# **Practice Final**

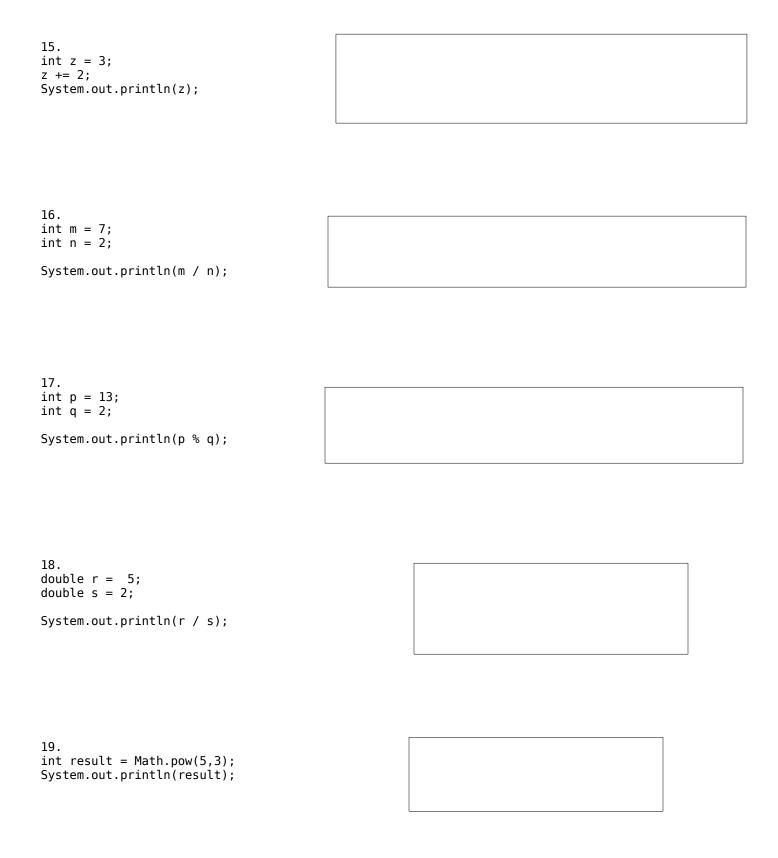
### Trace

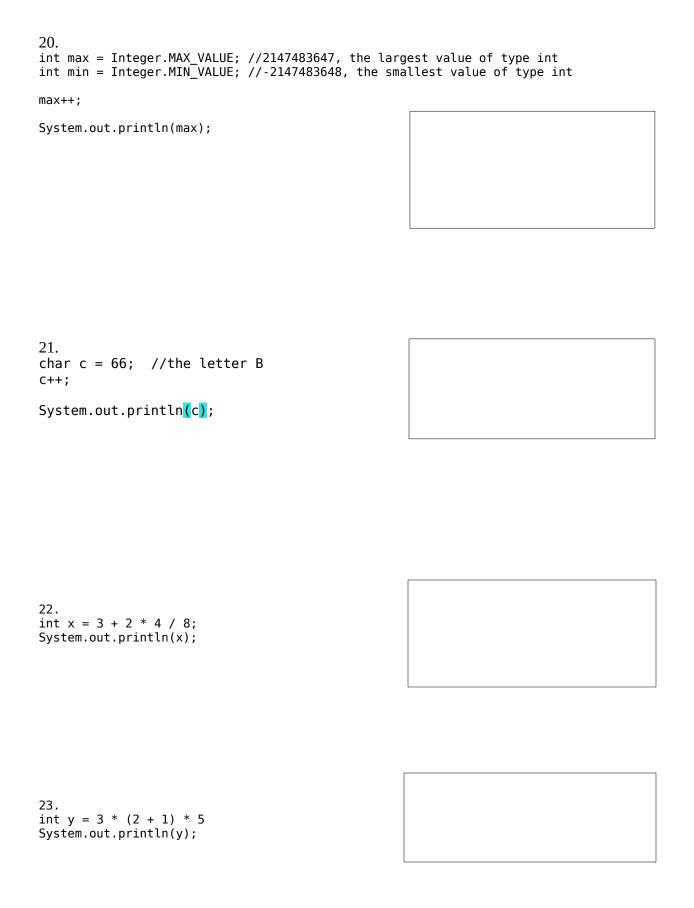
Write the output of the following program fragments	S: OUTPUT:
<pre>1. System.out.println("Three toed tree toads"); System.out.println("Goodbye");</pre>	
<pre>2. System.out.print("You don't"); System.out.println(" say!");</pre>	
<pre>3. System.out.print("H\na");</pre>	
4	
4. System.out.print("\"Ha\"");	

<pre>5. if(false    true){    System.out.println("XoX"); } System.out.println("Got it");</pre>	
<pre>6. if(true &amp;&amp; false){    System.out.println("A"); } else{    System.out.println("B"); }</pre>	
<pre>7. if(true    false){    System.out.println("A"); } if(!false){    System.out.println("B"); }</pre>	

```
8.
if(7 < 9 \&\& true){
   System.out.println("H");
   if(!(false || false)){
     System.out.println("A");
   } else{
      System.out.println("B");
} else {
  System.out.println("Q");
9.
if(10 != 10){
  System.out.println("X");
else if (6 > 2)
 System.out.println("Y");
} else{
  System.out.println("Z");
10.
String day = "Wed";
switch(day){
  case "Mon":
    System.out.println("1");
   break;
   case "Tues":
     System.out.println("2");
     break;
    case "Wed":
      System.out.println("3");
    case "Thurs":
       System.out.println("4");
}
```

```
11.
int a = 3;
int b = a;
a = a + 1;
System.out.println(a);
System.out.println(b);
Square a = new Square();
a.setLength(3);
Square b = a;
b.setLength(4);
System.out.println(a.getLength());
System.out.println(b.getLength());
13.
int x = 3;
X++;
System.out.println(x);
14.
int y = 3;
y--;
System.out.println(y);
```





```
24.
String s = "1";
String t = "2";
String u = "3";
System.out.println(s + t + u);
25.
String str = " FasT ";
String str2 = "Car";
System.out.println(str.toLowerCase().trim() + str2);
26.
int x = 2;
int y = 5;
System.out.println((double) y / (double) x);
27.
String s = "36";
String t = "6";
System.out.println(Integer.parseInt(s) + Integer.parseInt(t));
```

```
28.
String a = "";
System.out.println("b4");
do{
System.out.println("inside");
a += "a";
}while (a != "a")
System.out.println("after");
String a = "";
System.out.println("b4");
while(a == "a"){
 System.out.println("inside");
System.out.println("after");
30.
String a = "";
System.out.println("b4");
for(int i=0;i < 3; i++){
  for(int j=0; j < 2; j++){
 a += "a";
}
System.out.println(a);
```

```
31.
String a = "";
System.out.println("b4");
int w = 1;
while(a != "aaaa"){
    System.out.println("inside" + w);
    for(int i=0; i<2; i++){
        System.out.println("w" + w + " loop iteration " + i);
        a += "a";
    }
    w++;
}
System.out.println("finished");</pre>
```

```
32. (3pts)
public class Trace32 {
 public static void main(String [] args){
   Trace32 n = new Trace32(5);
   System.out.println(n.getXxx());
   n.increment();
   System.out.println(n.toString());
 }
 public Trace32(int q){
   xxx = q;
 public getXxx(){
   return xxx;
 public increment(){
   xxx++;
 public toString(){
   return Integer.toString(getXxx());
 private int xxx;
```

```
33. (3pts)
public class Trace33 {
  public static void main(String [] args){
    String t = "two";
    String s = "socks";
String u = "_";
    System.out.println(Trace33.concat(t, s));
    Trace33 t33 = new Trace33(t, u);
    System.out.println(t33.concat(s));
  }
  public Trace33(String x, String y){
  str = x;
   separator = y;
  public static String concat(String a, String b){
   return a + b;
  public Stringconcat(String a){
  return this + separator + a;
  public String toString(){
   return str;
  private String str;
  private String separator;
```

```
34. (3pts)
public class Trace34{
   public static void main(String [] args){
      System.out.println(factorial(5));
   }

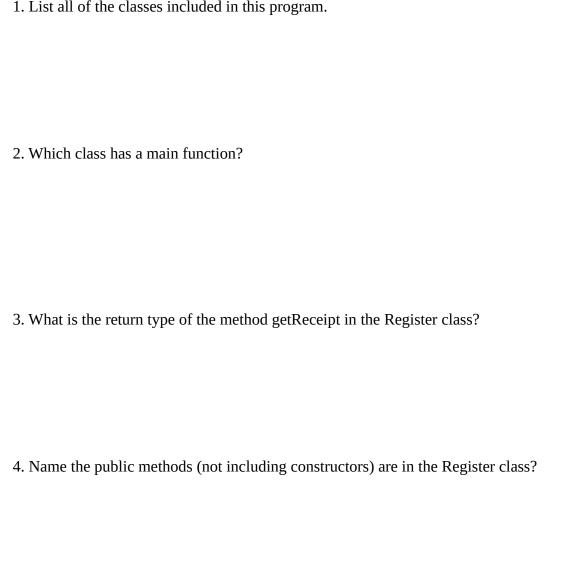
   public static int factorial(int n)
   {
      if (n <= 1){
            System.out.println(n);
            return 1;
      }else{
            System.out.println(n);
            return n*factorial(n-1);
      }
   }
}</pre>
```

```
35. (4pts)
public class Trace35{
 public static void main(String [] args){
   String abc = "abc";
   char a = 'a';
   System.out.println(f1(f2(abc), 3));
   System.out.println(f2(f1(abc, 3)));
   System.out.println(f1(f2(a), 3));
   System.out.println(f2(f1(a,3)));
 }
 public static String f1(char c, int n){
  String result = Character.toString(c);
  for(int i = 0; i < n; i++){
    result += Character.toString(c);
  return result;
 public static String f1(String c, int n){
   String result = c;
   for(int i = 0; i < n; i++){
     result += c;
   return result;
 public static String f2(String s){
  return s + s;
 public static String f2(char c){
   return Character.toString(c) + Character.toString(c);
```

}

# **Recognize Elements**

Use the code provided as a separate hand-out for t	the cash register to answer the questions below
1. I jet all of the classes included in this program	



5. What are the signatures of the two Register constructors?

6. What are the parameters of the scanProduct() method in the Register class?
7. Name a class and a span of lines (the numbers are to the left) where a while loop is being use.
8. Name a function and the class it belongs to that is responsible for saving data to a file.
9. Name a class and a span of lines where a file is being read from.
10. Name all the member variables of the Transaction class.

# Conceptual Understanding

Use the cash register	provided separate	ely to answer the	conceptual c	auestions belo	w:
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<ol> <li>In the Util classes</li> </ol>	, what	does it n	nean foi	r the thr	ee variable:	s owned	by th	at class	to be	declared	d as
public, static, and fir	ıal?										

2. The cash register classes generate some of their objects by reading data from a file and then save new data to those files before the program closes. Why do they do this? What feature does this provide over a program that does not read and write to a file?

users is hi	the cash register classes make extensive use of arrays, Files, and Dates and Timestaps. Most public sof this code don't see the arrays and other structures when they use the API. The implementation dden. What is the word for this idea of hiding the inner-workings and restricting data access while ramming using an object-oriented design?
4. N are s	otice that each class has its own toString() method that overrides the default implementation. What ome reasons you would want to override the default toString() method for your class?

5. Notice that the Transaction class has two constructors with different parameters sets. One is called when loading Transactions from a file and the other is called when scanning a product during a checkout session. Why do each of these use cases use different constructors?				

### Use an Existing API

Pretend you are inside a new main method. Write code for this main method that will execute what is described.

1. Make a new ProductList and fill it with 3 products. Use this new ProductList to create a new Register with a registerId of value 1 and a tax rate of 4%.

2. Use the Util class provided to convert the String, "2019-11-27 16:09:15.018" into an object of type Timestamp.

3. Print the public consant (final variable) named CSV_START_LINE in the Util class to the screen.
4. Take the register you created in question 1 and scan the product with id 2 three times. After this, accept paymennt with \$1024.25 as input, complete the checkout, get the amount of change due, print a receipt, and then start a new checkout session.

5. \*\*EXTRA CREDIT\*\* Create an array of 100 cash registers. Generate your product list from a file named key-foods-products.csv. Make all 100 cash registers scan each item in the product list exactly one time. Then, accept payment, complete each of their checkouts, get the change due, and print a receipt. Make sure you start a new checkout session for each of the 100 registers after each receipt is printed.

#### **Design a Program**

Write an object-oriented model of a vending machine that dispenses candy. There are 4 different kinds of candy available inside the machine. Each kind of candy is held in a shelf slot that can hold 3 copies of the candy before that row of the vending machine must be refilled. A customer selects the candy by choosing the row (A or B) and the column (one or two). The available candies are named snickers (\$1.00), skittles (\$1.25), twix (\$0.75), and pretzels (\$0.85). When the machine starts operating it is filled with 4 of each kind of candy. Every time a customer buys a candy, there is one less of that candy until there are none left at which point a customer who requests that candy will be denied sale and be informed that there are none left.

After a customer selects the candy they want. The vending machine requests payment. The customer then must pay the amount. If the customer pays money that is greater than or equal to the amount due, the machine dispenses the selected candy and gives the customer the change they are due. The machine keeps running until it is out of candy at which point it requests maintenance and says good by and the main() of our program stops execution.

Your program should have a class VendingMachine and a class Candy

The Candy class should have private member variables: name, price, column, row, and itemsRemaining (which will represent how many of that type of candy is left in the machine).

The VendingMachine class will have four private member variables of type Candy and one private member variable of type double named moneyMade that keeps track of how much money the machine has made.

The VendingMachine will have a constructor that takes no parameters and initializes the four member variables so that each candy has the appropriate features mentioned above. If there is a file called vending-machine.txt, the amount of each candy should be loaded from that file along with how much money the machine has made. If that file does not exist, the machine should start with zero dollars and be fully stocked with candy.

The VendingMachine will have a private method named acceptRequest(String column, String row) which will return true if that location in the machine has any candy left and false if it does not.

The VendingMachine will also have a public method named processPayment(String column, String row, double amountPaid) which will call acceptRequest(). If acceptRequest returns true, the processPayment() function will decrement the itemsRemaining of the selected candy, add the cost of the candy to the variable moneyMade and then return the amountPaid minus the cost of the candy purchased.

The VendingMachine will have a public method getCandyInfo(String column, String row) that will return the name, price, and itemsRemaining as a single String.

The VendingMachine will have a public fillMethod that will replenish the itemsRemaining for each candy in the vending machine to full capacity.

Before the program ends, it should save the state of the vending machine in the file named vending-machine.txt. Your program should be able to read from this file when you restart the program to retrieve how many items of candy and how much money is in the machine.

The Candy class should of course have getters and setters for its private member variables.

If you would like extra credit and desire to write less code, feel free to design the program using arrays.

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## **Practice Final Code**

#### CSC110 Fall 2019

```
import java.io.IOException;
public class Business{
  public static void main(String [] args) throws IOException{
        ProductList pList = new ProductList("products.csv");
TransactionList tList = new TransactionList("transactions.csv");
        RegisterList rList = new RegisterList("registers.csv", pList);
        System.out.println(pList);
        System.out.println(tList);
        System.out.println(rList);
        rList.getRegister(0).scanProduct(0);
        rList.getRegister(0).scanProduct(1);
rList.getRegister(0).scanProduct(0);
        rList.getRegister(1).scanProduct(2);
rList.getRegister(1).scanProduct(2);
        rList.getRegister(2).scanProduct(2);
rList.getRegister(2).scanProduct(0);
        rList.getRegister(0).acceptPayment(100);
rList.getRegister(1).acceptPayment(20);
        rList.getRegister(2).acceptPayment(35.75);
        for(int i = 0; i < rList.length(); i++){
           tList.insertTransaction(rList.getRegister(i).completeCheckout());
   System.out.println("Your transaction at register " + i + " is complete!");
   System.out.println("Your change is: " + rList.getRegister(i).getChange());
              System.out.println(rList.getRegister(i).getReceipt());
              System.out.println("Starting new checkout session...");
              rList.getRegister(i).startNewCheckout();
        tList.saveTransactionList("transaction.csv");
rList.saveRegisterList("registers.csv");
```

```
public class Product{
  public Product(String name, double price){
    this.name = name;
    this.price = price;
}

public String getName(){
    return name;
}

public double getPrice(){
    return price;
}

public String toString(){
    return "\"" + name + "\", '\"" + price + "\"\n";
}

private String name;
  private double price;
  private int productId;
}
```

```
import java.io.File;
import java.util.Scanner;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.io.PrintWriter;
public class ProductList{
  public ProductList(String filename) throws IOException {
   Scanner scan = new Scanner(new File(filename));
   products = new Product[1000];
    this.length = 0;
    int i = 0;
    while(scan.hasNext()){
       String line = scan.nextLine();
       if(i != 0){
  String [] fields = line.split(",");
         String nameField = fields[0].replace("\"", "").trim();
double priceField = Double.parseDouble(fields[1].replace("\"", "").trim());
         products[i - 1] = new Product(nameField, priceField);
      i++;
    if(i > 0){
      this.length = i - 1;
    }
  public ProductList(){
   products = new Product[MAX_PRODUCTS];
length = 0;
  public ProductList(Product [] list){
    products = list;
     this.length = list.length;
  public Product getProduct(int index){
   return products[index];
  public double getPriceById(int id){
    return products[id].getPrice();
  public String getNameById(int id){
  return products[id].getName();
  public int length(){
    return length;
  public void insertProduct(Product p){
    products[length] = p;
length++;
  public String toString(){
    String result = PRODUCTS_HEADER;
     for(int i = 0; i < length; i++){
       result += products[i];
    return result;
  }
  public void saveProductList(String filename) throws IOException{
  File f = new File(filename);
  PrintWriter x = new PrintWriter(f);
    x.print(this);
    x.close();
 public static final int MAX_PRODUCTS = 1000;
  private Product [] products;
  private int length;
```

```
public class Register{
  public Register(int registerId, ProductList products, double salesTax){
  this.registerId = registerId;
     tnls.registeriu = registeriu;
this.products = products;
this.salesTaxRate = salesTax;
this.scannedProductIds = new int[MAX_PRODUCT_LIST_SIZE];
this.indexOfNextProduct = 0;
this.receipt = "\n\nReceipt\n\n";
this.receipt = "\n\nReceipt\n\n";
     this.moneyInRegister = 0;
  public Register(int registerId, ProductList products, double salesTax, double moneyInRegister){
     this(registerId, products, salesTax);
     this.moneyInRegister = moneyInRegister;
  public double calculateTotal(){
     return salesTaxDue + subTotalDue;
  public void scanProduct(int id){
     scannedProductIds[indexOfNextProduct] = id;
     indexOfNextProduct++;
     double price = products.getPriceById(id);
Product product = products.getProduct(id);
     subTotalDue += price;
salesTaxDue += price * salesTaxRate;
     receipt += product;
  }
  \verb"public void acceptPayment(double amount)" \{
     this.paymentAmount = amount;
  public Transaction completeCheckout(){
     Transaction t = new Transaction(registerId, paymentAmount, subTotalDue, salesTaxDue, getChange());
     moneyInRegister += (paymentAmount - getChange());
     receipt += ("\nSubTotal: " + subTotalDue + "\n");
receipt += ("Tax at " + salesTaxRate + "% :" + salesTaxDue + "\n");
receipt += ("Total: " + calculateTotal() + "\n\n");
receipt += "Thank You! Come again!\n\n";
    return t;
  public void startNewCheckout(){
    clearCurrentCheckout();
  private void clearCurrentCheckout(){
     scannedProductIds = new int[MAX_PRODUCT_LIST_SIZE];
     indexOfNextProduct = 0;
salesTaxDue = 0;
subTotalDue = 0;
     paymentAmount = 0;
receipt = "\n\nReceipt\n\n";
  public String getReceipt(){
     return receipt;
  public double getChange(){
     return paymentAmount - calculateTotal();
  public String toString(){
    return Util.CSV_START_LINE + registerId + Util.CSV_SEPARATOR + salesTaxRate + Util.CSV_SEPARATOR + moneyInRegister +
Util.CSV_END_LINE;
  public static final int MAX_PRODUCT_LIST_SIZE = 1000;
  private ProductList products;
  private int [] scannedProductIds;
private int registerId;
  private double moneyInRegister;
private double salesTaxRate;
  private int indexOfNextProduct;
  private double salesTaxDue;
private double subTotalDue;
  private double paymentAmount;
  private String receipt;
```

```
import java.io.File;
import java.util.Scanner;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.io.PrintWriter;
public class RegisterList{
  public RegisterList(String filename, ProductList pList) throws IOException{
   Scanner scan = new Scanner(new File(filename));
   registers = new Register[MAX_REGISTERS];
   this leasth
     this.length = 0;
     int i = 0:
     while(scan.hasNext()){
        String line = scan.nextLine();
        if(i !=0){
          String [] fields = line.split(",");
          int registerId = Util.cleanFieldToInt(fields[0]);
double salesTaxRate = Util.cleanFieldToDouble(fields[1]);
double moneyInRegister = Util.cleanFieldToDouble(fields[2]);
             registers[i - 1] = new Register(registerId, pList, salesTaxRate, moneyInRegister);
        }
       i++;
     if(i > 0){
      this.length = i - 1;
     }
  public void insertRegister(Register r){
  registers[length] = r;
     length++;
  public Register getRegister(int index){
     return registers[index];
  public String toString(){
     String result = REGISTERS_HEADER;
     for(int i = 0; i < length; i++){
     result += registers[i];
}
     return result;
  public int length(){
  return length;
  public void saveRegisterList(String filename) throws IOException{
   File f = new File(filename);
     PrintWriter x = new PrintWriter(f);
x.print(this);
     x.close();
  private Register [] registers;
  private int length;
public static final int MAX_REGISTERS = 100;
public static final String REGISTERS_HEADER = Util.CSV_START_LINE + "Register Id" + Util.CSV_SEPARATOR + "Sales Tax Rate" +
Util.CSV_SEPARATOR + "Money in Register" + Util.CSV_END_LINE;
```

```
import java.sql.Timestamp;
import java.time.Instant;
public class Transaction{
  public Transaction(int registerId, double amountPaid, double subTotal, double taxPaid, double changeGiven){
     this.registerId = registerId;
this.momentOfPurchase = new Timestamp(System.currentTimeMillis());
this.amountPaid = amountPaid;
     this.subTotal = subTotal;
this.taxPaid = taxPaid;
     this.changeGiven = changeGiven;
  public Transaction(Timestamp t, int registerId, double amountPaid, double subTotal, double taxPaid, double changeGiven){
     this(registerId, amountPaid, subTotal, taxPaid, changeGiven);
     momentOfPurchase = t;
  public Transaction(String transactionStr){
     //break apart the string and construct the object
  public int getRegisterId(){
     return registerId;
  public String getTimestamp(){
  return momentOfPurchase.toString();
  public double getAmountPaid(){
     return amountPaid;
  public double getSubTotal(){
  return subTotal;
  public double getTaxPaid(){
    return taxPaid;
 amountPaid + CSV_SEPARATOR + changeGiven + CSV_END_LINE;
  public static final String CSV_START_LINE = "\"";
public static final String CSV_SEPARATOR = "\", \"";
public static final String CSV_END_LINE = "\"\n";
public static final String TRANSACTION_CSV_HEADING = CSV_START_LINE +
                                                                         = CSV_SIARI_LINE +
"Moment of Purchase" + CSV_SEPARATOR +
"Register ID" + CSV_SEPARATOR +
"SubTotal" + CSV_SEPARATOR +
"Tax Paid" + CSV_SEPARATOR +
"Amount Paid" + CSV_SEPARATOR +
"Change Given" + CSV_END_LINE;
  private Timestamp momentOfPurchase;
  private int registerId;
  private double amountPaid;
private double changeGiven;
  private double subTotal;
  private double taxPaid;
```

```
import java.io.File;
import java.sql.Timestamp;
import java.util.Scanner;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.io.PrintWriter;
public class TransactionList{
  public TransactionList(String filename) throws IOException {
   Scanner scan = new Scanner(new File(filename));
   transactions = new Transaction[MAX_TRANSACTIONS];
     this.length = 0;
     int i = 0:
     while(scan.hasNext()){
        String line = scan.nextLine();
        if(i != 0){
           String [] fields = line.split(",");
             Timestamp momentOfPurchase = Util.convertStringToTimestamp(fields[0].replace("\"", ""));
int registerId = Util.cleanFieldToInt(fields[1]);
double amountPaid = Util.cleanFieldToDouble(fields[2]);
double changeGiven = Util.cleanFieldToDouble(fields[3]);
double subTotal = Util.cleanFieldToDouble(fields[4]);
             double taxPaid = Util.cleanFieldToDouble(fields[5]);
             transactions[i - 1] = new Transaction(momentOfPurchase, registerId, amountPaid, changeGiven, subTotal, taxPaid);
       }
        i++;
     }
     if(i > 0){
       this.length = i - 1;
  }
  public Transaction getTransaction(int index){
    return transactions[index];
  public void insertTransaction(Transaction t){
  transactions[length] = t;
  public int length(){
    return length;
  public String toString(){
     String result = Transaction.TRANSACTION_CSV_HEADING;
     for(int i = 0; i < length; i++){
        result += transactions[i];
     return result;
  }
  \verb"public void saveTransactionList(String filename)" throws IOException \{
     File f = new File(filename);
PrintWriter x = new PrintWriter(f);
     x.print(this);
    x.close();
  public static final int MAX_TRANSACTIONS = 11600;
private Transaction [] transactions;
  private int length;
```

```
import java.sql.Timestamp;
import java.text.DateFormat;
import java.text.ParseException;
import java.text.SimpleDateFormat;
import java.til.Date;

public class Util {
    public static Timestamp convertStringToTimestamp(String strDate) {
        try {
            DateFormat formatter = new SimpleDateFormat("yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm:ss.SSS");
            Date date = formatter.parse(strDate);
            Timestamp timeStampDate = new Timestamp(date.getTime());
            return timeStampDate;
        } catch (ParseException e) {
            System.out.println("Exception :" + e);
            return null;
        }
    }
    public static double cleanFieldToDouble(String field) {
            return Double.parseDouble(field.replace("\"", "").trim());
    }
    public static int cleanFieldToInt(String field) {
            return Integer.parseInt(field.replace("\"", "").trim());
    }
    public static String cleanField(String field) {
            return field.replace("\"", "").trim();
    }
    public static final String CSV_START_LINE = "\"";
    public static final String CSV_SEPARĀTOR = "\", \"";
    public static final String CSV_END_LINE = "\"\n";
    }
}
```