

THESE ARE OUR OPINIONS.  
WHY NOT WRITE US YOURS?

EDITORIAL PAGE

CRAIG POTTINGER, Editor

PRESS OPINIONS, CARTOONS  
AND OTHER FEATURES

Nogales International

A Democratic Newspaper  
Devoted to the Interest of Nogales and Vicinity

PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY MORNING  
At 225 Grand Ave., Nogales, Arizona

CRAIG POTTINGER ..... Owner and Publisher  
RALPH RAWSTHORNE ..... Business Manager

Subscription Rate \$4.00 A Year, \$2.50 Six Months, 45 cents a Month

INTERNATIONAL PLATFORM

Better Drainage To Make Floods Impossible — More Conventions  
More Tourists — — — Beautification Of The City  
A Law To Prohibit Jaywalking — — — More Houses  
Development Of Mining And Agricultural Resources Of This District.

Entered as second class matter February 3, 1928 at the post-office at Nogales, Arizona, under the Act of March 3, 1879.

Road Department Fixes Wage Scale

The Arizona Highway Commission has taken a step that will meet with the general approval of the public.

In calling for bids for the oiling of the Nogales-Tucson road from Continental south to the Santa Cruz County line the commission includes a schedule of minimum wages to be paid by the successful bidder.

This is the first time in the history of the road department that contractors bidding for such work are told by the commission exactly what minimum wage must be paid. Heretofore a contractor could fix his own wage scale.

It means that from now on contractors on state road jobs will have to pay a living wage.

A copy of the call for bids for the Tucson road improvement appears elsewhere in today's International.

Smoot - Hawley Tariff Act

Although Republican orators continue to picture the Smoot-Hawley tariff act as a beneficent piece of legislation, they will have difficulty in convincing the American producers who are keeping a sharp eye on the Imperial Conference at Ottawa. It is clear to all but the most partisan worshippers at the high tariff shrine that England and her dominions are engaged in agreeing on measures of self-protection made necessary by the high tariff wall which has been erected around the United States.

The conference is dealing in such terms as "imperial preference," but the result will be to discriminate against many essential raw materials and manufactured products, which have in the past formed the backbone of the foreign trade of the United States.

What for instance can the coal producers of the United States do to meet the shrinkage in business which they will have to face if Welsh coal is so favored within the British empire so as to force out the output of the American mines?

The steel industry in this county cannot help but be affected if Canadian and English plants are given the protection which has been proposed at Ottawa.

The tobacco producers of the East and South will not relish the further restriction of their market which is possible if the English dominions erect the proposed trade barrier against the United States.

The agricultural sections of the Middle West can look forward with little satisfaction to the proposal that "preference" be extended to Canadian and Australian meats.

The threat against the foreign trade of the United States by no means ends there. The conference is considering restrictions on many other articles. The greater their number the more severe the blow to industries in this country.

Under the Smoot-Hawley tariff bill the exports of the United States have already suffered tremendously. The volume of foreign commerce has never been as low in recent times as it is today. Our Canadian markets, the most logical that we possess, have suffered greatly since the Smoot-Hawley schedules were adopted. If only a part of the suggestions which have been made at Ottawa are adopted, it will mean a further shrinkage in this business and that all hope of any increase in future years has been lost.

Defenders of the Smoot-Hawley tariff act can point to nothing concrete within the limits of the United States to justify that piece of legislation. They can cite no figures to show that it has done anything but strangle foreign trade. Unless control of the government is taken from the Republican party, which enacted this ruinous law, a completely vanished foreign trade is likely to be the only monument that the Smoot-Hawley rates will have.

In this time of economic stress the tariff issue should attract unusual interest. Supporters of the Republican platform's declaration in favor of still higher tariff rates should be required to answer in detail the charges against the Hawley-Smoot tariff made in the Democratic platform.—Chicago Daily News (Ind.)

THE REAL MENACE

By Albert T. Reid



Internal Strife In G. O. P. Ranks

Chances of Democratic victory in Arizona next November are enhanced by internal strife in Republican ranks.

Wholesale desertions from the Republican fold, estimated at more than 3,000 who registered as Democrats in Maricopa county, indicate that many members of the state's minority party are in a rebellious mood.

The situation has been brought about, according to reports from the state capital, by the activities of a party leader in seeking personal control of the G. O. P. organization.

The method employed in obtaining a full Republican ticket for the primary—the first time since statehood—has further ired many members of the party. It savors too much of the old machine days during the administration of William Howard Taft.

Republicans were successful in the state in 1918 and 1920 when they were a militant and united party. They again were successful in 1928 when Democrats were divided.

This year it is evident the Republicans must do some housecleaning. It appears the job must be done by the rank and file of the party in selecting a candidate to head the Republican ticket who is not controlled by one man who dominates a clique of professional politicians.

While the Republicans battle among themselves, Arizona Democrats have no cause to worry over the outcome next November.

Someone Bucking Federal Loan?

Apparently several politicians at Phoenix, thinking they can hurt Governor Hunt politically, are making an effort to prevent Arizona from getting loans from the Reconstruction Finance Corporation at Washington for unemployment relief in this state.

George W. P. Hunt is the governor of this state and as such he has made application for the federal loans solely for the purpose of relieving the serious unemployment situation in Arizona and not for any personal glory.

Hunt is aware probably more so than any other person in Arizona that thousands and thousands of our citizens are out of work—men, women and little children are hungry—work is needed by thousands of men in order to get funds with which to buy food for themselves and families.

If any Arizonan is actually trying to prevent Arizona from getting federal loans at such a serious time as the present that person in our opinion is stooping to the lowest politics imaginable.

We sincerely hope that the Governor will be successful in his effort to learn the identity of any person—Democrat or Republican—who might be bucking Arizona's effort to get relief for the unemployed.

Governor Hunt in his efforts to get federal loans is entitled to the co-operation of everybody.

If the Hoover Administration succeeds in closing the wheat pit of the Chicago Board of Trade, the members will have the consolation of knowing theirs is not the only business the Hoover Administration has closed in the last three years.

IN LITTLE OLD NEW YORK  
CARL H. WILGETZ

The depression has hit the business of going to New York. Nearly 6,000,000 fewer persons visited New York during the past 12 months than during the previous year.

New Yorkers are supposed to be very nervous people. The explanation given is the constant noise in the city. New York, recently, maintained what was known as a noise abatement commission. It even proposed to put rubber tires on wheelbarrows.

Well, well, New York hat shops are selling colored Panama hats. They come in all colors.

Over on Sixth Avenue there is a sign in a gypsy fortune teller's window which reads: "Have your head read by this great woman who studied for ten years in Jerusalem."

Walking through the Grand Central station the other noon, I saw a group of men and women come out of the station exits laughing heartily. Shortly a man came walking out who was plainly mad through and through. He had no shoes. They had either been stolen during the night on the train or lost by the porter. He had to get out. Fortunately there is a shoe store in the station.

There is a labor union here made up of house wreckers. And every one of them is a Russian.

There are more bootblacks on the streets of New York than ever before. These men anticipate what they will receive for a shine by the quality of the men's socks. The usual charge for a shine is a nickel, but more frequently a dime is paid.

Unemployed artists—there are hundreds of them here—have received permission to sell their paintings on the streets of the city.

The other day the New York police dumped 4,402 pistols, 638 shotguns and rifles, and 240 other weapons including blackjacks, daggers, dirks and slingshots into the sea. These weapons had been taken from criminals during the last year.

There are spots in New York where pedestrian traffic is so heavy that police are required to keep persons moving.

BRIGHTEN UP FIRST CLASS CLEANING

DeLuxe Cleaners  
"Prompt Service"  
Phone 1.3—239 Morley Ave.

CARPENTER JOB WORK OUR SPECIALTY  
Good Work - Low Rates  
D. A. McKenzie  
Elm and Terrace

OUR HAT IS IN THE RING



Wm. H. Hathaway  
Candidate For  
SUPERVISOR  
District No. 2  
Subject to  
Democratic Primaries

W. E. Carroon  
Candidate For  
COUNTY  
TREASURER  
Subject To The  
Democratic Primaries

Glenn Blankenship  
Candidate For  
SUPERVISOR  
District No. 2  
Subject to  
Democratic Primaries

R. L. Blair  
Candidate For  
SUPERVISOR  
District No. 3  
Subject To  
Democratic Primaries

R. T. Frazier  
Candidate For  
SUPERVISOR  
District No. 1  
Subject To  
Democratic Primaries

Roy Coker  
Candidate For  
RECORDER  
Subject To The  
Democratic Primaries

Victor J. Wager  
Candidate For  
SHERIFF  
Subject To The  
Democratic Primary

Robert M. Howell  
Candidate For  
JUSTICE OF  
THE PEACE  
(Nogales Precinct)  
Subject To  
Democratic Primaries

Thomas L. Costello  
Candidate For  
CONSTABLE  
Precinct No. 4  
(Patagonia)  
Subject To The  
Democratic Primary

Anna B. Ackley  
Candidate For  
COUNTY  
TREASURER  
Subject To  
Democratic Primaries

W. S. (Dad) Larcom  
Candidate For  
CONSTABLE  
(Nogales Precinct)  
Subject To  
Democratic Primaries

C. C. Crenshaw  
Candidate For  
STATE SENATOR  
Subject To  
Democratic Primaries

Lucy T. Mitchell  
Candidate For  
RECORDER  
Subject To The  
Democratic Primaries

Lula R. Larimore  
Candidate For  
COUNTY  
SUPERINTENDENT  
OF SCHOOLS  
Subject To  
Democratic Primaries

De Leslie Wooddell  
Candidate For  
SUPERVISOR  
District No. 1  
Subject to  
Democratic Primaries

James A. Harrison  
Candidate For  
STATE SENATOR  
Subject to  
Democratic Primaries

Harold J. Brown  
Candidate For  
SHERIFF  
Subject To The  
Democratic Primary

E. F. Bohlinger  
Candidate For  
STATE  
REPRESENTATIVE  
Subject to  
Democratic Primaries

John A. Jones  
Candidate For  
SUPERVISOR  
District No. 3  
Subject To  
Democratic Primaries

News From Home  
Subscribers to The International taking vacation trips this summer can keep in touch with home news by having this paper reach them during their absence from the city.

Leslie H. Yott  
Candidate For  
SHERIFF  
Subject To The  
Democratic Primary

Phone 45 and we will be glad to change your paper to your vacation address, and there's no extra charge, either.

The International  
Phone 45