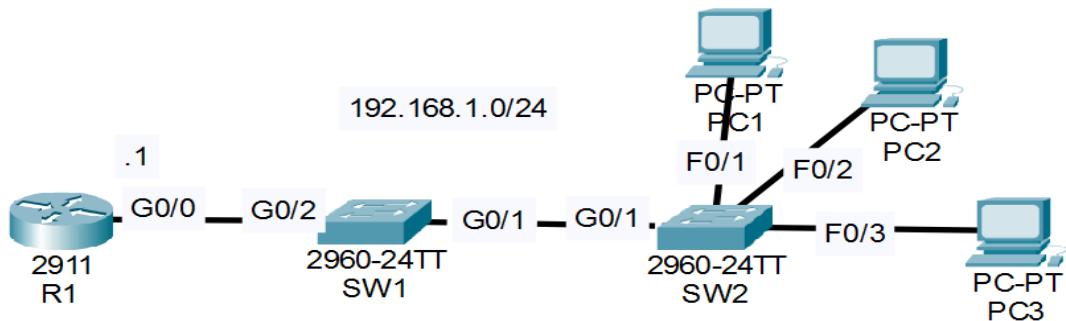


Network Topology:



Instructions and actions:

1. Configure R1 as a DHCP server.

Exclude 192.168.1.1 - 192.168.1.9 from the pool

Default gateway: R1

R1 CLI:

```
R1>en
R1#conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
R1(config)#ip dhcp ?
  excluded-address  Prevent DHCP from assigning certain addresses
  pool            Configure DHCP address pools
  relay           DHCP relay agent parameters
R1(config)#ip dhcp excluded-address 192.168.1.1 192.168.1.9
R1(config)#dhcp pool ?
% Unrecognized command
R1(config)#ip dhcp pool ?
  WORD  Pool name
R1(config)#ip dhcp pool CISCO
R1(dhcp-config)#?
  default-router Default routers
  dns-server    Set name server
  domain-name   Domain name
  exit          Exit from DHCP pool configuration mode
  network       Network number and mask
  no            Negate a command or set its defaults
  option        Raw DHCP options
R1(dhcp-config)#default-router 192.168.1.1
R1(dhcp-config)#network 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0
```

2. Configure DHCP snooping on SW1 and SW2.

SW1 CLI:

```
SW1>en
SW1#conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
SW1(config)#ip dhcp snooping
SW1(config)#ip dhcp snooping vlan 1
SW1(config)#no ip dhcp snooping information option
SW1(config)#int g0/1
SW1(config-if)#int g0/2
SW1(config-if)#ip dhcp snooping trust
```

SW2 CLI:

```
SW2>en
SW2#conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
SW2(config)#ip dhcp snooping
SW2(config)#ip dhcp snooping vlan 1
SW2(config)#no ip dhcp snooping information option
SW2(config)#int g0/1
SW2(config-if)#ip dhcp snooping trust
```

3. Configure DAI on SW1 and SW2.

- Enable all additional validation checks
- Trust ports connected to a router or a switch

DAI stands for Dynamic ARP Inspection.

SW1 CLI:

```
SW1>en
SW1#conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
SW1(config)#ip arp inspection vlan 1
SW1(config)#ip arp inspection validate ?
    dst-mac Validate destination MAC address
    ip      Validate IP address
    src-mac Validate source MAC address
SW1(config)#ip arp inspection validate dst-mac ip src-mac
SW1(config)#int range g0/1-2
SW1(config-if-range)#ip arp inspection trust
```

SW2 CLI:

```
SW2>en
SW2#conf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
SW2(config)#ip arp inspection vlan 1
SW2(config)#ip arp inspection validate ?
    dst-mac Validate destination MAC address
    ip      Validate IP address
    src-mac Validate source MAC address
SW2(config)#ip arp inspection validate dst-mac ip src-mac
SW2(config)#int g0/1
SW2(config-if)#ip arp inspection trust
SW2(config-if)#end
SW2#
```

4. Check

PC1 Command Prompt:

The screenshot shows a Windows Command Prompt window titled "Command Prompt". The window title bar is blue with white text. The menu bar includes "Physical", "Config", "Desktop" (which is underlined), "Programming", and "Attributes". The main area of the window displays the output of several command-line commands:

```
Cisco Packet Tracer PC Command Line 1.0
C:\>ipconfig

FastEthernet0 Connection: (default port)

    Connection-specific DNS Suffix...:
    Link-local IPv6 Address.....: FE80::201:64FF:FE32:B922
    IPv6 Address.....: ::

    IPv4 Address.....: 192.168.1.10
    Subnet Mask.....: 255.255.255.0
    Default Gateway.....: 192.168.1.1

Bluetoth Connection:

    Connection-specific DNS Suffix...:
    Link-local IPv6 Address.....: ::

    IPv4 Address.....: 0.0.0.0
    Subnet Mask.....: 0.0.0.0
    Default Gateway.....: 0.0.0.0

C:\>ping 192.168.1.1

Pinging 192.168.1.1 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255

Ping statistics for 192.168.1.1:
```