

# SOFE 3950U / CSCI 3020U: Operating Systems

**TUTORIAL #3: Introduction to C Part II** 

## **Objectives**

- Learn the fundamentals of C
- Gain experience writing C programs

## **Important Notes**

- Work in groups of **three** students
- All reports must be submitted as a PDF on blackboard, if source code is included submit everything as an archive (e.g. zip, tar.gz)
- Save the conceptual questions file as <tutorial\_number>\_<first student's id>.pdf

#### **Notice**

It is recommended for this tutorial activity and others that you save/bookmark the following resources as they are very useful for C programming.

- http://en.cppreference.com/w/c
- http://www.cplusplus.com/reference/clibrary/
- http://users.ece.utexas.edu/~adnan/c-refcard.pdf
- http://gribblelab.org/CBootcamp

## **Conceptual Questions**

- 1. List each of the modes for the **fopen** function to the perform the following operations: **read**, **write**, **read and write**, **append** to a file.
- 2. Does dynamic memory use the **stack** or **heap**? What is the difference between the stack and heap?
- 3. Explain what a pointer is, and provide examples (in C code) of how to change the address that a pointer points to and how to access the data the pointer points to.
  - 4. Read the documentation on the **malloc** and **free** functions and explain briefly how to use malloc.
    - 5. What is the difference between **malloc** and **calloc**?

## **Application Questions**

All of your programs for this activity can be completed using the template provided, where you fill in the remaining content. A makefile is not necessary, to compile your programs use the following command in the terminal. **If you do not have clang then replace clang with gcc**.

#### Example:

```
clang -Wall -Wextra -std=c99 question1.c -o question1
```

You can then execute and test your program by running it with the following command.

./rogram name>

#### Example:

./question1

#### **Template**

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
int main(void)
{
}
```

- 1. Create a program that does the following
  - Prompts the user for their **first name**, **age**, and **height** (hint use a character array for strings).
  - Prints back to the console, their first name, age, and height
  - You will need to review the **scanf** documentation to complete this
- 2. Create a program that does the following
  - Reads the ten integers from the included file **question2.txt**
  - Stores each integer **read from the file** in an array
  - Prints the contents of the array to the terminal
  - You will need to review the **fopen** and **fscanf** documentation
- 3. Create a program that does the following
  - Create a struct called **student** containing their **student id, age**, and the **year** they started at UOIT.
  - Create a function called **save\_student** which does the following
    - Takes as its argument the **student** struct and returns **void**
    - Opens a file called **students.txt** in **append** mode
    - Saves the student id, age, and year from the **students** struct to the file on one line delimited by commas (e.g. **100123456,19,2014**).
  - In the console prompt the user for their **student id**, **age**, and the **year** they start at UOIT.
  - Store the values entered by the user in the **student** struct.
  - Call the function **save\_student** with the student struct to save the data to the **students.txt** file.

- 4. Create a program that does the following
  - Creates three pointers, a character pointer professor, and two integer pointers student\_ids, grades
  - Using dynamic memory, use calloc to allocate 256 characters for the professor pointer
  - Prompts the professor for their **name**, and the **number of students** to mark.
  - Stores the professor's name using the **professor** pointer and in an integer the number of students to mark.
  - Using dynamic memory, use malloc to allocate memory for student\_ids and grades to hold the number of students the professor needs to mark.
  - The program does not need to do anything else, ensure that you **free** your memory before terminating.
  - You will need to review the **malloc**, **calloc**, and **sizeof** documentation.
- 5. Building upon the previous questions you will create a marking system for professors at UOIT.
  - Structs can be used the same as any other data type in C, instead of having two arrays for the grades and student ids create a struct called grade that contains two integers: student\_id and mark.
  - Create a function grade\_students which takes the following arguments: a
     pointer to the grade struct called grades, and an integer num\_students.
     The function returns void and does the following:
    - Opens the file **grades.txt** in **write** mode
    - Using the **num\_students** parameter iterates through all of the grade structs pointed to by the **grades** parameter (remember arrays are pointers, you can treat pointers like arrays).
    - **For each** grade structure **adds** the **mark** member of the struct to a variable called **sum** that holds the sum of all student's grades.
    - For each grade structure write to the file grades.txt the student id and the mark on a single line.
    - After adding every student's **mark** to the **sum** variable, calculate the **average** (mean) and **standard deviation**, you will need to use **<math.h>** don't forget when you compile to add **-lm**
    - Write to the file grades.txt the average and standard deviation that you calculated.
  - Create two pointers, a character pointer professor, and a pointer for the grade struct you created and call it grades, it will hold an array of grade structures.

- Using dynamic memory, use calloc to allocate 256 characters for the professor pointer.
- Prompts the professor for their **name**, and the **number of students** to mark.
- Store the professor's name using the **professor** pointer and in an integer **num students** the number of students to mark.
- Using dynamic memory, use **malloc** to allocate memory for the **grades** pointer to hold the number of students the professor needs to mark.
- For each student to mark (**num\_students**) **prompt the professor** for the student id and the mark and store it in the **grade** struct in **grades** (you can use grades just like an array).
- After getting all of the student ids and marks from the professor call the grade\_students function to grade the students, calculate grade statistics, and store all the results to grades.txt
- Don't forget to **free** all of your dynamic memory