- (1) What are the solutions to the equation $x^2 8x = -11$?
- (1) $x = -4 \pm 3\sqrt{3}$ (2) $x = 4 \pm -\sqrt{5}$ (3) $x = 4 \pm 3\sqrt{3}$ (4) $x = -4 \pm -\sqrt{5}$

- (2) Which equation has the same solution as $x^2 16x + 27 = 0$
- $(1) (x + 8)^2 = 91$ $(2) (x 8)^2 = 91$ $(3) (x + 8)^2 = 37$ $(4) (x 8)^2 = 37$

(3) The method of completing the square was used to solve the equation $5x^2 + 10x - 30 = 0$. Which equation is a correct step when using this method?

$$(1) (x-1)^2 = -7$$

$$(2) (x+1)^2 = 31$$

$$(3)(x+1)^2 = 7$$

$$(1) (x-1)^2 = -7$$

$$(2) (x+1)^2 = 31$$

$$(3) (x+1)^2 = 7$$

$$(4) (x-1)^2 = -31$$

(4) When directed to solve a quadratic equation by completing the square, Sam arrived at the equation $(x-\frac{7}{2})^2=\frac{65}{4}$. Which equation could have been the original equation given to Sam?

$$(1) x^2 - 7x - 4 = 0$$

$$(1) x^{2} + 7x + 13 = 0$$

$$(2) x^{2} + 7x + 13 = 0$$

$$(3) x^{2} - 7x + 13 = 0$$

$$(4) x^{2} + 7x - 4 = 0$$

(3)
$$x^2 - 7x + 13 = 0$$

$$(4) x^2 + 7x - 4 = 0$$