<u>Unlocking Insights into the Global Air Transportation Network</u> with Tablea

INTRODUCTION

1.10verview

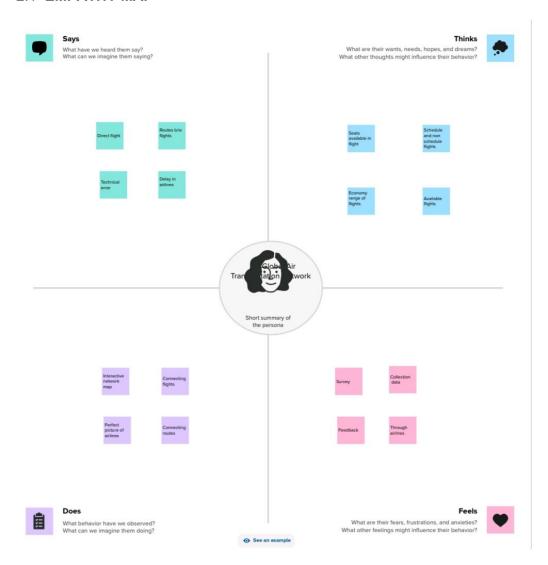
This Global Air Transportation Network dataset is a comprehensive collection of information on airports, airlines and their routes. It contains information such as names, cities, countries, codes (IATA and ICAO) longitudes, latitudes and altitudes of airports across the world with detailed time zone and daylight saving time data. Additionally, this includes *information* about airlines including their IDs, name aliases, IATA and ICAO codes, callsigns country of origin and active/inactive status. Similarly, it also covers route details such as airline sources to destination airports along with essential details like codeshare stakeholder if any stops required during this journey along with the type of aircraft being used for that particular journey. This dataset has been compiled through meticulous labor by researchers all over the world to give you a comprehensive detail into air transportation networks from around the globe. It requires your generous donations in order for them to keep updating this data source so please do donate if possible.

1.2.Purpose

- 1. Providing faster and efficient transportation.
- 2.conects people globally

PROBLEM DEFINITION AND DESIGN THINKING:

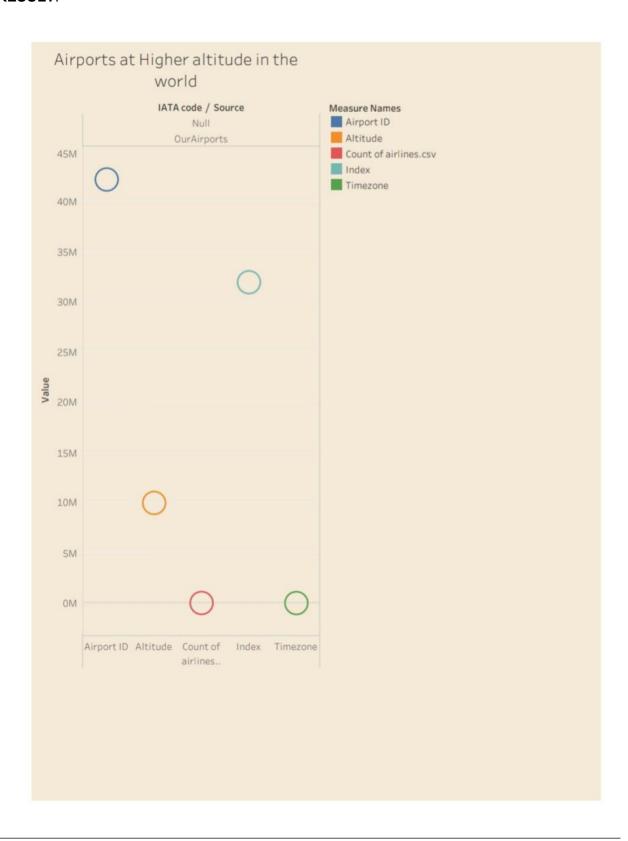
2.1 EMPATHY MAP

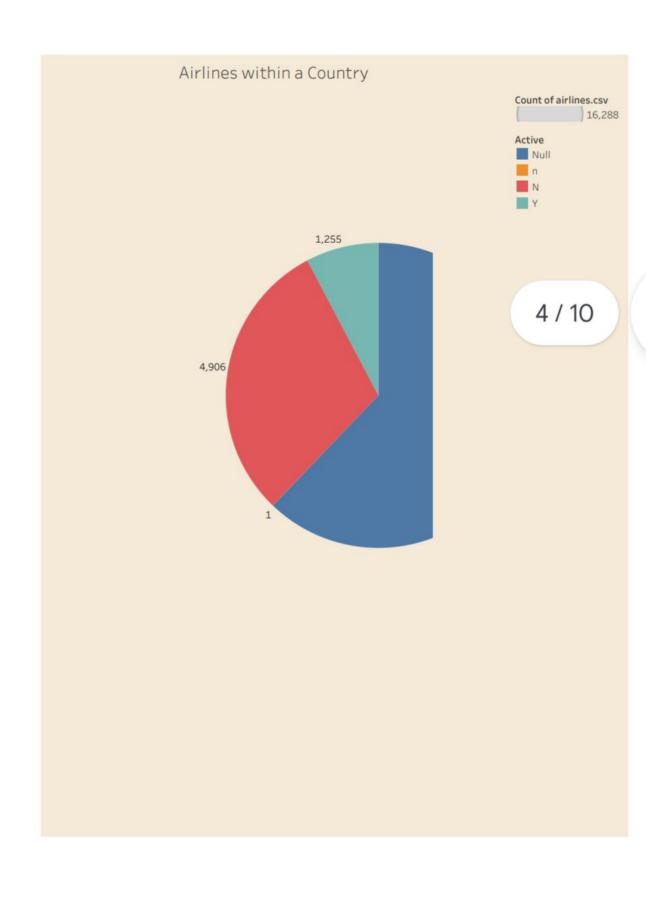


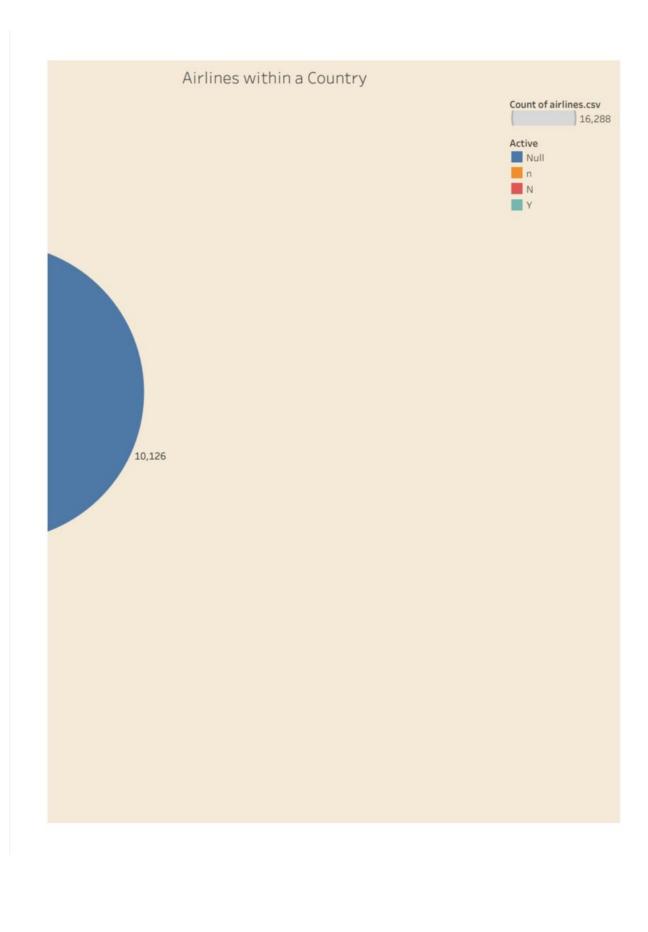
2.1 IDEATION AND BRAINSTORMING MAP

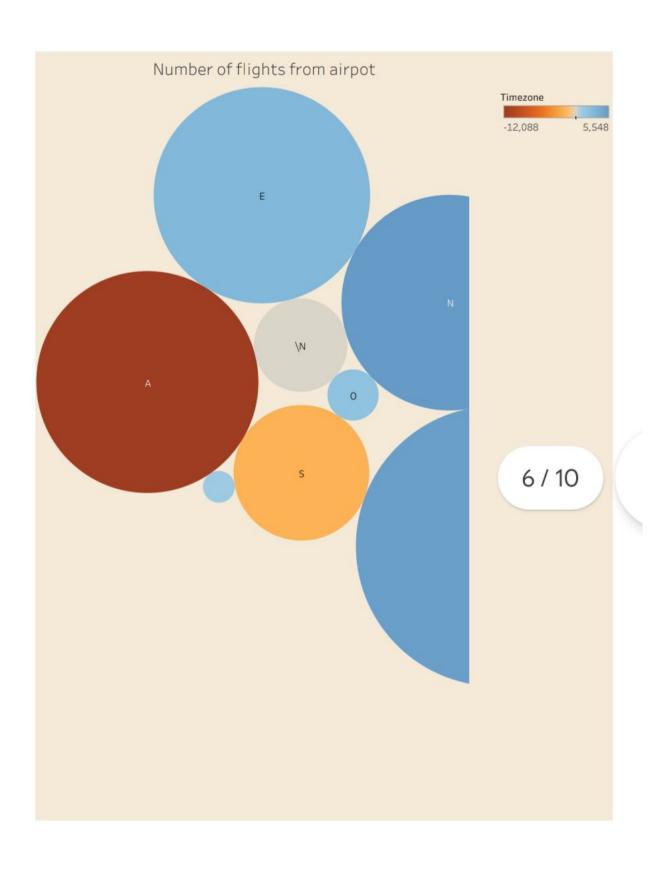


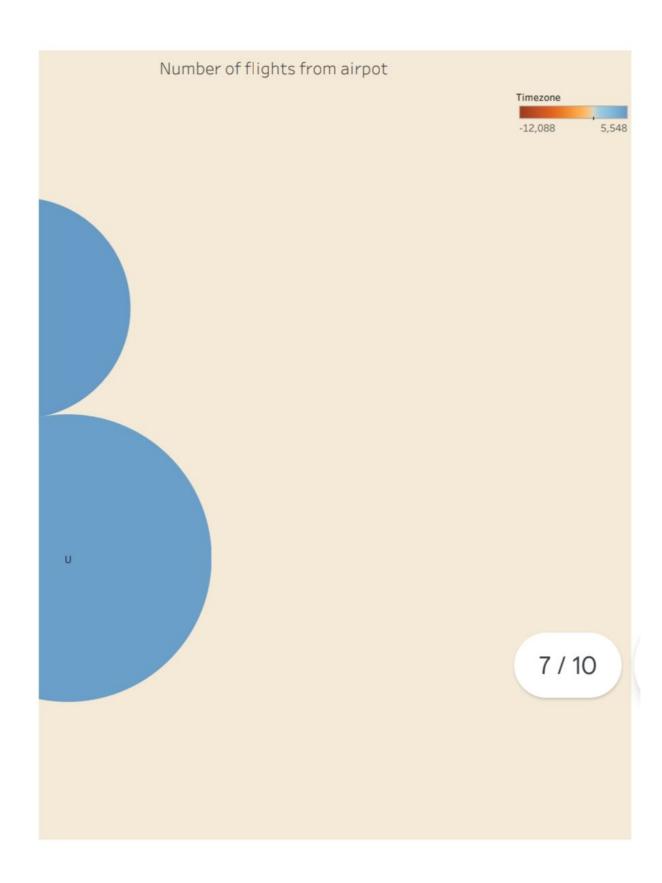
RESULT:







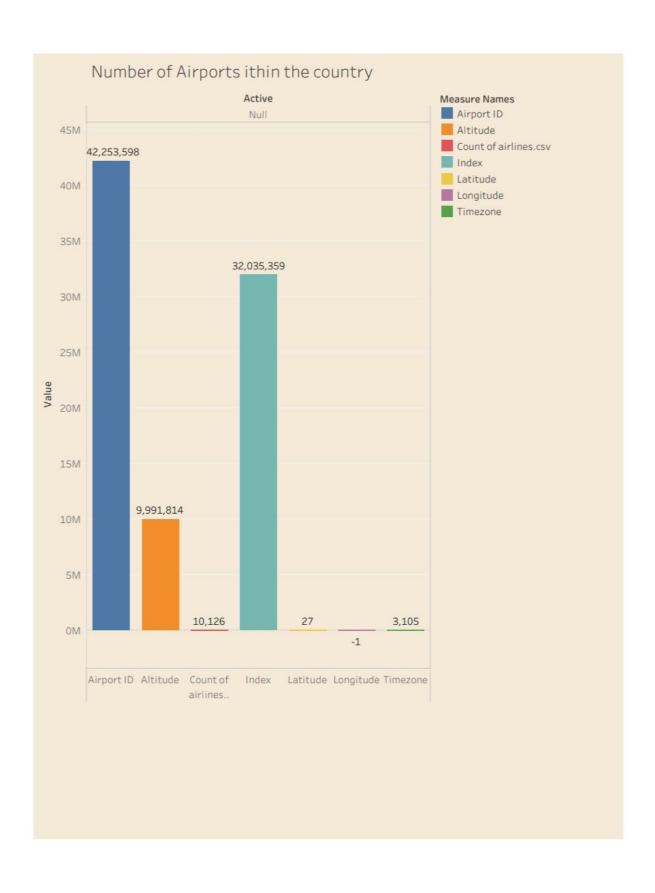




World map showing detsils of all Airpoerts Within a Country



tive	Internatioal Air Transpport Association																					
Null		2M	4M	6M	SM	10M	12M	14M	16M	18M		22M 24 rport ID	M 26M	28M	ЗОМ	32M	34M	36M	38M	40M	42M	4



ADVATAGES:

1. High Speed:

The supreme advantages of air transport is its high speed.

2.Comfortable and quik services:

It provides a regular ,comfortable,efficient and quick service.

3.No invesment in construction of track:

It does not require high capetal invesment in thr constructino and maitaince of surface track.

4.No Physicall Barriers:

It flows the shortest and direct route as seas , mountains or forests do not come in the way of air .

5.Easy Acces:

Air transport can be used to carry goods and people to the areas which are not accessible by other means of transport.

6.Emergency Services:

It can operat even when all other means of transport cannot be operated due to thr floods or other natural calmities.

DISADVANTAGES:

1. Very costly:

It is the contliest means of Transport.

2.Small carrying capacity:

Its carrying capacity is very small and hence it is not suitable to carry cheap and bulky goods.

3. Uncertain and Unrelaible:

Air transport is uncertain in and unrelaiable as it contolled to a great extent by whether conditions

4. Breakdowns and Accidents:

The Chances of breakdowns and accident are high as compared to other modes of transport.

5. Large Invesment:

It requires a large amount of capital invesment in the construction and maintenece

aeroplans furthes ,very trained and skilled persons are required for operating air service.

6.Specialised skill:

Air transport requires a specielled skill and high degree of training for its operatition.

APPLICATION:

- 1. The air transportation networj is a critical infrastructre with high impact on mobility ,trade and ecconamy.
- 2. Another examples are the air transportation system of a country or a countries own air transport company.

CONCLUSION:

Air transportation is a main transportation network in future because of its ecconomy ,travelling for long distance .

FUTURE SCOPE:

Air ransportation will expand it network futher and it may lead to increase in coutries income.

APPENDIX:

DASHBOARD:

https://public.tableau.com/views/Dashboard_16965776424580/Dashboard1?:language=en-GB&:display_count=n&:origin=viz_share_link

STORY:

,https://public.tableau.com/views/Story_16965798694250/Story1?:language=en-GB&:display_count=n&:origin=viz_share_link