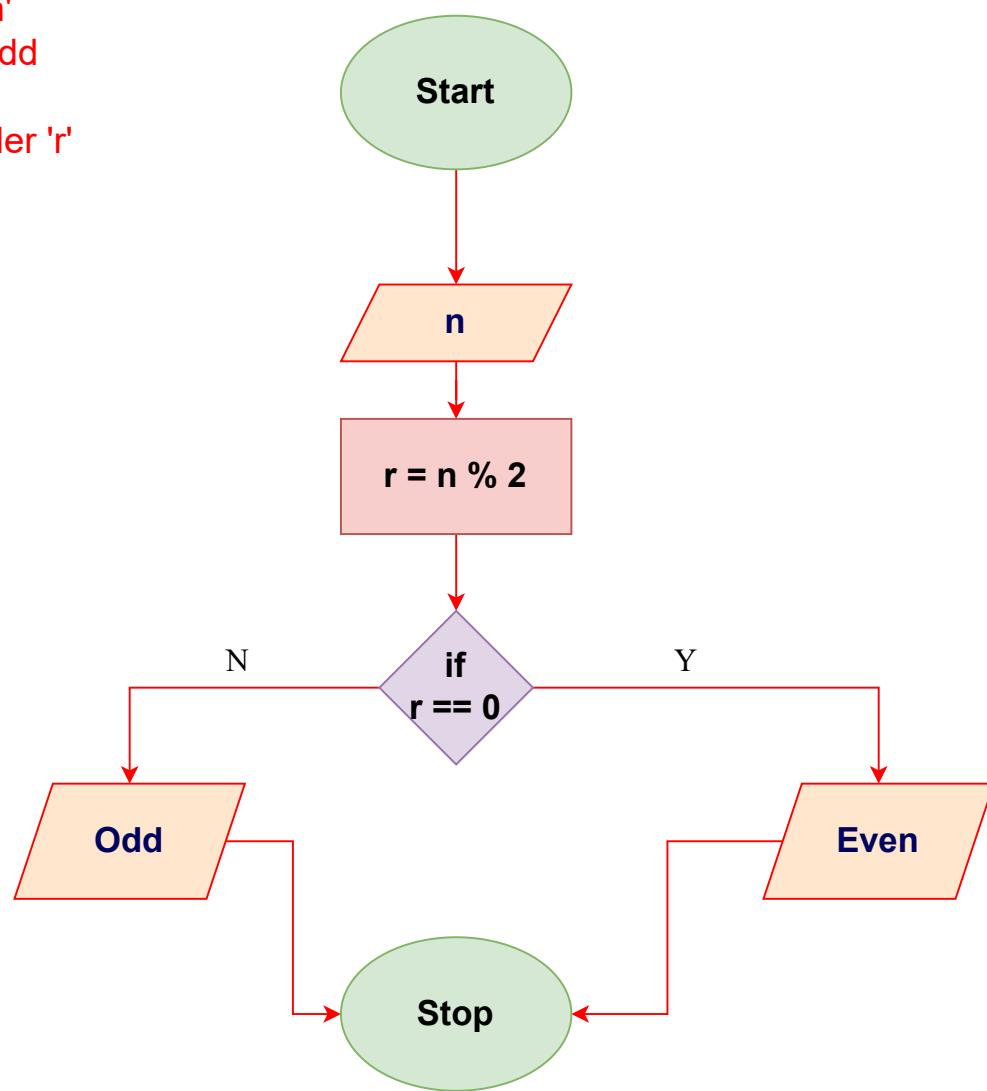


#1

input: number 'n'

output: Even, Odd

process: reminder 'r'



Algo:

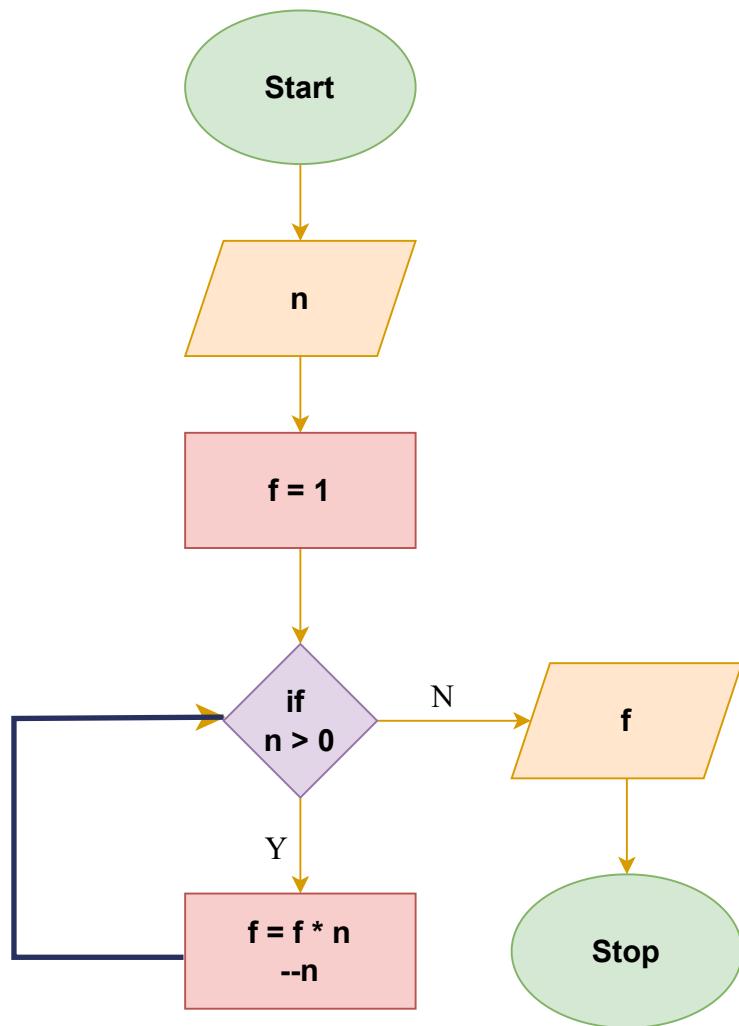
1. Enter a number n
2. perform mod operation and find remainder r
3. if $r == 0$ it is an Even number
if $r != 0$, it is an Odd number

#2

input:- number 'n'

output:- factorial 'f'

process:- loop(for-loop)



Algo:

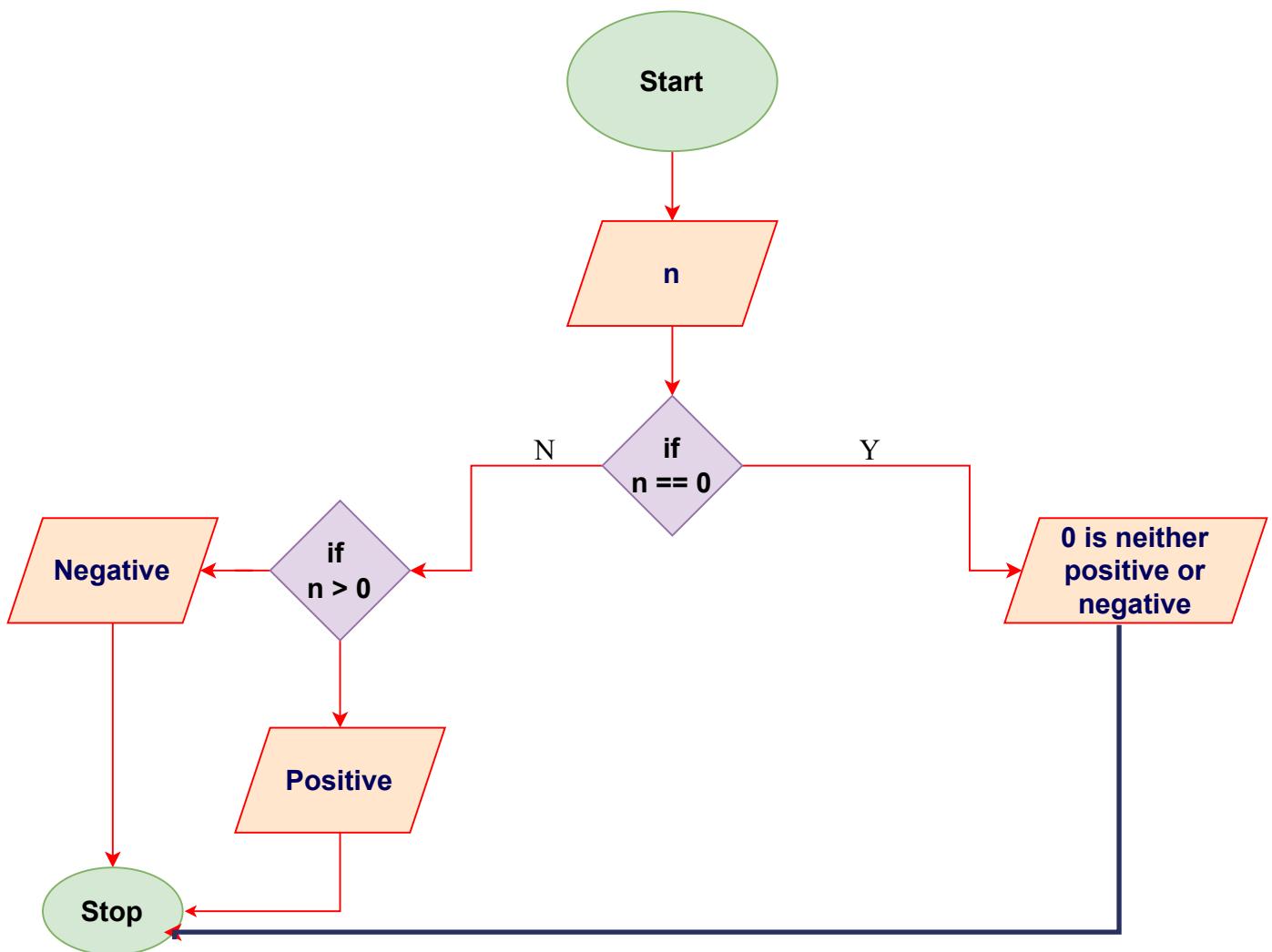
1. Enter a number n whose factorial is required
2. Set a variable f = 1.
3. Check if n>0.
 - 3a. if True - perform operation f=f*n
decrement n - --n.
 - 3b. if False - print factorial f.
4. Repeat Step 3. until n>0 false.

#5

input:- number 'n'

output:- Positive, Negative,

Neither positive nor Negative



Algo:

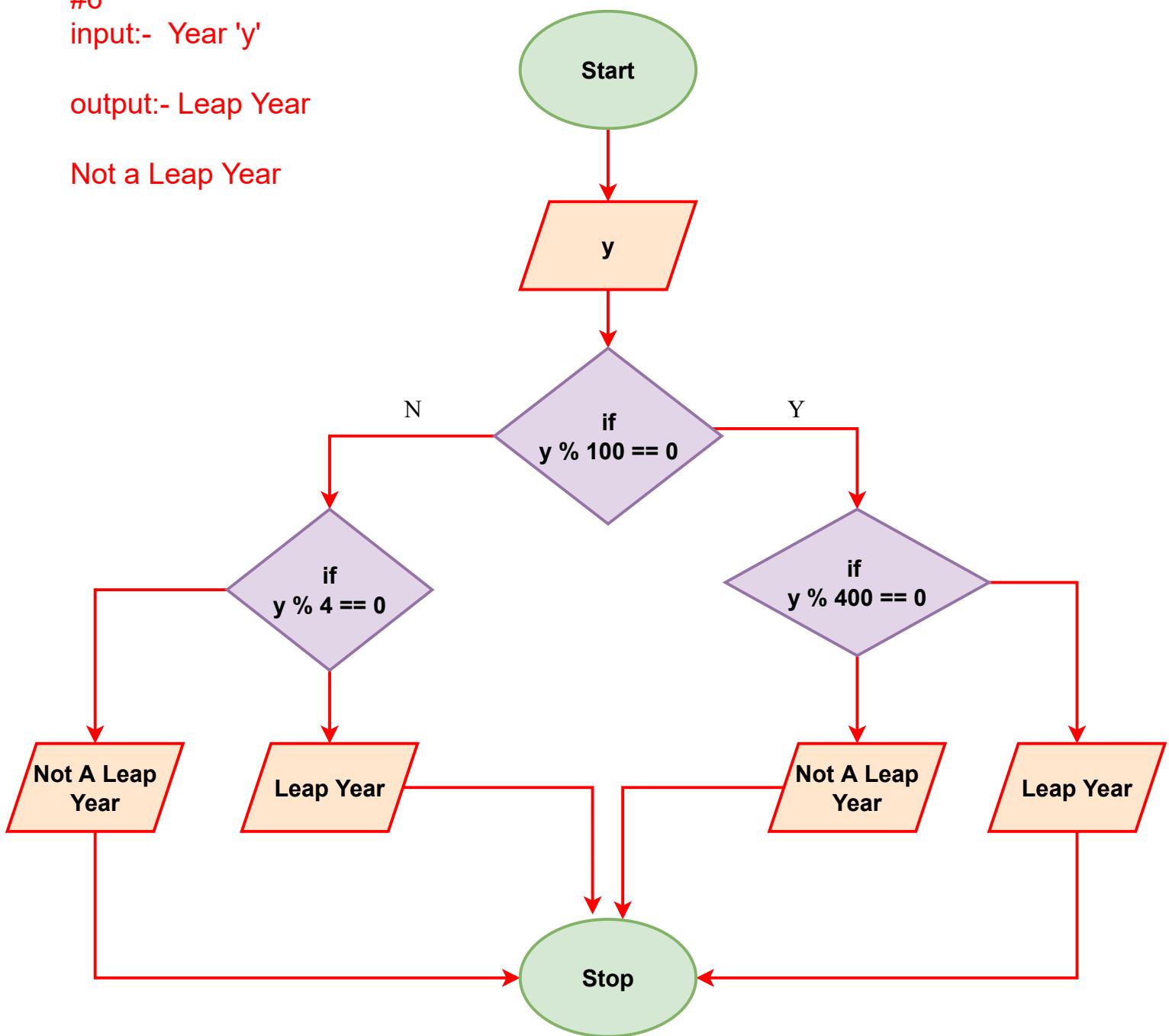
1. Enter a number n to check.
2. First check for 0. Apply condition $n == 0$.
 - 2a. If $n == 0$ i.e (True)- number is neither negative nor positive
 - 2b. If $n \neq 0$ i.e (False)- check for next condition
 - 2b.1. Apply condition $n > 0$
 - 2b.1a. If condition true - Number is Positive number
 - 2b.1b. If condition false - Number is Negative number

#6

input:- Year 'y'

output:- Leap Year

Not a Leap Year

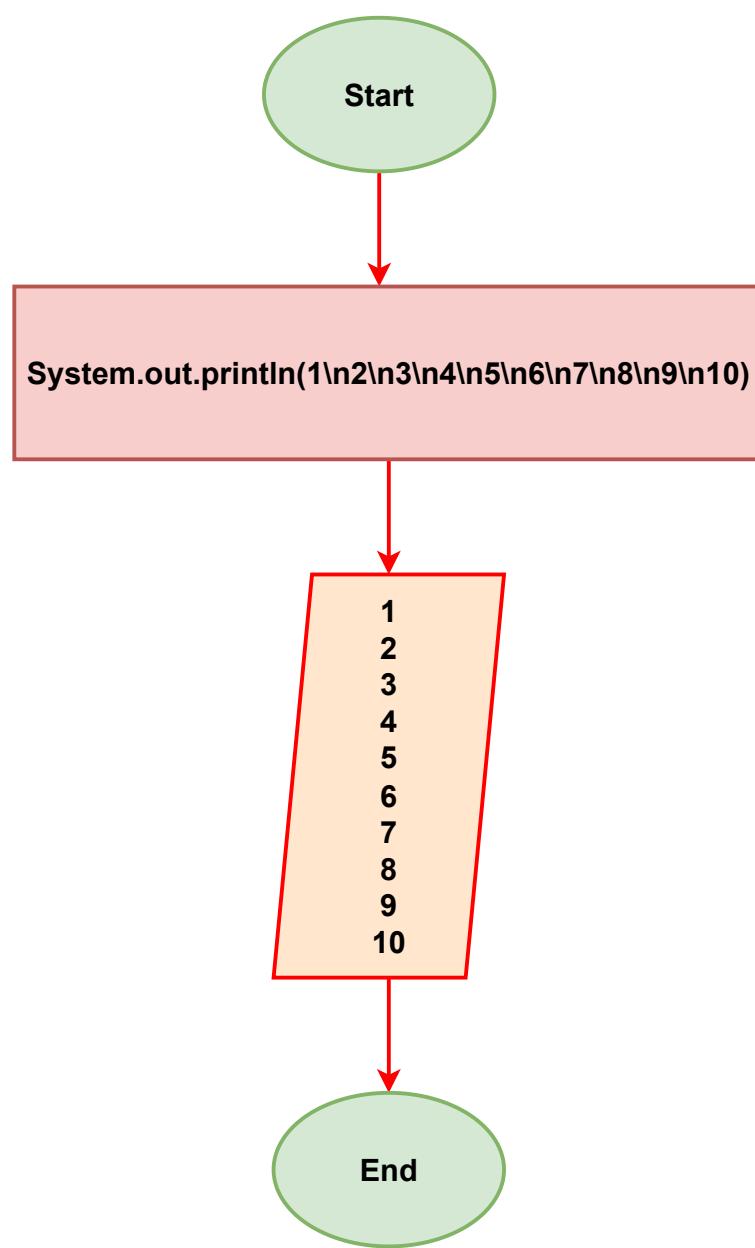


Algo:

1. Enter a Year y to check leap year.
2. First check century year. Apply condition $y \% 100 == 0$.
 - 2a. If condition is true - Check Century Leap year. Apply condition $y \% 400 == 0$.
 - 2a1. If condition is true - Century year is a Leap Year.
 - 2a2. If condition is false - Century year is not a Leap Year.
 - 2b. If Step 2. condition is false - Check for Normal Leap year. Apply condition $y \% 4 == 0$.
 - 2b1. If condition is true. Year is a Leap Year.
 - 2b2. If condition is false. Year is a Normal Year.

#7

output: 1 to 10



Algo:

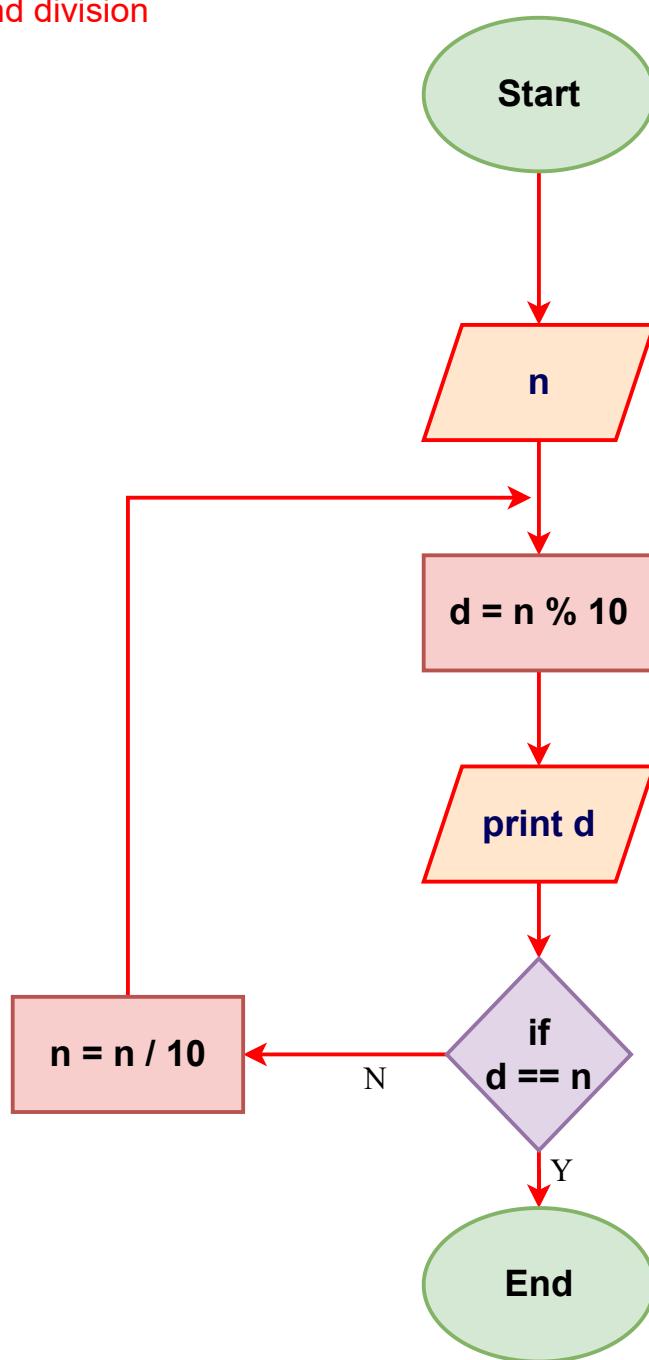
1. Print - `System.out.println(1\n2\n3\n4\n5\n6\n7\n8\n9\n10);`
2. This will print 1-10.

#8

input: number 'n'

output: digits 'd'

process: reminder and division



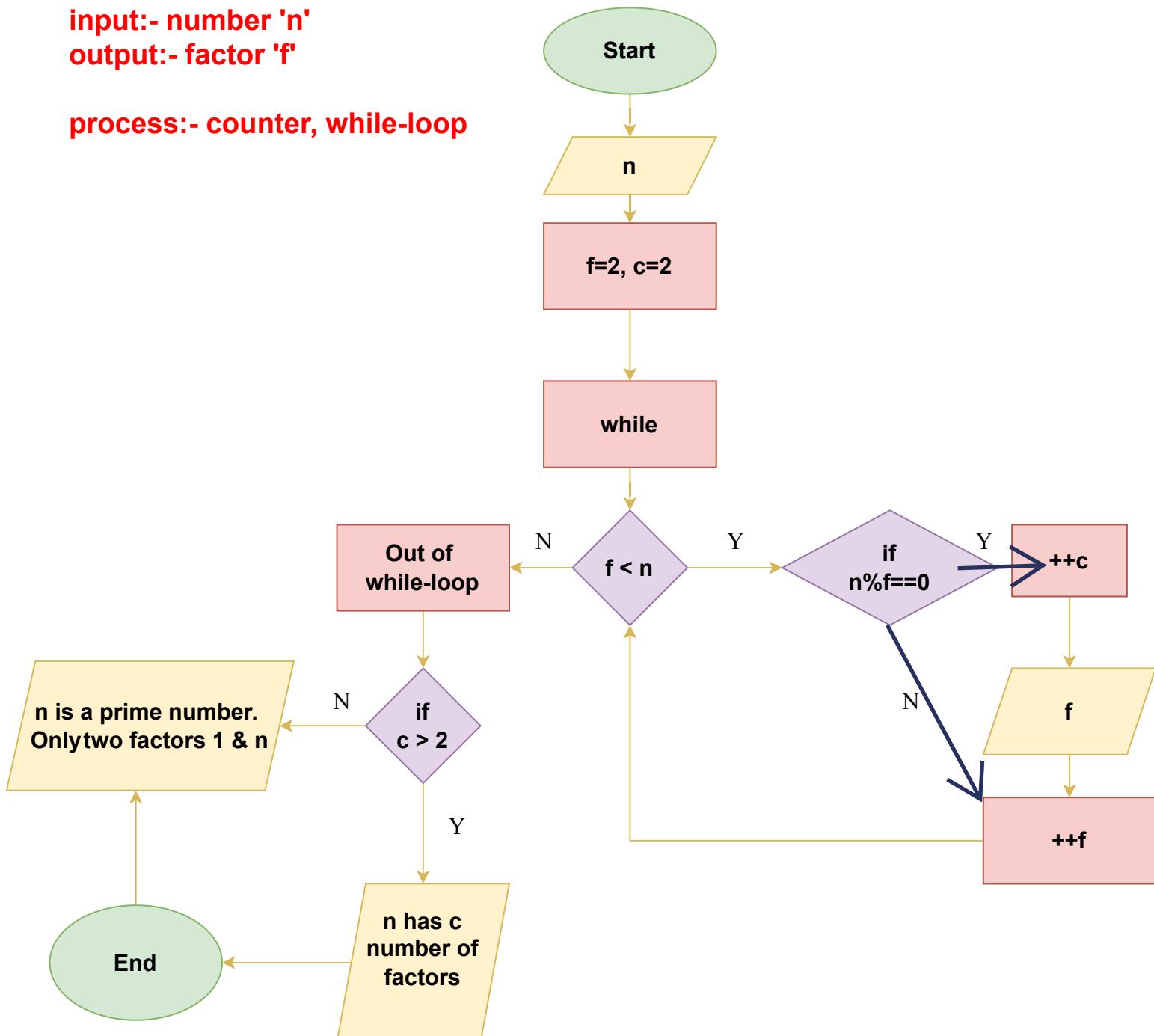
Algo:

1. enter a number n
2. Get unit digit from it. Apply operation $n \% 10$ and get remainder 'd'.
3. Print unit digit.
4. Now Apply $n / 10$ and separate unit digit from it. This operation will convert the number in number with one digit less.
5. Repeat step 2-4 until d == n.
6. When above condition satisfies. break the loop to end program.

#9

input:- number 'n'
output:- factor 'f'

process:- counter, while-loop



Algo:

1. Enter an number n to find factors.
2. Set two variables, factor f=2, counter c=2. To find factor from 2 onwards and count number of factors respectively.
3. Create a while loop with condition f<n. To check factors till one less than provided number.
- 3a. If condition true enter while loop. And start performing mod operation on number with successive numbers from 2 to n-1. Apply $n \% f == 0$.
 - 3a1. if condition true- increase the counter and increment the value of f. Print factor 'f'.
 - 3a2. if condition fails- just increment value of f.
- 3b. Perform step 3 to above untill loop breaks.
4. when condition at 3a. fails loop get closed.
- 4a. if $c == 2$ i.e n is a prime number.
- 4b. if $c > 2$ i.e n is not a prime number. display number of factors.

#10

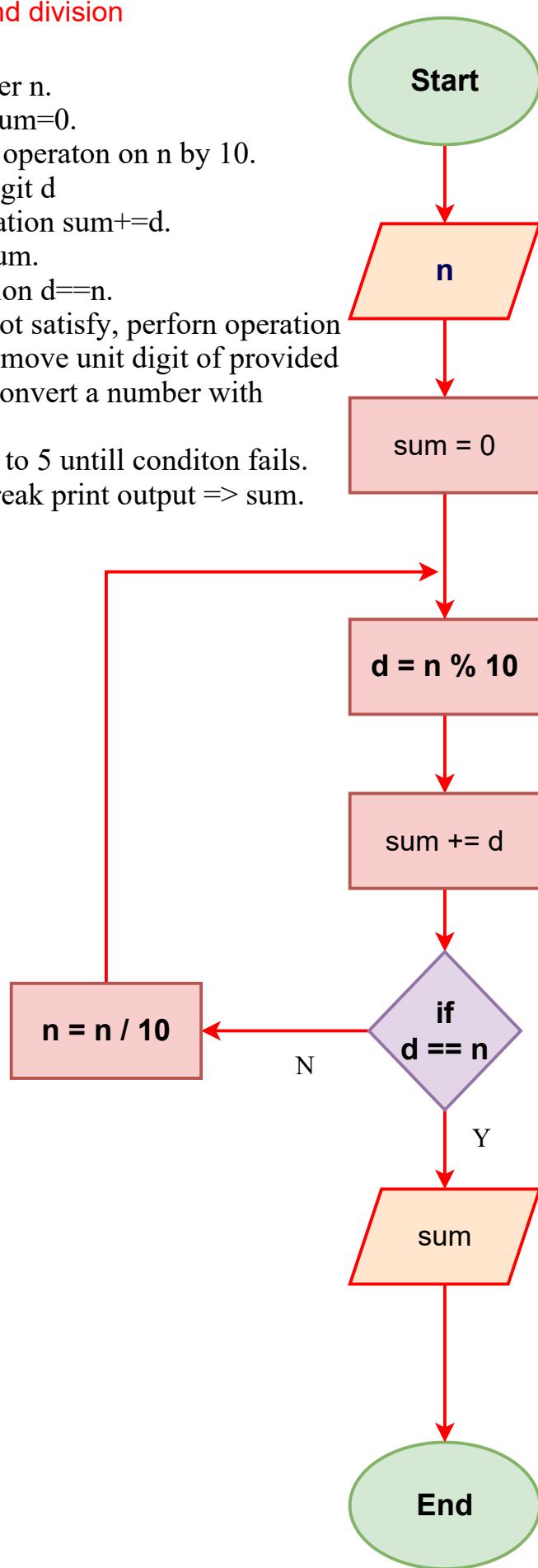
input: number 'n'

output: sum of digits 'sum'

process: reminder and division

Algo:

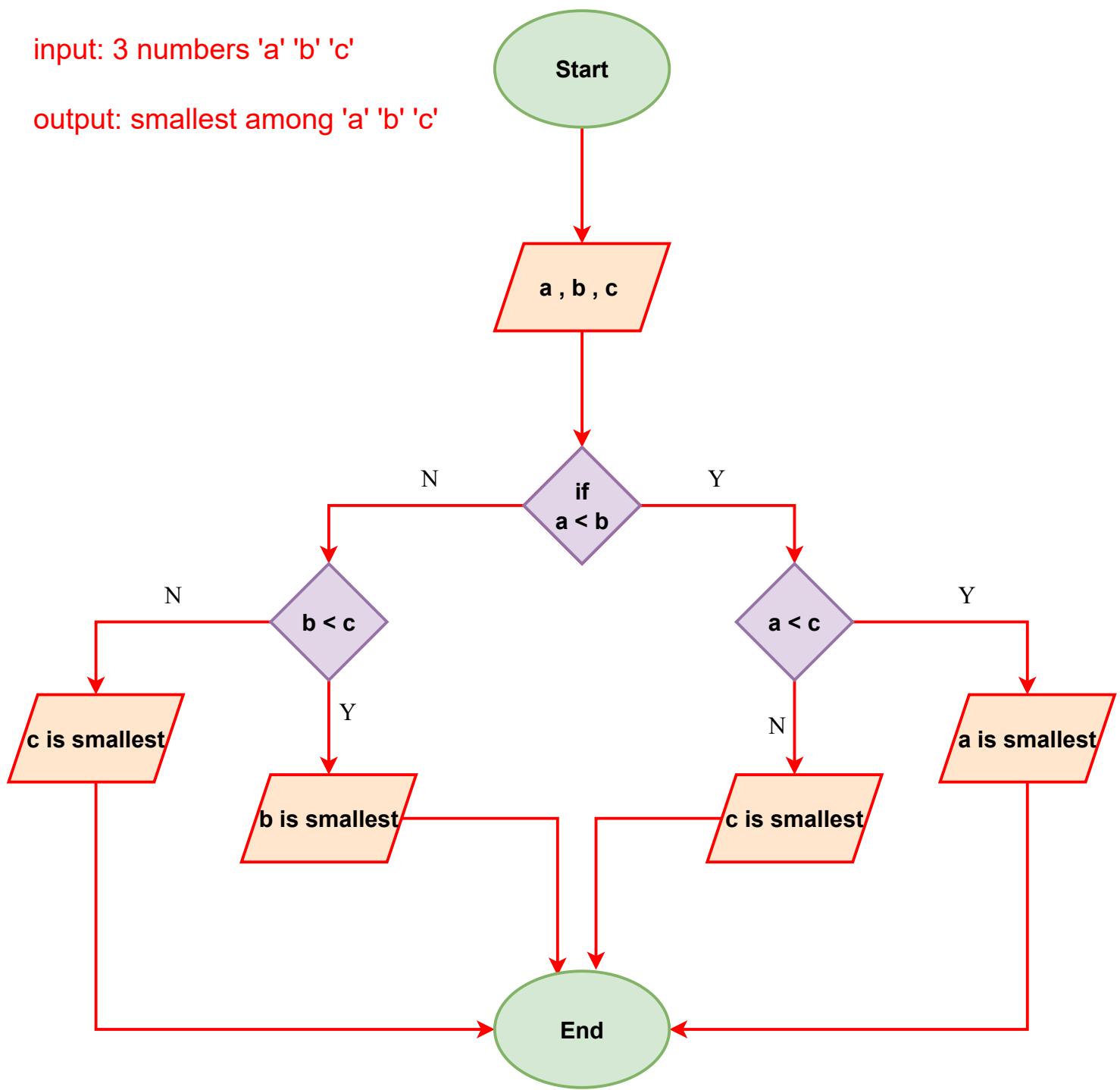
1. Enter a number n.
2. Set variable sum=0.
3. Perform mod operaton on n by 10.
to find unit digit d
4. perform operation sum+=d.
to calculate sum.
5. Apply condition d==n.
6. If condition not satisfy, perform operation
 $n=n/10$. To remove unit digit of provided
number and convert a number with
one digit less.
7. Repeat step 3 to 5 untill conditon fails.
8. When loop break print output => sum.



#11

input: 3 numbers 'a' 'b' 'c'

output: smallest among 'a' 'b' 'c'



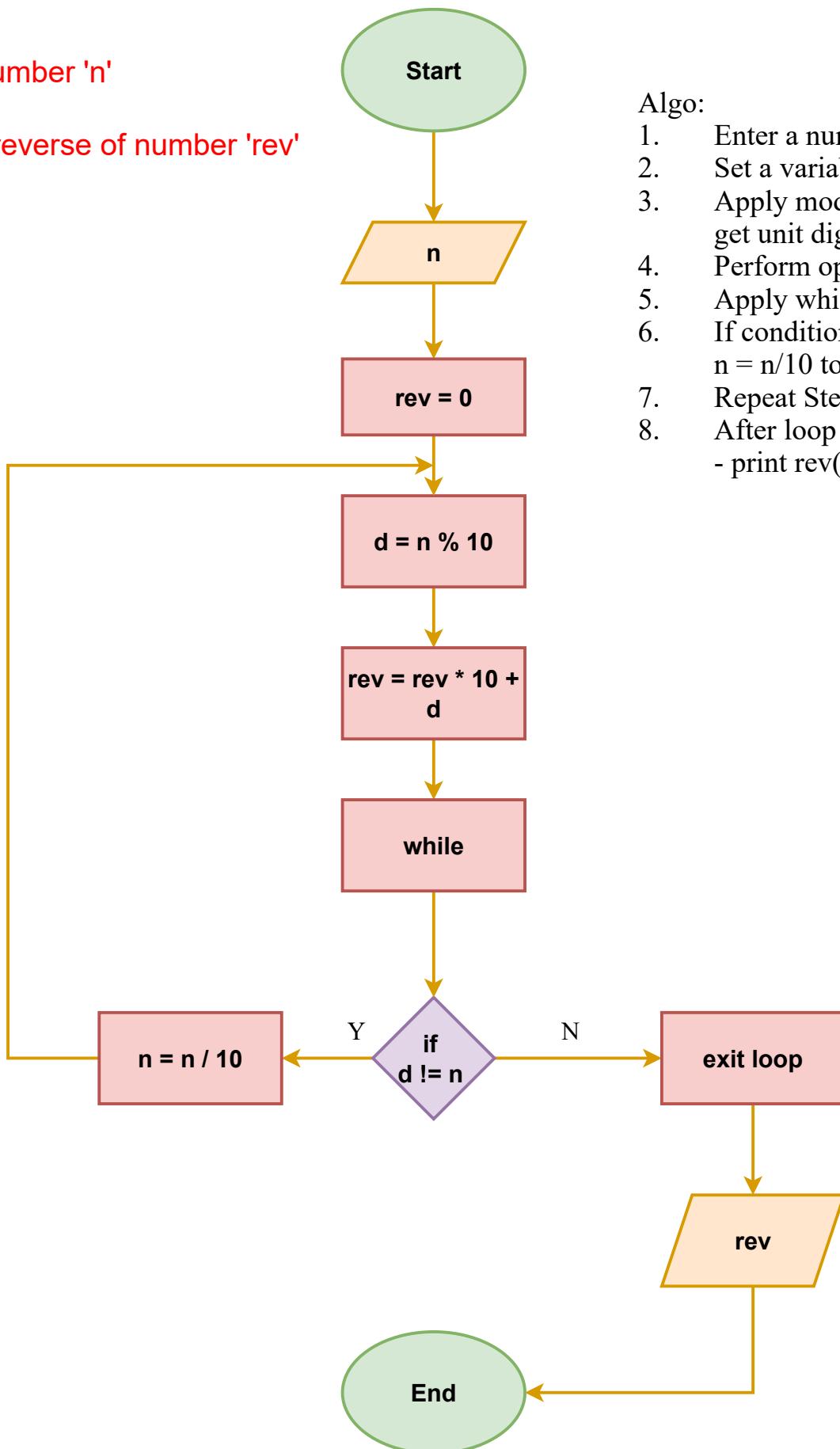
Algo:

1. Enter three numbers. a,b,c
2. compare a&b. Apply condition- a<b
- 2a. If a is smaller than b - compare a&c.
 - 2a1. If a is smaller than c- a is smallest number.
 - 2a2. else c is smallest.
3. if a>b, compare b&c.
 - 3a. if b<c, b is smallest
 - 3b. else c is smallest.

#13

input: number 'n'

output: reverse of number 'rev'



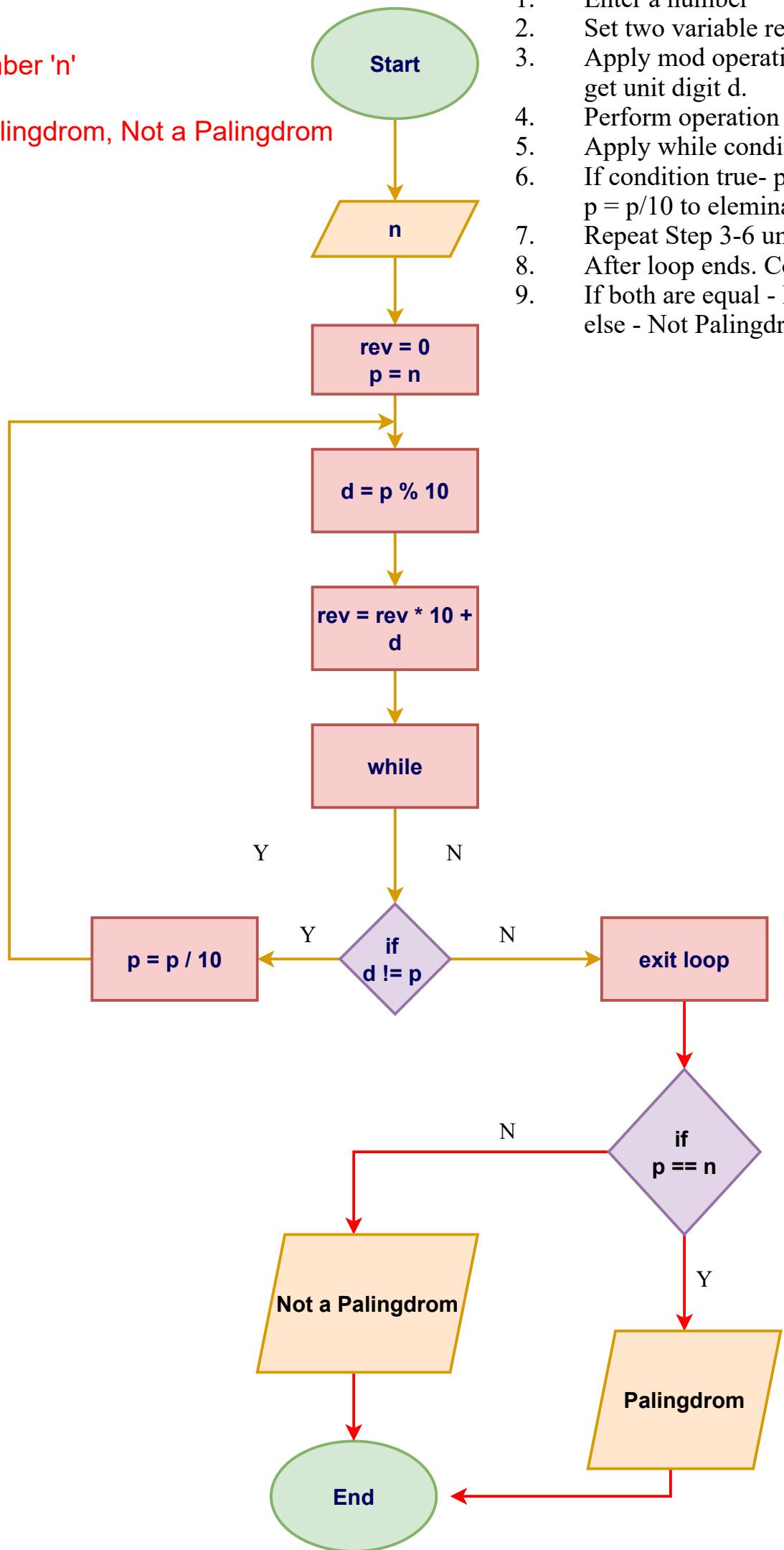
Algo:

1. Enter a number
2. Set a variable rev=0
3. Apply mod operation on n to get unit digit d.
4. Perform operation rev=rev*10+d
5. Apply while condition- d!=n.
6. If condition true- perform:
n = n/10 to eliminate unit digit.
7. Repeat Step 3-6 until while fails.
8. After loop ends
- print rev(result).

#17

input: number 'n'

output: Palingdrom, Not a Palingdrom



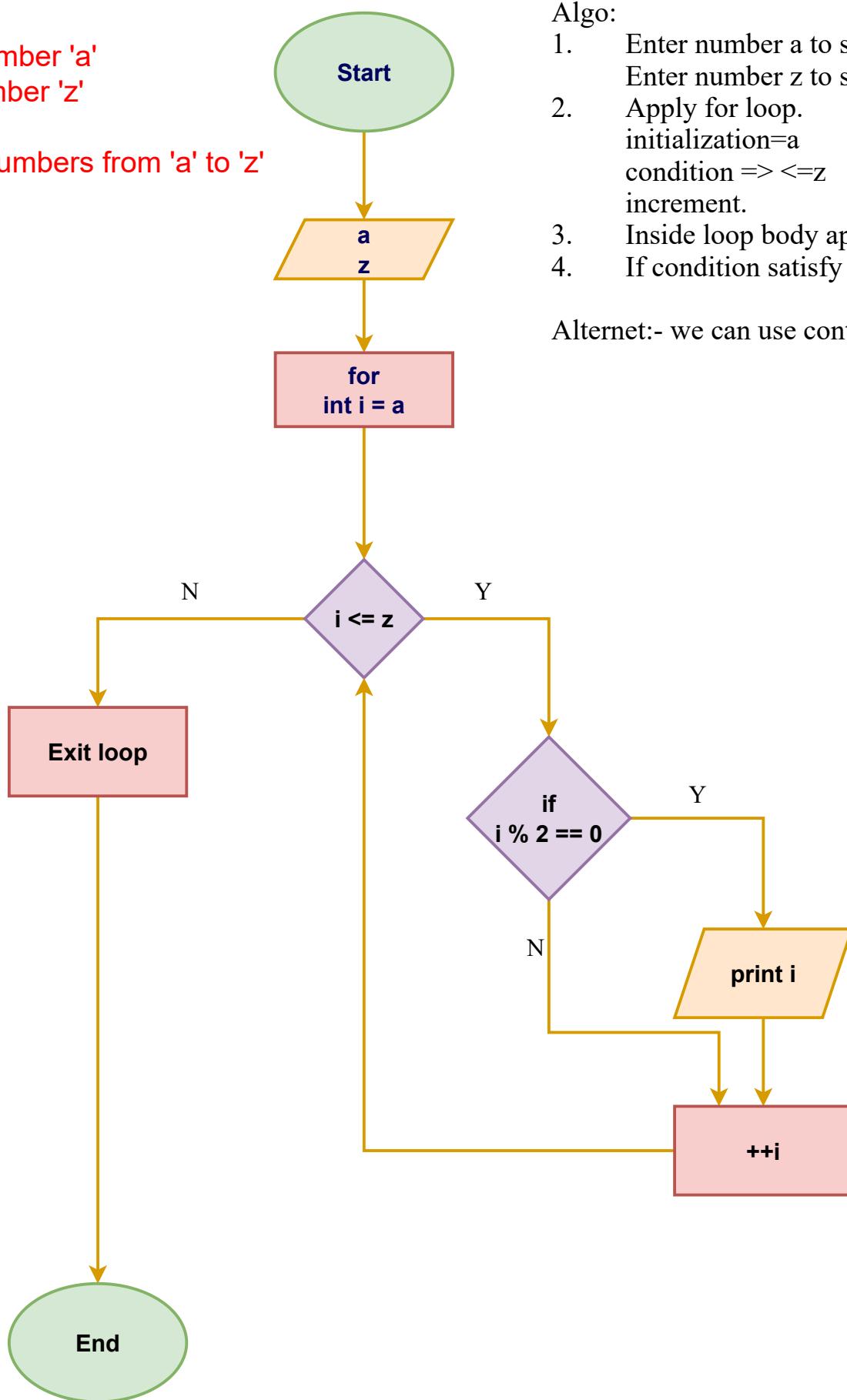
Algo:

1. Enter a number
2. Set two variable rev=0, p=n
3. Apply mod operation on p to get unit digit d.
4. Perform operation rev=rev*10+d
5. Apply while condition- d!=n.
6. If condition true- perform:
p = p/10 to eleminate unit digit.
7. Repeat Step 3-6 untill while fails.
- 8.
9. After loop ends. Compare p & n.
If both are equal - Palingdrome
else - Not Palingdrome

#19

input: initial number 'a'
final number 'z'

output: Even numbers from 'a' to 'z'



Algo:

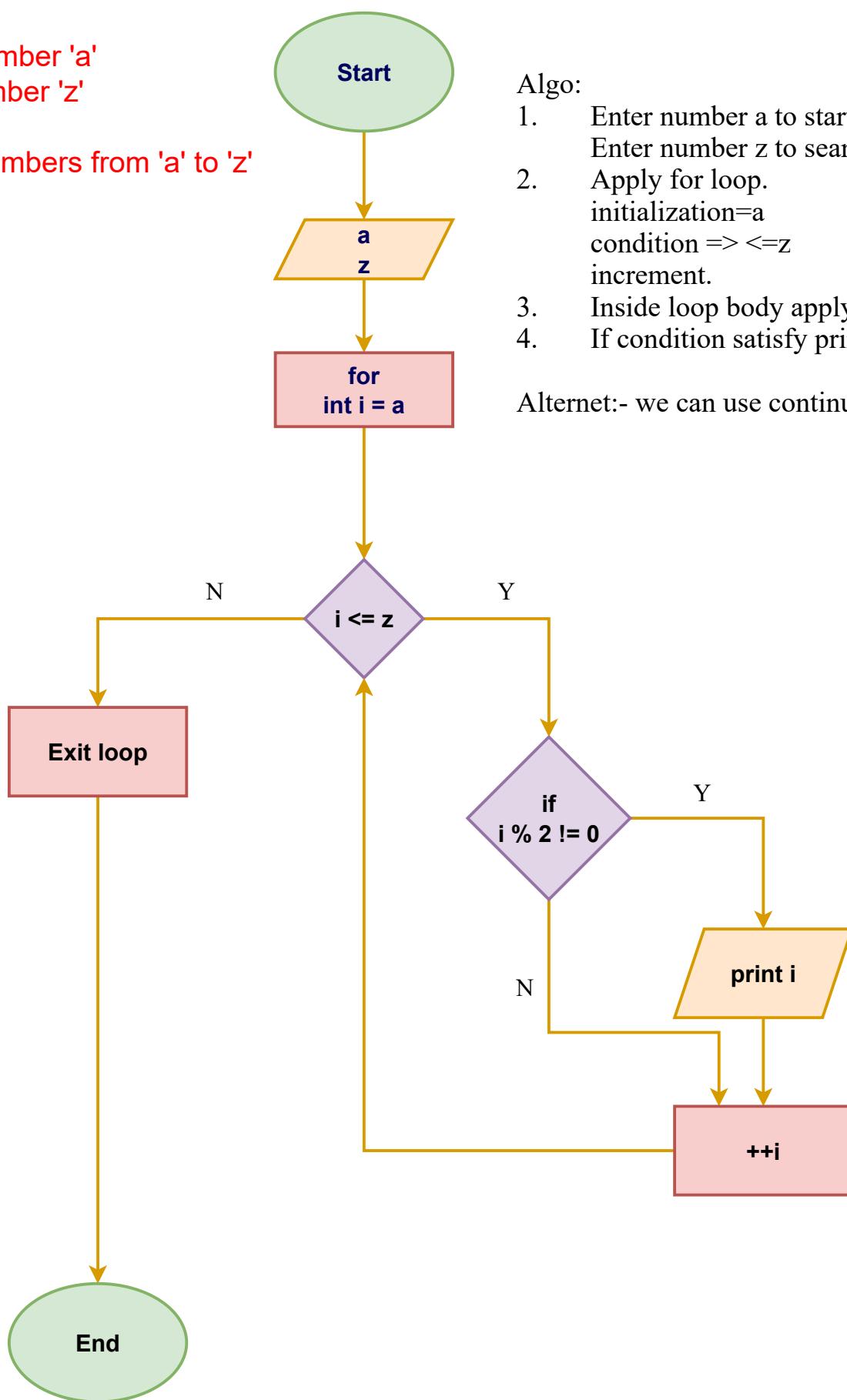
1. Enter number a to start from.
Enter number z to search till...
2. Apply for loop.
initialization=a
condition => $i \leq z$
increment.
3. Inside loop body apply - $i \% 2 == 0$
4. If condition satisfy print i.

Alternet:- we can use continue keyword

#20

input: initial number 'a'
final number 'z'

output: Odd numbers from 'a' to 'z'



Algo:

1. Enter number a to start from.
Enter number z to search till...
2. Apply for loop.
initialization=a
condition => $i \leq z$
increment.
3. Inside loop body apply - $i \% 2 \neq 0$
4. If condition satisfy print i.

Alternet:- we can use continue keyword