C20-C-CM-102

7017

BOARD DIPLOMA EXAMINATION, (C-20) SEPTEMBER/OCTOBER—2021

DAE - FIRST YEAR EXAMINATION

ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS - I

Time: 3 hours [Total Marks: 80

PART—A

 $3 \times 10 = 30$

Instructions: (1) Answer **all** questions.

- (2) Each question carries three marks.
- **1.** Find the domain and range of f if $f: A \to B$ defined by $f = \{(-3, 1), (-1, 1), (1, 0), (3, 0)\}$
- **2.** Resolve $\frac{x+1}{x^2+5x+6}$ into partial fractions.
- 3. If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -4 \\ -5 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ and $B = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 8 \\ 7 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$, find AB.
- **4.** Show that $\frac{\cos 37^{\circ} + \sin 37^{\circ}}{\cos 37^{\circ} \sin 37^{\circ}} = \cot 8^{\circ}$
- **5.** Prove that $\frac{\sin 2A}{1-\cos 2A} = \cot A$

- **6.** Find the multiplicative inverse of the complex number 4 3i.
- 7. Find the equation of the line passing through the points (1, -2), (-2, 3).
- **8.** Evaluate $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{\sin 9x}{\sin 6x}$
- **9.** Differentiate $\frac{1+e^x}{1-e^x}$
- **10.** If $x = a \cos \theta$ and $y = a \sin \theta$, then find $\frac{dy}{dx}$.

PART-B

 $8 \times 5 = 40$

Instructions: (1) Answer **all** questions.

- (2) Each question carries **eight** marks.
- **11.** (a) Show that $\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ a & b & c \\ a^2 & b^2 & c^2 \end{vmatrix} = (a-b)(b-c)(c-a)$

OR

- (b) Solve the following equations by Cramer's Rule. x + 2y + 3z = 6, 2x + 4y + z = 7 and 3x + 2y + 3z = 8
- **12.** (a) Show that $\sin^2 A + \sin^2 (60 + A) + \sin^2 (60 A) = \frac{3}{2}$

OR

(b) If $\tan^{-1}(x) + \tan^{-1}(y) + \tan^{-1}(z) = \frac{\pi}{2}$, then show that xy + yz + zx = 1.

13. (a) Solve: $\sin x + \cos x = \sqrt{2}$

OR

- (b) In any $\triangle ABC$, if acos $A = b\cos B$, prove that $\triangle ABC$ is either isosceles or right angled.
- **14.** (a) Find the equation of the parabola whose focus is the point (3, -4) and directrix is the line x y + 5 = 0.

OR

- (b) Find the centre, vertices, lengths of axes, length of latus-rectum, eccentricity, foci and the equations of the latus-recta and directrices of the ellipse $4x^2 + 9y^2 = 36$.
- **15.** (a) If $x^y = e^{x-y}$, then prove that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\log x}{(1 + \log x)^2}$ using logarithmic differentiation.

OR

(b) If $y = \sqrt{\cos x + \sqrt{\cos x + \sqrt{\cos x + \cdots + \infty}}}$, then find $\frac{dy}{dx}$.

PART—C

 $10 \times 1 = 10$

Instructions: (1) Answer the following question.

- (2) Its carries **ten** marks.
- **16.** Find the length of the tangent, normal, subtangent and subnormal to the curve $y = x^3 3x + 2$ at (0, 2).

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