```
from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive')
Mounted at /content/drive
import string
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
from numpy import array
from pickle import load
from PIL import Image
import pickle
from collections import Counter
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import sys, time, os, warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
import re
import keras
import tensorflow as tf
from tqdm import tqdm
from nltk.translate.bleu score import sentence bleu
# from keras.preprocessing.sequence import pad sequences
from keras.utils import to categorical
from keras.utils import plot model
from keras.models import Model
from keras.layers import Input
from keras.layers import Dense, BatchNormalization
from keras.layers import LSTM
from keras.layers import Embedding
from keras.layers import Dropout
# from keras.layers.merge import add
from keras.callbacks import ModelCheckpoint
# from keras.preprocessing.image import load img, img to array
from keras.preprocessing.text import Tokenizer
from keras.applications.vgg16 import VGG16, preprocess input
from sklearn.utils import shuffle
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
from sklearn.utils import shuffle
Data Loading and Preprocessing
image path =
"/content/drive/MyDrive/Books/Chapter03/Chapter03/Flicker8k Dataset"
dir Flickr text =
"/content/drive/MyDrive/Books/Chapter03/Chapter03/Flickr8k text/Flickr
8k.token.txt"
```

```
ipgs = os.listdir(image path)
print("Total Images in Dataset = {}".format(len(jpgs)))
Total Images in Dataset = 8091
We create a dataframe to store the image id and captions for ease of use
file = open(dir Flickr text, 'r')
text = file.read()
file.close()
datatxt = []
for line in text.split('\n'):
   col = line.split('\t')
   if len(col) == 1:
       continue
   w = col[0].split("#")
   datatxt.append(w + [col[1].lower()])
data = pd.DataFrame(datatxt,columns=["filename","index","caption"])
data = data.reindex(columns =['index','filename','caption'])
data = data[data.filename != '2258277193 586949ec62.jpg.1']
uni_filenames = np.unique(data.filename.values)
data.head()
  index
                            filename \
0
         1000268201 693b08cb0e.jpg
1
      1 1000268201 693b08cb0e.jpg
2
         1000268201 693b08cb0e.jpg
3
         1000268201 693b08cb0e.jpg
4
         1000268201 693b08cb0e.jpg
                                                caption
  a child in a pink dress is climbing up a set o...
1
                a girl going into a wooden building .
   a little girl climbing into a wooden playhouse .
3 a little girl climbing the stairs to her playh...
   a little girl in a pink dress going into a woo...
Visualizing few images with there corresponding captions
npic = 5
npix = 224
target size = (npix,npix,3)
count = 1
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10,20))
for jpgfnm in uni_filenames[10:14]:
   filename = image path + '/' + jpgfnm
   captions =
list(data["caption"].loc[data["filename"]==jpgfnm].values)
```

```
image_load = tf.keras.utils.load_img(filename,
target_size=target_size)
    ax = fig.add_subplot(npic,2,count,xticks=[],yticks=[])
    ax.imshow(image_load)
    count += 1

ax = fig.add_subplot(npic,2,count)
    plt.axis('off')
    ax.plot()
    ax.set_xlim(0,1)
    ax.set_ylim(0,len(captions))
    for i, caption in enumerate(captions):
        ax.text(0,i,caption,fontsize=20)
    count += 1
plt.show()
```



the white and brown dog is running over the surface of the snow. a white and brown dog is running through a snow covered field.

a dog running through snow .

a dog is running in the snow

a brown and white \log is running through the snow .



man on skis looking at artwork for sale in the snow
a skier looks at framed pictures in the snow next to trees.
a person wearing skis looking at framed pictures set up in the snow.
a man skis past another man displaying paintings in the snow.
a man in a hat is displaying pictures next to a skier in a blue hat.



several climbers in a row are climbing the rock while the man in red watches and holds the line . seven climbers are ascending a rock face whilst another man stands holding the rope . a group of people climbing a rock while one man belays a group of people are rock climbing on a rock climbing wall . a collage of one person climbing a cliff .



large brown dog running away from the sprinkler in the grass . a dog is playing with a hose .

a brown dog running on a lawn near a garden hose

a brown dog plays with the hose .

a brown dog chases the water from a sprinkler on a lawn .

Vocabulary Size

```
vocabulary = []
for txt in data.caption.values:
   vocabulary.extend(txt.split())
print('Vocabulary Size: %d' % len(set(vocabulary)))
```

Vocabulary Size: 8918

Text preprocessing steps --

Removing Punctuation

```
Removing single characters
     Removing Numeric values
def remove punctuation(text original):
   text no punctuation = text original.translate(string.punctuation)
   return(text no punctuation)
def remove single character(text):
   text len more than1 = ""
   for word in text.split():
       if len(word) > 1:
           text len more than1 += " " + word
   return(text len more than1)
def remove numeric(text):
   text no numeric = ""
   for word in text.split():
       isalpha = word.isalpha()
       if isalpha:
           text_no_numeric += " " + word
   return(text no numeric)
def text clean(text original):
   text = remove_punctuation(text original)
   text = remove single character(text)
   text = remove numeric(text)
   return(text)
for i, caption in enumerate(data.caption.values):
   newcaption = text clean(caption)
   data["caption"].iloc[i] = newcaption
## Vocabulary Size after cleaning
clean vocabulary = []
for txt in data.caption.values:
   clean vocabulary.extend(txt.split())
print('Clean Vocabulary Size: %d' % len(set(clean vocabulary)))
Clean Vocabulary Size: 8357
Adding and tags for every caption, so that model understands the start and
end of each caption
PATH =
"/content/drive/MyDrive/Books/Chapter03/Chapter03/Flicker8k Dataset/"
all captions = []
for caption in data["caption"].astype(str):
   caption = '<start> ' + caption+ ' <end>'
   all captions.append(caption)
```

```
all captions[:10]
['<start> child in pink dress is climbing up set of stairs in an
entry way <end>',
           girl going into wooden building <end>',
 '<start>
          little girl climbing into wooden playhouse <end>',
 '<start>
 '<start> little girl climbing the stairs to her playhouse <end>'.
 '<start> little girl in pink dress going into wooden cabin <end>',
 '<start>
           black dog and spotted dog are fighting <end>',
           black dog and dog playing with each other on the road
 '<start>
<end>',
 '<start> black dog and white dog with brown spots are staring at
each other in the street <end>',
 '<start> two dogs of different breeds looking at each other on the
road <end>',
 '<start> two dogs on pavement moving toward each other <end>'l
all img name vector = []
for annot in data["filename"]:
   full image path = PATH + annot
   all img name vector.append(full image path)
all img name vector[:10]
['/content/drive/MyDrive/Books/Chapter03/Chapter03/Flicker8k Dataset/
1000268201 693b08cb0e.jpg',
 '/content/drive/MyDrive/Books/Chapter03/Chapter03/Flicker8k Dataset/
1001773457 577c3a7d70.jpg',
 '/content/drive/MyDrive/Books/Chapter03/Chapter03/Flicker8k Dataset/
1001773457_577c3a7d70.jpg',
 '/content/drive/MyDrive/Books/Chapter03/Chapter03/Flicker8k Dataset/
1001773457 577c3a7d70.jpg',
 '/content/drive/MyDrive/Books/Chapter03/Chapter03/Flicker8k_Dataset/
1001773457 577c3a7d70.jpg',
 '/content/drive/MyDrive/Books/Chapter03/Chapter03/Flicker8k Dataset/
1001773457 577c3a7d70.jpg'l
print(f"len(all img name vector) : {len(all img name vector)}")
print(f"len(all captions) : {len(all captions)}")
len(all img name vector) : 40455
len(all captions): 40455
```

Limiting our captions and images to 40000 ao that we can use batch_size = 64 and we have 625 batches in total

```
def data_limiter(num,total_captions,all_img_name_vector):
    train_captions, img_name_vector =
    shuffle(total_captions,all_img_name_vector,random_state=1)
    train_captions = train_captions[:num]
    img_name_vector = img_name_vector[:num]
    return train_captions,img_name_vector

train_captions,img_name_vector =
    data_limiter(40000,all_captions,all_img_name_vector)
    print(f"len(train_captions) : {len(train_captions)}")
    print(f"len(img_name_vector) : {len(img_name_vector)}")

len(train_captions) : 40000
len(img_name_vector) : 40000
```

Model Defintion --

We will be using VGG16 as image feature extraction model. We will be extracting an image vector for our images. Hence we will remove the softmax layer from the model

```
def load image(image path):
  img = tf.io.read file(image path)
  img = tf.image.decode jpeg(img, channels=3)
  img = tf.image.resize(img, (224, 224))
  img = preprocess input(img)
  return img, image path
image model = tf.keras.applications.VGG16(include top=False,
weights='imagenet')
new input = image model.input
hidden layer = image model.layers[-1].output
image Features extract model = tf.keras.Model(new input, hidden layer)
image features extract model.summary()
Downloading data from https://storage.googleapis.com/tensorflow/keras-
applications/vgg16/vgg16_weights_tf_dim_ordering_tf_kernels_notop.h5
Model: "model"
Layer (type)
                          Output Shape
                                                   Param #
 input 1 (InputLayer)
                          [(None, None, None, 3)]
block1 conv1 (Conv2D)
                          (None, None, None, 64)
                                                   1792
```

```
block1 conv2 (Conv2D)
                            (None, None, None, 64)
                                                       36928
                            (None, None, None, 64)
block1 pool (MaxPooling2D)
                                                       0
                             (None, None, None, 128)
block2 conv1 (Conv2D)
                                                       73856
                             (None, None, None, 128)
block2 conv2 (Conv2D)
                                                       147584
block2 pool (MaxPooling2D)
                            (None, None, None, 128)
                                                       0
block3 conv1 (Conv2D)
                             (None, None, None, 256)
                                                       295168
block3 conv2 (Conv2D)
                             (None, None, None, 256)
                                                       590080
block3_conv3 (Conv2D)
                             (None, None, None, 256)
                                                       590080
block3 pool (MaxPooling2D)
                            (None, None, None, 256)
block4 conv1 (Conv2D)
                             (None, None, None, 512)
                                                       1180160
block4 conv2 (Conv2D)
                            (None, None, None, 512)
                                                       2359808
block4 conv3 (Conv2D)
                            (None, None, None, 512)
                                                       2359808
block4 pool (MaxPooling2D)
                            (None, None, None, 512)
                             (None, None, None, 512)
block5 conv1 (Conv2D)
                                                       2359808
block5 conv2 (Conv2D)
                             (None, None, None, 512)
                                                       2359808
                            (None, None, None, 512)
block5 conv3 (Conv2D)
                                                       2359808
block5 pool (MaxPooling2D)
                            (None, None, None, 512)
                                                       0
```

Total params: 14,714,688 Trainable params: 14,714,688

Non-trainable params: 0

```
Mapping each image name to the function to load an image
```

```
encode train = sorted(set(img name vector))
image dataset = tf.data.Dataset.from tensor slices(encode train)
image dataset = image dataset.map(load image,
num parallel calls=tf.data.experimental.AUTOTUNE).batch(64)
```

```
%%time
```

```
for img, path in tqdm(image dataset):
batch features = image features extract model(img)
batch features = tf.reshape(batch features,
```

```
(batch features.shape[0], -1,
batch features.shape[3]))
 for bf, p in zip(batch features, path):
   path of feature = p.numpy().decode("utf-8")
   np.save(path of feature, bf.numpy())
      | 127/127 [09:08<00:00, 4.32s/it]
CPU times: user 1min 44s, sys: 5.73 s, total: 1min 50s
Wall time: 9min 8s
top k = 5000
tokenizer = tf.keras.preprocessing.text.Tokenizer(num words=top k,
                                                 oov token="<unk>",
                                                 filters='!"#$
%&()*+.,-/:;=?@[\]^ `{|}~ ')
tokenizer.fit on texts(train_captions)
train segs = tokenizer.texts to sequences(train captions)
tokenizer.word index['<pad>'] = 0
tokenizer.index word[0] = '<pad>'
train seqs = tokenizer.texts to sequences(train captions)
cap vector = tf.keras.preprocessing.sequence.pad sequences(train seqs,
padding='post')
train captions[:3]
['<start> several children leaping into pile of leaves on the ground
<end>',
 '<start> man hiking in the wilderness giving the camera thumbs up
<end>',
 '<start> white dog is running through the water onto the shore
<end>'1
train_seqs[:3]
[[2, 184, 62, 331, 64, 524, 12, 329, 6, 5, 167, 3],
[2, 11, 588, 4, 5, 2384, 895, 5, 93, 1281, 53, 3],
 [2, 14, 9, 7, 32, 33, 5, 24, 238, 5, 280, 3]]
def calc max length(tensor):
   return max(len(t) for t in tensor)
max_length = calc max length(train seqs)
def calc min length(tensor):
   return min(len(t) for t in tensor)
min_length = calc min length(train seqs)
```

```
print('Max Length of any caption : Min Length of any caption = '+
str(max length) +" : "+str(min length))
Max Length of any caption : Min Length of any caption = 33 : 2
img_name_train, img_name_val, cap_train, cap_val =
train test split(img name vector, cap vector, test size=0.2,
random state=0)
BATCH SIZE = 64
BUFFER SIZE = 1000
embedding dim = 256
units = 512
vocab size = len(tokenizer.word index) + 1
num steps = len(img name train) // BATCH SIZE
features shape = 512
attention_features_shape = 49
def map_func(img_name, cap):
 img tensor = np.load(img name.decode('utf-8')+'.npy')
 return img_tensor, cap
dataset = tf.data.Dataset.from tensor slices((img name train,
cap train))
# Use map to load the numpy files in parallel
dataset = dataset.map(lambda item1, item2: tf.numpy function(
        map func, [item1, item2], [tf.float32, tf.int32]),
         num parallel calls=tf.data.experimental.AUTOTUNE)
dataset = dataset.shuffle(BUFFER SIZE).batch(BATCH SIZE)
dataset = dataset.prefetch(buffer size=tf.data.experimental.AUTOTUNE)
Using the model Architecture from "A Neural Image Caption Generator"
Encoder - Decoder architecture with Attention
class VGG16 Encoder(tf.keras.Model):
   # This encoder passes the features through a Fully connected layer
   def init (self, embedding dim):
       super(VGG16_Encoder, self).__init__()
       # shape after fc == (batch size, 49, embedding dim)
       self.fc = tf.keras.layers.Dense(embedding dim)
       self.dropout = tf.keras.layers.Dropout(0.5, noise shape=None,
seed=None)
   def call(self, x):
       #x= self.dropout(x)
       x = self.fc(x)
```

```
x = tf.nn.relu(x)
       return x
def rnn type(units):
   if tf.test.is_gpu_available():
       return tf.compat.v1.keras.layers.CuDNNLSTM(units,
                                       return sequences=True,
                                       return state=True,
recurrent initializer='glorot uniform')
   else:
       return tf.keras.layers.GRU(units,
                                  return sequences=True,
                                  return state=True,
                                  recurrent_activation='sigmoid',
recurrent initializer='glorot uniform')
'''The encoder output(i.e. 'features'), hidden state(initialized to 0)
(i.e. 'hidden') and
the decoder input (which is the start token)(i.e. 'x') is passed to
the decoder.'''
class Rnn_Local_Decoder(tf.keras.Model):
def init (self, embedding dim, units, vocab size):
  super(Rnn Local Decoder, self).__init__()
   self.units = units
   self.embedding = tf.keras.layers.Embedding(vocab size,
embedding dim)
   self.gru = tf.keras.layers.GRU(self.units,
                                  return sequences=True,
                                  return state=True,
recurrent initializer='glorot uniform')
   self.fc1 = tf.keras.layers.Dense(self.units)
   self.dropout = tf.keras.layers.Dropout(0.5, noise shape=None,
seed=None)
   self.batchnormalization = tf.keras.layers.BatchNormalization(axis=-
1, momentum=0.99, epsilon=0.001, center=True, scale=True,
beta_initializer='zeros', gamma_initializer='ones',
moving mean initializer='zeros', moving_variance_initializer='ones',
beta regularizer=None, gamma regularizer=None, beta constraint=None,
gamma constraint=None)
   self.fc2 = tf.keras.layers.Dense(vocab size)
   # Implementing Attention Mechanism
   self.Uattn = tf.keras.layers.Dense(units)
```

```
self.Wattn = tf.keras.layers.Dense(units)
   self.Vattn = tf.keras.layers.Dense(1)
def call(self, x, features, hidden):
   # features shape ==> (64,49,256) ==> Output from ENCODER
   # hidden shape == (batch_size, hidden size) ==>(64,512)
   # hidden with time axis shape == (batch size, 1, hidden size) ==>
(64, 1, 512)
   hidden with time axis = tf.expand dims(hidden, 1)
   \# score shape == (64, 49, 1)
   # Attention Function
   '''e(ii) = f(s(t-1),h(i))'''
   ''' e(ij) = Vattn(T)*tanh(Uattn * h(j) + Wattn * s(t))'''
   score = self.Vattn(tf.nn.tanh(self.Uattn(features) +
self.Wattn(hidden_with_time_axis)))
   # self.Uattn(features) : (64,49,512)
   # self.Wattn(hidden with time axis) : (64,1,512)
   # tf.nn.tanh(self.Uattn(features) +
self.Wattn(hidden with time axis)) : (64,49,512)
   # self.Vattn(tf.nn.tanh(self.Uattn(features) +
self.Wattn(hidden with time axis))) : (64,49,1) ==> score
   # you get 1 at the last axis because you are applying score to
self.Vattn
   # Then find Probability using Softmax
   '''attention weights(alpha(ij)) = softmax(e(ij))'''
   attention weights = tf.nn.softmax(score, axis=1)
   \# attention weights shape == (64, 49, 1)
   # Give weights to the different pixels in the image
   C(t) = Summation(j=1 to T) (attention weights * VGG-16
features) '''
   context vector = attention weights * features
   context vector = tf.reduce sum(context vector, axis=1)
   # Context Vector(64,256) = AttentionWeights(64,49,1) *
features (64, 49, 256)
   # context vector shape after sum == (64, 256)
   \# x \ shape \ after \ passing \ through \ embedding == (64, 1, 256)
   x = self.embedding(x)
   \# x shape after concatenation == (64, 1, 512)
```

```
x = tf.concat([tf.expand_dims(context_vector, 1), x], axis=-1)
   # passing the concatenated vector to the GRU
   output, state = self.gru(x)
   # shape == (batch size, max length, hidden size)
   x = self.fcl(output)
   # x shape == (batch size * max length, hidden size)
  x = tf.reshape(x, (-1, x.shape[2]))
   # Adding Dropout and BatchNorm Layers
   x= self.dropout(x)
   x= self.batchnormalization(x)
   \# output shape == (64 * 512)
  x = self.fc2(x)
   # shape : (64 * 8329(vocab))
   return x, state, attention weights
 def reset state(self, batch size):
   return tf.zeros((batch size, self.units))
encoder = VGG16 Encoder(embedding dim)
decoder = Rnn_Local_Decoder(embedding_dim, units, vocab_size)
optimizer = tf.keras.optimizers.Adam()
loss object = tf.keras.losses.SparseCategoricalCrossentropy(
   from logits=True, reduction='none')
def loss function(real, pred):
mask = tf.math.logical not(tf.math.equal(real, 0))
loss = loss object(real, pred)
mask = tf.cast(mask, dtype=loss_.dtype)
loss_* = mask
 return tf.reduce mean(loss )
loss plot = []
@tf.function
def train step(img tensor, target):
loss = 0
# initializing the hidden state for each batch
# because the captions are not related from image to image
 hidden = decoder.reset state(batch size=target.shape[0])
```

```
dec input = tf.expand dims([tokenizer.word index['<start>']] *
BATCH SIZE, 1)
with tf.GradientTape() as tape:
     features = encoder(img tensor)
     for i in range(1, target.shape[1]):
         # passing the features through the decoder
         predictions, hidden, = decoder(dec input, features, hidden)
         loss += loss function(target[:, i], predictions)
         # using teacher forcing
         dec input = tf.expand dims(target[:, i], 1)
 total loss = (loss / int(target.shape[1]))
 trainable variables = encoder.trainable variables +
decoder.trainable variables
 gradients = tape.gradient(loss, trainable variables)
 optimizer.apply gradients(zip(gradients, trainable variables))
 return loss, total loss
start epoch = 0
EPOCHS = 20
for epoch in range(start epoch, EPOCHS):
   start = time.time()
  total_loss = 0
   for (batch, (img_tensor, target)) in enumerate(dataset):
       batch loss, t loss = train step(img_tensor, target)
       total loss += t loss
       if batch % 100 == 0:
           print ('Epoch {} Batch {} Loss {:.4f}'.format(
             epoch + 1, batch, batch loss.numpy() /
int(target.shape[1])))
   # storing the epoch end loss value to plot later
   loss_plot.append(total_loss / num_steps)
   print ('Epoch {} Loss {:.6f}'.format(epoch + 1,
                                        total loss/num steps))
   print ('Time taken for 1 epoch {} sec\n'.format(time.time() -
start))
Epoch 1 Batch 0 Loss 2.6517
Epoch 1 Batch 100 Loss 1.7509
Epoch 1 Batch 200 Loss 1.4415
Epoch 1 Batch 300 Loss 1.4333
Epoch 1 Batch 400 Loss 1.2631
Epoch 1 Loss 1.472358
```

```
Time taken for 1 epoch 135.4782428741455 sec
Epoch 2 Batch 0 Loss 1.2459
Epoch 2 Batch 100 Loss 1.0828
Epoch 2 Batch 200 Loss 1.2530
Epoch 2 Batch 300 Loss 1.1329
Epoch 2 Batch 400 Loss 1.1330
Epoch 2 Loss 1.128897
Time taken for 1 epoch 80.45122170448303 sec
Epoch 3 Batch 0 Loss 1.0524
Epoch 3 Batch 100 Loss 1.0775
Epoch 3 Batch 200 Loss 1.1177
Epoch 3 Batch 300 Loss 0.9564
Epoch 3 Batch 400 Loss 0.9722
Epoch 3 Loss 1.010716
Time taken for 1 epoch 81.90771460533142 sec
Epoch 4 Batch 0 Loss 0.9866
Epoch 4 Batch 100 Loss 0.9027
Epoch 4 Batch 200 Loss 0.9322
Epoch 4 Batch 300 Loss 0.8906
Epoch 4 Batch 400 Loss 0.9899
Epoch 4 Loss 0.928541
Time taken for 1 epoch 76.51114130020142 sec
Epoch 5 Batch 0 Loss 0.9089
Epoch 5 Batch 100 Loss 0.9130
Epoch 5 Batch 200 Loss 0.8803
Epoch 5 Batch 300 Loss 0.9650
Epoch 5 Batch 400 Loss 0.8170
Epoch 5 Loss 0.861021
Time taken for 1 epoch 74.95623564720154 sec
Epoch 6 Batch 0 Loss 0.7617
Epoch 6 Batch 100 Loss 0.8217
Epoch 6 Batch 200 Loss 0.7510
Epoch 6 Batch 300 Loss 0.8455
Epoch 6 Batch 400 Loss 0.7426
Epoch 6 Loss 0.803324
Time taken for 1 epoch 74.30901718139648 sec
Epoch 7 Batch 0 Loss 0.7387
Epoch 7 Batch 100 Loss 0.7192
Epoch 7 Batch 200 Loss 0.7309
Epoch 7 Batch 300 Loss 0.7866
Epoch 7 Batch 400 Loss 0.7319
Epoch 7 Loss 0.752589
Time taken for 1 epoch 74.56031823158264 sec
```

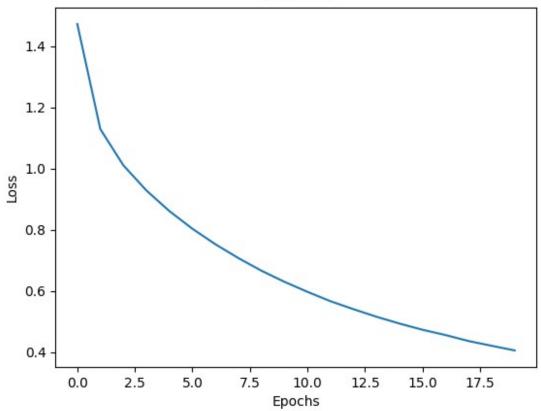
```
Epoch 8 Batch 0 Loss 0.7518
Epoch 8 Batch 100 Loss 0.6564
Epoch 8 Batch 200 Loss 0.8358
Epoch 8 Batch 300 Loss 0.6750
Epoch 8 Batch 400 Loss 0.6522
Epoch 8 Loss 0.707357
Time taken for 1 epoch 73.89059281349182 sec
Epoch 9 Batch 0 Loss 0.6498
Epoch 9 Batch 100 Loss 0.6591
Epoch 9 Batch 200 Loss 0.5916
Epoch 9 Batch 300 Loss 0.7880
Epoch 9 Batch 400 Loss 0.6365
Epoch 9 Loss 0.666132
Time taken for 1 epoch 73.77722930908203 sec
Epoch 10 Batch 0 Loss 0.6274
Epoch 10 Batch 100 Loss 0.6020
Epoch 10 Batch 200 Loss 0.6983
Epoch 10 Batch 300 Loss 0.6305
Epoch 10 Batch 400 Loss 0.6190
Epoch 10 Loss 0.629869
Time taken for 1 epoch 73.04188752174377 sec
Epoch 11 Batch 0 Loss 0.6250
Epoch 11 Batch 100 Loss 0.5613
Epoch 11 Batch 200 Loss 0.5972
Epoch 11 Batch 300 Loss 0.5343
Epoch 11 Batch 400 Loss 0.5197
Epoch 11 Loss 0.597114
Time taken for 1 epoch 72.80356454849243 sec
Epoch 12 Batch 0 Loss 0.5930
Epoch 12 Batch 100 Loss 0.6338
Epoch 12 Batch 200 Loss 0.5587
Epoch 12 Batch 300 Loss 0.5422
Epoch 12 Batch 400 Loss 0.4771
Epoch 12 Loss 0.566411
Time taken for 1 epoch 72.67205381393433 sec
Epoch 13 Batch 0 Loss 0.5923
Epoch 13 Batch 100 Loss 0.5831
Epoch 13 Batch 200 Loss 0.5269
Epoch 13 Batch 300 Loss 0.5595
Epoch 13 Batch 400 Loss 0.5981
Epoch 13 Loss 0.540405
Time taken for 1 epoch 73.17373156547546 sec
```

```
Epoch 14 Batch 0 Loss 0.5614
Epoch 14 Batch 100 Loss 0.5265
Epoch 14 Batch 200 Loss 0.5558
Epoch 14 Batch 300 Loss 0.5089
Epoch 14 Batch 400 Loss 0.4719
Epoch 14 Loss 0.515674
Time taken for 1 epoch 73.01869130134583 sec
Epoch 15 Batch 0 Loss 0.4882
Epoch 15 Batch 100 Loss 0.5132
Epoch 15 Batch 200 Loss 0.5191
Epoch 15 Batch 300 Loss 0.5013
Epoch 15 Batch 400 Loss 0.4183
Epoch 15 Loss 0.493401
Time taken for 1 epoch 72.72160053253174 sec
Epoch 16 Batch 0 Loss 0.4639
Epoch 16 Batch 100 Loss 0.4776
Epoch 16 Batch 200 Loss 0.5020
Epoch 16 Batch 300 Loss 0.4943
Epoch 16 Batch 400 Loss 0.4573
Epoch 16 Loss 0.473175
Time taken for 1 epoch 72.37288761138916 sec
Epoch 17 Batch 0 Loss 0.4887
Epoch 17 Batch 100 Loss 0.4695
Epoch 17 Batch 200 Loss 0.4721
Epoch 17 Batch 300 Loss 0.4520
Epoch 17 Batch 400 Loss 0.4992
Epoch 17 Loss 0.455807
Time taken for 1 epoch 73.47014212608337 sec
Epoch 18 Batch 0 Loss 0.4917
Epoch 18 Batch 100 Loss 0.4628
Epoch 18 Batch 200 Loss 0.4204
Epoch 18 Batch 300 Loss 0.4431
Epoch 18 Batch 400 Loss 0.3945
Epoch 18 Loss 0.436327
Time taken for 1 epoch 72.20186638832092 sec
Epoch 19 Batch 0 Loss 0.4113
Epoch 19 Batch 100 Loss 0.4419
Epoch 19 Batch 200 Loss 0.4115
Epoch 19 Batch 300 Loss 0.4188
Epoch 19 Batch 400 Loss 0.3708
Epoch 19 Loss 0.420880
Time taken for 1 epoch 75.37601017951965 sec
Epoch 20 Batch 0 Loss 0.4210
Epoch 20 Batch 100 Loss 0.4890
```

```
Epoch 20 Batch 200 Loss 0.3833
Epoch 20 Batch 300 Loss 0.4825
Epoch 20 Batch 400 Loss 0.3961
Epoch 20 Loss 0.405734
Time taken for 1 epoch 73.49871945381165 sec

plt.plot(loss_plot)
plt.xlabel('Epochs')
plt.ylabel('Loss')
plt.title('Loss Plot')
plt.show()
```

Loss Plot



```
def evaluate(image):
    attention_plot = np.zeros((max_length, attention_features_shape))

hidden = decoder.reset_state(batch_size=1)
    temp_input = tf.expand_dims(load_image(image)[0], 0)
    img_tensor_val = image_features_extract_model(temp_input)
    img_tensor_val = tf.reshape(img_tensor_val,
(img_tensor_val.shape[0], -1, img_tensor_val.shape[3]))

features = encoder(img_tensor_val)
    dec_input = tf.expand_dims([tokenizer.word_index['<start>']], 0)
```

```
result = []
   for i in range(max_length):
       predictions, hidden, attention weights = decoder(dec input,
features, hidden)
       attention plot[i] = tf.reshape(attention weights, (-
1, )).numpy()
       predicted id = tf.argmax(predictions[0]).numpy()
       result.append(tokenizer.index word[predicted id])
       if tokenizer.index word[predicted id] == '<end>':
           return result, attention plot
       dec input = tf.expand dims([predicted id], 0)
   attention plot = attention plot[:len(result), :]
   return result, attention plot
def plot attention(image, result, attention plot):
   temp image = np.array(Image.open(image))
   fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10, 10))
   len result = len(result)
   for l in range(len result):
       temp att = np.resize(attention plot[l], (8, 8))
       ax = fig.add subplot(len result//2, len result//2, l+1)
       ax.set title(result[l])
       img = ax.imshow(temp image)
       ax.imshow(temp att, cmap='gray', alpha=0.6,
extent=img.get extent())
   plt.tight layout()
   plt.show()
# captions on the validation set
rid = np.random.randint(0, len(img name val))
image =
'/content/drive/MyDrive/Books/Chapter03/Chapter03/Flicker8k Dataset/
1000268201 693b08cb0e.jpg'
# real caption = ' '.join([tokenizer.index word[i] for i in
cap val[rid] if i not in [0]])
result, attention plot = evaluate(image)
# remove <start> and <end> from the real caption
real_caption = 'Two white dogs are playing in the snow'
first = real caption.split(' ', 1)[1]
#remove "<unk>" in result
for i in result:
```

```
if i=="<unk>":
       result.remove(i)
for i in real caption:
   if i=="<unk>":
       real caption.remove(i)
#remove <end> from result
result_join = ' '.join(result)
result_final = result_join.rsplit(' ', 1)[0]
real appn = []
real_appn.append(real_caption.split())
reference = real appn
candidate = result
score = sentence_bleu(reference, candidate)
print(f"BELU score: {score*100}")
print ('Real Caption:', real_caption)
print ('Prediction Caption:', result_final)
plot attention(image, result, attention plot)
BELU score: 1.0518351895246306e-229
Real Caption: Two white dogs are playing in the snow
Prediction Caption: little girl in pink hair face her face
```



```
candidate = result_final

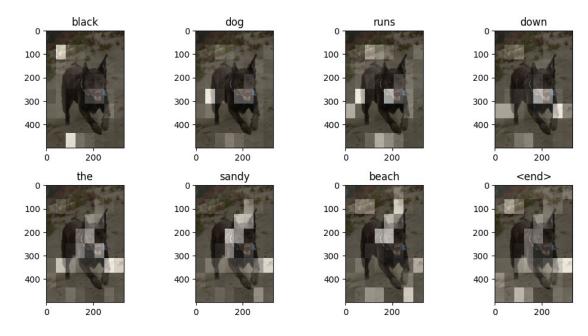
print ('Real Caption:', real_caption)
print ('Prediction Caption:', result_final)

plot_attention(image, result, attention_plot)
print(f"time took to Predict: {round(time.time()-start)} sec")

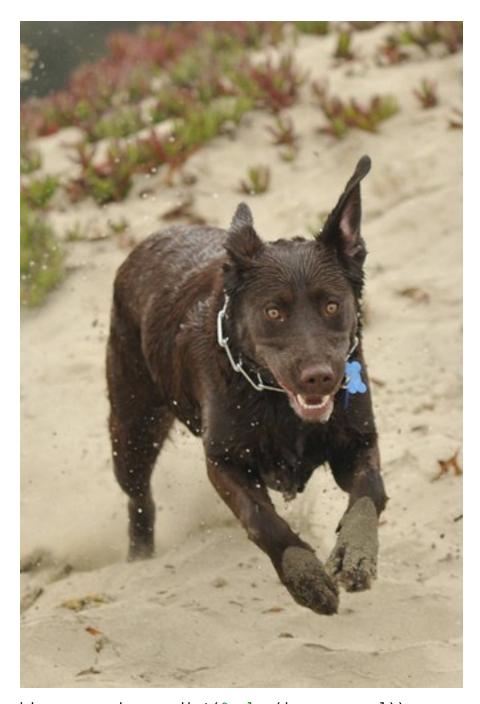
Image.open(img_name_val[rid])
```

Real Caption: brown dog runs in the sand

Prediction Caption: black dog runs down the sandy beach



time took to Predict: 1 sec



```
rid = np.random.randint(0, len(img_name_val))
image = img_name_val[rid]

real_caption = ' '.join([tokenizer.index_word[i] for i in cap_val[rid]
if i not in [0]])
result, attention_plot = evaluate(image)

# remove <start> and <end> from the real_caption
first = real_caption.split(' ', 1)[1]
real_caption = first.rsplit(' ', 1)[0]
```

```
#remove "<unk>" in result
for i in result:
   if i=="<unk>":
       result.remove(i)
for i in real caption:
   if i=="<unk>":
       real caption.remove(i)
#remove <end> from result
result join = ' '.join(result)
result_final = result_join.rsplit(' ', 1)[0]
real appn = []
real appn.append(real caption.split())
reference = real appn
candidate = result
score = sentence_bleu(reference, candidate)
print(f"BELU score: {score*100}")
print ('Real Caption:', real caption)
print ('Prediction Caption:', result final)
plot attention(image, result, attention plot)
BELU score: 1.1200407237786664e-229
Real Caption: three brown dogs on the patchy grass
Prediction Caption: two dogs touching noses near them
```

