

S2021

Computer Studies

Problem Set 2

This problem set is based on lectures 4,5 and 6. For a complete list of topics please consult page 2 of the course syllabus. Please consult the "Instructions for Problem Set Submissions" document under course information before submitting your assignment.

Question 1

Consider the following Python module:

```
a = 0

def b():
    global a
    a = c(a)

def c(a):
    return a + 2
```

After importing the module into the interpreter, you execute:

```
>>> b()
>>> b()
>>> b()
>>> b()
>>> a
?
```

What value is displayed when the last expression (a) is evaluated? Explain your answer by indicating what happens in every executed statement.



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Question 2Function fileLe

Function fileLength(), given to you, takes the name of a file as input and returns the length of the file:

```
>>> fileLength('midterm.py')
284
>>> fileLength('idterm.py')
Traceback (most recent call last):
   File "<pyshell#34>", line 1, in <module>
        fileLength('idterm.py')
   File "/Users/me/midterm.py", line 3, in fileLength
        infile = open(filename)
FileNotFoundError: [Errno 2] No such file or directory:
'idterm.py'
```

As shown above, if the file cannot be found by the interpreter or if it cannot be read as a text file, an exception will be raised. Modify function fileLength() so that a friendly message is printed instead:

```
>>> fileLength('midterm.py')
358
>>> fileLength('idterm.py')
File idterm.py not found.
```

Question 3

Write a class named Marsupial that can be used as shown below:

```
>>> m = Marsupial()
>>> m.put_in_pouch('doll')
>>> m.put_in_pouch('firetruck')
>>> m.put_in_pouch('kitten')
>>> m.pouch_contents()
['doll', 'firetruck', 'kitten']
```

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Now write a class named Kangaroo as a subclass of Marsupial that inherits all the attributes of Marsupial and also:

- a. *extends* the Marsupial __init__ constructor to take, as input, the coordinates x and y of the Kangaroo object,
- b. *supports* method jump that takes number values dx and dy as input and moves the kangaroo by dx units along the x-axis and by dy units along the y-axis, and
- c. *overloads* the __str__ operator so it behaves as shown below.

```
>>> k = Kangaroo(0,0)
>>> print(k)
I am a Kangaroo located at coordinates (0,0)
>>> k.put_in_pouch('doll')
>>> k.put_in_pouch('firetruck')
>>> k.put_in_pouch('kitten')
>>> k.pouch_contents()
['doll', 'firetruck', 'kitten']
>>> k.jump(1,0)
>>> k.jump(1,0)
>>> k.jump(1,0)
>>> print(k)
I am a Kangaroo located at coordinates (3,0)
```

Question 4

Write function collatz() that takes a positive integer x as input and prints the Collatz sequence starting at x. A Collatz sequence is obtained by repeatedly applying this rule to the previous number x in the sequence:

$$x = \begin{cases} x/2 & if x is even \\ 3x + 1 & if x is odd \end{cases}$$

Your function should stop when the sequence gets to number 1. Your implementation must be recursive, without any loops.



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```
>>> collatz(1)
1
>>> collatz(10)
10
5
16
8
4
2
1
```

Question 5

Write a recursive method binary() that takes a non-negative integer n and prints the binary representation of integer n.

```
>>> binary(0)
0
>>> binary(1)
1
>>> binary(3)
11
>>> binary(9)
1001
```

Question 6

Implement a class named HeadingParser that can be used to parse an HTML document, and retrieve and print all the headings in the document. You should implement your class as a subclass of HTMLParser, defined in Standard Library module html.parser. When fed a string containing HTML code, your class should print the headings, one per line and in the order in which they appear in the document. Each heading should be indented as follows: an h1 heading should have



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indentation 0, and h2 heading should have indentation 1, etc. Test your implementation using w3c.html.

```
>>> infile = open('w3c.html')
>>> content = infile.read()
>>> infile.close()
>>> hp = HeadingParser()
>>> hp.feed(content)
W3C Mission
Principles
```

Question 7

Implement recursive function webdir() that takes as input: a URL (as a string) and non-negative integers depth and indent. Your function should visit every web page reachable from the starting URL web page in depth clicks or less, and print each web page's URL. As shown below, indentation, specified by indent, should be used to indicate the depth of a URL.

```
>>>
webdir('http://reed.cs.depaul.edu/lperkovic/csc242/test1.html'
, 2, 0)
http://reed.cs.depaul.edu/lperkovic/csc242/test1.html
    http://reed.cs.depaul.edu/lperkovic/csc242/test2.html
    http://reed.cs.depaul.edu/lperkovic/csc242/test4.html
    http://reed.cs.depaul.edu/lperkovic/csc242/test3.html
    http://reed.cs.depaul.edu/lperkovic/csc242/test4.html
```

Question 8

Write SQL queries on the below database table that return:

- a) All the temperature data.
- b) All the cities, but without repetition.
- c) All the records for India.
- d) All the Fall records.

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- e) The city, country, and season for which the average rainfall is between 200 and 400 millimeters.
- f) The city and country for which the average Fall temperature is above 20 degrees, in increasing temperature order.
- g) The total annual rainfall for Cairo.
- h) The total rainfall for each season.

City	Country	Season	Temperature (C)	Rainfall (mm)
Mumbai	India	Winter	24.8	5.9
Mumbai	India	Spring	28.4	16.2
Mumbai	India	Summer	27.9	1549.4
Mumbai	India	Fall	27.6	346.0
London	United Kingdom	Winter	4.2	207.7
London	United Kingdom	Spring	8.3	169.6
London	United Kingdom	Summer	15.7	157.0
London	United Kingdom	Fall	10.4	218.5
Cairo	Egypt	Winter	13.6	16.5
Cairo	Egypt	Spring	20.7	6.5
Cairo	Egypt	Summer	27.7	0.1
Cairo	Egypt	Fall	22.2	4.5



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Question 9

. Suppose list words is defined as follows:

```
>>> words = ['The', 'quick', 'brown', 'fox', 'jumps', 'over',
'the', 'lazy', 'dog']
```

Write list comprehension expressions that use list words and generate the following lists:

- a) ['THE', 'QUICK', 'BROWN', 'FOX', 'JUMPS', 'OVER', 'THE',
- 'LAZY', 'DOG']
 b) ['the', 'quick', 'brown', 'fox', 'jumps', 'over', 'the', ˈlazyˈ, ˈdogˈ]
- c) [3, 5, 5, 3, 5, 4, 3, 4, 3] (the list of lengths of words in list words).
- d) [['THE', 'the', 3], ['QUICK', 'quick', 5], ['BROWN', 'brown', 5], ['FOX', 'fox', 3], ['JUMPS', 'jumps', 5], ['OVER', 'over', 4], ['THE', 'the', 3], ['LAZY', 'lazy', 4], ['DOG', 'dog', 3]] (the list containing a list for every word of list words, where each list contains the word in uppercase and lowercase and the length of the word.)
- e) ['The', 'quick', 'brown', 'fox', 'jumps', 'over', 'the', 'lazy', 'dog'] (the list of words in list words containing 4 or more characters.)

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