EXPERIMENT-19

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Course: CSA1789 Artificial Intelligence

Q) Write the python program to implement A* algorithm

Program:

```
def aStarAlgo(start_node, stop_node):
  open_set = set(start_node)
  closed_set = set()
  g = \{\}
               #store distance from starting node
                   # parents contains an adjacency map of all nodes
  parents = {}
  #distance of starting node from itself is zero
  g[start_node] = 0
  #start_node is root node i.e it has no parent nodes
  #so start_node is set to its own parent node
  parents[start_node] = start_node
  while len(open_set) > 0:
    n = None
    #node with lowest f() is found
    for v in open_set:
      if n == None \text{ or } g[v] + heuristic(v) < g[n] + heuristic(n):
    if n == stop_node or Graph_nodes[n] == None:
      pass
    else:
      for (m, weight) in get_neighbors(n):
        #nodes 'm' not in first and last set are added to first
        #n is set its parent
        if m not in open_set and m not in closed_set:
          open_set.add(m)
          parents[m] = n
          g[m] = g[n] + weight
        #for each node m, compare its distance from start i.e g(m) to the
        #from start through n node
        else:
          if g[m] > g[n] + weight:
            #update g(m)
            g[m] = g[n] + weight
            #change parent of m to n
            parents[m] = n
            #if m in closed set, remove and add to open
            if m in closed set:
              closed_set.remove(m)
              open_set.add(m)
    if n == None:
      print('Path does not exist!')
      return None
```

```
# if the current node is the stop_node
    # then we begin reconstructin the path from it to the start_node
    if n == stop_node:
       path = []
      while parents[n] != n:
         path.append(n)
         n = parents[n]
       path.append(start_node)
       path.reverse()
       print('Path found: {}'.format(path))
       return path
    # remove n from the open_list, and add it to closed_list
    # because all of his neighbors were inspected
    open_set.remove(n)
    closed_set.add(n)
  print('Path does not exist!')
  return None
#define fuction to return neighbor and its distance
#from the passed node
def get_neighbors(v):
  if v in Graph_nodes:
    return Graph_nodes[v]
  else:
    return None
def heuristic(n):
  H_dist = {
    'A': 11,
    'B': 6,
    'C': 5,
    'D': 7,
    'E': 3,
    'F': 6,
    'G': 5,
    'H': 3,
    'I': 1,
    'J': 0
  }
  return H_dist[n]
#Describe your graph here
Graph nodes = {
  'A': [('B', 6), ('F', 3)],
  'B': [('A', 6), ('C', 3), ('D', 2)],
  'C': [('B', 3), ('D', 1), ('E', 5)],
  'D': [('B', 2), ('C', 1), ('E', 8)],
  'E': [('C', 5), ('D', 8), ('I', 5), ('J', 5)],
  'F': [('A', 3), ('G', 1), ('H', 7)],
  'G': [('F', 1), ('I', 3)],
  'H': [('F', 7), ('I', 2)],
  'I': [('E', 5), ('G', 3), ('H', 2), ('J', 3)],
}
```

aStarAlgo('A', 'J')

OUTPUT:

