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RENESAS TECHNICAL UPDATE

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Product Category	User Development Environment		Document No.	TN-CSX-069A/EA	Rev.	1.0	
Title	SuperH RISC engine C/C++ Compiler Ver.8 bug information (2)		Information Category	Usage Limitation			
	P0700CAS8-MWR P0700CAS8-SLR P0700CAS8-H7R R0C40700XSW08R R0C40700XSS08R R0C40700XSH08R	Lot No.		SuperH BISC engine C/C	uperH RISC engine C/C++ Compiler		
Applicable Product		Ver.8.0	Reference Document	Assembler Optimizing Linkage Editor User's Manual REJ10B0047-0100H Rev.1.00			

	Product	R0C40700XSW08R R0C40700XSS08R R0C40700XSH08R	Ver.8.0	Document	Oser's Manual REJ10B0047-0100H Rev.1.00						
		description of the detected bug information in Ver. 8 fect this package version.	8 series of the	։ SuperH RISC enզ	gine C/C++ Compiler.						
	Attached: P0700CAS8-040518E SuperH RISC engine C/C++ Compiler Ver. 8 The details of the detected bug information (2)										
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SuperH RISC engine C/C++ Compiler Ver.8 The details of the detected bug information (2)

The bugs detected in the ver. 8 of the SuperH RISC engine C/C++ Compiler is shown below.

1. Illegal Copy Propagation

[Description]

When a copy instruction existed in a block with multiple branch sources, the copy instruction might be illegally eliminated.

```
[Example]
      int func(int *x) {
         int ret=0;
         while(*x++){
            if(*x==1){
               ret+=2;
         return (ret+2);
      _func:
                              #0,R5
                                         ; Illegally eliminated the copy instruction and converted R7 to R5
            MOV
      L11:
                              @R4,R2
            MOV.L
            ADD
                              #4,R4
                                         ; *1 Illegally eliminated MOV R7,R5
            TST
                              R2,R2
                              #2,R5
            ADD
                              L13
            BT
                              @R4,R0
            MOV . Ti
            CMP/EQ
                              #1,R0
                                         ; *2 By *3, BF L11 was converted
                              L11
            ВT
            BRA
                              L11
                                         ; *3 Illegally eliminated MOV R5,R7
            NOP
      L13:
            RTS
            MOV
                              R5,R0
```

[Conditions]

This problem might occur when all of the following conditions were fulfilled.

- (1) The optimize=1 option was specified.
- (2) A conditional statement was described.
- (3) A copy instruction existed in a block with multiple branch sources (*1 in the above example).
- (4) The block of the branch sources in (3) had a path with no definition of the copy source register (R7 in the above example) for the copy instruction (in the example, the path branching from *2 to L11).

[Solution]

This problem can be prevented by the following method.

(1) Specify optimize=0.

2. Illegal Elimination of Unnecessary Expressions

[Description]

If a then or else clause of a conditional statement had an assignment expression and another assignment expression, of which the both sides had the same variable, follows the said expression, the conditional statement might be illegally eliminated.

```
[Example]
   int x;
   void f(int y){
                              /* Illegal elimination */
      if (y>=256){
         x=0;
                              /* *1
                              /* *2 Eliminated the assignment expression that had the same variable in both sides */
      x=x;
      x++;
   }
   void f(int y){
      x=0;
      x++;
                              /* Propagated x=0 */
   }
   void f(int y){
      x=1;
```

[Conditions]

This problem might occur when all of the following conditions were fulfilled.

- (1) The optimize=1 option was specified.
- (2) A conditional statement was described.
- (3) A then or else clause of the conditional statement of (2) had an assignment expression (*1 in the above example).
- (4) An assignment expression, in which the both sides had the same variable as the variable assigned to in (3), followed the conditional statement of (2) (*2 in the above example).

[Solution]

This problem can be prevented by either of the following methods.

- (1) Specify optimize=0.
- (2) Specify opt_range=noblock.

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3. Illegal Access with a Parameter Passed via the Stack

[Description]

If a function with the parameter passed via the stack had a function call immediately before the exit, an address for reference to a parameter passed via the stack might be incorrect when the speed option was specified.

```
[Example]
   typedef struct {
      int x;
   } ST;
   extern void g(ST *x);
  void f(int a, ST b) {/* b was a parameter passed via the stack */
      if (a) {
         g(&b);
         /* (A) */
      ,
/* (B) */
   ; Address where parameter b was stored at the function entry = R15
   _f:
           TST
                          R4,R4
          BT
                          L12
          MOV
                          R15,R4
                          L14,R2
                                     ; _g
          MOV.L
          JMP
                          @R2
                                     ; (A)
                          #4,R4
                                     ; R4 <- R15+4: Not the address of b
          ADD
  L12:
          RTS
                                      ; (B)
          NOP
```

[Conditions]

This problem might occur when all of the following conditions were fulfilled.

- (1) The optimize=1 option was specified.
- (2) The speed option was specified.
- (3) The function had a parameter passed via the stack (b in the above example).
- (4) The function had multiple exits ((A) and (B) in the above example).
- (5) There was a function call immediately before any of the exits in (4) (g(&b); in the above example).
- (6) (5) was the only function call in this function.

[Solution]

This problem can be prevented by one of the following methods.

- (1) Do not specify the speed option.
- (2) Specify optimize=0.
- (3) Insert a nop() built-in function after the function call.
- (4) Insert a dummy function call in the function and specify the noinline option.

4. Incorrect GBR Relative Logic Operation

[Description]

If a logic operation with a 1-byte array or a bit-field member for which #pragma gbr_base/gbr_base1 was specified was performed, the result of the operation might be written to an incorrect area.

[Example]

[Conditions]

This problem might occur when all of the following conditions were fulfilled.

- (1) The gbr=user option was specified.
- (2) #pragma gbr_base/gbr_base1 was specified for any of the following variables:
 - An (unsigned) char-type array
 - A structure array that has an (unsigned) char-type member
 - A structure that has an (unsigned) char-type array member
 - A structure that has a bit-field member of 8 bits or less
- (3) A logic operation of a constant $(\&, |, ^)$ with the variable of (2) (b[0] in the above example) was performed.
- (4) The variable assigned to by the operation of (3) (a[0] in the above example) fulfilled the condition of (2).
- (5) Variables of (3) and (4) were different variables, different elements of the same array, or different members of the same structure.

[Solution]

This problem can be prevented by one of the following methods.

- (1) Cancel specification of #pragma gbr_base/gbr_base1.
- (2) Specify gbr=auto (outputs a warning and invalidates #pragma gbr base/gbr base1).
- (3) Assign the result of the operation to a temporary variable for which volatile has been specified. Example:

```
void f() {
   volatile char temp;
   temp = b[0] & 1;
   a[0] = temp;
}
```

5. Illegal Elimination of Sign/Zero Extension

[Description]

If the address of a variable/constant or the index of an array was cast to 1 or 2 bytes and this value was used for accessing memory, or the expression which was cast to a char type was assigned to an unsigned short type variable and the result was used for comparison, the cast might be illegally eliminated.

```
[Example 1]
  unsigned short x;
  char a[1000];
  void f() {
      a[(char)x] = 0;
     MOV.L
                   L11+2,R2
     MOV.L
                   L11+6,R6
     W.VOM
                   @R2.R5
     EXTU.B
                   R5,R0
                                    ; Eliminated EXTS.B R0,R0
     MOV
                    #0,R5
                                    ; H'00000000
     RTS
     MOV.B
                   R5,@(R0,R6)
                                    ; When x was not within the range of 0 to 127,
                                    ; an incorrect address might be referred to.
[Example 2]
  unsigned short sc0;
  unsigned int b;
   func1() {
     unsigned short usl;
     us1 = (char)b
     return(us0 !=us1);
   }
     MOV.L
                    L11,R2
                                    ; _b
     MOV.L
                    L11+4,R5
                                    ; _us0
     MOV.L
                    @R2,R6
     EXTS.B
                    R6,R2
                    @R5,R6
     MOV.W
     EXTU.W
                    R6,R5
     CMP/EQ
                    R2,R5
                                    ; (char)b was not cast to an unsigned short type
                                    ; and was used in comparison.
     {\tt TVOM}
                    R0
     RTS
     XOR
                    #1,R0
```

[Conditions]

This problem might occur when all of the following conditions were fulfilled.

- (1) The optimize=1 option was specified.
- (2) One of the following conditions (a)(b) was fulfilled.
 - (a-1) The address of a variable/constant or the index of an array was explicitly cast to 1 or 2 bytes, or this function had a char/short type temporary parameter and the parameter was used only in the index of an array.
 - (a-2) The value of (a-1) was used for accessing memory.
 - (b-1) The expression which was cast to a char type was assigned to an unsigned short type variable.
 - (b-2) The variable of (b-1) was used for comparison.

[Solution]

This problem can be prevented by one of the following methods.

- (1) Specify optimize=0.
- (2) If the condition (2)(b) is fulfilled, declare the unsigned type variable of (b-1) as volatile.