by GST Council in its 50th meeting held on 11.07.2023</i>
58.	09/2023-IT(R), dt. 26.07.2023	<i>Amends N. No. 01/2017-IT(R) to implement the decisions of 50th GST Council</i>
59.	<i>IGST (Amendment) Act, 2023 (31 of 2023), dt. 18.08.2023 read with N. No. 02/2023 – IT, dt. 29.09.2023</i>	<i>Amendment in sub-section (1) to sec 5 w.e.f. 01.10.2023</i>
60.	03/2023 – IT, dt. 29.09.2023	<i>Notifies the supply of online money gaming as the supply of goods on import of which, integrated tax shall be levied and collected under sub-section (1) of section 5 of the IGST Act, 2017</i>
61.	11/2023-IT(R), dt. 26.09.2023	<i>Amends N. No. 8/2017-IT(R), dt. 28.06.2017 to implement decisions of the 50th GST Council</i>
62.	13/2023-IT(R), dt. 26.09.2023	<i>Amends N. No. 10/2017-IT(R), dt. 28.06.2017 to implement decisions of the 50th GST Council</i>
63.	14/2023-IT(R), dt. 29.09.2023	<i>Amends N. No. 01/2017-IT(R), dt. 28.06.2017</i>
64.	15/2023-IT(R), dt. 19.10.2023	<i>Amends N. No. 8/2017-IT(R), dt. 28.06.2017</i>
65.	17/2023-IT(R), dt. 19.10.2023	<i>Amends N. No. 10/2017-IT(R), dt. 28.06.2017</i>
66.	19/2023-IT(R), dt. 19.10.2023	<i>Amends N. No. 14/2017-IT(R), dt. 28.06.2017</i>
67.	20/2023-IT(R), dt. 19.10.2023	<i>Amends N. No. 01/2017-IT(R), dt. 28.06.2017</i>
68.	22/2023-IT(R), dt. 19.10.2023	<i>Amends N. No. 04/2017-IT(R), dt. 28.06.2017</i>
69.	<i>01/2024-IT(R), dt. 03.01.2024, Corrigendum dt. 05.01.2024</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 01/2017-IT(R), dt. 28.06.2017</i>

C. Rule related Notifications

NIL

D. Orders

NIL

E. Circulars

S.No.	<i>Circular / Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	<i>1/1/2017 – IGST, dt. 07.07.2017</i>	<i>Clarification on inter-state movement of various modes of conveyance, carrying goods or passengers or for repairs and maintenance</i>

2.	<i>21/21/2017 – GST, dt. 22.11.2017</i>	<i>Inter-state movement of rigs, tools and spares, and all goods on wheels [like cranes]</i>
3.	<i>32/06/2018 – GST, dt. 12.02.2018</i>	<i>Clarifications regarding GST in respect of certain services as decided in 25th GST Council meeting</i>
4.	<i>3/1/2018 – IGST, dt. 25.05.2018</i>	<i>Applicability of integrated tax on goods supplied while being deposited in a customs bonded warehouse</i>
5.	<i>4/1/2019 – IGST, dt. 01.02.2019</i>	<i>Rescinding of Circular No. 3/1/2018-IGST dt. 25.05.2018</i>
6.	<i>140/2020 – GST, dt. 10.06.2020</i>	<i>Clarification in respect of levy of GST on Director's Remuneration</i>
F. Instructions		
NIL		

6. Power to grant exemption from tax.

- (1) Where the Government is satisfied that it is necessary in the public interest so to do, it may, on the recommendations of the Council, by notification, exempt generally, either absolutely or subject to such conditions as may be specified therein, goods or services or both of any specified description from the whole or any part of the tax leviable thereon with effect from such date as may be specified in such notification.
- (2) Where the Government is satisfied that it is necessary in the public interest so to do, it may, on the recommendations of the Council, by special order in each case, under circumstances of an exceptional nature to be stated in such order, exempt from payment of tax any goods or services or both on which tax is leviable.
- (3) The Government may, if it considers necessary or expedient so to do for the purpose of clarifying the scope or applicability of any notification issued under sub-section (1) or order issued under sub-section (2), insert an *Explanation* in such notification or order, as the case may be, by notification at any time within one year of issue of the notification under sub-section (1) or order under sub-section (2), and every such *Explanation* shall have effect as if it had always been the part of the first such notification or order, as the case may be.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this section, where an exemption in respect of any goods or services or both from the whole or part of the tax leviable thereon has been granted absolutely, the registered person supplying such goods or services or both shall not collect the tax, in excess of the effective rate, on such supply of goods or services or both.

A. Section 6 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification / Date	Contents
1.	02/2017 – IT (R), dt. 28.06.2017 and subsequent amendments thereto	<i>Exemptions on supply of goods under IGST Act, absolutely</i>
2.	03/2017 – IT (R), dt. 28.06.2017	<i>5% concessional CGST rate for supplies to Exploration and Production</i>
3.	03/2017 – IT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 6 of the IGST Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
4.	07/2017 – IT (R), dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Exemption from IGST supplies by CSD to Unit Run Canteens and supplies by CSD / Unit Run Canteens to authorised customers under sec 6(1)</i>
5.	09/2017 – IT (R), dt. 28.06.2017 and subsequent amendments thereto	<i>Exemptions on supply of services under IGST Act</i>
6.	15/2017 – IT (R), dt. 30.06.2017	<i>Exemption from IGST on all goods or services imported by SEZ unit/developer for authorised operations under sec 6(1)</i>
7.	17/2017 – IT (R), dt. 05.07.2017	<i>Rescinding N. No. 15/2017-IT (R) dated 30.06.2017 – SEZ Unit/Developer</i>
8.	18/2017 – IT (R), dt. 05.07.2017	<i>Exemption from IGST on all services imported by SEZ unit/developer for authorised operations under sec 5</i>
9.	26/2017 – IT (R), dt. 21.09.2017	<i>Exempts inter-state supply of heavy water and nuclear fuels from Department of Atomic Energy to NPCIL under the IGST Act</i>
10.	30/2017 – IT (R), dt. 22.09.2017	<i>Exempts Skimmed milk powder, or concentrated milk, when supplied to distinct persons</i>
11.	41/2017 – IT (R), dt. 23.10.2017	<i>Prescribes IGST rate of 0.05% on inter-State supply of taxable goods by a registered supplier to a registered recipient for export, subject to conditions</i>
12.	47/2017 – IT (R), dt. 14.11.2017	<i>Provides concessional GST rate of 5% on scientific and technical equipments supplied to public funded research institutions</i>

13.	50/2017 – IT (R), dt. 14.11.2017	<i>Amends N. No. 30/2017-IT(R), dt. 22.09.2017, so as to extend the benefit of IGST exemption, applicable in relation to supply of Skimmed milk powder, or concentrated milk for use in the production of milk distributed through dairy co-operatives to the companies that are registered under the Companies Act, 2013</i>
14.	05/2018 – IT (R), dt. 25.01.2018	<i>Exempts Central Government's share of Profit Petroleum from IGST</i>
15.	06/2018 – IT (R), dt. 25.01.2018	<i>Exempts royalty and license fee from Integrated tax to the extent it is paid on the consideration attributable to royalty and license fee included in transaction value under Rule 10(1)(c) of Customs Valuation (Determination of value of imported Goods) Rules, 2007</i>
16.	10/2018 – IT (R), dt. 25.01.2018	<i>Amends N. No. 47/2017-IT(R), dt. 14.11.2017</i>
17.	22/2018 – IT (R), dt. 26.07.2018	<i>Prescribe concessional IGST rate on specified handicraft items, to give effect to the recommendations of the GST Council in 28th meeting held on 21.07.2018</i>
18.	27/2018 – IT (R), dt. 31.12.2018	<i>Exempts integrated tax on supply of gold by nominated agencies to registered persons</i>
19.	F. No. 354/432/2018-TRU (pt.) - G.S.R. 82(E) – dt. 31.01.2019 - IT (R)	<i>Corrigendum – N. No. 27/2018-IT(R), dt. 31.12.2018</i>
20.	11/2019 – IT (R), dt. 29.06.2019	<i>Exempts any supply of goods by a retail outlet established in the departure area of an international airport, beyond the immigration counters, to an outgoing international tourist</i>
21.	Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (23 of 2019) (s.115) dt. 01.08.2019	<i>Exemption to “Uranium Ore Concentrate” (HSN Chapter 26) by inserting entry no. 103 in N. No. 2/2017-IT(R), dt. 28.06.2017 w.e.f. 01.07.2017, retrospectively</i>
22.	16/2019 – IT (R), dt. 30.09.2019	<i>Amends N. No. 3/2017-IT(R), dt. 28.06.2017 so as to extend concessional CGST rates to petroleum operations or coal bed methane operations undertaken under specified projects under HELP/OALP, and other changes</i>
23.	17/2019 – IT (R), dt. 30.09.2019	<i>Amends N. No. 27/2018-IT(R), dt. 31.12.2018 so as to exempt IGST on supplies of silver and platinum by nominated agencies to registered persons</i>
24.	18/2019 – IT (R), dt. 30.09.2019	<i>Exempts supply of goods for specified projects under FAO</i>
25.	04/2020 – IT(R), dt. 30.09.2020	<i>Extension of IGST exemption on services by way of transportation of goods by air or by sea from customs station of clearance in India to a place outside India, by one year i.e. upto 30.09.2021</i>

26.	<i>05/2020 – IT(R), dt. 16.10.2020</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 9/2017-IT(R) so as to exempt satellite launch services provided by ISRO, Antrix Co. Ltd and NSIL as recommended by GST Council in its 42nd meeting held on 05.10.2020</i>
27.	<i>02/2021 – IT (R), dt. 02.06.2021</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 08/2017-IT(R) so as to notify CGST rates of various services as recommended by GST Council in its 43rd meeting held on 28.05.2021</i>
28.	<i>04/2021 – IT (R), dt. 14.06.2021</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 08/2017-IT(R) so as to notify GST rates of various services as recommended by GST Council in its 44th meeting held on 12.06.2021</i>
29.	<i>05/2021 – IT (R), dt. 14.06.2021</i>	<i>Provides the concessional rate of IGST on Covid-19 relief supplies, up to and inclusive of 30th September 2021</i>
30.	<i>Corrigendum, dt. 15.06.2021</i>	<i>Corrigendum – N. No. 05/2021-IT(R), dt. 14.06.2021</i>
31.	<i>07/2021 – IT (R), dt. 30.09.2021</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 09/2017-IT(R) so as to implement recommendations made by GST Council in its 45th meeting held on 17.09.2021</i>
32.	<i>09/2021 – IT (R), dt. 30.09.2021</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 2/2017-IT(R)</i>
33.	<i>11/2021 – IT (R), dt. 30.09.2021</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 40/2017-IT(R)</i>
34.	<i>12/2021 – IT (R), dt. 30.09.2021</i>	<i>Exempts CGST on specified medicines used in COVID-19, up to 31st December, 2021</i>
35.	<i>16/2021 – IT (R), dt. 18.11.2021</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 09/2017-IT(R), dt. 28.06.2017</i>
36.	<i>19/2021 – IT (R), dt. 28.12.2021</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 2/2017-IT(R), dt. 28.06.2017</i>
37.	<i>20/2021-IT (R), dt. 28.12.2021</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 22/2018-IT(R), dt. 26.07.2018</i>
38.	<i>04/2022-IT(R), dt. 13.07.2022</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 9/2017-IT(R), dt. 28.06.2017</i>
39.	<i>07/2022-IT(R), dt. 13.07.2022</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 2/2017-IT(R)</i>
40.	<i>08/2022-IT(R), dt. 13.07.2022</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 3/2017-IT(R)</i>
41.	<i>10/2022-IT(R), dt. 13.07.2022</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 2/2017-IT(R)</i>
42.	<i>11/2022-IT(R), dt. 13.07.2022</i>	<i>Rescinds N. No. 47/2017-IT(R)</i>
43.	<i>13/2022-IT(R), dt. 30.12.2022</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 2/2017-IT(R)</i>
44.	<i>15/2022-IT(R), dt. 30.12.2022</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 9/2017-IT(R)</i>
45.	<i>01/2023-IT(R), dt. 28.02.2023</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 9/2017-IT(R) so as to notify change in GST with regards to services as recommended by GST Council in its 49th meeting held on 18.02.2023</i>

46.	04/2023-IT(R), dt. 28.02.2023	<i>Amends N. No. 2/2017-IT(R), dt. 28.06.2017</i>
47.	07/2023-IT(R), dt. 26.07.2023	<i>Amends N. No. 09/2017-IT(R) so as to notify change in GST with regards to services as recommended by GST Council in its 50th meeting held on 11.07.2023</i>
48.	10/2023-IT(R), dt. 26.07.2023	<i>Amends N. No. 27/2018-IT(R) to implement the decisions of 50th GST Council</i>
49.	11/2023-IT(R), dt. 26.09.2023	<i>Amends N. No. 8/2017-IT(R), dt. 28.06.2017 to implement decisions of the 50th GST Council</i>
50.	12/2023-IT(R), dt. 26.09.2023	<i>Amends N. No. 09/2017-IT(R), dt. 28.06.2017 to implement decisions of the 50th GST Council</i>
51.	15/2023-IT(R), dt. 19.10.2023	<i>Amends N. No. 8/2017-IT(R), dt. 28.06.2017</i>
52.	16/2023-IT(R), dt. 19.10.2023	<i>Amends N. No. 9/2017-IT(R), dt. 28.06.2017</i>
53.	21/2023-IT(R), dt. 19.10.2023	<i>Amends N. No. 02/2017-IT(R), dt. 28.06.2017</i>

C. Rule related Notifications

NIL

D. Orders

NIL

E. Circulars

S.No.	<i>Circular / Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	<i>1/2017 – IGST, dt. 07.07.2017</i>	<i>Clarification on inter-state movement of various modes of conveyance, carrying goods or passengers or for repairs and maintenance</i>
2.	<i>32/06/2018 – GST, dt. 12.02.2018</i>	<i>Clarifications regarding GST in respect of certain services as decided in 25th GST Council meeting</i>

F. Instructions

NIL

CHAPTER IV

DETERMINATION OF NATURE OF SUPPLY

7. Inter-State supply.

- (1) Subject to the provisions of section 10, supply of goods, where the location of the supplier and the place of supply are in—
 - (a) two different States;
 - (b) two different Union territories; or
 - (c) a State and a Union territory,
 shall be treated as a supply of goods in the course of inter-State trade or commerce.
- (2) Supply of goods imported into the territory of India, till they cross the customs frontiers of India, shall be treated to be a supply of goods in the course of inter-State trade or commerce.
- (3) Subject to the provisions of section 12, supply of services, where the location of the supplier and the place of supply are in—
 - (a) two different States;
 - (b) two different Union territories; or
 - (c) a State and a Union territory,
 shall be treated as a supply of services in the course of inter-State trade or commerce.
- (4) Supply of services imported into the territory of India shall be treated to be a supply of services in the course of inter-State trade or commerce.
- (5) Supply of goods or services or both,—
 - (a) when the supplier is located in India and the place of supply is outside India;
 - (b) to or by a Special Economic Zone developer or a Special Economic Zone unit; or
 - (c) in the taxable territory, not being an intra-State supply and not covered elsewhere in this section,
 shall be treated to be a supply of goods or services or both in the course of inter-State trade or commerce.

A. Section 7 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification / Date	Contents
1.	03/2017 – IT, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 7 of the IGST Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 01.07.2017

C. Rule related Notifications		
<i>NIL</i>		
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		
E. Circulars		
S.No.	Circular / Date	Contents
1.	3/2018 – IGST, dt. 25.05.2018	<i>Applicability of integrated tax on goods supplied while being deposited in a customs bonded warehouse</i>
2.	48/2018 – GST, dt. 14.06.2018	<i>Clarifying miscellaneous issues related to SEZ and refund of unutilized ITC for job workers</i>
3.	4/2019 – IGST, dt. 01.02.2019	<i>Makes amendments in the earlier issued circulars in wake of amendments in the CGST Act (which shall come into force w.e.f. 01.02.2019)</i>
4.	93/2019 – GST, dt. 08.03.2019	<i>Clarification regarding nature of supply of Priority Sector Lending Certificates (PSLC)</i>
5.	119/2019 – GST, dt. 11.10.2019	<i>Clarification regarding taxability of lending of securities under Securities Lending Scheme, 1997</i>

F. Instructions		
<i>NIL</i>		

8. Intra-State supply.

(1) Subject to the provisions of section 10, supply of goods where the location of the supplier and the place of supply of goods are in the same State or same Union territory shall be treated as intra-State supply:

Provided that the following supply of goods shall not be treated as intra-State supply, namely:—

- (i) supply of goods to or by a Special Economic Zone developer or a Special Economic Zone unit;
- (ii) goods imported into the territory of India till they cross the customs frontiers of India; or
- (iii) supplies made to a tourist referred to in section 15.

(2) Subject to the provisions of section 12, supply of services where the location of the supplier and the place of supply of services are in the same State or same Union territory shall be treated as intra-State supply:

Provided that the intra-State supply of services shall not include supply of services to or by a Special Economic Zone developer or a Special Economic Zone unit.

Explanation 1.—For the purposes of this Act, where a person has,—

- (i) an establishment in India and any other establishment outside India;
- (ii) an establishment in a State or Union territory and any other establishment outside that State or Union territory; or
- (iii) an establishment in a State or Union territory and any other establishment
¹[omitted] registered within that State or Union territory,

then such establishments shall be treated as establishments of distinct persons.

Explanation 2.—A person carrying on a business through a branch or an agency or a representational office in any territory shall be treated as having an establishment in that territory.

A. Section 8 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification / Date	Contents
1.	03/2017 – IT, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 8 of the IGST Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 01.07.2017
2.	<i>IGST (Amendment) Act, 2018 (32 of 2018), dt. 29.08.2018 read with 01/2019 – IT, dt. 29.01.2019</i>	Amendment in clause (iii) to Explanation 1 to sec 8(2) w.e.f. 01.02.2019
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
S.No.	Circular / Date	Contents
1.	1/1/2017 – IGST, dt. 07.07.2017	Clarification on inter-state movement of various modes of conveyance, carrying goods or passengers or for repairs and maintenance
2.	161/17/2021-GST, dt. 20.09.2021	Clarification relating to export of services-condition (v) of section 2(6) of the IGST Act 2017
F. Instructions		
NIL		

¹ *Omtd. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide N. No. 1/2019-IT, dt. 29.01.2019) the words “being a business vertical” by IGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018.*

9. Supplies in territorial waters.

Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act,—

(a) where the location of the supplier is in the territorial waters, the location of such supplier; or

(b) where the place of supply is in the territorial waters, the place of supply,

shall, for the purposes of this Act, be deemed to be in the coastal State or Union territory where the nearest point of the appropriate baseline is located.

A. Section 9 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>NIL</i>		
S.No.	Notification / Date	Contents
1.	03/2017 – IT, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 9 of the IGST Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 01.07.2017
C. Rule related Notifications		
<i>NIL</i>		
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		
E. Circulars		
<i>NIL</i>		
F. Instructions		
<i>NIL</i>		

CHAPTER V

PLACE OF SUPPLY OF GOODS OR SERVICES OR BOTH

10. Place of supply of goods other than supply of goods imported into, or exported from India.

- (1) The place of supply of goods, other than supply of goods imported into, or exported from India, shall be as under,—
 - (a) where the supply involves movement of goods, whether by the supplier or the recipient or by any other person, the place of supply of such goods shall be the location of the goods at the time at which the movement of goods terminates for delivery to the recipient;
 - (b) where the goods are delivered by the supplier to a recipient or any other person on the direction of a third person, whether acting as an agent or otherwise, before or during movement of goods, either by way of transfer of documents of title to the goods or otherwise, it shall be deemed that the said third person has received the goods and the place of supply of such goods shall be the principal place of business of such person;
 - (c) where the supply does not involve movement of goods, whether by the supplier or the recipient, the place of supply shall be the location of such goods at the time of the delivery to the recipient;
 - ¹[(ca) where the supply of goods is made to a person other than a registered person, the place of supply shall, notwithstanding anything contrary contained in clause (a) or clause (c), be the location as per the address of the said person recorded in the invoice issued in respect of the said supply and the location of the supplier where the address of the said person is not recorded in the invoice.
 - Explanation.—For the purposes of this clause, recording of the name of the State of the said person in the invoice shall be deemed to be the recording of the address of the said person;]*
 - (d) where the goods are assembled or installed at site, the place of supply shall be the place of such installation or assembly;
 - (e) where the goods are supplied on board a conveyance, including a vessel, an aircraft, a train or a motor vehicle, the place of supply shall be the location at which such goods are taken on board.
- (2) Where the place of supply of goods cannot be determined, the place of supply shall be determined in such manner as may be prescribed.

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 01.10.2023 (vide Notification No. 2/2023-IT, dt. 29.09.2023) by IGST (Amendment) Act, 2023 (31 of 2023) dt. 18.08.2023.

A. Section 10 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification / Date	Contents
1.	03/2017 – IT, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 10 of the IGST Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 01.07.2017
2.	IGST (Amendment) Act, 2023 (31 of 2023), dt. 18.08.2023 read with N. No. 02/2023 – IT, dt. 29.09.2023	Amendment in sec 10(1)(c) w.e.f. 01.10.2023
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
S.No.	Circular / Date	Contents
1.	10/2017 – GST, dt. 18.10.2017	Clarification on movement of goods on approval basis
2.	22/2017 – GST, dt. 21.12.2017	Clarification on issues regarding treatment of supply by an artist in various States and supply of goods by artists from galleries
3.	90/2019 – GST, dt. 18.02.2019	Clarification regarding situations of compliance of rule 46(n) of the CGST Rules while issuing invoices in case of inter-State supply
4.	209/03/2024-GST, dt. 26.06.2024	Clarification on the provisions of clause (ca) of Section 10(1) of the Integrated Goods and Service Tax Act, 2017 relating to place of supply
F. Instructions		
NIL		

11. Place of supply of goods imported into, or exported from India.

The place of supply of goods,—

- (a) imported into India shall be the location of the importer;
- (b) exported from India shall be the location outside India.

A. Section 11 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification / Date	Contents
1.	03/2017 – IT, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 11 of the IGST Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 01.07.2017
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
NIL		
F. Instructions		
NIL		

12. Place of supply of services where location of supplier and recipient is in India.

- (1) The provisions of this section shall apply to determine the place of supply of services where the location of supplier of services and the location of the recipient of services is in India.
- (2) The place of supply of services, except the services specified in sub-sections (3) to (14),—
 - (a) made to a registered person shall be the location of such person;
 - (b) made to any person other than a registered person shall be,—
 - (i) the location of the recipient where the address on record exists; and
 - (ii) the location of the supplier of services in other cases.
- (3) The place of supply of services,—
 - (a) directly in relation to an immovable property, including services provided by architects, interior decorators, surveyors, engineers and other related experts or estate agents, any service provided by way of grant of rights to use immovable property or for carrying out or co-ordination of construction work; or
 - (b) by way of lodging accommodation by a hotel, inn, guest house, home stay, club or campsite, by whatever name called, and including a house boat or any other vessel; or

- (c) by way of accommodation in any immovable property for organising any marriage or reception or matters related thereto, official, social, cultural, religious or business function including services provided in relation to such function at such property; or
- (d) any services ancillary to the services referred to in clauses (a), (b) and (c), shall be the location at which the immovable property or boat or vessel, as the case may be, is located or intended to be located:

Provided that if the location of the immovable property or boat or vessel is located or intended to be located outside India, the place of supply shall be the location of the recipient.

*Explanation.—*Where the immovable property or boat or vessel is located in more than one State or Union territory, the supply of services shall be treated as made in each of the respective States or Union territories, in proportion to the value for services separately collected or determined in terms of the contract or agreement entered into in this regard or, in the absence of such contract or agreement, on such other basis as may be prescribed.

- (4) The place of supply of restaurant and catering services, personal grooming, fitness, beauty treatment, health service including cosmetic and plastic surgery shall be the location where the services are actually performed.
- (5) The place of supply of services in relation to training and performance appraisal to,—
 - (a) a registered person, shall be the location of such person;
 - (b) a person other than a registered person, shall be the location where the services are actually performed.
- (6) The place of supply of services provided by way of admission to a cultural, artistic, sporting, scientific, educational, entertainment event or amusement park or any other place and services ancillary thereto, shall be the place where the event is actually held or where the park or such other place is located.
- (7) The place of supply of services provided by way of,—
 - (a) organisation of a cultural, artistic, sporting, scientific, educational or entertainment event including supply of services in relation to a conference, fair, exhibition, celebration or similar events; or
 - (b) services ancillary to organisation of any of the events or services referred to in clause (a), or assigning of sponsorship to such events,—
 - (i) to a registered person, shall be the location of such person;
 - (ii) to a person other than a registered person, shall be the place where the event is actually held and if the event is held outside India, the place of supply shall be the location of the recipient.

Explanation.—Where the event is held in more than one State or Union territory and a consolidated amount is charged for supply of services relating to such event, the place of supply of such services shall be taken as being in each of the respective States or Union territories in proportion to the value for services separately collected or determined in terms of the contract or agreement entered into in this regard or, in the absence of such contract or agreement, on such other basis as may be prescribed.

- (8) The place of supply of services by way of transportation of goods, including by mail or courier to,—
 - (a) a registered person, shall be the location of such person;
 - (b) a person other than a registered person, shall be the location at which such goods are handed over for their transportation.

¹[***]

- (9) The place of supply of passenger transportation service to,—
 - (a) a registered person, shall be the location of such person;
 - (b) a person other than a registered person, shall be the place where the passenger embarks on the conveyance for a continuous journey:

Provided that where the right to passage is given for future use and the point of embarkation is not known at the time of issue of right to passage, the place of supply of such service shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (2).

Explanation.—For the purposes of this sub-section, the return journey shall be treated as a separate journey, even if the right to passage for onward and return journey is issued at the same time.

- (10) The place of supply of services on board a conveyance, including a vessel, an aircraft, a train or a motor vehicle, shall be the location of the first scheduled point of departure of that conveyance for the journey.
- (11) The place of supply of telecommunication services including data transfer, broadcasting, cable and direct to home television services to any person shall,—
 - (a) in case of services by way of fixed telecommunication line, leased circuits, internet leased circuit, cable or dish antenna, be the location where the telecommunication line, leased circuit or cable connection or dish antenna is installed for receipt of services;
 - (b) in case of mobile connection for telecommunication and internet services provided on post-paid basis, be the location of billing address of the recipient of services on the record of the supplier of services;

¹ *Omtd.* proviso w.e.f. 01.10.2023 (vide Notification No. 28/2023-CT, dt. 31.07.2023) by the Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023) (s.161) enacted on 31.03.2023. Formerly, it read as: “Provided that where the transportation of goods is to a place outside India, the place of supply shall be the place of destination of such goods”. Earlier *ins.* w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide Notification No. 1/2019-IT, dt. 29.01.2019) by IGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018.

- (c) in cases where mobile connection for telecommunication, internet service and direct to home television services are provided on pre-payment basis through a voucher or any other means,—
 - (i) through a selling agent or a re-seller or a distributor of subscriber identity module card or re-charge voucher, be the address of the selling agent or re-seller or distributor as per the record of the supplier at the time of supply; or
 - (ii) by any person to the final subscriber, be the location where such pre-payment is received or such vouchers are sold;
- (d) in other cases, be the address of the recipient as per the records of the supplier of services and where such address is not available, the place of supply shall be location of the supplier of services:

Provided that where the address of the recipient as per the records of the supplier of services is not available, the place of supply shall be location of the supplier of services:

Provided further that if such pre-paid service is availed or the recharge is made through internet banking or other electronic mode of payment, the location of the recipient of services on the record of the supplier of services shall be the place of supply of such services.

*Explanation.—*Where the leased circuit is installed in more than one State or Union territory and a consolidated amount is charged for supply of services relating to such circuit, the place of supply of such services shall be taken as being in each of the respective States or Union territories in proportion to the value for services separately collected or determined in terms of the contract or agreement entered into in this regard or, in the absence of such contract or agreement, on such other basis as may be prescribed.

- (12) The place of supply of banking and other financial services, including stock broking services to any person shall be the location of the recipient of services on the records of the supplier of services:

Provided that if the location of recipient of services is not on the records of the supplier, the place of supply shall be the location of the supplier of services.

- (13) The place of supply of insurance services shall,—
 - (a) to a registered person, be the location of such person;
 - (b) to a person other than a registered person, be the location of the recipient of services on the records of the supplier of services.
- (14) The place of supply of advertisement services to the Central Government, a State Government, a statutory body or a local authority meant for the States or Union territories identified in the contract or agreement shall be taken as being in each of such States or Union territories and the value of such supplies specific to each State or Union territory shall be in proportion to the amount attributable to services provided by way of

dissemination in the respective States or Union territories as may be determined in terms of the contract or agreement entered into in this regard or, in the absence of such contract or agreement, on such other basis as may be prescribed.

A. Section 12 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
Rule 3	<i>Proportion of value attributable to different States or Union territories, under section 12(14) of the IGST Act</i>	Nil
Rule 4	<i>Supply of services attributable to different States or Union territories, under section 12(3) of the IGST Act</i>	Nil
Rule 5	<i>Supply of services attributable to different States or Union territories, under section 12(7) of the IGST Act</i>	Nil
Rule 6	<i>Supply of services attributable to different States or Union territories, under section 12(11) of the IGST Act</i>	Nil
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification / Date	Contents
1.	03/2017 – IT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 12 of the IGST Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	<i>IGST (Amendment) Act, 2018 (32 of 2018), dt. 29.08.2018 read with 01/2019 – IT, dt. 29.01.2019</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 12(8) w.e.f. 01.02.2019</i>
3.	<i>Finance Act, 2023 (No. 8 of 2023), dt. 31.03.2023 read with N. No.28/2023 – CT, dt. 31.07.2023</i>	<i>Amendment in sub-section (8) to sec 12 w.e.f. 01.10.2023 [Sec 161 of the Finance Act, 2023]</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	12/2017 – IT, dt. 15.11.2017	<i>IGST (Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rule 3</i>
2.	04/2018 – IT, dt. 31.12.2018	<i>IGST (Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Inserting Rules 4 to 6 for determination of place of supply in case of inter-State supply under section 12(3), 12(7), 12(11) of the IGST Act, 2017</i>
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
S.No.	Circular / Date	Contents
1.	2/1/2017 – IGST, dt. 27.09.2017	<i>Clarification on supply of satellite launch services by ANTRIX Corporation Ltd.</i>
2.	48/2018 – GST, dt. 14.06.2018	<i>Circulars clarifying miscellaneous issues related to SEZ and refund of unutilized ITC for job workers</i>

3.	90/2019 – GST, dt. 18.02.2019	<i>Clarification regarding situations of compliance of rule 46(n) of the CGST Rules while issuing invoices in case of inter-State supply</i>
4.	103/2019 – GST, dt. 28.06.2019	<i>Clarification regarding determination of place of supply in certain cases</i>
5.	184/16/2022-GST, dt. 27.12.2022	<i>Clarification on the entitlement of input tax credit where the place of supply is determined in terms of the proviso to sub-section (8) of section 12 of the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017</i>
6.	203/15/2023-GST, dt. 27.10.2023	<i>Clarification regarding determination of place of supply in various cases</i>
F. Instructions		
NIL		

13. Place of supply of services where location of supplier or location of recipient is outside India.

(1) The provisions of this section shall apply to determine the place of supply of services where the location of the supplier of services or the location of the recipient of services is outside India.

(2) The place of supply of services except the services specified in sub-sections (3) to (13) shall be the location of the recipient of services:

Provided that where the location of the recipient of services is not available in the ordinary course of business, the place of supply shall be the location of the supplier of services.

(3) The place of supply of the following services shall be the location where the services are actually performed, namely:-

(a) services supplied in respect of goods which are required to be made physically available by the recipient of services to the supplier of services, or to a person acting on behalf of the supplier of services in order to provide the services:

Provided that when such services are provided from a remote location by way of electronic means, the place of supply shall be the location where goods are situated at the time of supply of services:

¹[Provided further that nothing contained in this clause shall apply in the case of services supplied in respect of goods which are temporarily imported into India for repairs or for any other treatment or process and are exported after such

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide Notification No. 1/2019-IT, dt. 29.01.2019) second proviso by IGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018. Formerly, it read as:

“Provided further that nothing contained in this clause shall apply in the case of services supplied in respect of goods which are temporarily imported into India for repairs and are exported after repairs without being put to any other use in India, than that which is required for such repairs;”

- repairs or treatment or process without being put to any use in India, other than that which is required for such repairs or treatment or process;]
- (b) services supplied to an individual, represented either as the recipient of services or a person acting on behalf of the recipient, which require the physical presence of the recipient or the person acting on his behalf, with the supplier for the supply of services.
 - (4) The place of supply of services supplied directly in relation to an immovable property, including services supplied in this regard by experts and estate agents, supply of accommodation by a hotel, inn, guest house, club or campsite, by whatever name called, grant of rights to use immovable property, services for carrying out or co-ordination of construction work, including that of architects or interior decorators, shall be the place where the immovable property is located or intended to be located.
 - (5) The place of supply of services supplied by way of admission to, or organisation of a cultural, artistic, sporting, scientific, educational or entertainment event, or a celebration, conference, fair, exhibition or similar events, and of services ancillary to such admission or organisation, shall be the place where the event is actually held.
 - (6) Where any services referred to in sub-section (3) or sub-section (4) or sub-section (5) is supplied at more than one location, including a location in the taxable territory, its place of supply shall be the location in the taxable territory.
 - (7) Where the services referred to in sub-section (3) or sub-section (4) or sub-section (5) are supplied in more than one State or Union territory, the place of supply of such services shall be taken as being in each of the respective States or Union territories and the value of such supplies specific to each State or Union territory shall be in proportion to the value for services separately collected or determined in terms of the contract or agreement entered into in this regard or, in the absence of such contract or agreement, on such other basis as may be prescribed.
 - (8) The place of supply of the following services shall be the location of the supplier of services, namely:—
 - (a) services supplied by a banking company, or a financial institution, or a non-banking financial company, to account holders;
 - (b) intermediary services;
 - (c) services consisting of hiring of means of transport, including yachts but excluding aircrafts and vessels, up to a period of one month.

*Explanation.—*For the purposes of this sub-section, the expression,—

- (a) “account” means an account bearing interest to the depositor, and includes a non-resident external account and a non-resident ordinary account;
- (b) “banking company” shall have the same meaning as assigned to it under clause (a) of section 45A of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934; (2 of 1934)

- (c) “financial institution” shall have the same meaning as assigned to it in clause (c) of section 45-I of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934; (2 of 1934)
- (d) “non-banking financial company” means,—
 - (i) a financial institution which is a company;
 - (ii) a non-banking institution which is a company and which has as its principal business the receiving of deposits, under any scheme or arrangement or in any other manner, or lending in any manner; or
 - (iii) such other non-banking institution or class of such institutions, as the Reserve Bank of India may, with the previous approval of the Central Government and by notification in the Official Gazette, specify.

¹[***]

- (10) The place of supply in respect of passenger transportation services shall be the place where the passenger embarks on the conveyance for a continuous journey.
- (11) The place of supply of services provided on board a conveyance during the course of a passenger transport operation, including services intended to be wholly or substantially consumed while on board, shall be the first scheduled point of departure of that conveyance for the journey.
- (12) The place of supply of online information and database access or retrieval services shall be the location of the recipient of services.

*Explanation.—*For the purposes of this sub-section, person receiving such services shall be deemed to be located in the taxable territory, if any two of the following non-contradictory conditions are satisfied, namely:—

- (a) the location of address presented by the recipient of services through internet is in the taxable territory;
- (b) the credit card or debit card or store value card or charge card or smart card or any other card by which the recipient of services settles payment has been issued in the taxable territory;
- (c) the billing address of the recipient of services is in the taxable territory;
- (d) the internet protocol address of the device used by the recipient of services is in the taxable territory;
- (e) the bank of the recipient of services in which the account used for payment is maintained is in the taxable territory;
- (f) the country code of the subscriber identity module card used by the recipient of services is of taxable territory;

¹ *Omtl. sub-section (9) w.e.f. 01.10.2023 (vide Notification No. 28/2023-CT, dt. 31.07.2023) by the Finance Act, 2023 (8 of 2023) (s.162) enacted on 31.03.2023. Formerly, it read as: “(9) The place of supply of services of transportation of goods, other than by way of mail or courier, shall be the place of destination of such goods.”*

- (g) the location of the fixed land line through which the service is received by the recipient is in the taxable territory.
- (13) In order to prevent double taxation or non-taxation of the supply of a service, or for the uniform application of rules, the Government shall have the power to notify any description of services or circumstances in which the place of supply shall be the place of effective use and enjoyment of a service.

A. Section 13 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
Rule 7	<i>Supply of services attributable to different States or Union territories, under section 13(7) of the IGST Act in the case of services supplied in respect of goods/individuals which are required to be made physically available by the recipient of services to the supplier of services</i>	Nil
Rule 8	<i>Supply of services attributable to different States or Union territories, under section 13(7) of the IGST Act in the case of supply of services directly in relation to an immovable property</i>	Nil
Rule 9	<i>Supply of services attributable to different States or Union territories, under section 13(7) of the IGST Act in the case of supply of services by way of admission to, or organisation of a cultural, artistic, sporting, scientific, educational or entertainment event, or a celebration, conference, fair, exhibition or similar events</i>	Nil
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification / Date	Contents
1.	03/2017 – IT, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 13 of the IGST Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 01.07.2017
2.	IGST (Amendment) Act, 2018 (32 of 2018), dt. 29.08.2018 read with 01/2019 – IT, dt. 29.01.2019	Amendment in sec 13(3)(a) w.e.f. 01.02.2019
3.	04/2019 – IT, dt. 30.09.2019	Specifies the place of supply of R&D services related to pharmaceutical sector as per section 13(13) of IGST Act, as recommended by GST Council in its 37th meeting held on 20.09.2019
4.	02/2020 – IT, dt. 26.03.2020	Amend N. No. 4/2019-IT dt. 30.09.2019 to change place of supply for B2B maintenance, repair or overhaul service in respect of aircrafts, aircraft engines and other aircraft components or parts to the location of the recipient
5.	03/2021 – IT, dt. 02.06.2021	Amends N. No. 4/2019 - IT dt. 30.09.2019 to change the place of supply for B2B MRO services in case of Shipping industry, to the location of the recipient

6.	<i>Finance Act, 2023 (No. 8 of 2023), dt. 31.03.2023 read with N. No.28/2023 – CT, dt. 31.07.2023</i>	<i>Amendment in sub-section (9) to sec 13 w.e.f. 01.10.2023 [Sec 162 of the Finance Act, 2023]</i>
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C. Rule related Notifications

1.	04/2018 – IT, dt. 31.12.2018	<i>IGST (Amendment) Rules, 2018 – Inserting Rules 7 to 9 for determination of place of supply in case of inter-State supply under section 13(7) of the IGST Act</i>
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D. Orders*NIL***E. Circulars**

S.No.	<i>Circular / Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	<i>2/1/2017 – IGST, dt. 27.09.2017</i>	<i>Clarification on supply of satellite launch services by ANTRIX Corporation Ltd.</i>
2.	<i>78/2018 – GST, dt. 31.12.2018</i>	<i>Clarification on export of services under GST</i>
3.	<i>103/2019 – GST, dt. 28.06.2019</i>	<i>Clarification regarding determination of place of supply in certain cases</i>
4.	<i>118/2019 – GST, dt. 11.10.2019</i>	<i>Clarification regarding determination of place of supply in case of software/design services related to Electronics Semiconductor and Design Manufacturing (ESDM) industry</i>
5.	<i>203/15/2023-GST, dt. 27.10.2023</i>	<i>Clarification regarding determination of place of supply in various cases</i>
6.	<i>220/14/2024-GST, dt. 26.06.2024</i>	<i>Clarification on place of supply applicable for custodial services provided by banks to Foreign Portfolio Investors</i>

F. Instructions*NIL***14. Special provision for payment of tax by a supplier of online information and database access or retrieval services.**

- (1) On supply of online information and database access or retrieval services by any person located in a non-taxable territory and received by a non-taxable online recipient, the supplier of services located in a non-taxable territory shall be the person liable for paying integrated tax on such supply of services:

Provided that in the case of supply of online information and database access or retrieval services by any person located in a non-taxable territory and received by a non-taxable online recipient, an intermediary located in the non-taxable territory, who arranges or facilitates the supply of such services, shall be deemed to be the recipient of such services from the supplier of services in non-taxable territory and supplying such services to the non-taxable online recipient except when such intermediary satisfies the following conditions, namely:—

- (a) the invoice or customer's bill or receipt issued or made available by such intermediary taking part in the supply clearly identifies the service in question and its supplier in non-taxable territory;
 - (b) the intermediary involved in the supply does not authorise the charge to the customer or take part in its charge which is that the intermediary neither collects or processes payment in any manner nor is responsible for the payment between the non-taxable online recipient and the supplier of such services;
 - (c) the intermediary involved in the supply does not authorise delivery; and
 - (d) the general terms and conditions of the supply are not set by the intermediary involved in the supply but by the supplier of services.
- (2) The supplier of online information and database access or retrieval services referred to in sub-section (1) shall, for payment of integrated tax, take a single registration under the Simplified Registration Scheme to be notified by the Government:

Provided that any person located in the taxable territory representing such supplier for any purpose in the taxable territory shall get registered and pay integrated tax on behalf of the supplier:

Provided further that if such supplier does not have a physical presence or does not have a representative for any purpose in the taxable territory, he may appoint a person in the taxable territory for the purpose of paying integrated tax and such person shall be liable for payment of such tax.

A. Section 14 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>Rule 64 (CGST)</i>	<i>Form and manner of submission of return by persons providing online information and database access or retrieval services</i>	<i>Form GSTR-5A</i>
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification / Date	Contents
1.	<i>01/2017 – IT, dt. 19.06.2017</i>	<i>Brings into force sec 14 of the IGST Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 22.06.2017</i>
2.	<i>02/2017 – IT, dt. 19.06.2017</i>	<i>Empowers the Principal Commissioner of Central Tax, Bengaluru West to grant registration in case of online information and database access or retrieval services provided or agreed to be provided by a person located in non-taxable territory and received by a non-taxable online recipient</i>
3.	<i>04/2023 – IT, dt. 29.09.2023</i>	<i>Provides Simplified registration Scheme for overseas supplier of online money gaming</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	<i>10/2017 – CT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2017 – Inserting Rule 64 and Form GSTR-5A</i>

2.	38/2023 – CT, dt. 04.08.2023	<i>CGST (Second Amendment) Rules, 2023 – Amending Rule 64 and Form GSTR-5A w.e.f. 04.08.2023</i>
3.	51/2023 – CT, dt. 29.09.2023	<i>CGST (Third Amendment) Rules, 2023 – Amending Rules 14, 64, Forms GST REG-10 and GSTR-5A w.e.f. 01.10.2023</i>
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
NIL		
F. Instructions		
NIL		

¹[14A. Special provision for specified actionable claims supplied by a person located outside taxable territory.

- (1) A supplier of online money gaming as defined in clause (80B) of section 2 of the Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 (12 of 2017.), not located in the taxable territory, shall in respect of the supply of online money gaming by him to a person in the taxable territory, be liable to pay integrated tax on such supply.
- (2) For the purposes of complying with provisions of sub-section (1), the supplier of online money gaming shall obtain a single registration under the Simplified Registration Scheme referred to in sub-section (2) of section 14 of this Act:
Provided that any person located in the taxable territory representing such supplier for any purpose in the taxable territory shall get registered and pay the integrated tax on behalf of the supplier:
Provided further that if such supplier does not have a physical presence or does not have a representative for any purpose in the taxable territory, he shall appoint a person in the taxable territory for the purpose of paying integrated tax and such person shall be liable for payment of such tax.
- (3) In case of failure to comply with provisions of sub-section (1) or sub-section (2) by the supplier of the online money gaming or a person appointed by such supplier or both, notwithstanding anything contained in section 69A of the Information Technology Act, 2000 (21 of 2000), any information generated, transmitted, received or hosted in any computer resource used for supply of online money gaming by such supplier shall be liable to be blocked for access by the public in such manner as specified in the said Act.]

¹ Ins. sec 14A w.e.f. 01.10.2023 (vide Notification No. 2/2023-IT, dt. 29.09.2023) by IGST (Amendment) Act, 2023 (31 of 2023) dt. 18.08.2023.

A. Section 14A - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>Rule 8 (CGST)</i>	<i>Application for registration</i>	<i>Forms: REG-01, REG-02</i>
B. Section related Notifications		
<i>S.No.</i>	<i>Notification / Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	<i>IGST (Amendment) Act, 2023 (31 of 2023), dt. 18.08.2023 read with N. No. 02/2023 – IT, dt. 29.09.2023</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 14A w.e.f. 01.10.2023</i>
2.	<i>04/2023 – IT, dt. 29.09.2023</i>	<i>Provides Simplified registration Scheme for overseas supplier of online money gaming</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
<i>NIL</i>		
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		
E. Circulars		
<i>NIL</i>		
F. Instructions		
<i>NIL</i>		

CHAPTER VI

REFUND OF INTEGRATED TAX TO INTERNATIONAL TOURIST

15. Refund of integrated tax paid on supply of goods to tourist leaving India.

The integrated tax paid by tourist leaving India on any supply of goods taken out of India by him shall be refunded in such manner and subject to such conditions and safeguards as may be prescribed.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this section, the term “tourist” means a person not normally resident in India, who enters India for a stay of not more than six months for legitimate non-immigrant purposes.

A. Section 15 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
Rule 95A (CGST)	<i>Refund of taxes to the retail outlets established in departure area of an international Airport beyond immigration counters making tax free supply to an outgoing international tourist.</i>	FORM GST RFD-10B
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification / Date	Contents
1.	<i>No such notification in our knowledge</i>	<i>Brings into force sec 15 of the IGST Act, 2017 into force w.e.f.</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	<i>31/2019 – CT, dt. 28.06.2019</i>	<i>CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2019 – Inserting Rule 95A and Form GST RFD-10B</i>
2.	<i>10/2019 – IT(R), dt. 29.06.2019</i>	<i>Specifies retail outlets established in the departure area of an international airport, beyond the immigration counters, making tax free supply of goods to an outgoing international tourist, as class of persons who shall be entitled to claim refund</i>
3.	<i>11/2019 – IT(R), dt. 29.06.2019</i>	<i>Exempts any supply of goods by a retail outlet established in the departure area of an international airport, beyond the immigration counters, to an outgoing international tourist</i>
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		
E. Circulars		
<i>NIL</i>		
F. Instructions		
<i>NIL</i>		

CHAPTER VII

ZERO RATED SUPPLY

16. Zero rated supply.

- (1) “zero rated supply” means any of the following supplies of goods or services or both, namely:—
 - (a) export of goods or services or both; or
 - (b) supply of goods or services or both ¹[for authorised operations] to a Special Economic Zone developer or a Special Economic Zone unit.
- (2) Subject to the provisions of sub-section (5) of section 17 of the Central Goods and Services Tax Act, credit of input tax may be availed for making zero-rated supplies, notwithstanding that such supply may be an exempt supply.
- ²[(3) A registered person making zero rated supply shall be eligible to claim refund of unutilised input tax credit on supply of goods or services or both, without payment of integrated tax, under bond or Letter of Undertaking, in accordance with the provisions of section 54 of the Central Goods and Services Tax Act or the rules made thereunder, subject to such conditions, safeguards and procedure as may be prescribed:

Provided that the registered person making zero rated supply of goods shall, in case of non-realisation of sale proceeds, be liable to deposit the refund so received under this sub-section along with the applicable interest under section 50 of the Central Goods and Services Tax Act within thirty days after the expiry of the time limit prescribed under the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 for receipt of foreign exchange remittances, in such manner as may be prescribed.

- (4) The Government may, on the recommendation of the Council, and subject to such conditions, safeguards and procedures, by notification, specify -
- (i) a class of persons who may make zero rated supply on payment of integrated tax and claim refund of the tax so paid;
- (ii) a class of goods or services which may be exported on payment of integrated tax and the supplier of such goods or services may claim the refund of tax so paid.]

¹ *Ins. w.e.f. 01.10.2023 (vide Notification No. 27/2023-CT ; dt. 31.07.2023) by Finance Act, 2021 (No. 13 of 2021) (s.123) dt. 28.03.2021.*

² *Subs. w.e.f. 01.10.2023 (vide Notification No. 27/2023-CT ; dt. 31.07.2023) by the Finance Act, 2021 (No. 13 of 2021) (s.123) dt. 28.03.2021. Formerly, it read as:*

“(3) A registered person making zero rated supply shall be eligible to claim refund under either of the following options, namely:-

- (a) he may supply goods or services or both under bond or Letter of Undertaking, subject to such conditions, safeguards and procedure as may be prescribed, without payment of integrated tax and claim refund of unutilised input tax credit; or
- (b) he may supply goods or services or both, subject to such conditions, safeguards and procedure as may be prescribed, on payment of integrated tax and claim refund of such tax paid on goods or services or both supplied,

in accordance with the provisions of section 54 of the Central Goods and Services Tax Act or the rules made thereunder.”

A. Section 16 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification / Date	Contents
1.	03/2017 – IT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 16 of the IGST Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	Finance Act, 2021 (Act No. 13 of 2021), dt. 28.03.2021	<i>Amends sub-sec (1) and (3) of sec 16 of the IGST Act - Effective date to be notified</i>
3.	01/2023 – IT, dt. 31.07.2023	<i>Notifies all goods or services which may be exported on payment of integrated tax and on which the supplier of such goods or services may claim the refund of tax so paid</i>
4.	Finance Act, 2021 (Act No. 13 of 2021), dt. 28.03.2021 read with N. No. 27/2023 – CT, dt. 31.07.2023	<i>Amendment in sec 16 w.e.f. 01.10.2023 [Sec 123 of the Finance Act, 2021]</i>
5.	05/2023 – IT, dt. 26.10.2023	<i>Notifies supplies and class of registered person eligible for refund under IGST Route</i>
<i>Please See Section 54 of the CGST Act</i>		
C. Rule related Notifications		
<i>Please See Section 54 of the CGST Act</i>		
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
S.No.	Circular / Date	Contents
1.	1/1/2017 – CC, dt. 26.07.2017	<i>Clarification regarding applicability of sec 16 of the IGST Act, relating to zero rated supply for the purpose of Compensation Cess on exports</i>
2.	2/1/2017 – IGST, dt. 27.09.2017	<i>Clarification on supply of satellite launch services by ANTRIX Corporation Ltd.</i>
<i>For more Circulars: Please see Section 54 of the CGST Act</i>		
F. Instructions		
NIL		

CHAPTER VIII

APPORTIONMENT OF TAX AND SETTLEMENT OF FUNDS

17. Apportionment of tax and settlement of funds.

- (1) Out of the integrated tax paid to the Central Government,—
 - (a) in respect of inter-State supply of goods or services or both to an unregistered person or to a registered person paying tax under section 10 of the Central Goods and Services Tax Act;
 - (b) in respect of inter-State supply of goods or services or both where the registered person is not eligible for input tax credit;
 - (c) in respect of inter-State supply of goods or services or both made in a financial year to a registered person, where he does not avail of the input tax credit within the specified period and thus remains in the integrated tax account after expiry of the due date for furnishing of annual return for such year in which the supply was made;
 - (d) in respect of import of goods or services or both by an unregistered person or by a registered person paying tax under section 10 of the Central Goods and Services Tax Act;
 - (e) in respect of import of goods or services or both where the registered person is not eligible for input tax credit;
 - (f) in respect of import of goods or services or both made in a financial year by a registered person, where he does not avail of the said credit within the specified period and thus remains in the integrated tax account after expiry of the due date for furnishing of annual return for such year in which the supply was received,
- the amount of tax calculated at the rate equivalent to the central tax on similar intra-State supply shall be apportioned to the Central Government.
- (2) The balance amount of integrated tax remaining in the integrated tax account in respect of the supply for which an apportionment to the Central Government has been done under sub-section (1) shall be apportioned to the,—
 - (a) State where such supply takes place; and
 - (b) Central Government where such supply takes place in a Union territory:

Provided that where the place of such supply made by any taxable person cannot be determined separately, the said balance amount shall be apportioned to,—

 - (a) each of the States; and
 - (b) Central Government in relation to Union territories,

in proportion to the total supplies made by such taxable person to each of such States or Union territories, as the case may be, in a financial year:

Provided further that where the taxable person making such supplies is not identifiable, the said balance amount shall be apportioned to all States and the Central Government

in proportion to the amount collected as State tax or, as the case may be, Union territory tax, by the respective State or, as the case may be, by the Central Government during the immediately preceding financial year.

- ¹[(2A) The amount not apportioned under sub-section (1) and sub-section (2) may, for the time being, on the recommendations of the Council, be apportioned at the rate of fifty per cent. to the Central Government and fifty per cent. to the State Governments or the Union territories, as the case may be, on *ad hoc* basis and shall be adjusted against the amount apportioned under the said sub-sections.]
- (3) The provisions of sub-sections (1) and (2) relating to apportionment of integrated tax shall, *mutatis mutandis*, apply to the apportionment of interest, penalty and compounding amount realised in connection with the tax so apportioned.
- (4) Where an amount has been apportioned to the Central Government or a State Government under sub-section (1) or sub-section (2) or sub-section (3), the amount collected as integrated tax shall stand reduced by an amount equal to the amount so apportioned and the Central Government shall transfer to the central tax account or Union territory tax account, an amount equal to the respective amounts apportioned to the Central Government and shall transfer to the State tax account of the respective States an amount equal to the amount apportioned to that State, in such manner and within such time as may be prescribed.
- (5) Any integrated tax apportioned to a State or, as the case may be, to the Central Government on account of a Union territory, if subsequently found to be refundable to any person and refunded to such person, shall be reduced from the amount to be apportioned under this section, to such State, or Central Government on account of such Union territory, in such manner and within such time as may be prescribed.

A. Section 17 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification / Date	Contents
1.	03/2017 – IT, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 17 of the IGST Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 01.07.2017
2.	IGST (Amendment) Act, 2018 (32 of 2018), dt. 29.08.2018 read with 01/2019 – IT, dt. 29.01.2019	Inserting sec 17(2A) w.e.f. 01.02.2019
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide Notification No. 01/2019-IT, dt. 29.01.2019) by IGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018.

D. Orders
NIL
E. Circulars
NIL
F. Instructions
NIL

[17A. Transfer of certain amounts.

Where any amount has been transferred from the electronic cash ledger under this Act to the electronic cash ledger under the State Goods and Services Tax Act or the Union Territory Goods and Services Tax Act, the Government shall transfer to the State tax account or the Union territory tax account, an amount equal to the amount transferred from the electronic cash ledger, in such manner and within such time, as may be prescribed.]

A. Section 17A - Relevant Rules & Forms	
NIL	
B. Section related Notifications	
S.No.	Notification / Date
1.	Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (23 of 2019) (s.114) dt. 01.08.2019 read with 01/2020 – IT, dt. 01.01.2020
C. Rule related Notifications	
NIL	
D. Orders	
NIL	
E. Circulars	
NIL	
F. Instructions	
NIL	

18. Transfer of input tax credit.

On utilisation of credit of integrated tax availed under this Act for payment of,—

- (a) central tax in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (5) of section 49 of the Central Goods and Services Tax Act, the amount collected as integrated tax

¹ Ins. sec. 17A w.e.f. 01.01.2020 (vide Notification No. 01/2020-IT, dt. 01.01.2020) Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 (23 of 2019) (s.114) dt. 01.08.2019.

shall stand reduced by an amount equal to the credit so utilised and the Central Government shall transfer an amount equal to the amount so reduced from the integrated tax account to the central tax account in such manner and within such time as may be prescribed;

- (b) Union territory tax in accordance with the provisions of section 9 of the Union Territory Goods and Services Tax Act, the amount collected as integrated tax shall stand reduced by an amount equal to the credit so utilised and the Central Government shall transfer an amount equal to the amount so reduced from the integrated tax account to the Union territory tax account in such manner and within such time as may be prescribed;
- (c) State tax in accordance with the provisions of the respective State Goods and Services Tax Act, the amount collected as integrated tax shall stand reduced by an amount equal to the credit so utilised and shall be apportioned to the appropriate State Government and the Central Government shall transfer the amount so apportioned to the account of the appropriate State Government in such manner and within such time as may be prescribed.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this Chapter, “appropriate State” in relation to a taxable person, means the State or Union territory where he is registered or is liable to be registered under the provisions of the Central Goods and Services Tax Act.

A. Section 18 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>NIL</i>		
S.No.	Notification / Date	Contents
1.	03/2017 – IT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 18 of the IGST Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
<i>NIL</i>		
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		
E. Circulars		
<i>NIL</i>		
F. Instructions		
<i>NIL</i>		

19. Tax wrongfully collected and paid to Central Government or State Government.

- (1) A registered person who has paid integrated tax on a supply considered by him to be an inter-State supply, but which is subsequently held to be an intra-State supply, shall be granted refund of the amount of integrated tax so paid in such manner and subject to such conditions as may be prescribed.
- (2) A registered person who has paid central tax and State tax or Union territory tax, as the case may be, on a transaction considered by him to be an intra-State supply, but which is subsequently held to be an inter-State supply, shall not be required to pay any interest on the amount of integrated tax payable.

A. Section 19 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>NIL</i>		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification / Date	Contents
1.	03/2017 – IT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 19 of the IGST Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
<i>Also See Section 77 of the CGST Act</i>		
C. Rule related Notifications		
<i>NIL</i>		
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		
E. Circulars		
S.No.	Circular / Date	Contents
1.	162/18/2021-GST, dt. 25.09.2021	<i>Clarification in respect of refund of tax specified in section 77(1) of the CGST Act and section 19(1) of the IGST Act</i>
F. Instructions		
<i>NIL</i>		

CHAPTER IX

MISCELLANEOUS

20. Application of provisions of Central Goods and Services Tax Act.

Subject to the provisions of this Act and the rules made thereunder, the provisions of Central Goods and Services Tax Act relating to,—

- (i) scope of supply;
- (ii) composite supply and mixed supply;
- (iii) time and value of supply;
- (iv) input tax credit;
- (v) registration;
- (vi) tax invoice, credit and debit notes;
- (vii) accounts and records;
- (viii) returns, other than late fee;
- (ix) payment of tax;
- (x) tax deduction at source;
- (xi) collection of tax at source;
- (xii) assessment;
- (xiii) refunds;
- (xiv) audit;
- (xv) inspection, search, seizure and arrest;
- (xvi) demands and recovery;
- (xvii) liability to pay in certain cases;
- (xviii) advance ruling;
- (xix) appeals and revision;
- (xx) presumption as to documents;
- (xxi) offences and penalties;
- (xxii) job work;
- (xxiii) electronic commerce;
- (xxiv) transitional provisions; and
- (xxv) miscellaneous provisions including the provisions relating to the imposition of interest and penalty,

shall, *mutatis mutandis*, apply, so far as may be, in relation to integrated tax as they apply in relation to central tax as if they are enacted under this Act:

Provided that in the case of tax deducted at source, the deductor shall deduct tax at the rate of two per cent. from the payment made or credited to the supplier:

Provided further that in the case of tax collected at source, the operator shall collect tax at such rate not exceeding two per cent, as may be notified on the recommendations of the Council, of the net value of taxable supplies:

Provided also that for the purposes of this Act, the value of a supply shall include any taxes, duties, cesses, fees and charges levied under any law for the time being in force other than this Act, and the Goods and Services Tax (Compensation to States) Act, if charged separately by the supplier:

Provided also that in cases where the penalty is leivable under the Central Goods and Services Tax Act and the State Goods and Services Tax Act or the Union Territory Goods and Services Tax Act, the penalty leivable under this Act shall be the sum total of the said penalties.

¹[Provided also that where the appeal is to be filed before the Appellate Authority or the Appellate Tribunal, the maximum amount payable shall be fifty crore rupees and one hundred crore rupees respectively.]

A. Section 20 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>Rule 2</i>	<i>Application of Central Goods and Services Tax Rules</i>	<i>Nil</i>
B. Section related Notifications		
<i>S.No.</i>	<i>Notification / Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	<i>01/2017 – IT, dt. 19.06.2017</i>	<i>Brings into force sec 20 of the IGST Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 22.06.2017</i>
2.	<i>05/2017 – IT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Notifies the number of HSN digits required on tax invoice</i>
3.	<i>05/2017 – IT (R), dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Supplies of goods in respect of which no refund of unutilised input tax credit shall be allowed</i>
4.	<i>06/2017 – IT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Prescribes rate of interest under CGST Act, 2017</i>
5.	<i>06/2017 – IT (R), dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Refund of 50% of IGST on supplies to CSD under sec 20</i>
6.	<i>11/2017 – IT (R), dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Supplies which shall be treated neither as a supply of goods nor a supply of service under IGST Act</i>
7.	<i>12/2017 – IT (R), dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Supplies, which are not eligible for refund of unutilized ITC under IGST Act</i>
8.	<i>13/2017 – IT (R), dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Specialised agencies (e.g., UN, embassies, etc.) entitled to claim a refund of taxes paid on the notified supplies of goods or services or both received by them under IGST Act</i>
9.	<i>07/2017 – IT, dt. 14.09.2017</i>	<i>Grants exemption from registration to job-workers making inter-State supply of services to a registered person from obtaining registration under sec 23 of the CGST Act</i>

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 01.02.2019 (vide Notification No. 1/2019-IT, dt. 29.01.2019) by IGST (Amendment) Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018.

10.	08/2017 – IT, dt. 14.09.2017, Corrigendum 16.09.2017	<i>Grants exemption to a person, making inter-State taxable supplies of handicraft goods, from the requirement to obtain registration under sec 23 of the CGST Act</i>
11.	29/2017 – IT (R), dt. 22.09.2017	<i>Amends N. No. 5/2017-IT (R) dated 28.06.2017 to give effect to GST council decisions regarding restriction of refund on corduroy fabrics</i>
12.	09/2017 – IT, dt. 13.10.2017	<i>Amends N. No. 8/2017-IT dated 14.09.2017 so as to add certain items to the list of “handicrafts goods”</i>
13.	10/2017 – IT, dt. 13.10.2017	<i>Exempts persons making inter-State supplies of taxable services from registration under sec 23(2), having turnover on all India basis less than INR 20 Lakh (10 Lakh in special category states)</i>
14.	11/2017 – IT, dt. 13.10.2017	<i>Cross-empowers State Tax officers for processing and grant of refund</i>
15.	46/2017 – IT (R), dt. 14.11.2017	<i>Amends N. No. 5/2017-IT (R) dated 28.06.2017 – Restriction of ITC on certain fabrics</i>
16.	01/2018 – IT, dt. 23.01.2018	<i>Amendment of N. No. 11/2017-IT dated 13.10.2017 for cross-empowerment of State tax officers for processing and grant of refund</i>
17.	04/2018 – IT (R), dt. 25.01.2018	<i>Provides special procedure with respect to payment of tax by registered person supplying service by way of construction against transfer of development right and vice versa</i>
18.	17/2018 – IT (R), dt. 26.07.2018	<i>Amends N. No. 11/2017-IT (R) dated 28.06.2017 to notify that services by way of any activity in relation to a function entrusted to a municipality under Article 243W shall be treated neither as a supply of good nor a service</i>
19.	21/2018 – IT (R), dt. 26.07.2018	<i>Amends Notification 05/2017-IT (R), dt. 28.06.2017 to give effect to the recommendations of the GST Council in 28th meeting held on 21.07.2018</i>
20.	02/2018 – IT, dt. 20.09.2018	<i>Notifies the rate of tax collection at source (TCS) to be collected by every electronic commerce operator for inter-State taxable supplies</i>
21.	03/2018 – IT, dt. 22.10.2018	<i>Supersedes N. No.8/2017 – IT, dated 14.09.2017</i>
22.	01/2019 – IT, dt. 29.01.2019	<i>Brings into force the IGST (Amendment) Act, 2018 w.e.f. 01.02.2019</i>
23.	02/2019 – IT, dt. 29.01.2019	<i>Amends N. No. 7/2017-IT dated 14.09.2017 to align with the amended Annexure to Rule 138(14) of the CGST Rules</i>
24.	03/2019 – IT, dt. 29.01.2019	<i>Amends N. No. 10/2017-IT dated 13.10.2017 in view of bringing into effect the amendments (to align Special Category States with the explanation in section 22 of CGST Act, 2017) in the GST Acts</i>

25.	<i>IGST (Amendment) Act, 2018 (32 of 2018), dt. 29.08.2018 read with N. No. 1/2019 – IT, dt. 29.01.2019</i>	<i>IGST Act, 2018 – Inserting proviso to sec 20 w.e.f. 01.02.2019</i>
26.	<i>06/2019 – IT (R), dt. 29.03.2019</i>	<i>Notifies certain class of persons by exercising powers conferred under sec 148 of CGST Act, 2017-Time of supply of transfer of development rights and upfront amount</i>
27.	<i>10/2019 – IT (R), dt. 29.06.2019</i>	<i>Specifies retail outlets established in the departure area of an international airport, beyond the immigration counters, making tax free supply of goods to an outgoing international tourist, as class of persons who shall be entitled to claim refund</i>
28.	<i>24/2019 – IT (R), dt. 30.09.2019</i>	<i>Notifies the grant of alcoholic liquor licence as neither a supply of goods nor a supply of service as per sec 20(i) of IGST Act read with sec 7(2) of CGST Act.</i>
29.	<i>04/2019 – IT, dt. 30.09.2019</i>	<i>Notifies the place of supply of R&D services related to pharmaceutical sector as per sec 13(13) of IGST Act, as recommended by GST Council in its 37th meeting held on 20.09.2019</i>
30.	<i>35/2020 – CT, dt. 03.04.2020</i>	<i>Extends due date of compliance which falls during the period from “20.03.2020 to 29.06.2020” till 30.06.2020 and to extend validity of e-way bills.</i>
31.	<i>03/2020 – IT, dt. 08.04.2020</i>	<i>Provides relief by conditional lowering of interest rate for tax periods of February, 2020 to April, 2020</i>
32.	<i>05/2020 – IT, dt. 24.06.2020</i>	<i>Provides relief by conditional lowering of interest rate for tax periods of February, 2020 to July, 2020</i>
33.	<i>06/2020 – IT, dt. 15.10.2020</i>	<i>Notifies the number of HSN digits required on tax invoice</i>
34.	<i>01/2021 – IT, dt. 01.05.2021</i>	<i>Provides relief by lowering of interest rate for the month of March and April, 2021</i>
35.	<i>02/2021 – IT, dt. 01.06.2021</i>	<i>Provides relief by lowering of interest rate for a specified time for tax periods March, 2021 to May, 2021</i>
36.	<i>02/2021 – IT (R), dt. 02.06.2021</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 08/2017-IT (R) so as to notify CGST rates of various services as recommended by GST Council in its 43rd meeting held on 28.05.2021</i>
37.	<i>03/2021 – IT, dt. 02.06.2021</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 4/2019 -IT dt. 30.09.2019 to change the place of supply for B2B MRO services in case of Shipping industry, to the location of the recipient</i>
38.	<i>03/2021 – IT (R), dt. 02.06.2021</i>	<i>Amends N. No. 06/2019-IT (R) so as to give effect to the recommendations made by GST Council in its 43rd meeting held on 28.05.2021</i>

39.	04/2021 – IT (R), dt. 14.06.2021	<i>Amends N. No. 08/2017-IT (R) so as to notify GST rates of various services as recommended by GST Council in its 44th meeting held on 12.06.2021</i>
40.	09/2022-IT(R), dt. 13.07.2022	<i>Amends N. No. 5/2017 – IT(R)</i>
41.	18/2023 – IT(R), dt. 19.10.2023	<i>Amends N. No. 12/2017-IT(R), dt. 28.06.2017</i>
42.	23/2023 – IT(R), dt. 19.10.2023	<i>Amends N. No. 05/2017-IT(R), dt. 28.06.2017</i>

C. Rule related Notifications

1.	04/2017 – IT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Notifies Rule 2 of the IGST Rules, 2017</i>
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D. Orders*NIL***E. Circulars**

S.No.	<i>Circular / Date</i>	<i>Contents</i>
1.	01/2017 – GST, dt. 26.06.2017	<i>Proper officer for provisions relating to Registration and Composition levy under the Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 or the rules made thereunder</i>
2.	03/2017 – GST, dt. 05.07.2017	<i>Proper officer relating to provisions other than Registration and Composition under the CGST Act, 2017</i>
3.	07/2017 – GST, dt. 01.09.2017	<i>System based reconciliation of information furnished in Form GSTR-1 and Form GSTR-2 with Form GSTR-3B</i>
4.	09/2017 – GST, dt. 18.10.2017	<i>Authorized officer for enrolment of GST Practitioner</i>
5.	10/2017 – GST, dt. 18.10.2017	<i>Clarification on movement of goods on approval basis</i>
6.	21/2017 – GST, dt. 22.11.2017	<i>Inter-state movement of rigs, tools and spares, and all goods on wheels [like cranes]</i>
7.	31/2018 – GST, dt. 09.02.2018	<i>Proper officer under sections 73 and 74 of the CGST Act, and under the IGST Act</i>
8.	89/2019 – GST, dt. 18.02.2019	<i>Clarification regarding situations of mentioning details of inter-State supplies made to unregistered persons in Table 3.2 of Form GSTR-3B and Table 7B of Form GSTR-1</i>
9.	108/2019 – GST, dt. 18.07.2019	<i>Clarifies issues regarding procedure to be followed in respect of goods sent / taken out of India for exhibition or on consignment basis for export promotion</i>

Also see various sections of the CGST Act

F. Instructions
NIL

21. Import of services made on or after the appointed day.

Import of services made on or after the appointed day shall be liable to tax under the provisions of this Act regardless of whether the transactions for such import of services had been initiated before the appointed day:

Provided that if the tax on such import of services had been paid in full under the existing law, no tax shall be payable on such import under this Act:

Provided further that if the tax on such import of services had been paid in part under the existing law, the balance amount of tax shall be payable on such import under this Act.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this section, a transaction shall be deemed to have been initiated before the appointed day if either the invoice relating to such supply or payment, either in full or in part, has been received or made before the appointed day.

A. Section 21 - Relevant Rules & Forms	
NIL	
B. Section related Notifications	
S.No.	Notification / Date
1.	03/2017 – IT, dt. 28.06.2017
<i>Brings into force sec 21 of the IGST Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>	
C. Rule related Notifications	
NIL	
D. Orders	
NIL	
E. Circulars	
NIL	
F. Instructions	
NIL	

22. Power to make rules.

- (1) The Government may, on the recommendations of the Council, by notification, make rules for carrying out the provisions of this Act.
- (2) Without prejudice to the generality of the provisions of sub-section (1), the Government may make rules for all or any of the matters which by this Act are required to be, or may be, prescribed or in respect of which provisions are to be or may be made by rules.

- (3) The power to make rules conferred by this section shall include the power to give retrospective effect to the rules or any of them from a date not earlier than the date on which the provisions of this Act come into force.
- (4) Any rules made under sub-section (1) may provide that a contravention thereof shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten thousand rupees.

A. Section 22 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>All Rules</i>		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification / Date	Contents
1.	01/2017 – IT, dt. 19.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 22 of the IGST Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 22.06.2017</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	04/2017 – IT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Notifies Rules 1 and 2 of the IGST Rules, 2017</i>
2.	12/2017 – IT, dt. 15.11.2017	<i>IGST (Amendment) Rules, 2017 - Inserting Rule 3</i>
3.	04/2018 – IT, dt. 31.12.2018	<i>IGST (Amendment) Rules, 2018 - Amending Rule 3 and Inserting Rules 4 to 9</i>
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		
E. Circulars		
<i>NIL</i>		
F. Instructions		
<i>NIL</i>		

23. Power to make regulations.

The Board may, by notification, make regulations consistent with this Act and the rules made thereunder to carry out the provisions of this Act.

A. Section 23 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>NIL</i>		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification / Date	Contents
1.	03/2017 – IT, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 23 of the IGST Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>

C. Rule related Notifications
<i>NIL</i>
D. Orders
<i>NIL</i>
E. Circulars
<i>NIL</i>
F. Instructions
<i>NIL</i>

24. Laying of rules, regulations and notifications.

Every rule made by the Government, every regulation made by the Board and every notification issued by the Government under this Act, shall be laid, as soon as may be, after it is made or issued, before each House of Parliament, while it is in session, for a total period of thirty days which may be comprised in one session or in two or more successive sessions, and if, before the expiry of the session immediately following the session or the successive sessions aforesaid, both Houses agree in making any modification in the rule or regulation or in the notification, as the case may be, or both Houses agree that the rule or regulation or the notification should not be made, the rule or regulation or notification, as the case may be, shall thereafter have effect only in such modified form or be of no effect, as the case may be; so, however, that any such modification or annulment shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done under that rule or regulation or notification, as the case may be.

A. Section 24 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>NIL</i>		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification / Date	Contents
1.	03/2017 – IT, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 24 of the IGST Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 01.07.2017
C. Rule related Notifications		
<i>NIL</i>		
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		
E. Circulars		
<i>NIL</i>		
F. Instructions		
<i>NIL</i>		

25. Removal of difficulties.

- (1) If any difficulty arises in giving effect to any provision of this Act, the Government may, on the recommendations of the Council, by a general or a special order published in the Official Gazette, make such provisions not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act or the rules or regulations made thereunder, as may be necessary or expedient for the purpose of removing the said difficulty:

Provided that no such order shall be made after the expiry of a period of ¹[five years] from the date of commencement of this Act.

- (2) Every order made under this section shall be laid, as soon as may be, after it is made, before each House of Parliament.

A. Section 25 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
S.No.	Notification / Date	Contents
1.	<i>03/2017 – IT, dt. 28.06.2017</i>	<i>Brings into force sec 25 of the IGST Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	<i>Finance Act, 2020 (Act No. 12 of 2020), dt. 27.03.2020 read with N. No. 04/2020 – IT, dt. 24.06.2020</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 25(1) w.e.f. 30.06.2020</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
S.No.	Circular / Date	Contents
1.	<i>1/1/2017 – IGST, dt. 07.07.2017</i>	<i>Clarification on inter-state movement of various modes of conveyance, carrying goods or passengers or for repairs and maintenance</i>
F. Instructions		
NIL		



¹ Subs. w.e.f. 30.06.2020 for the words “three years” by the Finance Act, 2020 (12 of 2020) (s.134) dt. 27.03.2020 read with Notification No. 04/2020-IT dt 24.06.2020.



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IGST Rules, 2017

Updated as on 01 July 2024

**Adv. (CA) Rakesh Garg
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INDEX

INTEGRATED GOODS AND SERVICES TAX RULES, 2017

1. Short title and commencement
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5. The supply of services attributable to different States or Union Territories, under sub- section (7) of section 12 of the said Act, in the case of
6. *see Rule*
7. *see Rule*
8. *see Rule*
9. *see Rule*

Integrated Goods and Services Tax Rules, 2017¹ as on 01 July 2024

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 22 of the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 (13 of 2017) read with section 20 of the said Act, the Central Government hereby makes the following rules, namely:-

1. Short title and commencement

- (1) These rules may be called the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Rules, 2017.
- (2) They shall be deemed to have come into force on the 22nd day of June, 2017.

Relevant Sec: Nil	Forms: Nil
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2. Application of Central Goods and Services Tax Rules

The Central Goods and Services Tax Rules, 2017, for carrying out the provisions specified in section 20 of the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 shall, so far as may be, apply in relation to integrated tax as they apply in relation to central tax.

Relevant Sec: 20	Forms: Nil
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²[3. Proportion of value attributable to different States or Union territories

The proportion of value attributable to different States or Union territories, in the case of supply of advertisement services to the Central Government, a State Government, a statutory body or a local authority, under sub section (14) of section 12 of the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017, in the absence of any contract between the supplier of service and recipient of services, shall be determined in the following manner namely:—

- (a) In the case of newspapers and publications, the amount payable for publishing an advertisement in all the editions of a newspaper or publication, which are published in a State or Union territory, as the case may be, is the value of advertisement service attributable to the dissemination in such State or Union territory.

¹ Notified w.e.f. 22.06.2017 vide Notification No. 4/2017-IT, dt. 28.06.2017.

² Ins. w.e.f. 01.07.2017 vide Notification No. 12/2017-IT, dt. 15.11.2017.

Illustration: ABC is a government agency which deals with the all the advertisement and publicity of the Government. It has various wings dealing with various types of publicity. In furtherance thereof, it issues release orders to various agencies and entities. These agencies and entities thereafter provide the service and then issue invoices to ABC indicating the amount to be paid by them. ABC issues a release order to a newspaper for an advertisement on 'Beti bachao beti padhao', to be published in the newspaper DEF (whose head office is in Delhi) for the editions of Delhi, Pune, Mumbai, Lucknow and Jaipur. The release order will have details of the newspaper like the periodicity, language, size of the advertisement and the amount to be paid to such a newspaper. The place of supply of this service shall be in the Union territory of Delhi, and the States of Maharashtra, Uttar Pradesh and Rajasthan. The amounts payable to the Pune and Mumbai editions would constitute the proportion of value for the state of Maharashtra which is attributable to the dissemination in Maharashtra. Likewise the amount payable to the Delhi, Lucknow and Jaipur editions would constitute the proportion of value attributable to the dissemination in the Union territory of Delhi and States of Uttar Pradesh and Rajasthan respectively. DEF should issue separate State wise and Union territory wise invoices based on the editions.

- (b) in the case of printed material like pamphlets, leaflets, diaries, calendars, T shirts etc., the amount payable for the distribution of a specific number of such material in a particular State or Union territory is the value of advertisement service attributable to the dissemination in such State or Union territory, as the case may be.

Illustration: As a part of the campaign 'Swachh Bharat', ABC has engaged a company GH for printing of one lakh pamphlets (at a total cost of one lakh rupees) to be distributed in the states of Haryana, Uttar Pradesh and Rajasthan. In such a case, ABC should ascertain the breakup of the pamphlets to be distributed in each of the three States i.e. Haryana, Uttar Pradesh and Rajasthan, from the Ministry or department concerned at the time of giving the print order. Let us assume that this breakup is twenty thousand, fifty thousand and thirty thousand respectively. This breakup should be indicated in the print order. The place of supply of this service is in Haryana, Uttar Pradesh and Rajasthan. The ratio of this breakup i.e. 2:5:3 will form the basis of value attributable to the dissemination in each of the three States. Separate invoices will have to be issued State wise by GH to ABC indicating the value pertaining to that State i.e. twenty thousand rupees-Haryana, fifty thousand rupees-Uttar Pradesh and thirty thousand rupees-Rajasthan.

- (c) (i) in the case of hoardings other than those on trains , the amount payable for the hoardings located in each State or Union territory, as the case may be, is the value of advertisement service attributable to the dissemination in each such State or Union territory, as the case may be.

Illustration: ABC as part of the campaign ‘Saakshar Bharat’ has engaged a firm IJ for putting up hoardings near the Airports in the four metros i.e. Delhi, Mumbai, Chennai and Kolkata. The release order issued by ABC to IJ will have the city wise, location wise breakup of the amount payable for such hoardings. The place of supply of this service is in the Union territory of Delhi and the States of Maharashtra, Tamil Nadu and West Bengal. In such a case, the amount actually paid to IJ for the hoardings in each of the four metros will constitute the value attributable to the dissemination in the Union territory of Delhi and the States of Maharashtra, Tamil Nadu and West Bengal respectively. Separate invoices will have to be issued State wise and Union territory wise by IJ to ABC indicating the value pertaining to that State or Union territory.

- (ii) in the case of advertisements placed on trains, the breakup, calculated on the basis of the ratio of the length of the railway track in each State for that train, of the amount payable for such advertisements is the value of advertisement service attributable to the dissemination in such State or Union territory, as the case may be.

Illustration: ABC places an order on KL for advertisements to be placed on a train with regard to the “Janani Suraksha Yojana”. The length of a track in a state will vary from train to train. Thus for advertisements to be placed on the Hazrat Nizamuddin Vasco Da Gama Goa Express which runs through Delhi, Haryana, Uttar Pradesh, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Karnataka and Goa, KL may ascertain the total length of the track from Hazrat Nizamuddin to Vasco Da Gama as well as the length of the track in each of these States and Union territory from the website www.indianrail.gov.in. The place of supply of this service is in the Union territory of Delhi and States of Haryana, Uttar Pradesh, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra Karnataka and Goa. The value of the supply in each of these States and Union territory attributable to the dissemination in these States will be in the ratio of the length of the track in each of these States and Union territory. If this ratio works out to say 0.5:0.5: 2:2 :3:3:1 , and the amount to be paid to KL is one lakh twenty thousand rupees, then KL will have to calculate the State wise and Union territory wise breakup of the value of the service, which will be in the ratio of the length of the track in each State and Union territory. In the given example the State wise and Union territory wise breakup works out to Delhi (five thousand rupees), Haryana (five thousand rupees), Uttar Pradesh (twenty thousand rupees), Madhya Pradesh (twenty thousand rupees), Maharashtra (thirty thousand rupees), Karnataka (thirty thousand rupees) and Goa (ten thousand rupees). Separate invoices will have to be issued State wise and Union territory wise by KL to ABC indicating the value pertaining to that State or Union territory.

- (d) (i) in the case of advertisements on the back of utility bills of oil and gas companies etc., the amount payable for the advertisements on bills pertaining to consumers having billing addresses in such States or Union territory as the case may be, is the value of advertisement service attributable to dissemination in such State or Union territory.
- (ii) in the case of advertisements on railway tickets, the breakup, calculated on the basis of the ratio of the number of Railway Stations in each State or Union territory, when applied to the amount payable for such advertisements, shall constitute the value of advertisement service attributable to the dissemination in such State or Union territory, as the case may be.

Illustration: ABC has issued a release order to MN for display of advertisements relating to the "Ujjwala" scheme on the railway tickets that are sold from all the Stations in the States of Madhya Pradesh and Chattisgarh. The place of supply of this service is in Madhya Pradesh and Chattisgarh. The value of advertisement service attributable to these two States will be in the ratio of the number of railway stations in each State as ascertained from the Railways or from the website www.indianrail.gov.in. Let us assume that this ratio is 713 : 251 and the total bill is rupees nine thousand six hundred and forty. The breakup of the amount between Madhya Pradesh and Chattisgarh in this ratio of 713:251 works out to seven thousand one hundred and thirty rupees and two thousand five hundred and ten rupees respectively. Separate invoices will have to be issued State wise by MN to ABC indicating the value pertaining to that State.

- (e) in the case of advertisements over radio stations the amount payable to such radio station, which by virtue of its name is part of a State or Union territory, as the case may be, is the value of advertisement service attributable to dissemination in such State or Union territory, as the case may be.

Illustration: For an advertisement on 'Pradhan Mantri Ujjwala Yojana', to be broadcast on a FM radio station OP, for the radio stations of OP Kolkata, OP Bhubaneswar, OP Patna, OP Ranchi and OP Delhi, the release order issued by ABC will show the breakup of the amount which is to be paid to each of these radio stations. The place of supply of this service is in West Bengal, Odisha, Bihar, Jharkhand and Delhi. The place of supply of OP Delhi is in Delhi even though the studio may be physically located in another state. Separate invoices will have to be issued State wise and Union territory wise by MN to ABC based on the value pertaining to each State or Union territory.

- (f) in the case of advertisement on television channels, the amount attributable to the value of advertisement service disseminated in a State shall be calculated on the basis of the viewership of such channel in such State, which in turn, shall be calculated in the following manner, namely:—

- (i) the channel viewership figures for that channel for a State or Union territory shall be taken from the figures published in this regard by the Broadcast Audience Research Council;
- (ii) the figures published for the last week of a given quarter shall be used for calculating viewership for the succeeding quarter and at the beginning, the figures for the quarter 1st July, 2017 to 30th September, 2017 shall be used for the succeeding quarter 1st October, 2017 to 31st December, 2017;
- (iii) where such channel viewership figures relate to a region comprising of more than one State or Union territory, the viewership figures for a State or Union territory of that region, shall be calculated by applying the ratio of the populations of that State or Union territory, as determined in the latest Census, to such viewership figures;
- (iv) the ratio of the viewership figures for each State or Union territory as so calculated, when applied to the amount payable for that service, shall represent the portion of the value attributable to the dissemination in that State or Union territory.

Illustration: ABC issues a release order with QR channel for telecasting an advertisement relating to the Pradhan “Mantri Kaushal Vikas Yojana” in the month of November, 2017. In the first phase, this will be telecast in the Union territory of Delhi, States of Uttar Pradesh, Uttarakhand, Bihar and Jharkhand. The place of supply of this service is in Delhi, Uttar Pradesh, Uttarakhand, Bihar and Jharkhand. In order to calculate the value of supply attributable to Delhi, Uttar Pradesh, Uttarakhand, Bihar and Jharkhand, QR has to proceed as under—

- I. QR will ascertain the viewership figures for their channel in the last week of September 2017 from the Broadcast Audience Research Council. Let us assume it is one lakh for Delhi and two lakhs for the region comprising of Uttar Pradesh and Uttarakhand and one lakh for the region comprising of Bihar and Jharkhand;
- II. since the Broadcast Audience Research Council clubs Uttar Pradesh and Uttarakhand into one region and Bihar and Jharkhand into another region, QR will ascertain the population figures for Uttar Pradesh, Uttarakhand, Bihar and Jharkhand from the latest census;
- III. by applying the ratio of the populations of Uttar Pradesh and Uttarakhand, as so ascertained, to the Broadcast Audience Research Council viewership figures for their channel for this region, the viewership figures for Uttar Pradesh and Uttarakhand and consequently the ratio of these viewership figures can be calculated. Let us assume that the ratio of the populations of Uttar Pradesh and Uttarakhand works out to 9 : 1. When this ratio is applied to the viewership figures of two lakhs for this region, the viewership

figures for Uttar Pradesh and Uttarakhand work out to one lakh eighty thousand and twenty thousand respectively;

- IV. *in a similar manner the breakup of the viewership figures for Bihar and Jharkhand can be calculated. Let us assume that the ratio of populations is 4 :1 and when this is applied to the viewership figure of one lakh for this region, the viewership figure for Bihar and Jharkhand works out to eighty thousand and twenty thousand respectively;*
- V. *the viewership figure for each State works out to Delhi (one lakh), Uttar Pradesh (one lakh eighty thousand), Uttarakhand (twenty thousand), Bihar (eighty thousand) and Jharkhand (twenty thousand). The ratio is thus 10:18:2:8:2 or 5:9:1:4:1 (simplification).*
- VI. *this ratio has to be applied when indicating the breakup of the amount pertaining to each State . Thus if the total amount payable to QR by ABC is twenty lakh rupees, the State wise breakup is five lakh rupees (Delhi), nine lakh rupees (Uttar Pradesh) one lakh rupees (Uttarakhand), four lakh rupees (Bihar) and one lakh rupees (Jharkhand). Separate invoices will have to be issued State wise and Union territory wise by QR to ABC indicating the value pertaining to that State or Union territory.*

- (g) in the case of advertisements at cinema halls the amount payable to a cinema hall or screens in a multiplex, in a State or Union territory, as the case may be, is the value of advertisement service attributable to dissemination in such State or Union territory, as the case may be.

Illustration: ABC commissions ST for an advertisement on 'Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana' to be displayed in the cinema halls in Chennai and Hyderabad. The place of supply of this service is in the states of Tamil Nadu and Telengana. The amount actually paid to the cinema hall or screens in a multiplex, in Tamil Nadu and Telengana as the case may be, is the value of advertisement service in Tamil Nadu and Telengana respectively. Separate invoices will have to be issued State wise and Union territory wise by ST to ABC indicating the value pertaining to that State.

- (h) in the case of advertisements over internet ¹[*the service shall be deemed to have been provided all over India and*], the amount attributable to the value of advertisement service disseminated in a State or Union territory shall be calculated on the basis of the internet subscribers in such State or Union territory, which in turn, shall be calculated in the following manner, namely:—
 - (i) the internet subscriber figures for a State shall be taken from the figures published in this regard by the Telecom Regulatory Authority of India ;

¹ Ins. w.e.f. 01.01.2019 vide Notification No. 04/2018-IT, dt. 31.12.2018.

- (ii) the figures published for the last quarter of a given financial year shall be used for calculating the number of internet subscribers for the succeeding financial year and at the beginning, the figures for the last quarter of financial year 2016- 2017 shall be used for the succeeding financial year 2017-2018;
- (iii) where such internet subscriber figures relate to a region comprising of more than one State or Union territory, the subscriber figures for a State or Union territory of that region, shall be calculated by applying the ratio of the populations of that State or Union territory , as determined in the latest census, to such subscriber figures;
- (iv) the ratio of the subscriber figures for each State or Union territory as so calculated, when applied to the amount payable for this service, shall represent the portion of the value attributable to the dissemination in that State or Union territory.

Illustration: ABC issues a release order to WX for a campaign over internet regarding linking Aadhaar with one's bank account and mobile number. WX runs this campaign over certain websites. In order to ascertain the statewise breakup of the value of this service which is to be reflected in the invoice issued by WX to ABC, WX has to first refer to the Telecom Regulatory Authority of India figures for quarter ending March, 2017, as indicated on their website www.trai.gov.in. These figures show the service area wise internet subscribers. There are twenty two service areas. Some relate to individual States some to two or more States and some to part of one State and another complete State. Some of these areas are metropolitan areas. In order to calculate the State wise breakup, first the State wise breakup of the number of internet subscribers is arrived at. (In case figures of internet subscribers of one or more States are clubbed, the subscribers in each State is to be arrived at by applying the ratio of the respective populations of these States as per the latest census.). Once the actual number of subscribers for each State has been determined, the second step for WX involves calculating the State wise ratio of internet subscribers. Let us assume that this works out to 8: 1 : 2... and so on for Andhra Pradesh, Arunachal Pradesh, Assam..... and so on. The third step for WX will be to apply these ratios to the total amount payable to WX so as to arrive at the value attributable to each State. Separate invoices will have to be issued State wise and Union territory wise by WX to ABC indicating the value pertaining to that State or Union territory.

- (i) in the case of advertisements through short messaging service the amount attributable to the value of advertisement service disseminated in a State or Union territory shall be calculated on the basis of the telecommunication (herein after referred to as telecom) subscribers in such State or Union territory, which in turn, shall be calculated in the following manner, namely:—
 - (a) the number of telecom subscribers in a telecom circle shall be ascertained from the figures published by the Telecom Regulatory Authority of India on its website www.trai.gov.in;

- (b) the figures published for a given quarter, shall be used for calculating subscribers for the succeeding quarter and at the beginning , the figures for the quarter 1st July, 2017 to 30th September, 2017 shall be used for the succeeding quarter 1st October, 2017 to 31st December, 2017;
- (c) where such figures relate to a telecom circle comprising of more than one State, or Union territory, the subscriber figures for that State or Union territory shall be calculated by applying the ratio of the populations of that State or Union territory, as determined in the latest census, to such subscriber figures.

Illustration-1: In the case of the telecom circle of Assam, the amount attributed to the telecom circle of Assam is the value of advertisement service in Assam.

Illustration-2: The telecom circle of North East covers the States of Arunachal Pradesh, Meghalaya, Mizoram, Nagaland, Manipur and Tripura. The ratio of populations of each of these States in the latest census will have to be determined and this ratio applied to the total number of subscribers for this telecom circle so as to arrive at the State wise figures of telecom subscribers. Separate invoices will have to be issued State wise by the service provider to ABC indicating the value pertaining to that State.

Illustration-3: ABC commissions UV to send short messaging service to voters asking them to exercise their franchise in elections to be held in Maharashtra and Goa. The place of supply of this service is in Maharashtra and Goa. The telecom circle of Maharashtra consists of the area of the State of Maharashtra (excluding the areas covered by Mumbai which forms another circle) and the State of Goa. When calculating the number of subscribers pertaining to Maharashtra and Goa, UV has to—

- I. obtain the subscriber figures for Maharashtra circle and Mumbai circle and add them to obtain a combined figure of subscribers;
- II. obtain the figures of the population of Maharashtra and Goa from the latest census and derive the ratio of these two populations;
- III. this ratio will then have to be applied to the combined figure of subscribers so as to arrive at the separate figures of subscribers pertaining to Maharashtra and Goa;
- IV. the ratio of these subscribers when applied to the amount payable for the short messaging service in Maharashtra circle and Mumbai circle, will give breakup of the amount pertaining to Maharashtra and Goa. Separate invoices will have to be issued State wise by UV to ABC indicating the value pertaining to that State.

Illustration-4: The telecom circle of Andhra Pradesh consists of the areas of the States of Andhra Pradesh, Telangana and Yanam, an area of the Union territory of Puducherry. The subscribers attributable to Telangana and Yanam will have to be excluded when calculating the subscribers pertaining to Andhra Pradesh.

- (d) the ratio of the subscriber figures for each State or Union territory as so calculated, when applied to the amount payable for that service, shall represent the portion of the value attributable to the dissemination in that State or Union territory.]

Relevant Sec: 12	Forms: Nil
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¹[4. The supply of services attributable to different States or Union territories, under sub section (3) of section 12 of the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 (hereinafter in these rules referred to as the said Act), in the case of -

- (a) services directly in relation to immovable property, including services provided by architects, interior decorators, surveyors, engineers and other related experts or estate agents, any service provided by way of grant of rights to use immovable property or for carrying out or co-ordination of construction work; or
 - (b) lodging accommodation by a hotel, inn, guest house, homestay, club or campsite, by whatever name called, and including a houseboat or any other vessel; or
 - (c) accommodation in any immovable property for organising any marriage or reception or matters related thereto, official, social, cultural, religious or business function including services provided in relation to such function at such property; or
 - (d) any services ancillary to the services referred to in clauses (a), (b) and (c), where such immovable property or boat or vessel is located in more than one State or Union territory, shall be taken as being in each of the respective States or Union Territories, and in the absence of any contract or agreement between the supplier of service and recipient of services for separately collecting or determining the value of the services in each such State or Union territory, as the case maybe, shall be determined in the following manner:-
- (i) in case of services provided by way of lodging accommodation by a hotel, inn, guest house, club or campsite, by whatever name called (except cases where such property is a single property located in two or more contiguous States or Union Territories or both) and services ancillary to such services, the supply of services shall be treated as made in each of the respective States or Union Territories, in proportion to the number of nights stayed in such property;

¹

Rules 4 to 9 ins. w.e.f. 01.01.2019 vide Notification No. 04/2018-IT, dt. 31.12.2018.

- (ii) in case of all other services in relation to immovable property including services by way of accommodation in any immovable property for organising any marriage or reception etc., and in cases of supply of accommodation by a hotel, inn, guest house, club or campsite, by whatever name called where such property is a single property located in two or more contiguous States or Union Territories or both, and services ancillary to such services, the supply of services shall be treated as made in each of the respective States or Union Territories, in proportion to the area of the immovable property lying in each State or Union Territory;
- (iii) in case of services provided by way of lodging accommodation by a house boat or any other vessel and services ancillary to such services, the supply of services shall be treated as made in each of the respective States or Union Territories, in proportion to the time spent by the boat or vessel in each such State or Union territory, which shall be determined on the basis of a declaration made to the effect by the service provider.

Illustration 1: A hotel chain X charges a consolidated sum of Rs.30,000/- for stay in its two establishments in Delhi and Agra, where the stay in Delhi is for 2 nights and the stay in Agra is for 1 night. The place of supply in this case is both in the Union territory of Delhi and in the State of Uttar Pradesh and the service shall be deemed to have been provided in the Union territory of Delhi and in the State of Uttar Pradesh in the ratio 2:1 respectively. The value of services provided will thus be apportioned as Rs.20,000/- in the Union territory of Delhi and Rs.10,000/- in the State of Uttar Pradesh .

Illustration 2: There is a piece of land of area 20,000 square feet which is partly in State S1 say 12,000 square feet and partly in State S2, say 8000 square feet. Site preparation work has been entrusted to T. The ratio of land in the two states works out to 12:8 or 3:2 (simplified). The place of supply is in both S1 and S2. The service shall be deemed to have been provided in the ratio of 12:8 or 3:2 (simplified) in the States S1 and S2 respectively. The value of the service shall be accordingly apportioned between the States.

Illustration 3: A company C provides the service of 24 hours accommodation in a houseboat, which is situated both in Kerala and Karnataka inasmuch as the guests board the house boat in Kerala and stay there for 22 hours but it also moves into Karnataka for 2 hours (as declared by the service provider). The place of supply of this service is in the States of Kerala and Karnataka. The service shall be deemed to have been provided in the ratio of 22:2 or 11:1 (simplified) in the states of Kerala and Karnataka, respectively. The value of the service shall be accordingly apportioned between the States.

Relevant Sec: 12	Forms: Nil
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- 5.** The supply of services attributable to different States or Union Territories, under sub-section (7) of section 12 of the said Act, in the case of-
- (a) services provided by way of organisation of a cultural, artistic, sporting, scientific, educational or entertainment event , including supply of services in relation to a conference, fair exhibition, celebration or similar events; or
 - (b) services ancillary to the organisation of any such events or assigning of sponsorship to such events,

where the services are supplied to a person other than a registered person, the event is held in India in more than one State or Union territory and a consolidated amount is charged for supply of such services, shall be taken as being in each of the respective States or Union Territories, and in the absence of any contract or agreement between the supplier of service and recipient of services for separately collecting or determining the value of the services in each such State or Union territory, as the case maybe, shall be determined by application of the generally accepted accounting principles.

Illustration: An event management company E has to organise some promotional events in States S1 and S2 for a recipient R. 3 events are to be organised in S1 and 2 in S2. They charge a consolidated amount of Rs.10,00,000 from R. The place of supply of this service is in both the States S1 and S2. Say the proportion arrived at by the application of generally accepted accounting principles is 3:2. The service shall be deemed to have been provided in the ratio 3:2 in S1 and S2 respectively. The value of services provided will thus be apportioned as Rs. 6,00,000/- in S1 and Rs. 4,00,000/- in S2 .

Relevant Sec: 12	Forms: Nil
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- 6.** The supply of services attributable to different States or Union Territories, under sub section (11) of section 12 of the said Act, in the case of supply of services relating to a leased circuit where the leased circuit is installed in more than one State or Union territory and a consolidated amount is charged for supply of such services, shall be taken as being in each of the respective States or Union Territories, and in the absence of any contract or agreement between the supplier of service and recipient of services for separately collecting or determining the value of the services in each such State or Union territory, as the case maybe, shall be determined in the following manner, namely:-
- (a) The number of points in a circuit shall be determined in the following manner:
 - (i) in the case of a circuit between two points or places, the starting point or place of the circuit and the end point or place of the circuit will invariably constitute two points;
 - (ii) any intermediate point or place in the circuit will also constitute a point provided that the benefit of the leased circuit is also available at that intermediate point;

- (b) the supply of services shall be treated as made in each of the respective States or Union Territories, in proportion to the number of points lying in the State or Union Territory.

Illustration 1: A company T installs a leased circuit between the Delhi and Mumbai offices of a company C. The starting point of this circuit is in Delhi and the end point of the circuit is in Mumbai. Hence one point of this circuit is in Delhi and another in Maharashtra. The place of supply of this service is in the Union territory of Delhi and the State of Maharashtra. The service shall be deemed to have been provided in the ratio of 1:1 in the Union territory of Delhi and the State of Maharashtra, respectively.

Illustration 2: A company T installs a leased circuit between the Chennai, Bengaluru and Mysuru offices of a company C. The starting point of this circuit is in Chennai and the end point of the circuit is in Mysuru. The circuit also connects Bengaluru. Hence one point of this circuit is in Tamil Nadu and two points in Karnataka. The place of supply of this service is in the States of Tamil Nadu and Karnataka. The service shall be deemed to have been provided in the ratio of 1:2 in the States of Tamil Nadu and Karnataka, respectively.

Illustration 3: A company T installs a leased circuit between the Kolkata, Patna and Guwahati offices of a company C. There are 3 points in this circuit in Kolkata, Patna and Guwahati. One point each of this circuit is, therefore, in West Bengal, Bihar and Assam. The place of supply of this service is in the States of West Bengal, Bihar and Assam. The service shall be deemed to have been provided in the ratio of 1:1:1 in the States of West Bengal, Bihar and Assam, respectively.

Relevant Sec: 12	Forms: Nil
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7. The supply of services attributable to different States or Union Territories, under sub-section (7) of section 13 of the said Act, in the case of services supplied in respect of goods which are required to be made physically available by the recipient of services to the supplier of services, or to a person acting on behalf of the supplier of services, or in the case of services supplied to an individual, represented either as the recipient of services or a person acting on behalf of the recipient, which require the physical presence of the recipient or the person acting on his behalf, where the location of the supplier of services or the location of the recipient of services is outside India, and where such services are supplied in more than one State or Union Territory, shall be taken as being in each of the respective States or Union Territories, and the proportion of value attributable to each such State and Union Territory in the absence of any contract or agreement between the supplier of service and recipient of services for separately collecting or determining the value of the services in each such State or Union Territory, as the case maybe, shall be determined in the following manner, namely:

- (i) in the case of services supplied on the same goods, by equally dividing the value of the service in each of the States and Union Territories where the service is performed;
- (ii) in the case of services supplied on different goods, by taking the ratio of the invoice value of goods in each of the States and Union Territories, on which service is performed, as the ratio of the value of the service performed in each State or Union Territory;
- (iii) in the case of services supplied to individuals, by applying the generally accepted accounting principles.

Illustration-1: A company C which is located in Kolkata is providing the services of testing of a dredging machine and the testing service on the machine is carried out in Orissa and Andhra Pradesh. The place of supply is in Orissa and Andhra Pradesh and the value of the service in Orissa and Andhra Pradesh will be ascertained by dividing the value of the service equally between these two States.

Illustration-2: A company C which is located in Delhi is providing the service of servicing of two cars belonging to Mr. X. One car is of manufacturer J and is located in Delhi and is serviced by its Delhi workshop. The other car is of manufacturer A and is located in Gurugram and is serviced by its Gurugram workshop. The value of service attributable to the Union Territory of Delhi and the State of Haryana respectively shall be calculated by applying the ratio of the invoice value of car J and the invoice value of car A, to the total value of the service.

Illustration-3: A makeup artist M has to provide make up services to an actor A. A is shooting some scenes in Mumbai and some scenes in Goa. M provides the makeup services in Mumbai and Goa. The services are provided in Maharashtra and Goa and the value of the service in Maharashtra and Goa will be ascertained by applying the generally accepted accounting principles.

Relevant Sec: 13	Forms: Nil
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8. The proportion of value attributable to different States or Union Territories, under sub-section (7) of section 13 of the said Act, in the case of supply of services directly in relation to an immovable property, including services supplied in this regard by experts and estate agents, supply of accommodation by a hotel, inn, guest house, club or campsite, by whatever name called, grant of rights to use immovable property, services for carrying out or co-ordination of construction work, including that of architects or interior decorators, where the location of the supplier of services or the location of the recipient of services is outside India, and where such services are supplied in more than one State or Union Territory, in the absence of any contract or agreement between the supplier of service and recipient of services for separately collecting or determining the value of the services in each such State or Union Territory, as the case maybe, shall be determined by applying the provisions of rule 4, *mutatis mutandis*.

Relevant Sec: 13	Forms: Nil
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9. The proportion of value attributable to different States or Union Territories, under sub-section (7) of section 13 of the said Act, in the case of supply of services by way of admission to, or organisation of a cultural, artistic, sporting, scientific, educational or entertainment event, or a celebration, conference, fair, exhibition or similar events, and of services ancillary to such admission or organisation, where the location of the supplier of services or the location of the recipient of services is outside India, and where such services are provided in more than one State or Union Territory, in the absence of any contract or agreement between the supplier of service and recipient of services for separately collecting or determining the value of the services in each such State or Union Territory, as the case maybe, shall be determined by applying the provisions of rule 5, *mutatis mutandis.*]

<i>Relevant Sec: 13</i>	<i>Forms: Nil</i>
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Compensation Cess Act, 2017

Updated as on 01 July 2024

*Incorporating
Section wise
Tracker of rules,
notifications, orders
and circulars*

**Adv. (CA) Rakesh Garg
Sandeep Garg, CMA, FCA**

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Goods and Services Tax (Compensation to States) Act, 2017 as on 01 July 2024

MINISTRY OF LAW AND JUSTICE
(Legislative Department)

New Delhi, the 12th April, 2017/Chaitra 22, 1939 (Saka)

The following Act of Parliament received the assent of the President on the 12th April, 2017,
and is hereby published for general information:—

THE GOODS AND SERVICES TAX (COMPENSATION TO STATES) ACT, 2017 NO. 15 OF 2017

[12th April, 2017]

An Act to provide for compensation to the States for the loss of revenue arising on account of implementation of the goods and services tax in pursuance of the provisions of the Constitution (One Hundred and First Amendment) Act, 2016.

BE it enacted by Parliament in the Sixty-eighth Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

1. Short title, extent and commencement.

- (1) This Act may be called the Goods and Services Tax (Compensation to States) Act, 2017.
- (2) It extends to the whole of India.
- (3) It shall come into force on such date as the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint¹.

¹ All the provisions of the Act notified w.e.f. 01.07.2017, vide Notification No. 1/2017-Compensation Cess, dt. 28.06.2017.

A. Section 1 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification / Date	Contents
1.	01/2017 – CC, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 1 of the GST (Compensation to States) Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 01.07.2017
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
NIL		
F. Instructions		
NIL		

2. Definitions.

- (1) In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires,—
 - (a) “central tax” means the central goods and services tax levied and collected under the Central Goods and Services Tax Act;
 - (b) “Central Goods and Services Tax Act” means the Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017;
 - (c) “cess” means the goods and services tax compensation cess levied under section 8;
 - (d) “compensation” means an amount, in the form of goods and services tax compensation, as determined under section 7;
 - (e) “Council” means the Goods and Services Tax Council constituted under the provisions of article 279A of the Constitution;
 - (f) “Fund” means the Goods and Services Tax Compensation Fund referred to in section 10;
 - (g) “input tax” in relation to a taxable person, means,—
 - (i) cess charged on any supply of goods or services or both made to him;
 - (ii) cess charged on import of goods and includes the cess payable on reverse charge basis;
 - (h) “Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act” means the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017;

- (i) “integrated tax” means the integrated goods and services tax levied and collected under the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act;
 - (j) “prescribed” means prescribed by rules made, on the recommendations of the Council, under this Act;
 - (k) “projected growth rate” means the rate of growth projected for the transition period as per section 3;
 - (l) “Schedule” means the Schedule appended to this Act;
 - (m) “State” means,—
 - (i) for the purposes of sections 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 the States as defined under the Central Goods and Services Tax Act; and
 - (ii) for the purposes of sections 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14 the States as defined under the Central Goods and Services Tax Act and the Union territories as defined under the Union Territories Goods and Services Tax Act;
 - (n) “State tax” means the State goods and services tax levied and collected under the respective State Goods and Services Tax Act;
 - (o) “State Goods and Services Tax Act” means the law to be made by the State Legislature for levy and collection of tax by the concerned State on supply of goods or services or both;
 - (p) “taxable supply” means a supply of goods or services or both which is chargeable to the cess under this Act;
 - (q) “transition date” shall mean, in respect of any State, the date on which the State Goods and Services Tax Act of the concerned State comes into force;
 - (r) “transition period” means a period of five years from the transition date; and
 - (s) “Union Territories Goods and Services Tax Act” means the Union Territories Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017.
- (2) The words and expressions used and not defined in this Act but defined in the Central Goods and Services Tax Act and the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act shall have the meanings respectively assigned to them in those Acts.

A. Section 2 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification / Date	Contents
1.	01/2017 – CC, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 2 of the GST (Compensation to States) Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 01.07.2017
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		

D. Orders
NIL
E. Circulars
NIL
F. Instructions
NIL

3. Projected growth rate.

The projected nominal growth rate of revenue subsumed for a State during the transition period shall be fourteen per cent. per annum.

A. Section 3 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification / Date	Contents
1.	01/2017 – CC, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 3 of the GST (Compensation to States) Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 01.07.2017
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
NIL		
F. Instructions		
NIL		

4. Base year.

For the purpose of calculating the compensation amount payable in any financial year during the transition period, the financial year ending 31st March, 2016, shall be taken as the base year.

A. Section 4 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification / Date	Contents
1.	01/2017 – CC, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 4 of the GST (Compensation to States) Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 01.07.2017

<i>C. Rule related Notifications</i>
<i>NIL</i>
<i>D. Orders</i>
<i>NIL</i>
<i>E. Circulars</i>
<i>NIL</i>
<i>F. Instructions</i>
<i>NIL</i>

5. Base year revenue.

- (1) Subject to the provision of sub-sections (2), (3), (4), (5) and (6), the base year revenue for a State shall be the sum of the revenue collected by the State and the local bodies during the base year, on account of the taxes levied by the respective State or Union and net of refunds, with respect to the following taxes, imposed by the respective State or Union, which are subsumed into goods and services tax, namely:—
- (a) the value added tax, sales tax, purchase tax, tax collected on works contract, or any other tax levied by the concerned State under the erstwhile entry 54 of List-II (State List) of the Seventh Schedule to the Constitution;
 - (b) the central sales tax levied under the Central Sales Tax Act, 1956 (74 of 1956);
 - (c) the entry tax, octroi, local body tax or any other tax levied by the concerned State under the erstwhile entry 52 of List-II (State List) of the Seventh Schedule to the Constitution;
 - (d) the taxes on luxuries, including taxes on entertainments, amusements, betting and gambling or any other tax levied by the concerned State under the erstwhile entry 62 of List-II (State List) of the Seventh Schedule to the constitution;
 - (e) the taxes on advertisement or any other tax levied by the concerned State under the erstwhile entry 55 of List-II (State List) of the Seventh Schedule to the Constitution;
 - (f) the duties of excise on medicinal and toilet preparations levied by the Union but collected and retained by the concerned State Government under the erstwhile article 268 of the Constitution;
 - (g) any cess or surcharge or fee leviable under entry 66 read with entries 52, 54, 55 and 62 of List-II of the Seventh Schedule to the Constitution by the State Government under any Act notified under sub-section (4), prior to the commencement of the provisions of the Constitution (One Hundred and First Amendment) Act, 2016:

Provided that the revenue collected during the base year in a State, net of refunds, under the following taxes shall not be included in the calculation of the base year revenue for that State, namely:—

- (a) any taxes levied under any Act enacted under the erstwhile entry 54 of List-II (State List) of the Seventh Schedule to the Constitution, prior to the coming into force of the provisions of the Constitution (One Hundred and First Amendment) Act, 2016, on the sale or purchase of petroleum crude, high speed diesel, motor spirit (commonly known as petrol), natural gas, aviation turbine fuel and alcoholic liquor for human consumption;
 - (b) tax levied under the Central Sales Tax Act, 1956, (74 of 1956.) on the sale or purchase of petroleum crude, high speed diesel, motor spirit (commonly known as petrol), natural gas, aviation turbine fuel and alcoholic liquor for human consumption;
 - (c) any cess imposed by the State Government on the sale or purchase of petroleum crude, high speed diesel, motor spirit (commonly known as petrol), natural gas, aviation turbine fuel and alcoholic liquor for human consumption; and
 - (d) the entertainment tax levied by the State but collected by local bodies, under any Act enacted under the erstwhile entry 62 of List-II (State List) of the Seventh Schedule to the Constitution, prior to coming into force of the provisions of the Constitution (One Hundred and First Amendment) Act, 2016.
- (2) In respect of the State of Jammu and Kashmir, the base year revenue shall include the amount of tax collected on sale of services by the said State Government during the base year.
- (3) In respect of the States mentioned in sub-clause (g) of clause (4) of article 279A of the Constitution, the amount of revenue foregone on account of exemptions or remission given by the said State Governments to promote industrial investment in the State, with respect to such specific taxes referred to in sub-section (1), shall be included in the total base year revenue of the State, subject to such conditions as may be prescribed.
- (4) The Acts of the Central Government and State Governments under which the specific taxes are being subsumed into the goods and services tax shall be such as may be notified.
- (5) The base year revenue shall be calculated as per sub-sections (1), (2), (3) and (4) on the basis of the figures of revenue collected and net of refunds given in that year, as audited by the Comptroller and Auditor-General of India.
- (6) In respect of any State, if any part of revenues mentioned in sub-sections (1), (2), (3) and (4) are not credited in the Consolidated Fund of the respective State, the same shall be included in the total base year revenue of the State, subject to such conditions as may be prescribed.

A. Section 5 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>NIL</i>		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification / Date	Contents
1.	01/2017 – CC, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 5 of the GST (Compensation to States) Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	01/2018 – CC, dt. 14.11.2018	<i>Notifies the list of Acts of Central and State Governments under which specified taxes are being subsumed into the GST</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
<i>NIL</i>		
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		
E. Circulars		
<i>NIL</i>		
F. Instructions		
<i>NIL</i>		

6. Projected revenue for any year.

The projected revenue for any year in a State shall be calculated by applying the projected growth rate over the base year revenue of that State.

Illustration.—If the base year revenue for 2015-16 for a concerned State, calculated as per section 5 is one hundred rupees, then the projected revenue for financial year 2018-19 shall be as follows—

$$\text{Projected Revenue for 2018-19} = 100 (1 + 14/100)^3$$

A. Section 6 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>NIL</i>		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification / Date	Contents
1.	01/2017 – CC, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 6 of the GST (Compensation to States) Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
<i>NIL</i>		
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		

<i>E. Circulars</i>
NIL
<i>F. Instructions</i>
NIL

7. Calculation and release of compensation.

- (1) The compensation under this Act shall be payable to any State during the transition period.
- (2) The compensation payable to a State shall be provisionally calculated and released at the end of every two months period, and shall be finally calculated for every financial year after the receipt of final revenue figures, as audited by the Comptroller and Auditor-General of India:

Provided that in case any excess amount has been released as compensation to a State in any financial year during the transition period, as per the audited figures of revenue collected, the excess amount so released shall be adjusted against the compensation amount payable to such State in the subsequent financial year.

- (3) The total compensation payable for any financial year during the transition period to any State shall be calculated in the following manner, namely:—
 - (a) the projected revenue for any financial year during the transition period, which could have accrued to a State in the absence of the goods and services tax, shall be calculated as per section 6;
 - (b) the actual revenue collected by a State in any financial year during the transition period shall be—
 - (i) the actual revenue from State tax collected by the State, net of refunds given by the said State under Chapters XI and XX of the State Goods and Services Tax Act;
 - (ii) the integrated goods and services tax apportioned to that State; and
 - (iii) any collection of taxes on account of the taxes levied by the respective State under the Acts specified in sub-section (4) of section 5, net of refund of such taxes,
 - as certified by the Comptroller and Auditor-General of India;
 - (c) the total compensation payable in any financial year shall be the difference between the projected revenue for any financial year and the actual revenue collected by a State referred to in clause (b).
- (4) The loss of revenue at the end of every two months period in any year for a State during the transition period shall be calculated, at the end of the said period, in the following manner, namely:—
 - (a) the projected revenue that could have been earned by the State in absence of the goods and services tax till the end of the relevant two months period of the

respective financial year shall be calculated on a *pro-rata* basis as a percentage of the total projected revenue for any financial year during the transition period, calculated in accordance with section 6.

Illustration.—If the projected revenue for any year calculated in accordance with section 6 is one hundred rupees, for calculating the projected revenue that could be earned till the end of the period of ten months for the purpose of this sub-section shall be $100 \times (5/6) = \text{Rs.}83.33$;

- (b) the actual revenue collected by a State till the end of relevant two months period in any financial year during the transition period shall be—
 - (i) the actual revenue from State tax collected by the State, net of refunds given by the State under Chapters XI and XX of the State Goods and Services Tax Act;
 - (ii) the integrated goods and services tax apportioned to that State, as certified by the Principal Chief Controller of Accounts of the ¹[Central Board of Indirect Taxes and Customs], and
 - (iii) any collection of taxes levied by the said State, under the Acts specified in sub-section (4) of section 5, net of refund of such taxes;
- (c) the provisional compensation payable to any State at the end of the relevant two months period in any financial year shall be the difference between the projected revenue till the end of the relevant period in accordance with clause (a) and the actual revenue collected by a State in the said period as referred to in clause (b), reduced by the provisional compensation paid to a State till the end of the previous two months period in the said financial year during the transition period.
- (5) In case of any difference between the final compensation amount payable to a State calculated in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (3) upon receipt of the audited revenue figures from the Comptroller and Auditor-General of India, and the total provisional compensation amount released to a State in the said financial year in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (4), the same shall be adjusted against release of compensation to the State in the subsequent financial year.
- (6) Where no compensation is due to be released in any financial year, and in case any excess amount has been released to a State in the previous year, this amount shall be refunded by the State to the Central Government and such amount shall be credited to the Fund in such manner as may be prescribed.

¹ Subs. vide N. No. 1/2019-GST Compensation dated 29.01.2019 w.e.f. 01.02.2019 for the words “Central Board of Excise and Customs” by Goods and Services Tax (Compensation to States) Amendment Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice notification dt. 29.08.2018.

A. Section 7 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>NIL</i>		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification / Date	Contents
1.	01/2017 – CC, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 7 of the GST (Compensation to States) Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	<i>GST (Compensation to States) Amendment Act, 2018 (31 of 2018) dt. 29.08.2018 read with N. No. 01/2019 –CC, dt. 29.01.2019</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 7(4)(b) w.e.f. 01.02.2019</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
<i>NIL</i>		
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		
E. Circulars		
<i>NIL</i>		
F. Instructions		
<i>NIL</i>		

8. Levy and collection of cess.

- (1) There shall be levied a cess on such intra-State supplies of goods or services or both, as provided for in section 9 of the Central Goods and Services Tax Act, and such inter-State supplies of goods or services or both as provided for in section 5 of the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, and collected in such manner as may be prescribed, on the recommendations of the Council, for the purposes of providing compensation to the States for loss of revenue arising on account of implementation of the goods and services tax with effect from the date from which the provisions of the Central Goods and Services Tax Act is brought into force, for a period of five years or for such period as may be prescribed on the recommendations of the Council:
- Provided that no such cess shall be leviable on supplies made by a taxable person who has decided to opt for composition levy under section 10 of the Central Goods and Services Tax Act.
- (2) The cess shall be levied on such supplies of goods and services as are specified in column (2) of the Schedule, on the basis of value, quantity or on such basis at such rate not exceeding the rate set forth in the corresponding entry in column (4) of the Schedule, as the Central Government may, on the recommendations of the Council, by notification in the Official Gazette, specify:

Provided that where the cess is chargeable on any supply of goods or services or both with reference to their value, for each such supply the value shall be determined under section 15 of the Central Goods and Services Tax Act for all intra-State and inter-State supplies of goods or services or both:

Provided further that the cess on goods imported into India shall be levied and collected in accordance with the provisions of section 3 of the Customs Tariff Act, 1975, (51 of 1975) at the point when duties of customs are levied on the said goods under section 12 of the Customs Act, 1962 (52 of 1962), on a value determined under the Customs Tariff Act, 1975 (51 of 1975).

A. Section 8 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
S.No.	Notification / Date	Contents
1.	01/2017 – CC, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 8 of the GST (Compensation to States) Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	01/2017 – CC (R), dt. 28.06.2017 and subsequent amendments thereto	<i>Rates of compensation cess on supply of specified goods</i>
3.	02/2017 – CC (R), dt. 28.06.2017 and subsequent amendments thereto	<i>Rates of compensation cess on supply of specified services</i>
4.	04/2017 – CC (R), dt. 20.07.2017	<i>Exempts intra-State supplies of second hand goods received by a registered person, dealing in buying and selling of second hand goods and who pays the goods and services tax compensation cess on the value of outward supply of such second hand goods, as determined under rule 32(5) of the CGST Rules, from any supplier, who is not registered, from the whole of the goods and services tax compensation cess leviable thereon under sec 8 of the GST (Compensation to States) Act, read with sec 9(4) of the CGST Act</i>
5.	07/2017 – CC (R), dt. 13.10.2017	<i>Prescribes compensation cess rate on supply or leasing of motor vehicles, purchased or leased before 01.07.2017– Applicable up to 01.07.2020</i>
6.	01/2021 – CC (R), dt. 30.09.2021	<i>Amends N. No. 1/2017-CC (Rate)</i>
7.	02/2021 – CC (R), dt. 28.12.2021	<i>Amends N. No. 1/2017-CC (Rate) dated 28.06.2017</i>
8.	01/2022 – CC, dt. 24.06.2022	<i>Brings into force the Goods and Services Tax (Period of Levy and Collection of Cess) Rules, 2022</i>

A. Section 8 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification / Date	Contents
1.	01/2017 – CC, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 8 of the GST (Compensation to States) Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	01/2017 – CC (R), dt. 28.06.2017 and subsequent amendments thereto	<i>Rates of compensation cess on supply of specified goods</i>
3.	02/2017 – CC (R), dt. 28.06.2017 and subsequent amendments thereto	<i>Rates of compensation cess on supply of specified services</i>
4.	04/2017 – CC (R), dt. 20.07.2017	<i>Exempts intra-State supplies of second hand goods received by a registered person, dealing in buying and selling of second hand goods and who pays the goods and services tax compensation cess on the value of outward supply of such second hand goods, as determined under rule 32(5) of the CGST Rules, from any supplier, who is not registered, from the whole of the goods and services tax compensation cess leviable thereon under sec 8 of the GST (Compensation to States) Act, read with sec 9(4) of the CGST Act</i>
5.	07/2017 – CC (R), dt. 13.10.2017	<i>Prescribes compensation cess rate on supply or leasing of motor vehicles, purchased or leased before 01.07.2017 – Applicable up to 01.07.2020</i>
6.	01/2021 – CC (R), dt. 30.09.2021	<i>Amends N. No. 1/2017-CC (Rate)</i>
7.	02/2021 – CC (R), dt. 28.12.2021	<i>Amends N. No. 1/2017-CC (Rate) dated 28.06.2017</i>
9.	03/2023 – CC(R), dt. 26.07.2023	<i>Amends N. No. 1/2017-CC (Rate) to implement the decisions of 50th GST Council</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		

E. Circulars		
S.No.	Circular / Date	Contents
1.	1/1/2017 – CC dt. 26.07.2017	<i>Provides clarification regarding applicability of sec 16 of the IGST Act, 2017, relating to zero rated supply for the purpose of Compensation Cess on exports</i>
F. Instructions		
<i>NIL</i>		

9. Returns, payments and refunds.

- (1) Every taxable person, making a taxable supply of goods or services or both, shall—
- (a) pay the amount of cess as payable under this Act in such manner;
 - (b) furnish such returns in such forms, along with the returns to be filed under the Central Goods and Services Tax Act; and
 - (c) apply for refunds of such cess paid in such form,
as may be prescribed.
- (2) For all purposes of furnishing of returns and claiming refunds, except for the form to be filed, the provisions of the Central Goods and Services Tax Act and the rules made thereunder, shall, as far as may be, apply in relation to the levy and collection of the cess leviable under section 8 on all taxable supplies of goods or services or both, as they apply in relation to the levy and collection of central tax on such supplies under the said Act or the rules made thereunder.

A. Section 9 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>NIL</i>		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification / Date	Contents
1.	01/2017 – CC, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 9 of the GST (Compensation to States) Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	03/2019 – CC (Rate), dt. 28.06.2017 read with sec 133 of Finance Act, 2020 (Act No. 12 of 2020), dt. 27.03.2020	<i>Disallows the refund of compensation cess in case of inverted duty structure for tobacco and manufactured tobacco substitutes w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
<i>NIL</i>		
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		

<i>E. Circulars</i>		
S.No.	Circular / Date	Contents
1.	68/2018 – GST, dt. 05.10.2018	<i>Notifications issued under CGST Act, 2017 - Applicability to Goods and Services Tax (Compensation to States) Act, 2017</i>
<i>F. Instructions</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		

10. Crediting proceeds of cess to Fund.

- (1) The proceeds of the cess leviable under section 8 and such other amounts as may be recommended by the Council, shall be credited to a non-lapsable Fund known as the Goods and Services Tax Compensation Fund, which shall form part of the public account of India and shall be utilised for purposes specified in the said section.
- (2) All amounts payable to the States under section 7 shall be paid out of the Fund.
- (3) Fifty per cent. of the amount remaining unutilised in the Fund at the end of the transition period shall be transferred to the Consolidated Fund of India as the share of Centre, and the balance fifty per cent. shall be distributed amongst the States in the ratio of their total revenues from the State tax or the Union territory goods and services tax, as the case may be, in the last year of the transition period.

¹[(3A) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (3), fifty per cent. of such amount, as may be recommended by the Council, which remains unutilised in the Fund, at any point of time in any financial year during the transition period shall be transferred to the Consolidated Fund of India as the share of Centre, and the balance fifty per cent. shall be distributed amongst the States in the ratio of their base year revenue determined in accordance with the provisions of section 5:

Provided that in case of shortfall in the amount collected in the Fund against the requirement of compensation to be released under section 7 for any two months' period, fifty per cent. of the same, but not exceeding the total amount transferred to the Centre and the States as recommended by the Council, shall be recovered from the Centre and the balance fifty per cent. from the States in the ratio of their base year revenue determined in accordance with the provisions of section 5.]

- (4) The accounts relating to Fund shall be audited by the Comptroller and Auditor-General of India or any person appointed by him at such intervals as may be specified by him and any expenditure in connection with such audit shall be payable by the Central Government to the Comptroller and Auditor-General of India.
- (5) The accounts of the Fund, as certified by the Comptroller and Auditor-General of India or any other person appointed by him in this behalf together with the audit report thereon shall be laid before each House of Parliament.

¹ *Ins. vide N. No. 1/2019-GST Compensation dated 29.01.2019 w.e.f. 01.02.2019 by Goods and Services Tax (Compensation to States) Amendment Act, 2018, vide Ministry of Law and Justice Notification dt. 29.08.2018.*

A. Section 10 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification / Date	Contents
1.	01/2017 – CC, dt. 28.06.2017	Brings into force sec 10 of the GST (Compensation to States) Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 01.07.2017
2.	GST (Compensation to States) Amendment Act, 2018 (31 of 2018) dt. 29.08.2018 read with N. No. 01/2019 –CC, dt. 29.01.2019	Inserting sec 10(3A) w.e.f. 01.02.2019
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
NIL		
F. Instructions		
NIL		

11. Other provisions relating to cess.

- (1) The provisions of the Central Goods and Services Tax Act, and the rules made thereunder, including those relating to assessment, input tax credit, non-levy, short-levy, interest, appeals, offences and penalties, shall, as far as may be, *mutatis mutandis*, apply, in relation to the levy and collection of the cess leviable under section 8 on the intra-State supply of goods and services, as they apply in relation to the levy and collection of central tax on such intra-State supplies under the said Act or the rules made thereunder.
- (2) The provisions of the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, and the rules made thereunder, including those relating to assessment, input tax credit, non-levy, short-levy, interest, appeals, offences and penalties, shall, *mutatis mutandis*, apply in relation to the levy and collection of the cess leviable under section 8 on the inter-State supply of goods and services, as they apply in relation to the levy and collection of integrated tax on such inter-State supplies under the said Act or the rules made thereunder:

Provided that the input tax credit in respect of cess on supply of goods and services leviable under section 8, shall be utilised only towards payment of said cess on supply of goods and services leviable under the said section.

A. Section 11 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification / Date	Contents
1.	01/2017 – CC, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 11 of the GST (Compensation to States) Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	01/2019 – CC (R), dt. 29.06.2019	<i>Exempts any supply of goods by a retail outlet established in the departure area of an international airport, beyond the immigration counters, to an outgoing international tourist</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
S.No.	Circular / Date	Contents
1.	1/1/2017 – CC dt. 26.07.2017	<i>Provides clarification regarding applicability of sec 16 of the IGST Act, 2017, relating to zero rated supply for the purpose of Compensation Cess on exports</i>
2.	68/2018 – GST, dt. 05.10.2018	<i>Notifications issued under CGST Act, 2017 - Applicability to Goods and Services Tax (Compensation to States) Act, 2017</i>
F. Instructions		
NIL		

12. Power to make rules.

- (1) The Central Government shall, on the recommendations of the Council, by notification in the Official Gazette, make rules for carrying out the provisions of this Act.
- (2) In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may provide for all or any of the following matters, namely:—
 - (a) the conditions which were included in the total base year revenue of the States, referred to in sub-clause (g) of clause (4) of article 279A of the Constitution, under sub-section (3) of section 5;
 - (b) the conditions subject to which any part of revenues not credited in the Consolidated Fund of the respective State shall be included in the total base year revenue of the State, under sub-section (6) of section 5;
 - (c) the manner of refund of compensation by the States to the Central Government under sub-section (6) of section 7;

- (d) the manner of levy and collection of cess and the period of its imposition under sub-section (1) of section 8;
- (e) the manner and forms for payment of cess, furnishing of returns and refund of cess under sub-section (1) of section 9; and
- (f) any other matter which is to be, or may be, prescribed, or in respect of which provision is to be made, by rules.

A. Section 12 - Relevant Rules & Forms		
<i>Rules 1 and 2</i>		
B. Section related Notifications		
S.No.	Notification / Date	Contents
1.	01/2017 – CC, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 12 of the GST (Compensation to States) Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
1.	2/2017 – CC, dt. 01.07.2017	<i>Notifies Goods and Services Tax (Compensation to States) Rules, 2017</i>
D. Orders		
<i>NIL</i>		
E. Circulars		
<i>NIL</i>		
F. Instructions		
<i>NIL</i>		

13. Laying of rules before Parliament.

Every rule made under this Act by the Central Government shall be laid, as soon as may be after it is made, before each House of Parliament, while it is in session, for a total period of thirty days which may be comprised in one session or in two or more successive sessions, and if, before the expiry of the session immediately following the session or the successive sessions aforesaid, both Houses agree in making any modification in the rule or both Houses agree that the rule should not be made, the rule shall thereafter have effect only in such modified form or be of no effect, as the case may be; so, however, that any such modification or annulment shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done under that rule.

A. Section 13 - Relevant Rules & Forms
<i>NIL</i>

<i>B. Section related Notifications</i>		
S.No.	Notification / Date	Contents
1.	01/2017 – CC, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 13 of the GST (Compensation to States) Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
<i>C. Rule related Notifications</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		
<i>D. Orders</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		
<i>E. Circulars</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		
<i>F. Instructions</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		

14. Power to remove difficulties.

- (1) If any difficulty arises in giving effect to the provisions of this Act, the Central Government may, on the recommendations of the Council, by order published in the Official Gazette, make such provisions, not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, as appear to it to be necessary or expedient for removing the difficulty:
- Provided that no order shall be made under this section after the expiry of ¹[five years] from the commencement of this Act.
- (2) Every order made under this section shall, as soon as may be after it is made, be laid before each House of Parliament.

<i>A. Section 14 - Relevant Rules & Forms</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		
<i>B. Section related Notifications</i>		
S.No.	Notification / Date	Contents
1.	01/2017 – CC, dt. 28.06.2017	<i>Brings into force sec 14 of the GST (Compensation to States) Act, 2017 into force w.e.f. 01.07.2017</i>
2.	<i>Finance Act, 2020 (Act No. 12 of 2020), dt. 27.03.2020</i>	<i>Amendment in sec 14(1) w.e.f. 27.03.2020 (Date of passing of the Finance Act, 2020)</i>
<i>C. Rule related Notifications</i>		
<i>NIL</i>		

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 27.03.2020 for the words “three years” vide the Finance Act, 2020 (12 of 2020) (s.140) dt. 27.03.2020.

<i>D. Orders</i>
<i>NIL</i>
<i>E. Circulars</i>
<i>NIL</i>
<i>F. Instructions</i>
<i>NIL</i>

THE SCHEDULE

[See section 8 (2)]

1. In this Schedule, reference to a “tariff item”, “heading”, “sub-heading” and “Chapter”, wherever they occur, shall mean respectively a tariff item, heading, sub-heading and Chapter in the First Schedule to the Customs Tariff Act, 1975 (51 of 1975).
2. The rules for the interpretation of the First Schedule to the Customs Tariff Act, 1975 (51 of 1975), the section and Chapter Notes and the General Explanatory Notes of the First Schedule shall, so far as may be, apply to the interpretation of this Schedule.

S. No.	Description of supply of goods or services	Tariff item, heading, sub-heading, Chapter, or supply of goods or services, as the case may be	The maximum rate at which goods and services tax compensation cess may be collected
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1.	Pan Masala.	2106 90 20	¹ [fifty-one per cent. of retail sale price per unit]
2.	Tobacco and manufactured tobacco substitutes, including tobacco products.	24	² [Four thousand one hundred and seventy rupees per thousand sticks or two hundred and ninety per cent. ad valorem or a combination thereof, but not exceeding four thousand one hundred and seventy rupees per thousand sticks plus two hundred and ninety per cent. ad valorem or hundred per cent. of retail sale price per unit]
3.	Coal, briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal, lignite, whether or not agglomerated, excluding jet, peat (including peat litter), whether or not agglomerated.	2701, 2702 or 2703	Four hundred rupees per tonne.

¹ Subs. w.e.f. 01.04.2023 (vide Notification No. 01/2023-CC, dt. 31.03.2023) by the Finance Act, 2023 (No. 08 of 2023) (s.163) dt. 31.03.2023, for the words “One hundred and thirty-five per cent. ad valorem”.

² Subs. w.e.f. 01.04.2023 (vide Notification No. 01/2023-CC, dt. 31.03.2023) by the Finance Act, 2023 (No. 08 of 2023) (s.163) dt. 31.03.2023. Formerly, it read as:

“Four thousand one hundred and seventy rupees per thousand sticks or two hundred and ninety per cent. ad valorem or a combination thereof, but not exceeding four thousand one hundred and seventy rupees per thousand sticks plus two hundred and ninety per cent. ad valorem.”.

S. No.	Description of supply of goods or services	Tariff item, heading, sub-heading, Chapter, or supply of goods or services, as the case may be	The maximum rate at which goods and services tax compensation cess may be collected
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
4.	Aerated waters.	2202 10 10	Fifteen per cent. <i>ad valorem</i> .
¹ [4A.]	Motor Vehicles for the transport of not more than thirteen persons, including the driver.	8702 10, 8702 20, 8702 30 or 8702 90	Twenty-five per cent <i>ad valorem</i> .]
5.	Motor cars and other motor vehicles principally designed for the transport of persons (other than motor vehicles for the transport of ten or more persons, including the driver), including station wagons and racing cars.	8703	² [Twenty-five per cent. <i>ad valorem</i> .]
6.	Any other supplies.		Fifteen per cent. <i>ad valorem</i> .

³[Explanation.—For the purposes of this Schedule,—

- (i) “retail sale price” means the maximum price at which the concerned goods in packaged form may be sold to the ultimate consumer and includes all taxes, local or otherwise, freight, transport charges, commission payable to dealers, and all charges towards advertisement, delivery, packing, forwarding and the like and the price is the sole consideration for such sale:
Provided that where the provisions of the Legal Metrology Act, 2009 (1 of 2010) or the rules made thereunder or any other law for the time being in force require to declare on the package, the retail sale price excluding any taxes, local or otherwise, the retail sale price shall be construed accordingly;
- (ii) where on the package of any concerned goods more than one retail sale price is declared, the maximum of such retail sale prices shall be deemed to be retail sale price;
- (iii) where the retail sale price, declared on the package of any concerned goods at the time of its clearance from the place of manufacture, is altered to increase the retail sale price, such altered retail sale price shall be deemed to be the retail sale price.

¹ *Ins. S. No. 4A w.e.f. 02.09.2017 vide the Goods and Services Tax (Compensation to States) Amendment Act, 2017, dt. 19.01.2018.*

² *Subs. for “Fifteen per cent. *ad valorem*” w.e.f. 02.09.2017 vide the Goods and Services Tax (Compensation to States) Amendment Act, 2017, dt. 19.01.2018.*

³ *Ins. w.e.f. 01.04.2023 (vide Notification No. 01/2023-CC, dt. 31.03.2023) by the Finance Act, 2023 (No. 08 of 2023) (s.163) dt. 31.03.2023.*

- (iv) where different retail sale prices are declared on different packages for the sale of any concerned goods in packaged form in different areas, each such retail sale price shall be the retail sale price for the purposes of determination of the rate of cess for the said goods intended to be sold in the area to which the retail sale price relates.].

A. Schedule - Relevant Rules & Forms		
NIL		
S.No.	Notification / Date	Contents
1.	<i>GST (Compensation to States) Amendment Act, 2017, dt. 19.01.2018</i>	<i>Inserting Sl. No. 4A and amendment in Sl. No. 5 w.e.f. 02.09.2017</i>
2.	<i>01/2023 – CC, dt. 31.03.2023</i>	<i>Provides commencement date for section 163 of the Finance Act, 2023 [Amendment in the Schedule] [w.e.f. 01.04.2023]</i>
C. Rule related Notifications		
NIL		
D. Orders		
NIL		
E. Circulars		
NIL		
F. Instructions		
NIL		





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Compensation Cess Rules

Updated as on 01 July 2024

Incorporating

- ***GST Compensation Cess Rules, 2017***
- ***GST (Period of Levy and Collection of Cess) Rules, 2022***

**Adv. (CA) Rakesh Garg
Sandeep Garg, CMA, FCA**

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GST COMPENSATION CESS RELATED RULES

A. Goods and Services Tax Compensation Cess Rules, 2017

1. Short title and commencement
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B. Goods and Services Tax (Period of Levy and Collection of Cess) Rules, 2022

1. Short title and commencement
2. Period for levy and collection of Cess

GST Compensation Cess Related Rules as on 01 July 2024

A. Goods and Services Tax Compensation Cess Rules, 2017¹

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 12, read with section 11 of the Goods and Services Tax (Compensation to the States) Act, 2017 (15 of 2017), the Central Government hereby makes the following rules, namely:-

1. Short title and commencement.

<i>Sec: Nil</i>	<i>Forms: Nil</i>
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- (1) These rules may be called the Goods and Services Tax Compensation Cess Rules, 2017.
- (2) They shall come into force with effect from the 1st day of July, 2017.

2. Adaptation of Central Goods and Services Tax Rules, 2017.

<i>Sec: 11</i>	<i>Forms: Nil</i>
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- (1) The Central Goods and Services Tax Rules, 2017 shall, *mutatis mutandis*, apply, subject to the following modifications, namely:
 - (a) in rule 1,
 - (i) for the words and figures “Central Goods and Services Tax Rules, 2017”, the words and figures, “Goods and Services Tax Compensation Cess Rules, 2017” shall be substituted;
 - (b) rules 3 to 7 shall be omitted;
 - (c) rules 117 to 120 shall be omitted.

¹ Notified w.e.f. 01.07.2017 vide N. No. 2/2017-Compensation Cess, dated 01.07.2017.

B. Goods and Services Tax (Period of Levy and Collection of Cess) Rules, 2022¹

G.S.R. 468(E). — In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 12 read with section 8 of the Goods and Services Tax (Compensation to States) Act, 2017 (15 of 2017), the Central Government on the recommendations of the Council hereby makes the following rules, namely:-

1. Short title and commencement.

- (1) These rules may be called the Goods and Services Tax (Period of Levy and Collection of Cess) Rules, 2022.
- (2) They shall come into force with effect from the 1st day of July, 2022.

2. Period for levy and collection of Cess.

The period for levy and collection of cess under sub-section (1) of section 8 of the Goods and Services Tax (Compensation to States) Act, 2017 shall be upto the 31st March, 2026.

[F. No. S-31011/11/2022-ST-II-DOR]



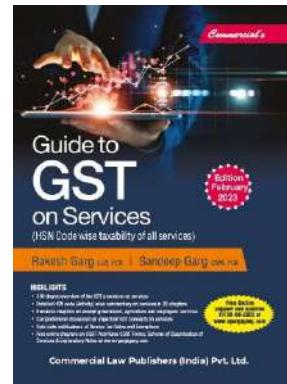
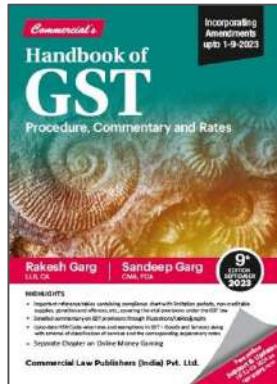
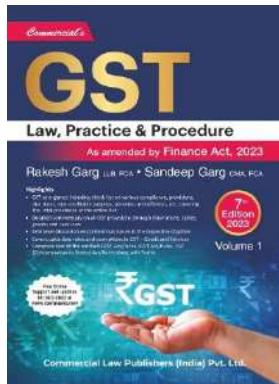
¹ Notified w.e.f. 01.07.2022 vide N. No. 1/2022-Compensation Cess, dated 24.06.2022.



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