

COMPUTER VISION PRACTICAL DOCUMENTATION

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1. Image Resizing, Cropping, and Rotation

Load the necessary library

```
import cv2
```

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

Load an image

```
image = cv2.imread('img2.jpg')
```

Convert the image from BGR (OpenCV format) to RGB (Matplotlib format)

```
image_rgb = cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
```

Resize image to 256x256 pixels

```
resized_image = cv2.resize(image_rgb, (125, 128))
```

Display the original and resized images

```
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
```

```
plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
```

```
plt.title('Original Image')
```

```
plt.imshow(image_rgb)
```

```
plt.axis('off')
```

```
plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
```

```
plt.title('Resized Image (125x128)')
```

```
plt.imshow(resized_image)
```

```
plt.axis('off')
```

```
plt.show()
```

Save or display the resized image

```
# cv2.imwrite('resized_image.jpg', resized_image)
```

Crop image to a region (x, y, width, height)

```
cropped_image = image_rgb[50:130, 50:200]
```

Display the original and resized images

```
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
```

```
plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
```

```
plt.title('Original Image')
```

```
plt.imshow(image_rgb)
```

```
plt.axis('off')
```

```
plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
```

```
plt.title('cropped_image')
```

```
plt.imshow(cropped_image)
```

```
plt.axis('off')
```

```
plt.show()
```

Rotate image by 45 degrees

```
(h, w) = image_rgb.shape[:2]
```

```
center = (w // 2, h // 2)
```

```
M = cv2.getRotationMatrix2D(center, 45, 1.0)
```

```
rotated_image = cv2.warpAffine(image_rgb, M, (w, h))
```

Display the original and resized images

```
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
```

```
plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
```

```
plt.title('Original Image')
```

```
plt.imshow(image_rgb)
```

```
plt.axis('off')
```

```
plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
```

```
plt.title('rotated_image')
```

```
plt.imshow(rotated_image)
```

```
plt.axis('off')
```

```
plt.show()
```

OUTPUT:

Original Image



Resized Image (125x128)

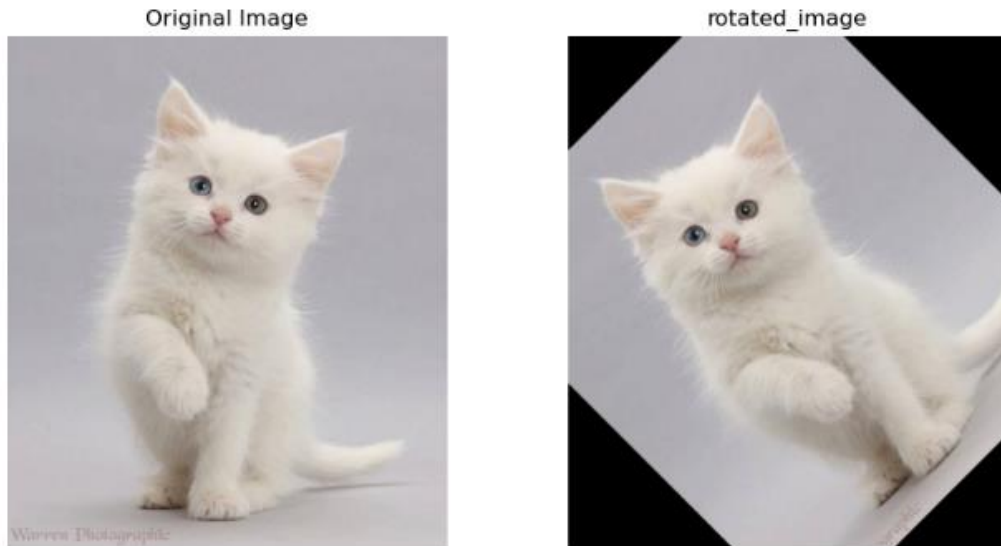


Original Image



cropped_image





RESULT: The program is successfully executed

2. Loading_Image_Formats_Tutorial

Import necessary libraries

```
import cv2
```

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

Load an image using OpenCV

```
image_path = "img1.jpg"
```

```
image_cv2 = cv2.imread(image_path)
```

Convert the image from BGR to RGB

```
image_cv2_rgb = cv2.cvtColor(image_cv2, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
```

Display the image

```
plt.imshow(image_cv2)
```

```
plt.title('Image loaded with OpenCV')
```

```
plt.show()
```

```
from PIL import Image
```

Load an image using PIL

```
image_pil = Image.open(image_path)
```

Display the image

```
plt.imshow(image_pil)  
plt.title('Image loaded with PIL')  
plt.show()
```

```
import imageio
```

Load an image using imageio

```
image_imageio = imageio.imread(image_path)
```

Display the image

```
plt.imshow(image_imageio)  
plt.title('Image loaded with imageio')  
plt.show()
```

PNG image path

```
image_path_png = "img3.png"  
image_path_jpg = "img1.jpg"
```

OpenCV

```
image_cv2_png = cv2.imread(image_path_png)  
image_cv2_png_rgb = cv2.cvtColor(image_cv2_png, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)  
plt.imshow(image_cv2_png_rgb)  
plt.title('PNG loaded with OpenCV')  
plt.show()
```

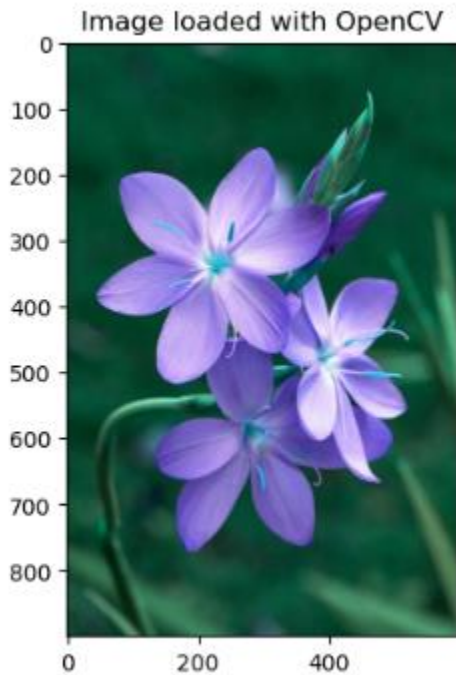
PIL

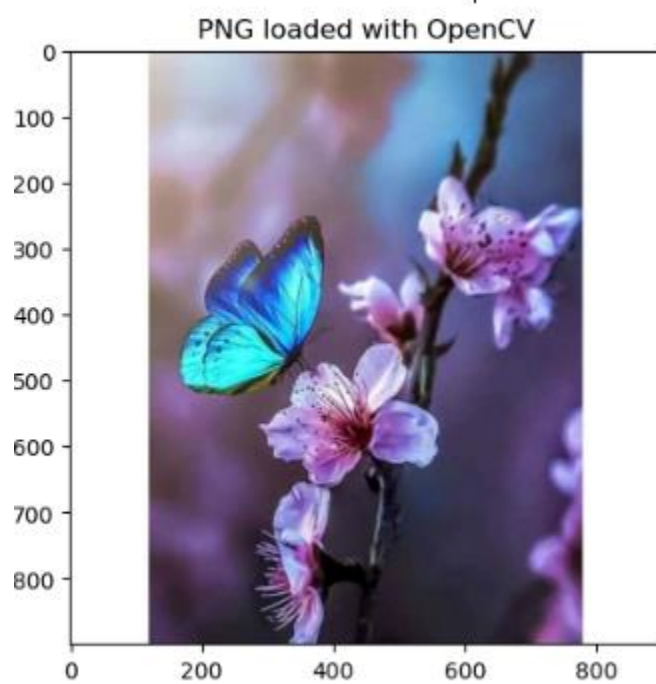
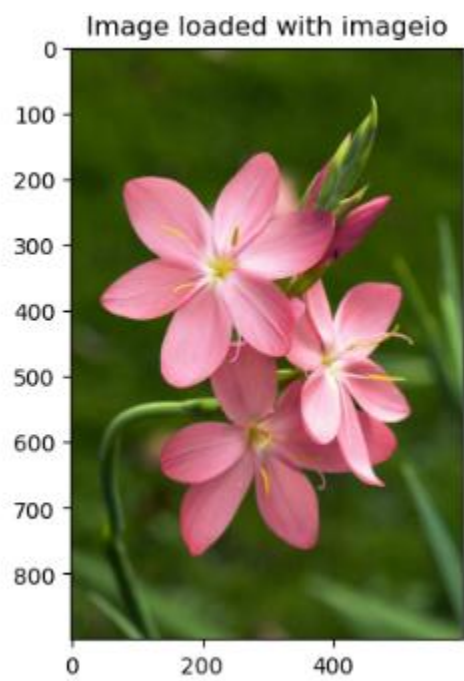
```
image_pil_png = Image.open(image_path_png)  
plt.imshow(image_cv2_png_rgb)  
plt.title('PNG loaded with OpenCV')  
plt.show()
```

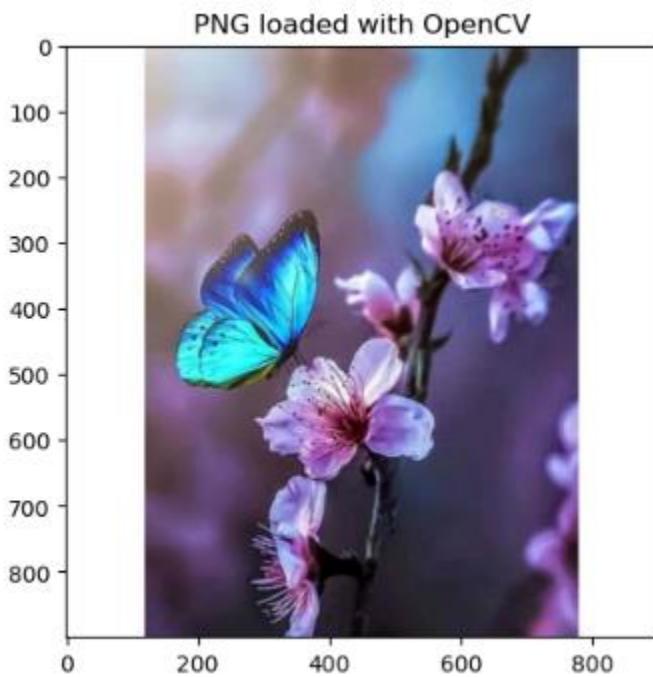
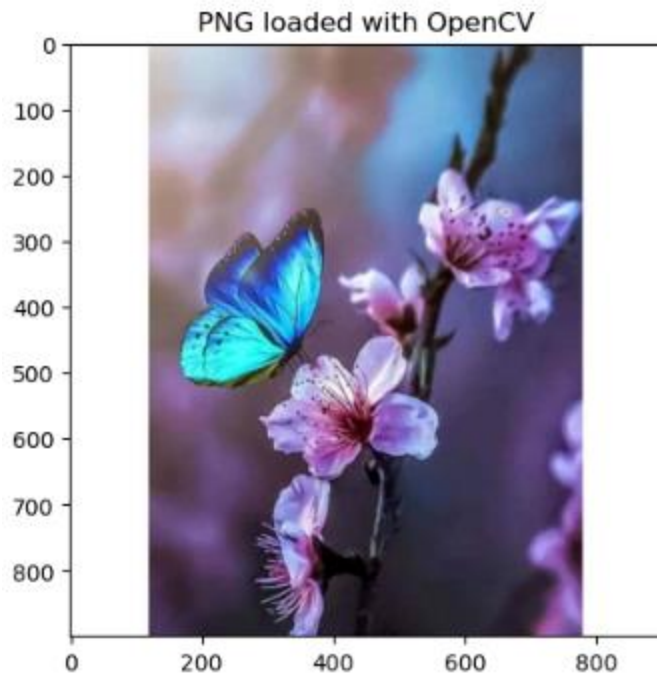
imageio

```
image_imageio_png = imageio.imread(image_path_png)
plt.imshow(image_cv2_png_rgb)
plt.title('PNG loaded with OpenCV')
plt.show()
```

OUTPUT:







RESULT: The program is successfully executed.

3. Image Denoising

Import necessary libraries

Import cv2

Import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

Load an image

image = cv2.imread('img4.jpg')

Convert the image from BGR (OpenCV format) to RGB (Matplotlib format)

image_rgb = cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)

Apply Gaussian blur to denoise

denoised_image = cv2.GaussianBlur(image_rgb, (11, 11), 0)

Display the original and resized images

plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))

plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)

plt.title('Original Image')

plt.imshow(image_rgb)

plt.axis('off')

plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)

plt.title('denoised_image')

plt.imshow(denoised_image)

plt.axis('off')

plt.show()

Convert to grayscale

gray_image = cv2.cvtColor(image_rgb, cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)

Apply histogram equalization

equalized_image = cv2.equalizeHist(gray_image)

Display the original and resized images

plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))

plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)

plt.title('Gray Image')

```
plt.imshow(gray_image, cmap="gray")  
plt.axis('off')  
plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)  
plt.title('equalized_image')  
plt.imshow(equalized_image, cmap="gray")  
plt.axis('off')  
plt.show()
```

OUTPUT:

Original Image



denoised_image



Gray Image



equalized_image



RESULT: The program is successfully executed