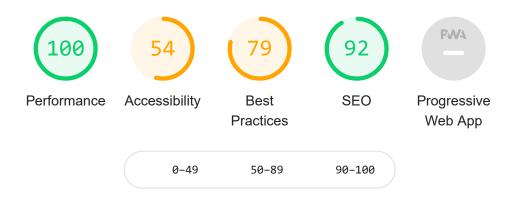


http://192.168.42.206:8080/





Performance

Metrics			=
First Contentful Paint	1.4 s	Time to Interactive	1.4 s
Speed Index	1.4 s	Total Blocking Time	0 ms
Largest Contentful Paint	1.4 s	Cumulative Layout Shift	0.022

Values are estimated and may vary. The <u>performance score is calculated</u> directly from these metrics. <u>See calculator</u>.

View Original Trace



Opportunities — These suggestions can help your page load faster. They don't <u>directly affect</u> the Performance score.

Opportunity Estimated Savings

Eliminate render-blocking resources

0.61 s ^

Resources are blocking the first paint of your page. Consider delivering critical JS/CSS inline and deferring all non-critical JS/styles. <u>Learn more</u>.

Show 3rd-party resources (1)

URL

Transfer Size Potential Savings

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
/css2?family=Roboto+Mono:wght@300;400&display=swap (fonts.googleapis.com)	1.6 KiB	800 ms

Diagnostics — More information about the performance of your application. These numbers don't <u>directly affect</u> the Performance score.

▲ Image elements do not have explicit width and height

Set an explicit width and height on image elements to reduce layout shifts and improve CLS. Learn more

Show 3rd-party resources (4)

URL	Failing Elements
data:image/png;base64,iVBORw0KG/wD/AP+gvaeTAAAC40IEQV	img
data:image/png;base64,iVBORw0KG/wD/AP+gvaeTAAAE20IEQV	img
data:image/png;base64,iVBORw0KG/wD/AP+gvaeTAAAEiUIEQV	img
data:image/png;base64,iVBORw0KG/wD/AP+gvaeTAAACjkIEQV	img

Avoid chaining critical requests — 1 chain found

The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high priority. Consider reducing the length of chains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page load. <u>Learn more</u>.

Maximum critical path latency: 470 ms

Initial Navigation

http://192.168.42.206:8080

/css2?family=Roboto+Mono:wght@300;400&display=swap (fonts.googleapis.com)

...v12/L0x5DF4xl....woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) - 230 ms, 32.67 KiB

Keep request counts low and transfer sizes small — 4 requests • 45 KiB

To set budgets for the quantity and size of page resources, add a budget json file. Learn more.

Resource Type	Requests	Transfer Size
Total	4	45.2 KiB
Font	1	32.7 KiB
Document	1	8.2 KiB
Script	1	2.8 KiB

Resource Type	Requests		Transfer Size
Stylesheet	1		1.6 KiB
Image	0		0 KiB
Media	0		0 KiB
Other	0		0 KiB
Third-party	2		34.2 KiB
Largest Contentful Paint element — 1 element found			^
This is the largest contentful element painted within the	viewport. <u>Learn More</u>		
Element			
h2			
Avoid large layout shifts — 5 elements found			^
These DOM elements contribute most to the CLS of the	page.		
Element		CL	S Contribution
h2			0.011
h2			0.005
h2			0.005
a			0.001
а			0
Avoid long main-thread tasks — 1 long task found			^
Lists the longest tasks on the main thread, useful for idea	ntifying worst contributors to input de	elay. <u>Learn more</u>	
		Show 3rd-party	resources (0)
URL		Start Time	Duration
http://192.168.42.206:8080		672 ms	53 ms
Passed audits (28)			^
Properly size images			^
Serve images that are appropriately-sized to save cellula	ar data and improve load time. <u>Learr</u>	n more.	
Defer offscreen images			^

interactive. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Minify CSS	^
Minifying CSS files can reduce network payload sizes. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Minify JavaScript	^
Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Remove unused CSS	^
Remove dead rules from stylesheets and defer the loading of CSS not used for above-the-fold content to reduce unnecessary bytes consumed by network activity. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Remove unused JavaScript	^
Remove unused JavaScript to reduce bytes consumed by network activity. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Efficiently encode images	^
Optimized images load faster and consume less cellular data. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Serve images in next-gen formats	^
Image formats like JPEG 2000, JPEG XR, and WebP often provide better compression than PNG or JPEG, which me faster downloads and less data consumption. <u>Learn more</u> .	eans
Enable text compression — Potential savings of 13 KiB	^
Text-based resources should be served with compression (gzip, deflate or brotli) to minimize total network bytes. <u>Lea</u> more.	<u>rn</u>
Show 3rd-party resort	urces (0)
URL Transfer Size	Potential Savings
http://192.168.42.206:8080 15.8 KiB	10.6 KiB
/index.js (192.168.42.206) 2.5 KiB	1.9 KiB
Preconnect to required origins	^
Consider adding `preconnect` or `dns-prefetch` resource hints to establish early connections to important third-party of Learn more.	origins.
Initial server response time was short — Root document took 10 ms	^
Keep the server response time for the main document short because all other requests depend on it. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Avoid multiple page redirects	^
Redirects introduce additional delays before the page can be loaded. Learn more.	
Preload key requests	

Consider lazy-loading offscreen and hidden images after all critical resources have finished loading to lower time to

Consider using `<link rel=preload>` to prioritize fetching resources that are currently requested later in page load. Learn Use HTTP/2 HTTP/2 offers many benefits over HTTP/1.1, including binary headers, multiplexing, and server push. Learn more. Use video formats for animated content Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM videos for animations and PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. Learn more Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary bytes consumed by network activity. Avoid serving legacy JavaScript to modern browsers Polyfills and transforms enable legacy browsers to use new JavaScript features. However, many aren't necessary for modern browsers. For your bundled JavaScript, adopt a modern script deployment strategy using module/nomodule feature detection to reduce the amount of code shipped to modern browsers, while retaining support for legacy browsers. Learn **More** Avoids enormous network payloads — Total size was 45 KiB Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correlated with long load times. Learn more. ✓ Show 3rd-party resources (2) **URL** Transfer Size 32.7 KiB ...v12/L0x5DF4xl....woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) http://192.168.42.206:8080 8.2 KiB /index.js (192.168.42.206) 2.8 KiB /css2?family=Roboto+Mono:wght@300;400&display=swap (fonts.googleapis.com) 1.6 KiB Uses efficient cache policy on static assets — 1 resource found A long cache lifetime can speed up repeat visits to your page. Learn more. Show 3rd-party resources (0) **URL** Cache TTL Transfer Size 1 h 3 KiB /index.js (192.168.42.206) Avoids an excessive DOM size - 17 elements A large DOM will increase memory usage, cause longer style calculations, and produce costly layout reflows. Learn more. Statistic Value Element **Total DOM Elements** 17

Statistic	Ele	ement	Value
Maximum DOM Depth	< S	pan>	6
Maximum Child Elements	<fr< th=""><th>ooter></th><th>4</th></fr<>	ooter>	4
User Timing marks and measures			^
Consider instrumenting your app with the Use experiences. <u>Learn more</u> .	er Timing API to measure your app's	real-world performance duri	ng key user
JavaScript execution time — 0.0 s			^
Consider reducing the time spent parsing, column with this. <u>Learn more.</u>	mpiling, and executing JS. You may	find delivering smaller JS pa	yloads helps
		Show 3rd-par	rty resources (0)
URL	Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse
http://192.168.42.206:8080	186 ms	34 ms	5 ms
Unattributable Minimizes main-thread work — 0.3 s Consider reducing the time spent parsing, column with this. Learn more	74 ms mpiling and executing JS. You may f	7 ms ind delivering smaller JS pay	1 ms
Minimizes main-thread work — 0.3 s Consider reducing the time spent parsing, conwith this. Learn more			/loads helps
Minimizes main-thread work — 0.3 s Consider reducing the time spent parsing, conwith this. Learn more Category			/vloads helps Time Spent
Minimizes main-thread work — 0.3 s Consider reducing the time spent parsing, conwith this. Learn more Category Other			vloads helps Time Spent 149 ms
Minimizes main-thread work — 0.3 s Consider reducing the time spent parsing, conwith this. Learn more Category Other Script Evaluation			yloads helps Time Spent 149 ms 45 ms
Minimizes main-thread work — 0.3 s Consider reducing the time spent parsing, conwith this. Learn more Category Other Script Evaluation Style & Layout			vloads helps Time Spent 149 ms 45 ms 35 ms
Minimizes main-thread work — 0.3 s Consider reducing the time spent parsing, conwith this. Learn more Category Other Script Evaluation Style & Layout Parse HTML & CSS			vloads helps Time Spent 149 ms 45 ms 35 ms 22 ms
Minimizes main-thread work — 0.3 s Consider reducing the time spent parsing, conwith this. Learn more Category Other Script Evaluation Style & Layout Parse HTML & CSS Rendering			rime Spent 149 ms 45 ms 35 ms 22 ms 20 ms
Minimizes main-thread work — 0.3 s Consider reducing the time spent parsing, conwith this. Learn more Category Other Script Evaluation Style & Layout Parse HTML & CSS Rendering Script Parsing & Compilation			vloads helps Time Spent 149 ms 45 ms 35 ms 22 ms 20 ms 7 ms
Minimizes main-thread work — 0.3 s Consider reducing the time spent parsing, conwith this. Learn more Category Other Script Evaluation Style & Layout Parse HTML & CSS Rendering Script Parsing & Compilation All text remains visible during webfont loads	mpiling and executing JS. You may f	ind delivering smaller JS pay	vloads helps Time Spent 149 ms 45 ms 35 ms 22 ms 20 ms
Minimizes main-thread work — 0.3 s Consider reducing the time spent parsing, conwith this. Learn more Category Other Script Evaluation Style & Layout Parse HTML & CSS Rendering Script Parsing & Compilation All text remains visible during webfont loads Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ens	mpiling and executing JS. You may f	ind delivering smaller JS pay s are loading. <u>Learn more</u> .	rime Spent 149 ms 45 ms 35 ms 22 ms 20 ms 7 ms
Minimizes main-thread work — 0.3 s Consider reducing the time spent parsing, conwith this. Learn more Category Other Script Evaluation Style & Layout Parse HTML & CSS Rendering Script Parsing & Compilation All text remains visible during webfont loads Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ens Minimize third-party usage — Third-party co	mpiling and executing JS. You may fure text is user-visible while webfont ode blocked the main thread for 0 ms	ind delivering smaller JS pay s are loading. <u>Learn more</u> .	vloads helps Time Spent 149 ms 45 ms 35 ms 22 ms 20 ms 7 ms
Minimizes main-thread work — 0.3 s Consider reducing the time spent parsing, conwith this. Learn more Category Other Script Evaluation Style & Layout Parse HTML & CSS Rendering Script Parsing & Compilation All text remains visible during webfont loads Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ens	mpiling and executing JS. You may fure text is user-visible while webfont ode blocked the main thread for 0 ms	ind delivering smaller JS pay s are loading. <u>Learn more</u> .	rime Spent 149 ms 45 ms 35 ms 22 ms 20 ms 7 ms
Minimizes main-thread work — 0.3 s Consider reducing the time spent parsing, conwith this. Learn more Category Other Script Evaluation Style & Layout Parse HTML & CSS Rendering Script Parsing & Compilation All text remains visible during webfont loads Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ens Minimize third-party usage — Third-party co	mpiling and executing JS. You may fure text is user-visible while webfont ode blocked the main thread for 0 ms	ind delivering smaller JS pay s are loading. <u>Learn more</u> .	rime Spent 149 ms 45 ms 35 ms 22 ms 20 ms 7 ms

Uses passive listeners to improve scrolling performance

Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as `passive` to improve your page's scroll performance. Learn more.

Avoids document.write()

For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via `document.write()` can delay page load by tens of seconds. <u>Learn more</u>.

Avoid non-composited animations

Animations which are not composited can be janky and contribute to CLS. Learn more



Accessibility

These checks highlight opportunities to improve the accessibility of your web app. Only a subset of accessibility issues can be automatically detected so manual testing is also encouraged.

Contrast — These are opportunities to improve the legibility of your content.

▲ Background and foreground colors do not have a sufficient contrast ratio.

 $\label{low-contrast} \mbox{Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read.} \ \underline{\mbox{Learn more}}.$

Failing Elements

span

Names and labels — These are opportunities to improve the semantics of the controls in your application. This may enhance the experience for users of assistive technology, like a screen reader.

Image elements do not have [alt] attributes

Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. Learn more.

Failing Elements

img

Best practices — These items highlight common accessibility best practices.

▲ [user-scalable="no"] is used in the <meta name="viewport"> element or the [maximum-scale] attribute is less than 5.

Disabling zooming is problematic for users with low vision who rely on screen magnification to properly see the contents of a web page. <u>Learn more</u>.

Failing Elements

meta

Additional items to manually check (10) — These items address areas which an automated testing tool cannot cover. Learn one in our guide on conducting an accessibility review.

The page has a logical tab order	^
Tabbing through the page follows the visual layout. Users cannot focus elements that are offscreen. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Interactive controls are keyboard focusable	^
Custom interactive controls are keyboard focusable and display a focus indicator. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Interactive elements indicate their purpose and state	^
Interactive elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-interactive elements. <u>Learn more</u> .	
The user's focus is directed to new content added to the page	^
If new content, such as a dialog, is added to the page, the user's focus is directed to it. <u>Learn more</u> .	
User focus is not accidentally trapped in a region	^
A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Custom controls have associated labels	^
Custom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Custom controls have ARIA roles	^
Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Visual order on the page follows DOM order	^
DOM order matches the visual order, improving navigation for assistive technology. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Offscreen content is hidden from assistive technology	^
Offscreen content is hidden with display: none or aria-hidden=true. <u>Learn more</u> .	
HTML5 landmark elements are used to improve navigation	^
Landmark elements (<main>, <nav>, etc.) are used to improve the keyboard navigation of the page for assistive technology Learn more.</nav></main>	y.

[aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body> Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when `aria-hidden="true"` is set on the document `<body>`. Learn more. The page contains a heading, skip link, or landmark region Adding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. Learn more. Document has a <title> element The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. Learn more. Heading elements appear in a sequentially-descending order Properly ordered headings that do not skip levels convey the semantic structure of the page, making it easier to navigate and understand when using assistive technologies. Learn more html> element has a [lang] attribute If a page doesn't specify a lang attribute, a screen reader assumes that the page is in the default language that the user chose when setting up the screen reader. If the page isn't actually in the default language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. Learn more. <html> element has a valid value for its [lang] attribute Specifying a valid BCP 47 language helps screen readers announce text properly. Learn more. Links have a discernible name Link text (and alternate text for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the navigation experience for screen reader users. Learn more. Not applicable (31) [accesskey] values are unique Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique. Learn more. [aria-*] attributes match their roles Each ARIA 'role' supports a specific subset of 'aria-*' attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the 'aria-*' attributes. Learn more. [aria-hidden="true"] elements do not contain focusable descendents Focusable descendents within an `[aria-hidden="true"]` element prevent those interactive elements from being available to users of assistive technologies like screen readers. Learn more. ARIA input fields have accessible names When an input field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more

[role]s have all required [aria-*] attributes Some ARIA roles have required attributes that describe the state of the element to screen readers. Learn more. Elements with an ARIA [role] that require children to contain a specific [role] have all required children. Some ARIA parent roles must contain specific child roles to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more. [role]s are contained by their required parent element Some ARIA child roles must be contained by specific parent roles to properly perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more. [role] values are valid ARIA roles must have valid values in order to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more. ARIA toggle fields have accessible names When a toggle field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. [aria-*] attributes have valid values Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid values. Learn more. [aria-*] attributes are valid and not misspelled Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid names. Learn more. Buttons have an accessible name When a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. <dl>'s contain only properly-ordered <dt> and <dd> groups, <script>, <template> or <div> elements. When definition lists are not properly marked up, screen readers may produce confusing or inaccurate output. Learn more. Definition list items are wrapped in <dl> elements Definition list items ('<dt>' and '<dd>') must be wrapped in a parent '<dl>' element to ensure that screen readers can properly announce them. Learn more. [id] attributes on active, focusable elements are unique All focusable elements must have a unique `id` to ensure that they're visible to assistive technologies. Learn more. ARIA IDs are unique The value of an ARIA ID must be unique to prevent other instances from being overlooked by assistive technologies. Learn more. No form fields have multiple labels Form fields with multiple labels can be confusingly announced by assistive technologies like screen readers which use either the first, the last, or all of the labels. Learn more.

<frame> or <iframe> elements have a title Screen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. Learn more. <input type="image"> elements have [alt] text When an image is being used as an '<input>' button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand the purpose of the button. Learn more. Form elements have associated labels Labels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, like screen readers. Learn more. Presentational elements avoid using , <caption> or the [summary] attribute. A table being used for layout purposes should not include data elements, such as the th or caption elements or the summary attribute, because this can create a confusing experience for screen reader users. Learn more. Lists contain only elements and script supporting elements (<script> and <template>). Screen readers have a specific way of announcing lists. Ensuring proper list structure aids screen reader output. Learn more. List items () are contained within or parent elements Screen readers require list items ('') to be contained within a parent '' or '' to be announced properly. Learn more. The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh"> Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This may create a frustrating or confusing experience. Learn more. <object> elements have [alt] text Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding alt text to '<object>' elements helps screen readers convey meaning to users. Learn more. No element has a [tabindex] value greater than 0 A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies. Learn more. Cells in a element that use the [headers] attribute refer to table cells within the same table. Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring `` cells using the `[headers]` attribute only refer to other cells in the same table may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more. elements and elements with [role="columnheader"/"rowheader"] have data cells they describe. Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring table headers always refer to some set of cells may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more. [lang] attributes have a valid value

Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader. <u>Learn</u> more.

<video> elements contain a <track> element with [kind="captions"]

When a video provides a caption it is easier for deaf and hearing impaired users to access its information. Learn more.

<video> elements contain a <track> element with [kind="description"]

Audio descriptions provide relevant information for videos that dialogue cannot, such as facial expressions and scenes. <u>Learn more</u>.



Best Practices

Trust and Safety

▲ Does not use HTTPS — 2 insecure requests found

All sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that don't handle sensitive data. This includes avoiding <u>mixed content</u>, where some resources are loaded over HTTP despite the initial request being servedover HTTPS. HTTPS prevents intruders from tampering with or passively listening in on the communications between your app and your users, and is a prerequisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs. <u>Learn more</u>.

Show 3rd-party resources (0)

Insecure URL

http://192.168.42.206:8080

/index.js (192.168.42.206)

User Experience

Serves images with low resolution

Image natural dimensions should be proportional to the display size and the pixel ratio to maximize image clarity. <u>Learn</u> more.

Show 3rd-party resources (4)

URL

Displayed size

Actual size Expected size

data:image/png;base64,iVBORw0KG.../wD/AP+gvaeTAAAC40IEQ
V
30 x 30 30 x 30 90 x 90

	URL	Displayed size	Actual size	Expected size
in	data:image/png;base64,iVBORw0KG/wD/AP+gvaeTAAACjkIEQV	25 x 25	48 x 48	75 x 75
7	data:image/png;base64,iVBORw0KG/wD/AP+gvaeTAAAE20IEQ V	25 x 25	48 x 48	75 x 75
	data:image/png;base64,iVBORw0KG/wD/AP+gvaeTAAAEiUIEQV	25 x 25	64 x 64	75 x 75

General

Browser errors were logged to the console		^
Errors logged to the console indicate unresolve concerns. <u>Learn more</u>	ed problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser	
	Show 3rd-party resources (0))
URL	Description	

/index.js (192.168.42.206)	TypeError: Cannot read property 'style' of null at http://192.168.42.206:8080/index.js:13:8
/index.js (192.168.42.206)	TypeError: Cannot read property 'style' of null at http://192.168.42.206:8080/index.js:13:8

Passed audits (12)

Links to cross-origin destinations are safe

Add `rel="noopener"` or `rel="noreferrer"` to any external links to improve performance and prevent security vulnerabilities. Learn more.

Avoids requesting the geolocation permission on page load

Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request their location without context. Consider tying the request to a user action instead. <u>Learn more</u>.

Avoids requesting the notification permission on page load

Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request to send notifications without context. Consider tying the request to user gestures instead. <u>Learn more</u>.

Avoids front-end JavaScript libraries with known security vulnerabilities

Some third-party scripts may contain known security vulnerabilities that are easily identified and exploited by attackers. Learn more.

Allows users to paste into password fields

Preventing password pasting undermines good security policy. Learn more.

Displays images with correct aspect ratio	^
Image display dimensions should match natural aspect ratio. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Page has the HTML doctype	^
Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Properly defines charset	^
A character encoding declaration is required. It can be done with a <meta/> tag in the first 1024 bytes of the HTML or in the Content-Type HTTP response header. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Avoids unload event listeners	^
The `unload` event does not fire reliably and listening for it can prevent browser optimizations like the Back-Forward Cache. Consider using the `pagehide` or `visibilitychange` events instead. <u>Learn More</u>	
Avoids Application Cache	^
Application Cache is deprecated. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Detected JavaScript libraries	^
All front-end JavaScript libraries detected on the page. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Avoids deprecated APIs	^
Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. Learn more.	



These checks ensure that your page is optimized for search engine results ranking. There are additional factors Lighthouse does not check that may affect your search ranking. <u>Learn more</u>.

Content Best Practices — Format your HTML in a way that enables crawlers to better understand your app's content.

practices.

	Structured data is valid				^
	Run the Structured Data Testing	g <u>Tool</u> and the <u>Structu</u>	<u>ired Data Linter</u> to validate s	tructured data. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Pas	ssed audits (11)				^
	Has a <meta name="viewport"/> t	ag with width or initi	al-scale		^
	Add a ` <meta <="" name="viewport" td=""/> <td>>` tag to optimize you</td> <td>ır app for mobile screens. <u>Le</u></td> <td>arn more.</td> <td></td>	>` tag to optimize you	ır app for mobile screens. <u>Le</u>	arn more.	
	Document has a <title> eleme</td><td>nt</td><td></td><td></td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>The title gives screen reader us is relevant to their search. Learn</td><td></td><td>e page, and search engine ι</td><td>sers rely on it heavily to determine if a pa</td><td>ge</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Document has a meta description</td><td>on</td><td></td><td></td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=6>Meta descriptions may be included in search results to concisely summarize page content. <u>Learn more</u>.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Page has successful HTTP state</td><td>tus code</td><td></td><td></td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=6>Pages with unsuccessful HTTP status codes may not be indexed properly. <u>Learn more</u>.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Links have descriptive text</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Descriptive link text helps search</td><td>ch engines understan</td><td>d your content. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Links are crawlable</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Search engines may use `href` to an appropriate destination, so</td><td></td><td></td><td>the `href` attribute of anchor elements link</td><td>S</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Page isn't blocked from indexin</td><td>g</td><td></td><td></td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Search engines are unable to ir</td><td>nclude your pages in</td><td>search results if they don't ha</td><td>ave permission to crawl them. <u>Learn more</u></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=6>Document has a valid hreflang</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>hreflang links tell search engine</td><td>es what version of a p</td><td>age they should list in searcl</td><td>n results for a given language or region.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Document uses legible font size</td><td>es — 100% legible to</td><td>ext</td><td></td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan=6>Font sizes less than 12px are too small to be legible and require mobile visitors to "pinch to zoom" in order to read. Strive to have >60% of page text ≥12px. <u>Learn more</u>.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>Show 3rd-party resources</td><td>(0)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Source</td><td>Selector</td><td>% of Page Text</td><td>Font Size</td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Legible text</td><td></td><td>100.00%</td><td>≥ 12px</td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Document avoids plugins</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>^</td></tr></tbody></table></title>				

Search engines can't index plugin content, and many devices restrict plugins or don't support them. Learn more.

Tap targets are sized appropriately — 100% appropriately sized tap targets

Interactive elements like buttons and links should be large enough (48x48px), and have enough space around them, to be easy enough to tap without overlapping onto other elements. <u>Learn more</u>.

Not applicable (2)

robots.txt is valid

If your robots.txt file is malformed, crawlers may not be able to understand how you want your website to be crawled or indexed. <u>Learn more</u>.

Document has a valid rel=canonical

Canonical links suggest which URL to show in search results. Learn more.



Progressive Web App

These checks validate the aspects of a Progressive Web App. Learn more.

Fast and reliable

Page load is fast enough on mobile networks

A fast page load over a cellular network ensures a good mobile user experience. Learn more.

▲ Current page does not respond with a 200 when offline

If you're building a Progressive Web App, consider using a service worker so that your app can work offline. Learn more.

start_url does not respond with a 200 when offline

Error fetching web app manifest: ERROR: file isn't valid JSON: SyntaxError: Unexpected token / in JSON at position 269.

A service worker enables your web app to be reliable in unpredictable network conditions. Learn more.

Installable

▲ Does not use HTTPS — 2 insecure requests found

All sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that don't handle sensitive data. This includes avoiding <u>mixed content</u>, where some resources are loaded over HTTP despite the initial request being servedover HTTPS. HTTPS prevents intruders from tampering with or passively listening in on the communications between your app and your users, and is a prerequisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs. <u>Learn more</u>.

	Show 3rd-party resources ((0)
	Insecure URL	
	http://192.168.42.206:8080	
	/index.js (192.168.42.206)	
^	Does not register a service worker that controls page and start_url	^
	The service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. <u>Learn more</u> .	t
A	Web app manifest does not meet the installability requirements Failures: Manifest failed to parse as valid JSON.	^
	Browsers can proactively prompt users to add your app to their homescreen, which can lead to higher engagement. <u>Learn</u> more.	
	PWA Optimized	
A	Does not redirect HTTP traffic to HTTPS	^
	If you've already set up HTTPS, make sure that you redirect all HTTP traffic to HTTPS in order to enable secure web features for all your users. <u>Learn more</u> .	
A	Is not configured for a custom splash screen Failures: Manifest failed to parse as valid JSON.	^
	A themed splash screen ensures a high-quality experience when users launch your app from their homescreens. <u>Learn more</u> .	
A	Does not set a theme color for the address bar.	^
	Failures: Manifest failed to parse as valid JSON, No ` <meta name="theme-color"/> ` tag found.	
	The browser address bar can be themed to match your site. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Content is sized correctly for the viewport	^
	If the width of your app's content doesn't match the width of the viewport, your app might not be optimized for mobile screens. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Has a <meta name="viewport"/> tag with width or initial-scale	^
	Add a ` <meta name="viewport"/> ` tag to optimize your app for mobile screens. Learn more.	
	Contains some content when JavaScript is not available	^
	Your app should display some content when JavaScript is disabled, even if it's just a warning to the user that JavaScript is required to use the app. <u>Learn more</u> .	
A	Does not provide a valid apple-touch-icon	^
	For ideal appearance on iOS when users add a progressive web app to the home screen, define an `apple-touch-icon`. It must point to a non-transparent 192px (or 180px) square PNG. <u>Learn More</u> .	
	Manifest doesn't have a maskable icon Manifest failed to parse as valid JSON	^

A maskable icon ensures that the image fills the entire shape without being letterboxed when installing the app on a device. <u>Learn more</u>.

Additional items to manually check (3) — These checks are required by the baseline <u>PWA Checklist</u> but are not automatically checked by Lighthouse. They do not affect your score but it's important that you verify them manually.

Site works cross-browser

To reach the most number of users, sites should work across every major browser. Learn more.

Page transitions don't feel like they block on the network

Transitions should feel snappy as you tap around, even on a slow network. This experience is key to a user's perception of performance. <u>Learn more</u>.

Each page has a URL

Ensure individual pages are deep linkable via URL and that URLs are unique for the purpose of shareability on social media. <u>Learn more</u>.

Runtime Settings

URL http://192.168.42.206:8080/

Fetch Time Nov 25, 2020, 11:24 AM GMT+5:30

Device Emulated Moto G4

Network throttling 150 ms TCP RTT, 1,638.4 Kbps throughput (Simulated)

CPU throttling 4x slowdown (Simulated)

Channel devtools

User agent (host) Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like

Gecko) Chrome/86.0.4240.198 Safari/537.36

User agent (network) Mozilla/5.0 (Linux; Android 7.0; Moto G (4)) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like

Gecko) Chrome/84.0.4143.7 Mobile Safari/537.36 Chrome-Lighthouse

CPU/Memory Power 436

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