

Python For Data Science

PySpark SQL Basics Cheat Sheet

Learn PySpark SQL online at www.DataCamp.com

PySpark & Spark SQL



Spark SQL is Apache Spark's module for working with structured data.

> Initializing SparkSession

A SparkSession can be used create DataFrame, register DataFrame as tables, execute SQL over tables, cache tables, and read parquet files.

```
>>> from pyspark.sql import SparkSession
>>> spark = SparkSession \
    .builder \
    .appName("Python Spark SQL basic example") \
    .config("spark.some.config.option", "some-value") \
    .getOrCreate()
```

> Creating DataFrames

From RDDs

```
>>> from pyspark.sql.types import *
```

Infer Schema

```
>>> sc = spark.sparkContext
>>> lines = sc.textFile("people.txt")
>>> parts = lines.map(lambda l: l.split(","))
>>> people = parts.map(lambda p: Row(name=p[0],age=int(p[1])))
>>> peopledf = spark.createDataFrame(people)
```

Specify Schema

```
>>> people = parts.map(lambda p: Row(name=p[0],
    age=int(p[1].strip())))
>>> schemaString = "name age"
>>> fields = [StructField(field_name, StringType(), True) for
field_name in schemaString.split()]
>>> schema = StructType(fields)
>>> spark.createDataFrame(people, schema).show()
```

	name	age
	Mine	28
	Filip	29
	Jonathan	30

From Spark Data Sources

JSON

```
>>> df = spark.read.json("customer.json")
>>> df.show()
+-----+-----+
| address|age|firstName|lastName|phoneNumber|
+-----+-----+
|[New York,10021,N...| 25| John | Smith|[212 555-1234,ho...
|[New York,10021,N...| 25| Jane | Doe|[321 555-1234,ho...
+-----+-----+
```

```
>>> df2 = spark.read.load("people.json", format="json")
```

Parquet files

```
>>> df3 = spark.read.load("users.parquet")
```

TXT files

```
>>> df4 = spark.read.text("people.txt")
```

> Filter

#Filter entries of age, only keep those records of which the values are >24

```
>>> df.filter(df["age"]>24).show()
```

> Duplicate Values

```
>>> df = df.dropDuplicates()
```

> Queries

```
>>> from pyspark.sql import functions as F
```

Select

```
>>> df.select("firstName").show() #Show all entries in firstName column
>>> df.select("firstName","lastName") \
    .show()
>>> df.select("firstName", #Show all entries in firstName, age and type
    "age",
    explode("phoneNumber") \
    .alias("contactInfo")) \
    .select("contactInfo.type",
    "firstName",
    "age") \
    .show()
>>> df.select(df["firstName"],df["age"]+ 1) #Show all entries in firstName and age,
    .show()                                add 1 to the entries of age
>>> df.select(df['age'] > 24).show() #Show all entries where age >24
```

When

```
>>> df.select("firstName", #Show firstName and 0 or 1 depending on age >30
    F.when(df.age > 30, 1) \
    .otherwise(0)) \
    .show()
>>> df[df.firstName.isin("Jane","Boris")] #Show firstName if in the given options
    .collect()
```

Like

```
>>> df.select("firstName", #Show firstName, and lastName is TRUE if lastName is like Smith
    df.lastName.like("Smith")) \
    .show()
```

Startswith - Endswith

```
>>> df.select("firstName", #Show firstName, and TRUE if lastName starts with Sm
    df.lastName \
    .startswith("Sm")) \
    .show()
>>> df.select(df.lastName.endswith("th")) #Show last names ending in th
    .show()
```

Substring

```
>>> df.select(df.firstName.substr(1, 3) \ #Return substrings of firstName
    .alias("name")) \
    .collect()
```

Between

```
>>> df.select(df.age.between(22, 24)) \ #Show age: values are TRUE if between 22 and 24
    .show()
```

> Add, Update & Remove Columns

Adding Columns

```
>>> df = df.withColumn('city',df.address.city) \
    .withColumn('postalCode',df.address.postalCode) \
    .withColumn('state',df.address.state) \
    .withColumn('streetAddress',df.address.streetAddress) \
    .withColumn('telephoneNumber', explode(df.phoneNumber.number)) \
    .withColumn('phoneType', explode(df.phoneNumber.type))
```

Updating Columns

```
>>> df = df.withColumnRenamed('telephoneNumber', 'phoneNumber')
```

Removing Columns

```
>>> df = df.drop("address", "phoneNumber")
>>> df = df.drop(df.address).drop(df.phoneNumber)
```

> Missing & Replacing Values

```
>>> df.na.fill(50).show() #Replace null values
>>> df.na.drop().show() #Return new df omitting rows with null values
>>> df.na \ #Return new df replacing one value with another
    .replace(10, 20) \
    .show()
```

> GroupBy

```
>>> df.groupBy("age")\ #Group by age, count the members in the groups
    .count() \
    .show()
```

> Sort

```
>>> peopledf.sort(peopledf.age.desc()).collect()
>>> df.sort("age", ascending=False).collect()
>>> df.orderBy(["age", "city"], ascending=[0,1])\
    .collect()
```

> Repartitioning

```
>>> df.repartition(10)\ #df with 10 partitions
    .rdd \
    .getNumPartitions()
>>> df.coalesce(1).rdd.getNumPartitions() #df with 1 partition
```

> Running Queries Programmatically

Registering DataFrames as Views

```
>>> peopledf.createGlobalTempView("people")
>>> df.createTempView("customer")
>>> df.createOrReplaceTempView("customer")
```

Query Views

```
>>> df5 = spark.sql("SELECT * FROM customer").show()
>>> peopledf2 = spark.sql("SELECT * FROM global_temp.people")\
    .show()
```

> Inspect Data

```
>>> df.dtypes #Return df column names and data types
```

```
>>> df.show() #Display the content of df
```

```
>>> df.head() #Return first n rows
```

```
>>> df.first() #Return first row
```

```
>>> df.take(2) #Return the first n rows >> df.schema Return the schema of df
```

```
>>> df.describe().show() #Compute summary statistics >> df.columns Return the columns of df
```

```
>>> df.count() #Count the number of rows in df
```

```
>>> df.distinct().count() #Count the number of distinct rows in df
```

```
>>> df.printSchema() #Print the schema of df
```

```
>>> df.explain() #Print the (logical and physical) plans
```

> Output

Data Structures

```
>>> rdd1 = df.rdd #Convert df into an RDD
```

```
>>> df.toJSON().first() #Convert df into a RDD of string
```

```
>>> df.toPandas() #Return the contents of df as Pandas DataFrame
```

Write & Save to Files

```
>>> df.select("firstName", "city")\
```

```
    .write \
    .save("nameAndCity.parquet")
```

```
>>> df.select("firstName", "age")\
```

```
    .write \
    .save("namesAndAges.json", format="json")
```

> Stopping SparkSession

```
>>> spark.stop()
```