GIS Extensions for Dremio - SQL Functions Reference

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Abstract

Complete Reference to the 76 GIS-related functions and 21 H3 index functions including syntax, return type, and examples.

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GIS Extensions for Dremio - SQL Function Reference

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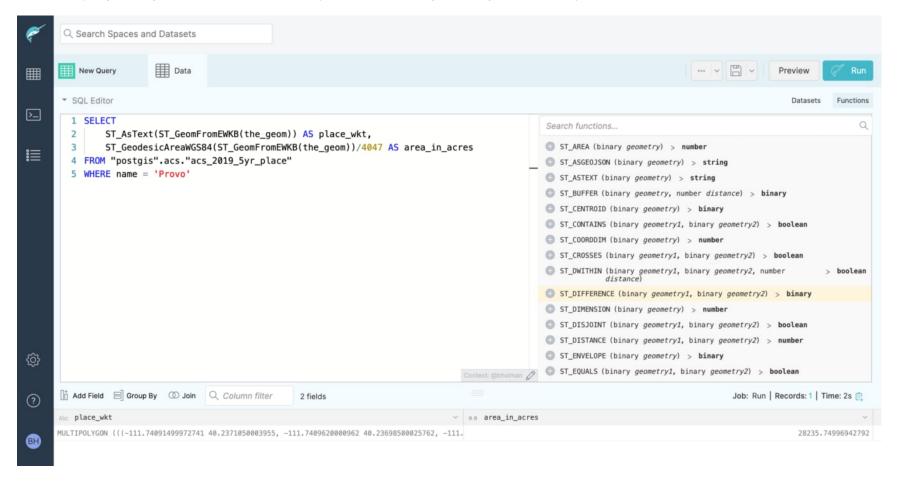


Figure 1: DAC with GIS extensions

Third-Party Libraries

The **GIS Extensions** allow Dremio to perform standard GIS functions within Dremio SQL with 72 industry-standard GIS functions. These extensions use the *Esri Java Geometry Library* for the underlying implementation of the core geometry functions. The author made heavy use of Esri's *Spatial Framework for Hadoop* as a reference for a similar implementation that also relies on the same library.

There were two significant gaps in the Geometry Library supplied by Esri that limited transforming geometries from EPSG: 4326 to other coordinate systems and performing geodesic rather than 2D area and length calculations. Geodesic area function helpers backing the ST_GeodesicAreaWGS84 function are copied almost exactly from the *Trino Geospatial Library* as found in our FunctionHelpers.stSphericalArea() and FunctionHelpers.computeSphericalExcess(). Conversion to other coordinate systems in the ST_Transform function leverages the Proj4J Library. All of the referenced works are also published under the *Apache 2.0 License*.

(1) H3_AsText

Definition

Returns a Hex representation of the H3 value as a string.

Syntax

H3_AsText(bigint h3Value)

Return Type

string

Examples

Query	Result
SELECT H3_AsText(H3_FromGeomPoint(ST_Point(40.4168, -3.7038), 4))	'847b59dffffffff'

(2) H3_Boundary

Definition

Returns a polygon geography representing the H3 cell.

Syntax

H3_Boundary(bigint h3Value)

Return Type

binary

Examples

Query	Result
SELECT ST_AsText(H3_Boundary(H3_FromLongLat(40.4168, -3.7038, 15)))	'POLYGON ((-3.703802360352346 40.41680913267208, -3.7038075007518416 40.41680558484906, -3.703806130063667 40.41680018598506, -3.7037996189769617 40.41679833494421, -3.7037944785779335 40.41680188276699, -3.7037958492651386 40.416807281630845, -3.703802360352346 40.41680913267208))'

(3) H3_Center

Definition

Returns the center of the H3 cell as a point. It will throw an error if the h3Value is not valid as an H3 Value.

Syntax

H3_Center(bigint h3Value)

Return Type

binary

Query	Result
SELECT ST_AsText(H3_Center(H3_FromText('847b59dffffffff')))	'POINT (40.305476423174326 -3.743203325561687)'

(4) H3_Compact

Definition

Returns an array with the indexes of a set of hexagons across multiple resolutions that represent the same area as the input set of hexagons.

Syntax

H3_Compact(bigint h3Value)

Return Type

bigint[]

Examples

Query	Result	
SELECT	[596645165859340300]	
H3_Compact(H3_Uncompact(H3_Wrap(H3_FromText('847b59dffffffff')),5))		

(5) H3_Distance

Definition

Returns the grid distance between two hexagon indexes. This function may fail to find the distance between two indexes if they are very far apart or on opposite sides of a pentagon.

Syntax

H3_Distance(bigint h3Value1, bigint h3Value2)

Return Type

numeric

Examples

Query	Result
SELECT H3_Distance(H3_FromText('847b591ffffffff'), H3_FromText('847b59bfffffffff'))	1

(6) H3_FromGeomPoint

Definition

Returns the H3 cell index that the point belongs to in the required *resolution*. It will return **null** for non-point geometry and throw an error for resolution outside the valid range [0,15].

Syntax

H3_FromGeomPoint(binary pointGeom, number resolution)

Return Type

bigint

Examples

Query	Result
SELECT H3_AsText(H3_FromGeomPoint(ST_Point(40.4168, -3.7038), 4))	'847b59dffffffff'

(7) H3_FromGeomPoly

Returns the smallest H3 cell that completely encloses the polygon with a dynamic resolution. It will return **null** if there isn't a value to fit the polygon and throw an error if a non-polygon geometry is supplied.

Syntax

H3_FromGeomPoly(binary polyGeom)

Return Type

bigint

Examples

Query	Result
SELECT H3_FromGeomPoly(ST_GeomFromText('POLYGON ((-111.69808887205492 40.238737891364416, -111.69837535651395 40.23873740478143, -111.6983745544178 40.2384602506758, -111.69808807598443 40.23846160818078, -111.69808887205492 40.238737891364416))',true))	622175171754917887

(8) H3_FromLongLat

Definition

Returns the H3 cell index specified by *lon* and *lat* at the specified *resolution*. It will throw an error for resolution outside the valid range [0,15].

Syntax

H3_FromLongLat(number lon, number lat, number resolution)

Return Type

bigint

Examples

Query	Result
SELECT H3_AsText(H3_FromLongLat(40.4168, -3.7038, 4))	'84390cbffffffff'

(9) H3_FromText

Definition

Converts from String representation of H3 cell value to the bigint representation. It will throw an error if the hex representation is not valid as an H3 Value.

Syntax

H3_FromText(string h3Text)

Return Type

bigint

Examples

Query	Result
SELECT ST_AsText(H3_Center(H3_FromText('847b59dffffffff')))	'POINT (40.305476423174326 -3.743203325561687)'

(10) H3_HexRing

Definition

Returns all cell indexes in a hollow hexagonal ring centered at the origin in no particular order. Unlike H3_Kring, this function will throw an exception if there is a pentagon anywhere in the ring.

Syntax

H3_HexRing(bigint h3Origin, int ringSize)

Return Type

bigint[]

Examples

Query	Result
SELECT H3_Hexring(H3_FromText('837b59fffffffff'), 1)	[592141849699811300,592141506102427600,592141712260857900,59212487

(11) H3_IsPentagon

Definition

Returns true if given H3 index is a pentagon. Returns false otherwise, even on invalid input.

Syntax

H3_IsPentagon(bigint h3Value)

Return Type

boolean

Examples

Query	Result
SELECT H3_IsPentagon(H3_FromText('837b59fffffffff')) SELECT H3_IsPentagon(H3_FromText('8075ffffffffff'))	false true

(12) H3_IsValid

Definition

Returns *true* when the given index is valid, *false* otherwise.

Syntax

H3_IsValid(bigint h3Value)

Return Type

boolean

Examples

Query	Result
SELECT H3_IsValid(8675309)	false
<pre>SELECT H3_IsValid(H3_FromText('837b59fffffffff'))</pre>	true

(13) H3_KRing

Definition

Returns all cell indexes in a filled hexagonal k-ring centered at the origin in no particular order.

Syntax

H3_KRing(bigint h3Origin, int ringSize)

Return Type

bigint[]

Examples

Query	Result
SELECT H3_KRing(H3_FromText('837b59fffffffff'), 1)	[592141574821904400,592141506102427600,592141712260857900,59212487

(14) H3_KRing_Distances

Returns all cell indexes and their distances in a filled hexagonal k-ring centered at the origin in no particular order.

Syntax

H3_KRing_Distances(bigint h3Origin, int ringSize)

Return Type

struct{index, distance}

Examples

Query	Result
SELECT H3_KRingDistances(H3_FromText('837b59fffffffff'), 1)	[{"index":592141574821904383,"distance":0},{"index":59214150610242

(15) H3_Polyfill

Definition

Returns an array with all the H3 cell indexes for the given polygon or multipolygon including automatically handling the inner holes.

Syntax

H3_Polyfillbinary geometry, number resolution

Return Type

bigint[]

Query	Result
SELECT H3_Polyfill(ST_GeomFromText('POLYGON ((30 10, 40 40, 20 40, 10 20, 30 10))',false), 1)	[582059465512058900,582072659651592200,582068261605081100,58208145

(16) H3_Resolution

Definition

Returns the H3 cell resolution as an integer. It will throw an error if the h3Value is not valid as an H3 Value.

Syntax

H3_Resolution(bigint h3Value)

Return Type

integer

Examples

Query	Result
SELECT H3_Resolution(H3_FromText('847b59dffffffff'))	4

(17) H3_ToCenterChild

Definition

Returns the center child (finer) index for the given hexagon at the given resolution.

Syntax

H3_ToCenterChild(bigint h3Value, number childResolution)

Return Type

bigint

Examples

Query	Result	
SELECT	'847b591ffffffff'	
H3_AsText(H3_ToCenterChild(H3_FromText('837b59ffffffffff'), 4))		

(18) H3_ToChildren

Definition

Returns an array with the indexes of the children/descendents of the given hexagon at the given resolution.

Syntax

H3_ToChildren(bigint h3Value, number childResolution)

Return Type

bigint[]

Examples

Query	Result
WITH H3Children AS (SELECT FLATTEN(H3_ToChildren(H3_FromText('837b59fffffffff'), 4)) AS H3Values) SELECT H3_AsText(H3Values) FROM H3Children	'847b591ffffffff' '847b593ffffffff' '847b595fffffffff' '847b597ffffffff' '847b599ffffffff' '847b59bffffffff' '847b59dfffffffff'

(19) H3_ToParent

Definition

Returns the H3 cell index of the parent of the given hexagon at the given resolution.

Syntax

H3_ToParent(bigint h3Value, number resolution)

Return Type

bigint

Examples

Query	Result
SELECT H3_AsText(H3_ToParent(H3_FromText('847b59dffffffff'), 3))	'837b59ffffffff'

(20) H3_Uncompact

Definition

Returns an array with the indexes of a set of hexagons of the same *resolution* that represent the same area as the compacted input hexagons.

Syntax

H3_Uncompact(bigint h3Value, number resolution)

Return Type

bigint[]

Query	Result
SELECT	[601148757970518000,601148759044259800,601148760118001700,60114876
<pre>H3_Uncompact(H3_Wrap(H3_FromText('847b59dffffffff')),5)</pre>	

(21) H3_Wrap

Definition

Takes a single H3 value and wraps it in a list

Syntax

H3_Wrap(bigint h3Value)

Return Type

bigint[]

Examples

Query	Result
SELECT H3_Wrap(H3_FromText('847b59dffffffff'))[0]	596645165859340287

(22) ST_AggrConvexHull

Definition

Creates a single geometry that is a convex hull of a geometry that resulted from a union of all aggregate input geometries.

Syntax

ST_AggrConvexHull(binary geometry)

Return Type

binary

Query	Result
WITH GEOMLIST AS (SELECT ST_GeomFromText('polygon ((40 40, 40 60, 60 60, 60 40, 40 40))', true) AS GEOM1, ST_GeomFromText('polygon ((20 30, 30 30, 30 40, 20 40, 20 30))', true) AS GEOM2) SELECT ST_ASText(ST_AggrConvexHull(GEOM)) FROM GEOMLIST UNPIVOT ("GEOM" for "COL" in (GEOM1, GEOM2))	'POLYGON ((20 30, 30 30, 60 40, 60 60, 40 60, 20 40, 20 30))'

(23) ST_AggrIntersection

Definition

Returns a single geometry that is an intersection of all aggregate input geometries.

Syntax

ST_AggrIntersection(binary geometry)

Return Type

binary

Examples

Query	Result
WITH GEOMLIST AS (SELECT ST_GeomFromText('polygon ((5 5, 12 5, 12 10, 5 10, 5 5))', true) AS GEOM1, ST_GeomFromText('polygon ((10 8, 14 8, 14 15, 10 15, 10 8))', true) AS GEOM2, ST_GeomFromText('polygon ((6 8, 20 8, 20 20, 6 20, 6 8))', true) AS GEOM3) SELECT ST_ASText(ST_AggrIntersection(GEOM)) FROM GEOMLIST UNPIVOT ("GEOM" for "COL" in (GEOM1, GEOM2, GEOM3))	'POLYGON ((10 8, 12 8, 12 10, 10 10, 10 8))'

(24) ST_AggrUnion

Returns a single geometry that is the union of all aggregate input geometries.

Syntax

ST_AggrUnion(binary geometry)

Return Type

binary

Examples

Query	Result
WITH GEOMLIST AS (SELECT ST_GeomFromText('polygon ((20 30, 30 30, 30 40, 20 40, 20 30))', true) AS GEOM1, ST_GeomFromText('polygon ((40 40, 40 60, 60 60, 60 40, 40 40))', true) AS GEOM2) SELECT ST_AsText(ST_AggrUnion(GEOM)) FROM GEOMLIST UNPIVOT ("GEOM" for "COL" in (GEOM1, GEOM2))	'MULTIPOLYGON (((20 30, 30 30, 30 40, 20 40, 20 30)), ((40 40, 60 40, 60 60, 40 60, 40 40)))'

(25) ST_Area

Definition

Returns the area of polygon or multipolygon

Syntax

ST_Area(binary geometry)

Return Type

number

Query	Result
SELECT ST_Area(ST_GeomFromText('POLYGON ((0 0, 8 0, 0 8, 0 0), (1 1, 1 5, 5 1, 1 1))',true))	24.0

(26) ST_AsGeoJSON

Definition

Returns the GeoJSON representation of geometry.

Syntax

ST_AsGeoJSON(binary geometry)

Return Type

string

Examples

Query	Result
SELECT ST_AsGeoJSON(ST_Point(1, 2))	'{"type":"Point","coordinates":[1,2],"crs":{"type":"name","propert

(27) ST_AsText

Definition

Returns the Well-Known Text (WKT) representation of *geometry*.

Syntax

ST_AsText(binary geometry)

Return Type

string

Examples

Query			Result		
SELECT	<pre>ST_AsText(ST_Point(1,</pre>	2))	'POINT	(1	2) '

(28) ST_Boundary

Definition

Returns the closure of the combinatorial boundary of this Geometry.

Syntax

ST_Boundary(binary geometry)

Return Type

binary

Examples

Query	Result
SELECT ST_AsText(ST_Boundary(ST_GeomFromText('LINESTRING (0	'MULTIPOINT ((0 1), (1 0))'
<pre>1, 1 0)',true))) SELECT ST_AsText(ST_Boundary(ST_GeomFromText('POLYGON ((1 1, 4 1, 1 4))',true)))</pre>	'MULTILINESTRING ((1 1, 4 1, 1 4, 1 1))'

(29) ST_Buffer

Definition

Returns geometry object that is the buffer surrounding source *geometry* at specified *distance*.

Syntax

ST_Buffer(binary geometry, number distance)

Return Type

binary

Examples

Query	Result
SELECT ST_Buffer(ST_Point(0, 0), 1)	polygon approximating a unit circle

(30) ST_Centroid

Definition

Takes a polygon, multipolygon, or multilinestring and returns the point that is in the center of the geometry's envelope. That means that the centroid point is halfway between the geometry's minimum and maximum x and y extents.

Syntax

ST_Centroid(binary geometry)

Return Type

binary

Query	Result
<pre>SELECT ST_AsText(ST_Centroid(ST_GeomFromText('point (2 3)',true)))</pre>	'POINT(2 3)'
<pre>SELECT ST_AsText(ST_Centroid(ST_GeomFromText('MULTIPOINT ((0 0), (1 1), (1 -1), (6 0))',true)))</pre>	'POINT(2 0)'

Query	Result
SELECT	'POINT(3 0)'
<pre>ST_AsText(ST_Centroid(ST_GeomFromText('linestring (0)))</pre>	
0, 6 0)',true)))	
<pre>SELECT ST_AsText(ST_Centroid(ST_GeomFromText('POLYGON</pre>	'POINT(4 4)'
((0 0, 0 8, 8 8, 8 0, 0 0))',true)))	
<pre>SELECT ST_AsText(ST_Centroid(ST_GeomFromText('POLYGON</pre>	'POINT(3 2)'
((1 1, 5 1, 3 4))',true)))	

(31) ST_Contains

Definition

Returns true if geometry1 contains geometry2.

Syntax

ST_Contains(binary geometry1, binary geometry2)

Return Type

boolean

Examples

Query	Result
SELECT ST_Contains(ST_GeomFromText('POLYGON ((1 1, 1 4, 4 4, 4 1))',true), ST_Point(2, 3))	true
<pre>SELECT ST_Contains(ST_GeomFromText('POLYGON ((1 1, 1 4, 4 4, 4 1))',true), ST_Point(8, 8))</pre>	false

(32) ST_ConvexHull

Computes the convex hull of *geometry*. The convex hull is the smallest convex geometry that encloses all geometries in the input. One can think of the convex hull as the geometry obtained by wrapping an rubber band around a set of geometries.

Syntax

ST_ConvexHull(binary geometry)

Return Type

binary

Examples

Query	Result
SELECT ST_AsText(ST_ConvexHull(ST_GeomFromText('polygon ((0 0, 8 0, 0 8, 0 0), (1 1, 1 5, 5 1, 1 1))',true)))	'POLYGON ((0 0, 8 0, 0 8, 0 0))'

(33) ST_CoordDim

Definition

Returns count of coordinate components.

Syntax

ST_CoordDim(binary geometry)

Return Type

number

Query	Result
SELECT ST_CoordDim(ST_Point(1.5, 2.5)) SELECT ST_CoordDim(ST_GeomFromText('POINTZ (1.5 2.5))	2 3
3)',true))	

(34) ST_Crosses

Definition

Returns true if *geometry1* crosses *geometry2*, otherwise false.

Syntax

ST_Crosses(binary geometry1, binary geometry2)

Return Type

boolean

Examples

Query	Result
SELECT ST_Crosses(ST_GeomFromText('LINESTRING (0 0, 1 1)',true), ST_GeomFromText('LINESTRING (1 0, 0 1))',true))	true
<pre>SELECT ST_Crosses(ST_GeomFromText('LINESTRING (2 0, 2 3)',true), ST_GeomFromText('POLYGON ((1 1, 1 4, 4 4, 4 1))',true))</pre>	true
<pre>SELECT ST_Crosses(ST_GeomFromText('LINESTRING (0 2, 0 1)',true), ST_GeomFromText('LINESTRING (2 0, 1 0)',true))</pre>	false

(35) ST_Densify

Densifies a MultiPath (polygons and polylines) geometry by maxLength so that no segments are longer than given threshold value.

Syntax

ST_Densify(binary geometry, number maxLength)

Return Type

binary

Examples

Query	Result
SELECT ST_AsText(ST_Densify(ST_GeomFromText('POLYGON ((0 0, 8 0, 0 8, 0 0))',true),4))	'POLYGON ((0 0, 4 0, 8 0, 5.333 2.667, 2.667 5.333, 0 8, 0 4, 0 0))'

(36) ST_Difference

Definition

Returns a geometry object that is the difference of the source objects.

Syntax

ST_Difference(binary geometry1, binary geometry2)

Return Type

binary

Query	Result
SELECT	'MULTIPOINT ((1 1), (2 2))'
ST_AsText(ST_Difference(ST_GeomFromText('MULTIPOINT	
(1 1, 1.5 1.5, 2 2)',true), ST_Point(1.5, 1.5)))	
SELECT	'POLYGON ((5 0, 10 0, 10 10, 0 10, 0 5, 5 5, 5 0))'
ST_AsText(ST_Difference(ST_GeomFromText('POLYGON ((0	
0, 0 10, 10 10, 10 0))',true),	
ST_GeomFromText('POLYGON ((0 0, 0 5, 5 5, 5	
0))',true)))	

(37) ST_Dimension

Definition

Returns spatial dimension of geometry.

Syntax

ST_Dimension(binary geometry)

Return Type

number

Examples

Query	Result
SELECT ST_Dimension(ST_Point(1.5, 2.5))	0
SELECT ST_Dimension(ST_GeomFromText('LINESTRING (1.5	1
2.5, 3.0 2.2)',true))	2
<pre>SELECT ST_Dimension(ST_GeomFromText('POLYGON ((2 0, 2 3, 3 0))',true))</pre>	2

(38) ST_Disjoint

Definition

Returns true if the intersection of the two geometries produces an empty set; otherwise, it returns false.

Syntax

ST_Disjoint(binary geometry1, binary geometry2)

Return Type

boolean

Examples

Query	Result
<pre>SELECT ST_Disjoint(ST_GeomFromText('LINESTRING (0 0, 0 1)',true), ST_GeomFromText('LINESTRING (1 1, 1 0)',true))</pre>	true
<pre>SELECT ST_Disjoint(ST_GeomFromText('LINESTRING (0 0, 1 1)',true), ST_GeomFromText('LINESTRING (1 0, 0 1)',true))</pre>	false

(39) ST_Distance

Definition

Returns the distance between two geometry objects.

Syntax

ST_Distance(binary geometry1, binary geometry2)

Return Type

number

Query	Result
SELECT ST_Distance(ST_Point(0.0,0.0), ST_Point(3.0,4.0))	5.0

(40) ST_DWithin

Definition

Returns true if the two geometries are within the specified distance of one another; otherwise, it returns false.

Syntax

ST_DWithin(binary geometry1, binary geometry2, number distance)

Return Type

boolean

Examples

Query	Result
SELECT ST_DWithin(ST_GeomFromText('POLYGON ((10.02 20.01, 11.92 35.64, 25.02 34.15, 19.15 33.94, 10.02 20.01))',true), ST_Point (1,2),100)	true
SELECT ST_DWithin(ST_GeomFromText('POLYGON ((101.02 200.01, 111.92 350.64, 250.02 340.15, 190.15 330.94, 101.02 200.01))',true), ST_Point (10.02,20.01), 100)	false

(41) ST_EndPoint

Definition

Returns the last point of a Linestring.

Syntax

ST_EndPoint(binary geometry)

Return Type

binary

Examples

Query	Result
<pre>SELECT ST_AsText(ST_EndPoint(ST_GeomFromText('LINESTRING (1.5 2.5, 3.0 2.2)',true)))</pre>	'POINT(3.0 2.2)'

(42) ST_Envelope

Definition

Returns the minimum bounding box of the geometry object as a polygon

Syntax

ST_Envelope(binary geometry)

Return Type

binary

Examples

Query	Result
SELECT ST_AsText(ST_Envelope(ST_GeomFromText('LINESTRING (0	'POLYGON ((0 0, 2 0, 2 2, 0 2, 0 0))'
<pre>0, 2 2))',true))) SELECT ST_AsText(ST_Envelope(ST_GeomFromText('POLYGON ((2 0, 2 3, 3 0))',true)))</pre>	'POLYGON ((2 0, 3 0, 3 3, 2 3, 2 0))'

(43) ST_EnvIntersects

Definition

Returns true if the envelopes of *geometry1* and *geometry2* intersect, otherwise returns false.

Syntax

ST_EnvIntersects(binary geometry1, binary geometry2)

Return Type

boolean

Examples

Query	Result
<pre>SELECT ST_EnvIntersects(ST_GeomFromText('LINESTRING (0 0, 1 1)',true), ST_GeomFromText('LINESTRING (1 3, 2 2)',true))</pre>	false
<pre>SELECT ST_EnvIntersects(ST_GeomFromText('LINESTRING (0 0, 2 2)',true), ST_GeomFromText('LINESTRING (1 0, 3 2)',true))</pre>	true

(44) ST_Equals

Definition

Returns true if the two geometries occupy the same space even if they have a different number of vertices, otherwise it returns false.

Syntax

ST_Equals(binary geometry1, binary geometry2)

Return Type

boolean

Query	Result
SELECT ST_Equals(ST_GeomFromText('LINESTRING (0 0, 1 1)',true),ST_GeomFromText('LINESTRING (1 1, 0 0)',true))	true
SELECT ST_Equals(ST_GeomFromText('LINESTRING (0 0, 1 1)',true),ST_GeomFromText('LINESTRING (1 0, 0 1)',true))	false
SELECT ST_Equals(ST_GeomFromText('LINESTRING (0 0, 3 3)',true),ST_GeomFromText('LINESTRING (3 3, 2 2, 1 1, 0 0)',true))	true

(45) ST_ExteriorRing

Definition

Returns the exterior ring of a polygon as a linestring.

Syntax

ST_ExteriorRing(binary geometry)

Return Type

binary

Query	Result
SELECT ST_AsText(ST_ExteriorRing(ST_GeomFromText('POLYGON	'LINESTRING (1 1, 4 1, 1 4, 1 1)'
<pre>((1 1, 1 4, 4 1))',true))) SELECT ST_AsText(ST_ExteriorRing(ST_GeomFromText('POLYGON)</pre>	'LINESTRING (0 0, 8 0, 0 8, 0 0)'
((0 0, 8 0, 0 8, 0 0), (1 1, 1 5, 5 1, 1 1))',true)))	

(46) ST_Generalize

Definition

Simplifies geometries using the Douglas-Peucker algorithm. *maxDeviation* is the maximum allowed deviation from the generalized geometry to the original geometry. When *removeDegenerateParts* is true, the degenerate parts of the geometry will be removed from the output.

Syntax

ST_Generalize(binary geometry, number maxDeviation, boolean removeDegenerateParts)

Return Type

binary

Examples

Query	Result
SELECT ST_AsText(ST_Generalize(ST_GeomFromText('POLYGON ((0 0, 1 1, 2 0, 3 2, 4 1, 5 0, 5 10, 0 10))',true), 2, true))	'POLYGON ((0 0, 5 0, 5 10, 0 10, 0 0))'

(47) ST_GeodesicAreaWGS84

Definition

Returns the area in square meters of a geometry on the Earth's surface using spherical model. Requires the geometry to be in the WGS84 spatial reference.

Syntax

 ${\tt ST_GeodesicAreaWGS84} (binary\ geometry)$

Return Type

number

Examples

Query	Result
SELECT ST_GeodesicAreaWGS84(ST_GeomFromText('POLYGON ((-114.04702599994988 39.90609700007656, -114.0500520000997 37.0001909997149, -109.04517199998776 36.99897700038832, -109.05002599989996 41.000691000389395, -111.04681499981234 40.997875000031286, -111.04671399965133 42.00170200004732, -114.04147700036322 41.99387299963928, -114.04702599994988 39.90609700007656))',true))/4047 AS utah_acreage	5.416484897473004E7

(48) ST_GeodesicLengthWGS84

Definition

Returns distance along line on WGS84 spheroid, in meters, for geographic coordinates. Requires the geometry to be in the WGS84 spatial reference.

Syntax

ST_GeodesicLengthWGS84(binary geometry)

Return Type

number

Query	Result
SELECT	45026.96274781222
ST_GeodesicLengthWGS84(ST_GeomFromText('MultiLineString((0.0 80.0, 0.3 80.4))', true, 4326))	

(49) ST_GeometryN

Definition

Takes a geometry collection and an integer index (1-based index) and returns the nth geometry object in the collection.

Syntax

ST_GeometryN(binary geometry, number index)

Return Type

binary

Examples

Query	Result
SELECT	'POINT (20 20)'
<pre>ST_AsText(ST_GeometryN(ST_GeomFromText('MULTIPOINT</pre>	
(10 40, 40 30, 20 20, 30 10)',true), 3))	
SELECT	'LINESTRING (20 20, 7 8)'
ST_AsText(ST_GeometryN(ST_GeomFromText('MULTILINESTRIN	3
((2 4, 10 10), (20 20, 7 8))',true), 2))	

(50) ST_GeometryType

Definition

Takes a geometry object and returns its geometry type (for example, Point, Line, Polygon, MultiPoint) as a string.

Syntax

ST_GeometryType(binary geometry)

Return Type

string

Examples

Query	Result
SELECT ST_GeometryType(ST_Point(1.5, 2.5)) SELECT ST_GeometryType(ST_GeomFromText('LINESTRING (1.5 2.5, 3.0 2.2)',true))	'ST_POINT' 'ST_LINESTRING'
<pre>SELECT ST_GeometryType(ST_GeomFromText('POLYGON ((2 0, 2 3, 3 0))',true))</pre>	'ST_POLYGON'

(51) ST_GeomFromEWKB

Definition

Converts a Hex encoded binary string from Postgres/PostGIS geometry to native geometry including embedded SRID.

Syntax

ST_GeomFromEWKB(string hexEncodedGeometry)

Return Type

binary

Examples

Query	Result
SELECT ST_AsText(ST_GeomFromEWKB(the_geom)) FROM table("postgis".external_query('SELECT ST_GeomFromText(''POINT(-71.064544 42.28787)'',4326) AS the_geom'))	'POINT (-71.064544 42.28787)'

(52) ST_GeomFromGeoJSON

Definition

Constructs a geometry from GeoJSON.

Syntax

ST_GeomFromGeoJSON(string geoJsonString)

Return Type

binary

Examples

Query	Result
<pre>SELECT ST_AsText(ST_GeomFromGeoJSON('{"type":"Point", "coordinates":[1.2, 2.4]}'))</pre>	'POINT (1.2 2.4)'
<pre>SELECT ST_AsText(ST_GeomFromGeoJSON('{"type":"LineString", "coordinates":[[1,2], [3,4]]}'))</pre>	'LINESTRING (1 2, 3 4)'

(53) ST_GeomFromText

Definition

Takes a well-known text representation and returns a geometry object. Set *ignoreErrors* to *true* to ignore bad data or *false* to fail and show the bad WKT value.

Syntax

ST_GeomFromText(string wktString, boolean ignoreErrors)

Return Type

binary

(54) ST_GeomFromText

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Takes a well-known text representation and a spatial reference ID and returns a geometry object. Set *ignoreErrors* to *true* to ignore bad data or *false* to fail and show the bad WKT value.

Syntax

ST_GeomFromText(string wktString, boolean ignoreErrors, number SRID)

Return Type

binary

(55) ST_GeomFromWKB

Definition

Takes a well-known binary (WKB) representation and returns a geometry object.

Syntax

ST_GeomFromWKB(binary wkbValue)

Return Type

binary

(56) ST_GeomFromWKB

Definition

Takes a well-known binary (WKB) representation and a spatial reference ID and returns a geometry object.

Syntax

ST_GeomFromWKB(binary wkbValue, number SRID)

Return Type
binary
(57) ST_GeoSize
Definition
Takes a geometry object and returns its size in bytes.
Syntax
ST_GeoSize(binary geometry)
Return Type
number
(58) ST_InteriorRingN
Definition
Returns a LineString which is the nth interior ring of the input Polygon (1-based index)
Syntax
ST_InteriorRingN(binary geometry, number index)
Return Type
binary
Examples

Query	Result
SELECT ST_AsText(ST_InteriorRingN(ST_GeomFromText('polygon ((0 0, 8 0, 0 8, 0 0), (1 1, 1 5, 5 1, 1 1))',true), 1))	'LINESTRING (1 1, 1 5, 5 1, 1 1)'

(59) ST_Intersection

Definition

Returns a geometry object that is the geometric intersection of the source objects.

Syntax

ST_Intersection(binary geometry1, binary geometry2)

Return Type

binary

Examples

Query	Result
SELECT ST_AsText(ST_Intersection(ST_Point(1,1),	'POINT (1 1)'
ST_Point(1,1)))	
SELECT	'MULTILINESTRING ((1 0, 2 0), (0 2, 0 1))'
ST_AsText(ST_Intersection(ST_GeomFromText('LINESTRING(G	
2, 0 0, 2 0)',true), ST_GeomFromText('LINESTRING(0 3,	
0 1, 1 0, 3 0)',true)))	
SELECT	'POLYGON ((2 1, 2.66666666666667 1, 2 3, 2 1))'
ST_AsText(ST_Intersection(ST_GeomFromText('POLYGON	
((2 0, 2 3, 3 0))',true), ST_GeomFromText('POLYGON ((1	
1, 4 1, 4 4, 1 4))',true)))	

(60) ST_Intersects

Definition

Returns true if *geometry1* intersects with *geometry2*, otherwise returns false.

Syntax

ST_Intersects(binary geometry1, binary geometry2)

Return Type

boolean

Examples

Query	Result
SELECT ST_Intersects(ST_GeomFromText('LINESTRING (2 0, 2 3)',true), ST_GeomFromText('POLYGON ((1 1, 4 1, 4 4, 1 4))',true))	true
<pre>SELECT ST_Intersects(ST_GeomFromText('LINESTRING (8 7, 7 8)',true), ST_GeomFromText('POLYGON ((1 1, 4 1, 4 4, 1 4))',true))</pre>	false

(61) ST_Is3D

Definition

Returns true if the geometry object is three-dimensional including height 'Z', otherwise returns false.

Syntax

ST_Is3D(binary geometry)

Return Type

boolean

Query	Result
SELECT ST_Is3D(ST_GeomFromText('POLYGON ((1 1, 1 4, 4 4, 4 1))',true))	false
SELECT ST_Is3D(ST_GeomFromText('LINESTRING (0 0, 3 4, 0 4, 0 0)',true))	false
SELECT ST_Is3D(ST_Point(3, 4))	false
SELECT ST_Is3D(ST_PointZ(3, 4, 2))	true

(62) ST_IsClosed

Definition

Return true if the linestring or multi-line has start and end points that are coincident.

Syntax

ST_IsClosed(binary geometry)

Return Type

boolean

Examples

Query	Result
SELECT ST_IsClosed(ST_GeomFromText('LINESTRING(0 0, 3 4, 0 4, 0 0)',true))	true
<pre>SELECT ST_IsClosed(ST_GeomFromText('LINESTRING(0 0, 3 4)',true))</pre>	false

(63) ST_IsEmpty

Definition

Return true if the geometry object is empty of geometric information.

Syntax

ST_IsEmpty(binary geometry)

Return Type

boolean

Examples

Query	Result
<pre>SELECT ST_IsEmpty(ST_Point(1.5, 2.5)) SELECT ST_IsEmpty(ST_GeomFromText('POINT EMPTY',true))</pre>	false true

(64) ST_IsMeasured

Definition

Returns true if the geometry object is measured including an additional dimension 'M', otherwise returns false.

Syntax

ST_IsMeasured(binary geometry)

Return Type

boolean

Query	Result
SELECT ST_IsMeasured(ST_PointZ(3, 4, 2)) SELECT ST_IsMeasured(ST_GeomFromText('POINT M (1 1 80)',true)) SELECT ST_IsMeasured(ST_GeomFromText('POINT ZM (1 1 5	false true
60)',true))	Liuc

(65) ST_IsRing

Definition

Returns true if the geometry is a linestring and the linestring is closed and simple.

Syntax

ST_IsRing(binary geometry)

Return Type

boolean

Examples

Query	Result
SELECT ST_IsRing(ST_GeomFromText('LINESTRING (0 0, 3 4, 0 4, 0 0)',true))	true
SELECT ST_IsRing(ST_GeomFromText('LINESTRING (0 0, 1 1, 1 2, 2 1, 1 1, 0 0)',true))	false
<pre>SELECT ST_IsRing(ST_GeomFromText('LINESTRING (0 0, 3 4)',true))</pre>	false

(66) ST_IsSimple

Definition

Returns true if the geometry object is simple as defined by the Open Geospatial Consortium (OGC), otherwise, it returns false

Syntax

ST_IsSimple(binary geometry)

Return Type

boolean

Examples

Query	Result
SELECT ST_IsSimple(ST_Point(1.5, 2.5)) SELECT ST_IsSimple(ST_GeomFromText('LINESTRING (0 0, 1 1, 0 1, 1 0)',true))	true false

(67) ST_JSONPath

Definition

Extract a portion of *jsonData* as a string by following the specified path in the JSON Object from *jsonPath*. **Example JSON Path Syntax (similar to XPath for XML):** '/data[Array]' '/da

Syntax

ST_JSONPath(string jsonPath, string jsonData)

Return Type

string

Query	Result
SELECT ST_JSONPath('/coordinates[Array][0]',ST_AsGeoJSON(ST_E ((-114.04702599994988 39.90609700007656, -114.0500520000997 37.0001909997149, -109.04517199998776 36.99897700038832, -109.05002599989996 41.000691000389395, -111.04681499981234 40.997875000031286, -111.04671399965133 42.00170200004732, -114.04147700036322 41.99387299963928, -114.04702599994988 39.90609700007656))',true))))	[[-114.0500520000997,36.99897700038832], [- nvl=19pp=4(5:17_1929998776,42.00170200004732], [- 109.04517199998776,42.00170200004732], [- 114.0500520000997,42.00170200004732], [- 114.0500520000997,36.99897700038832]]

(68) ST_Length

Definition

Returns the length of a line string or multiline string.

Syntax

ST_Length(binary geometry)

Return Type

number

Examples

Query	Result
SELECT ST_Length(ST_GeomFromText('LINESTRING (0 0, 3 4)',true))	5.0
SELECT ST_Length(ST_GeomFromText('MULTILINESTRING ((1 0, 2 0), (0 2, 0 1))',true))	2.0

(69) ST_M

Definition

Takes a Point as an input parameter and returns its measure m-coordinate.

Syntax

ST_M(binary geometry)

Return Type

number

Examples

Query	Result
SELECT ST_M(ST_GeomFromText('POINT M (1 1 80)',true)) SELECT ST_M(ST_GeomFromText('POINT ZM (1 1 5 60)',true))	80.0

(70) ST_MaxM

Definition

Takes a geometry as an input parameter and returns its maximum measure m-coordinate.

Syntax

ST_MaxM(binary geometry)

Return Type

number

Query	Result
SELECT ST_MaxM(ST_GeomFromText('LINESTRING M (1.5 2.5 2, 3.0 2.2 1)',true))	2.0
<pre>SELECT ST_MaxM(ST_GeomFromText('POINT M (1.5 2.5 3)',true))</pre>	3.0

(71) ST_MaxX

Definition

Takes a geometry as an input parameter and returns its maximum x-coordinate.

Syntax

ST_MaxX(binary geometry)

Return Type

number

Examples

Query	Result
SELECT ST_MaxX(ST_GeomFromText('LINESTRING M (1.5 2.5 2, 3.0 2.2 1)',true))	3.0
<pre>SELECT ST_MaxX(ST_GeomFromText('POINT M (1.5 2.5 3)',true))</pre>	1.5

(72) ST_MaxY

Definition

Takes a geometry as an input parameter and returns its maximum y-coordinate.

Syntax

ST_MaxY(binary geometry)

Return Type

number

Examples

Query	Result
SELECT ST_MaxY(ST_GeomFromText('LINESTRING M (1.5 2.5 2, 3.0 2.2 1)',true))	2.5
<pre>SELECT ST_MaxY(ST_GeomFromText('POINT M (1.5 2.5 3)',true))</pre>	2.5

(73) ST_MaxZ

Definition

Takes a geometry as an input parameter and returns its maximum z-coordinate.

Syntax

ST_MaxZ(binary geometry)

Return Type

number

Query	Result
SELECT ST_MaxZ(ST_GeomFromText('LINESTRING ZM (1.5 2.5 2 60, 3.0 2.2 1 80)',true))	2.0
<pre>SELECT ST_MaxZ(ST_GeomFromText('LINESTRING Z (1.5 2.5 3, 3.0 2.2 4)',true))</pre>	4.0

(74) ST_MinM

Definition

Takes a geometry as an input parameter and returns its minimum m-coordinate.

Syntax

ST_MinM(binary geometry)

Return Type

number

Examples

Query	Result
SELECT ST_MinM(ST_GeomFromText('LINESTRING M (1.5 2.5 2, 3.0 2.2 1)',true))	1.0
<pre>SELECT ST_MinM(ST_GeomFromText('POINT M (1.5 2.5 3)',true))</pre>	3.0

(75) ST_MinX

Definition

Takes a geometry as an input parameter and returns its minimum x-coordinate.

Syntax

ST_MinX(binary geometry)

Return Type

number

Query	Result
SELECT ST_MinX(ST_GeomFromText('LINESTRING M (1.25 2.5 2, 3.0 2.2 1)',true))	1.25
<pre>SELECT ST_MinX(ST_GeomFromText('POINT M (1.75 2.5 3)',true))</pre>	1.75

(76) ST_MinY

Definition

Takes a geometry as an input parameter and returns its minimum y-coordinate.

Syntax

ST_MinY(binary geometry)

Return Type

number

Examples

Query	Result
SELECT ST_MinY(ST_GeomFromText('LINESTRING M (1.5 2.5 2, 3.0 2.2 1)',true))	2.2
<pre>SELECT ST_MinY(ST_GeomFromText('POINT M (1.5 2.25 3)',true))</pre>	2.25

(77) ST_MinZ

Definition

Takes a geometry as an input parameter and returns its minimum z-coordinate.

Syntax

ST_MinZ(binary geometry)

Return Type

number

Examples

Query	Result
SELECT ST_MinZ(ST_GeomFromText('LINESTRING ZM (1.5 2.5 2 60, 3.0 2.2 1 80)',true))	1.0
SELECT ST_MinZ(ST_GeomFromText('LINESTRING Z (1.5 2.5 3, 3.0 2.2 4)',true))	3.0

(78) ST_NumGeometries

Definition

Returns the number of geometries in the geometry collection.

Syntax

ST_NumGeometries(binary geometry)

Return Type

number

Query	Result
SELECT ST_NumGeometries(ST_GeomFromText('MULTIPOINT	4
((10 40), (40 30), (20 20), (30 10))',true))	

Query	Result
SELECT ST_NumGeometries(ST_GeomFromText('MULTILINESTRING ((2 4, 10 10), (20 20, 7 8))',true))	2

(79) ST_NumInteriorRing

Definition

Returns the number of interior rings in the polygon geometry.

Syntax

ST_NumInteriorRing(binary geometry)

Return Type

number

Examples

Query	Result
SELECT ST_NumInteriorRing(ST_GeomFromText('POLYGON ((0 0, 8 0, 0 8, 0 0), (1 1, 1 5, 5 1, 1 1))',true))	1

(80) ST_NumPoints

Definition

Returns the number of points (vertices) in the geometry. For polygons, both the starting and ending vertices are counted, even though they occupy the same location.

Syntax

ST_NumPoints(binary geometry)

Return Type

number

Examples

Query	Result
SELECT ST_NumPoints(ST_Point(1.5, 2.5))	1
<pre>SELECT ST_NumPoints(ST_GeomFromText('LINESTRING (1.5 2.5, 3.0 2.2)',true))</pre>	2
<pre>SELECT ST_NumPoints((ST_GeomFromText('POLYGON ((0 0, 10 0, 0 10, 0 0))',true)))</pre>	4

(81) ST_Overlaps

Definition

Returns true if geometry1 overlaps geometry2.

Syntax

ST_Overlaps(binary geometry1, binary geometry2)

Return Type

boolean

Query	Result
SELECT ST_Overlaps(ST_GeomFromText('POLYGON ((2 0, 2 3, 3 0))',true), ST_GeomFromText('POLYGON ((1 1, 1 4, 4 4, 4 1))',true))	true
<pre>SELECT ST_Overlaps(ST_GeomFromText('POLYGON ((2 0, 2 1, 3 1))',true), ST_GeomFromText('POLYGON ((1 1, 1 4, 4 4, 4 1))',true))</pre>	false

(82) ST_Point

Definition

Returns a 2D point geometry from the provided lon (x) and lat (y) values.

Syntax

ST_Point(number lon, number lat)

Return Type

binary

(83) ST_PointN

Definition

Returns the point that is the nth vertex in an LineString or MultiPoint (1-based index)

Syntax

ST_PointN(binary geometry, number index)

Return Type

binary

Examples

Query	Result
SELECT ST_AsText(ST_PointN(ST_GeomFromText('LINESTRING (1.5 2.5, 3.0 2.2)',true), 2))	'POINT (3 2.2)'

(84) ST_PointZ

Definition

Returns a 3D point geometry from the provided lon (x), lat (y), and elev (z) values.

Syntax

ST_PointZnumber lon, number lat, number elev

Return Type

binary

(85) ST_Relate

Definition

Compares the two geometries and returns true if the geometries meet the conditions specified by the DE-9IM pattern matrix string, otherwise, false is returned.

Syntax

ST_Relate(binary geometry1, binary geometry2, string relation)

Return Type

binary

Query	Result
SELECT ST_Relate(ST_GeomFromText('POLYGON ((2 0, 2 1, 3 1))',true), ST_GeomFromText('POLYGON ((1 1, 1 4, 4 4, 4 1))',true), '****T****')	true
<pre>SELECT ST_Relate(ST_GeomFromText('POLYGON ((2 0, 2 1, 3 1))',true), ST_GeomFromText('POLYGON ((1 1, 1 4, 4 4, 4 1))',true), 'T*******')</pre>	false

Query	Result
SELECT ST_Relate(ST_GeomFromText('LINESTRING (0 0, 3 3)',true), ST_GeomFromText('LINESTRING (1 1, 4 4)',true), 'T********')	true
SELECT ST_Relate(ST_GeomFromText('LINESTRING (0 0, 3 3)',true), ST_GeomFromText('LINESTRING (1 1, 4 4)',true), '****T****')	false

(86) ST_SetSRID

Definition

Sets the Spatial Reference ID of *SRID* of the geometry.

Syntax

ST_SetSRID(binary geometry, number SRID)

Return Type

binary

(87) ST_Simplify

Definition

Simplifies the geometry or determines if the geometry is simple. The goal is to produce a geometry that is valid to store without additional processing.

Syntax

ST_Simplify(binary geometry)

Return Type

binary

(88) ST_StartPoint

Definition

Returns the first point of a Linestring.

Syntax

ST_StartPoint(binary geometry)

Return Type

binary

Examples

Query	Result
<pre>SELECT ST_AsText(ST_StartPoint(ST_GeomFromText('LINESTRING (1.5 2.5, 3.0 2.2)',true)))</pre>	'POINT(1.5 2.5)'

(89) ST_SymmetricDiff

Definition

Returns a geometry object that is the symmetric difference of the source objects.

Syntax

ST_SymmetricDiff(binary geometry1, binary geometry2)

Return Type

binary

Query	Result
SELECT	'MULTILINESTRING ((0 2, 1 2), (2 2, 3 2))'
ST_AsText(ST_SymmetricDiff(ST_GeomFromText('LINESTRING (0 2, 2 2)',true), ST GeomFromText('LINESTRING (1 2, 3	
2)',true)))	
SELECT	'MULTIPOLYGON (((0 0, 2 0, 2 1, 1 1, 1 2, 0 2, 0 0)),
ST_AsText(ST_SymmetricDiff(ST_GeomFromText('POLYGON	((2 1, 3 1, 3 3, 1 3, 1 2, 2 2, 2 1)))'
((0 0, 2 0, 2 2, 0 2, 0 0))',true),	
ST_GeomFromText('POLYGON ((1 1, 3 1, 3 3, 1 3, 1	
1))',true)))	

(90) ST_Touches

Definition

Returns true if none of the points common to both geometries intersect the interiors of both geometries, otherwise, it returns false. At least one geometry must be a LineString, Polygon, MultiLineString, or MultiPolygon.

Syntax

ST_Touches(binary geometry1, binary geometry2)

Return Type

boolean

Query	Result
SELECT ST_Touches(ST_Point(1, 2), ST_GeomFromText('POLYGON ((1 1, 1 4, 4 4, 4	true
1))',true)) SELECT ST_Touches(ST_Point(8, 8), ST_GeomFromText('POLYGON ((1 1, 1 4, 4 4, 4	false
1))',true))	

(91) ST_Transform

Definition

Takes the two-dimensional geometry as input and returns values converted from the spatial source reference specified by *sourceSRID* to the one specified by *targetSRID*.

Syntax

ST_Transform(binary geometry, number sourceSRID, number targetSRID)

Return Type

binary

Examples

Query	Result
SELECT	'POLYGON ((-12695656.860801652 4852305.919673687,
ST_AsText(ST_Transform(ST_GeomFromText('POLYGON	-12695993.71359747 4439133.410181124,
((-114.04702599994988 39.90609700007656,	-12138853.020503571 4438964.195256694,
-114.0500520000997 37.0001909997149,	-12139393.365302108 5012443.58678148,
-109.04517199998776 36.99897700038832,	-12361674.899993964 5012028.231889712,
-109.05002599989996 41.000691000389395,	-12361663.65670747 5161234.398812287,
-111.04681499981234 40.997875000031286,	-12695039.148993252 5160061.69329091,
-111.04671399965133 42.00170200004732,	-12695656.860801652 4852305.919673687))'
-114.04147700036322 41.99387299963928,	
-114.04702599994988 39.90609700007656))', true),	
4326, 3857))	

(92) ST_Union

Definition

Returns a geometry as the union of the two supplied geometries.

Syntax

ST_Union(binary geometry1, binary geometry2)

Return Type

binary

Examples

Query	Result
SELECT ST_AsText(ST_Union(ST_GeomFromText('POLYGON ((1 1, 1 4, 4 4, 4 1))',true), ST_GeomFromText('POLYGON ((4 1, 4 4, 4 8, 8 1))',true)))	'POLYGON ((1 1, 4 1, 8 1, 4 8, 4 4, 1 4, 1 1))'

(93) ST_Union

Definition

Returns a geometry as the union of the supplied geometry.

Syntax

ST_Union(binary geometry)

Return Type

binary

Query	Result
SELECT ST_AsText(ST_Union(ST_GeomFromText('POLYGON ((1 1, 1 4, 4 4, 4 1))',true), ST_GeomFromText('POLYGON ((4 1, 4 4, 4 8, 8 1))',true)))	'POLYGON ((1 1, 4 1, 8 1, 4 8, 4 4, 1 4, 1 1))'

(94) ST_Within

Definition

Returns true if geometry1 is completely inside geometry2.

Syntax

ST_Within(binary geometry1, binary geometry2)

Return Type

boolean

Examples

Query	Result
SELECT ST_Within(ST_Point(2, 3), ST_GeomFromText('POLYGON ((1 1, 1 4, 4 4, 4	true
1))',true)) SELECT ST_Within(ST_Point(8, 8),	false
<pre>ST_GeomFromText('POLYGON ((1 1, 1 4, 4 4, 4 1))',true))</pre>	

(95) ST_X

Definition

Takes a Point as an input parameter and returns its longitude (x) coordinate.

Syntax

ST_X(binary geometry)

Return Type

number

Examples

Query			Result
SELECT	ST_X(ST_Point(5,	7))	5.0

(96) ST_Y

Definition

Takes a Point as an input parameter and returns its latitude (y) coordinate.

Syntax

ST_Y(binary geometry)

Return Type

number

Examples

Query	Result
SELECT ST_Y(ST_GeomFromText('POINT (5 7)',true))	7.0

(97) ST_Z

Definition

Takes a Point as an input parameter and returns its elevation (z) coordinate.

Syntax

ST_Z(binary geometry)

Return Type

number

Query	Result
SELECT ST_Z(ST_GeomFromText('POINT Z (5 7 9)',true))	9.0