# **■** NetApp

# **Special configurations**

**ONTAP 9** 

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# **Special configurations**

# Special considerations after an ONTAP upgrade

If your cluster is configured with any of the following features you might need to perform additional steps after you upgrade your ONTAP software.

Ask yourself	If your answer is yes, then do this		
Did I upgrade from ONTAP 9.7 or earlier to ONTAP 9.8 or later?	Verify your network configuration		
	Remove the EMS LIF service from network service polices that do not provide reachability to the EMS destination		
Is my cluster in a a MetroCluster configuration?	Verify your networking and storage status		
Do I have a SAN configuration?	Verify your SAN configuration		
Did I upgrade from ONTAP 9.3 or earlier, and am using NetApp Storage Encryption?	Reconfigure KMIP server connections		
Do I have load-sharing mirrors?	Relocate moved load-sharing mirror source volumes		
Does my cluster have defined SnapMirror relationships?	Resume SnapMirror operations		
Do I have user accounts for Service Processor (SP) access that were created prior to ONTAP 9.9.1?	Verify the change in accounts that can access the Service Processor		

# Verify your networking configuration after an ONTAP upgrade from ONTAP 9.7x or earlier

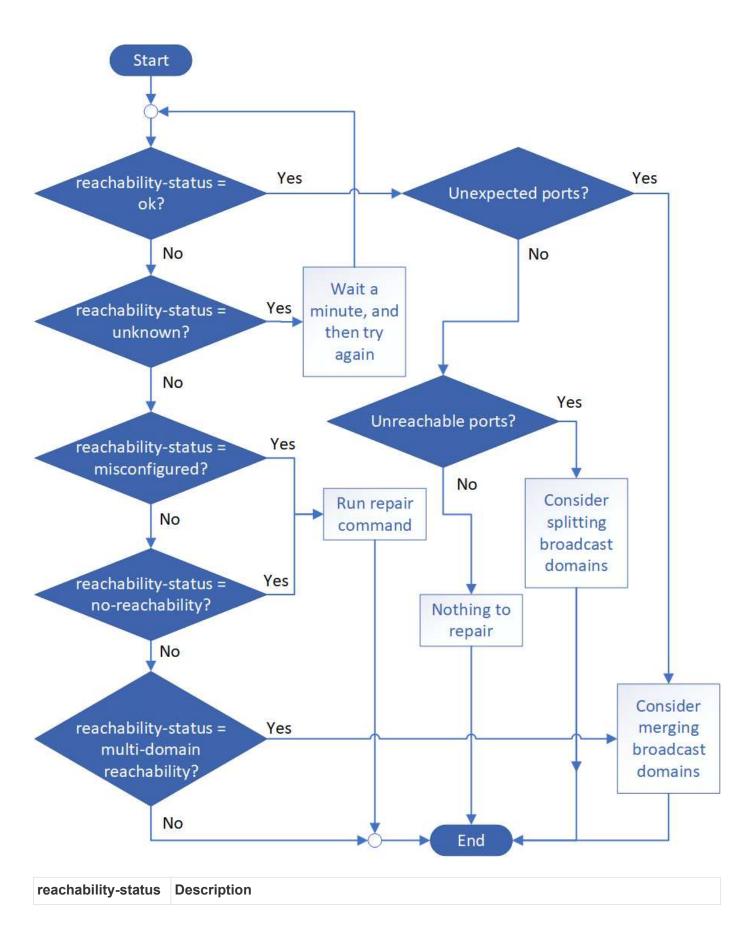
After you upgrade from ONTAP 9.7x or earlier to ONTAP 9.8 or later, you should verify your network configuration. After the upgrade, ONTAP automatically monitors layer 2 reachability.

### Step

1. Verify each port has reachability to its expected broadcast domain:

network port reachability show -detail

The command output contains reachability results. Use the following decision tree and table to understand the reachability results (reachability-status) and determine what, if anything, to do next.



ok	The port has layer 2 reachability to its assigned broadcast domain.
	If the reachability-status is "ok", but there are "unexpected ports", consider merging one or more broadcast domains. For more information, see Merge broadcast domains.
	If the reachability-status is "ok", but there are "unreachable ports", consider splitting one or more broadcast domains. For more information, see Split broadcast domains.
	If the reachability-status is "ok", and there are no unexpected or unreachable ports, your configuration is correct.
misconfigured- reachability	The port does not have layer 2 reachability to its assigned broadcast domain; however, the port does have layer 2 reachability to a different broadcast domain.
	You can repair the port reachability. When you run the following command, the system will assign the port to the broadcast domain to which it has reachability:
	network port reachability repair -node -port
	For more information, see Repair port reachability.
no-reachability	The port does not have layer 2 reachability to any existing broadcast domain.
	You can repair the port reachability. When you run the following command, the system will assign the port to a new automatically created broadcast domain in the Default IPspace:
	network port reachability repair -node -port
	For more information, see Repair port reachability.
multi-domain- reachability	The port has layer 2 reachability to its assigned broadcast domain; however, it also has layer 2 reachability to at least one other broadcast domain.
	Examine the physical connectivity and switch configuration to determine if it is incorrect or if the port's assigned broadcast domain needs to be merged with one or more broadcast domains.
	For more information, see Merge broadcast domains or Repair port reachability.
unknown	If the reachability-status is "unknown", then wait a few minutes and try the command again.

After you repair a port, you need to check for and resolve displaced LIFs and VLANs. If the port was part of an interface group, you also need to understand what happened to that interface group. For more information, see Repair port reachability.

## Remove EMS LIF service from network service policies

If you have Event Management System (EMS) messages set up before you upgrade from ONTAP 9.7 or earlier to ONTAP 9.8 or later, after the upgrade, your EMS messages

## might not be delivered.

During the upgrade, management-ems, which is the EMS LIF service, is added to all existing service polices. This allows EMS messages to be sent from any of the LIFs associated with any of the service polices. If the selected LIF does not have reachability to the event notification destination, the message is not delivered.

To prevent this, after the upgrade, you should remove the EMS LIF service from the network service polices that do not provide reachability to the destination.

#### **Steps**

1. Identify the LIFs and associated network service polices through which EMS messages can be sent:

```
network interface show -fields service-policy -services management-ems
```

```
vserver lif service-policy

cluster-1 cluster_mgmt

default-management

cluster-1 node1-mgmt

default-management

cluster-1 node2-mgmt

default-management

cluster-1 inter_cluster

4 entries were displayed.
```

2. Check each LIF for connectivity to the EMS destination:

```
network ping -lif lif_name -vserver svm_name -destination
destination_address
```

Perform this on each node.

## **Examples**

```
cluster-1::> network ping -lif node1-mgmt -vserver cluster-1
-destination 10.10.10.10
10.10.10.10 is alive

cluster-1::> network ping -lif inter_cluster -vserver cluster-1
-destination 10.10.10.10
no answer from 10.10.10.10
```

3. Enter advanced privilege level:

set advanced

4. For the LIFs that do not have reachability, remove the management-ems LIF service from the corresponding service polices:

```
network interface service-policy remove-service -vserver svm_name
-policy service_policy_name -service management-ems
```

5. Verify that the management-ems LIF is now only associated with the LIFs that provide reachability to the EMS destination:

network interface show -fields service-policy -services management-ems

### **Related Links**

LIFs and service polices in ONTAP 9.6 and later

# Verify networking and storage status for MetroCluster configurations after an ONTAP upgrade

After you upgrade an ONTAP cluster in a MetroCluster configuration, you should verify the status of the LIFs, aggregates, and volumes for each cluster.

1. Verify the LIF status:

network interface show

In normal operation, LIFs for source SVMs must have an admin status of up and be located on their home nodes. LIFs for destination SVMs are not required to be up or located on their home nodes. In switchover, all LIFs have an admin status of up, but they do not need to be located on their home nodes.

<pre>cluster1::&gt;</pre>		Status		Current	
Home	Interface		Address/Mask		Port
Cluster	-				
	cluster1-a	_	192.0.2.1/24	cluster1-01	e2a
true	cluster1-a	L_clus2			eza
h		up/up	192.0.2.2/24	cluster1-01	e2b
true					
cluster1-01	clus_mgmt	up/up	198.51.100.1/24	cluster1-01	
true					e3a
	cluster1-a	l_inet4_inte up/up	ercluster1 198.51.100.2/24	cluster1-01	e3c
true					<b>e</b> 30
27 entries v	were display	yed.			

## 2. Verify the state of the aggregates:

```
storage aggregate show -state !online
```

This command displays any aggregates that are *not* online. In normal operation, all aggregates located at the local site must be online. However, if the MetroCluster configuration is in switchover, root aggregates at the disaster recovery site are permitted to be offline.

This example shows a cluster in normal operation:

```
cluster1::> storage aggregate show -state !online
There are no entries matching your query.
```

This example shows a cluster in switchover, in which the root aggregates at the disaster recovery site are

offline:

```
cluster1::> storage aggregate show -state !online
Aggregate
         Size Available Used% State #Vols Nodes
                                                             RAID
Status
aggr0_b1
              OB O% offline O cluster2-01
raid dp,
mirror
degraded
aggr0 b2
                             0% offline 0 cluster2-02
               0В
                       0B
raid_dp,
mirror
degraded
2 entries were displayed.
```

### 3. Verify the state of the volumes:

```
volume show -state !online
```

This command displays any volumes that are *not* online.

If the MetroCluster configuration is in normal operation (it is not in switchover state), the output should show all volumes owned by the cluster's secondary SVMs (those with the SVM name appended with "-mc").

Those volumes come online only in the event of a switchover.

This example shows a cluster in normal operation, in which the volumes at the disaster recovery site are not online.

```
cluster1::> volume show -state !online
 (volume show)
Vserver Volume
               Aggregate State
                                 Type
                                         Size
Available Used%
 ._____ ____
_____
vs2-mc vol1 aggr1 b1 -
                                 RW
vs2-mc root vs2 aggr0 b1
                                 RW
     vol2 aggr1 b1
vs2-mc
                                  RW
vs2-mc vol3 aggr1 b1
                                  RW
vs2-mc vol4 aggr1 b1
                                  RW
5 entries were displayed.
```

4. Verify that there are no inconsistent volumes:

```
volume show -is-inconsistent true
```

See the Knowledge Base article Volume Showing WAFL Inconsistent on how to address the inconsistent volumes.

## Verify the SAN configuration after an upgrade

After an ONTAP upgrade, in a SAN environment, you should verify that each initiator that was connected to a LIF before the upgrade has successfully reconnected to the LIF.

1. Verify that each initiator is connected to the correct LIF.

You should compare the list of initiators to the list you made during the upgrade preparation.

For Enter		
iSCSI	iscsi initiator show -fields igroup, initiator-name, tpgroup	
FC	<pre>fcp initiator show -fields igroup,wwpn,lif</pre>	

# Reconfigure KMIP server connections after an upgrade from ONTAP 9.2 or earlier

After you upgrade from ONTAP 9.2 or earlier to ONTAP 9.3 or later, you need to reconfigure any external key management (KMIP) server connections.

### **Steps**

1. Configure the key manager connectivity:

```
security key-manager setup
```

2. Add your KMIP servers:

```
security key-manager add -address key_management_server_ip_address
```

3. Verify that KMIP servers are connected:

```
security key-manager show -status
```

4. Query the key servers:

```
security key-manager query
```

5. Create a new authentication key and passphrase:

```
security key-manager create-key -prompt-for-key true
```

The passphrase must have a minimum of 32 characters.

6. Query the new authentication key:

```
security key-manager query
```

7. Assign the new authentication key to your self-encrypting disks (SEDs):

```
storage encryption disk modify -disk disk_ID -data-key-id key_ID
```



Make sure you are using the new authentication key from your query.

8. If needed, assign a FIPS key to the SEDs:

```
storage encryption disk modify -disk disk_id -fips-key-id
fips_authentication_key_id
```

If your security setup requires you to use different keys for data authentication and FIPS 140-2 authentication, you should create a separate key for each. If that is not the case, you can use the same authentication key for FIPS compliance that you use for data access.

# Relocate moved load-sharing mirror source volumes after an ONTAP upgrade

After you upgrade ONTAP, you need to move load-sharing mirror source volumes back to their pre-upgrade locations.

### **Steps**

- 1. Identify the location to which you are moving the load-sharing mirror source volume by using the record you created before moving the load-sharing mirror source volume.
- 2. Move the load-sharing mirror source volume back to its original location:

volume move start

## Resume SnapMirror operations after an ONTAP upgrade

After an ONTAP upgrade, you need to resume any SnapMirror relationships that were suspended.

### **Steps**

1. Resume transfers for each SnapMirror relationship that was previously guiesced:

```
snapmirror resume *
```

This command resumes the transfers for all quiesced SnapMirror relationships.

2. Verify that the SnapMirror operations have resumed:

```
snapmirror show
```

C		Dastinstian	M	Dolotionabin	шања 1		
Source Last		Destination	Mirror	Relationship	Total		
	Type	Path	State	Status	Progress	Healthy	
Updated	1720				11091000	nearony	
cluster1-vs	s1:dp_s	rc1					
	DP	<pre>cluster1-vs2:</pre>	dp_dst1				
			Snapmirr	ored			
				Idle	-	true	-
cluster1-vs	s1:xdp_	src1					
	XDP	cluster1-vs2:	xdp_dst1				
			Snapmirr	ored			
				Idle	-	true	-
<pre>cluster1://</pre>	cluste/	r1-vs1/ls_src	1				
	LS	<pre>cluster1://cl</pre>	uster1-v	s1/ls_mr1			
			Snapmirr	ored			
		Idle			_	true	_
		cluster1://cluster1-vs1/ls_mr2					
			Snapmirr	ored			
				Idle	_	true	_

For each SnapMirror relationship, verify that the Relationship Status is **Idle**. If the status is **Transferring**, wait for the SnapMirror transfer to complete, and then reenter the command to verify that the status has changed to **Idle**.

For each SnapMirror relationship that is configured to run on a schedule, you should verify that the first scheduled SnapMirror transfer completes successfully.

# Change in user accounts that can access the Service Processor

If you created user accounts in ONTAP 9.8 or earlier that can access the Service Processor (SP) with a non-admin role and you upgrade to ONTAP 9.9.1 or later, any non-admin value in the -role parameter is modified to admin.

For more information, see Accounts that can access the SP.

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