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```
% This calculate Pressure drop in pipeline...
% It adopt Colebroke Method to calculate friction factor in nonlaminar
condition
% using Newton Raphson Numerical Method of nonlinear algebraic
% Reference book: Introduction to Numerical Method in Chemical
Engineering
```

clc;clear;

Fluid=Air.

Fluid Properties and condition

```
T=25;
                %degree Celcius
P=1;
                %in atm
                %fluid density in kg/m2 @T=25oC and latm
rho=1.23;
meu=1.79e-5;
               %fluid viscosity in kg/m-s @T=25oC and latm
```

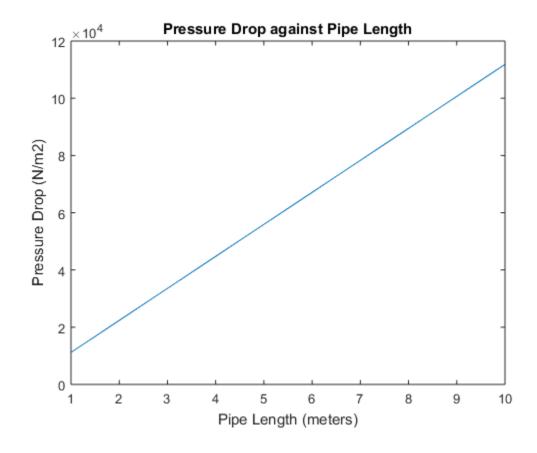
Pipe Properties

```
D=4e-3;
                   %in meter
               %in m/s
Vdash=50;
epsilon=0.0015e-3; %pipe roughness in m
% L=1;
                  %pipe length
% Calculating Raynold number
Re=(rho*Vdash*D)/meu;
if Re<=2100
    ff=64/Re;
else
                    %initial guess for frictional factor
    fterm1=(epsilon/D)/3.7;
    fterm2=2.51/Re;
    fprimet1=2*fterm2;
    ffnew=0.01;
    iter=0;
    while abs(ffnew-ff)>1e-6
        ff=ffnew;
```

Calculating Pressure Drop over a pipe length of 10m

```
L=1:1:10;
DeltaP=(ff*L*(Vdash^2)*rho)/(2*D);

plot(L,DeltaP)
xlabel('Pipe Length (meters)');
ylabel('Pressure Drop (N/m2)');
title('Pressure Drop against Pipe Length')
```



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