

University of Colombo, Sri Lanka

UCSC University of Colombo School of Computing
BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN INFORMATION SYSTEMS

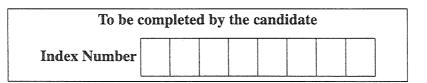
Second Year Examination — Semester II— UCSC AY19 [held in March/April/May 2023]

IS 2111 — Computer Networks

(2 Hours)
Answer All Questions

Number of Pages = 8

Number of Questions = 4

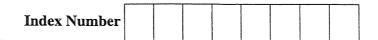


Important Instructions to candidates:

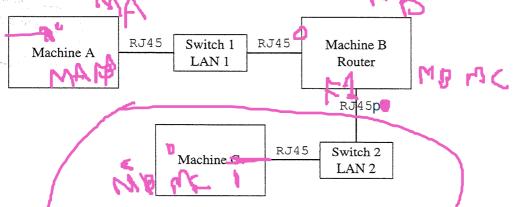
- Students should answer in the medium of English language only using the space provided in this question paper.
- Note that questions appear on both sides of the paper. If a page or a part of this question paper is not printed, please inform the supervisor immediately.
- Write your index number CLEARLY on each and every page of this Question paper.
- This paper consists of 4 questions in 8 pages (including the Cover Page).
- Answer ALL questions.
- Calculators and any electronic device capable of storing and retrieving text including electronic dictionaries, smart watches and mobile phones are not allowed.
- Do not tear off any part of this answer book. Under no circumstances may this book, used or unused, be removed from the Examination Hall by a candidate

To be completed by the examiners

1	
2	
3	
4	
Total	



1. A network is depicted in the following diagram. Only the machines shown in the diagram are in the network.

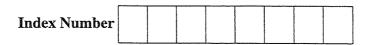


The operating system on **B** is Linux and the ifconfig command executed on a terminal on **B** is given bellow.

```
eth0: flags=4163<UP, BROADCAST, RUNNING, MULTICAST>
                                                 mtu 1500
 inet 10.0.2.5 netmask 255.255.255.252 broadcast 10.0.2.7
   inet6 fe80::4757:ec9:e144:8330 prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x20<link>
   ether 08:00:27:4f:e5:10 txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
   RX packets 15390 bytes 21938777 (21.9 MB)
   RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
   TX packets 4780 bytes 312500 (312.5 KB)
   TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0
eth1: flags=4163<UP, BROADCAST, RUNNING, MULTICAST> mtu 1500
   inet 10.0.3.9 netmask 255.255.255.252 broadcast 10.0.3.11
   inet6 fe80::cd3:1a32:4e7:f4c7 prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x20<link>
   ether 08:00:27:f9:cf:12 txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
   RX packets 4 bytes 1596 (1.5 KB)
   RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0
                                       frame 0
   TX packets 61 bytes 7128 (7.1 KB)
   TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0
                                                collisions 0
lo: flags=73<UP, LOOPBACK, RUNNING> mtu 65536
   inet 127.0.0.1 netmask 255.0.0.0
   inet6 ::1 prefixlen 128 scopeid 0x10<host>
   loop txqueuelen 1000 (Local Loopback)
   RX packets 86 bytes 7618 (7.6 KB)
   RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0
                                       frame 0
   TX packets 86 bytes 7618 (7.6 KB)
   TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0
                                                 collisions 0
```

An IPv4 packet P sent by a program on machine A is received by the machine C. The source MAC address of the Ethernet frame containing P when it was received at C was 08:00:27:f9:cf:12.

	Index Number			400								
(a).	What is the source IP address of	of P?	? Wri	ite yo	our a	nswe	er as	a bin	ary	str	ing.	
												[5 marks]
	00001010.00000000	.000	0001	10.00	0000	110						
(b).	What is the network address of	LAI	N1?									
												[3 marks]
	10.0.2.4											
(c).	What is the destination IP addr	ess o	of P v	when	it w	as re	ceive	ed at	B ?			
												[5 marks]
	10.0.3.10											
(d).	What is destination MAC addr	ess o	of the	Ethe	ernet	fran	ne co	ntain	ing P	Pν	when it was	in LAN1?
											1	[3 marks]
	08:00:27:4f:e5:10											
(e).	What is the network address of	ELAI	N2?									
												[5 marks]
	10.0.3.8											
(f).	Write the subnet mask of LAN	1 as	a bir	ary	string	g?						
												[4 marks]
	255.255.255.252 111111111.11111111	1.11	1111	111.	1111	110)					



- 2. (a). An organisation owns the IP address blocks 192.168.16.0/24 and 192.168.17.0/24. It has created a network consisting of 400 hosts using these two blocks.
 - i. What is the subnet mask of this network in CIDR notation?

[3 marks]

/24

ii. What is the network address of this network?

[3 marks]

192.168.16.0 and 192.168.17.0

iii. What is the broadcast address of this network of the network?

[3 marks]

192.168.16.255 and 192.168.17.255

(b). An experiment was conducted on a channel connecting the machine X to Y. Randomly generated 10⁶ bits were sent on this channel from X to Y during this experiment and it was observed that only 999000 bits were received at Y without any errors. All the other bits were flipped by the time they reached X. Equal number of 1 and 0 bits were in the correctly received bits and the same ratio was observed in the flipped set of bits as well.

Later, it was decided to use this channel to send messages from X to Y using the following encoding. The message bit 1 is sent encoded as 11 and the message bit 0 is sent encoded as 00 on this channel.

i. The message bit 1 is encoded and sent on this channel. What is the probability that the receiver receives the message correctly?

[3 marks]

0.999*0.999

ii. The data bit 0 is encoded and sent on this channel what is the probability that the receiver incorrectly decode the received string and receive the wrong data?

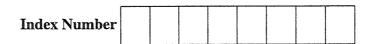
[4 marks]

0.001*0.001

iii. A one bit message is encoded and sent on this channel. What is the probability that the receiver discards the received string?

[4 marks]

(0.999*0.001) + (0.001*0.999)



(c). A machine M has two network interfaces. One interface is connected to a network that uses private IP address. The other interface is connected to the public Internet. Users of the private network require Internet access for web browsing. Several web sites that serves static content are quite popular among the users of the machines on the private network. What is the most suitable technology to be used on the machine M to provide Internet access to the machines on the private network? Justify your answer.

[5 marks]

NAT

3. (a). The following diagram shows the encapsulation of application data in the OSI network protocol stack. Assume that the application is using UDP as the Layer 4 protocol.

A, B (Layer 2) C, D (Layer 3) E, F (Layer 4) Application Data

i. State the name of the layers used in the OSI protocol stack for Layer 2, Layer 3, and Layer 4 and their corresponding protocol data unit (PDU).

[4 marks]

L2 - data link - frame

L3 - Network - packet

L4 - Transport - datagram

Index Number					

ii.	A, B, C, D, E, and F are the most important information used in each layer to identify
	the parties which are communicating. List down each of them in the correct order as
	their in the relevant PDU headers.

[6 marks]

- a destination mac
- b src mac
- c src ip
- d dest ip
- e src port
- f dest port
- iii. A precedes B in the Layer 2 PDU header. Explain the reason for arranging A and B in this order.

[5 marks]

to increase the efficiency in switches

(b). Discuss the main difference between HTTP/1.0 and HTTP/1.1.

[5 marks]

non persistent - establish tcp conn very req
persistant - establish tcp conn multiple multiple req

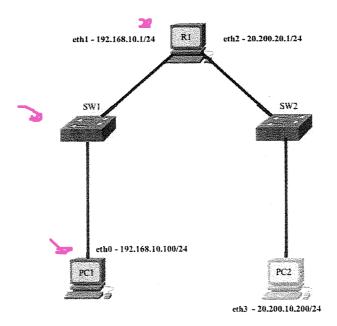
(c). There is a web page with 5 jpeg images. Consider the round trip time (RTT) as T and the time taken to transmit any object from the server to the client is t. Calculate the total time taken for the communication if the client uses HTTP/1.1 protocol.

[5 marks]

7T+6t

١	-				
Index Number					

4. (a). Consider the following network setup.



A network administrator tries to execute the following command to assign IP addresses on PC1.

sudo ifconfig eth0 192.168.10.100 netmask 255.255.255.0 But an error prompted as the ifconfig command is not available.

i. What could be the reason for this error message?

[2 marks]

depricated cmd

ii. Write an alternative Linux command to assign IP address to the network interface of PC1.

[8 marks]

ip addr add 192.168.10.100/24 dev eth0

iii.	The network administrator has configured IP addresses on all the interface (eth0, eth1,
	eth2, eth3). But still the users cannot communicate between PC1 and PC2. Determine
	the reasons for the problem.

[5 marks]

deafult gateway not set properly

(b). Mention a problem of Unshielded Twisted Pair (UTP) cables.

[2 marks]

interference cross talk

(c). Write a Wireshark filter to filter network traffic coming from ip address 192.168.10.23.

[2 marks]

(d). Write a Wireshark filter to filter TCP traffic associated with ip address 192.168.10.23.

[4 marks]

(e). What is the mode of fibre media which use LED to transmit signals.

[2 marks]

10			
multi			
TT GITT			