## END TERM EXAMINATION

FIRST SEMESTER [BCA] NOVEMBER-DECEMBER-2018

Paper Code: BCA-101

Subject: Mathematics-I

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 75

Note: Attempt any five questions including Q.no.1 which is compulsory.

- Q1 (a) Evaluate the determinant of the matrix  $\begin{vmatrix} \frac{1}{a} & a^2 & bc \\ \frac{1}{b} & b^2 & ca \\ \frac{1}{c} & c^2 & ab \end{vmatrix}$ 
  - (b) Use Cramer's rule to sole the system of equations x + y + z + 1 = 0; ax + by + cz + d = 0;  $a^2x + b^2y + c^2z + d^2 = 0$
  - (c) Find the maximum value of  $y = \left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^x$
  - (d) Évaluate  $\int cosmx. cosnx dx$ , when (i)  $m \neq n$  (ii) m = n.
  - (e) Evaluate  $\lim_{x\to 0} \left(ex^{\frac{1}{x}} + 1\right)$ , if it exists.

## UNIT-I

- Q2 (a) Show that the vectors  $x_1 = (1, 2, 4), x_2 = (2, -1, 3), x_3 = (0, 1, 2)$  and  $x_4 = (-3, 7, 2)$  are linearly dependent and find the relation between them.
  - (b) Find the eigen values and eigen vectors of  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & -2 & 2 \\ -2 & 3 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$
- Q3 (a) Given  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 3 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$  find adj(A) by using Cayley-Hamilton theorem.
  - (b) Find the rank of the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & -2 & -4 \\ 3 & 1 & 3 & -2 \\ 6 & 3 & 0 & -7 \end{bmatrix}$

# Q4 (a) Discuss the continuity of the function $f(x) = \frac{xe^{1/x}}{1+e^{1/x}}, \text{ when } x \neq 0, f(0) = 0$

- (b) Solve  $\lim_{x\to 0} \left( \frac{(1+x)^{\frac{1}{x}} e + \frac{e^x}{2}}{x^2} \right)$
- Q5 (a) Discuss the continuity of the function  $f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{\sin x}{x} & \text{if } x < 0 \\ (x+1), & \text{if } x \ge 0 \end{cases}$

(b) Evaluate (i) 
$$\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{(1+x^n-1)}{x}$$
 
$$\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{\log(\tan^2 2x)}{\log(\tan^2 x)}$$

- (a) Verify Lagrange's Mean value Theorem for  $f(x) = 2x^2 7x + 10, 2 \le x \le 5$ 
  - (b) Expand logx in powers of (x-1) by Taylor's theorem and hence find the value of  $log_e(1.1)$ .
- (a) if  $y = e^{m \cos^{-1}x}$ , show that  $(1 x^2) y_{n+2} (2n+1) x y_{n+1} (n^2 + m^2) y_n = 0$ and calculate yn(0).
  - (b) find all the asymptotes of the curve  $y^3 + 4xy^2 + 4x^2y + 5y^2 + 15xy + 10x^2 2x + 1 = 0$

- (a) Prove that T(m,n) = T(m) T(n) / T(m+n)Q8 (b) (i) Evaluate  $\int_{0}^{2a} x^{3/2} (2a-x)^{1/2} dx$ (ii) Evaluate  $\int x(8-x^3)^{1/3} dx$ .
- (a) If  $I_n = \int_{-\pi/4}^{\pi/4} \tan^n x dx$ , show that  $I_n + I_{n-2} = \frac{1}{n-1}$ . Q9 (b) Evaluate  $\int \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{2x}{1-x^2} \right) dx$ .