

COMP-SCI 55510 - Advanced Software Engineering

Project Presentation (May 7th, 2019)



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Model as a service



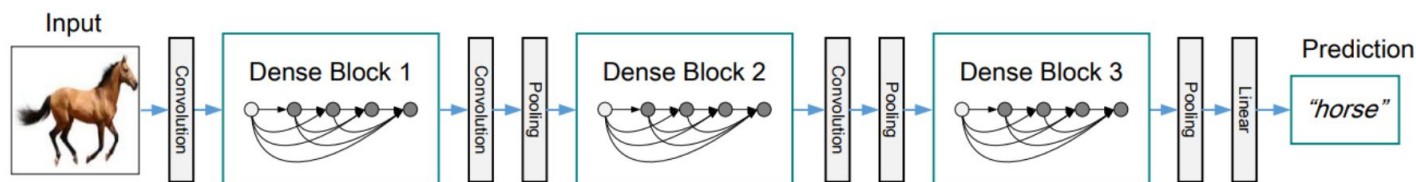
Model as a Service

Our platform is an online platform that uses machine learning (ML) and deep learning (DL) models. The platform offers seven different models that provide users with information about uploading their own images and identifying images. Users can choose the most suitable model.

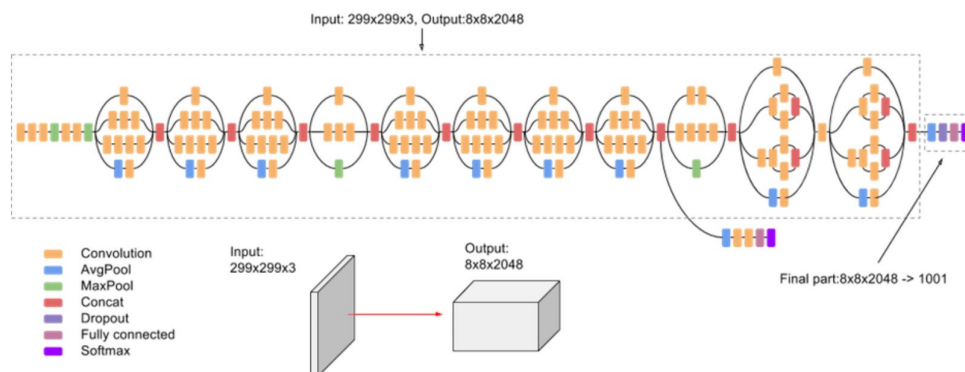
7 Models

- DenseNet121
- InceptionV3
- MobileNet
- Nasnet
- ResNet50
- VGG16
- xception

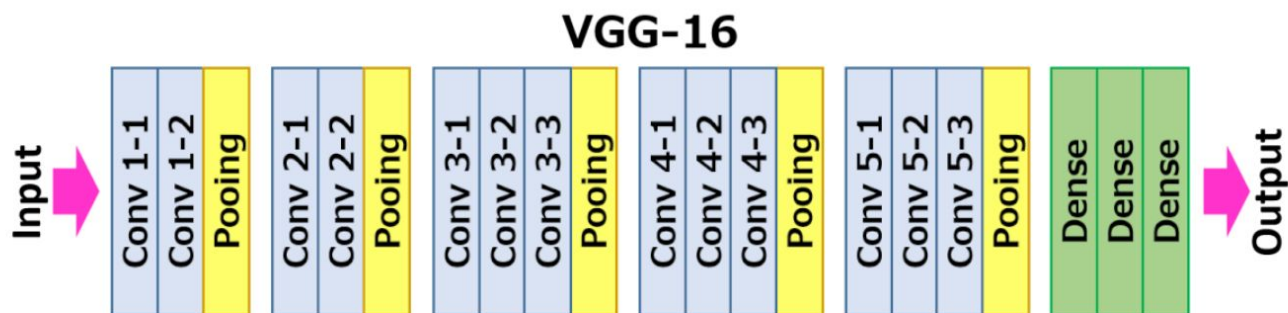
- DenseNet121: It is a logical extension of ResNet. DenseNet connects the output of the previous layer instead of using summation.



- InceptionV3 : Inception v3 is a widely-used image recognition model that has been shown to attain greater than 78.1% accuracy on the ImageNet dataset.



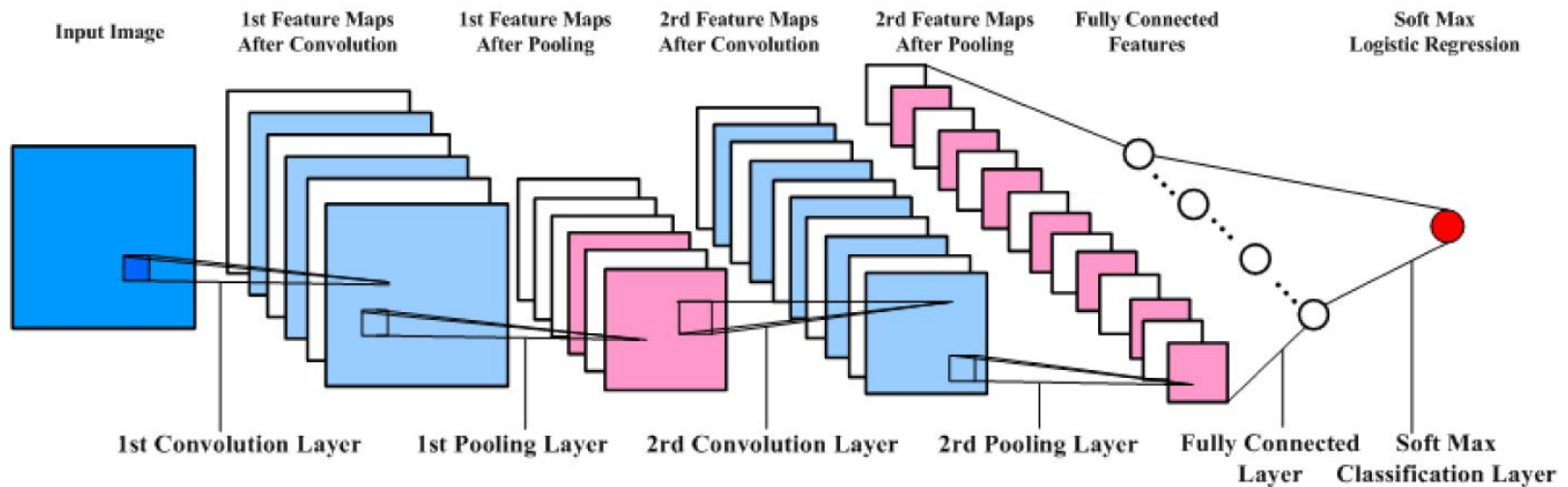
- ResNet50: It is a deep convolutional networks for classification.
- VGG16: It convolutional neural network is a model proposed by Oxford University in 2014. It is simple and practical, the most popular of which is VGG-16, which is a 16-layer model.



- MobileNet: It is an efficient model for mobile and embedded devices. MobileNets is based on streamlined, using depth wise separable convolutions to build lightweight deep neural networks.
- Nasnet : It classifies images. Given an image, the NasNet network will output probabilities of the different classes that an image could potentially belong to.
- xception: The mapping of cross-channel correlation and spatial correlation in the feature map of the convolutional neural network can be completely decoupled. This assumption is an extreme assumption in the Inception structure.

Models training

- Convolutional Neural Network should be involved in order to do some significant steps, which are embedding, convolution, pooling, flattening, full connection.
- Also, loss and accuracy are playing a significant role. The loss is the number of errors in prediction, so it should be decreased, and the accuracy should be increased.



Here is how to get the output from a pre-trained CNN model we received using Jupyter Notebook.

Deployment

Link:


<https://model-as-service-frontend.herokuapp.com/home>

Video:

https://youtu.be/3_5osV7bB6k

Deployment-Login

localhost:4200/home

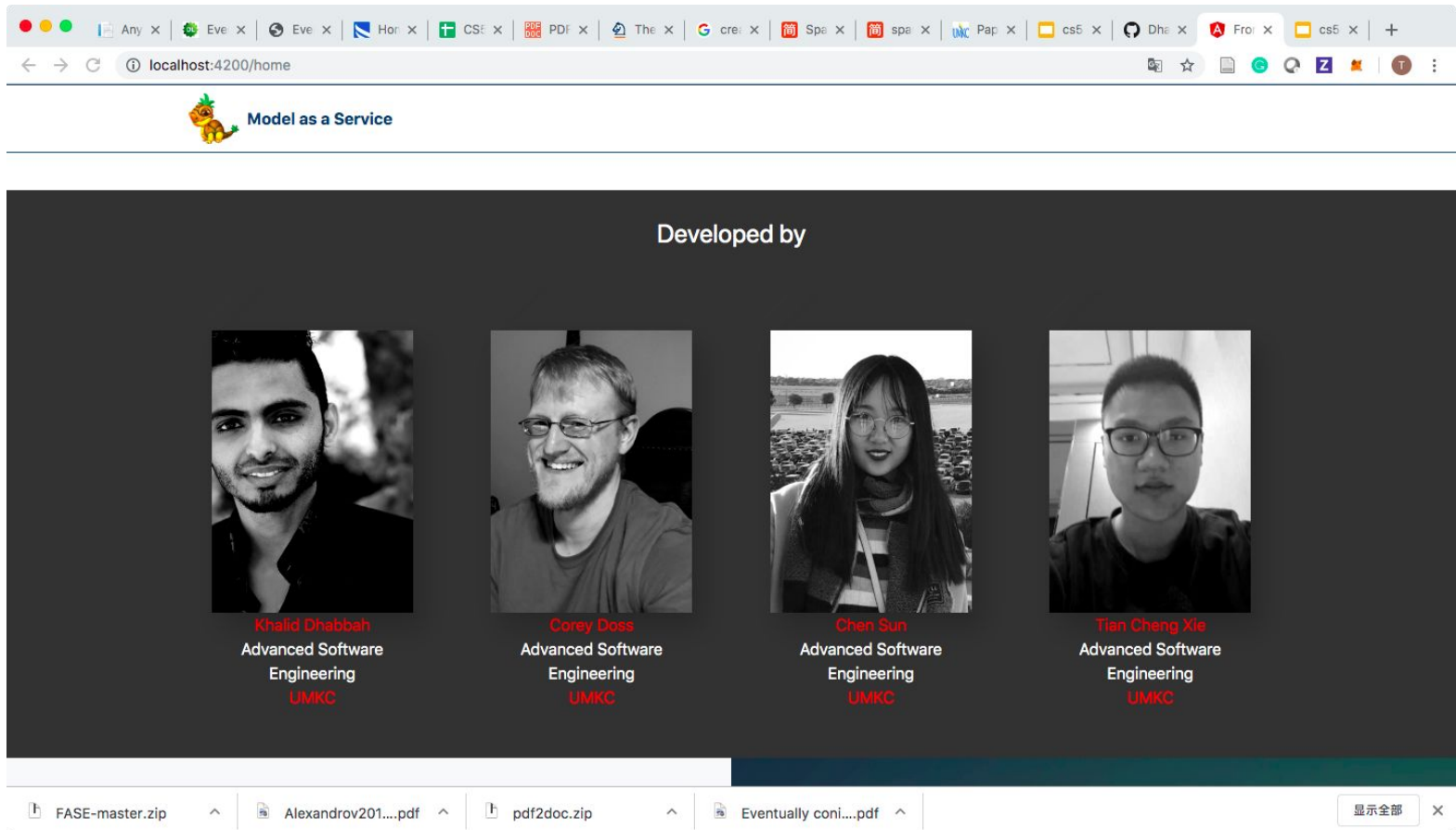
 Model as a Service

Login Form

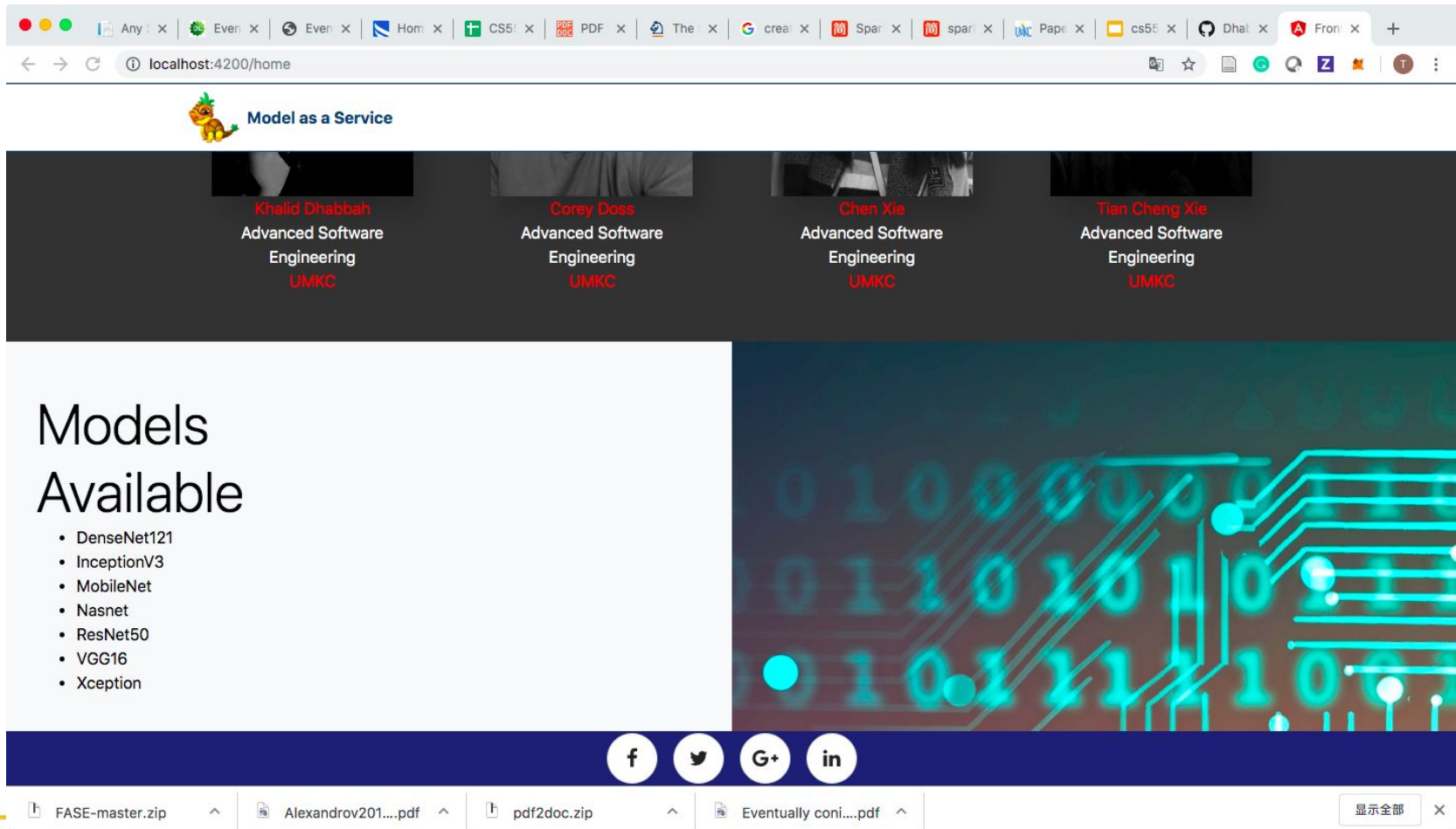
Please type your email address as a username and password

FASE-master.zip Alexandrov201....pdf pdf2doc.zip Eventually coni....pdf 显示全部

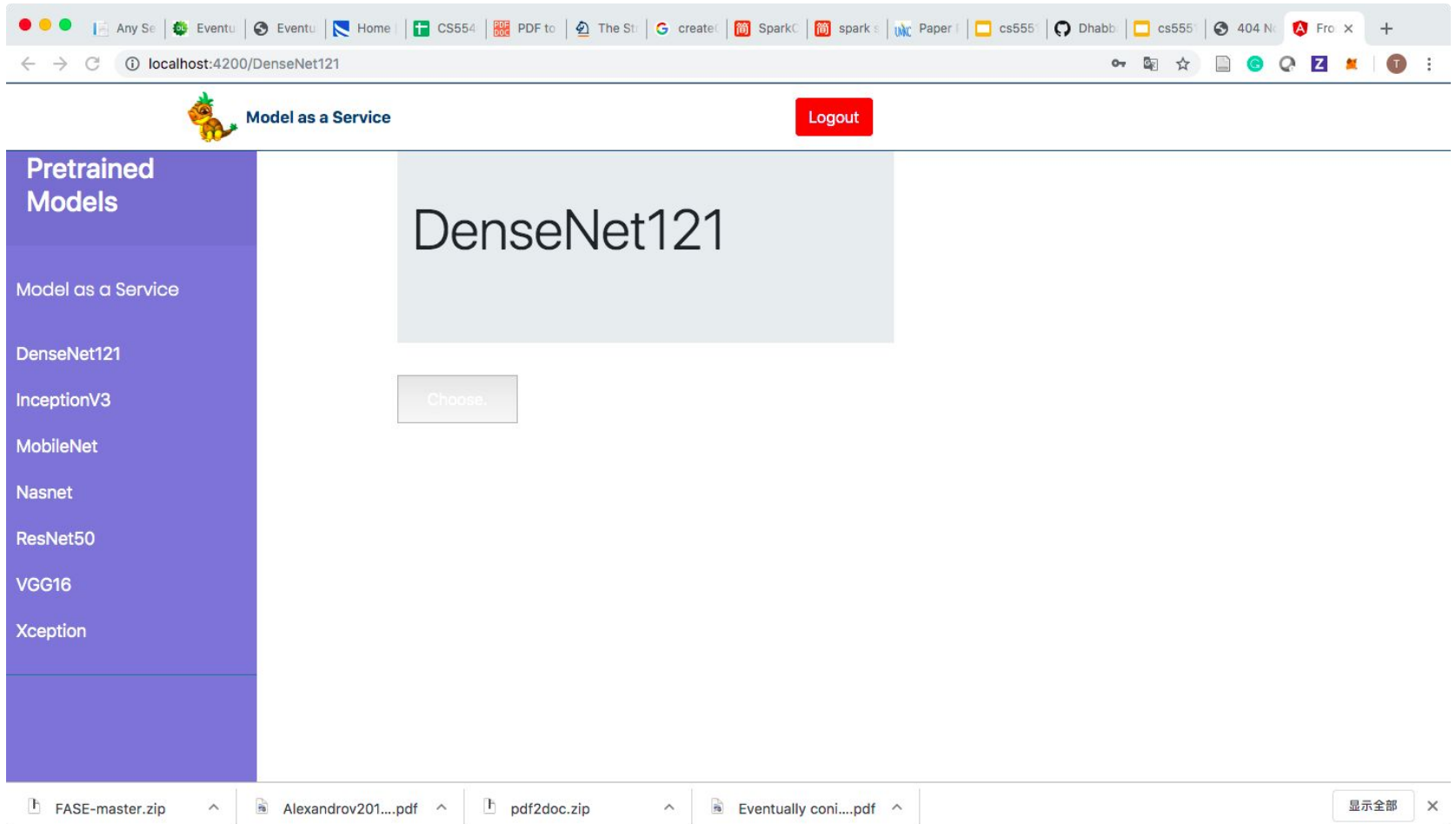
UI of Home Page



UI of Home Page



Models Page UI



Upload the Image

localhost:4200/DenseNet121


Model as a Service [Logout](#)

Pretrained Models

- Model as a Service
- DenseNet121
- InceptionV3
- MobileNet
- Nasnet
- ResNet50
- VGG16
- Xception

DenseNet121

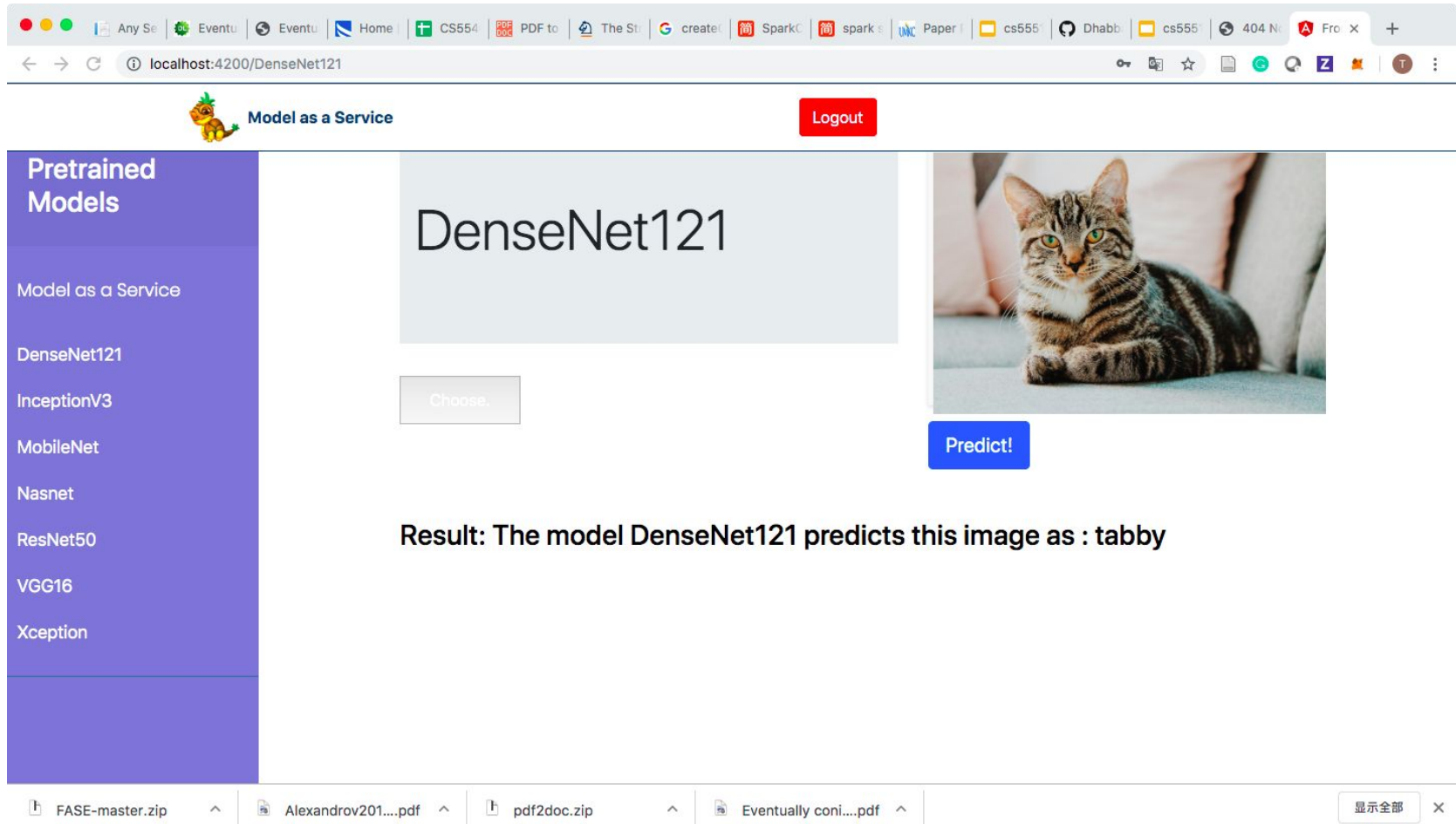
Choose...



Predict!

FASE-master.zip Alexandrov201....pdf pdf2doc.zip Eventually coni....pdf 显示全部

Prediction



The screenshot shows a web browser window with the address bar displaying `localhost:4200/DenseNet121`. The page features a purple sidebar on the left with the heading "Pretrained Models" and a list of model names: "Model as a Service", "DenseNet121", "InceptionV3", "MobileNet", "Nasnet", "ResNet50", "VGG16", and "Xception". The main content area has a light blue header with the text "DenseNet121" and a "Choose" button. To the right of this is a photograph of a tabby cat. Below the photo is a blue "Predict!" button. At the bottom of the main area, a text result states: "Result: The model DenseNet121 predicts this image as : tabby". The browser's taskbar at the bottom shows several open files: "FASE-master.zip", "Alexandrov201....pdf", "pdf2doc.zip", and "Eventually coni....pdf".

Model as a Service

Logout

Pretrained Models

Model as a Service

DenseNet121

InceptionV3

MobileNet

Nasnet

ResNet50

VGG16

Xception

DenseNet121

Choose

Predict!

Result: The model DenseNet121 predicts this image as : tabby

FASE-master.zip

Alexandrov201....pdf

pdf2doc.zip

Eventually coni....pdf

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Reference

1. <https://arxiv.org/abs/1704.04861>
2. <https://www.modeldepot.io/jbrandowski/nasnet-mobile>
3. <https://neurohive.io/en/popular-networks/vgg16/>
4. <https://www.kaggle.com/lamhoangtung/densenet-121-lb-0-925>
5. <https://www.kaggle.com/pytorch/densenet121>
6. <https://www.jianshu.com/p/cc830a6ed54b>
7. <https://www.osapublishing.org/boe/fulltext.cfm?uri=boe-8-5-2732&id=363511>

Thank you!

