## 

```
(https://databricks.com)
    var num= List(1,2,3,4)
 num: List[Int] = List(1, 2, 3, 4)
   num.head
 res0: Int = 1
   // first two element are show
   num.take(2)
 res3: List[Int] = List(1, 2)
   num.sum
 res4: Int = 10
   var dev = List(1,1,1,2,3,4,2,2)
 dev: List[Int] = List(1, 1, 1, 2, 3, 4, 2, 2)
    // this element show only value to not same like 1,1,2,2,3,4,4 == 1,2,3,4
    dev.distinct
 res7: List[Int] = List(1, 2, 3, 4)
    num(0)
 res8: Int = 1
    num(1) = 10
 command-1298605597657410:1: error: value update is not a member of List[Int]
 num(1) = 10
    dev.size
 res10: Int = 8
    dev.reverse
 res11: List[Int] = List(2, 2, 4, 3, 2, 1, 1, 1)
    dev.min
 res12: Int = 1
```

```
dev.max
res13: Int = 4
  dev.isEmpty
res14: Boolean = false
  var dev1 = List()
  dev1.isEmpty
dev1: List[Nothing] = List()
res16: Boolean = true
  var number = Array(1,2,3,4,5,6,7)
number: Array[Int] = Array(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7)
  var lang = Array("Scall", "Python","Spark")
lang: Array[String] = Array(Scall, Python, Spark)
  lang.head
res17: String = Scall
  lang.tail
res18: Array[String] = Array(Python, Spark)
  number(1)=10
  number
res20: Array[Int] = Array(1, 10, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7)
  import\ scala. collection. mutable. Array Buffer
import scala.collection.mutable.ArrayBuffer
  var cars = new ArrayBuffer[String]()
cars: scala.collection.mutable.ArrayBuffer[String] = ArrayBuffer()
  cars +="BMW"
```

```
res23: scala.collection.mutable.ArrayBuffer[String] = ArrayBuffer(BMW)
  cars +="Jaguar"
  cars +="Jaguar"
res24: scala.collection.mutable.ArrayBuffer[String] = ArrayBuffer(BMW, Jaguar, Jaguar)
  cars +="TATA"
res25: scala.collection.mutable.ArrayBuffer[String] = ArrayBuffer(BMW, Jaguar, Jaguar, TATA)
  cars.length
res26: Int = 4
  cars.trimEnd(1)
  cars
res28: scala.collection.mutable.ArrayBuffer[String] = ArrayBuffer(BMW, Jaguar, Jaguar)
  cars.insert(2, "Bentley")
  cars
res 30: scala.collection.mutable.ArrayBuffer[String] = ArrayBuffer(BMW, Jaguar, Bentley, Jaguar)\\
  cars.insert(4,"Bugatti")
  cars
res33: scala.collection.mutable.ArrayBuffer[String] = ArrayBuffer(BMW, Jaguar, Bentley, Jaguar, Bugatti)
  val num= List(1,2,3,4,5)
num: List[Int] = List(1, 2, 3, 4, 5)
  num.map(x \Rightarrow x*x)
res34: List[Int] = List(1, 4, 9, 16, 25)
  num.map(y \Rightarrow y*y)
```

```
res35: List[Int] = List(1, 4, 9, 16, 25)
  val a = num.map(x \Rightarrow x+1)
a: List[Int] = List(2, 3, 4, 5, 6)
  // Nested map
  val b = a.map(x \Rightarrow x*x)
b: List[Int] = List(4, 9, 16, 25, 36)
  val c = b.map(x \Rightarrow x-1)
c: List[Int] = List(3, 8, 15, 24, 35)
  val d = c.map(x \Rightarrow -x)
d: List[Int] = List(-3, -8, -15, -24, -35)
  num.map(x \Rightarrow x+1).map(x \Rightarrow x*x).map(x \Rightarrow x-1).map(x \Rightarrow -x)
res36: List[Int] = List(-3, -8, -15, -24, -35)
  val fruits = List("orange", "banana", "Apple")
fruits: List[String] = List(orange, banana, Apple)
  // Length of the words
  fruits.map(x \Rightarrow (x,x.length))
res39: List[(String, Int)] = List((orange,6), (banana,6), (Apple,5))
  // how many corrector of the words of their like banana word is geater than 5.
  fruits.filter(x => x.length > 5)
res40: List[String] = List(orange, banana)
  val ratings=List(2.4,5.6,7.8,9.5)
ratings: List[Double] = List(2.4, 5.6, 7.8, 9.5)
  fruits.filter(x => x.length == 5)
res42: List[String] = List(Apple)
  fruits.filter(x => x.length != 5)
```

```
res43: List[String] = List(orange, banana)
  val marks=ratings.map(x => x+10)
marks: List[Double] = List(12.4, 15.6, 17.8, 19.5)
  val marks=ratings.map(x \Rightarrow x*10)
marks: List[Double] = List(24.0, 56.0, 78.0, 95.0)
  val marks1=ratings.filter(x=> x>=60 && x<=74)</pre>
marks1: List[Double] = List()
  // Funtion in Scala
  def add(a:Double = 100 , b:Double = 200) : Double =
    var sum : Double = 0
    sum = a+b
    return sum
  println("Sum:" + add(a = 10, b=20))
Sum:30.0
add: (a: Double, b: Double)Double
  // if value is not given in add funcation return add funcation of a = 100 and b = 200
  println("Sum1:" + add())
Sum1:300.0
  var x = 1
   val y = if(x<3)
     println("value of x is less than 3")
    else
      println("value of x is greater than or equal to 3")
value of x is less than 3
x: Int = 1
y: Unit = ()
```

```
var marks = 75
if(marks>=75){
  println("Distinction")
}else if(marks >= 60 && marks <70){
  println("First class")
}else if(marks >= 50 && marks <60){
  println("Seocnd class")
}else if(marks >= 40 && marks <50){
  println("Pass class")
}else println("Fail")</pre>
```

Distinction
marks: Int = 75

```
// 3 funcations are calls and returns 3 times
def square(x:Double) :Double = {
   return x*x
}
def sumsquare(x:Double, y:Double) :Double = {
   return square(x) + square(x)
}
println("Sum of squares:"+ sumsquare(4,5))
```

Sum of squares:32.0
square: (x: Double)Double
sumsquare: (x: Double, y: Double)Double

```
def time() :Long = {
    println("Inside the funcations")
    return System.nanoTime()
}
def exect(t:Long) :Long = {
    println("Inside the Exect funcations")
    println("Time :"+t)
    println("Exiting From exect funcations")
    return t
}
println("Main Functions:"+ exect(time()))
```

Inside the funcations
Inside the Exect funcations
Time :4627384344930
Exiting From exect funcations
Main Functions:4627384344930
time: ()Long
exect: (t: Long)Long

```
var i =10
while(i>0){
   println("hello :"+i)
   i = i-1
}
```

hello :10 hello :9 hello :8 hello :7 hello :6 hello :5 hello :4 hello :3 hello :2

```
hello :1
i: Int = 0
  var a =2
   do{
     println(a)
      a = a + 2
   }while(a <= 10)
4
8
10
a: Int = 12
  ;// how to create object and how to create a class
  object classEg{
   def main(arg:Array[String]){
     var obj = new NewClass("Hello World")
      obj.sayHi()
   }
  }
  class NewClass(mssg:String){
   def sayHi()= println(mssg)
defined object classEg
defined class NewClass
  for(i <-1 to 10)
   println(i)
2
3
4
6
7
8
9
10
  // factorial number
  var Factorial =1
   var num =5
   while(num>0){
     Factorial = Factorial * num
     num = num-1
   println(Factorial)
120
```

Factorial: Int = 120 num: Int = 0

```
def isPrime(i: Int): Boolean =
    if (i <= 1)
        false
    else if (i == 2)
        true
    else
    !(2 until i).exists(n => i % n == 0)
```

isPrime: (i: Int)Boolean