

# NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION NOVEMBER 2020

# LATIN SECOND ADDITIONAL LANGUAGE: PAPER II MARKING GUIDELINES

Time: 2 hours 100 marks

These marking guidelines are prepared for use by examiners and sub-examiners, all of whom are required to attend a standardisation meeting to ensure that the guidelines are consistently interpreted and applied in the marking of candidates' scripts.

The IEB will not enter into any discussions or correspondence about any marking guidelines. It is acknowledged that there may be different views about some matters of emphasis or detail in the guidelines. It is also recognised that, without the benefit of attendance at a standardisation meeting, there may be different interpretations of the application of the marking guidelines.

#### **QUESTION 1**

# hoc ipso tempore

at this very time

#### Strato ille medicus

that doctor Strato

# domi/ furtum fecit/ et caedem.

committed a crime and murder at home

#### cum esset/ in aedibus/ armarium,

because there was in the house a safe

# in quo/sciret esse

in which he knew there was

# nummorum aliquantum/ et auri,

a considerable amount of coins and gold

#### noctu/ duos servos

at night (he killed) two slaves

#### dormientes occidit

while sleeping

# et in piscinam deiecit:

and threw (them) in the fishpond

#### ipse [armarii fundum] exsecuit

he himself cut out the bottom of the safe

# et HS X et auri quinque pondo/ abstulit,

and carried away 10000 sesterces and 5 pounds of gold

# uno ex servis, [puero non grandi], conscio.

with one of the slaves, a youngish boy, as an accomplice

# furto [postridie] cognito,

when the theft was discovered the next day

# omnis suspicio/ in eos servos/ commovebatur

all suspicion was pinned on those slaves

# qui/ non inveniri/ poterant.

who could not be found.

# cum [exsectio illa fundi] [in armario] animadverteretur,

when that cutting out of the bottom was noticed in the safe

# quaerebant homines

they asked the people/ people asked

# quomodo/ fieri potuisset.

how it could have happened

. . .

# hoc initio suspicionis orto )

when the first suspicion was aroused

# et aperte accusato Stratone, )

and Strato was openly accused

# puer ille conscius/ magnopere timebat;

that cognisant boy/ [boy who was the witness] feared greatly

# rem omnem indicavit;

he disclosed the whole business;

# servi mortui/ in piscine/ inventi sunt,

the dead slaves were found in the fishpond

# Strato in vincula/ coniectus est.

Strato was thrown into prison

# atque etiam in taberna

and also in the shop

# eius nummi reperiuntur.

his coins were found.

#### **QUESTION 2**

# Caesar sperabat/ se sine pugna

Caesar was hoping that he, without a battle

#### et sine suorum vulnere

or without injury of his own men

rem conficere posse,

could finish the matter

# quod [re frumentaria] [adversarios] interclusisset.

because he had cut off his opponents from the grain supply

# rogavit enim cur

for he asked why

#### etiam secundo proelio

even in a favourable fight

# aliquos ex suis/ amitteret

he should lose some of his men

#### cur vulnerari pateretur/ milites optimi

why he would allow the best soldiers to be injured

# cur denique fortunam/ periclitaretur

why finally should he tempt fate

#### praesertim cum imperator

especially because a commander

# non minus gladio/ quam consilio

not less with the sword than with strategy

# superare posse/ deberet'.

should be able to conquer.

# movebatur etiam/ misericordia civium,

he was also moved by pity for the citizens

# quos [interficiendos esse] videbat;

whom he saw must be killed

#### militibus salvis et incoluminibus

(he preferred) for the soldiers ... unharmed and safe

# rem <u>obtinere</u>/ malebat

... to settle the business

#### hoc consilium Caesaris

this plan of Caesar

# plerisque non placebat:

was not pleasing to the most

#### milites vero palam inter se

the soldiers indeed openly among themselves

# ita loquebantur

spoke in this way

# quoniam [talis occasio victoriae] dimitteretur

because such an opportunity for a victory was being left out

etiam cum vellet Caesar,)

even when Caesar wanted

sese non pugnaturos esse.)

they would not fight.

Caesar [autem in sua sententia] perseverabat.

Caesar, however, persevered in his decision.

Total: 100 marks