### Project Title: Tic-Tac-Toe AI using Minimax Algorithm

**Course: MSE Project** 

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# 1. INTRODUCTION TIC-TAC-TOE

is a classic two-player game where players take turns marking spaces in a 3x3 grid. The objective of this project is to implement an AI for Tic-Tac-Toe using the Minimax algorithm. The AI will evaluate the best possible move to maximize its chances of winning while minimizing the opponent's chances. This project demonstrates artificial intelligence techniques in decision-making and game theory

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#### 2. METHODOLOGY

- 2. Methodology The implementation follows these steps:
  - 1. Game Representation: The Tic-Tac-Toe board is represented as a 3x3 matrix.
  - 2. Winner Check: A function (check\_winner) is used to determine if a player has won the game.
  - 3. Full Board Check: A function (is\_full) is used to check if the board is full, indicating a draw.
  - 4. Minimax Algorithm: This recursive algorithm evaluates all possible moves, scoring them based on potential game outcomes.
    - ∘ If Al wins, it returns a score of +1.
    - $\circ\,$  If the opponent wins, it returns -1.
    - If the game is a draw, it returns 0.
  - 5. Best Move Selection: The AI selects the move that maximizes its chances of winning.

### CODE:

```
def check winner(board):
 """Checks if there is a winner on the board by evaluating
rows, columns, and diagonals."""
 # Check rows for a winner
 for row in board:
  if row[0] == row[1] == row[2] and row[0] != ' ':
    return row[0]
 # Check columns for a winner
 for col in range(3):
  if board[0][col] == board[1][col] == board[2][col] and
board[0][col] != ' ':
    return board[0][col]
 # Check diagonals for a winner
 if board[0][0] == board[1][1] == board[2][2] and board[0]
[O] != ' ':
  return board[0][0]
 if board[0][2] == board[1][1] == board[2][0] and board[0]
[2] != ' ':
  return board[0][2]
 return None # No winner yet
def is_full(board):
 """Checks if the board is full (i.e., no empty spaces left),
indicating a tie if no winner is found."""
 for row in board:
  if ' ' in row:
    return False # Found an empty spot, board is not full
 return True # Board is completely filled
def minimax(board, depth, is_maximizing):
```

"""Implements the minimax algorithm to evaluate the best

winner = check winner(board) # Check if there's a winner

move for 'X' (maximizing) and 'O' (minimizing)."""

return 1 # Favorable outcome for 'X'

if winner == 'X':

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elif winner == 'O':
return -1 # Favorable outcome for 'O'
elif is_full(board):
return 0 # It's a tie
if is maximizing:
best_score = -float('inf') # Start with the lowest possible score
for i in range(3):
for j in range(3):
if board[i][j] == ' ': # Check for available moves
board[i][j] = 'X' # Simulate 'X' making a move
score = minimax(board, depth + 1, False) # Recursively evaluate opponent's move
board[i][j] = ' ' # Undo the move for backtracking
best_score = max(score, best_score) # Choose the highest score (best move for 'X')
return best_score
else:
best_score = float('inf') # Start with the highest possible score
for i in range(3):
for j in range(3):
if board[i][j] == ' ': # Check for available moves
board[i][j] = 'O' # Simulate 'O' making a move
score = minimax(board, depth + 1, True) # Recursively evaluate opponent's move
board[i][j] = ' ' # Undo the move for backtracking
best_score = min(score, best_score) # Choose the lowest score (best move for 'O')
return best score
def best_move(board):
"""Finds the best possible move for 'X' by evaluating all potential outcomes using
best score = -float('inf') # Initialize the best score to a very low value
move = None # Variable to store the best move
for i in range(3):
for j in range(3):
if board[i][j] == ' ': # Check for available moves
board[i][j] = 'X' # Simulate 'X' making a move
score = minimax(board, 0, False) # Get the minimax score for this move
board[i][j] = ' ' # Undo the move for backtracking
if score > best score: # If this move is better, update best score and move
best_score = score
move = (i, j)
return move # Return the best move found
# Example usage: Testing the best move function
board = [
['X', 'O', 'X'], # Example Tic-Tac-Toe board configuration
['O', 'X', ' '],
[' ', ' ', '0']
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print("Best move for 'X':", best_move(board)) # Output the optimal move for 'X'
```

# OUTPUT:

```
··· Best move for 'X': (2, 0)
```

