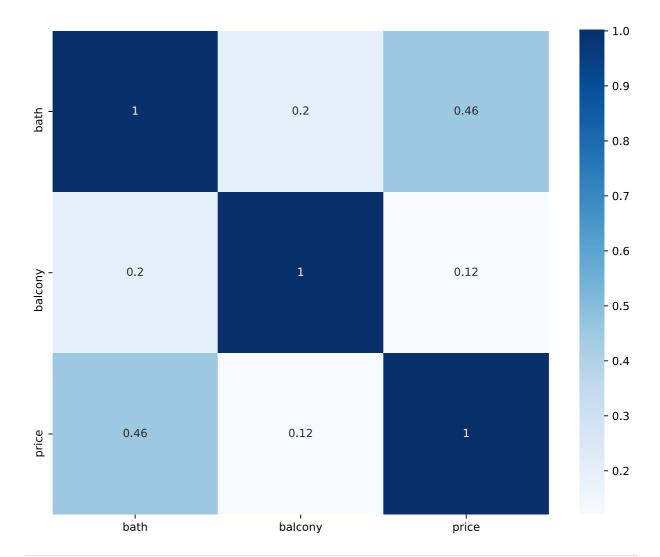
```
In [27]: import numpy as np
   import pandas as pd
   import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
   import seaborn as sns
   import math
   import re
```

Out[28]:		area_type	availability	location	size	society	total_sqft	bath	balcony	price
	0	Super built-up Area	19-Dec	Electronic City Phase II	2 BHK	Coomee	1056	2.0	1.0	39.07
	1	Plot Area	Ready To Move	Chikka Tirupathi	4 Bedroom	Theanmp	2600	5.0	3.0	120.00
	2	Built-up Area	Ready To Move	Uttarahalli	3 BHK	NaN	1440	2.0	3.0	62.00
	3	Super built-up Area	Ready To Move	Lingadheeranahalli	3 BHK	Soiewre	1521	3.0	1.0	95.00
	4	Super built-up Area	Ready To Move	Kothanur	2 BHK	NaN	1200	2.0	1.0	51.00

In [29]: #finding correlation values within the dataset
 #we remove features which are highly related to each other as they do not provide
 #any significance value to our Model
 corr = df.corr()
 plt.figure(figsize = (10,8))
 sns.heatmap(corr ,annot=True,cmap='Blues')

Out[29]: <AxesSubplot:>



In [30]: data = df.drop(columns=['area_type', 'availability','society','bath','balcony'])
 data.head()

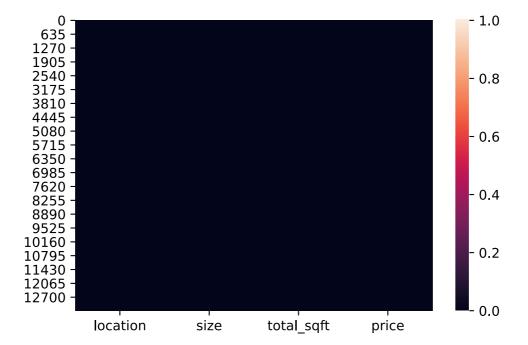
Out[30]:		location	size	total_sqft	price
	0	Electronic City Phase II	2 BHK	1056	39.07
	1	Chikka Tirupathi	4 Bedroom	2600	120.00
	2	Uttarahalli	3 BHK	1440	62.00
	3	Lingadheeranahalli	3 BHK	1521	95.00
	4	Kothanur	2 BHK	1200	51.00

```
In [31]: data.shape
Out[31]: (13320, 4)
```

In [32]: print(data.isnull().sum())
 sns.heatmap(data.isnull())

location 1
size 16
total_sqft 0
price 0
dtype: int64

Out[32]: <AxesSubplot:>



```
In [33]: # Handling Missing values
data['location'] = data['location'].fillna('Sarjapur Road')
data['size'] = data['size'].fillna('3 BHK')
```

In [34]: data.head()

```
Out[34]:
                             location
                                              size total sqft
                                                                 price
               Electronic City Phase II
                                            2 BHK
                                                         1056
                                                                 39.07
            1
                      Chikka Tirupathi 4 Bedroom
                                                         2600
                                                               120.00
            2
                           Uttarahalli
                                            3 BHK
                                                         1440
                                                                 62.00
            3
                   Lingadheeranahalli
                                            3 BHK
                                                         1521
                                                                 95.00
            4
                            Kothanur
                                            2 BHK
                                                         1200
                                                                 51.00
```

```
In [35]:
          # Removing outliers in 'SIZE'
          data['size']=data['size'].replace('1 Bedroom','1')
          data['size']=data['size'].replace('2 Bedroom','2')
          data['size']=data['size'].replace('3 Bedroom','3')
          data['size']=data['size'].replace('4 Bedroom','4')
          data['size']=data['size'].replace('5 Bedroom','5')
          data['size']=data['size'].replace('6 Bedroom','6')
          data['size']=data['size'].replace('1 BHK','1')
          data['size']=data['size'].replace('2 BHK','2')
          data['size']=data['size'].replace('3 BHK','3')
          data['size']=data['size'].replace('4 BHK','4')
          data['size']=data['size'].replace('5 BHK','5')
          data['size']=data['size'].replace('6 BHK','6')
          data['size']=data['size'].replace([s for s in data['size'] if s not in ['1','2','3',
          data['size'].value_counts()
```

```
Out[35]: 2 5528
3 5155
4 1417
1 643
5 356
6 221
Name: size, dtype: int64
```

Renaming the columns to correct names

```
In [37]: data = data.rename(columns={'size':'BHK','total_sqft':'sqft'})
          data.head()
Out[37]:
                       location BHK sqft
                                           price
         0 Electronic City Phase II
                                  2 1056
                                           39.07
                 Chikka Tirupathi
                                         120.00
         1
                                 4 2600
         2
                      Uttarahalli
                                  3 1440
                                           62.00
         3
               Lingadheeranahalli
                                  3 1521
                                           95.00
                                  2 1200
                      Kothanur
                                           51.00
          data.info()
In [38]:
         <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
         RangeIndex: 13320 entries, 0 to 13319
         Data columns (total 4 columns):
              Column
                      Non-Null Count Dtype
          0
              location 13320 non-null object
          1
              BHK
                        13320 non-null object
                        13320 non-null object
          2
              sqft
              price
                        13320 non-null float64
         dtypes: float64(1), object(3)
         memory usage: 416.4+ KB
          # Changing the incorrect data type
In [39]:
          data['BHK']=data['BHK'].astype('category')
          data.info()
         <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
         RangeIndex: 13320 entries, 0 to 13319
         Data columns (total 4 columns):
          # Column Non-Null Count Dtype
         ---
                        -----
              location 13320 non-null object
          0
                        13320 non-null category
          1
              BHK
          2
              sqft
                        13320 non-null object
          3
              price
                        13320 non-null float64
         dtypes: category(1), float64(1), object(2)
         memory usage: 325.5+ KB
In [40]:
          def convert_sqft_to_num(x):
              tokens = x.split('-')
              if len(tokens) == 2:
                  return (float(tokens[0])+float(tokens[1]))/2
              try:
                  return float(x)
              except:
                  return None
          ## applying the fucntion to the column: - 'total_sqft'
          data.sqft = data.sqft.apply(convert_sqft_to_num)
          # Taking only the Numeric values from the data and storing it in 'home'
          data = data[data.sqft.notnull()]
          # display the first 2 columns from the dataset
          data.head(2)
Out[40]:
                       location BHK
                                      sqft
                                            price
         0 Electronic City Phase II
                                  2 1056.0
                                            39.07
                 Chikka Tirupathi
                                 4 2600.0 120.00
```

```
In [41]: | #checking the dataset with highest Location data provided
          #because havind values for a location less than 10 wont give us good information on
          data.location = data.location.str.strip()
          location_stats = data['location'].value_counts(ascending=False)
          location stats
Out[41]: Whitefield
                                              539
                                              400
          Sarjapur Road
          Electronic City
                                              304
          Kanakpura Road
                                              271
          Thanisandra
                                              236
          AECS LAYOUT A-BLOCK Singasandra
                                                1
          KG Halli
                                                1
          Lakshmipura Vidyaanyapura
                                                1
          Sree Narayana Nagar
                                                1
          Sector 4 HSR Layout
                                                1
          Name: location, Length: 1288, dtype: int64
In [42]: | #cretaing a Series of all the location having less than 10 entries against its
          location_stats_less_than_10 = location_stats[location_stats<=10]</pre>
          location_stats_less_than_10
Out[42]: Sadashiva Nagar
                                              10
          Ganga Nagar
                                              10
          1st Block Koramangala
                                              10
          Kalkere
                                              10
          Dodsworth Layout
                                              10
          AECS LAYOUT A-BLOCK Singasandra
          KG Halli
          Lakshmipura Vidyaanyapura
          Sree Narayana Nagar
          Sector 4 HSR Layout
          Name: location, Length: 1048, dtype: int64
          #using lambda function to naming 'location_stats_less_than_10' as 'other' and then r
In [43]:
          data.location = data.location.apply(lambda x: 'other' if x in location_stats_less_th
          data = data[data.location != 'other']
          data.shape
Out[43]: (10398, 4)
          data['price_per_sqft'] = data['price']*100000/data['sqft']
In [49]:
Out[49]:
                        location BHK
                                        sqft
                                              price price_per_sqft
             0 1st Block Jayanagar
                                   4 2850.0 428.00
                                                     15017.543860
             1 1st Block Jayanagar
                                      1630.0 194.00
                                                     11901.840491
             2 1st Block Jayanagar
                                   6 1200.0 125.00
                                                     10416.666667
             3 1st Block Jayanagar
                                   3 1875.0 235.00
                                                     12533.333333
                                       930.0
                                              85.00
               1st Block Jayanagar
                                   3
                                                      9139.784946
          8620
                    Yeshwanthpur
                                   3 1676.0
                                              92.13
                                                      5497.016706
          8621
                    Yeshwanthpur
                                   3 2503.0 138.00
                                                      5513.383939
```

8622

8623

Yeshwanthpur

Yeshwanthpur

3 1855.0 135.00

3 1876.0 160.00

7277.628032

8528.784648

```
        location
        BHK
        sqft
        price
        price_per_sqft

        8624
        Yeshwanthpur
        3
        1675.0
        92.13
        5500.298507
```

8625 rows × 5 columns

```
data['price_per_sqft'].describe()
In [50]:
Out[50]: count
                     8625.000000
                     5741.547053
          mean
          std
                     2480.502632
                     1150.172117
          min
          25%
                     4250.000000
                     5210.526316
          50%
          75%
                     6500.000000
                    26973.684211
          max
          Name: price_per_sqft, dtype: float64
In [46]:
           ## as per Normal Distribution, 95% of our data lies within 1st Standard Deviation as
           def remove_pps_outliers(df):
               df_out = pd.DataFrame()
               for key, subdf in df.groupby('location'):
                    m = np.mean(subdf.price_per_sqft)
                    st = np.std(subdf.price_per_sqft)
                    reduced_df = subdf[(subdf.price_per_sqft>(m-st)) & (subdf.price_per_sqft<=(m</pre>
                    df_out = pd.concat([df_out,reduced_df],ignore_index=True)
               return df_out
           data = remove_pps_outliers(data)
           data.shape
Out[46]: (8625, 5)
In [47]:
           ## representing Numerical Data and Visualizing the same usin Distplot to gain furthe
           num_ = data.select_dtypes(exclude = 'object')
           fig = plt.figure(figsize =(10,8))
           for index, col in enumerate(num_):
               plt.subplot(3,2,index+1)
               sns.distplot(num_.loc[:,col],kde = False)
           fig.tight_layout(pad = 1.0)
          4000
                                                        2500
                                                        2000
          3000
                                                        1500
          2000
                                                        1000
          1000
                                                         500
             0
                                                           0
                                                                  2000
                                                                        4000
                                                                               6000
                                                                                     8000
                                                                                           10000
                                                                                                 12000
                                 внк
                                                                               sqft
                                                        1200
                                                        1000
          3000
                                                         800
          2000
                                                         600
                                                         400
          1000
                                                         200
             0
                0
                       500
                               1000
                                        1500
                                                2000
                                                                  5000
                                                                         10000
                                                                                15000
                                                                                       20000
                                                                                              25000
                                                                            price_per_sqft
```

```
# data.sort_values(by='location')
data = data.drop(columns=['price_per_sqft'])
data.reset_index(drop = True)
data.to_csv('Cleanned_data.csv', index=False)
data
```

Out[48]:		location	внк	sqft	price
	0	1st Block Jayanagar	4	2850.0	428.00
	1	1st Block Jayanagar	3	1630.0	194.00
	2	1st Block Jayanagar	6	1200.0	125.00
	3	1st Block Jayanagar	3	1875.0	235.00
	4	1st Block Jayanagar	3	930.0	85.00
	•••				
	8620	Yeshwanthpur	3	1676.0	92.13
	8621	Yeshwanthpur	3	2503.0	138.00
	8622	Yeshwanthpur	3	1855.0	135.00
	8623	Yeshwanthpur	3	1876.0	160.00
	8624	Yeshwanthpur	3	1675.0	92.13
8625 rows × 4 columns					

In []: