```
Enrollment No-PV-21010245 1
 Name - Vailshaw Rajput
 father's Name - Vijay Pal Singh Student Id - 21711248
                                    University Roll No-2101245
 Louise - MCA
 Subject - Scripting languages and Statistical Data Analytics
Define a method name as "validate ()" to check any blank
entry any input field. If so then display all unfilled fields
 in a single allest box.
   < html>
   < head>
   < title> Validate </fitle>
   1/head>
   L body>
   < form Consubmit = " return Unlidate ()">
    Username: < input type = "text" id = "Uname "> < br> < br>
    Password: < input type = "Password" id = "Pname"> < br > bx>
    <br/>
Loutton> Submit </button>
    2/form>
   ¿Script >
     let u= document. get element By id ("Uname");
     let P = document. get element By id ("Pname");
   function validate!
      if (u. value. trim() == " " | P. value. trim() == " ")
     alext ("Unfilled fields");
     return talse;
    else
     return true;
                                                      aibhau
```

```
echo "MySg1 Connection of < by>";
my Sql_select_db("Studingo", $(on);
$ name = strual ($-POST['+xtname']);
$ rollno = intual ($-POST ['txty-no']);
$ gender = Struck ($_POST ['txtgen']);
$ address = Strual ($-POST ['add']);
 $ insert = "insert into info values ("$ name", $ vallno, $gender",
  ($addsess')";
 if (mysga - query ($insert.$con))
  ""Data inserted Successfully <br>";
  $ query = "select * from info";
  $ 1 dt = my Sql_query ( & query, & con);
  echot "
   2H> Name (/H>
   1th>Roll NO (/th>
   (th> Giender (1th>
     Address (1th)
   (+8>";
   While ($ YOW=mySql_fetch_array ($SId+))
  E echo "Ltx>";
     echo "ktd>" $ 80w['name']. "x1+d>";
     echo "" srow ['roll no']." < Itd>"
     echo "".$ YOW ['gen']." < Itd>";
     echo"" $ row [address"]." ";
    echo "L/ty>
  9 ech o"Z/table>";
   mysql_close ($ con);
                                                    ailhair
```

```
Solo Solo
```

```
Mode any CSV dataset using R.
    library (dplyr)
library (gg Plot 2)
Setward ("M:/rlang/rp")
    data <- Yead. CSV ("mud1. CSV")
     getwd ()
     view (data)
      head (data)
      tail (data)
      tail (data, 10)
      Stx (data)
      summary (data)
      data$ state. Length
      99 plot (data, acs (y=State, x=musders))+geom_bas (Stat
      99 Plot (data, aes (y=State, x=gunmurders))+geom_bar(
       Stat="identity")
      99Plot (data, aes (x=murders, y=region))+geom_b explot()
      data-size <- factor (data)
       str (data_Size)
       Summary (data_size)
        levels (data-size)
        data_table <-table (clata_size)
         Pie (data_table)
         ggplot (data, aes (y=muxders, fill=region, x=region))+
         geom_ber(width= 1, Stat="identity")+ coord_polar("x",
         St axt = 0)
```

Vailbay.

## Name - Vaibhau Raybut Student Id - 21711248

Discuss Descriptive and inferential Statistics of above dataset.

Descriptive and inferential Statistics of above the Descriptive Statistics- It is used to summarize the attributes of a sample in such a way that a partern Can be drawn from the group. It enables researchers to bresent data in a more meaningful way such that early interpretation can be made.

Population

Minimum -> 563626 Median -> 6075769 Mean - 4339367

Population density

Mean -> 394.549 Median -> 102600 max -> 10298.000 Min -> 1.264

Inferential Statistics

Munders.

MIN ->7.8 Median - 151.6 Mean -> 273.2 Max -> 1811.0

Jun Muriders Min -> 2.0 Median >97.0 Mean -> 184. 4 Max -> 1257.6

Inferential Statistics is a branch of statistics that is used to make inferences about the bepulation by analyzing a sample, when the population data is large it becomes difficult to use it. Inferential statistics are as follows-(i) Hypothesis Testing (Ztest, Ftest)

(ii) Regression Testing (check relationship between dependent variable & independent variable)