# TASK 1 ASSESSMENT RUBRIC FOR CREATIVE PROCESS – PAPER 2 2021

[20 MARKS]

CR	REATIVE PROCESS [20 MARKS]	A+ 100–90	A 90–80	B 80–70	C 70–60	D 60–50	E 50–40	F 40–0
	Creativity: The pro	oduction of original ide	as that have value. C	reativity comes about	from the productive in	teraction of different d	isciplinary ways of see	eing things.
		1. BASELINE R	REQUIREMENT - FA	CTUAL KNOWLEDG	E, BASIC SKILL, API	PROPRIATE ATTITUI	DE 40%	
1.	Mastery of a Knowledge Domain: Include relevant information (on artists) and other areas of knowledge	Intelligently identifies and masters highly relevant, interesting knowledge domain(s) and relates own ideas and experience to those of discourse(s) researched.	Identifies and masters a relevant, interesting knowledge domain(s) and relates own ideas and experience to those of discourse(s) researched.	Masters a knowledge domain and relates own ideas and experience to those of discourse(s) researched.	Reasonable mastery of a knowledge domain.	Some mastery of a knowledge domain.	Limited mastery of a knowledge domain.	No mastery of knowledge domain.
2.	Mastery of a Skills Domain: Show great skill in working with your art materials and within your chosen discipline	Identifies and masters highly relevant, interesting artistic discipline/skills domain(s) and relates own ideas to those of techniques researched.	Identifies and masters a relevant, interesting skills domain(s)/artistic discipline and relates own ideas to those of techniques researched.	Masters a skills domain/artistic discipline and relates own ideas to those of techniques researched.	Reasonable mastery of a skills domain.	Some mastery of a skills domain.	Limited mastery of a skills domain.	No mastery of skill.
3.	Awareness of Conventions: Be aware that some art is more expressive/ emotional others are more conceptual while others are more perceptual. Show that you are aware of this regarding your own art	Shows insightful awareness of his/her own mode of working.	Shows awareness of his/her own mode of working.	Shows satisfactory awareness of own mode of working.	Shows reasonable awareness of own mode of working.	Shows fair awareness of own mode of working.	Shows little awareness of own mode of working.	No awareness of own mode of working.

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CR	EATIVE PROCESS	A+	A	В	С	D	E	F		
	[20 MARKS]	100–90	90–80	80–70	70–60	60–50	50–40	40–0		
4.	Document technical procedures thoroughly especially for digital work	Documents technical procedures thoroughly especially for digital work.	Documents technical procedures thoroughly especially for digital work.	Documents technical procedures thoroughly especially for digital work.	Documents technical procedures thoroughly especially for digital work.	Documents technical procedures thoroughly especially for digital work.	Documents technical procedures thoroughly especially for digital work.	Does not document technical procedures thoroughly especially for digital work. Possible plagiarism.		
5.	Time Management: Manage your time effectively	Manages time very well indeed.	Manages time very well.	Manages time well.	Manages time reasonably well.	Manages time fairly well.	Manages time poorly	Extremely poor time management		
6.	Perseverance. Do not give up	Mistakes and failures are tolerated, successfully worked through or incorporated as creative surprises.	Mistakes and failures are tolerated, worked through or incorporated.	Mistakes and failures are worked through or incorporated.	Mistakes and failures are discouraging but perhaps worked through and incorporated.	Mistakes and failures are devastating but there is some attempt to persevere.	Mistakes and failures are not remedied, becoming devastatingly depressing or inducing crippling apathy.	Work is incomplete. Evidence of total lack of commitment.		
7.	Task Intensity. Show real interest and involvement	He/she displays authentic interest and very intense involvement in the process. Evidence of work becoming mildly obsessive.	He/she displays authentic interest and intense involvement in the process.	He/she displays a pleasing level of interest and involvement in the process.	He/she displays a level of interest and involvement in the process.	He/she displays an inadequate level of interest and involvement in the process.	He/she displays a low level of interest and involvement in the process.	He/she displays little to no interest or involvement in the process.		
	2. FIRST LEVEL OF CREATIVITY – DIVERGENT THINKING 20%									
8.	Fluency: Generate many ideas around the theme rather than settling on only one	Generates very many ideas around the theme.	Generate many ideas around the theme.	Generate some ideas around the theme.	Generates two or three ideas around the theme.	Generates one or two ideas around the theme.	Generates only one idea around the theme.	No idea.		

CR	EATIVE PROCESS	A+	Α	В	С	D	E	F
	[20 MARKS]	100–90	90–80	80–70	70–60	60–50	50–40	40–0
9.	Flexibility: Experiment with various possibilities. Combine different categories of ideas, experiences, feelings and actions. For example, technical, ethical, emotional, sensory and intellectual ideas and experiences	Sees a number of interesting ways to arrange thoughts, ideas, perceptions and feelings. Generates various categories of ideas around the theme.	Sees a few interesting ways of arranging thoughts and/or perceptions and/or feelings around the theme.	Some variety in seeing different categories of ideas, feelings and perceptions around the theme.	Some flexibility but with little relation to the theme.	Some flexibility with no relation to the theme.	No flexibility in thinking. Rigid, linear thinking.	No variety of thinking categories.
10.	Elaboration: Develop selected ideas by adding relevant details	Adds abundant detailed elaboration on selected ideas.	Abundant elaboration on selected ideas.	Elaborates on ideas.	Some elaboration of ideas.	Little elaboration.	Very little elaboration.	Settles on first ideas without elaborating.
11.	Originality: Avoid cliché. Find innovative, novel and unusual ideas and actions	Finds various innovative, novel and unusual ideas and artistic techniques and actions.	Finds innovative, novel and unusual ideas and/or artistic techniques and actions.	Finds some innovative, novel and unusual ideas and/or artistic techniques and actions.	Finds few innovative, novel and unusual ideas and/or artistic techniques and actions.	Finds one innovative, novel and unusual ideas or artistic technique.	Finds one fairly novel idea or technique.	No innovation.
12.	Problem Definition: Define the creative problem(s) you personally are interested in solving, based on the given theme	Defines problems clearly in terms of own interests, own history of creative problem-solving and own intentions.	Defines problems in terms of own interests, intentions and own history of creative problem-solving.	Some problem definition.	Defines problem in very predictable clichéd terms.	Vague problem definition.	Very little definition of problem to be solved.	No problem definition.
13.	Risk-taking: deal with the unknown by taking chances, experimenting with new ideas or trying new technical challenges within your chosen discipline. Take chances in your thinking, attempt tasks for which the outcome is unknown	Deals with the unknown by taking risks, experimenting and is open to ideas and feelings. Attempts tasks with unforeseen outcomes.	Deals with the unknown by taking risks, experimenting and is open to ideas and/or feelings. Attempts tasks with unforeseen outcomes.	Deals with the unknown by taking some risks, with some experimenting and is reasonably open to ideas and/or feelings. Attempts some tasks with unforeseen outcomes.	Deals with the unknown by taking a few risks, with some experimenting and is reasonably open to ideas and/or feelings. Attempts some tasks with unforeseen outcomes.	Deals with the unknown by taking few risks, with little experimenting and is perhaps open to ideas and/or feelings. Attempts few tasks with unforeseen outcomes.	Deals with the unknown without taking risks, with very little experimenting and is not very open to ideas and/or feelings. Attempts very few tasks with unforeseen outcomes.	Deals with the unknown by relying on the already known. Is not open to new ideas and/or feelings. Attempts no tasks with unforeseen outcomes.

CR	EATIVE PROCESS [20 MARKS]	A+ 100–90	A 90–80	B 80–70	C 70–60	D 60–50	E 50–40	F 40–0
	-		3. SECOND	LEVEL OF CREATI	VITY-ORIGINALITY	20%		
14.	Curiosity: follow your hunches, question alternatives, ponder outcomes and wonder about options. "What would happen if?"	He/she follows his/her conceptual and technical hunches, questions alternatives, ponders outcomes and wonders about options.	He/she follows his/her conceptual and technical hunches, questions alternatives, ponders outcomes and wonders about options.	He/she follows some conceptual and technical hunches, questions some alternatives, ponders some outcomes and wonders about some options.	He/she follows a few conceptual and technical hunches, questions few alternatives, ponders one or two outcomes and wonders about some options.	He/she follows few conceptual and/or technical hunches, questions very few alternatives, ponders one outcome and wonders about one or two options.	He/she follows very few conceptual and/or technical hunches, questions hardly any alternatives, perhaps ponders one outcome and might wonder about one or two options.	No sense of curiosity or exploration of alternatives.
15.	Imagination: visualise possibilities, build images in your mind and through drawing; picture new objects; reach beyond the limits of what seems practical	He/she visualises possibilities, builds images in his/her mind and through beautiful drawing, he/she pictures new objects, reaches beyond the limits of what seems practical successfully bringing visions to fruition.	He/she visualises possibilities, builds images in his/her mind and through competent drawing, he/she pictures new objects, reaches beyond the limits of what seems practical.	He/she visualises possibilities, builds images in his/her mind and through competent drawing.	He/she visualises some possibilities, builds some images in his/her mind and through drawing.	He/she visualises a few possibilities, builds a few images in his/her mind and through drawing.	He/she visualises few possibilities, builds few images in his/her mind and perhaps through drawing.	Very little evidence of imagination presented.
16.	Metacognition: Having made sketches, selected your sources and expressed ideas in words, look at them, and be critical. Think about how you might change them and improve them to make them your own and make them innovative	Excellent, continual metacognitive activity regarding all aspects: sources, ideas, sketches and media experiments. Makes critical comment regarding own ideas and processes.	Pleasing metacognitive activity regarding all aspects: sources, ideas, sketches and media experiments.	Satisfactory metacognitive activity regarding most aspects: sources, ideas, sketches and media experiments.	Some metacognitive activity regarding some aspects: sources, ideas, sketches and media experiments.	Little metacognitive activity regarding sources, ideas, sketches or media experiments.	Very little metacognitive activity regarding sources, ideas, sketches and media experiments.	No metacognition.

CR	EATIVE PROCESS [20 MARKS]	A+ 100–90	A 90–80	B 80–70	C 70–60	D 60–50	E 50–40	F 40–0
17.	Originality: Look for novel connections between ideas, artworks, objects and techniques	Finds very novel connections between disparate ideas.	Finds novel connections between disparate ideas.	Finds some novel connections between disparate ideas.	Finds a few fairly novel connections between disparate ideas.	Finds few novel connections between disparate ideas.	Finds very few novel connections between disparate ideas.	Finds no novel connections between disparate ideas.
18.	Originality: When working with sources, do not simply take them at face value. Transform them and make them your own rather than simply copying them	Ideas and experiments are unusual, highly innovative, fresh and aesthetically pleasing. Transforms sources significantly, makes them unique, and uses them intelligently as a way of generating own ideas, feelings and actions.	Ideas and experiments are unusual, innovative and fresh. Transforms sources, makes them unique, and uses them intelligently as a way of generating own ideas, feelings and actions.	Ideas and experiments are unusual and innovative. Transforms sources satisfactorily, makes them unique, and uses them as a way of generating own ideas, feelings and actions.	Ideas and experiments are fairly unusual. Transforms sources reasonably, uses them as a way of generating own ideas and/or feelings and/or actions.	Ideas and experiments are tried and tested. Transforms sources to a small extent, uses them to a small extent as a way of generating own ideas and/or feelings and/or actions.	Ideas and experiments are predictable. Transforms sources to a very small extent, uses them to a limited extent as a way of generating own ideas and/or feelings and/or actions.	Copies sources with possible plagiarism.
19.	Originality: When working with sources, are you simply stealing someone else's idea, or are you being ethical and responsible and contributing something new to visual culture?	Transforms sources and/or generates original sources according to personal visual language.	Transforms sources and/or generates original sources according to personal visual language.	Transforms sources and/or generates original sources.	Some transformation of sources.	Little transformation of sources.	Very little transformation of sources.	Copies; possible plagiarism.

CR	EATIVE PROCESS [20 MARKS]	A+ 100–90	A 90–80	B 80–70	C 70–60	D 60–50	E 50–40	F 40–0
		THIRD LEV	EL OF CREATIVITY -	- PRODUCING MEAN	NINGFUL COMMUNIC	CATIVE PRODUCTS 10	0%	
20.	Personal Visual Language: Find visual equivalents for your ideas, feelings, symbols and concepts. Develop a personal style	Finds an abundance of visual equivalents for ideas, feelings, symbols and concepts. Shows abundant evidence of his/her personal style and visual language.	Finds many visual equivalents for ideas, feelings, symbols and concepts. Shows evidence of his/her personal style and visual language.	Finds visual equivalents for ideas, feelings, symbols and concepts. Shows some evidence of his/her personal style and visual language.	Finds some visual equivalents for ideas, feelings, symbols and concepts. Shows little evidence of his/her personal style and visual language.	Finds few visual equivalents for ideas, feelings, symbols and concepts. Shows very little evidence of his/her personal style and visual language.	Finds very few visual equivalents for ideas, feelings, symbols and concepts. Shows no evidence of his/her personal style and visual language.	Hardly any visual equivalents for ideas, feelings, symbols and concepts. Lacks unity completely. A formal and conceptual aberration.
21.	Complexity: Develop your visual language until it becomes elaborate and complex. Create your own structure in an unstructured setting	Develops his/her visual language until it becomes complex and multilayered. Creates structure in content and form.	Develops his/her visual language until it becomes complex. Creates structure in content and form.	Develops his/her visual language until it becomes reasonably complex. Creates structure in content and form.	Develops his/her visual language. Creates structure in content and form.	Develops his/her visual language to a limited extent. Creates some structure in content and form.	Develops his/her visual language to a very limited extent. Does not create much structure in content and/or form.	No development of a personal visual language.
22.	Meaningful Communication: The medium you choose can be very significant and meaningful. For example, Joseph Beuys chose to work with felt and copper. Explain your reasoning behind the media and materials you choose to work with	Very meaningful and careful choice and manipulation of medium. Effective, poetic, creative communication with layers of meaning.	Very meaningful choice and manipulation of medium.	Meaningful choice and manipulation of medium.	Reasonably meaningful choice and manipulation of medium.	Fairly meaningful choice and/or manipulation of medium.	Mildly meaningful choice and/or manipulation of medium.	Not very meaningful choice or manipulation of medium.

CF	REATIVE PROCESS [20 MARKS]	A+ 100–90	A 90–80	B 80–70	C 70–60	D 60–50	E 50–40	F 40–0
23.	Personal Relevance: Explain how and why your interpretation of the theme is important to you. Art is about subjectivity. Reveal your own attitudes, beliefs and feelings	Acknowledges personal relevance with insight and sensitivity.	Acknowledges personal relevance with intelligence.	Acknowledges personal relevance.	Does not acknowledge personal relevance.	Does not acknowledge personal relevance.	Does not acknowledge personal relevance.	Does not acknowledge personal relevance.
24.	Appropriate Communication: Explain how and why your interpretation is also relevant to your community and to society. Why would people want to look at or purchase your art?	Shows exceptional insight regarding relevance to the broader community with a sense of social and personal responsibility and mission.	Shows insight regarding relevance to the broader community with a sense of social and personal responsibility.	Shows insight regarding relevance to the broader community.	Shows some insight regarding relevance to the broader community.	Shows little insight regarding relevance to the broader community.	Shows very little insight regarding relevance to the broader community.	Shows no insight regarding relevance to the broader community. Perhaps irresponsible.
25.	Imagine the various messages and meanings a range of viewers might receive when viewing, experiencing and studying your art	Imagines the various messages and meanings a range of viewers might receive when viewing, experiencing and studying his/her art.	Imagines the various messages and meanings a range of viewers might receive when viewing, experiencing and studying his/her art.	Does not imagine the various messages and meanings a range of viewers might receive when viewing, experiencing and studying his/her art.	Does not imagine the various messages and meanings a range of viewers might receive when viewing, experiencing and studying his/her art.	Does not imagine the various messages and meanings a range of viewers might receive when viewing, experiencing and studying his/her art.	Does not imagine the various messages and meanings a range of viewers might receive when viewing, experiencing and studying his/her art.	Does not imagine the various messages and meanings a range of viewers might receive when viewing, experiencing and studying his/her art.

	CREATIVE PROCESS [20 MARKS]	A+ 100–90	A 90–80	B 80–70	C 70–60	D 60–50	E 50–40	F 40–0				
	FOURTH LEVEL OF CREATIVITY – CONVERGENT THINKING – ELEGANCE OF SOLUTION 10%											
2	Elegance of solution. Analysing, refining, and choosing most valuable original options	The end product is ultimately the result of striking convergent thinking. The solution is profound in its simplicity and consistency of design while communicating very effectively.	The end product is ultimately the result of striking convergent thinking. The solution shows simplicity and consistency of design.	The end product is the result of convergent thinking. The solution shows simplicity and consistency of design.	The end product is becoming the result of convergent thinking. The solution shows some simplicity and consistency of design.	The end product is not the result of convergent thinking. The solution shows little to no simplicity or consistency of design.	The end product is not the result of convergent thinking. The solution shows little to no simplicity or consistency of design.	The end product is not the result of convergent thinking. The solution shows little to no simplicity or consistency of design.				

## TASK 2 ASSESSMENT RUBRIC FOR CONTEXTUAL RESEARCH IN VISUAL JOURNAL – PAPER 2 2021

[10 MARKS]

F	RESEARCH CRITERIA	A+ 100–90	A 90–80	B 80–70	C 70–60	D 60–50	E 50–40	F 40–0
		\	Which artists and ide	eas/areas of knowle	dge do you find insp	piring?		
1.	Research a wide variety of examples	Researches a very wide variety of highly relevant examples.	Researches a wide variety of relevant examples.	Researches a variety of examples.	Researches some reasonably relevant examples.	Researches few examples.	Researches very few examples.	Researches one or two examples of artwork.
2.	Research relevant appropriate art	Choice of art for research is very relevant and appropriate.	Choice of art for research is relevant and appropriate.	Choice of art for research is satisfactorily relevant and appropriate.	Choice of art for research is reasonably relevant and appropriate.	Choice of art for research could be more relevant and appropriate.	Choice of art for research is not really relevant or appropriate.	Choice of art/areas to research is arbitrary and irrelevant.
3.	Motivate your selection of artworks in your own words. (Do not simply copy and paste information. Highlight relevant sections in any copy-pasted texts.)	Motivates and explains selection of art in his/her own words showing excellent insight.	Motivates and explains selection of art in his/her own words showing excellent insight.	Motivates and explains selection of art in his/her own words showing some insight.	Motivates and explains selection of art in his/her own words showing reasonable insight.	Motivates and/or explains selection of art in his/her own words showing some insight.	Motivates and explains selection of arts in his/her own words showing little insight.	Does not motivate or explain selection of art. OR Simply copies and presents information.
4.	Show openness to experience: Allow your research to have an effect on your own interests, interpretations, intentions and judgments	Allows his/her research to have a profound effect on his/her own interests, artistic techniques, intentions and judgments.	Allows his/her research to have an effect on his/her own interests, artistic techniques, intentions and judgments.	Allows research to have an effect on own interests and/or techniques and/or intentions and/or judgements.	Allows research to have a reasonable effect on own interests and/or techniques and/or intentions and/or judgements.	Research impacts only mildly on own interests and/or techniques and/or intentions and/or judgements.	Research barely impacts on own interests and/or techniques and/or intentions and/or judgements.	Research has little to no effect on own interests and/or techniques and/or intentions and/or judgements. Goes through the motions of research without real involvement.
5.	Relate your own work to the sources you research. Explain conceptual and/or technical links	Consistently explains interesting links between researched examples and own creative process.	Explains interesting links between researched examples and own creative process.	Explains links between researched examples and own creative process.	Explains some links between researched examples and own creative process.	Explains few links between researched examples and own creative process.	Explains very few links between researched examples and own creative process.	Does not see links between researched examples and own processes.

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R	RESEARCH CRITERIA	A+ 100–90	A 90–80	B 80–70	C 70–60	D 60–50	E 50–40	F 40–0
6.	Explore the links between your researched art and the Project Theme in your analyses and annotations	Makes original and insightful connections between research and the project theme.	Makes insightful connections between research and the project theme.	Makes connections between research and the project theme.	Makes some connections between research and the project theme.	Makes few connections between research and the project theme.	Makes barely any connections between research and the project theme.	Makes no connection between theme and research.
7.	Analyse, juxtapose, compare and evaluate your selected examples. Explain what it is that you find inspiring in the art you research	Explicitly and insightfully analyses, juxtaposes, compares and evaluates selected examples.	Shows strong evidence of insightful analysis, juxtaposition, comparison and evaluation of examples.	Analyses, compares and juxtaposes examples.	Analyses some examples with reasonable insight.	Analyses few examples with fair insight.	Analyses very few examples.	No analysis.
8.	Investigate artistic techniques, within visual culture, past and present	Investigates many highly relevant and appropriate artistic techniques.	Investigates various relevant and appropriate artistic techniques.	Investigates relevant and appropriate artistic techniques.	Investigates some relevant and/or appropriate artistic techniques.	Investigates artistic techniques.	Investigates very few and/or irrelevant artistic techniques.	Little to no investigation or acknowledgement of technique.
9.	Contextual research could go beyond researching the work of artists: It could relate to social, scientific, philosophical, spiritual issues as well as elements of your personal experiences that have influenced your work	Researches and masters very interesting, highly relevant material outside of the world of Visual Arts.	Researches interesting, relevant material outside of the world of Visual Arts.	Researches relevant material outside of the world of Visual Arts.	Researches material outside of the world of Visual Arts.	Researches little material outside of the world of Visual Arts.	Researches hardly any material outside of the world of Visual Arts.	No research of relevant material outside of the world of Visual Arts.
10.	Your research will help you to consider the viewer's response to your work	Considers viewer response with sensitivity.	Considers viewer response.	Considers viewer response.	Does not consider viewer response.	Does not consider viewer response.	Does not consider viewer response.	Does not consider viewer response.

R	RESEARCH CRITERIA	A+ 100–90	A 90–80	B 80–70	C 70–60	D 60-50	E 50–40	F 40–0
11.	Sustain research throughout the process of making your art. Research enough images and ideas to sustain your creative development	Sustains research throughout the creative process. Researches enough images and ideas to sustain his/her creative development.	Sustains research throughout the process of making his/her art. Researches enough images and ideas to sustain his/her creative development.	Sustains research throughout most of the process of making his/her art. Researches enough images and ideas to sustain his/her creative development.	Sustains research throughout some of the process of making his/her art. Researches enough images and ideas to sustain his/her creative development.	Sustains research throughout little of the process of making his/her art. Researches barely enough images and ideas to sustain his/her creative development.	Sustains research throughout very little of the process of making his/her art. Does not research enough images and ideas to sustain his/her creative development.	Very little to no research.
12.	Reference your images thoroughly. Acknowledge your sources alongside each image and/text you use	References researched images thoroughly. Acknowledges his/her sources alongside each image and/or text used.	References researched images thoroughly. Acknowledges his/her sources alongside each image and/or text used.	References researched images thoroughly. Acknowledges his/her sources alongside each image and/or text used.	References researched images. Acknowledges his/her sources.	Incomplete referencing of researched images. Acknowledges few sources.	Very little referencing of researched images. Acknowledges very few sources.	No referencing.

#### TASK 3 ASSESSMENT RUBRIC FOR ARTWORK – PAPER 2 2021

# [35 MARKS]

A	ARTWORK CRITERIA	A+ 100–90	A 90–80	B 80–70	C 70–60	D 60–50	E 50–40	F 40–0
1	A meaningful, beautiful, ι	unified synthesis of:	-	_	nand; and your techr	-	on the other. That is	a synthesis of
1.	Show great skill in working with your art materials	Very skilful manipulation of chosen medium.	Skilful manipulation of chosen medium.	Satisfactory manipulation of chosen medium.	Reasonable manipulation of chosen medium.	Fair manipulation of chosen medium.	Mildly skilful manipulation of chosen medium.	Very little skill.
2.	When you present and display your art, be professional about it. Think about all the ways presentation could be altered or improved to enhance your intended communication with the viewers	Presentation is very professional and/or very effectively enhances intentions and visual communication.	Presentation is professional and/or enhances intentions and visual communication.	Presentation is satisfactorily professional and/or enhances intentions and visual communication satisfactorily.	Presentation is not very professional and/or does not really enhance intentions and visual communication. Insufficient consideration of the environment in which the work is shown.	Presentation is not professional and does not enhance intentions and visual communication. Insufficient consideration of the environment in which the work is shown.	Presentation is unprofessional in various ways. Little to no consideration of the environment in which the work is shown.	Presentation is slapdash. Definitely no consideration of the environment in which the work is shown.
3.	Show that you understand how to create a successful, effective composition using design elements and principles	Creates a profoundly successful, effective and deeply meaningful composition using design elements and principles.	Creates a successful, effective and meaningful composition using design elements and principles.	Creates a satisfactorily successful, meaningful composition using design elements and principles.	Creates a reasonably successful, meaningful composition using design elements and principles.	Creates a fairly successful, meaningful composition using design elements and principles.	Creates a mildly successful, meaningful composition perhaps using design elements and principles.	Unsuccessful.
4.	Transform your sources. Make them unique. Use them intelligently as a way of generating your own ideas, feelings and actions	Transforms sources significantly, makes them unique, and uses them intelligently as a way of generating own ideas, feelings and actions.	Transforms sources, makes them unique, and uses them intelligently as a way of generating own ideas, feelings and actions.	Transforms sources satisfactorily, makes them unique, and uses them as a way of generating own ideas, feelings and actions.	Transforms sources reasonably, uses them as a way of generating own ideas and/or feelings and/or actions.	Transforms sources to a small extent, uses them to a small extent as a way of generating own ideas and/or feelings and/or actions.	Transforms sources to a very small extent, uses them to a limited extent as a way of generating own ideas and/or feelings and/or actions.	Copies sources.

4	ARTWORK CRITERIA	A+ 100–90	A 90–80	B 80–70	C 70–60	D 60–50	E 50–40	F 40–0
5.	Be aware that some artworks are more expressive/emotional others are more conceptual while others are more perceptual. Show that you are aware of this in your rationale	Shows profound awareness of own mode of working.	Shows awareness of own mode of working.	Shows satisfactory awareness of own mode of working.	Shows possible awareness of own mode of working.	Shows little awareness of own mode of working.	Shows very little awareness of own mode of working.	Shows no awareness of own mode of working.
6.	The way you work with your materials and medium must be suitable to, and enhance your concept. The medium you choose communicates meaning. Consider your choice of medium carefully	Very meaningful and careful choice and manipulation of medium.	Meaningful choice and manipulation of medium.	Satisfactorily meaningful choice and manipulation of medium.	Reasonably meaningful choice and manipulation of medium.	Fairly meaningful choice and/or manipulation of medium.	Mildly meaningful choice and/or manipulation of medium.	Not very meaningful choice or manipulation of medium.
7.	Make sure your artwork "speaks". What is your artwork saying to viewers? Is it saying what you intended it to say?	The artwork communicates very effectively in terms of affect, concept and representation.	The artwork communicates effectively in terms of affect, concept and representation.	The artwork communicates satisfactorily in terms of affect, concept and representation.	The artwork communicates reasonably effectively in terms of affect, concept and representation.	The artwork communicates fairly effectively in terms of affect, concept and representation.	The artwork communicates mildly in terms of affect, concept and representation.	The artwork does not really communicate effectively in terms of affect, concept and representation.
8.	An artwork has the power to speak on many levels. Does your piece say something simple, basic and childish, or does it communicate in subtle, mature, complex ways?	The artwork contains many layers of meaning, communicating poetically on a number of levels.	The artwork contains layers of meaning, communicating on a number of levels.	The artwork contains some layers of meaning, communicating on a number of levels.	The artwork contains few layers of meaning, communicating on a limited number of levels.	The artwork contains very few layers of meaning, communicating on one or two levels only.	The artwork contains no layers of meaning, communicating only on one level.	The artwork is meaningless.
9.	Your Artwork is your personal way of speaking. Your art must speak the visual language you invent or use for it	The artwork shows abundant evidence of his/her personal style and visual language.	The artwork shows evidence of his/her personal style and visual language.	The artwork shows some evidence of his/her personal style and visual language.	The artwork shows little evidence of his/her personal style and visual language.	The artwork shows very little evidence of his/her personal style and visual language.	The artwork shows no evidence of his/her personal style and visual language.	The artwork lacks unity completely. A formal and conceptual aberration.

-	ARTWORK CRITERIA	A+ 100–90	A 90–80	B 80–70	C 70–60	D 60–50	E 50–40	F 40–0
10.	Give your artwork a title as a clue to viewers about the meaning of your work and your intentions	Title is very interesting, creative, appropriate, intelligently constructed and very thought-provoking.	Title is interesting, appropriate, intelligently constructed and thought-provoking.	Title is interesting and appropriate.	The title is interesting.	The title is not very interesting.	The title is odd.	The title is inappropriate and/or silly. No title.
11.	Show evidence of 6 to 8 weeks work.	Shows evidence of <b>6 to 8 weeks</b> of work.	Shows evidence of 5 to 6 weeks of work.	Shows evidence of 4 to 5 weeks of work.	Shows evidence of 3–4 weeks of work. Clear evidence of rushing and unfortunate compromises.	Shows evidence of 2 to 3 weeks of work. Insufficient quality of work.	Shows evidence of 1 to 2 weeks of work. Possibly incomplete.	Shows evidence of a few days of work. Incomplete.
12.	Present a concise rationale (200 words max.) that explains the concept behind your artwork and your intentions	The rationale is concise and explains his/her intentions and concepts succinctly.	The rationale is concise and explains his/her intentions and concepts.	The rationale is concise and explains his/her intentions and concepts fairly well.	The rationale explains his/her intentions and concepts reasonably well.	The rationale is not concise and does not really explain intentions and/or concepts.	The rationale is tiresome, predictable and/or trite.	The rationale is barely comprehensible and/or silly.

### TASK 4 ASSESSMENT RUBRIC FOR EXAMINATION DRAWING ASSESSMENT – PAPER 2 2021

[35 MARKS]

DR	RAWING CRITERIA	A+ 100–90	A 90–80	B 80–70	C 70–60	D 60–50	E 50–40	F 40–0			
	MARK-MAKING on a surface using an appropriate medium; usually but not necessarily, emphasising line over other elements.										
1.	Show evidence of sustained engagement over the examination timeframe	Shows evidence of meaningful and committed engagement over the examination timeframe	Shows evidence of committed engagement over the examination timeframe	Shows evidence of engagement over the examination timeframe	Clear evidence of rushing and unfortunate compromises.	Possibly incomplete or unresolved.	Possibly incomplete or awkwardly	Possibly incomplete.			
2.	Show that you understand how to create a successful, effective composition using design elements and principles	Creates a profoundly successful, effective and deeply meaningful composition using design elements and principles.	Creates a successful, effective and meaningful composition using design elements and principles.	Creates a satisfactorily successful, meaningful composition using design elements and principles.	Creates a reasonably successful, meaningful composition using design elements and principles.	Creates a fairly successful, meaningful composition using design elements and principles. Insufficient evidence of grasp of the role of composition in art making.	Creates a mildly successful, meaningful composition perhaps using design elements and principles. Poor compositional decisions begin to undermine effectiveness of work.	Unsuccessful composition.			
3.	The medium you choose can be very significant and meaningful. For example, Joseph Beuys chose to work with felt and copper! Explain your reasoning behind the media and materials you choose to work with	Choice of medium significantly contributes to layers of meaning.	Choice of medium contributes to meaning.	Choice of medium appropriate.	Choice of medium fairly arbitrary.	Choice of medium arbitrary.	Choice of medium not appropriate.	Choice of medium completely inappropriate.			

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DR	AWING CRITERIA	A+	Α	В	С	D	E	F
	TATING OTTO ETTER	100–90	90–80	80–70	70–60	60–50	50–40	40–0
4.	Show awareness of <b>conceptual links</b> between: your examination drawing, the theme and your Artwork	Shows profound awareness of conceptual links between their examination drawing, the project theme and his/her Artwork.	Shows good awareness of conceptual links between their examination drawing, the theme and their Artwork.	Shows awareness of conceptual links between their examination drawing, the theme and their Artwork.	Shows reasonable awareness of conceptual links between their examination drawing, the theme and their Artwork.	Shows a fair amount of awareness of conceptual links between his/her examination drawing, the theme and his/her Artwork. Concept of examination drawing possibly insufficiently linked to Artwork.	Shows some awareness of conceptual links between his/her drawing, the theme and his/her Artwork. Concept of examination drawing showing little or no clear link to Artwork.	Shows no awareness of conceptual links between their examination drawing, the theme and their Artwork.
5.	Your <b>sources</b> must be original, transformed and acknowledged	Sources are profoundly original, entirely transformed and thoroughly acknowledged.	Sources are original, transformed and acknowledged.	Sources are satisfactorily original, satisfactorily transformed and acknowledged. Possibly some sophistication in choices and combinations of sources.	Sources are reasonably original, reasonably transformed and reasonably acknowledged.	Sources are fairly original, fairly transformed and fairly acknowledged.	Sources are mildly original, somewhat transformed and somewhat acknowledged.	Sources are not original, not transformed and not acknowledged.
6.	Attempt something difficult. Challenge yourself	They attempt something profoundly difficult. Challenges themselves profoundly.	They attempt something difficult. Challenges themselves.	They attempt something satisfactorily difficult. Challenges themselves satisfactorily.	They attempt something reasonably difficult. Challenges themselves reasonably.	They attempt something fairly difficult. Challenges themselves fairly.	They attempt something mildly difficult. Challenges themselves mildly.	They do not attempt something difficult. They do not challenge themselves.
7.	Be innovative. This applies to your thinking and the way you choose and use your materials	They are profoundly innovative. This applies to their thinking and the way they choose and use materials.	They are innovative. This applies to their thinking and the way they choose and use materials.	They are satisfactorily innovative. This applies to their thinking and the way they choose and use materials.	They are reasonably innovative. This applies to their thinking and the way they choose and use materials.	They are fairly innovative. This applies to their thinking and the way they choose and use materials.	They are mildly innovative. This applies to their thinking and the way they choose and use materials.	They are not really that innovative. This applies to their thinking and the way they choose and use materials.

		A+	Α	В	С	D	Е	F
DR	AWING CRITERIA	100–90	90–80	80–70	70–60	60–50	50-40	40–0
8.	For an exploratory process examination drawing series, your series of drawings must be meaningful artworks in their own right and not be a random set of drawings done without purpose	Exploratory Process drawing series are elegant, resolved and read as meaningful artworks in their own right.	Exploratory Process drawing series are resolved and read as meaningful artworks in their own right.	Exploratory Process drawing series read as satisfactory artworks in their own right.	Exploratory Process drawing series read as reasonable artworks in their own right.	Exploratory Process drawing series read as somewhat reasonable artworks in their own right.	Exploratory Process drawing series read as not fully convincing as artworks in their own right.	Exploratory Process drawing series are unresolved and unconvincing as artworks in their own right. They read as random drawings done without purpose.
9.	For end product examination drawing, your drawing will be a larger, more fully resolved drawing showing the interesting content you have developed. It may be a diptych, triptych or poliptych	End product drawing complements and the Artwork in both form and content.	End product drawing complements the Artwork in form and content.	End product drawing complements the Artwork in form and content, satisfactorily.	End product drawing complements the Artwork in form and content, reasonably well.	End product drawing complements the Artwork in form and/or content, somewhat.	End product drawing complements the Artwork in form and/or content, tenuously.	End product drawing does not complement the Artwork in both/either form and/or content.
10	Demonstrate great skill in your use of medium whether pencil, charcoal, pastel, watercolour or non-traditional drawing medium	Demonstrates profound skill in his/her use of medium whether pencil, charcoal, pastel, watercolour or non-traditional drawing medium.	Demonstrates great skill in his/her use of medium whether pencil, charcoal, pastel, watercolour or non-traditional drawing medium.	Demonstrates satisfactory skill in his/her use of medium whether pencil, charcoal, pastel, watercolour or non-traditional drawing medium.	Demonstrates reasonable skill in his/her use of medium whether pencil, charcoal, pastel, watercolour or non-traditional drawing medium.	Demonstrates some skill in his/her use of medium whether pencil, charcoal, pastel, watercolour or non-traditional drawing medium.	Demonstrates little skill in his/her use of medium whether pencil, charcoal, pastel, watercolour or non-traditional drawing medium.	Demonstrates no skill in his/her use of medium whether pencil, charcoal, pastel, watercolour or non-traditional drawing medium.
11.	Show that you have your own individual way of working, i.e. you have developed your own language of drawing	Shows that they have their own individual, innovative and unique way of working, i.e. they have developed their own innovative language of drawing.	Shows that they have their own individual way of working, i.e. they have developed their own language of drawing.	Satisfactorily shows that they have their individual way of working, i.e. they have developed their own language of drawing.	Reasonably shows that they have their own individual way of working, i.e. they have developed their own language of drawing reasonably well.	Somewhat shows that they have their own individual way of working, i.e. they have developed their own language of drawing, somewhat.	Mildly shows that they have their own individual way of working, i.e. they have developed their own language of drawing, mildly.	Does not show that they have their own individual way of working, i.e. they have not developed their own language of drawing.

DR	AWING CRITERIA	A+ 100–90	A 90–80	B 80–70	C 70–60	D 60–50	E 50–40	F 40–0
12.	Your drawing must communicate your ideas and feelings. Use your materials, techniques and design principles to communicate with the viewer	Drawing communicates ideas and feelings very well with richness and complexity.	Drawing communicates intended ideas and feelings well.	Drawing communicates intended ideas and feelings.	Drawing communicates intended ideas and/or feelings reasonably clearly.	Drawing communicates some intended ideas and feelings with other inadvertent content.	Little communication or ideas/feelings communicated in a banal/clichéd way.	Poor visual communication. Clichéd. Banal. Trite.
13.	Give your examination drawing a title as a clue to viewers about the meaning of your work and your intentions	Title is very interesting, creative, appropriate, intelligently constructed and very thought-provoking.	Title is interesting, appropriate, intelligently constructed and thought-provoking.	Title is interesting and appropriate.	The title is interesting.	The title is not very interesting.	The title is odd.	The title is inappropriate and/or silly. No title.
14.	Present a concise rationale (200 words max.) that explains the concept behind your drawing and your intentions	The rationale is concise and explains his/her intentions and concepts succinctly.	The rationale is concise and explains his/her intentions and concepts.	The rationale is concise and explains his/her intentions and concepts fairly well.	The rationale explains his/her intentions and concepts reasonably well.	The rationale is not concise and does not really explain intentions and/or concepts.	The rationale is tiresome, predictable and/or trite.	The rationale is barely comprehensible and/or silly.