FMPH 222 Final Project

Daniel Zoleikhaeian

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Chi Square on Expected Dropouts

```
library(dplyr)
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
## The following object is masked from 'package:car':
##
##
       recode
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
       filter, lag
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
       intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
library(plyr)
## You have loaded plyr after dplyr - this is likely to cause problems.
## If you need functions from both plyr and dplyr, please load plyr first, then dplyr:
## library(plyr); library(dplyr)
##
## Attaching package: 'plyr'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
       arrange, count, desc, failwith, id, mutate, rename, summarise,
       summarize
dropout_rate_overall <- sum(df$Statusgp == 2)/nrow(df)</pre>
by_group_dropout <- df %>%
    dplyr::group_by(Randomization, Statusgp) %>%
    dplyr::summarise(total_count = n(), .groups = "drop")
dropouts <- by_group_dropout[by_group_dropout$Statusgp ==</pre>
    2, ]
total_cts <- as.data.frame(plyr::count(df, "Randomization"))</pre>
```

Initial Model

```
# View(df$Genderqp)
mod1 <- glm(formula = Statusgp ~ Age + Educationyears +</pre>
   Gendergp + b_cdr_sumofboxes + Randomization, family = binomial,
   data = df
summary(mod1)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Statusgp ~ Age + Educationyears + Gendergp + b_cdr_sumofboxes +
      Randomization, family = binomial, data = df)
##
## Coefficients:
                        Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
##
                       -2.269759 1.682361 -1.349 0.1773
## (Intercept)
                      -0.006342 0.021645 -0.293
## Age
                                                   0.7695
## Educationyears
                        0.016759 0.040452 0.414 0.6787
                                  0.305159 2.468 0.0136 *
## Gendergp1
                        0.753227
## b_cdr_sumofboxes
                        0.516099 0.218911 2.358 0.0184 *
## RandomizationCog
                        0.112969
                                  0.374144 0.346 0.7295
## RandomizationCog Phy 0.129400
## RandomizationPhy
                      -0.272612
                                  0.392334 -0.695
                                                   0.4872
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 406.54 on 545 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 393.91 on 538 degrees of freedom
     (1 observation deleted due to missingness)
## AIC: 409.91
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5
# new model with re-encoded randomization
mod2 <- glm(formula = Statusgp ~ Age + Educationyears +</pre>
   Gendergp + b_cdr_sumofboxes + isPhy, family = binomial,
   data = df
summary(mod2)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Statusgp ~ Age + Educationyears + Gendergp + b_cdr_sumofboxes +
      isPhy, family = binomial, data = df)
```

```
##
## Coefficients:
##
                    Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
                   -2.174138 1.654715 -1.314 0.1889
## (Intercept)
                   -0.006438 0.021587 -0.298
## Age
                                                  0.7655
## Educationyears
                    0.016164 0.040376 0.400
                                                 0.6889
## Gendergp1
                    0.753048 0.304970 2.469
                                                  0.0135 *
## b_cdr_sumofboxes 0.513243
                               0.218418 2.350
                                                  0.0188 *
## isPhv
                   -0.355609 0.320627 -1.109
                                                  0.2674
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 406.54 on 545 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 394.05 on 540 degrees of freedom
     (1 observation deleted due to missingness)
## AIC: 406.05
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5
Aggregate initial model
w <- aggregate(Statusgp ~ Age + Educationyears + Gendergp +
   b_cdr_sumofboxes + Randomization, data = df, FUN = sum)
n <- aggregate(Statusgp ~ Age + Educationyears + Gendergp +
   b cdr sumofboxes + Randomization, data = df, FUN = length)
w.n <- data.frame(Age = w$Age, Educationyears = w$Educationyears,
   Gendergp = w$Gendergp, b_cdr_sumofboxes = w$b_cdr_sumofboxes,
   Randomization = w$Randomization, Statusgp = w$Statusgp,
   subj = n$Statusgp)
# View(w.n)
mod.ag <- glm(formula = Statusgp/subj ~ Age + Educationyears +</pre>
   Gendergp + b_cdr_sumofboxes + Randomization, family = binomial,
   data = w.n, weights = subj)
summary(mod.ag)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Statusgp/subj ~ Age + Educationyears + Gendergp +
      b_cdr_sumofboxes + Randomization, family = binomial, data = w.n,
##
##
      weights = subj)
##
## Coefficients:
                        Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                       -2.269759
                                   1.682361 -1.349
                                                     0.1773
                       -0.006342
                                   0.021645 -0.293
                                                      0.7695
## Age
## Educationyears
                        0.016759
                                   0.040452 0.414
                                                      0.6787
                                              2.468
                        0.753227
                                   0.305159
                                                      0.0136 *
## Gendergp1
## b_cdr_sumofboxes
                      0.516099
                                   0.218911
                                              2.358
                                                      0.0184 *
```

0.112969

RandomizationCog

0.369153 0.306 0.7596

```
## RandomizationCog Phy 0.129400
                                              0.346
                                   0.374144
## RandomizationPhy
                       -0.272612
                                   0.392334 -0.695
                                                      0.4872
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
##
  (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 388.86 on 513 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 376.22 on 506 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 400.78
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5
# Perhaps do backwards selection on the full
# model So far, only b_cdr_sob and gender are
# important
```

Backwards selection on full model (initial)

```
library(logistf)
## Warning: package 'logistf' was built under R version 4.3.1
f_mod <- logistf(formula = Statusgp ~ factor(NGOgroup) +</pre>
    Randomization + Age + Educationyears + Gendergp +
    b_cdr_sumofboxes, data = df)
summary(f_mod)
## logistf(formula = Statusgp ~ factor(NGOgroup) + Randomization +
       Age + Educationyears + Gendergp + b cdr sumofboxes, data = df)
##
## Model fitted by Penalized ML
## Coefficients:
                                       se(coef) lower 0.95 upper 0.95
                                coef
                        -3.929439004 1.68884082 -7.34589269 -0.57871223
## (Intercept)
## factor(NGOgroup)2
                         2.031164853 0.46350978 1.16364254
                                                             3.04390911
## factor(NGOgroup)3
                         1.450029838 0.45164440 0.60113638
                                                             2.43655932
## RandomizationCog
                         0.149433742 0.36390995 -0.57156512
                                                             0.88147838
                                                              1.56025523
## RandomizationCog Phy 0.761092373 0.39559296 -0.02015329
## RandomizationPhy
                        -0.080620513 0.39259567 -0.87069705
                                                             0.69989262
## Age
                        -0.003611487 0.02094122 -0.04564458
                                                             0.03826081
## Educationyears
                         0.010640107 0.04008251 -0.07158573
                                                             0.08917366
                         0.634252170 0.30170791 0.02379252
## Gendergp1
                                                             1.22827970
## b_cdr_sumofboxes
                         0.467892761 0.21538521 0.03832130
                                                             0.89996231
                                               p method
##
                              Chisq
                         5.29194259 2.142431e-02
## (Intercept)
## factor(NGOgroup)2
                        24.32936125 8.119200e-07
                                                       2
## factor(NGOgroup)3
                        11.99528735 5.333525e-04
## RandomizationCog
                         0.16504090 6.845573e-01
                                                       2
                                                       2
## RandomizationCog Phy 3.64579862 5.621084e-02
                                                       2
## RandomizationPhy
                         0.04111783 8.393106e-01
                                                       2
## Age
                         0.02861303 8.656756e-01
## Educationyears
                         0.06732811 7.952675e-01
                                                       2
                                                       2
## Gendergp1
                         4.13984260 4.188506e-02
## b_cdr_sumofboxes
                         4.55501494 3.282248e-02
```

```
##
## Method: 1-Wald, 2-Profile penalized log-likelihood, 3-None
## Likelihood ratio test=37.22076 on 9 df, p=2.403476e-05, n=546
## Wald test = 191.9085 on 9 df, p = 0
mod_b <- backward(f_mod, slstay = 0.2)</pre>
## Step 0 : starting model
## Step 1 : removed Age (P= 0.8656756 )
## Step 2 : removed Educationyears (P= 0.7666313 )
summary(mod b)
## logistf(formula = Statusgp ~ factor(NGOgroup) + Randomization +
       Gendergp + b_cdr_sumofboxes, data = df)
## Model fitted by Penalized ML
## Coefficients:
                               coef se(coef) lower 0.95 upper 0.95
##
                                                                            Chisq
## (Intercept)
                        -4.16981306 0.5581646 -5.35988216 -3.1257549
                                                                              Inf
## factor(NGOgroup)2
                         2.04824240 0.4656276 1.18171352 3.0605140 24.88584326
## factor(NGOgroup)3
                         1.45248719 0.4539227 0.60388642 2.4386926 12.04671286
## RandomizationCog
                         0.15707336 0.3651171 -0.56347601 0.8887784 0.18256482
## RandomizationCog Phy 0.76267710 0.3969818 -0.01872565 1.5619072
                                                                       3.65953502
                        -0.08132722 0.3949804 -0.87304489 0.7007702 0.04166787
## RandomizationPhy
## Gendergp1
                         0.66347333 0.2901903 0.07706625 1.2314932 4.88645591
## b_cdr_sumofboxes
                         0.44646476 0.2047543 0.04050750 0.8569532 4.64596704
##
                                   p method
## (Intercept)
                        0.00000e+00
                                          2
## factor(NGOgroup)2
                        6.082747e-07
                                          2
## factor(NGOgroup)3
                        5.188379e-04
## RandomizationCog
                        6.691783e-01
                                          2
                                          2
## RandomizationCog Phy 5.574919e-02
## RandomizationPhy
                        8.382542e-01
                                          2
                                          2
## Gendergp1
                        2.706820e-02
## b_cdr_sumofboxes
                        3.112659e-02
                                          2
## Method: 1-Wald, 2-Profile penalized log-likelihood, 3-None
## Likelihood ratio test=37.40736 on 7 df, p=3.926573e-06, n=547
## Wald test = 191.8422 on 7 df, p = 0
## backwards selection 2
rel_vars <- c("NGOgroup", "Randomization", "Statusgp",</pre>
    "Age", "Gendergp", "Educationyears", "b_Adas_DelayedRecall",
    "b_Adas_Total", "b_CMMSE", "b_CVFT_Total", "b_Cornell_Total",
    "b_CIRS_Total", "b_MIC_Total", "b_CNPI_Total",
    "b_cdr_sumofboxes")
df_red2 <- df[, c(rel_vars)]</pre>
df_red2 <- df_red2[complete.cases(df_red2), ]</pre>
f_mod2 <- logistf(formula = Statusgp ~ NGOgroup + Randomization +</pre>
    Age + Gendergp + Educationyears + b_Adas_DelayedRecall +
```

```
b_Adas_Total + b_CMMSE + b_CVFT_Total + b_cdr_sumofboxes +
    b_Cornell_Total + b_CIRS_Total + b_CNPI_Total +
    b MIC Total, data = df red2)
summary(f mod2)
## logistf(formula = Statusgp ~ NGOgroup + Randomization + Age +
##
       Gendergp + Educationyears + b_Adas_DelayedRecall + b_Adas_Total +
##
       b_CMMSE + b_CVFT_Total + b_cdr_sumofboxes + b_Cornell_Total +
       b_CIRS_Total + b_CNPI_Total + b_MIC_Total, data = df_red2)
##
## Model fitted by Penalized ML
## Coefficients:
##
                                coef
                                         se(coef)
                                                    lower 0.95
                                                                 upper 0.95
## (Intercept)
                        -1.643241998 2.730626342 -7.208173712
                                                                3.877181124
## NGOgroup2
                         2.235125274 0.488139593 1.303128402
                                                                3.335514197
## NGOgroup3
                         1.667117855 0.471254962 0.765799894
                                                                2.726915214
## RandomizationCog
                         0.173510417 0.368782062 -0.567508229
                                                                0.926749775
## RandomizationCog Phy 0.822033100 0.408234597 0.006386015
                                                                1.660514793
## RandomizationPhy
                        -0.058781134  0.402562329  -0.881105168  0.752795265
## Age
                        -0.006749990 0.021572870 -0.050580362 0.037030487
## Gendergp1
                         0.608367459 0.316064061 -0.038538969
                                                                1.239758357
## Educationyears
                         0.019683175 0.041828169 -0.066918926
                                                                0.102864376
## b Adas DelayedRecall -0.153215601 0.072113471 -0.301403409 -0.008545433
## b_Adas_Total
                         0.027493686 0.053079858 -0.081035035
                                                               0.134275457
## b_CMMSE
                        -0.056958825 0.072911474 -0.205236452
                                                                0.090683516
## b_CVFT_Total
                        -0.006248923 0.020813283 -0.049100673
                                                                0.035664199
## b_cdr_sumofboxes
                        -0.036643257 0.305591357 -0.666502080
                                                                0.573616209
                         0.138505688 0.078420412 -0.021544056
                                                                0.302722301
## b_Cornell_Total
## b_CIRS_Total
                         0.007103821 0.005735844 -0.005243857
                                                                0.018109087
                         0.032271066 0.043227026 -0.059704470
## b_CNPI_Total
                                                                0.117806587
## b_MIC_Total
                        -0.024264040 0.034255631 -0.094673910
                                                                0.044672527
##
                              Chisq
                                               p method
## (Intercept)
                         0.33995440 5.598555e-01
                                                       2
                                                       2
## NGOgroup2
                        26.21055213 3.061451e-07
## NGOgroup3
                        14.38171645 1.492444e-04
                                                       2
                                                       2
## RandomizationCog
                         0.21058478 6.463094e-01
## RandomizationCog Phy 3.90200670 4.822847e-02
                                                       2
## RandomizationPhy
                         0.02019198 8.870022e-01
                                                       2
                                                       2
                         0.09163923 7.621035e-01
## Age
## Gendergp1
                         3.40552281 6.497852e-02
                                                       2
                                                       2
## Educationyears
                         0.20627739 6.497009e-01
                                                       2
## b_Adas_DelayedRecall 4.31257554 3.783164e-02
                         0.25134438 6.161300e-01
                                                       2
## b_Adas_Total
## b_CMMSE
                         0.57326641 4.489638e-01
                                                       2
                                                       2
## b_CVFT_Total
                         0.08427178 7.715898e-01
## b_cdr_sumofboxes
                         0.01352047 9.074326e-01
                                                       2
                                                       2
## b_Cornell_Total
                         2.86392999 9.058593e-02
                                                       2
## b_CIRS_Total
                         1.35717062 2.440284e-01
                                                       2
## b_CNPI_Total
                         0.50041768 4.793167e-01
## b_MIC_Total
                         0.47201621 4.920611e-01
## Method: 1-Wald, 2-Profile penalized log-likelihood, 3-None
```

##

```
## Likelihood ratio test=57.0238 on 17 df, p=3.228198e-06, n=542
## Wald test = 183.2166 on 17 df, p = 0
mod_b2 <- logistf::backward(f_mod2, slstay = 0.2)</pre>
## Step 0 : starting model
## Step 1 : removed b_cdr_sumofboxes (P= 0.9074326 )
## Step 2 : removed b_CVFT_Total (P= 0.772004 )
## Step 3 : removed Age (P= 0.7765024 )
## Step 4 : removed b_Adas_Total (P= 0.5945421 )
## Step 5 : removed Educationyears (P= 0.6363126 )
## Step 6 : removed b_CNPI_Total (P= 0.4734064 )
## Step 7 : removed b_MIC_Total (P= 0.5042037 )
## Step 8 : removed b_CMMSE (P= 0.3625514 )
## Step 9 : removed b_CIRS_Total (P= 0.3177327 )
summary(mod_b2)
## logistf(formula = Statusgp ~ NGOgroup + Randomization + Gendergp +
      b_Adas_DelayedRecall + b_Cornell_Total, data = df_red2)
##
## Model fitted by Penalized ML
## Coefficients:
##
                                   se(coef) lower 0.95 upper 0.95
## (Intercept)
                     -3.5054975 0.56276132 -4.71643226 -2.45287355 55.33395821
## NGOgroup2
                     2.3528603 0.49963097 1.42431828 3.44690966 29.69693359
## NGOgroup3
                      1.6181203 0.47691713 0.72864669 2.66257117 13.85776937
## RandomizationCog Phy 0.8397045 0.40945354 0.03393844 1.66679269 4.17249763
## RandomizationPhy -0.1275276 0.40572117 -0.94370163 0.67574107 0.09685072
## Gendergp1
                       0.6345574 0.29632491 0.03410275 1.21505354 4.27802821
## b Adas DelayedRecall -0.1838506 0.06138303 -0.30873238 -0.06352682 9.08096621
## b_Cornell_Total 0.1891988 0.04942350 0.08831178 0.29173981 13.03842505
##
                                 p method
## (Intercept)
                      1.016964e-13
                                        2
## NGOgroup2
                                        2
                      5.051466e-08
## NGOgroup3
                      1.971798e-04
                                        2
                                        2
## RandomizationCog
                      6.628721e-01
## RandomizationCog Phy 4.108519e-02
                                        2
                                        2
## RandomizationPhy
                      7.556421e-01
## Gendergp1
                      3.860811e-02
                                        2
                                        2
## b Adas DelayedRecall 2.582836e-03
## b_Cornell_Total
                                        2
                      3.051646e-04
##
## Method: 1-Wald, 2-Profile penalized log-likelihood, 3-None
## Likelihood ratio test=54.5959 on 8 df, p=5.289648e-09, n=542
## Wald test = 181.9295 on 8 df, p = 0
mod2 <- glm(formula = Statusgp ~ factor(NGOgroup) +</pre>
   Gendergp + b_cdr_sumofboxes, family = binomial,
   data = df
summary(mod2)
```

```
## Call:
## glm(formula = Statusgp ~ factor(NGOgroup) + Gendergp + b_cdr_sumofboxes,
      family = binomial, data = df)
##
## Coefficients:
                    Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
##
                     -3.9332 0.4823 -8.155 3.50e-16 ***
## (Intercept)
## factor(NGOgroup)2 1.8418
                                0.4583 4.019 5.84e-05 ***
## factor(NGOgroup)3
                      1.4788
                                 0.4683
                                          3.158 0.00159 **
## Gendergp1
                      0.6669
                                 0.2968
                                          2.247 0.02463 *
                                 0.2095
## b_cdr_sumofboxes
                      0.4495
                                          2.146 0.03189 *
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 406.80 on 546 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 373.41 on 542 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 383.41
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
df$Randomization <- factor(df$Randomization)</pre>
mod3 <- glm(formula = Statusgp ~ Randomization, family = binomial,</pre>
   data = df
summary(mod3)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Statusgp ~ Randomization, family = binomial, data = df)
## Coefficients:
                       Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                       -1.94591
                                   0.26726 -7.281 3.31e-13 ***
## RandomizationCog
                       0.07007
                                   0.36349
                                           0.193
                                                      0.847
## RandomizationCog Phy 0.11778
                                   0.36866
                                             0.319
                                                      0.749
## RandomizationPhy
                       -0.29783
                                   0.38783 -0.768
                                                      0.443
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
      Null deviance: 406.80 on 546 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 405.33 on 543 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 413.33
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
Model assessment for Backwards Selection Model
```

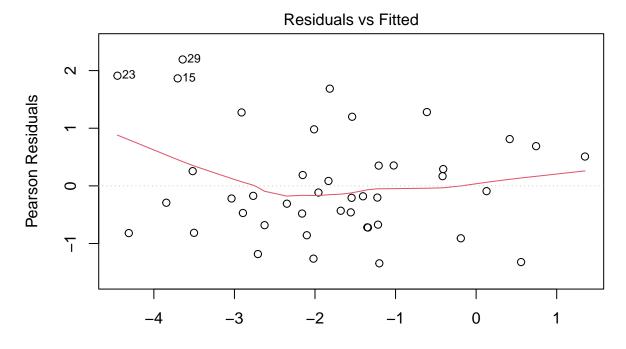
```
mod_b_sel <- glm(formula = Statusgp ~ NGOgroup + Randomization +</pre>
    Gendergp + b_Adas_DelayedRecall + b_Cornell_Total,
    family = binomial, data = df_red2)
```

```
summary(mod_b_sel)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Statusgp ~ NGOgroup + Randomization + Gendergp +
      b_Adas_DelayedRecall + b_Cornell_Total, family = binomial,
##
      data = df_red2)
##
## Coefficients:
##
                      Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                      -3.64732 0.59373 -6.143 8.09e-10 ***
## NGOgroup2
                       ## NGOgroup3
## RandomizationCog
                       0.16826
                                  0.38462
                                          0.437 0.661781
## RandomizationCog Phy 0.86138
                                  0.42216 2.040 0.041307 *
## RandomizationPhy
                      -0.14213
                                  0.41874 -0.339 0.734284
## Gendergp1
                                  0.30516
                                            2.103 0.035465 *
                       0.64175
## b_Adas_DelayedRecall -0.18995
                                  0.06336 -2.998 0.002719 **
## b_Cornell_Total
                       0.19578
                                  0.05327
                                          3.675 0.000238 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 405.49 on 541 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 349.65 on 533 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 367.65
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
## Suggestion that CP is most important
df_red2$RandCP <- as.integer(df_red2$Randomization ==</pre>
    "Cog Phy")
mod_b_sel2 <- glm(formula = Statusgp ~ NGOgroup + factor(RandCP) +</pre>
   Gendergp + b_Adas_DelayedRecall + b_Cornell_Total,
   family = binomial, data = df_red2)
summary(mod_b_sel2)
##
## glm(formula = Statusgp ~ NGOgroup + factor(RandCP) + Gendergp +
      b_Adas_DelayedRecall + b_Cornell_Total, family = binomial,
##
##
      data = df red2)
##
## Coefficients:
                       Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                      -3.63310 0.53300 -6.816 9.34e-12 ***
## NGOgroup2
                       2.46777
                                  0.52766
                                            4.677 2.91e-06 ***
## NGOgroup3
                       1.74674
                                  0.50200
                                            3.480 0.000502 ***
## factor(RandCP)1
                       0.83120
                                  0.35505
                                            2.341 0.019227 *
## Gendergp1
                       0.63172
                                  0.30463
                                            2.074 0.038103 *
## b_Adas_DelayedRecall -0.18815
                                  0.06319 -2.978 0.002904 **
```

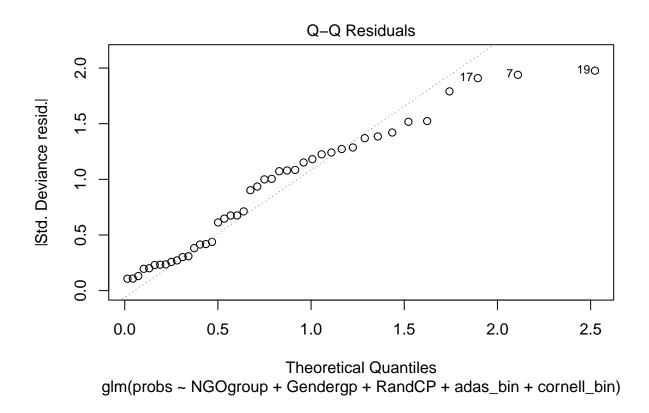
```
## b_Cornell_Total
                        0.19022
                                   0.05233 3.635 0.000278 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
      Null deviance: 405.49 on 541 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 350.24 on 535 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 364.24
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
## Model Assessment
### New aggregations
bins.quantiles(df_red2$b_Adas_DelayedRecall, target.bins = 3,
   max.breaks = 12)
## $binlo
## [1] 1 4 7
## $binhi
## [1] 3 6 10
##
## $binct
## [0, 2] [3, 5] [6, 9]
##
     189
            249
                 104
##
## $xtbl
## 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
## 78 37 74 87 84 78 53 38 9 4
##
## $xval
## [1] 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
##
## $err
## [1] 59.48856
# adas bins: [0,2] [3,5] and [6,9]
df_red2 <- df_red2 %>%
   mutate(adas_bin = cut(b_Adas_DelayedRecall, breaks = c(-1,
       2, 5, 9)))
# Cornell bins: use 6 as depression cutoff
# (mentioned in Lam et al paper pg. 5)
df_red2 <- df_red2 %>%
   mutate(cornell_bin = cut(b_Cornell_Total, breaks = c(-1,
        5, 24)))
ag.df <- aggregate(Statusgp ~ NGOgroup + Gendergp +
   RandCP + adas_bin + cornell_bin, data = df_red2,
   FUN = sum)
n <- aggregate(Statusgp ~ NGOgroup + Gendergp + RandCP +
   adas_bin + cornell_bin, data = df_red2, FUN = length)
probs <- ag.df$Statusgp/n$Statusgp</pre>
```

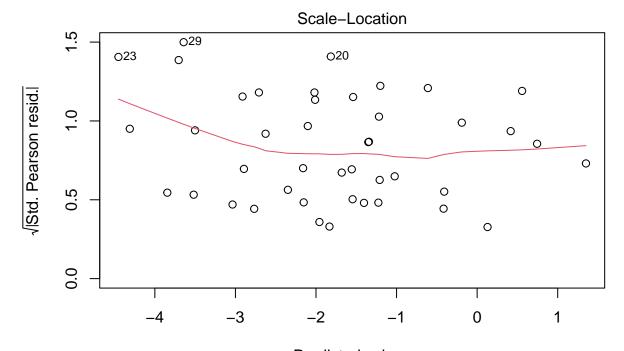
```
ag.df_aug <- cbind(ag.df, probs)</pre>
ag.mod <- glm(formula = probs ~ NGOgroup + Gendergp +</pre>
   RandCP + adas_bin + cornell_bin, family = binomial,
   data = ag.df_aug, weights = n$Statusgp)
summary(ag.mod)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = probs ~ NGOgroup + Gendergp + RandCP + adas_bin +
      cornell_bin, family = binomial, data = ag.df_aug, weights = n$Statusgp)
## Coefficients:
                   Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
##
## (Intercept)
                             0.4948 -7.110 1.16e-12 ***
                  -3.5180
## NGOgroup2
                   2.2999
                             0.5030 4.573 4.82e-06 ***
## NGOgroup3
                   1.6852
                             0.4829 3.490 0.000483 ***
## Gendergp1
                    0.6068
                             0.3014 2.013 0.044072 *
## RandCP
                    ## adas_bin(2,5]
                   -0.9342
                            0.4045 -2.309 0.020923 *
## adas_bin(5,9]
## cornell_bin(5,24] 1.9623
                             0.6911 2.839 0.004520 **
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 86.635 on 42 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 36.502 on 35 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 107.69
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5
```

plot(ag.mod)

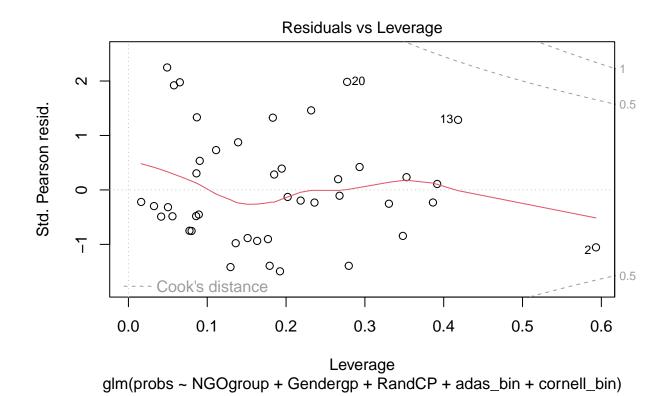


Predicted values
glm(probs ~ NGOgroup + Gendergp + RandCP + adas_bin + cornell_bin)

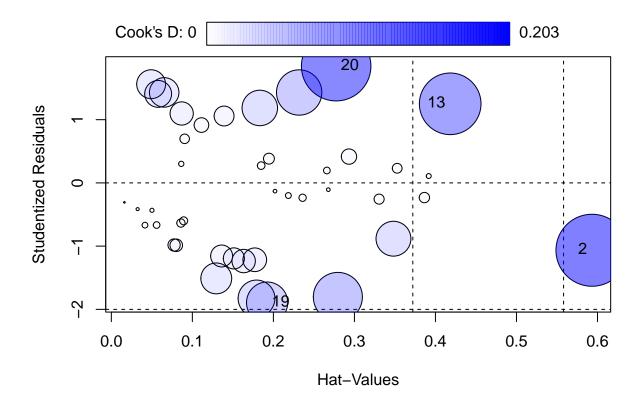




Predicted values glm(probs ~ NGOgroup + Gendergp + RandCP + adas_bin + cornell_bin)



Influence Plot for aggregate model
car::influencePlot(ag.mod)



```
##
        StudRes
                      Hat
                                CookD
## 2 -1.065118 0.5931821 0.20292338
## 13 1.250748 0.4182056 0.14859621
## 19 -1.893425 0.1922831 0.06648379
## 20 1.846197 0.2774651 0.18893144
## Seeing the influential points
misses <- ag.df_aug[c(2, 13, 19, 20), ]
misses$est_prob <- ag.mod$fitted.values[c(2, 13, 19,
    20)]
View(misses)
## Sensitivity analysis: dropping one influential
## point at a time
for (i in c(2, 13, 19, 20)) {
    without_misses <- ag.df_aug[-i, ]</pre>
    ag.mod.test <- glm(formula = probs ~ NGOgroup +</pre>
        Gendergp + RandCP + adas_bin + cornell_bin,
        family = binomial, data = without_misses, weights = n$Statusgp[-i])
    print(summary(ag.mod.test))
}
##
## Call:
   glm(formula = probs ~ NGOgroup + Gendergp + RandCP + adas_bin +
##
       cornell_bin, family = binomial, data = without_misses, weights = n$Statusgp[-i])
##
```

```
## Coefficients:
##
                    Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                     -3.3755
                                0.5066 -6.662 2.69e-11 ***
                                 0.5343 4.660 3.16e-06 ***
## NGOgroup2
                      2.4901
## NGOgroup3
                      1.6862
                                 0.4826
                                          3.494 0.000476 ***
                                 0.3201
## Gendergp1
                      0.4927
                                          1.539 0.123780
## RandCP
                                          2.222 0.026250 *
                      0.7793
                                 0.3507
## adas bin(2,5]
                     -0.9867
                                 0.3548 -2.781 0.005422 **
## adas bin(5,9]
                     -1.1465
                                 0.4525 -2.534 0.011280 *
## cornell_bin(5,24]
                     1.8742
                                 0.7065
                                          2.653 0.007984 **
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
       Null deviance: 84.861 on 41 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 35.374 on 34 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 102.71
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5
##
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = probs ~ NGOgroup + Gendergp + RandCP + adas_bin +
       cornell_bin, family = binomial, data = without_misses, weights = n$Statusgp[-i])
## Coefficients:
                    Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                                 0.4982 -7.054 1.74e-12 ***
                     -3.5143
## NGOgroup2
                      2.1781
                                 0.5178 4.207 2.59e-05 ***
## NGOgroup3
                      1.6930
                                 0.4851
                                          3.490 0.000483 ***
## Gendergp1
                      0.7265
                                 0.3181
                                          2.284 0.022386 *
## RandCP
                      0.8566
                                 0.3577
                                          2.395 0.016627 *
## adas_bin(2,5]
                     -1.0002
                                 0.3534 -2.830 0.004649 **
                      -0.9233
                                 0.4055
                                        -2.277 0.022786 *
## adas bin(5,9]
                                 0.6951
                                          2.915 0.003561 **
## cornell_bin(5,24]
                     2.0258
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
       Null deviance: 85.908 on 41 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 34.919 on 34 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 102.34
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5
##
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = probs ~ NGOgroup + Gendergp + RandCP + adas_bin +
       cornell_bin, family = binomial, data = without_misses, weights = n$Statusgp[-i])
##
##
## Coefficients:
##
                    Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
```

```
## (Intercept)
                      -3.6456
                                  0.5093 -7.158 8.18e-13 ***
## NGOgroup2
                                  0.5206
                                           4.738 2.15e-06 ***
                       2.4667
## NGOgroup3
                                           3.541 0.000399 ***
                      1.7178
                                  0.4851
## Gendergp1
                                  0.3027
                                           1.839 0.065881 .
                       0.5568
## RandCP
                       0.9983
                                  0.3714
                                           2.688 0.007192 **
## adas bin(2,5]
                      -0.7156
                                  0.3045 -2.350 0.018769 *
## adas bin(5,9]
                      -0.9496
                                  0.4057 - 2.340 \ 0.019262 *
## cornell_bin(5,24]
                       1.9618
                                  0.6897
                                           2.844 0.004451 **
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
       Null deviance: 85.042 on 41 degrees of freedom
##
## Residual deviance: 32.921 on 34 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 104.11
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5
##
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = probs ~ NGOgroup + Gendergp + RandCP + adas_bin +
       cornell_bin, family = binomial, data = without_misses, weights = n$Statusgp[-i])
##
##
## Coefficients:
                     Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                      -3.3458
                                  0.4963 -6.742 1.57e-11 ***
## NGOgroup2
                       2.1822
                                  0.5035
                                           4.334 1.46e-05 ***
## NGOgroup3
                       1.4765
                                  0.4959
                                           2.977 0.00291 **
## Gendergp1
                       0.7168
                                  0.3095
                                           2.316 0.02057 *
## RandCP
                       0.5685
                                  0.3861
                                           1.472 0.14094
## adas_bin(2,5]
                      -0.9822
                                  0.3283 -2.992 0.00277 **
## adas_bin(5,9]
                      -0.9556
                                  0.4066
                                         -2.350 0.01875 *
                                  0.7000
                                           2.803 0.00506 **
## cornell_bin(5,24]
                      1.9624
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
       Null deviance: 83.431 on 41 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 33.051 on 34 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 101.08
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5
## Dropping all influential points at once
without_misses1 \leftarrow ag.df_aug[-c(2, 13, 19, 20), ]
ag.mod2 <- glm(formula = probs ~ NGOgroup + Gendergp +</pre>
    RandCP + adas_bin + cornell_bin, family = binomial,
    data = without_misses1, weights = n$Statusgp[-c(2,
        13, 19, 20)])
summary(ag.mod2)
```

##

```
## Call:
## glm(formula = probs ~ NGOgroup + Gendergp + RandCP + adas_bin +
       cornell_bin, family = binomial, data = without_misses1, weights = n$Statusgp[-c(2,
##
       13, 19, 20)])
##
## Coefficients:
                    Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
                                 0.5232 -6.261 3.83e-10 ***
## (Intercept)
                      -3.2754
## NGOgroup2
                       2.3816
                                 0.6101
                                          3.904 9.48e-05 ***
## NGOgroup3
                      1.4893
                                 0.5000
                                          2.979 0.00289 **
## Gendergp1
                      0.6785
                                 0.3863
                                          1.756 0.07903 .
## RandCP
                                          1.683 0.09235 .
                      0.6949
                                 0.4129
## adas_bin(2,5]
                     -1.3303
                                 0.4333 -3.070 0.00214 **
## adas_bin(5,9]
                     -1.1697
                                 0.4769 -2.453 0.01418 *
                                          2.660 0.00782 **
                                 0.7247
## cornell_bin(5,24]
                     1.9277
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
       Null deviance: 78.602 on 38 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 27.607 on 31 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 88.025
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5
### New Model based on aggregations
mod_b_sel3 <- glm(formula = Statusgp ~ NGOgroup + factor(RandCP) +</pre>
    Gendergp + adas_bin + cornell_bin, family = binomial,
    data = df_red2)
summary(mod_b_sel3)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Statusgp ~ NGOgroup + factor(RandCP) + Gendergp +
##
       adas_bin + cornell_bin, family = binomial, data = df_red2)
##
## Coefficients:
##
                    Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                     -3.5180
                              0.4948 -7.110 1.16e-12 ***
## NGOgroup2
                      2.2999
                                 0.5030
                                         4.573 4.82e-06 ***
## NGOgroup3
                       1.6852
                                 0.4829
                                          3.490 0.000484 ***
## factor(RandCP)1
                      0.8096
                                 0.3501
                                          2.312 0.020762 *
## Gendergp1
                       0.6068
                                 0.3014
                                          2.013 0.044073 *
                                 0.3038 -2.610 0.009045 **
## adas_bin(2,5]
                     -0.7929
## adas_bin(5,9]
                      -0.9342
                                 0.4045 -2.309 0.020923 *
                                          2.839 0.004520 **
## cornell_bin(5,24]
                                 0.6911
                      1.9623
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
       Null deviance: 405.49 on 541 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 355.36 on 534 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 371.36
```

```
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
CIs <- exp(confint(mod_b_sel3))</pre>
## Waiting for profiling to be done...
coeffs <- exp(mod_b_sel3$coefficients)</pre>
coeffs
##
         (Intercept)
                              NGOgroup2
                                                 NGOgroup3
                                                              factor(RandCP)1
##
          0.02965852
                             9.97325927
                                                5.39349912
                                                                   2.24702382
##
                          adas_bin(2,5]
           Gendergp1
                                             adas_bin(5,9] cornell_bin(5,24]
##
          1.83458346
                             0.45251946
                                                0.39290756
                                                                   7.11535408
df_res <- data.frame(Estimates = coeffs)</pre>
df_res <- cbind(df_res, CIs)</pre>
View(df res)
Truncated dataframe for use in bestglm
library(bestglm)
## Warning: package 'bestglm' was built under R version 4.3.1
## Loading required package: leaps
## Warning: package 'leaps' was built under R version 4.3.1
reduced_df <- df[, colnames(df) %in% rel_vars]</pre>
reduced_df <- reduced_df[complete.cases(reduced_df),</pre>
    ]
reduced_df$y <- reduced_df$Statusgp</pre>
reduced_df$Statusgp <- NULL</pre>
## All Subsets Regression
res.bestglm <- bestglm(Xy = as.data.frame(reduced_df),</pre>
    family = binomial(link = "logit"), IC = "AIC",
    method = "exhaustive")
## Morgan-Tatar search since family is non-gaussian.
## Note: factors present with more than 2 levels.
res.bestglm$BestModel
##
## Call: glm(formula = y ~ ., family = family, data = Xi, weights = weights)
##
## Coefficients:
                                                             NGOgroup3
##
            (Intercept)
                                     NGOgroup2
##
                -3.2281
                                         2.0976
                                                                1.6451
                                                      b_Cornell_Total
##
              Gendergp1 b_Adas_DelayedRecall
##
                 0.6395
                                       -0.1844
                                                                0.1850
## Degrees of Freedom: 541 Total (i.e. Null); 536 Residual
## Null Deviance:
                         405.5
```

Residual Deviance: 355.6 AIC: 367.6

```
res.bestglm
## AIC
## Best Model:
##
                      Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value
                                              Pr(>F)
                      2 2.33 1.1635 11.679 1.08e-05 ***
## NGOgroup
## Gendergp
                      1
                          0.44 0.4420 4.437 0.03563 *
## b_Adas_DelayedRecall 1 0.92 0.9247
                                      9.283 0.00243 **
## b_Cornell_Total 1
                          1.63 1.6292 16.355 6.02e-05 ***
## Residuals
                     536 53.39 0.0996
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
best_mod2 <- glm(formula = y ~ NGOgroup + Gendergp +</pre>
   b_Adas_DelayedRecall + b_Cornell_Total, family = binomial,
   data = reduced_df)
summary(best_mod2)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = y ~ NGOgroup + Gendergp + b_Adas_DelayedRecall +
      b_Cornell_Total, family = binomial, data = reduced_df)
##
## Coefficients:
                     Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
##
## (Intercept)
                    -3.22815 0.49104 -6.574 4.89e-11 ***
                      ## NGOgroup2
## NGOgroup3
                     ## Gendergp1
## b_Adas_DelayedRecall -0.18443
                               0.06307 -2.924 0.003454 **
                               0.05296 3.493 0.000478 ***
## b_Cornell_Total
                      0.18497
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 405.49 on 541 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 355.56 on 536 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 367.56
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
Diagnostics for predictive model (model fit)
```

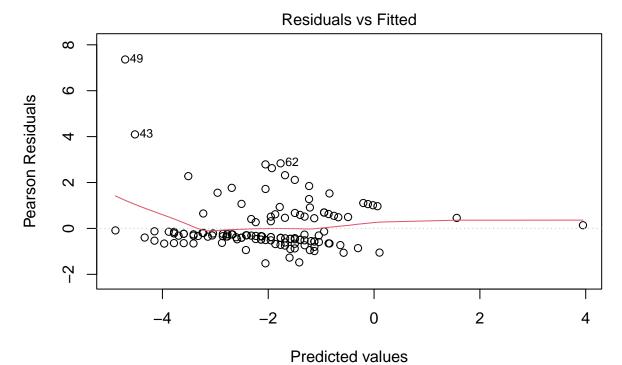
```
# Aggregated Data

ag.df <- aggregate(y ~ NGOgroup + Gendergp + b_Adas_DelayedRecall +
    b_Cornell_Total, data = reduced_df, FUN = sum)

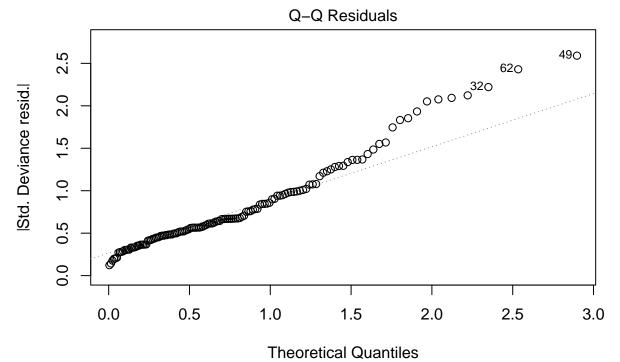
n <- aggregate(y ~ NGOgroup + Gendergp + b_Adas_DelayedRecall +
    b_Cornell_Total, data = reduced_df, FUN = length)

View(ag.df)</pre>
```

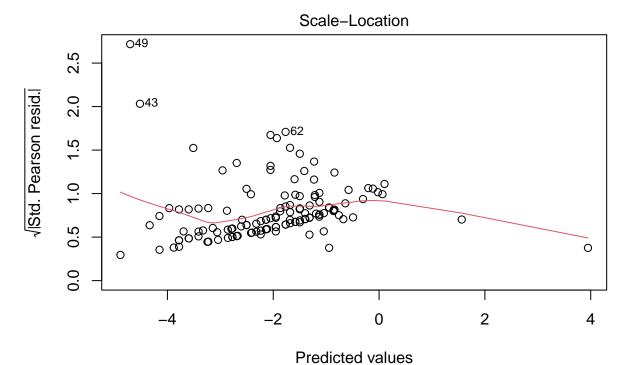
```
probs <- ag.df$y/n$y</pre>
sum(probs == 0)
## [1] 84
ag.df_aug <- cbind(ag.df, probs)
View(ag.df_aug)
ag.mod <- glm(formula = probs ~ NGOgroup + Gendergp +
   b_Adas_DelayedRecall + b_Cornell_Total, family = binomial,
   data = ag.df_aug, weights = n$y)
summary(ag.mod)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = probs ~ NGOgroup + Gendergp + b_Adas_DelayedRecall +
      b_Cornell_Total, family = binomial, data = ag.df_aug, weights = n$y)
##
## Coefficients:
                     Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
##
## (Intercept)
                     -3.22815 0.49101 -6.575 4.88e-11 ***
                      ## NGOgroup2
## NGOgroup3
                      1.64510 0.49571 3.319 0.000904 ***
## Gendergp1
                      0.06307 -2.924 0.003454 **
## b_Adas_DelayedRecall -0.18443
## b_Cornell_Total 0.18497 0.05296 3.493 0.000478 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
      Null deviance: 161.90 on 132 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 111.96 on 127 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 193.99
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5
plot(ag.mod)
```



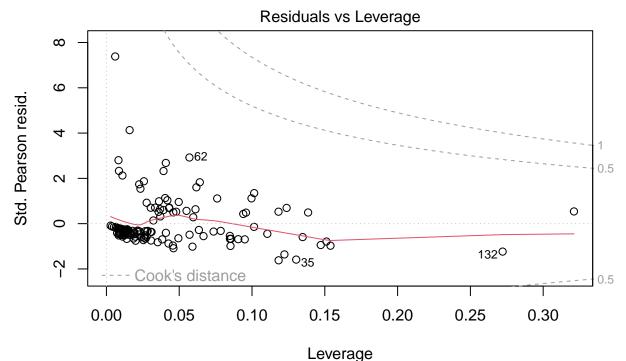
glm(probs ~ NGOgroup + Gendergp + b_Adas_DelayedRecall + b_Cornell_Total)



glm(probs ~ NGOgroup + Gendergp + b_Adas_DelayedRecall + b_Cornell_Total)



glm(probs ~ NGOgroup + Gendergp + b_Adas_DelayedRecall + b_Cornell_Total)



glm(probs ~ NGOgroup + Gendergp + b_Adas_DelayedRecall + b_Cornell_Total)

```
pchisq(111.96, df = 127, lower.tail = F)
## [1] 0.82677
summary(best_mod2)
##
## Call:
  glm(formula = y ~ NGOgroup + Gendergp + b_Adas_DelayedRecall +
##
       b_Cornell_Total, family = binomial, data = reduced_df)
##
## Coefficients:
                        Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
##
## (Intercept)
                        -3.22815
                                    0.49104
                                            -6.574 4.89e-11 ***
## NGOgroup2
                                    0.49002
                                              4.281 1.86e-05 ***
                         2.09755
## NGOgroup3
                         1.64510
                                    0.49574
                                              3.318 0.000905 ***
## Gendergp1
                         0.63948
                                    0.30251
                                              2.114 0.034523 *
## b_Adas_DelayedRecall -0.18443
                                    0.06307
                                             -2.924 0.003454 **
## b_Cornell_Total
                         0.18497
                                    0.05296
                                              3.493 0.000478 ***
##
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
  (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
```

Null deviance: 405.49 on 541 degrees of freedom

Residual deviance: 355.56 on 536 degrees of freedom

##

AIC: 367.56

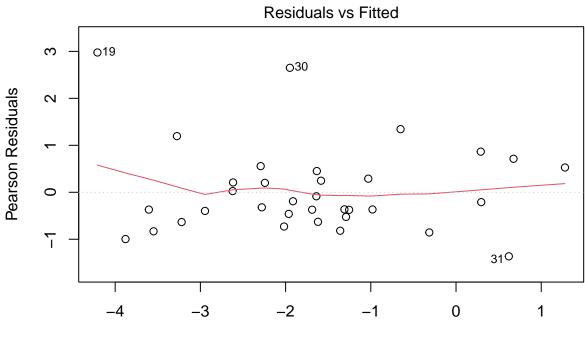
```
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
# compare to saturated model
pchisq(355.56, df = 536, lower.tail = F)
## [1] 1
# no evidence of better complexity being good
Assessing predictive accuracy: Tuning cutoff and Checking mislabels
p_{seq} \leftarrow seq(0.01, 0.99, 0.01)
acc <- rep(0, length(p_seq))</pre>
actuals <- reduced_df$y</pre>
for (i in 1:length(p_seq)) {
    preds <- best_mod2$fitted.values > p_seq[i]
    comps <- preds == actuals</pre>
    acc[i] <- sum(comps)/length(comps)</pre>
}
accuracy <- max(acc)</pre>
best_p <- p_seq[which.max(acc)]</pre>
preds <- best_mod2$fitted.values > best_p
library(caret)
## Warning: package 'caret' was built under R version 4.3.1
## Loading required package: ggplot2
## Loading required package: lattice
preds <- factor(as.numeric(preds))</pre>
actuals <- factor(actuals)</pre>
confusionMatrix(data = actuals, reference = preds,
    dnn = c("Actual", "Prediction"))
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
         Prediction
##
## Actual 0
        0 474
##
                 1
        1 61
##
##
##
                   Accuracy : 0.8856
##
                     95% CI : (0.8558, 0.9112)
       No Information Rate: 0.9871
##
##
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 1
##
##
                      Kappa : 0.1421
##
   Mcnemar's Test P-Value : 6.731e-14
```

```
##
##
              Sensitivity: 0.88598
##
              Specificity: 0.85714
            Pos Pred Value: 0.99789
##
##
            Neg Pred Value: 0.08955
                Prevalence: 0.98708
##
##
            Detection Rate: 0.87454
      Detection Prevalence: 0.87638
##
##
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.87156
##
##
          'Positive' Class : 0
##
library(boot)
##
## Attaching package: 'boot'
## The following object is masked from 'package:lattice':
##
##
       melanoma
## The following object is masked from 'package:car':
##
##
       logit
f_mod_pred <- glm(formula = y ~ NGOgroup + Randomization +</pre>
    Age + Gendergp + Educationyears + b_Adas_DelayedRecall +
   b_Adas_Total + b_CMMSE + b_CVFT_Total + b_cdr_sumofboxes +
   b_Cornell_Total + b_CIRS_Total + b_CNPI_Total +
    b_MIC_Total, family = binomial, data = reduced_df)
View(head(df red2))
cv.glm(data = reduced_df, glmfit = best_mod2, K = 10)$delta
## [1] 0.09947888 0.09927586
cv.glm(data = reduced_df, glmfit = f_mod_pred, K = 10)$delta
## [1] 0.1030524 0.1024661
Miscellaenous
New aggregations
summary(reduced_df$b_Adas_DelayedRecall)
##
     Min. 1st Qu.
                    Median
                              Mean 3rd Qu.
                                              Max.
##
     0.000
            2.000
                     3.000
                             3.439
                                     5.000
                                             9.000
summary(reduced_df$b_Cornell_Total)
##
      Min. 1st Qu. Median
                              Mean 3rd Qu.
                                              Max.
## 0.0000 0.0000 0.6882 0.0000 24.0000
# 6 or higher is determined to be clinically
# relevant depression
reduced_df$Deprs <- reduced_df$b_Cornell_Total >= 6
```

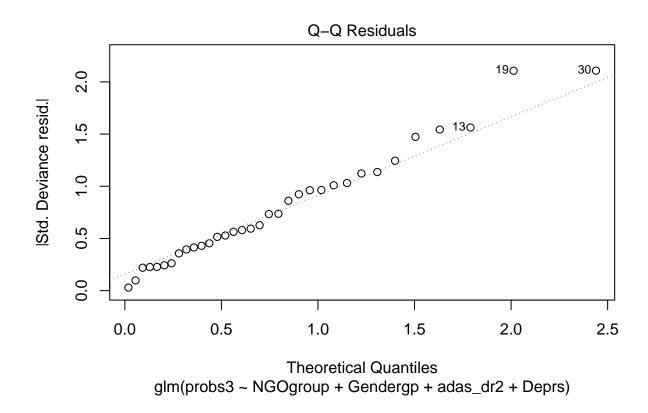
```
ag_mod2 <- glm(formula = y ~ NGOgroup + Gendergp +</pre>
    b_Adas_DelayedRecall + Deprs, family = binomial,
    data = reduced df)
cutoffs_adas <- quantile(reduced_df$b_Adas_DelayedRecall,</pre>
    c(1/4, 1/2, 3/4))
cutoffs_adas
## 25% 50% 75%
##
     2
       3
reduced_df$adas_dr2 <- rep(0, nrow(reduced_df))</pre>
reduced_df$adas_dr2[reduced_df$b_Adas_DelayedRecall <=</pre>
    cutoffs adas[1]] <- 0
reduced_df$adas_dr2[reduced_df$b_Adas_DelayedRecall >
    cutoffs_adas[1] & reduced_df$b_Adas_DelayedRecall <=</pre>
    cutoffs_adas[2]] <- 1</pre>
reduced_df$adas_dr2[reduced_df$b_Adas_DelayedRecall >
    cutoffs_adas[2] & reduced_df$b_Adas_DelayedRecall <=</pre>
    cutoffs_adas[3]] <- 2</pre>
reduced_df$adas_dr2[reduced_df$b_Adas_DelayedRecall >
    cutoffs_adas[3]] <- 3</pre>
ag_mod3 <- glm(formula = y ~ NGOgroup + Gendergp +
    adas_dr2 + Deprs, family = binomial, data = reduced_df)
summary(ag_mod3)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = y ~ NGOgroup + Gendergp + adas_dr2 + Deprs, family = binomial,
       data = reduced df)
##
## Coefficients:
##
               Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept) -3.2200 0.4463 -7.215 5.38e-13 ***
## NGOgroup2
                 1.9657
                             0.4662
                                    4.217 2.48e-05 ***
## NGOgroup3
                                      3.330 0.000868 ***
                 1.5867
                            0.4764
## Gendergp1
                 0.6037
                             0.2990
                                    2.019 0.043466 *
                -0.3294
                             0.1236 -2.665 0.007698 **
## adas dr2
                                    2.801 0.005098 **
## DeprsTRUE
                 1.9294
                             0.6889
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
       Null deviance: 405.49 on 541 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 361.88 on 536 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 373.88
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
```

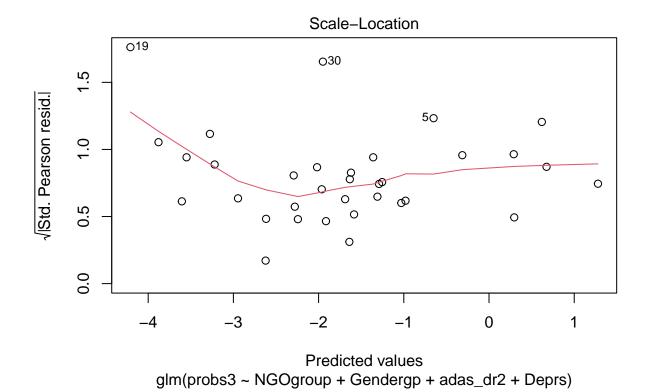
Residual diagnostics for most aggregated model

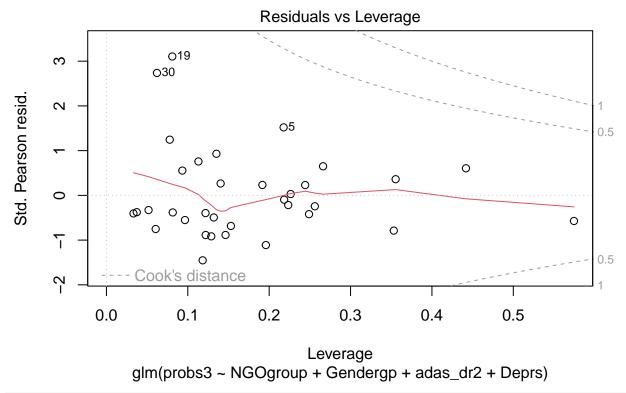
```
ag.df3 <- aggregate(y ~ NGOgroup + Gendergp + adas_dr2 +
   Deprs, data = reduced df, FUN = sum)
n3 <- aggregate(y ~ NGOgroup + Gendergp + adas_dr2 +
   Deprs, data = reduced_df, FUN = length)
probs3 <- ag.df3$y/n3$y</pre>
ag.df_aug3 <- cbind(ag.df3, probs3)</pre>
ag.mod3 <- glm(formula = probs3 ~ NGOgroup + Gendergp +
   adas_dr2 + Deprs, family = binomial, data = ag.df_aug3,
   weights = n3$y)
summary(ag.mod3)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = probs3 ~ NGOgroup + Gendergp + adas_dr2 + Deprs,
##
      family = binomial, data = ag.df_aug3, weights = n3$y)
##
## Coefficients:
             Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept) -3.2200 0.4463 -7.215 5.38e-13 ***
                       0.4662 4.217 2.48e-05 ***
            1.9657
## NGOgroup2
## NGOgroup3
              0.2990 2.019 0.043466 *
## Gendergp1
              0.6037
                         0.1236 -2.665 0.007698 **
               -0.3294
## adas dr2
            1.9294
## DeprsTRUE
                         0.6889 2.801 0.005098 **
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
      Null deviance: 69.288 on 33 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 25.682 on 28 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 89.287
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5
plot(ag.mod3)
```



Predicted values
glm(probs3 ~ NGOgroup + Gendergp + adas_dr2 + Deprs)







```
pchisq(25.682, df = 28, lower.tail = F)
```

[1] 0.5905193

Check by specificity -> does not work

Just change the weights; weight the true positives higher than true negatives

```
p_seq <- seq(0.01, 0.99, 0.01)

acc <- rep(0, length(p_seq))
sens <- rep(0, length(p_seq))
spec <- rep(0, length(p_seq))
spec <- rep(0, length(p_seq))

for (i in 1:length(p_seq)) {
    preds <- ag_mod3\fitted.values >= p_seq[i]
    actuals <- reduced_df\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{
```

##

##

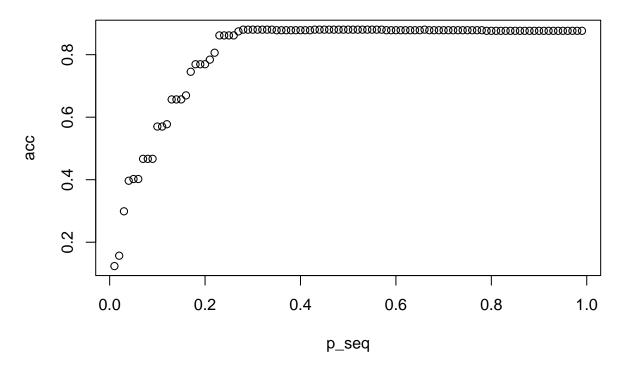
Stay 468

58

Drop

7

9



```
# Alternate Solution using caret
library(caret)
preds <- factor(as.numeric(preds))</pre>
actuals <- factor(actuals)</pre>
confusionMatrix(data = actuals, reference = preds,
    dnn = c("Actual", "Prediction"))
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
         Prediction
##
## Actual 0
##
        0 468
                7
        1 58
##
                9
##
##
                  Accuracy : 0.8801
##
                    95% CI: (0.8497, 0.9062)
##
       No Information Rate: 0.9705
##
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 1
##
##
                     Kappa: 0.1777
##
##
   Mcnemar's Test P-Value: 5.584e-10
##
##
               Sensitivity: 0.8897
##
               Specificity: 0.5625
##
            Pos Pred Value: 0.9853
            Neg Pred Value: 0.1343
##
##
                Prevalence: 0.9705
##
            Detection Rate: 0.8635
##
      Detection Prevalence: 0.8764
##
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.7261
##
##
          'Positive' Class : 0
##
max sens <- max(sens)</pre>
best_cutoff_sens <- p_seq[which.max(sens)]</pre>
preds2 <- ag_mod3$fitted.values >= best_cutoff_sens
conf_mat <- matrix(c(sum(actuals == 0 & preds2 == 0),</pre>
    sum(actuals == 0 & preds2 == 1), sum(actuals ==
        1 & preds2 == 0), sum(actuals == 1 & preds2 ==
        1)), nrow = 2, ncol = 2, byrow = T)
dimnames(conf_mat) <- list(Actual = c("Stay", "Drop"),</pre>
    Prediction = c("Stay", "Drop"))
conf_mat
         Prediction
## Actual Stay Drop
##
            97 378
     Stay
```

Drop

2 65

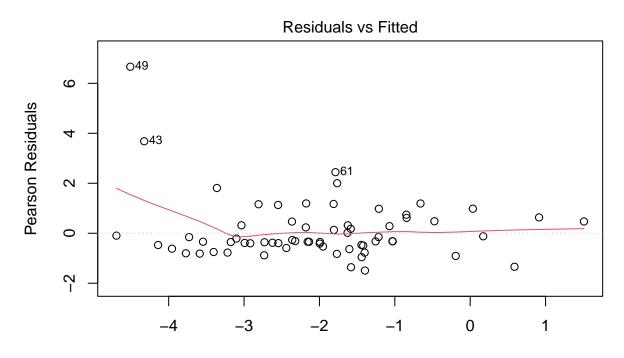
```
confusionMatrix(data = actuals, reference = factor(as.numeric(preds2)),
    dnn = c("Actual", "Prediction"))
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
         Prediction
## Actual
           0 1
##
        0 97 378
##
        1
           2 65
##
##
                  Accuracy: 0.2989
##
                    95% CI: (0.2606, 0.3394)
##
       No Information Rate: 0.8173
##
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 1
##
##
                     Kappa: 0.0511
##
##
    Mcnemar's Test P-Value : <2e-16
##
               Sensitivity: 0.9798
##
               Specificity: 0.1467
##
            Pos Pred Value: 0.2042
##
##
            Neg Pred Value: 0.9701
##
                Prevalence: 0.1827
##
            Detection Rate: 0.1790
##
      Detection Prevalence: 0.8764
##
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.5633
##
##
          'Positive' Class : 0
##
b_se_sp <- max(sens * spec)</pre>
cutoff_se_sp <- p_seq[which.max(sens * spec)]</pre>
preds3 <- ag_mod3$fitted.values >= cutoff_se_sp
confusionMatrix(data = actuals, reference = factor(as.numeric(preds3)),
    dnn = c("Actual", "Prediction"))
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
         Prediction
## Actual
           0
        0 475
##
##
        1 65
                2
##
##
                  Accuracy : 0.8801
##
                    95% CI: (0.8497, 0.9062)
##
       No Information Rate: 0.9963
##
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 1
##
##
                     Kappa: 0.0512
##
   Mcnemar's Test P-Value : 2.051e-15
##
##
##
               Sensitivity: 0.87963
```

```
##
               Specificity: 1.00000
##
            Pos Pred Value: 1.00000
            Neg Pred Value: 0.02985
##
                Prevalence: 0.99631
##
##
            Detection Rate: 0.87638
##
      Detection Prevalence: 0.87638
##
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.93981
##
##
          'Positive' Class : 0
##
b_spec <- max(spec)</pre>
cutoff_spec <- p_seq[which.max(spec)]</pre>
preds4 <- ag mod3$fitted.values >= cutoff spec
confusionMatrix(data = actuals, reference = factor(as.numeric(preds4)),
    dnn = c("Actual", "Prediction"))
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
         Prediction
## Actual
          0
        0 475
##
                0
        1 65
                2
##
##
##
                  Accuracy : 0.8801
##
                    95% CI : (0.8497, 0.9062)
##
       No Information Rate: 0.9963
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 1
##
##
##
                     Kappa : 0.0512
##
    Mcnemar's Test P-Value : 2.051e-15
##
##
##
               Sensitivity: 0.87963
##
               Specificity: 1.00000
##
            Pos Pred Value: 1.00000
##
            Neg Pred Value: 0.02985
##
                Prevalence: 0.99631
            Detection Rate: 0.87638
##
##
      Detection Prevalence: 0.87638
##
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.93981
##
##
          'Positive' Class : 0
##
Different aggregated model
best_mod2b <- glm(formula = y ~ NGOgroup + Gendergp +</pre>
    b_Adas_DelayedRecall + Deprs, family = binomial,
    data = reduced_df)
summary(best_mod2b)
```

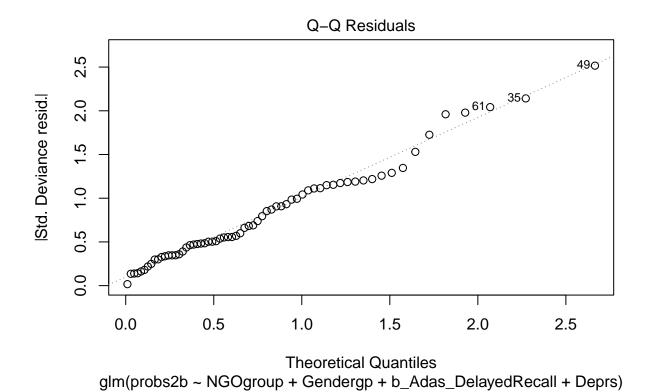
Call:

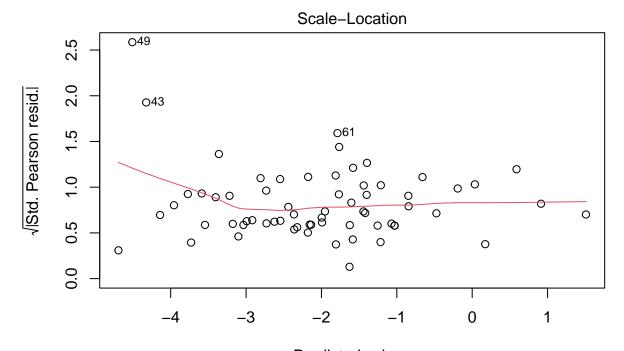
```
## glm(formula = y ~ NGOgroup + Gendergp + b_Adas_DelayedRecall +
       Deprs, family = binomial, data = reduced_df)
##
##
## Coefficients:
                        Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
                                    0.46145 -6.577 4.81e-11 ***
## (Intercept)
                        -3.03488
## NGOgroup2
                                    0.46656 4.210 2.55e-05 ***
                         1.96424
## NGOgroup3
                         1.59181
                                    0.47676
                                              3.339 0.000841 ***
## Gendergp1
                         0.59585
                                    0.29948
                                             1.990 0.046629 *
## b_Adas_DelayedRecall -0.18429
                                    0.06276 -2.936 0.003322 **
## DeprsTRUE
                         1.98447
                                    0.69181
                                              2.869 0.004124 **
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
       Null deviance: 405.49 on 541 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 360.30 on 536 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 372.3
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
ag.df2b <- aggregate(y ~ NGOgroup + Gendergp + b_Adas_DelayedRecall +
   Deprs, data = reduced_df, FUN = sum)
n2b <- aggregate(y ~ NGOgroup + Gendergp + b_Adas_DelayedRecall +
   Deprs, data = reduced df, FUN = length)
probs2b <- ag.df2b$y/n2b$y</pre>
ag.df_aug2b <- cbind(ag.df2b, probs2b)</pre>
ag.mod2b <- glm(formula = probs2b ~ NGOgroup + Gendergp +
   b_Adas_DelayedRecall + Deprs, family = binomial,
   data = ag.df_aug2b, weights = n2b$y)
summary(ag.mod2b)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = probs2b ~ NGOgroup + Gendergp + b_Adas_DelayedRecall +
##
       Deprs, family = binomial, data = ag.df_aug2b, weights = n2b$y)
##
## Coefficients:
                        Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
##
## (Intercept)
                        -3.03488
                                    0.46145 -6.577 4.80e-11 ***
## NGOgroup2
                         1.96424
                                    0.46656
                                             4.210 2.55e-05 ***
## NGOgroup3
                         1.59181
                                    0.47676
                                              3.339 0.000841 ***
                         0.59585
## Gendergp1
                                    0.29947
                                              1.990 0.046629 *
                                    0.06276 -2.936 0.003322 **
## b_Adas_DelayedRecall -0.18429
## DeprsTRUE
                         1.98447
                                    0.69181
                                              2.869 0.004124 **
## ---
```

```
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
## Null deviance: 101.380 on 64 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 56.187 on 59 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 137.62
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5
plot(ag.mod2b)
```

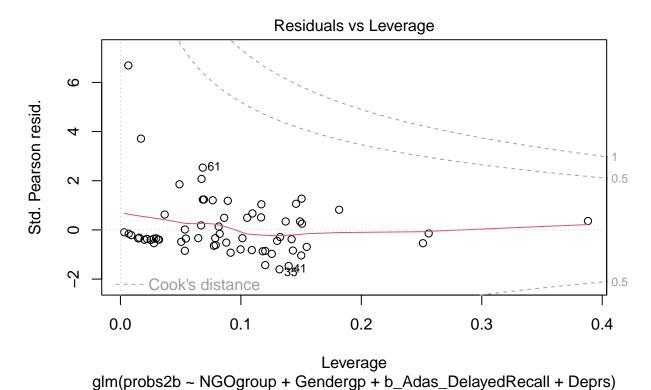


Predicted values
glm(probs2b ~ NGOgroup + Gendergp + b_Adas_DelayedRecall + Deprs)





Predicted values
glm(probs2b ~ NGOgroup + Gendergp + b_Adas_DelayedRecall + Deprs)



```
pchisq(56.187, df = 59, lower.tail = F)
```

[1] 0.5798556

Checking accuracy – the residual plots look good; just look at the outliers and see if anything changes

Also, use a different measure of accuracy. Weight the 1 == 1 stronger

Maximize the specificity

```
p_seq <- seq(0.01, 0.99, 0.01)
acc <- rep(0, length(p_seq))
length(ag_mod3$fitted.values)</pre>
```

```
## [1] 542
```

```
for (i in 1:length(p_seq)) {
    preds <- ag_mod3$fitted.values > p_seq[i]
    actuals <- reduced_df$y

    comps <- preds == actuals

    acc[i] <- sum(comps)/length(comps)
}</pre>
```

```
max(acc)
## [1] 0.8800738
p_seq[which.max(acc)]
## [1] 0.28
sum(ag_mod3$fitted.values > p_seq[which.max(acc)])
## [1] 16
preds2 <- ag_mod3$fitted.values > p_seq[which.max(acc)]
sum(preds2 == 0 \& actuals == 0)
## [1] 468
sum(actuals == 0)
## [1] 475
length(preds2)
## [1] 542
length(actuals)
## [1] 542
cv.glm(data = reduced_df, glmfit = best_mod2b, K = 10)$delta
## [1] 0.1004534 0.1003186
"
```