Zero Converter:

You are given a number n. The number n can be negative or positive. If n is negative, print numbers from n to 0 by adding 1 to n in the neg function. If positive, print numbers from n-1 to 0 by subtracting 1 from n in the pos function.

Note:- You don't have to return anything, you just have to print the array.

Example 1:	Example 2:	Example 3:
Input:	Input:	Input:
n = 0	n = 4	n = -3
Output:	Output:	Output:
already Zero	3 2 1 0	-3 -2 -1 0

Your Task:

This is a function problem. You need to take input of test cases. Just complete the functions pos() and neg().

Constraints:

```
-103 <= x <= 103
```

Sol:

import java.util.Scanner;

```
public class Main {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
```

```
int t = sc.nextInt();
  while (t-->0) {
     int n = sc.nextInt();
     if (n == 0) {
        System.out.println("already Zero");
     } else if (n > 0) {
        for (int i = n - 1; i \ge 0; i--) {
           System.out.print(i + " ");
        }
        System.out.println(0);
     } else {
        for (int i = n; i \le 0; i++) {
           System.out.print(i + " ");
        }
        System.out.println();
     }
  }
public static void pos(int n) {
  for (int i = n - 1; i \ge 0; i--) {
```

}

```
System.out.print(i + " ");
}
System.out.println(0);
}

public static void neg(int n) {
  for (int i = n; i <= 0; i++) {
    System.out.print(i + " ");
  }
System.out.println();
}
```

Write a simple ATM Program to display the following options and perform the user-selective operation until the user exits from the program.

- Initial account pin is 1234 and the balance of the user is 0.
- Read the PIN from the user and if it matches then print and execute the following operations as per user selection.
- 1. Deposit
- 2. Withdraw
- 3. Balance enquiry

- 4. PIN change
- 5. Exit
 - Return the total available balance after the deposit.
 - Return the total available balance after the withdrawal.
 - Return the total available balance after the Balance check.
 - Return "PIN Change" after the pin change operation.

Transaction(1): input: 5000 output:5000

```
Sol:
import java.util.Scanner;
public class ATM {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     int pin = 1234;
     int balance = 0;
     Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
     while (true) {
       System.out.println("Enter your PIN:");
       int inputPin = scanner.nextInt();
```

```
if (inputPin == pin) {
          System.out.println("1. Deposit");
          System.out.println("2. Withdraw");
          System.out.println("3. Balance enquiry");
          System.out.println("4. PIN change");
          System.out.println("5. Exit");
          System.out.println("Choose the operation you want to perform:");
          int choice = scanner.nextInt();
          switch (choice) {
            case 1:
               System.out.println("Enter the amount to deposit:");
               int depositAmount = scanner.nextInt();
               balance += depositAmount;
               System.out.println("Transaction successful. Total available
balance: " + balance);
```

```
break;
            case 2:
               System.out.println("Enter the amount to withdraw:");
               int withdrawAmount = scanner.nextInt();
               if (withdrawAmount > balance) {
                 System.out.println("Insufficient balance.");
               } else {
                 balance -= withdrawAmount;
                 System.out.println("Transaction successful. Total
available balance: " + balance);
               }
               break;
            case 3:
               System.out.println("Total available balance: " + balance);
               break;
```

```
case 4:
       System.out.println("Enter your new PIN:");
       int newPin = scanner.nextInt();
       pin = newPin;
       System.out.println("PIN change successful.");
       break;
     case 5:
       System.exit(0);
       break;
     default:
       System.out.println("Invalid choice.");
       break;
  }
} else {
  System.out.println("Invalid PIN.");
```

```
}
}
```

Given two int values a and b. Check a and b are primes are not. If a and b are primes then check if the sum of a and b is a prime or not. If the prime returns true. Else return false.

```
SumPrime(2,3) \longrightarrow true.

SumPrime(7,11) \longrightarrow true.

SumPrime(3,7) \longrightarrow false

SumPrime(8,11) \longrightarrow false

Sol:
```

```
public static boolean isPrime(int n) {
   if (n \le 1) {
     return false;
  }
   for (int i = 2; i <= Math.sqrt(n); i++) {
     if (n \% i == 0) {
        return false;
     }
   }
   return true;
}
public static boolean SumPrime(int a, int b) {
   if (isPrime(a) && isPrime(b)) {
     int sum = a + b;
     if (isPrime(sum)) {
        return true;
     }
   }
   return false;
}
```

```
public static boolean isPrime(int n) {
  if (n \le 1) {
     return false;
  }
  for (int i = 2; i <= Math.sqrt(n); i++) {
     if (n \% i == 0) {
        return false;
     }
  }
  return true;
}
public static boolean SumPrime(int a, int b) {
  if (isPrime(a) && isPrime(b)) {
     int sum = a + b;
     if (isPrime(sum)) {
        return true;
  }
  return false;
```

We use the integers a, b, and n to create the following series:

```
(a+2^0 *b), (a+2^0 *b+2^1*b), (a+2^0 *b+2^1*b +2^2*b), ...... (a+2^0 *b+2^1*b+2^2*b+.... + 2^n-1 * b)
```

You are given q queries in the form of a, b, and n. For each query, print the series corresponding to the given a, b, and n values as a single line of space-separated integers.

Input Format: The first line contains an integer, q denoting the number of queries. Each line i of the q subsequent lines contains three space-separated integers describing the respective ai, bi, ni, and values for that query.

Constraint:

0<=q<=500

0<=a,b<=50

0<=n<=15

Output Format

For each query, print the corresponding series on a new line. Each series must be printed in order as a single line of space-separated integers.

Sample Input

2

0 2 10

535

Sample Output

2 6 14 30 62 126 254 510 1022 2046

8 14 26 50 98