

# Problem description

The "Wholesale customers Data Set" is a commonly used dataset in the field of machine learning and data analysis. It contains information about various wholesale customers' annual spending habits on different product categories, making it valuable for exploring customer behavior and market segmentation. The dataset typically includes features such as spending on fresh products, milk, grocery items, frozen products, detergents, and paper products. This data can be used to analyze purchasing patterns, identify key customer segments, and develop strategies for optimizing supply chains and marketing efforts. It's a valuable resource for anyone interested in understanding wholesale customer preferences and trends.

## Exploratory Data Analysis

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
```

```
In [36]: data = pd.read_csv("Wholesale customers data.csv")
data
```

Out[36]:

	Channel	Region	Fresh	Milk	Grocery	Frozen	Detergents_Paper	Delicassen
0	2	3	12669	9656	7561	214	2674	1338
1	2	3	7057	9810	9568	1762	3293	1776
2	2	3	6353	8808	7684	2405	3516	7844
3	1	3	13265	1196	4221	6404	507	1788
4	2	3	22615	5410	7198	3915	1777	5185
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
435	1	3	29703	12051	16027	13135	182	2204
436	1	3	39228	1431	764	4510	93	2346
437	2	3	14531	15488	30243	437	14841	1867
438	1	3	10290	1981	2232	1038	168	2125
439	1	3	2787	1698	2510	65	477	52

440 rows × 8 columns

```
In [2]: data = pd.read_csv("Wholesale customers data.csv")
data.drop(labels=['Channel', 'Region'], axis=1, inplace=True)
data
```

```
Out[2]:
```

	Fresh	Milk	Grocery	Frozen	Detergents_Paper	Delicassen
0	12669	9656	7561	214	2674	1338
1	7057	9810	9568	1762	3293	1776
2	6353	8808	7684	2405	3516	7844
3	13265	1196	4221	6404	507	1788
4	22615	5410	7198	3915	1777	5185
...	...	...	...	...	...	...
435	29703	12051	16027	13135	182	2204
436	39228	1431	764	4510	93	2346
437	14531	15488	30243	437	14841	1867
438	10290	1981	2232	1038	168	2125
439	2787	1698	2510	65	477	52

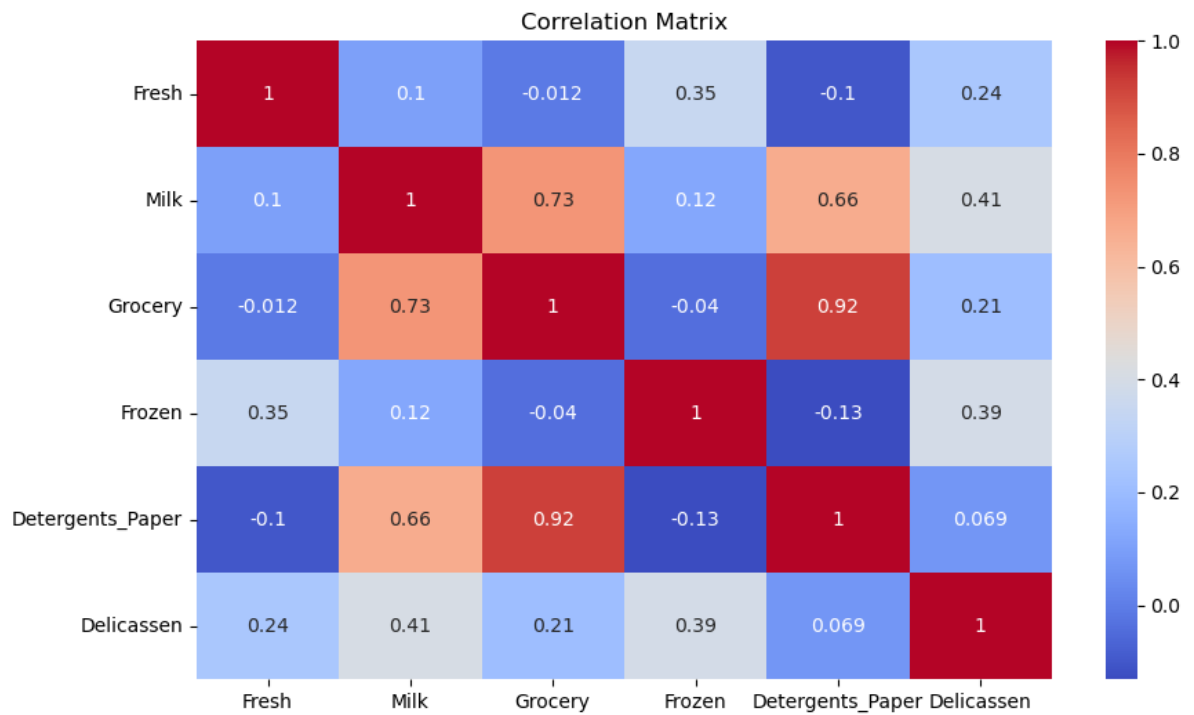
440 rows × 6 columns

```
In [3]: data.describe()
```

```
Out[3]:
```

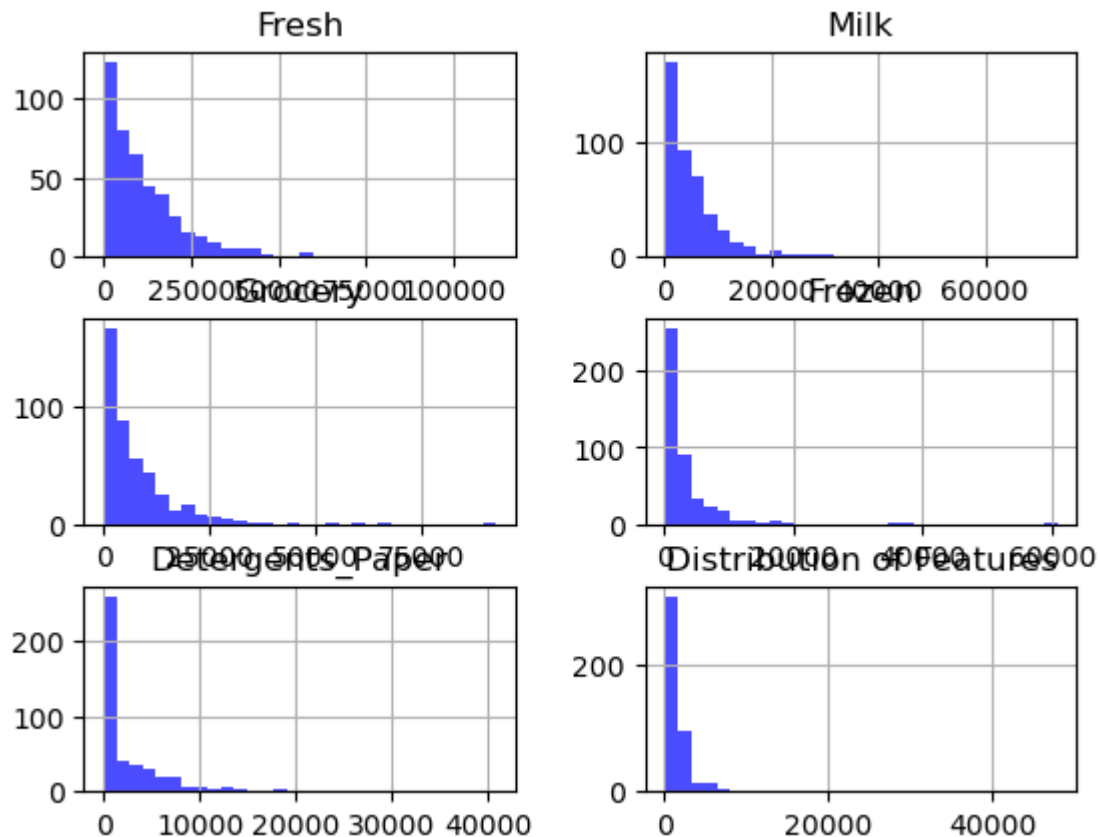
	Fresh	Milk	Grocery	Frozen	Detergents_Paper	Delicassen
count	440.000000	440.000000	440.000000	440.000000	440.000000	440.000000
mean	12000.297727	5796.265909	7951.277273	3071.931818	2881.493182	1524.870455
std	12647.328865	7380.377175	9503.162829	4854.673333	4767.854448	2820.105937
min	3.000000	55.000000	3.000000	25.000000	3.000000	3.000000
25%	3127.750000	1533.000000	2153.000000	742.250000	256.750000	408.250000
50%	8504.000000	3627.000000	4755.500000	1526.000000	816.500000	965.500000
75%	16933.750000	7190.250000	10655.750000	3554.250000	3922.000000	1820.250000
max	112151.000000	73498.000000	92780.000000	60869.000000	40827.000000	47943.000000

```
In [4]: # Correlation matrix
correlation_matrix = data.corr()
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.heatmap(correlation_matrix, annot=True, cmap="coolwarm")
plt.title("Correlation Matrix")
plt.show()
```

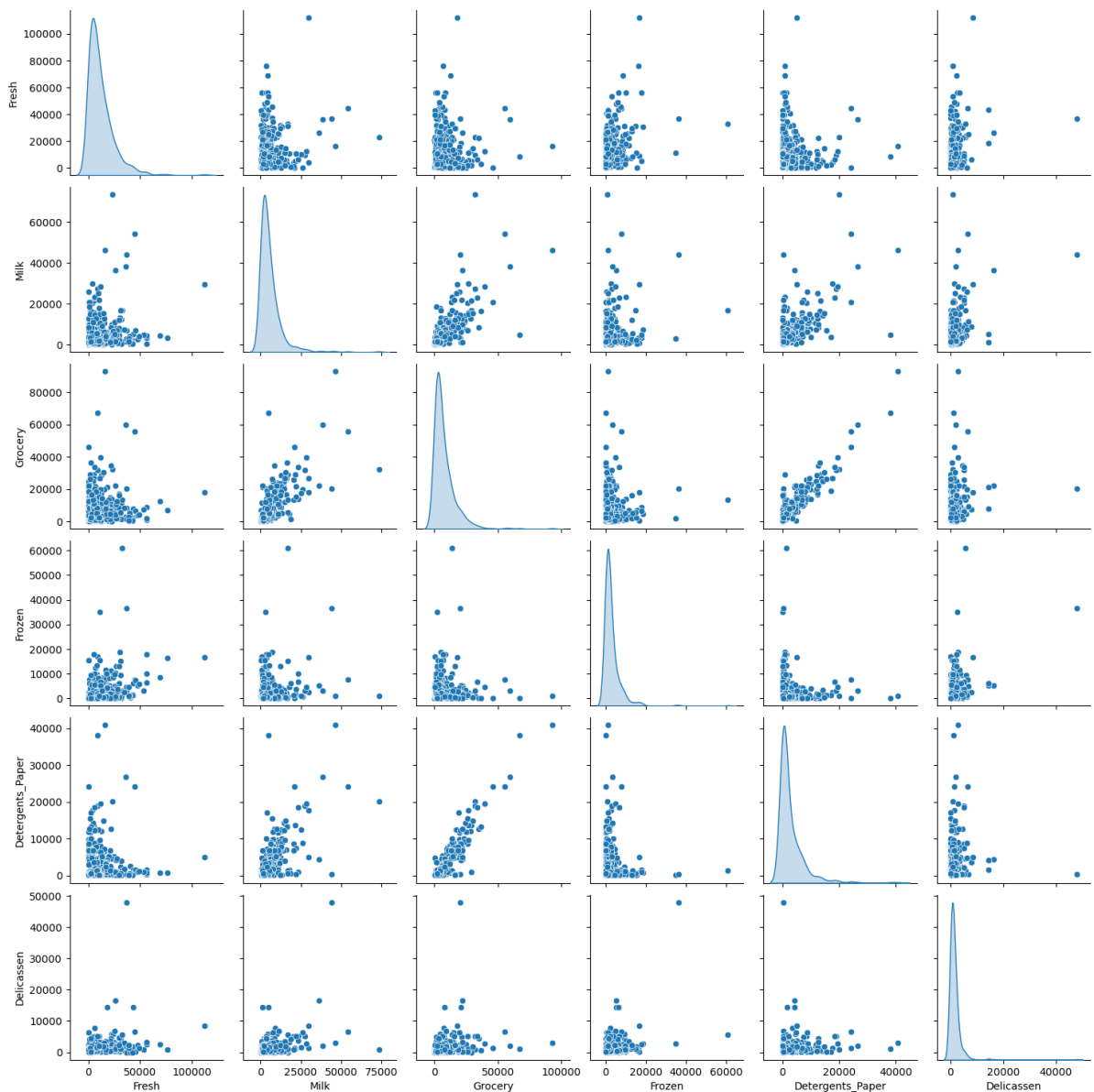


```
In [5]: # Distribution of features
plt.figure(figsize=(12,8))
data.hist(bins=30, color='blue', alpha=0.7)
plt.title("Distribution of Features")
plt.show()
```

<Figure size 1200x800 with 0 Axes>



```
In [6]: # Pairplot to visualize relationships between features
sns.pairplot(data, diag_kind="kde")
plt.show()
```



## Model building and training

```
In [7]: from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans

scaler = StandardScaler()
data_scaled = pd.DataFrame(scaler.fit_transform(data), columns=data.columns)
```

```
In [9]: # Applying K-means Method
# Using Elbow method to fine the optimal number of K

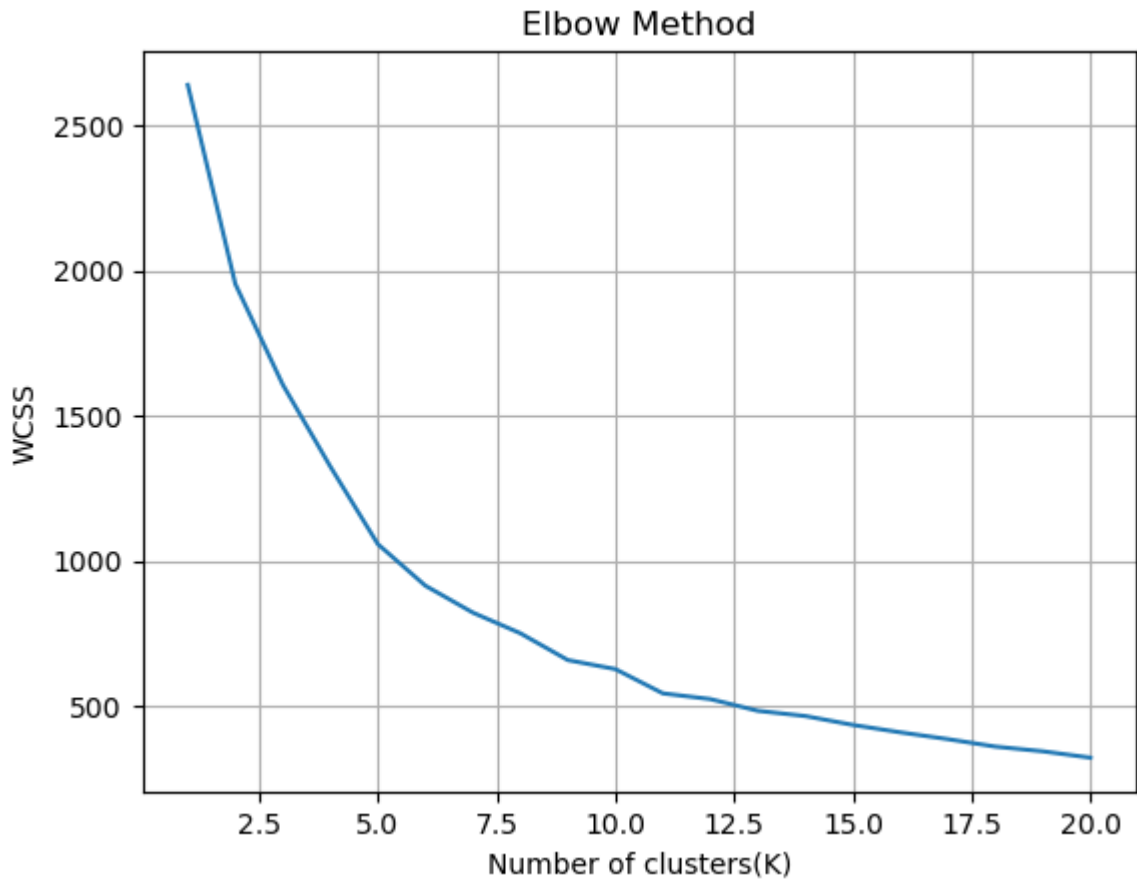
wcss = []
max_number_of_clusters = 20
```

```

for i in range(1, max_number_of_clusters+1):
    model = KMeans(n_clusters=i, init='k-means++', random_state=42)
    model.fit(data_scaled)
    wcss.append(model.inertia_)

# Plot the WCSS values
plt.plot(range(1, max_number_of_clusters+1), wcss)
plt.title('Elbow Method')
plt.xlabel('Number of clusters(K)')
plt.ylabel('WCSS')
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()

```



```

In [22]: # The Elbow shape can be found in when k is 10
model = KMeans(n_clusters=5, init='k-means++', random_state=42)
model.fit(data_scaled)

# Storing the data
data_scaled['cluster'] = model.labels_
data_scaled

```

Out[22]:

	Fresh	Milk	Grocery	Frozen	Detergents_Paper	Delicassen	cluster
0	0.052933	0.523568	-0.041115	-0.589367	-0.043569	-0.066339	1
1	-0.391302	0.544458	0.170318	-0.270136	0.086407	0.089151	1
2	-0.447029	0.408538	-0.028157	-0.137536	0.133232	2.243293	1
3	0.100111	-0.624020	-0.392977	0.687144	-0.498588	0.093411	1
4	0.840239	-0.052396	-0.079356	0.173859	-0.231918	1.299347	1
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
435	1.401312	0.848446	0.850760	2.075222	-0.566831	0.241091	1
436	2.155293	-0.592142	-0.757165	0.296561	-0.585519	0.291501	3
437	0.200326	1.314671	2.348386	-0.543380	2.511218	0.121456	2
438	-0.135384	-0.517536	-0.602514	-0.419441	-0.569770	0.213046	0
439	-0.729307	-0.555924	-0.573227	-0.620094	-0.504888	-0.522869	0

440 rows × 7 columns

## Results and Discussion

```
In [26]: # Description of all the clusters
for i in range(5):
    print("Cluster number : {}".format(i))
    print(data_scaled[data_scaled['cluster'] == i].describe())
    print('\n\n')
```

Cluster number : 0

	Fresh	Milk	Grocery	Frozen	Detergents_Paper \
count	181.000000	181.000000	181.000000	181.000000	181.000000
mean	-0.434037	-0.456422	-0.503317	-0.259235	-0.427114
std	0.357575	0.267429	0.236719	0.347855	0.237584
min	-0.949683	-0.778795	-0.823218	-0.623806	-0.604416
25%	-0.740389	-0.651014	-0.672992	-0.517808	-0.567461
50%	-0.458270	-0.524318	-0.584183	-0.384795	-0.530925
75%	-0.184462	-0.344177	-0.361162	-0.116501	-0.404729
max	0.337190	0.662201	0.383648	0.919350	0.511190

	Delicassen	cluster
count	181.000000	181.0
mean	-0.294083	0.0
std	0.190632	0.0
min	-0.540264	0.0
25%	-0.435894	0.0
50%	-0.346789	0.0
75%	-0.188104	0.0
max	0.346526	0.0

Cluster number : 1

	Fresh	Milk	Grocery	Frozen	Detergents_Paper \
count	82.000000	82.000000	82.000000	82.000000	82.000000
mean	0.121901	0.061593	-0.139444	0.602978	-0.285859
std	0.650511	0.638539	0.444014	1.017449	0.304825
min	-0.949683	-0.741085	-0.765698	-0.601534	-0.601897
25%	-0.392667	-0.409458	-0.521580	-0.355976	-0.534757
50%	0.040545	-0.045885	-0.255919	0.525776	-0.422157
75%	0.535204	0.227888	0.142217	1.279000	-0.094436
max	1.560499	2.405150	1.379080	3.225113	0.457016

	Delicassen	cluster
count	82.000000	82.0
mean	0.372675	1.0
std	0.748242	0.0
min	-0.524999	1.0
25%	-0.055068	1.0
50%	0.207189	1.0
75%	0.581891	1.0
max	4.596234	1.0

Cluster number : 2

	Fresh	Milk	Grocery	Frozen	Detergents_Paper \
count	27.000000	27.000000	27.000000	27.000000	27.000000
mean	0.013210	2.590663	2.748225	0.073673	2.775695
std	0.944613	2.124159	1.798950	1.424954	1.885255
min	-0.943192	-0.110725	1.021213	-0.626075	-0.554862
25%	-0.609660	1.216054	1.638131	-0.442125	1.941131
50%	-0.271932	2.118253	2.168979	-0.274673	2.277094
75%	0.263098	3.162341	2.916844	0.035278	3.417687
max	2.569923	9.183650	8.936528	6.900600	7.967672

	Delicassen	cluster
count	27.000000	27.0
mean	1.140990	2.0
std	3.280694	0.0
min	-0.528194	2.0
25%	-0.139292	2.0
50%	0.121456	2.0
75%	1.252487	2.0
max	16.478447	2.0

Cluster number : 3

	Fresh	Milk	Grocery	Frozen	Detergents_Paper \
count	76.000000	76.000000	76.000000	76.000000	76.000000
mean	1.477979	-0.285396	-0.343921	0.298631	-0.424392
std	1.273098	0.562410	0.399089	1.701359	0.217497
min	-0.054326	-0.768079	-0.837334	-0.609164	-0.604416
25%	0.601855	-0.599637	-0.623162	-0.400829	-0.561266
50%	1.123111	-0.395859	-0.466615	-0.110521	-0.498378
75%	2.016548	-0.192895	-0.148728	0.279032	-0.404991
max	7.927738	3.232607	1.074203	11.919002	0.433918

	Delicassen	cluster
count	76.000000	76.0
mean	0.049382	3.0
std	0.711011	0.0
min	-0.540264	3.0
25%	-0.312354	3.0
50%	-0.134144	3.0
75%	0.226536	3.0
max	4.553279	3.0

Cluster number : 4

	Fresh	Milk	Grocery	Frozen	Detergents_Paper \
count	74.000000	74.000000	74.000000	74.000000	74.000000
mean	-0.596193	0.395999	0.736091	-0.367673	0.784568
std	0.375819	0.468764	0.488243	0.276306	0.515208
min	-0.946992	-0.613304	-0.028895	-0.628343	-0.429506
25%	-0.875235	0.065923	0.348488	-0.565703	0.428249
50%	-0.722460	0.302664	0.606406	-0.456973	0.801902
75%	-0.506081	0.713306	1.128958	-0.267713	0.984162
max	0.729576	2.015567	2.215964	0.659304	2.989755

	Delicassen	cluster
count	74.000000	74.0
mean	-0.160678	4.0
std	0.288336	0.0
min	-0.540264	4.0
25%	-0.419476	4.0
50%	-0.217037	4.0
75%	0.004306	4.0
max	0.588281	4.0



```
In [27]: from sklearn.decomposition import PCA

# Apply PCA and fit the features selected
pca = PCA(n_components=2)
pc = pca.fit_transform(data_scaled.drop('cluster', axis=1)) # Principal Component

pc_df = pd.DataFrame(pc, columns=['pc1', 'pc2'])
pc_df['cluster'] = data_scaled['cluster']
pc_df.head()
```

```
Out[27]:
```

	pc1	pc2	cluster
0	0.193291	-0.305100	1
1	0.434420	-0.328413	1
2	0.811143	0.815096	1
3	-0.778648	0.652754	1
4	0.166287	1.271434	1

```
In [35]: plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))
scatter = plt.scatter(pc_df['pc1'], pc_df['pc2'], c=pc_df['cluster'])
plt.colorbar(scatter) # Add a color bar
plt.show()
```

