NCAR-WRF on Ubuntu Virtual Machine Cluster

System Environment Tests

First and foremost, it is very important to have a gfortran compiler, as well as gcc and cpp.

To test whether these exist on the system, type the following:

which gfortran
which cpp
which gcc

If you have these installed, you should be given a path for the location of each.

We recommend using gfortran version 4.4.0 or later. To determine the version of gfortran you have, type:

gcc --version

Create a new, clean directory called Build_WRF, and another one called TESTS.

cd /software

mkdir ncar-wrf_3.8.1

cd ncar-wrf_3.8.1

mkdir TESTS

There are a few simple tests that can be run to verify that the fortran compiler is built properly, and that it is compatible with the C compiler. Below is a tar file that contains the tests. Download the tar file and place it in the TESTS directory.

Fortran and C Tests Tar File

cd TESTS

wget http://www2.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/OnLineTutorial/compile_tutorial/tar_files/Fortran_C_tests.tar

To unpack the tar file, type:

tar xf Fortran_C_tests.tar

There are 7 tests available, so start at the top and run through them, one at a time.

Test #1: Fixed Format Fortran Test: TEST_1_fortran_only_fixed.f

Type the following in the command line:

gfortran TEST_1_fortran_only_fixed.f

Now type:

./a.out

The following should print out to the screen:

SUCCESS test 1 fortran only fixed format

Test #2: Free Format Fortran: TEST_2_fortran_only_free.f90

Type the following in the command line:

gfortran TEST_2_fortran_only_free.f90

and then type:

./a.out

The following should print out to the screen:

Assume Fortran 2003: has FLUSH, ALLOCATABLE, derived type, and ISO C Binding SUCCESS test 2 fortran only free format

Test #3: C: TEST_3_c_only.c
Type the following in the command line:
gcc TEST_3_c_only.c
and then type:
./a.out
The following should print out to the screen:
SUCCESS test 3 c only
Test #4: Fortran Calling a C Function: TEST_4_fortran+c_c.c, and TEST_4_fortran+x_f.f90
Type the following in the command line:
gcc -c TEST_4_fortran+c_c.c
and then type:
gfortran -c TEST_4_fortran+c_f.f90
and then:
gfortran TEST_4_fortran+c_f.o TEST_4_fortran+c_c.o
and then issue:
./a.out
The following should print out to the screen:
C function called by Fortran
Values are xx = 2.00 and ii = 1
SUCCESS test 4 fortran calling c
In addition to the compilers required to manufacture the WRF executables, the WRF build system has scripts as the top level for the user interface. The WRF scripting system uses, and therefore having the following is necessary:
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• csh • perl • sh To test whether these scripting languages are working properly on the system, there are 3 tests to run. These tests were included in the "Fortran and C Tests Ter File". Test #5: csh in the command line, type: ./TEST_csh.csh The result should be: SUCCESS csh test NOTE: can be resolved by sudo apt install csh Test #6: perl in the command line, type: ./TEST_perl.pl The result should be: SUCCESS perl test Test #7: sh in the command line, type: ./TEST_sh.sh The result should be:

cat In sort

```
cd Is tar
cp make touch
cut mkdir tr
expr mv uname
file nm w c
grep printf w hich
gzip rm m4
```

Building Libraries

Before getting started, you need to make another directory.

Go inside your Build_WRF directory:

cd /software/lib

Depending on the type of run you wish to make, there are various libraries that should be installed. Below are 5 libraries.

mpich-3.0.4

netcdf-4.1.3

Jasper-1.900.1

libpng-1.2.50

zlib-1.2.7

It is important to note that these libraries must all be installed with the same compilers as will be used to install WRFV3 and WPS.

NetCDF: This library is always necessary!

```
export CC=gcc
export CXM=g++
export FC=gfortran
export F77=gfortran

cd $OIR
mkdir -p $OIR/netcdf_4.1.3/build
mkdir -p $OIR/netcdf_4.1.3/install
cd netcdf_4.1.3

wget http://www2.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/OnLineTutorial/compile_tutorial/tar_files/netcdf-4.1.3.tar.gz

tar xzvf netcdf-4.1.3.tar.gz
cd build

$OIR/netcdf_4.1.3/netcdf-4.1.3/configure --prefix=$OIR/netcdf_4.1.3/install --disable-dap --disable-netcdf-4 --disable-shared

make
make
make
make install
export PATH=$OIR/netcdf_4.1.3/install/bin:$PATH
export NETCOF=$OIR/netcdf_4.1.3

cd ../..
```

MPICH: This library is necessary if you are planning to build WRF in parallel. If your machine does not have more than 1 processor, or if you have no need to run WRF with multiple processors, you can skip installing MPICH.

In principle, any implementation of the MPI-2 standard should work with WRF; however, we have the most experience with MPICH, and therefore, that is what will be described here.

Assuming all the 'export' commands were already issued while setting up NetCDF, you can continue on to install MPICH, issuing each of the following commands:

```
mkdir -p $DIR/mpich_3.0.4/build
mkdir -p $DIR/mpich_3.0.4/install
cd mpich_3.0.4

wget http://www2.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/OnLineTutorial/compile_tutorial/tar_files/mpich-3.0.4.tar.gz

tar xzvf mpich-3.0.4.tar.gz
cd build

$DIR/mpich_3.0.4/mpich-3.0.4/configure --prefix=$DIR/mpich_3.0.4/install

make
make install
export PATH=$DIR/mpich_3.0.4/install/bin:$PATH

cd ../..
```

zlib: This is a compression library necessary for compiling WPS (specifically ungrib) with GRIB2 capability

Assuming all the "export" commands from the NetCDF install are already set, you can move on to the commands to install zlib.

```
export LDFLAGS=-L$DIR/grib2/lib
export CPPFLAGS=-I$DIR/grib2/include

mkdir -p $DIR/grib2
cd grib2

wget http://www2.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/OnLineTutorial/compile_tutorial/tar_files/zlib-1.2.7.tar.gz

tar xzvf zlib-1.2.7.tar.gz
cd zlib-1.2.7

./configure --prefix=$DIR/grib2

make
make install

cd ../..
```

libpng: This is a compression library necessary for compiling WPS (specifically ungrib) with GRIB2 capability

Assuming all the "export" commands from the NetCDF install are already set, you can move on to the commands to install zlib.

```
mkdir -p $DIR/libpng_1.2.50
cd libpng_1.2.50
wget http://www2.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/OnLineTutorial/compile_tutorial/tar_files/libpng-1.2.50.tar.gz

tar xzvf libpng-1.2.50.tar.gz
cd libpng-1.2.50
./configure --prefix=$DIR/grib2
make
make install
cd ../..
```

JasPer: This is a compression library necessary for compiling WPS (specifically ungrib) with GRIB2 capability

Assuming all the "export" commands from the NetCDF install are already set, you can move on to the commands to install zlib.

```
mkdir -p $DIR/jasper_1.900.1
cd jasper_1.900.1
wget http://www2.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/OnLineTutorial/compile_tutorial/tar_files/jasper-1.900.1.tar.gz

tar xzvf jasper-1.900.1.tar.gz
cd jasper-1.900.1
./configure --prefix=$DIR/grib2
make
make install
cd ../..
```

HDF5: HDF5 is a data model, library, and file format for storing and managing data. It supports an unlimited variety of datatypes, and is designed for flexible and efficient VO and for high volume and complex data. HDF5 is portable and is extensible, allowing applications to evolve in their use of HDF5. The HDF5 Technology suite includes tools and applications for managing, manipulating, viewing, and analyzing data in the HDF5 format.

```
mkdir -p $DIR/hdf5_1.8.19

cd hdf5_1.8.19

wget https://support.hdfgroup.org/ftp/HDF5/current18/src/hdf5-1.8.19.tar.gz

tar xzvf hdf5-1.8.19.tar.gz

cd hdf5-1.8.19

./configure --prefix=$DIR/hdf5_1.8.19

make

make check

make check

make install

make check-install
```

Library Compatibility Tests

Once the target machine is able to make small Fortran and C executables (what was verified in the System Environment Tests section), and after the NetCDF and MPI libraries are constructed (two of the libraries from the Building Libraries section), to emulate the WRF code's behavior, two additional small tests are required. We need to verify that the libraries are able to work with the compilers that are to be used for the WPS and WRF builds. Below is a tar file that contans these tests.

Download this tar file and place it in the TESTS directory:

```
cd /software/ncar-wrf_3.8.1/TESTS

wget http://www2.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/OnLineTutorial/compile_tutorial/tar_files/Fortran_C_NETCDF_MPI_tests.tar
```

To unpack the tar file, type:

```
There are 2 tests:

**Test #1:** Fortran + C + NetCDF

The NetCDF-only test requires the include file from the NETCDF package be in this directory.

Copy the file here:
```

cp \${NETCDF}/install/include/netcdf.inc .```

Compile the Fortran and C codes for the purpose of this test (the -c option says to not try to build an executable).

Type the following commands:

```
gfortran -c 01_fortran+c+netcdf_f.f
gcc -c 01_fortran+c+netcdf_c.c
gfortran 01_fortran+c+netcdf_f.o 01_fortran+c+netcdf_c.o -L${NETCDF}/install/lib -lnetcdff -lnetcdf
./a.out
```

The following should be displayed on your screen:

C function called by Fortran

Values are xx = 2.00 and ii = 1

SUCCESS test 1 fortran + c + netcdf

Test #2: Fortran + C + NetCDF + MPI

The NetCDF+MPI test requires include files from both of these packages be in this directory, but the MPI scripts automatically make the mpif.h file available without assistance, so no need to copy that one.

Copy the NetCDF include file here:

cp \${NETCDF}/install/include/netcdf.inc .

Note that the MPI executables mpif90 and mpicc are used below when compiling.

Issue the following commands:

```
mpif90 -c 02_fortran+c+netcdf+mpi_f.f
mpicc -c 02_fortran+c+netcdf+mpi_c.c
mpif90 02_fortran+c+netcdf+mpi_f.o 02_fortran+c+netcdf+mpi_c.o -L${NETCDF}/install/lib -lnetcdff
mpirun ./a.out
```

The following should be displayed on your screen:

C function called by Fortran

Values are xx = 2.00 and ii = 1

status = 2

SUCCESS test 2 fortran + c + netcdf + mpi

Building WRFV3

After ensuring that all libraries are compatible with the compilers, you can now prepare to build WRFV3. If you do not already have a WRFV3 tar file, you can find it below.

Dow nload that file and unpack it in the build directory.

WRFV3.8.1

```
sudo apt install m4

cd /software/ncar-wrf_3.8.1/

wget http://www2.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/src/WRFV3.8.1.TAR.gz

tar xfz WRFV3.8.1.TAR
```

Go into the WRFV3 directory:

cd WRFV3

Create a configuration file for your computer and compiler:

```
./configure
```

You will see various options. Choose the option that lists the compiler you are using and the way you wish to build WRFV3 (i.e., serially or in parallel). Although there are 3 different types of parallel (smpar, dmpar, and dm+sm), we have the most experience with dmpar and typically recommend choosing this option.

Once your configuration is complete, you should have a configure.wrf file, and you are ready to compile. To compile WRFV3, you will need to decide which type of case you wish to compile.

The options are listed below:

- em_real (3d real case)
- em_quarter_ss (3d ideal case)
- em_b_w ave (3d ideal case)
- em_les (3d ideal case)
- em_heldsuarez (3d ideal case)
- em tropical cyclone (3d ideal case)
- em_hill2d_x (2d ideal case)
- em_squall2d_x (2d ideal case)
- em_squall2d_y (2d ideal case)
- em_grav2d_x (2d ideal case)
- em_seabreeze2d_x (2d ideal case)
- em_scm_xy (1d ideal case)

Usage

./compile <case name> >& compile.log

Where is one of the options listed above.

Compilation should take about 20-30 minutes.

Once the compilation completes, to check whether it was successful, you need to look for executables in the WRFV3/main directory:

ls -ls main/*.exe

If you compiled a real case, you should see:

```
wrf.exe (model executable)
real.exe (real data initialization)
ndown.exe (one-way nesting)
tc.exe (for tc bogusing--serial only)
```

If you compiled an idealized case, you should see:

```
wrf.exe (model executable)
ideal.exe (ideal case initialization)
```

These executables are linked to 2 different directories:

WRFV3/run WRFV3/test/em real

You can choose to run WRF from either directory.

Building WPS

After the WRF model is built, the next step is builtding the WPS program (if you plan to run real cases, as opposed to idealized cases). The WRF model MUST be properly built prior to trying to build the WPS programs. Below is a tar file containing the WPS source code.

Dow nload that file and unpack it in the build directory:

WPSV3.8.1

```
cd /software/ncar_wrf-3.8.1/
wget http://www2.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/src/WPSV3.8.1.TAR.gz
tar xfvz WPSV3.8.1.TAR
cd WPS
```

Similar to the WRF model, make sure the WPS directory is clean, by issuing:

./clear

The next step is to configure WPS, how ever, you first need to set some paths for the ungrib libraries:

export JASPERLIB=\$DIR/grib2/lib export JASPERINC=\$DIR/grib2/include

and then you can configure:

./configure

You should be given a list of various options for compiler types, whether to compile in serial or parallel, and whether to compile ungrib with GRIB2 capability. Unless you plan to create extremely large domains, it is recommended to compile WPS in serial mode, regardless of whether you compiled WRFV3 in parallel. It is also recommended that you choose a GRIB2 option (make sure you do not choose one that states "NO GRIB2"). You may choose a non-grib2 option, but most data is now in grib2 format, so it is best to choose this option. You can still run grib1 data when you have built with grib2.

Choose the option that lists a compiler to match what you used to compile WRFV3, serial, and grib2.

Note: The option number will likely be different than the number you chose to compile WRFV3

the metgrid.exe and geogrid.exe programs rely on the WRF model's I/O libraries. There is a line in the configure.wps file that directs the WPS build system to the location of the I/O libraries from the WRF model:

WRF_DIR = ../WRFV3

Above is the default setting. As long as the name of the WRF model's top-level directory is "WRFV3" and the WPS and WRFV3 directories are at the same level (which they should be if you have followed exactly as instructed on this page so far), then the existing default setting is correct and there is no need to change it. If it is not correct, you must modify the configure file and then save the changes before compiling.

Before compiling you need to make one more change to the configuration file.

Edit configure.wps:

sudo nano configure.wps

Under the WRF_LIB section:

Find:

-L\$(NETCDF)/lib -lnetcdff -lnetcdf

Add -Igomp to the end:

-L\$(NETCDF)/lib -lnetcdff -lnetcdf -lgomp

Now it will invoke OpenMP as needed.

You will also need to change the two lines for compression libraries

Find the second set of the following:

COMPRESSION_LIBS
COMPRESSION_INC

Change to:

COMPRESSION_LIBS = -L/software/grib2/lib -ljasper -lpng -lz COMPRESSION_INC = -I/software/grib2/include

Save and exit

You can now compile WPS:

./compile >& compile.log

Compilation should only take a few minutes.

If the compilation is successful, there should be 3 main executables in the WPS top-level directory:

```
geogrid.exe
ungrib.exe
metgrid.exe
```

Verify that they are not zero-sized. To see file size, you can type:

ls -1s *.exe

Static Geography Data

The WRF modeling system is able to create idealized simulations, though most users are interested in the real-data cases. To initiate a real-data case, the domain's physical location on the globe and the static information for that location must be created. This requires a data set that includes such fields as topography and land use catergories. These data are available from the WRF dow nload page, but a tar file of the basic complete data set is also available below:

Geography Static Data

Dow nload the file, and place it in the Build_WRF directory.

Uncompress and un-tar the file:

```
cd /software/ncar_wrf-3.8.1/
wget http://www2.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/src/wps_files/geog_complete.tar.bz2

tar xfvj geog_complete.tar.bz2
```

When you untar the file, it will be called "geog."

Rename the file to "WPS GEOG."

my geog WPS GFOO

The directory infomation is given to the geogrid program in the namelist.wps file in the &geogrid section:

export geog_data_path=/software/ncar-wrf_3.8.1/WPS_GEOG

The data expands to approximately 10 GB. This data allows a user to run the geogrid.exe program.

Real-time Data

For real-data cases, the WRF model requires up-to-date meteorological information for both an initial condition and also for lateral boundary conditions. This meteorological data is traditionally a Grib file that is provided by a previously run external model or analysis. For a semi-operational set-up, the meteorological data is usually sourced from a global model, which permits locating the WRF model's domains anywhere on the globe.

The National Centers for Environmental Prediction (NCEP) run the Global Forecast System (GFS) model four times daily (initializations valid for 0000, 0600, 1200, and 1800 UTC). This is a global, isobaric, 0.5 degree latitude/longitude, forecast data set that is freely available, and is usually accessible +4h after the initialization time period.

A single data file needs to be acquired for each requested time period. For example, if we would like hours 0, 6, and 12 of a forecast that is initialized 2014 Jan 31 at 0000 UTC, we need the following times:

- 2014013100 0 h
- 2014013106 6 h
- 2014013112 12 h

These translate to the following file names to access:

- gfs.2014013100/gfs.t00z.pgrb2.0p50.f000
- gfs.2014013100/gfs.t00z.pgrb2.0p50.f006
- gfs.2014013100/gfs.t00z.pgrb2.0p50.f012

Note that the initialization data and time (gfs.2014013100) remains the same, and that the forecast cycle remains the same (t00z). What is incremented is the forecast hour (f00, f06, f12).

Before obtaining the data, creat a directory in Build_WRF, called "DATA", and then go into that directory

```
cd /software/ncar_wrf-3.8.1/
mkdir DATA
cd DATA
```

A simple set of interactive commands to grab these files from the NCEP servers in real-time would look like (Note: This is just an example time/date. Typically on the NCEP data servers, only the most recent 2-3 days are available at any given time. To use up-to-date real-time data, you will need to adjust the commands to reflect current date and time information):

```
curl -s --disable-epsv --connect-timeout 30 -m 60 -u anonymous:USER_ID@INSTITUTION -o GFS_00 \
ftp://ftpprd.ncep.noaa.gov/pub/data/nccf/com/gfs/prod/gfs.2014013100/gfs.t00z.pgrb2.0p50.f000

curl -s --disable-epsv --connect-timeout 30 -m 60 -u anonymous:USER_ID@INSTITUTION -o GFS_06h \
ftp://ftpprd.ncep.noaa.gov/pub/data/nccf/com/gfs/prod/gfs.2014013100/gfs.t00z.pgrb2.0p50.f006

curl -s --disable-epsv --connect-timeout 30 -m 60 -u anonymous:USER_ID@INSTITUTION -o GFS_12h \
ftp://ftpprd.ncep.noaa.gov/pub/data/nccf/com/gfs/prod/gfs.2014013100/gfs.t00z.pgrb2.0p50.f012
```

Typically these commands return a complete file within a few seconds. The files returned from these commands (GFS_00h, GFS_06h, GFS_12h) are Grib Edition 2 files, able to be directly used by the ungrib program.

You need to fill in the anonymous login information (which is not private, so there are no security concerns about leaving these scripts around). You will probably end up writing a short script to automatically increment the initialization time.

Run WPS and WRFV3

**Below are basic instructions for running WPS and WRFV3. For more detailed information, please see the WRF-ARW Online Tutorial

Running WPS

You are now ready to begin running WPS and WRFV3. Start by going to the WPS directory:

cd /software/ncar_wrf-3.8.1/WPS

Make any changes to the namelist.w ps file, to reflect information for your particular run

Before running geogrid, make sure that you have your geog_data_path set to the location where you put your geography static data. Once that is set, you can run geogrid.

./geogrid.exe >& geogrid.log

If you successfully created a geo_em* file for each domain, then you are ready to prepare to run ungrib. Start by linking in the input GFS data:

./link grib.csh <path where you placed GFS files>

Then link to the correct Vtable (GFS, for this case):

ln -sf ungrib/Variable_Tables/Vtable.GFS Vtable

Then run the ungrib executable:

./ungrib.exe

You should now have files with the prefix "FILE" (or if you named them something else, they should have that prefix)

You are now ready to run metgrid:

./metgrid.exe >& metgrid.log

You should now have files with the prefix met_em* for each of the time periods for which you are running.

Running WRFV3

You are now ready to run WRFV3. Move into the WRFV3 directory, and then into either the run/ directory, or the test/em_real/ directory:

cd ../WRFV3/run

or

cd ../WRFV3/test/em_real

Before running the "real" program, you need to make all necessary changes to reflect your particular case to the namelist.input file. Once that is complete, you need to copy or link your met_em* files into the working directory:

 $\mbox{ln -sf }../../\mbox{\sc MPS/met_em*}$. (from the test/em_real directory)

or

1n -sf ../../WPS/met_em* . (from the run/ directory).

or, if you would rather copy the files in, instead of linking them, you can use the cp command, instead of the In -sf command.

You can now run the "real" program. The command for running this may vary depending on your system and the number of processors you have available, but it should be something similar to:

mpirun -np 1 ./real.exe

Check the end of your "rsl" files to make sure the run was successful: tail rsl.error.0000

If you see a "SUCCESS" in there, and you see a wrfbdy_d01 file, and wrfinput_d0* files for each of your domains, then the run was successful.

To run WRFV3, type something similar to:

mpirun -np 8 ./wrf.exe

Again, check your "rsl" file for "SUCCESS", and make sure you have all the wrfout* files you anticipated having. If so, the run was successful, and you are ready to do analysis for your project.